FELLOW CITIZENS -In performing the stitution, on the Executive of the State, a sincere pleasure is felt in addressing at the commencement of each session of the of the people. To present to them in faithful candor the true position of public the duty of the Executive department,-The events of the past year, will not fail to teach us the lesson of an over-ruling duties of the Executive Department of the Providence and the gratitude we owe as a people for the blessings which, through the wisdom of Almighty Goodness, have been vouchsafed to the nation. When the representatives of the people last met, there existed between our country and a neighboring republic, a fierce and bitter war. The result, indeed, was not doubt fal, for, with a people justly celebrated bravery, unsurpassed skill in military affairs, and their great superiority over their enemies in physical and mental qualities, victory was the necessary consequence; yet the undecided contest was a source of life, and the expenditure of public & private treasure necessary to the re establishment of our own peaceful relations.

Peace, the rational desire of all, sheds a be the duty of the Speaker of the Senate. to cultivate the spirit of brotherly kind ness, and to establish peaceful relations on the second Tuesday, in October next governments, we owe the deepest & most lervent gratitude. The abundance of our general health, and the preservation of our to us by the free institutions of our counvulsed governments, and procarious civil and religious institutions harass the peo issue at least three calendar months before poh ple of other lands, should produce in our the election." hearts a fervent acknowledgement of His superintending kindness and mercy.

National Government, to furnish a portion of the troops deemed recessary by the constituted authorities to carry the war to a successful issue. With this requisition it is scarcely necessary to state, her among her sister republics. A large volunteer force was instantly placed at the disposal of the National Government, and it is a matter of just pride to their fellowcitizens, that in the discharge of every due volunteers insintained the honor of the State, and the renown of their country. The citizen soldier who fortunately escaped death, has returned to his family and friends, after having earned for himself and the State, a reputation for undaunted bravery, for enduring and patient suffering, and manly and heroic virtue. that the future annalist will delight to re-

It is due to these patriotic citizens, that this commonwealth do some act as an acknowledgement of their past illustrious services. To the memory of the dead who fell in the service of their country, it is the duty of the State to erect a suitable monument, that their bravery and virtue may be enduringly remembered, and their heroic sacrifice emulated in other times, should the honor and safety of the conu-

try require it from future generations. Since the adjournment of the last Legislature, the Chief Executive Officer of the Commonwealth, the late Gov. Shunk, has sunk beneath the malady which then afflicted him. He died on the 20th day of July, 1848.

It will not be deemed improper in me to say a few words in reference to the character of the illustrious deceased.

The late Governor Shunk having spent a large portion of his life in the public service, and having mingled much with his fellow-citizens, was well and extensivele not deeming it absolutely necessary, proknown throughout the State, & it is with dence suggested the propriety of being pleasure the circumstance is recalled to sworn to a faithful discharge of the Execu my mind, that at one period of his life, I tive duties, and an oath to that effect was had the honor to enjoy his intimate per. administered to me by the honorable Speabonal friendship.

During our intimacy, it always gave nim great pleasure to aid and and assist resignation of the Governor, or of his rethe young and inexperienced, to relieve moval from office; that write to the Sherthe distressed, and to impart to his fellow- iffs of the different counties shall be issued men by words of kindness, and deeds of as soon as the Speaker of the Senate shall charity, as large a share of happiness as be officially informed of such death, resighis condition would allow.

His intercourse with others was courte-Shunk, that he was a sincere friend, a and the same is respectfully recommend good neighbor, a pure Christian and an ed to the Legislature. honest man. Such was the reputation he It is worthy the attention of the Legishim until the hour of his dissolution.

to take such action in relation to the de led at the earliest possible period,

cease of the first Chief Magistrate of the Commonwealth, whose death occurred du-To the Senate and House of Representa- ring the period for which he was elected, lives of the Commonwealth of Pennsyl- as may be deemed most appropriate to ex press its sympathy for the sorrow and bereavement of the surviving relatives, and the virtues of the distinguished dead.

Prior to the decease of Gov. Shunk; on the 9th day of July, 1848, as appears by resigned the office of Governor of this affairs, to suggest remedies for known provisions of the 14th section of the 2nd wants, to aid in the enactment of such article of the Constitution, which declares. measures as the interests, happiness and that "in case of the death or resignation weltare of the citizens seem to demand, of the Governor, or of his removal from is not the less gratifying that it is made office, the Speaker of the Senate shall ex ercise the office of Governor, until another Governor shall be duly qualified," the

Government devalved on me.

