Franklin Repository.

BRIEF WAR ITEMS.

The Union League of Philadelphia organized *three* Regiments under the late call. The "Democratic" Regiment we believe is not yet full.

Joe Hart, the guerrilla leader, who has been killing and plundering in Andrew co., Missouri, recently, has at length met the fate he deserves. He was himself killed a few days since.

Several barns having been destroyed near Baltimore, a number of disloyal citizens have been assessed for the amount of damages, their apportionments to be paid within three days after notice shall be given.

At Vicksburg the Federal works are being levelled, and the rebel fortifications are being put into a more perfect condition. Numbers of the finest guns are being mounted, and the place will be a first class military fortification.

Gen. Rosecrans is again in motion, moving forward at different points and always towards the enemy. A dispatch to a Richmond paper, from Atlanta, Georgia, says that "Rosecrans is preparing to attack that city and make raids on the Northwestern Georgia Railroad."

There are now thirteen Major Generals without commands, viz.: McClellan, Fremont, Butler, Hooker, Hunter, Buell, McDowell, Franklin, McClernand, Curtis, Cadwallader, Morrell, Milroy. Gen. Franklin has been ordered to New Orleans, to report to Gen. Banks.

Admiral Dahlgren informs the Navy Department of the destruction of another blockade runner, on the night of the 19th ult., while trying to run into Charleston. The position of our fleet inside the bar greatly diminishes the chances for successfully eluding the blockade.

The greatest capture of men mentioned in modern history was made by Bonaparte at Austerlitz, where he took 20,000 men. Gen. Grant took nearly 31,000 at Vicksburg. Napoleon's spoil at Austerlitz was 150 pieces of artillery; General Grant's at Vicksburg is stated to be 218—embracing nine siege guns and 209 pieces of light artilery.

A correspondent of the *Herald*, dating Jackson, Miss., 12th, reports that the library of Jeff. Davis has been captured, comprising several bushels of private and political papers of the arch-traitor. Several letters on secession, dated back to 1852, and the whole collection will bring to light the secret history of secession. The letters are from both Northern and Southern traitors.

Maj. Gen. Logan and Col. Rawlings, of Grant's staff, report that Sherman had returned from Jackson and reports to Grant that the leading citizens of Jackson and the surrounding country have implored him to take some action by which Mississippi may be restored to the Union. Both the army and people of that section are completely dispirited, and ready for peace.

Gen. Andrew Porter having been assigned to the command of the rendezvous of drafted men of Philadelphia, they can have the assurance of being well taken care of while at the rendezvous and in transitu to their destination. Gen. Porter is a Pennsylvanian, an able and experienced officer and thoroughly familiar with the wants of recruits as well as soldiers. His appointment to that post gives general satisfaction.

One hundred and forty-four rebels recently captured in Virginia, arrived at Washington on Tuesday. Among them are eight officers, of whom a captain was captured at Vicksburg and paroled, but who had violated his word and was again found in the service, armed and equipped. Some of these prisoners are anxious to take the oath of allegiance, others to be exchanged. Two large military prisons are to be immediately constructed; one at Point Lookout, Maryland, and the other at Rock Island, Illinois.

We learn from Missouri that the guerrillas continue to infest various parts of the interior with more or less activity. Killing off their leaders in several instances of late has had good effect. The true character of this warfare is illustrated by the robbery of the branch of the Western Bank of Missouri at Bloomington, by guerrillas, on the 20th inst. They stole $15,000, including $2,000 in coin belonging to depositors. Bushwacking and horse-thieving are now considered synonymous terms. Rebel sympathizers in the interior have of late suffered quite as severely as the Union men.

We learn from Memphis that Gen. Pemberton and his staff, and some of his officers, have gone to Richmond. His army has scattered in every direction. The rebels are pressing everybody into their ranks. The rolling stock on the railroads is all being run toward Mobile. Large quantities of cotton are going in the same direction. The bulk of Johnson's army is reported at Martin, 30 miles east of Jackson. His force is estimated at 30,000. All surplus stores are being shipped to Mobile. Gens. Hardee and Forrest passed through Meridian on the 18th, going to Johnston. Forrest was suffering from a wound, and is not fit for duty.

John Burns, over seventy years of age, a resident of Gettysburg, fought throughout the battle of the first day, and was wounded no less than five times—the last shot taking effect in his ankle, wounding him severely. He came up to Col. Wister, in the thickest of the fight, shook hands with him, and said he came to help. He was dressed in his best, consisting of a light blue swallow-tailed coat, with brass buttons, corduroy pantaloons, and a stove-pipe hat, of considerable height, all of ancient pattern, and doubtless an heir-loom in the house. He was armed with a regulation musket. He loaded and fired unflinchingly until the last of his five wounds brought him down. He will recover. His little cottage was burned by the rebels. A purse of a hundred dollars has been sent to him from Germantown. Brave John Burns.

