

CLEARFIELD, Pa., Dec. 28, 1848.

THE WEATHER.—Within the last week we have had quite a variety of weather, and now have a good bed of snow, and a fair prospect of winter. The river is very high.

The Cholera still continues at New York—though it spreads but slowly.

The State Legislature meets at Harrisburg on Tuesday next.

RAILROAD ACROSS THE ISTHMI.

A company of gentlemen in New York propose to construct a railroad across the Isthmus of Panama, connecting the Atlantic and Pacific oceans—the right of way for which our government obtained by the late treaty with New Granada, negotiated by Mr. BIDLACK—on condition that our government will enter into a contract to give them the transportation of the mails, and all military and naval stores, from New York to California, Oregon, &c., for a term of twenty years. A bill is now before Congress, authorizing the government to make such contract, and it is thought it will pass, with some slight alterations.

A CROWD OF GOLD HUNTERS.

The last accounts from Panama state that there was upwards of six thousand people (South Americans and East Indians) at that place waiting for transportation to California. There were no vessels to be had, at any price, and the greatest confusion prevailed. The price of board was \$6 per day, in the commonest negro and Indian boarding houses. Panama is a small place, on the Pacific, mostly inhabited by Indians and blacks, and belongs to the Republic of New Granada.

A DISAPPOINTMENT.

At the last court we received a very impertinent letter from a former subscriber, a citizen of Bradford township. (We are sorry that noble old township is so unfortunate.) At first we thought of publishing the letter, as a specimen of combined impudence and ignorance, and as affording our readers an idea of some of the indignities that are occasionally cast upon editors; but then, to have done so, would only have gratified the creature, as we are satisfied that his only object was, to see his name in print! We therefore determined that his bright anticipations should be disappointed.

SARTAIN, FOR FEBRUARY.

We have already received the February number of SARTAIN'S splendid Magazine. It is most beautifully embellished. The engraving of the "Preaching of John," is really affecting. And as to the reading matter, we think this work is bound to afford its patrons information of a most substantial character.—We judge from the fact of observing that that splendid man—that eloquent Minister of the Gospel—GEORGE W. BETHUNE, is a regular contributor to its pages.

The list of American contributors to this Magazine embraces our most celebrated writers; but in addition to them, the publishers announce that arrangements have been made with Miss BREMER and Wm. & MARY HOWITT—three of the most popular European Authors—who will hereafter contribute to its pages.

SOMETHING TO READ—LIPPARD AGAIN IN THE FIELD.

The Quaker City.

GEORGE LIPPARD, the famous novel-writer, the EUGENE SCB of America, issues a prospectus for a weekly paper, to be published in Philadelphia, and to be called "The Quaker City." Mr. Lippard has written some of the most lively stories and romances that have ever been published to the world. Those works, or some of them, will be revised and re-published in the columns of his new paper. He also promises the forthcoming of a new work entitled the "Memoirs of a Preacher—the revelation of the life of a Minister." The first number was to have been issued last Saturday. It is to be printed on double super-royal paper at \$2 per single copy; 2 copies, \$3; 5 copies \$7; 10 copies \$12; 20 copies \$20. Address Joseph Severns & Co., No. 72 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Mr. PETERSON, publisher of the Ladies' National Magazine, (edited by Mrs. Stephens) gives the following notice to the reading public:

In the February number will be begun, "Palaces and Prisons," a novel of New York city, by Mrs. Ann S. Stephens. As the name implies, it will be devoted to depicting the social life of the great metropolis, among poor and rich alike. We predict for it an unparalleled run. As it will be copyrighted, the only way to obtain it will be by subscribing to this magazine.

TERMS.—One copy, \$2.00 | 5 copies, \$7.50
3 copies, 5.00 | 7 copies, 10.00
16 Copies, \$20.00
Address, post-paid, the money at our risk.
CHARLES J. PETERSON,
No. 98 Chestnut St. Philad'a.

ALARMING.—The yellow fever just now prevails to an alarming extent in almost all our Atlantic cities. The only cure for it, is to send the patient straight to California!

Office Holder's Consolation.—"I have no friends to reward, no enemies to punish."—Zachary Taylor.

Among the blissful announcements in the New Orleans papers, is the following: Married.—At Baton Rouge, on the 6th inst., Col. William Wallace Smith Bliss, of the U. S. Army, to Miss Elizabeth Taylor, daughter of Major General Zachary Taylor, President elect of the U. States.

