

Franklin Repository

ARMY OF THE CUMBERLAND.

The Campaign in Georgia—Capture of Tunnel Hill—Rocky Face Ridge and Buzzard Roost Gap—Battle of Resaca—Casualties—M'Dowell's Battery—Col. Gross—The 77th Penna. Vols.

Correspondence of the Franklin Repository.

CAMP BATTERY B, INDEPENDENT PA., Six miles south of Kingston, Ga., May 20th, 1864.

On Wednesday, the 4th inst., we received orders to have our tents struck at 12 o'clock, M., and be ready to march, previously having had eight days rations issued us, three days of which we were to carry in our haversacks, and the rest in wagons. There was great cheering all over camp as the order was read. A great many were wondering which road we would take, but they were not long kept in suspense, as we took a pretty direct route for Tunnel Hill, where it was believed we would have rather a sharp brush with the enemy. This just suited the boys, for I never saw them in better spirits or more eager for a fight. We marched along briskly on the afternoon of the 4th, and until nearly night of the 5th, when we went into camp at Catosa Springs. Here was a delightful place for a weary soldier to take a temporary rest. Out of the same hill, close together, flow beautiful streams of different kinds of water. Here were the ruins of what must have been some splendid residences, whilst some of the mansions still stand in all their magnificence. Here, at these Springs, was no doubt a pleasant summer resort for the chivalrous Southern aristocrats.

On the morning of the 7th (Saturday) the grand Army of the Cumberland was again in motion. Every now and then we could hear heavy cannonading in our front, plainly indicating that we were contending for every inch of ground we gained. The enemy felled trees across the roads and obstructed them all they could to impede our march, but half the Confederacy could not resist the onward march of Sherman's massive columns.

At 4 o'clock, P. M., we were in possession of Tunnel Hill, and had a good view of Joe Johnston's rebel hordes, who were posted on Rocky Face Ridge and Buzzard Roost Gap. It is about 2 1/2 miles from the top of Tunnel Hill to the top of Rocky Face Ridge, so we could not reach the enemy with our guns. On Sunday morning, the 8th inst., we advanced upon the enemy in three columns, and soon his skirmishers sought safer places than could be had at the foot of the ridge, so they fell back towards the top. Before night we held the foot of the ridge on the left of Buzzard Roost Gap. Our men made some gallant charges. Here we first tried our new guns, and found them very effective. During the night of the 8th we held a ridge about five hundred yards from the gap, but there was some desperate fighting for it, and ere we got full possession of it many a hero fell to bite the dust. On the 9th we were ordered to the hill in front of the one we took the evening before. We went there on double-quick, as the sharpshooters from Rocky Face Ridge were very troublesome. We had three of our horses shot in getting there. Works had been erected there for only two pieces, so we could not get them all in position. These two pieces shelled them all day. The enemy opened two or three batteries on us, but did us no injury, as we were too well fortified. About sundown we took the four pieces that we could not get into position to the rear. On the 10th nothing occurred of much importance except that heavy skirmishing was kept up all day. Our two guns were still posted on the hill in front of the gap, giving them an occasional shot. On the night of the 10th the entire rebel army was in motion in the direction of our right. We learned that a corresponding change was made of our troops. Under the cover of darkness we pulled our battery by hand to the top of Signal Heights, right in front of the gap. Every one was anxious to know what more was on foot for the morrow. On the morning of the 11th we found all the troops gone except one Corps, which was posted in front of the gap, which it was ordered to hold. Generals Hooker, Palmer and Schofield, commanding respectively the 20th, 14th and 23d Corps, were flanking the rebel position. The following night (the 12th) the enemy thought it best to retire. On the morning of the 13th the cry was again "On to Atlanta!" and our columns again advanced. Gen. Johnson exhibited a great want of generalship by wasting so much time and labor in fortifying Rocky Face Ridge and then allowing Gen. Sherman to outflank him. At 1 o'clock, P. M., we reached Dalton, Col. Gross, commanding the brigade to which we were attached, was the first to enter the town. Two of our pieces shelled the enemy all day, as their rear guard appeared very stubborn.

Saturday the 14th, we had some very heavy fighting. Our division was on the extreme left and just before night we were outflanked and greatly outnumbered at this point. Consequently our left wing gradually fell back. At this critical moment "fighting Joe" came up with his corps of veterans just in time to save us from disaster. Here our loss was heavy but that of the enemy much heavier. Capt. Simpson's Battery, 5th Indiana, was on the extreme left and did wonderful execution. The enemy made three desperate charges on it but were each time repulsed. Over two hundred and fifty dead rebels lay in front of this Battery.