Drugs, Medicines, &c.

THE OLDEST HOUSE in TOWN,
AS A HOUSE OR DRUG STORE,
IS MILLER & HENSHEY'S,
On the Northwest Corner of the Diamond
WHERE CAN BE HAD,
CHEAP FOR CASH,
Everything, and more than is usually kept in Drug Stores.
FOR INSTANCE,
All Regular Drugs,
Cough Syrups,
Murray's Camphorated Cordial,
t will cure Diarrhea,
Cordials, Certain Remedies,
Rheumatic Liniments,
Anodyne Cordial,
The Infant's Protector
And Mother's Friend,
Worm Syrups,
And Lozenges,
Cod Liver Oils,
Fluid Extract Buchu,
Lindsay's Blood Searcher,
Sarsaparilla Syrups.
And all other Standard Preparations of the Day.
None Others Kept at this House.
SOAPS, about forty kinds;
PERFUMERY, the best of all kinds;
HORSE and CATTLE POWDERS, that can be relied on;
KEROSENE OIL and LAMPS, and
KEROSENE LAMP CHIMNEYS
THAT WILL NOT BREAK,
AT
MILLER & HENSHEY'S,
June 17, '63. Chambersburg, Pa.

KENNEDY'S Medical Discovery,
Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
Seme's Cod Liver Oil,
Lindsay's Blood Searcher,
Stover's Bitters,
Hostetter's Stomach Bitters,
Swain's Panacea,
Brown's Essence of Jamaica Ginger,
Helmbold's Extract Buchu,
Radway's Medicines,
Spalding's Throat Confections,
Browns Troches,
and other reliable Medicines at SPANGLER'S.

Stoves and Tinware

THE "DUTCH SETTLEMENT" DOWN TOWN!—*Extensive Tin, Copper and Stove Establishment!!*—The undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public generally that he has removed his establishment from the "Dutch Settlement" up town, to the spacious Room formerly occupied by Minnich & Brand, and nearly opposite White's Clothing Store.

He has just received a large assortment of COOK, COAL, PARLOR and NINE-PLATE STOVES of the most approved and latest patterns, which he can and is determined to sell as cheap, if not a little cheaper, than can be had elsewhere in the country.

He has also, and intends keeping constantly on hand, a large assortment of Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron Ware made of the best material and by good workmen.

☞ Persons in want of anything in the above line are requested to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere, as he feels convinced that he can suit them either as regards the article or the price.

SPOUTING made and put up at the shortest notice. All kinds of repairing done neatly and expeditiously.

Old Pewter, Brass and Copper taken in exchange for Ware, or the highest price given in cash.

June 17, 1863. JACOB B. MILLER.

HOUSEKEEPERS, READ!—*Gallagher's Sunrise Air-Tight!*—A New Flat Top COOKING STOVE. The plates are very heavy, and the whole stove is finished in superior manner. I warrant this Stove to be superior to any Flat-Top Stove now in the market, and respectfully invite my friends and the public to call and examine this Stove, of which there are several sizes.

I have also a great variety of other COOKING STOVES of every style; PARLOR STOVES, new and beautiful patterns, together with a heavy stock of *STOVES for Churches, Stores, Offices, Hotels, &c.*

JOHN S. LUDWIG,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
STOVES, TIN AND COPPER WARE.

N. B.—*I have been appointed Sole Agent for Gallagher's Celebrated Sunrise Air-Tight Cook Stove in Chambersburg, Pa.* June 17, 1863.

ATETTER, HAMILTON & CO'S Great Stove and Tin Ware Store, corner of the Diamond, can be seen the largest, best, and cheapest stock of Goods in Chambersburg. They have COOKING STOVES for Wood and Coal, of latest patterns and all sizes, at fair prices. [June 17, 1863.

SPOUTING DONE AT SHORT NOTICE, of first rate material and cheap. All work warranted, and cheaper than can be bought elsewhere in the County. Call and see for yourselves, at ETTER, HAMILTON & CO'S, nearly opposite the Bank.

ETTER, HAMILTON & CO. are prepared to put up the best LIGHTNING RODS at cheap rates.

ALWAYS ON HAND, A LARGE assortment of the very best Tin, Japanned and Copperware, &c., sold low at ETTER, HAMILTON & CO'S.

ALL WORK WARRANTED, and cheaper than can be bought elsewhere in the county. Come and see—then buy, at ETTER, HAMILTON & CO'S.