We fill this little space with a happy and prosperous New Year to all our patrons & friends.

Tributes of Respect.

CLEARFIELD LODGE, No. 198, I. O. O. F. December 16, 1848.

Whereas, By an afflictive dispensation of Divine Providence a breach has been made in our number by the death of our brother, JAMES A. CATHCART, at Curwensville, on the 12th inst., we would acknowledge God's righteous government over us, and our obligations so to live as to glorify his great and holy name. In great mercy he has remembered us, as this is the first brother that has been taken from our midst since the institution of this Lodge; while therefore, we bow with humble submission to this chastening of his hand, we would with gratitude make mention of that tender mercy and loving kindness with which he has dealt with us. Our lives are in his hands, let us feel that we are safe only there.

Therefore, under this all-wise—but inscrutable dispensation of God's providence,

Resolved, That in token of our respect and kind remembrance of our departed brother, the Charter frame of this Lodge be trimmed with crape for the space of 30 days.

Resolved, That the sudden and unexpected affliction which has come upon the family and relatives of the deceased, entitles them to our warmest sympathy and assistance.

Resolved, That the death of our brother, thus suddenly cut down in the prime of his existence and usefulness, seriously admonishes us of the uncertain and fleeting character of life; it warns us to live in the exercise of morality and the benevolent principles of our Order, that when called to lie down in death, we can look back complacently upon a well spent life, supported by the hope of a glorious entrance into that spiritual Lodge above, perfected in all the degrees of moral excellence.

Resolved, That a copy of the above resolutions be presented to the family of the deceased.

(Extract from the Minutes.)

CLEARFIELD DIV. No. 143 Sons of Tem } December 12, 1848. }

Whereas, In the dispensation of Divine Providence, we are again called upon to mourn the death of an esteemed brother of our order, JAMES A. CATHCART, who departed this life to-day about the hour of 12 M., at his residence in Curwensville. Therefore

Resolved, That we deeply sympathize and condole with the afflicted family and friends in their bereavement; and that as a tribute of respect for the memory of a departed brother, we will wear the usual badge of mourning for the space of 30 days.

Resolved, That in life we remember the deceased as a faithful Son of Temperance, an upright citizen, a pious christian, and a kind and affectionate husband & father; and that his last suffering & death, while manifesting the beautiful teaching of our organization, should also remind us that the All-Seeing Eye is ever upon us, and that it is our highest duty to "be also ready."

Resolved, That the foregoing extracts from the minutes, be published.

(Extract from the minutes.)

Buckshot War in Ohio.

The greatest anarchy and confusion continues to prevail at Columbus, the seat of government of Ohio, concerning the organization of the Legislature. The Senate was properly organized after two or three days balloting; and the disturbance is now confined to the House. The Ohio Statesman thus makes out a very fair case for the Democrats:

The Whole Matter in a Nut-SHELL.

The Ohio Statesman thus alludes to the position of things at the Capitol of that State, growing out of the refusal of the Whigs to allow the regularly elected members to take their seats:

But all should recollect that each House must be the judge of the right of seats after and not before its organization—till then the Clerk's certificate is prima facie evidence of election, and has been since 1802, when the present constitution of Ohio was adopted. Even a Whig Sheriff is here with a Clerk's certificate, and expects to be admitted on it, though he confessed he had no right whatever to membership! To this the Democrats submitted without a word, because the constitution points out the only mode of arriving at the investigation. But the Whigs and a few free soilers refuse the same constitutional rights and the uniform practices to the Democrats. And this is the whole cause of the disgraceful scenes, out of which the Whig organ here is trying to tie its party friends. So palpable an inconsistency is too easily discovered to long mislead the most stubborn Whig.

Mark the fact, that while the Whigs object to Messrs. Pugh and Pierce taking their seats on a Clerk's certificate, they have two Whigs ready to take their seats who were Sheriffs at the time of their election, and have no pretence to seats constitutionally. One of these, so convinced of the illegality of his right, resigned what he did not possess, and went through the form of a new election! Such is whiggery.

The same paper says: The Democrats called and intended to call and swear in every one that had a regular certificate from the county Clerk, while the object of the Whigs was to violate the constitution, oaths, and the universal practice of the State, for forty-six years, and swear into seats upon that floor, men who had no certificates—no legal or constitutional evidence of their election! In this they were aided by an act of Providence. This is the plain statement of facts; and this is the only excuse the riotous and disorderly minority of the House can make for their disgraceful conduct.