Official information of the act of resigns tion, did not reach me until the 17th day of July, 1848. The section of the constitutioe herein referred to also declared in reference to the same subject, that 'in such case another Governor shall be chosen at the next annual election of Representatives, unless such death, resignation or removal immediately preceding such next annual e lection; in which case a Governor shall be lection of Representatives." By the 34th sebtion of the act of the General Assembly profound regret, for the sacrifice of human relating to the elections of this Common. vacancy shall occur in the office of Governor of this Commouwealth, more than 3

subject should be carried into effect,

issue the write requiring notice to be givensuing, for the election of a Chief Magis the decision of the people, and that in the occasions. construction of the laws, relating to the selecting at the earliest period his presiding officer, rather than assume a position which would continue official station in myself, beyond the earliest legal opportuorganic law required the election, and the Legislative enactment should be so con strued as not to contravene the Constitutional provision. Had the terms of the Constitution and laws clearly given a dif ferent position to the question, however unpleasant the task of performing the duties of the office without the endorsement of the people's will, they would have been faithfully executed.

In assuming as Speaker of the Senate the exercise of Executive functions, althoker of the House of Representatives.

A law requiring in all cases of death or nation or removal, and requiring, further, that the officer assuming Executive funcous, his friendships were lasting, his at. Itions should be sworn in the same manner tachments strong and enduring, while his and to the same effect as in case of a Chief resentments for injuries were transitory Magistrate inducted into office, determinand made no permanent impression in his ing also the person authorized to adminisbosom. It may with truth be said of Gov. ter the oath, would obviate future doubts,

sustained among his tellow-citizens when Inture and the people, that no provision exference of political views separated us for Spoaker of the Senate after the death, resat a later period of his life, have borne test the selection of a presiding magistrateand desire of well doing remained with would be left without a constitutional officer to carry on its operations. An omis-

that illustrious patriot and sage. John Q. deemed as money in the Treasury, and purpose or paid from the treasury in dis-Adams, and of condolence for the family subject to the cancellation as aforesaid; charge of the interest of the public debt. in their bereavement, were passed by that and it shall be the duty of the Auditor | No great inconvenience could be felt in responsible duties enjoined by the Con. to testily its respect for the memory of was directed to transmit the same to the at least one new-paper at Harrisburg, a present circulation, from such application.

treasury of Dauphin county, purchased a this act." ination of the aforesaid act, such defects themselves justified in proceeding with the its erection, until some modification should lation of these notes. acting. To remedy these defects a supwealth, it is provided, that "in case any plementary act was passed, on the 11th day of April, 1848, upon which the com missioners forthwith adopted measures for It is therefore gratifying to know that calendar months next precedin the second the commencement of the work. A plan the war has fully terminated, and that Tuesday in October in any year, it shall for the proposed building was adopted, and Cancelled in 1848, under a contract was made with an experienced gaid its blessings on every portion of our or whoever shall be in the exercise of the architect and builder for its construction .country. To the Almighty Father, who office of Governor, to issue his write to the A considerable portion of the materials, as in mercy turned the hearts of the rulers Sheriffs of the several counties, requiring I am informed, has been provided; the ex of both countries, to lay aside the sword, them to give the usual notice, that an elec- cavation of the cellars and foundation has tion to supply such vacancy will take place been made; the laying of the stone masonty commerced, and the hydraulic apparabetween the citizens of their respective thereafter, and when such vacancy occurs tus for raising water to the building nearly within three calendar months before the completed. Of the appropriation made on second Tuesday in October, it shall be the account of this building, a warrant has been harvests, the blessings of continued and duty of the Speaker of the Senate, or who drawn for \$5,000, of which only \$2,726 ever shall be in the exercise of the office of 05 has been expended. It is hoped and civil and religious rights, as guaranteed Governor to issue his write as aforceaid. believed that the work will be forwarded requiring notice of such election on the 2d with as much despatch as is consistent with try; while destitution, misery, and can Tuesday in October next, after the issuing prudence and a proper regard for the com of said writ, & in each case said writ shall logis and restoration of the afflicted insane