CALL FOR PARLOR AND DINING ROOM COOK STOVES. They are pretty, good and cheap. ETTER, HAMILTON & CO'S. A few doors from Shryock's Book Store.

Watches and Jewelry.

SALISBURY BROS. & CO.,
NO. 37 DORRANCE STREET, and
67 WEYBOSSET STREET,
PROVIDENCE, R. I.,
Proprietors of one of the most extensive JEWELRY MANUFACTORIES in the Eastern States,
Beg to call the attention of the community generally to the very
SURPRISING CHEAP RATE
At which they are offering their Goods!
FAR SURPASSING
Both Foreign and Domestic Manufactures in point of Elegance and Real Durability!

FOR INSTANCE:

For FIFTEEN DOLLARS, we forward, nicely carded and *packed in good order, the following* enormous quantity of Jewelry, equal in finish to any Plated Gold, and not to be recognized from Gold only by the trying of acids:

4 Set Enamel Vest Chains; 2 Plain Florentine Pins; 4 Ear Rings to match; 2 Twist Wire Pins; 4 Ear Rings to match; 2 Plain Pins; 4 Ear Rings to match; 25 Ladies' Rings, Double Heart and a variety of patterns; 50 Union Emblems; 50 Scarf Pins, Plain and Imitation Coral; 2 Double-Glass Lockets, engine-turned; 6 Box and Glass Pins for portrait or hair; 72 Assorted Locket, Heart and Shell Charms, and 6 Band Bracelets,—all for Fifteen Dollars. A collection of this kind, when placed in the hands of any one of ordinary intelligence,

Ought to retail for at least One Hundred Dollars!

Catalogues, containing full information and Prices of Goods, can be obtained upon application.

☞ Orders by Mail, Telegraph, or Express, respectfully solicited.

SALISBURY BROS. & CO.,
37 Dorrance & 67 Weybosset Sts.,
June 17, '63-6m. PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Military Notices.

Headquarters Provost Marshal,
16th District, Pennsylvania,
Chambersburg, July. 23, 1863.

THE FOLLOWING CIRCULARS from the Bureau of the Provost Marshal General are published for the information of all concerned.

GEO. EYSTER,
Captain and Provost Marshal.

[*CIRCULAR* 44.]
War Department,
Provost Marshal General's Office,
Washington, D. C., July 12, 1863.

To answer inquiries made to this office, it is announced:

1st. Any drafted person paying $300, under section 13 of the Enrollment Act, is thereby exempt from further liability *under that draft*, but not from any subsequent draft.

2d. Any drafted person furnishing an acceptable substitute is exempt from military service for the period for which said substitute is mustered into the service.

3d. A substitute, once mustered into the service, can not be drafted while in service.

4th. A drafted man cannot pay commutation money or present a substitute, *after* he has reported himself to the Board of Enrollment for examination.

5th. Men who, on the 3d of March, 1863, were in the military service of the United States, as substitutes under the draft of 1862, and whose terms of service have since expired, are not liable to the present draft; but the persons for whom they were substitutes are liable for draft the same as though they had not been drafted and furnished substitutes under the draft of last year.

6th. In serving the notice as required by Circular No. 42, from this office, a *reasonable time* to report shall, in each case, be granted by the Board of Enrollment to men in *State service* who have been or may be drafted.

JAMES B. FRY,
Provost Marshal General.

Section 4 of the above Circular is modified by Circular 51, which is as follows:

[*CIRCULAR, NO.* 51.]
War Department,
Provost Marshal General's Office,
Washington, D. C., July 13, 1863.

The 4th paragraph of Circular No. 41, issued from this office July 12, 1863, is hereby *modified so as to correspond* with the following opinion of the Hon. William Whiting, Solicitor of the War Department, which will hereafter govern in all cases in which it is applicable:

OPINION.

"A person drafted into the military service of the United States, under the provisions of the act of March 3, 1863, chapter 75, for enrolling and calling out the national forces, and for other purposes, claiming exemption from draft by reason of any disability submitted to and passed upon by the Board of Enrollment, whose decision thereon is final. If the Board shall have decided that the claimant is liable to serve, he has the right, *after* such decision against him, to pay his commutation money, or to furnish his substitute, within such extended time as may be fixed by the order of the Board of Enrollment for his appearance for duty.

(Signed) WILLIAM WHITING,
Solicitor of the War Department."

JAMES B. FRY,
Provost Marshal General.

[*CIRCULAR NO.* 47.]
War Department,
Provost Marshal General's Office,
Washington, D. C., July 17, 1863.

I. Drafted men become soldiers in the service of the United States by the fact of their names having been drawn in the draft. The notification, served upon them by the Provost Marshal, is merely an announcement of the fact, and an order for them to report for duty, at a designated time and place.