Adversity overcome is the brightest glory, and willingly undergone the greatest virtue. Sufferings are out the trials of valiant spirits.

From the Pennsylvanian. FINANCIAL FACTS: OR, A LEGACY OF DEMOCRATIC POLICY TO THE INCOMING ADMINISTRATION.

The Ten Facts stated below, and the powerful array of Figures, are condensed from the able report of Mr. Sec'y WALKER. They need no comment. It is believed that the mere statement of these extraordinary facts will induce those of our readers who have not yet read Mr. WALKER'S report, to give to that document the careful perusal and reflection which it deserves. It is in brief a faithful and glowing picture of the growth, prosperity, and power, of our great Republic:

1st. A balance in the treasury on the 30th of June, 1849, including in the estimate of expenditures to be made \$3,762,537 29—of balances of appropriations, not expended—\$2,854,694 84.

2d. The net revenue from duties during the entire period of four years & three months of the operation of the Tariff act of 1842, was \$101,554,653 12—being an average of \$23,895,208 32 per annum.

3d. The net revenue from the Tariff of 1846, from 1st Dec., 1846, to 30th Sept., 1848, was \$56,654,563 79, or an average of \$30,902,439 25 per annum, and \$7,007,280 96 more than the annual receipt under the bill of '42.

4th. The net revenue for the first fiscal year under the Tariff of '46, was \$31,787,070 96—being \$757,070 96 more than the estimates of the Department, when first presented, by the Whig leaders.

5th. We exported last year in value of domestic products and fabrics, exclusive of specie, \$130,203,709 00.

6th. The British empire took from us in exports—not in '47, the year of famine, but in '48, exclusive of specie—\$78,741,416 00.

Great Britain and Ireland of this amount took \$64,222,208 00. This is the trade of our best customer, which Whig protectionists propose to sacrifice, by such duties as will prohibit us from trading with her—exclude her fabrics, and how is she to pay us for this amount of flour, corn, provisions, tobacco, rice, &c! Were she to take it and undertake to pay for it in specie, her financial fabric would explode in a year, and we should lose our principal customer.

7. The foreign imports for the year ending 30th June, '48 exclusive of specie, amounted to \$127,490,012 00—upon which was realized a net revenue of \$31,757,070 96. The domestic exports, it will be seen by Fact 5, exceeded the imports \$2,713,647 00—showing a balance of foreign trade, exclusive of specie, in our favor of that amount, without taking into view the profit on that trade. This, too, not in the year of "famine," but the year of revolutions, unfavorable to commerce, and causing vast numbers of bankruptcies in Europe, with heavy losses to American creditors, and an entire discredit of all bills of exchange, required to be replaced by shipments of coin, which are not taken in to the account.

8. The export of BREADSTUFFS & PROVISIONS alone, in the year ending 30th June, '48, (not the year of famine,) was \$37,472,757 00—being largely more than double the annual average of export under the Tariff of '42. Let our farmers remember this!

9. While our farmers have found a market for this large amount of breadstuffs and provisions, our commerce has received a new impulse, and our tonnage has increased from 2,839,046 tons to 3,150,502 tons; being more than three times the increase we have realized under any protective Tax (not Tariff) Bill.

10. The increase of our commerce during the two years since the enactment of the Bill of '46, has been so great, that our domestic exports (exclusive of specie) exceeded by \$80,605,181 00 the exports of the two years preceding, under the Tariff of 1842.

We want our readers to peruse and ponder upon these gratifying and significant facts. They speak for themselves, & carry conviction to every heart.

Horrible Fratricide.—The Elizabeth-town (Ky.) Register gives an account of the murder, on Friday night week last, of Wm. Potter, by his brother, John Potter, and the latter's wife—about four miles below that place. They had all drunk whiskey, when a dispute arose between the two brothers. The wife of John Potter made at Wm. Potter and cut him with a broken case knife two gashes in the face and forehead; whereupon Wm. Potter kicked her, John Potter rushed upon William, who fled; John, during the pursuit, was about to relinquish it, but was urged on by his wife to "kill him." As the unfortunate man reached a fence, he was caught by the wife of John Potter, & held until John cut him a fearful gash about two inches above the wrist, laying bare the bone and severing the large arteries; a little while after this, William expired. The husband and wife are now in jail.