Capt. Davis, of the 77th Pa. Vols., Brigade Inspector was here, I fear, mortally wounded. On the 15th we drove the enemy at every point. The 20th Corps made some desperate charges, they made three successive charges on a Fort before getting possession of it. Here we took six guns from the enemy. Our loss was very severe in wounded but few were killed. Our Battery got a splendid position here and did, I think, good execution. We were well fortified so that they could do us little harm. Our casualties were few. Lieut. John H. Hassinger, of Reading, Pa., was wounded in the side, but not mortally. Private Daniel Gallanders, of Erie county, Pa., was shot in the breast, wound not serious. Resaca, where this battle was fought, is a small town situated on the North banks of Coosa river and 15 miles South of Dalton. The 16th found us in full pursuit of the whipped and flying rebels.

We have been fighting and driving the enemy before us up to this day, which is the 20th. Sometimes they would stand and fight us for several hours, but by the time we got formed in line of battle he would make a hasty retreat. We are now resting six miles south of Kingston. The Rome railroad intersects the Atlanta at this place. Rome, too, is in our possession. The railroad will be completed to this place in a few days. The only injury it sustained was the destruction of the bridge over Coosa River. We are now fifty-six miles from Atlanta. On our way here from Tennessee we passed through a number of small and unimportant towns; but they were almost entirely deserted by the white inhabitants, and very few colored persons remained. The country through here is a very fine fertile district, abounding in fine springs of fresh water, and never before felt the blasting effects of this war. The air is sweetly perfumed by shrubs, which grow wild in great abundance. Here and there you come across some splendid mansions, but nearly all are deserted. Few churches are met with, and these are constructed out of the cheapest material, and present a very rough exterior—not even painted.

During the last two week's fighting, Johnston's army was very badly whipped, and greatly demoralized. Rebel prisoners say if their commander cannot fight us behind such works as he had, he can't fight us at all, and that they had better throw down their arms. I concur with them about throwing down their arms.

Battery B played well its part in the last two weeks active campaign. We had a good many raw recruits but they all fought like veterans. We have now only two Lieutenants with us, two being absent wounded. Lieut. Luitze was wounded at Chicamauga and has not been fit for duty since. We were very fortunate in having good and able officers since we entered the service. You can expect glorious news from Gen. Sherman before the close of this campaign.

Saturday, May 21st:—we are still encamped six miles South of Kingston, but the impression is that we will leave for Atlanta next Monday, the 23d inst. I said that we were in the advance through Dalton. About a mile South of that place the rebels drew up in line of battle, we did the same and were just about making a charge, but a few shots from our 12 pound Napoleon guns soon made them "skeddadle," although not until we killed a number of their battery horses. During this advance upon the enemy we gave them very little time to destroy railroads and bridges. The most damage they did was the burning of the railroad bridge across the Coosa river at Resaca. Up to this time the cars were sometimes almost in advance. We were not in Resaca half an hour until two large trains came in, loaded with lumber to rebuild the bridge across Coosa river. I never saw an army in better spirits than Sherman's after this long march and all the privations and hardships it endured. There was a continual cheering in camp. One of the most cheering things was our Brass Band following us into the midst of battle and playing "Rally Around the Flag," &c., and the "Star Spangled Banner" and a number of other national airs. Our Brigade Band would often play within four or five hundred yards of the rebels. Our boys would give one cheer after another, which commingled with the soul stirring strains of the Band would have a very depressing effect on the enemy.

Col. Gross, commanding our brigade, is, I believe, as cool and able a commander as we have in this Department, and justly deserves the star. He formerly commanded the 36th Indiana. Lieuts. Zeigler, Shatzer and Hassinger, as well as our Captain and the men in the ranks, deserve great praise for their gallant conduct through the late engagements, and I am sure our battery did some very good execution. We were often within two or three hundred yards of the enemy and no line in our front but skirmishers. We would have lost half our number had it not been that we fought mostly behind fortifications, which saved us very much.

The 77th Penna. Vols., Col. Stumbaugh's old regiment, is in our brigade. This is the first time we have been together for over two years. As usual it fought splendidly, and deserves much praise. I do not know the casualties in it yet, but they are few. The health of our men is generally good. They are all in fine spirits, and the cry continues "On to Atlanta!" from which place I hope to write my next. OLD SOLDIER.