II. The following opinion of the Hon. William Whiting, Solicitor of the War Department, is published for the information of all concerned:

"When a person has been drafted, in pursuance of the Enrollment act of March 3, 1863, notice of such draft be served on him *personally, or by leaving a copy at his last place of residence*, requiring him to appear at a designated rendezvous to report for duty. Any person failing to report for duty after notice LEFT AT HIS LAST PLACE OF RESIDENCE, or served on him personally, without furnishing a substitute or paying $300, is pronounced by law to be a deserter; he may be arrested and held for trial by court-martial, and SENTENCED TO DEATH.

"If a person after being drafted, and before receiving notice, deserts, the notice may still be served by leaving it at his last place of residence, and if he does not appear in accordance with the notice, or furnish the substitute or pay the $300, he will be in law a deserter and *must be treated accordingly*. There is no way or manner in which a person, once '*enrolled*,' can escape his public duties, and when drafted, whether *present or absent*, whether he changes his residence or absconds, the rights of the United States against him are secured, and it is only by performance of his duty to the country, that he will escape liability to be treated as a criminal.

(Signed) WILLIAM WHITING,
Solicitor of the War Department."

JAMES B. FRY,
July 29, '63-3t. Provost Marshal General

Headquarters, Provost Marshal,
16th District, Pennsylvania,
Chambersburg, July 14 1863.

INVALID CORPS.—The following extracts are published for the benefit of such as wish to avail themselves of the offer of the government. Applications should be made in person at the office of the Board of Enrollment, Masonic Hall, Second Street, Chambersburg. GEO EYSTER.
Captain and Provost Marshal, 16th Dist., Penna.

[OFFICIAL]

War Department Adjutant General's Office,
Washington, April 28, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 105.—The organization of an Invalid Corps is hereby authorized.

This Corps shall consist of Companies, and if it shall hereafter be thought best, of Battalions.

The Companies shall be made up from the following sources, viz:

* * * * * * *

Third, By accepting those officers and enlisted men who have been honorably discharged on account of wounds or disease contracted in the line of duty, and who *desire to re-enter the service. In the case of an officer*, application for appointment must be made to the Provost Marshal of the United States through the officer detailed as Acting Assistant Provost Marshal of the State. No applicant of this kind will be considered unless the following conditions are completely fulfilled.

1. That the applicant produce the certificate of the Surgeon of the Board of Enrollment for the District in which he resides, that he is unfit for active field duty, on account of wounds or disease, and is not liable to draft, but is fit for garrison duty.

2. That he furnish evidence of honorable discharge on account of wounds or disability, contracted in the line of duty.

3. That he produce recommendations from the Regimental, Brigade, and Division Commanders, under whom he formerly served, that he is worthy of being thus provided for, and capable of returning adequate service to the Government. In case it shall be impracticable to get this last evidence, he may having established the first two points above, satisfy the Board of Enrollment that he deserving, and present its certificate of the fact. This evidence must be obtained by the applicant, and must be transmitted with his application for appointment.

If there be no Acting Assistant Provost Marshal General for the State, the application may be forwarded through the Adjutant General of the State, who is desired to endorse thereon such facts in the military history of the applicant as he may know, or as are afforded by his records, and forward the same to the Provost Marshal General of the United States. Enlisted men honorably discharged on account of disability, desiring to re-enlist in this Corps, will present themselves to the Board of Enrollment for the district in which they reside, for examination by the Surgeon thereof, who shall examine them and report the result to the Board of Enrollment.

The Board shall then consider each case, and if the applicant is found to fulfill the conditions specified below, the Board shall give him a certificate to that effect, viz:

1. That he is unfit for service in the field.
2. That he is fit for garrison duty.
3. That he is meritorious and deserving.
4. That he was honorably discharged from the service.

The Provost Marshal for the District shall then send the application with this certificate of the board, to the Acting Assistant Provost Marshal General of the State, who shall procure such evidence of service and character as the records of the company to which he belonged, on file at the headquarters of the State may show, and if satisfied that it is a meritorious case, and that the man is deserving, he will enlist him in accordance with such special rules as the Provost Marshal General may establish.

Medical Inspectors, Surgeons in charge of hospitals, Military Commanders, and all others having authority to discharge, under existing laws and regulations, are forbidden to grant discharges to any men under their control who may be fit for service in the invalid corps.

The Provost Marshal General is charged with the execution of this order, and the troops organized under the control of his Bureau.

By order of the Secretary of War.
E. D. Townsend, Assist. Adj.-General.
july 15, '63-6t.

Headquarters, Provost Marshal,
16th District, Pennsylvania,
Chambersburg, July 25, 1863.