TERRIBLE.—The Springfield (Ill.) Journal gives the following:

A most melancholy occurrence took place at the house of Mr. Harrison Baker, on the South Fork, in this county, on Saturday last. The parents were not present, and there were some small children of the neighborhood present. The eldest son of Mr. Baker, aged about seven years, took down a gun, which was heavily loaded for deer, and discharged it. The charge carried away a portion of his sister's head, two years older than himself, and instantly killed her. It cut off some of the fingers of another child, and then passed through the side of a third, which was alive yesterday at noon, but there was little expectation of its surviving.

CHRISTMAS CHEER.—During this season of festivity and joy, when all are prone to indulge in the good things of life to excess, let us not forget that the pleasures of the table, when enjoyed beyond the bounds of moderation, are at the expense of health.

To those, however, who are inadvertently led into excess in eating or drinking, and who, in consequence, suffer from headache, sick stomach, loss of spirits, indigestion, and other complaints, the penalty of over-indulgence, we recommend a trial of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, of the North American College of Health. This medicine will remove all complaints which arise from irregularity of diet; and cleanse the body from those bilious and corrupt humors which are the cause of the most distressing symptoms, and of every malady incident to man.

Beware of Counterfeits and Imitations! Remember that the original and only genuine Indian Vegetable Pills have the signature of Wm. Wright written with a pen on the top label of each box.

The genuine for sale by R. SHAW, sole Agent for Clearfield; CRANS & BROTHER, Curwensville; DANIEL BARRETT, Luthersburg; and wholesale at the office and general depot, 169 Race street, Philadelphia.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED.

THOMPSON'S Compound Syrup of Tar and Wood Noptha will cure Consumption.

This excellent medicine has fully established its reputation, and all that is asked is a fair trial of it to prove it the only certain remedy for the cure of Consumption, Obsolete Coughs, Spitting Blood, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Loss of voice, Pain in the Breast, in short, all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Numerous individuals of the first respectability testify to its beneficial effects, when nothing else would relieve.

Prepared and sold by AGNEY & DICKSON, N. E. corner of FIFTH and SPRUCE streets, Philadelphia.

Sold by A. M. HILL, Clearfield, Pa., and by Druggists generally. Price 50c or \$1.00 per bottle.

Executors Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters testamentary have been granted to the subscribers upon the estate of Mary Campbell, late of Lawrence township, Clearfield county, deceased—all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment without delay, and those having claims against same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

WM. BIGLER, Ex'r. Dec. 24, '48 —47 cB.

HORSES FOR SALE.

THE subscriber has TWO GOOD YOUNG HORSES for sale, will answer to work or ride.

JOHN PATTON, Curwensville, Dec. 18, 1848.

LIST OF GRAND JURORS

For February Term, 1849.

Table listing names and professions of Grand Jurors for February Term, 1849. Includes George Barger, James W. Dunlap, John J. Beams, Geo. Ellinger, Peter Smell, Saml. Sebring, Henry Breth, Day d McCullough, Jon. R. Ames, James Curry, Patrick Dailey, Thomas Fenton, Andrew Moore, Richard Danver, Wm. Porter, John J. Reed, Wm. A. Reed, Samuel Clyde, Samuel Powell, Henry Hile Jr, Wm T. Gilbert, Alex. Adams, John W. Wright, Wm Morgan.

LIST OF TRAVIS JURORS

For February Term, 1849.

Table listing names and professions of Travis Jurors for February Term, 1849. Includes Jas. H. Hegarty, Henry B. Wright, Hugh Lutz, Hugh Jordan, Elijah Reece, John Hughes, George Knorr, Wm C. Foaly, Jos. R. Fulton, Geo. Wilson, Jackson Bunsall, David McDowell, Adam Gearhart, Matthew Forcee, M. B. Conaway, Josiah Hunter, John Parks, Fredk. Henney, Ab'm Baitry, Anthony Kratzer, George Ross, G. C. Passmore, Wm. Bloom, Joseph Patterson, Christian Erenhard, David Cathcart, Thos. McKee, Philip Hovener, Alex. Murray, S. C. Patchen, Gen. B. Smith, James Fulton, Matthew Ogden jr, Philip Antes, Hudson Lyle, Gen. W. Carter, John Moore, Isaac Scofield, John King, James Allison, Joseph Boone, F. Coudriet, Levi Lutz, James McGhee, George Conaway, Joseph Yothers, Samuel Hoover, Andrew Tozar.