ANECDOTE OF M'CLELLAN.—Col. Metcalf, of Kentucky, made a radical speech at a public meeting, at which he related an anecdote of Gen. M'Clellan, showing how he regarded the rebel leaders. He said: "I got my eyes opened on that young Napoleon in the spring of 1861. I went to see Gen. M'Clellan in the course of the conversation I said to him that Jeff Davis was a scoundrel and a repudiator. He (M'Clellan) straightened himself up quickly, and said, 'I do assure you, sir, you are mistaken. Jeff Davis is a perfect gentleman, and will not do anything unbecoming to a gentleman.' Well, if a traitor, conspirator, repudiator, and civil devil, who is instigating all this murder is his lieutenant of a 'perfect gentleman,' I hope our country may never be cursed with his standard of morality at the head of affairs."

"MADAM," said a very polite traveler to a testy old landlady, "if I see proper to help myself to this milk is there any impropriety in it?" "I don't know what you mean; but if you mean to insinuate that there is anything nasty in the milk, I'll give you to understand that you've struck in the wrong house! There ain't the first hair in it, for as soon as Dorothy Ann told me that the cat was drowned in the milk, I went straight and strained it over."

INTERESTING SCENE.—At the New York Fair: Scene: Very pretty girl pinning a bouquet on young swell's coat. Young swell: "Twenty-five cents for the bouquet I think you said; here's a two dollar green-back."

Young lady: "Yes, twenty-five cents for the bouquet; a dollar for pinning it on your coat; and seventy-five cents for the pin. That's a just right; can't I show you something else?"

"WHAT is the reason that men never kiss each other, while the ladies waste worlds of kisses on feminine faces?" said the Captain to Gussie, the other day. Gussie cogitated a minute and then answered: "Because the men have something better to kiss, and the women haven't!" The Captain "saw it" immediately.

"HELEN," said a landlady to her servant, "was there any fire in the kitchen last night, when you were sitting up?" "Yes, ma'am," said Helen, and I soon found it into a flame. The landlady looked suspicious at Helen, but the innocent girl went on scrubbing and humming "Katy Darling."

"Why is a butcher's cart like his boots? Because he carries his calves there."

THE BRAVE AT HOME.

The maid who binds her warrior's sash, With smiles that well her pain dissembles, The white beneath her drooping lash, One starry tear-drop hangs and trembles. Though Heaven alone records the tear, And fame shall never know her story, Her heart has shed a drop as dear As ever dewed the field of glory.

The wife who girds her husband's sword, Mid little ones who weep or wonder, And bravely speaks the cheering word, What though her heart be rent asunder—Doomed nightly in her dreams to hear The bolts of war around him rattle; Hath shed as sacred blood as'er Was poured upon the plain of battle!

The mother who conceals her grief, While to her breast her son she presses, Then breathes a few brave words and brief, Kissing the patriot brow she blesses, With no one but her secret God, To know the pain that weighs upon her, Sheds holy blood as'er the sod Received on Freedom's field of honor!

UNPATENTED LANDS.

The following act of the last Legislature is of special importance to holders of unpatented lands:

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That it shall be the duty of the Surveyor General to make out a list of all lands held by location, or any other office right, issued from the Land Department of this Commonwealth, of every kind and description, upon which no patents have issued; designating the county in which such lands are situated, with such other descriptions of the same as the records of his office will enable him to give, including the names in which such locations or other office rights are entered and surveys have been returned; and on the list being completed, or any part thereof, be transmitted to the Prothonotary of the county in which such lands are situated.

SEC. 2. That it shall be the duty of the Surveyor General to calculate the amount of purchase money, interest and fees due on each unpatented tract; and after the descriptions of said tracts have been transmitted to the Prothonotaries of the respective counties and entered as hereinafter provided, the amounts so found to be due, together with five dollars for the labor and cost of making out and filing shall form an aggregate sum which shall be entered in a lien docket to be provided and kept for that purpose, and said sum shall bear interest at the rate of six per cent.

SEC. 3. That it shall be the duty of the Prothonotary of each county, upon receiving any descriptive list as aforesaid, to provide a suitable docket, with a proper index, for the purpose of recording all such descriptions of unpatented lands, and shall accurately record the same and index the name of the original warrant or actual original settler, as the case may be, and each subsequent owner so far as ascertained, and preserve the same among the records of the county: *Provided*, That when any party in interest, by petition under oath or affirmation, setting out the facts in the case as in affidavit of defence, shall represent to the President Judge of the court of Common Pleas of the county in which any tract or piece of land is situated, which tract or piece of land is the subject of a lien docket, that the principal part thereof may lie, that said tract has been patented either in the name against which the entry is made or in any other name, the said Judge shall, after due notice to the Surveyor General as he shall deem proper, proceed to hear the case of the petitioner; and the said Judge shall thereupon make such decree in the premises, either by directing the said entry to be struck from the record, or such other order as to said entry and also as to costs, as may seem equitable.