TO ANSWER NUMEROUS INquiries addressed to this office, the following is published, being Section I of Circular 22, issued from the Bureau of the Provost Marshal General, June 12, 1863:

The "*designated rendezvous*" at which *all* persons *drafted into the service of the United States are required* to report, under section 12 of the "Act for enrolling and calling out the National forces," shall be the Headquarters of the Provost Marshal's District in which they shall have been drawn in the draft. GEO. EYSTER,
july 29-3t. Captain and Provost Marshal.

NOTICE OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have this day entered into partnership, in the Coach-Making business, in all its various branches, under the name of Peiffer & Foltz. The said firm will do business at the stand lately occupied by P. Henry Peiffer & Co., and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the public patronage. P. HENRY PEIFFER,
Nov. 6, 1861, C. C. FOLTZ.

Military Notices.

MEN WANTED FOR THE INVALID CORPS.

Only those faithful soldiers who, from wounds or the hardships of war, are no longer fit for active field duty, will be received in this Corps of Honor. Enlistments will be for three years unless sooner discharged. Pay and allowances same as for officers and men of the United States Infantry; except that no premiums or bounty for enlistment will be allowed. This will not invalidate any pensions or bounties which may be due for previous services.

The following uniform has been adopted for officers and men of the Invalid Corps:

FOR OFFICERS.—Frock coat—Of sky-blue cloth, with dark-blue velvet collar and cuffs; in all other respects, according to the present pattern for officers of infantry.

Shoulder-straps—According to present regulations, but worked on dark-blue velvet.

Pantaloons—Of sky-blue cloth, with double stripe of dark-blue cloth down the outer seam, each stripe one-half inch wide, with space between of three-eights of an inch.

Forage cap—Present regulation.

FOR ENLISTED MEN.—Jacket—Of sky-blue kersey, with dark blue trimmings, cut like the cavalry jacket, to come well down on the abdomen.

Trowsers—Present regulation, sky-blue.

Forage cap—Present regulation.

Men who are still in service, and unable to perform effective field duty, may be transferred to this corps.

Medical Inspectors. Surgeons in charge of Hospitals, Military Commanders, and all others having authority to discharge, under existing laws and regulations, are forbidden to grant discharges to any men under their control who may be fit for service in the Invalid Corps.

For the convenience of service, the men will be selected or three grades of duty. Those who are most efficient and able bodied, and capable of *performing guard duty* etc., etc., will be armed with muskets, and assigned to companies of the First Battalion. Those of the next degree of efficiency, including those who have lost a hand or an arm; and the least effective, including those who have lost a foot or leg, to the companies of the Second or Third Battalions; they will be armed with words.

The duties will be chiefly to act as provost guards and garrisons for cities; guards for hospitals and other public buildings; and as clerks, orderlies, etc. If found necessary they may be assigned to forts, etc.

Acting Assistant Provost Marshals General are authorized to appoint officers of the Regular Service, or of the Invalid Corps, to *administer the oath of enlistment to those men who have completely fulfilled the prescribed* conditions of admission to the Invalid Corps, viz:

1. That the applicant is unfit for service in the field.
2. That he is fit for the duties, or some of them, indicated above.
3. That, if not now in the service, he was honorably discharged.
2. That he is meritorious and deserving.

For enlistment or further information apply to the Board of Enrolment for the district in which the applicant is a resident.

The counties of Adams, Franklin, Fulton, Bedford, and Somerset, constitute the Sixteenth Congressional District, the Headquarters of the Board of Enrolment and Provost Marshal for the same, being at Chambersburg. GEORGE EYSTER,
Captain and Provost Marshal,
July 15-6t. 16th District, Penn'a.

Groceries, &c.

NOTICE!
TO THE
PEOPLE OF FRANKLIN COUNTY,
who have LOST MONEY by the
REBEL INVASION,
and to all others who desire to
MAKE AND SAVE MONEY.

WILLIAM GELWICKS,
Wholesale and Retail
DEALER IN MERCHANDISE,
CHAMBERSBURG, PA.,

has just returned from the East and opened the following list of FRESH MERCHANDISE, which he proposes to sell,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
CHEAPER THAN THE CHEPEST:

100 Barrels Brown Sugar.
40 " White "
60 " Syrups and Molasses.
3000 lbs. choice Hams.
5000 " Sides and Shoulders.
400 Bags G. A. Salt;
60 Bags Ashton Fine Salt;
1000 Sacks Table or Dairy Salt;
50 Boxes Prime Cheese;
25 gross Essence Coffee;
1,500 lbs. Excelsior Coffee.
50 bbls. No. 1, 2 and 3, Mackerel.
100 boxes Scotch Herring.
50 doz. Twine and Bed Cords.
100 Dozens Corn Brooms;
75 Dozens Assorted Brushes;
50,000 Segars at Manufacturers' Prices;
100 kegs of Nails.
50 dozen Curry-Combs and Horse Cards.
100 gross Matches at factory prices;
200 doz Mason's Shoe Blacking at factory prices;
500 doz. packed Smoking Tobacco.
25 gross Stove Pollish.
25 gross Indigo in boxes.
100 lbs. Indigo in lump.
100 doz. Pint and half pint Flasks at Factory prices.
25 " Wine Bottles.
100 " Fancy Soaps.