By the acts of the 4th of May, 1841, en-An examination of the constitutional pro- titled "An act to provide revenue to meet In the late contest with Mexico, this cumstances of the resignation, will satisfy er purposes." certain banks were authori Commonwealth was called upon by the you, that while the resignation occurred zed to-subscribe for a loan to the Commore than three calendar months before monwealth, to an amount equal to a fixed the next annual election of Representatives per centage therein stated, on their respeclacrity which has heretofore distinguished deemed a compliance with duty, to have terms of the law, the loan was redeema could become depreciated in value, while refrained from all interference in the mat- ble at any time within five years, and was on the other hand, many of them had be ter, inasmuch as events had put it out of peremptory that it should be paid, and the come defaced, toon and unfit for use. At my power to comply with the terms of the notes authorized to be issued, withdrawn the passage of the act of May 31s., 1844. act of Assembly, directory of the mode in from circulation on or before the 4th day about \$1,400,000 of this issue, were in which the Constitutional provision on the of May, 1846. The act also provided, circulation, and as it required the concelthat the banks issuing said notes should latton and destruction of \$200,000 per After a full and careful examination of receive them at par value in payment of annum only, it prolonged the period of the whole matter, I believed it my duty to debts due these institutions. It was the't their circulation to seven years, when by the second Tuesday of October than next on that of the banks by which they were duration. To the act of May 31st, 1844 issued, a safe and reliable currency would is attributable, therefore, the continuance trate of this Commonwealth. It appeared be constituted, while the State would be in circulation of these notes, after they to me, that in all cases of doubt, there was largely benefitted by a loan at one, instead had become torn, delaced a d unfit for no safer resting place than submission to of five and six per cent., as on previous use. The original act, had it not been

point in question, if any doubt arose, the ly the creatures of the banks. They conters of the banks; and the circumstance been, since then, in a condition to repay nity to surrender it into his hands. The of the banks, being pledged for their reponsibility touching their redemption and presumed ta be about six hundred thouspayment, thereby making them an issue and dollars. It is respectfully suggested, on the part of the Commonwealth, redee | that the worst of these notes, as they are mable at the treasury alone, controvened the Constitution of the United States, it is and in their stead, an equal amount of new not necessary now to decide.

Under the provisions of the original act of the 4th of May. 1841, the amount of this commonwealth, be put into circulation notes issued was \$2,220,265, which was for a period of time, so long only, as may specially appropriated to the support of be required by the quarterly destruction the government during the year, the pay of \$50,000, to absorb the whole amount of January 1st, 1849. ment of debts, and other special purposes the i-suc. A measure of this character Adams, Barney therein mentioned. Within two years would relieve the currency of those unfit Adams, Esq., TM Hoover, Wilson thereafter, the sum of \$135,214 of said is for use, and have the effect in a short time, Ames, Jon'n R. sue was funded by the banks and convert of putting the whole issue out of circula- Books, Jonas ed into permanent loans at five per cent. Hon. I would earnestly press upon the Berry, Landis By a resolution of the 6th February, 1843, legislature the passage of such lams, as Butler, W G and tee act of 8th April of the same year, would prohibit in their mutilated and de Boyer, Henry R. this commonwealth in pursuance of the my cordial approbation. act of the 4th of May, one thousand eight The payment of the interest on the pubmy intimacy with him, gave me a knowl- ists in the Constitution in the contingency hundred and forty one, that may then be lie debt in a sound convertible currency. edge of his character, and although a dif- of the death, or inability to serve, of the in the Treasury and if said notes shall is of great moment to the credit of the be depreciated, then of the most deprecia. State. This demand on the treasury has many years before his death, his friends, ignation, or removal of the Governor, for ted,-and continue so to do, until the heretofore, to a large extent, been met by Thomas Hemphill whole amount of the notes legally issued payments in depreciated paper, by which Jacob Snyder timony that the same purity of intention Such an event happening, the government by the Banks as aforesaid, shall have been the holders of State bonds have suffered cancelled and destroyed; and the amount pecuniary loss. deposited to the credit of the common-

building, or in making any expenditure of exhibit with more clearness, the whole in the cou monwealth of equal value in all chosen at the second succeeding annual e the sum appropriated by the State, towards subject in relation to the issue and cancel parts of the State; would increase their

Amount funded Cancollled in 1843 by virtue of resolution 'ancelled in 1845 under act of 1844. Cancelled in 1847, under

Leaving apparently in circulation on the 31st December, 1848. The first future to comply with the Act of Assembly requiring the cancellation of these notes, was prior to, or, on the 31st December, 1844. The amount directed to be can celled in 1844 and 1845, and

which was not done, was cel in 1846 was The amount of failure to can-cel in 1848 was 50,000