SEC. 4. That it shall be the duty of the Prothonotary of each county, upon receiving from the Surveyor General any such list or calculation of amounts due the Commonwealth for purchase money, interest and fees, to provide a suitable docket with index, in the form of the lien docket now in use in the several counties of the Commonwealth, to be styled "Lien Docket of Unpatented Lands," and enter there in the amount so found to be due, which sum shall remain a lien upon such tract or tracts until paid; and that a fee of fifty cents be paid to the Prothonotary for each description so entered, and that he be allowed the same fees on the liens entered, as are now allowed on judgments entered by warrant of attorney in the court of Common Pleas.

SEC. 5. That it shall be the duty of the Prothonotary, upon receiving any such descriptive list, to cause the same to be published in two newspapers in the county where such lands are located, for three successive weeks, for which publication he shall be authorized to pay fifty cents for each tract and charge the same as costs on the lien docket, and retain his fees and costs out of any moneys in his hands due the Commonwealth.

SEC. 6. The amounts which may be due to the Commonwealth on the lands mentioned in the first section of this act may be paid in accordance with the existing laws in relation to such lands, if the same be paid prior to the 1st day of November next: *Provided*, That any costs which may have accrued in accordance with the provisions of this act shall also be paid, and that the act to graduate lands on which money is due and unpaid to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved April 10th, A. D. 1835, be revived and continued in force until the said 1st day of November next; and any survey and appraisements made since the 1st day of August last, shall have the same validity for the issuing of patents thereon as if the last mentioned law had been still in full force.

SEC. 7. That all liens due the Commonwealth for unpatented lands after the 1st day of November, A. D. 1864, may be proceeded upon by the Attorney General of the Commonwealth in the manner directed to be pursued against defaulting public officers by the act of April 16th, 1845, and the supplement thereto.

SEC. 8. All persons in the military and naval service of the United States shall be allowed one year after the expiration of said service for the taking out of any patents under the provisions of this act.

SEC. 9. That hereafter the patent upon town lots not exceeding one-fourth of an acre, shall be one dollar, and on lots not exceeding two acres, five dollars.

THREE IMPORTANT THINGS.—Three things to love—courage, gentleness and affection. Three things to shun—envy, anger and pride. Three things to be grateful for—gratitude and ingratitudes. Three things to delight in—beauty, frankness and freedom. Three things to wish for—health, friends and a cheerful spirit. Three things to pray for—faith, peace and purity of heart. Three things to like—cordiality, good humor and mirthfulness. Three things to avoid—idleness, loquacity and flippanting. Three things to cultivate—good books, good friends and good humor. Three things to contend for—honor, country and friends. Three things to govern—temper, impulse and the tongue.

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Dry and Fancy Goods.

APRIL 1864

EYSTER & BRO.

Are in Receipt of their

SPRING STOCK OF GOODS.

Our assortment is now complete, and we can offer to our friends as handsome an assortment of

DRESS GOODS

as can be found this side of Philadelphia. We have

Prints at 16, 18 1/2, 22, 25 and 28 cts.,

Printed De Laines,

All-Wool De Laines,

Silk and Wool Challies,

Printed Challies,

Shepherd Plaids,

Wide and Narrow Checks.

SILKS.

Black Silks, Fancy Silks, in great variety.

Plain Black Grenadines, double and twisted,

Embroidered Grenadines, double & twisted.

BALMORALS.

Balmorals and Skeletons all prices.

CORSETS.

All sizes and best quality.

TRIMMINGS.

Black Silk Trimming Lace.

Black Silk Barb Lace,

Bugle Trimmings,

Bugle Buttons.

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.

Embroidered, Hem Stitch.

Mourning and Embroidered in colors

KID GLOVES.

Alexander's celebrated Kid Gloves.

Silk, Lisle Thread, Cotton, &c.

MOURNING GOODS.

We have now a separate apartment for Mourning

Goods, and every stock is complete

in our particular.