WATER,
SUGAR,
SODA and
FANCY
CRACKERS,
by the barrel,
PAINTED BUCKETS, by the dozen,
GROUND and UNGROUND SPICES, at wholesale prices; also,
HOUSEKEEPING ARTICLES,
STONEWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
NOTIONS, &c; &c.,
in great variety.
TOBACCO OF ALL KINDS,

from 5 lbs. to a box, at City prices, together with hundreds of articles not named, all of which will be politely shown to customers, and if not satisfied after examination, that

HIS STOCK IS THE LARGEST IN THE TOWN AND HIS PRICES THE LOWEST.

he will not expect to make sales.

I am determined to sell goods very cheap and thereby sell the more of them.

The special attention of country merchants is invited to this stock of merchandize, as I can and will sell goods as low as any Jobbing house in the city.

On all articles I can do as well, and on many articles better, than a single barrel, box, package or dozen could be bought for in the city.

july 29, '63-tf. WILLIAM GELWICKS.

KEROSENE OIL.
WILLIAM GELWICKS,
wholesale and retail GROCER, on the Diamond, Chambersburg, Pa., has been appointed Agent for Franklin county of one of the best KEROSENE OIL COMPANIES in the State, and will sell *OIL, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL* as low any House in Pittsburg or Philadelphia. Look to your interest and buy your OIL where you get it the Cheapest, and where it is always warranted to be the very first quality. [July 29, '63-tf.

Restaurants.

FRANKLIN HALL RESTAURANT.—MARTIN BROWN, Proprietor. This well-known Eating Saloon is fitted up in elegant style, and the undersigned is prepared to serve up FRESH OYSTERS, FISH, FROGS, TRIPE, CHICKENS, TURTLE and CLAM SOUP, and Game of all kinds.

WASHABAUGH'S AND LUDWIG'S ALE, constantly on hand.

He respectfully asks a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed by his friends and the public.

June 17, '63. MARTIN BROWN.

MECHANICS who desire to extend their business should ADVERTISE in the FRANKLIN REPOSITORY.

Candidates' Cards.

THE UNION, WITHOUT AN *IF* OR A *BUT*.—Unconditional support of every effort of the President to crush the existing atrocious rebellion, is, in my humble judgment, the best test of loyalty, and every man asking favors from the public should be required to express his views, so that the people may not be deceived. I believe all the candidates who have offered themselves for the support of the Union Convention are as loyal as I am; but I feel it to be my duty to say that in all things I sustain the Administration. On the platform of unconditional loyalty, I again offer myself as a candidate for the office of CLERK OF THE COURTS—subject to the decision of the approaching Convention. If nominated and elected, I will try to do my duty. If some other Candidate is nominated, however he shall have my warmest support and my most earnest efforts for his election.

P. HENRY SHOUGH,
Better known as the "Virginia Tailor."
Greencastle, May 13 '63-tc

COUNTY TREASURER.—Fellow Citizens:—Encouraged by a number of Friends, I *offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for the* office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Union Nominating Convention.

St. Thomas May 27, '63. JAMES G. ELDER.

P. S.—As I am disabled to a certain extent, I hope my friends will not expect me to call to see them previous to the Nomination. J. G. E.

PROTHONOTARY.—Fellow citizens of Franklin County:—Thanking you for your hearty and liberal support on a former occasion for the office of Prothonotary of said County, I again announce myself as a candidate for the nomination at the next meeting of the Union County Convention, pledging myself, if nominated and elected, to fill the office with fidelity. [March 18, '63-tc.] K. SHANNON TAYLOR.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER.—*Henry Strickler*, of Antrim Township, is a candidate for Register and Recorder for Franklin county, subject to the next Union Nominating Convention, and most respectfully solicits the support of a 1 Union Men. May 6, '63-tc.

PROTHONOTARY.—At the solicitation of a number of my friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the Union Nominating Convention.

Chamb'g, May 27, '63. JOHN H. REED.

DAVID L. COYLE, will be a candidate for *REGISTER AND RECORDER* of Franklin County, subject to the decision of the Union Nominating Convention of said County.