Orphan's Court Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of the county of Clearfield, will be sold at public sale at the Court House in the borough of Clearfield, on Monday the 29th day of January, 1849, a House & Lot in the said borough, known by No. 49, now in possession of Wm. C. Welch, Esq., being the interest of Amelia, Alfred and Caroline Smith, minors.

A credit of one year will be given to the purchaser for the largest portion of the purchase money.

JOSIAH W. SMITH, Clearfield Dec. } Guardian. 18th 1848. }

Notice.

WHEREAS, By an article of agreement made and concluded between George Conoway, sen, and his son Israel Conoway, of Karthaus township, Clearfield county, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1848, the said Geo. Conoway, sen., conveys all his right, title, interest and claim, to all his (the said George's) real and personal property, (excepting one Cow) to the said Israel Conoway, during his natural life, in consideration that he, the said Israel shall keep & maintain the said George Conoway, sen., and his wife Catharine, as long as they both shall live.

In witness; GEO. CONOWAY, sen. Dec. 15, 1848.—pd

Estate of Jas. A. Cathcart, dec'd.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the subscriber, on the estate of James A. Cathcart, late of Pike township, Clearfield county, dec'd, all persons having claims or demands against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement—and all persons indebted to the same are requested to make payment without delay.

JOHN McCORD, Ad'mr. Dec. 19, 1848 —46

NEW GOODS.

JOHN PATTON, Jr. HAS just received at his store in the building known as Irvin's storehouse, at the river, near Curwensville, a large assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Among which will be found one of the very best selected assortments of Dry-Goods, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Drugs and Dye-tuffs, Tin-ware, Books & Stationary, Hats, Caps and Bonnets, Boots and Shoes, Tobacco and Segars, Umbrellas, Carpet and Carpet and Cotton Yarn, Confectionaries, Paints, Oils, Teas, &c., &c.

which he is now, & is determined to continue selling AS CHEAP as they can be bought elsewhere in the county. All he asks is a call. Curwensville, Oct. 3, '48.

Court Proclamation.

WHEREAS the Hon. Geo. W. Woodard, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 4th judicial district, composed of the counties of Clinton, Mifflin, Centre and Clearfield, and the Hon. James T. Leonard and Abraham K. Wright, Esqrs. Associate Judges in Clearfield county, have issued their precept, bearing date the 7th day of December, 1848, to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, Orphans Court, Court of Quarter Sessions, and Court of Oyer & Terminer and General Jail Delivery, at Clearfield Town, for the County of Clearfield, on the 5th Monday of January, next, (being the 29th day of the month.)

Notice is therefore, hereby given, to the Clerks, Justices of the Peace, & Constables in and for the County of Clearfield, to appear in their own proper persons, with Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations and other Remembrances, to do those things which their office & in their behalf appertain to be done; and all witnesses and other persons prosecuting in behalf of the Commonwealth against any prisoners are required to be then and there attending and not depart without leave, at their peril. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance at the appointed time agreeable to notice.

Given under my hand at the town of Clearfield, this 20th day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty eight, and the seventy-second year of American Independence JOHN STITES, Sh'ff.

Auditor's Notice.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court of the county of Clearfield, they have appointed the subscriber to audit and distribute the balance in the hands of the Administrators of Adam Nevling, dec'd, of Beccaria township, Clearfield county; I have appointed Monday the 15th day of January 1849, at my office in the borough of Clearfield for hearing & auditing the above matter, when the heirs of the said Adam Nevling, and all other persons interested in the distribution of the balance in the hands of Jonathan Baynton, the surviving administrator, are requested to attend.

JOSIAH W. SMITH, Aud. Clearfield, Dec. 9, '48.—pd

Stray Cow.

STRAYED away from the residence of the subscriber in Lawrence township, some time in the month of June or July, a large Red Cow, with large horns. The subscriber will reward any person giving him information of her whereabouts so that he can get her.

JONATHAN NICHOLS, Dec. 12, 1848.

Queensware, Queensware.

ALL persons can be suited in price and style by calling at THE CHEAP CORNER. Come and examine our stock. CRANS & BROTHER. Nov. 22, 1848.