3/4 and 1/2 All-Wool De Laines,

Coburgs, Cashmeres,

Silk and Wool Challies,

Tamias Cloth,

Pombazines, &c.

CRAPE GOODS.

Long Crape Veils, from \$2.50 to \$7.00.

Crape Falls Tucked,

Crape Falls Twilled,

Crape Collars,

Crape Sets.

CARPETS! CARPETS!! CARPETS!!!

Carpets from 45 cents up.

Hemp Carpets.

All-Wool Carpets.

Three-Fly Carpets.

Brussels Carpets.

MATTING.

White and Checked Matting, 1, 1 1/2 and 1 3/4.

Cocoa Matting.

QUEENSWARE.

Queensware in sets or by the piece. We are pre-

pared to fill orders for any quantity of

COMMON AND WHITE GRANITE WARE.

Our stock is complete in every line, and if our

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to say is that this is the place

to secure them.

Call soon, before the rush begins.

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N. E. CORNER OF TENTH AND CHRISTY STREETS, PHILADELPHIA.

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A MODEL BUSINESS COLLEGE. Conducted on a new system of Actual Business Training, through the establishment of legitimate Officers and Counting House, representing different departments of Trade and Commerce, and a regular Bank of Deposit and Issue, giving the student all the advantages of actual practice, and qualifying him in the shortest possible time and most effective manner for the various duties and employments of business life.

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This Institution offers to young men numerous advantages not possessed by any other Commercial College in the State. It is complete in all its appointments. It is the only Institution in the State conducted on actual business principles. The course of instruction is unsurpassed, and may be completed in about one-half the time usually spent in other institutions, in consequence of an entirely new arrangement, and the adoption of the new practical system.

Diplomas awarded upon the completion of the Commercial Course, which embraces all except the higher steps of Banking, Manufacturing, Railroad, &c. Send for a circular.

CHAMBERSBURG SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES.—The Spring Session will commence on Tuesday, Feb. 21, 1864, but borders can enter at any time, and will be charged accordingly. A large attendance, both in the primary and secondary departments, gives it an interest in the school not surpassed in any former period. Miss H. Curtis, assistant in the higher department, bears the highest commendation for her ability to instruct in the higher branches, from a Seminary in the West, where she taught for several years. The primary Department is chiefly under the care of Mrs. G. B. Moore, the effects of whose energy and efficiency appear in the flourishing condition of the department. Miss Z. C. DeForest is well known as an able and experienced teacher of music.

TEACHERS FURNISHED.—Schools and families in need of teachers and governesses will be well supplied, chiefly graduates of the Institution, by addressing Jan 27-41. Rev. HENRY REEVES, Principal.

Watches and Jewelry.

E. AUGHINBAUGH'S CLOCK, WATCH AND JEWELRY ESTABLISHMENT,

MAIN ST., NEXT THE POST OFFICE, CHAMBERSBURG, PA.

The undersigned would respectfully call attention to his present stock, consisting of

Watches, of American and European manufacture, of all qualities and styles, and at the lowest prices.

Gold and Silver, of American and European manufacture, of all qualities and styles, and at the lowest prices.

Gold Chains, Bracelets, Finger Rings, Gold Trinkets, Sleeve Buttons, &c.

Gold and Silver Plated Ware, Consisting of Tea Sets, Castors, Mugs, Spoons, Forks, &c., &c.

From the best and most celebrated manufacturers.

A very large and extensive stock.

CUTLERY AND POCKET KNIVES. Rogers' superior Pen Knives, of different qualities and prices.

GOLD, SILVER AND STEEL SPECTACLES. The long experience of the undersigned in the selection and adaptation of Glasses enables him to suit any sight.

At no time have the people of this county had a more attractive and extensive stock to select from than is now presented at the establishment of the undersigned. Every article is of the latest style, and will be sold at the very lowest price. Examination is solicited before purchasing elsewhere.

REPAIRING done at the shortest notice by competent workmen.

E. AUGHINBAUGH, 2d door South of Post Office, Chambersburg, Pa.

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(Successor to Nauffer & Harter.) No. 622 MARKET ST., PHILADELPHIA.

Dealer in Fine Gold and Silver WATCHES, Fine Gold JEWELRY, Solid SILVER PLATED WARE, and the BEST MAKE OF SILVER PLATED WARE. Constantly on hand a large assortment of the above goods at low prices.

Watches and Fine Clocks REPAIRED, by skillful workmen; also, Jewelry repairing; Engraving and all kinds of Plate and Gold and Silver Ware.

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