Mercersburg, May 6, '63.

REGISTER AND RECORDER.—*Charles W. Lego*, of Green township, will be a Candidate for Register and Recorder of Franklin county, subject to the decision of the Union Nominating Convention. May 6, '63-tc.

CLERK OF THE COURTS.—Wm. H. BROTHERTON will be a candidate for Clerk of the Courts, subject to the nomination of the Union County Convention.

Waynesboro', June 17, '63-tc.

CLERK OF THE COURTS.—The undersigned will be a candidate before the Nominating Convention of the Union party of this County, for the office of Clerk of the Courts.

May 13, '63. W. G. MITCHELL.

FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS.—*John Ditzler*, of Green Township, will be a candidate for the nomination for Clerk of the Courts, subject to the Union Nominating Convention of Franklin County. April 29, '63-tc.

COUNTY TREASURER.—*A. M. Criswell* will be a candidate for County Treasurer subject to the Union Nominating Convention of Franklin County. Green township, May 13, '63 tc.

PROTHONOTARY.—*W. H. McDowell* will be a candidate for Prothonotary, subject to the Union Nominating Convention of Franklin County. April 8, '63.

Chairs, Cabinet-Ware, &c.

DAVID M. EIKER, UNDERTAKER, *SECOND STREET, BETWEEN MARKET AND QUEEN, CHAMBERSBURG, PA.*, attends to the business in all its various branches. Particular attention paid to Laying out. Dressing, &c. Having the advantage of a large custom, and of buying his stock cheap for cash, he can furnish

COFFINS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

at lower rates than any other establishment in town or county. He does not as a Chair Maker offer his services, *but as an Undertaker of fifteen years' experience in the business.* Persons requiring the services of an Undertaker for their families or friends, would find it materially to their advantage to give him a call.

He is also prepared to preserve bodies during the summer months, any length of time. Having purchased the exclusive right to use

Snider's Improved Method of Covering Coffins,

he is thereby enabled to furnish a BLACK COVERED COFFIN at an exceedingly low rate. And also having a new and elegant HEARSE, he is prepared to furnish Coffins to any part of the county desired. He is Agent for

FISK'S PATENT METALLIC BURIAL CASES.

Orders during his absence or at night should be left at his residence, West Market Street, opposite Miller's Hotel. [June 17, 1863.

NEW CABINET-WARE ROOMS. The undersigned respectfully announces to the citizens of Chambersburg and vicinity, that he has taken the Rooms immediately adjoining the office of Dr. Suesserott, on Main street, where he intends to manufacture every discription of

CABINET-WARE,

Such as Sofas,	Parlor Tables,	Common Bureaus.
Wardrobes,	Breakfast do.	Dressing do.
new style,	Dining do.	Safes, Sinks.
Lounges,	Book Cases,	Wash Stands,
Rocking Chairs,	Secretaries,	Bedsteads, &c.
Fine Par. do.	Clothes Horse, new style.	

All work constructed by him is warranted, from the finest Sofa down to the most common work.

COFFINS.

Particular attention will be given to the making of Coffins of any desired style—Cloth, Walnut or Cherry.

☞ Remember, when you buy your Furniture from DAVID W. GROSSMAN, you are getting the latest style and the best of work.

June 17, 1863. DAVID W. GROSSMAN.

CHAIR AND CABINET MANUFACTORY.—The subscriber informs the public that he continues the manufacture of the various articles in his line, at his factory upon West Queen Street, a few doors from Main. He has always on hand or is prepared to manufacture upon the shortest notice, Cane Bottom and Windsor Chairs, with Plain and Curtain Bedsteads, Pier and Card Tables, Bureaus, Wash Stands and Book Cases.

TURNING, in all its varieties, attended to with promptness and despatch. HOUSE PAINTING, in all its branches, executed by competent hands.

PAPER HANGING.—Particular attention will be given to this department and satisfaction in every instance guaranteed.

Having employed a sufficient number of competent hands, the undersigned feels assured of being enabled to fill all orders in a workmanlike manner, and respectfully solicits the same. W. A. HAZELET.

June 17, 1863.

CHEAP CHAIR AND CABINET WARE-ROOMS.—*JOSIAH SCHOFIELD*, (*Successor to John Cree*,) MANUFACTURER OF CHAIRS and CABINET-WARE, Main street, three doors South of Huber & Tolbert's Hardware Store, Chambersburg.

FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS,

Always on hand or made to order. Venitian Blinds manufactured as neatly and cheaply as city work.

HOUSE and SIGN PAINTING and PAPER HANGING done neatly, expeditiously and cheap, in Town or Country.

☞ Repairing of all kinds, in their line of business, promptly attended to, at moderate prices.