The amount of failure to can-cel in 1848 was 11.000

ance with the act of assembly in relation be placed in the trea-ury for the use there. on the subject of these notes, having pled to the issuing of writs, utterly impossible. of, in notes of said banks of the denomin- ged the faith of the State for their reoar Commonwealth complied with the a- In this view of the case, it might have been ation of one, two, and five dollars. By the demption, it is not readily seen how they that by making their redemption depend he original act of May 4th, 1841, but held at Clearfield on the 6 h day of Dec. en, that an election would be duly held on dant on the faith of the State, as well as two years remained of the period of their 1848, there will be exposed to counteracted by subsequent legislation. The notes thus issued, were substantial | provided the necessary means for the redemp ion of these notes, through the banks | Containing 110 acres, more or less, sit better course in a republican government, stituted a loan to the Commonwealth, were on or before the 4th day of May, 1846, unterin Brady township. Clearfield counwas to refer to the citizen voter the right of required to be paid into the treasury in the and the failure to destroy them, as requi- ty, adjoining lands of William Wain and manner prescribed in the law, and were red by the act of 31st May, 1844, clearly John Feve and others, with about SIXTY redeemable at their par value at the coun-demonstrates, that the treasury has not ACRES CLEARED thereon-a small of the faith of the State in addition to that the loan, or redeem the notes. Hence of the banks, being pledged for their redemption, could not take a rational doubt been paid into your public offices, and about the banks of their constitutionality. How for a sold part of their constitutionality. How for a sold part of their constitutionality. of their constitutionality. How far a sub gain paid out of the treasury, until they elected, together with a YOUNG ORCHsequent act, passed the 31st day of May, are wholly unfit as a currency for the citi (ARD containing about 100 bearing trees. 1844, by relieving the banks from all res | zens. The amount now in circulation, is is e the estate of Henry Feve, deceased. paid into the treasury, should be retained. no'e-, of the same denominations, under an arrangement with any of the banks of

> \$682,087 were concelled and destroyed, faced condition, their payment from the Bruggan, Samuel The act of May 31st. 1844, is as follows: treasury. Should it be deemed a more de Cavenaugh, James "That the State Treasurer be, and he is strable course, to rid the currency of the Cowles, A hereby authorized and directed, on the entire issue by a loan, it might be a fair Carter, Abraham first days of June, September and Decem- condition of the renewal of the charter of Chadwick, Esq ,F J Mayson, John ber in the year one thousand eight hun lany bank, at the present session, that it Curry, Richard dred forty-four, to cancel and deliver to make a loan at a low rate of interest to the Erchart, C & D the Auditor General, for destruction, fifty government, to be used in redeeming or Goodfellow, Sum'ld thousand dollars; and on the first day of concelling the whole, or such part as might Gleason, W B March, June. Septembor and December be deemed advisable. Any arrangement Groon, George in every year thereafter, fifty thousand on the subject you may devise, to relieve Foyle, Esq., James dollars of the notes issued by the Banks of the people of this currency, shall receive Hoops, Gilony F

An evil of this nature demands a spee- Jonathan R. Ames The Legislature is respectfully invited stone of such importance should be supplied wealth, in Banks or Savings Institutions, dy and effectual regredy. The relief notes Jonathan Boynton or received by collectors on the railroads originally intended to be temporary in their Elias Turner

Resolutions expressive of the profound, and canals, or by the Treasurer of the ci-, existence and local in their circulation. sorrow of the Legislature, for the death of tyland county of Philadelphia, shall be should not be forced from their legitimate