June 17, 1863

CARPETINGS AND BEDDING. REMOVAL.—R. L. KNIGHT & SON have removed from 262 S. Second street, to 807 CHESTNUT Street, above Eighth, where they have opened a well selected stock of

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS AND MATTINGS,

Bedding and Mattrasses of Every Description,
READY-MADE OR MADE TO ORDER.

FEATHERS, OF VARIOUS QUALITIES,
ALWAYS ON HAND.

The manufacture and sale of Bedding will also be continued at 262 S. Second street.

June 17, '63-3m. REEVE L. KNIGHT. HARTLEY KNIGHT.

25 CENTS will pay for the REPOSITORY three months to be sent to a Soldier in the service.

$1.00 will pay for the REPOSITORY one year to be sent to a Soldier in the Service.

Medical.

NOT ALCOHOLIC.
A HIGHLY CONCENTRATED VEGETABLE EXTRACT. A PURE TONIC.
DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
Prepared by
DR. C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia, Pa.,
Will effectually cure
LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA,
JAUNDICE, CHRONIC OR NERVOUS DEBILITY,

Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach.

Such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture. Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

And will positively prevent *Yellow Fever, Bilious Fever*, &c. They contain no ALCOHOL OR BAD WHISKEY! They will cure the above diseases in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred.

Induced by the extensive sale and universal popularity of Hoofland's German Bitters (purely vegetable), hosts of ignorant Quacks and unscrupulous adventurers have opened upon suffering humanity the flood-gates of Nostrums, in the shape of poor whiskey, vilely compounded with injurious drugs, and christened Tonics, Stomachics and Bitters.

Beware of the innumerable array of Alcoholic preparations, in plethoric bottles and big-bellied kegs, under the modest appellation of Bitters, which instead of curing, only aggravate disease, and leave the disappointed sufferer in despair.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS!

Are not a new and untried article, but have stood the test of fifteen years' trial by the American public; and their reputation and sale are not rivalled by any similar preparation.

The proprietors have thousands of Letters from the most eminent CLERGYMEN, LAWYERS, PHYSICIANS AND CITIZENS, testifying of their own personal knowledge to the beneficial effects and medical virtues of these Bitters.

Do you want something to strengthen you?
Do you want a good appetite?
Do you want to build up your Constitution?
Do you want to feel well?
Do you want to get rid of Nervousness?
Do you want Energy?
Do you want to sleep well?
Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling?
If you do, use
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS!

From Rev. J. Newton Brown, D. D., Editor of the Encyclopedia of Religious Knowledge.

Although not disposed to favor or recommend Patent Medicines in general, through distrust of their ingredients and effects, I yet know of no sufficient reasons why a man may not testify to the benefits he believes himself to have received from any simple preparation, in the hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others.

I do this the more readily in regard to Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, of this city, because I was prejudiced against them for many years, under the impression that they were chiefly an alcoholic mixture. I am indebted to my friend, Robert Shoemaker, Esq., for the removal of this prejudice by proper tests, and for encouragement to try them, when suffering from great and long continued debility. The use of three bottles of these Bitters, at the beginning of the present year, was followed by evident relief, and restoration to a degree of bodily and mental vigor which I had not felt for six months before, and had almost despaired of regaining. I therefore thank God and my friend for directing me to the use of them.

J. NEWTON BROWN.
Philadelphia, June 23, 1861.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

There are many preparations sold under the name of Bitters, put up in quart bottles, compounded of the cheapest whiskey or common rum, costing from 20 to 40 cents per gallon, the taste disguised by Anise or Coriander Seed.

This class of Bitters has caused and will continue to cause, as long as they can be sold, hundreds to die the death of the drunkard. By their use the system is kept continually under the influence of Alcoholic Stimulants of the worst kind, the desire for Liquor is created and kept up, and the result is all the horrors attendant upon a drunkard's life and death.

For those who desire and WILL HAVE a Liquor Bitters, we publish the following receipt. Get ONE BOTTLE HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS and mix with THREE QUARTS OF GOOD BRANDY OR WHISKEY, and the result will be a preparation that will far excel in medicinal virtues and true excellence any of the numerous Liquor Bitters in the market, and will cost much less. You will have all the virtues of HOOFLAND'S BITTERS in connection with a good article of Liquor, at a much less price than these inferior preparations will cost you.

ATTENTION, SOLDIERS!
AND THE FRIENDS OF SOLDIERS!

We call the attention of all having relations or friends in the army to the fact that "Hoofland's German Bitters" will cure nine-tenths of the diseases induced by exposures and privations incident to camp life. In the lists published almost daily in the newspapers, on the arrival of the sick, it will be found that a very large proportion are su