body at its last session; and the Executive! General to keep and publish quarterly, in withholding an amount so small as their widow and family of the deceased. The recorn of the notes so cancelled and des | To secure an object so desirable, the revletter of the late Executive in the perform- troyed, designating the Bank or Banks enue of the State should be collected in ance of that duty, and the reply of the ven | that originally issued the same, in order such funds only as admitted of ready con-Legislature the immediate representatives the records in the State Department, he erable survivor, are herewith transmitted. that the one per centum interest thereon, vertibility into specie without loss to the The attention of the Legislature having may cease; provided, that it shall be the treasury. The relief notes, as well as the Commonwealth, and thereupon, under the been called to the neglected and suffering duty of the State Treasurer to retain the notes of all specie paying banks of this condition of the insane poor of the State, several amounts respectively, out of the commonwealth, should be received in pay. an act was passed on the 14th day of April, receipts of the quarter, so as effectually to ment of public dues while other paper mo-1845, providing for the establishment of an secure the cancellation of the amounts nev, under par, at the geace designated asylum for this unfortunate class of our in herein before provided; and the sum of for the payment of interest on the public digent population, to be located within ten one hundred and sixty thousand dollars is debt, should be refused, unless, upon nomiles of the seat of government. The com hereby appropriated for the payment of tice to that effect of the State Treasurer. missioners named in this act, with funds domestic creditors' certificates issued by arrangements by the banks issuing the contributed for the purpose by humane & the Auditor General; provided, that there same were made to redeem it at such point benevolent ciuzens of Harrisburg, sided is sufficient money in the Treasury after as he might designate. The State Treasby a liberal appropriation made from the paying the several other appropriations in urer should be authorized to require of those specie paying banks, whose notes farm of about 130 acres, eligibly situated It was doubtless the intention of the le- might be under par at the place of paying within a mile and a half of the State Capi- gislature, that the sum of \$50,000 should the interest, to make ar angements to retol. In January, 1846, these commission. be destroyed quarterly. Under this act, deem their notes at par, at the point desers made a report to the Legislature, in the sum of \$100,000 was cancelled in ignated, and on their failure to comply, to which they stated, that on a critical exam. 1844; the further sum of \$85,000 in 1845, demand specie funds at their counters, --the further sum of \$176,300 in 1846. - It is believed that an a rangement of the among nations, for their unconquerable shall occur within three calendar months were apparent, that they did not conceive \$150,000 in 1847, and \$189,000 in 1848 kind suggested, would materially sid in The following tabular statement, will rendering the notes of all the so vent banks general circulation among the civizens and be made in the law under which they were Original amount of relief notes issued, \$2,220,265 00 tend to exclude the depreciated paper of 135.214 00 toreign institutions. A measure valuable 682,087 00 for these purposes, which would give inof Feb. 6, and act of April 8, 1843. 682,087 00 for these purposes, which would give in-Cancelled in '44 under act of May 31, '44, 100,000 00 creased worth to our stocks and enable the 85,000 00 State more faithfully to comply with her 150.000-00 contracts, is worthy the serious considers. 189,000 00 tion of the Legislature.

(Concluded next week)

Orphans' Court Sale.

N pursuance of an order of the Orph-An- Court of Clearfield county, held at Clearfield on the six h day of December, A. D. 1848-there will be exposed to PUBLIC SALE

at the court house in the borough of Clear. field, on Monday the twenty ninth day of January 1849, all the interest of the heirs of William Hartshorn, deceased, (said interest being the undivided one-third part,) 452,964 00 in a certain tract of unimproved LAND It is worthy of remark, that had the containing THREE HUNDRED acres cancellation of these notes been made, as su veyed on warrant to John Doughton. rexuired by law, less than half a million of bounded as follows, viz : Beginning at a the original issue, would now be in exis | b rch north 50 degrees east 155 perches to visions; the act of Assembly; and the cir- the demands on the treasury, and for oth- tence, a large portion of which has doubt. a post, south 40 degrees east 320 perchless been mislaid and lost. It will be per- es by James Ross to a cucumber, south ceived also, that the act requires the des- 50 degrees west 155 perches by John Dristruction of the most depreciated. In us- ler to a bemlock, north 40 degrees west ing this term, the legislature must have 320 perches to a berch and place of beginit took place at a time rendering a compli- live capitals; the amount of such loan to intended those most defaced. The laws ming, surveyed 21st September, 1828, on warrant or application of 1773 The said tract is situate in Ferguson township in the county of Clearfield.

> Terms of Sale: - Cash on confirmatton of Sale.

ROBERT ROSS. Ex'r of Win Hartshorn, dec'd. January 2, 1849.

|Orphans' Court Sale. URSUANT to an order of the Or

phane? Court of Clearfield county,

Public Sarb. On the twenty sixth day of January, A. D. 1849, on the premises, in Brady township, Clear field county, the following described property, to wit:

A CERTAIN TRACT OF LAND

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock of said day, when due attendance will be given by the administrator.

Forms :- Cash on confirmation of DAVID BUTLER. Adm'r of Henry Feye, dec'd. Dec. 27, 1848.

IST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office at Clearfield, Page Hoover, John

Hall, Horatio L.

Irwin, James Jordon, Samuel - 2 Junes, Isaac Litzinger, Leonard Livergood, Nancy E. McElroy, David Macready, Patrick Mapes, Wm Merrell, W L Surveyor, Deputy. Turbet, Rey. T Turner, G W Walters, James Waynewright, Thus. Williams, Jas C-pd W. L. MOORE, P. M.

TRIAL LIST FOR JANUARY TERM, 1849. vs Leonard & Moore

James Macmanas Richard Shaw

ys Joseph Platt, jr. vs Samuel Sebring ve Henry Breath ot al vs John W. Miller & Sons va T. & L. R. Cauter

vs N. & Charles Cleves vn Adam Short vs John Goss ve James Turner