

FOREIGN NEWS.

Arrival of the America.

GREAT EXCITEMENT IN IRELAND! The mail steam ship America arrived at New York on the 4th...

The privy council met at the Castle on Tuesday, and in the evening of that day, the citizens of Dublin were astonished by the publication of a proclamation signed by the Lord Lieutenant...

The Dublin Eve Post, which speaks always for the Government, made an explanation of this extreme measure of the Government.

We select from Wilmer & Smith's Times, of the 22d July, the following paragraphs:

The government have been prompt in following up the proclamations issued on the 18th, by notifications, setting forth the days and places appointed for granting licenses to keep arms.

The police have received information that depots of arms exist in some parts of the metropolis, & that they were to make strict search in the suspected localities.

Orders have been given from the Commander-in-Chief's office, to all officers belonging to regiments in Ireland, on leave of absence in London, to repair immediately to their respective regiments...

There has been a "brush" at Carrick-on-Suir. A Clonmel correspondent thus describes the affair:

The Carrick people on hearing of the arrest of some of the club members, and the rumor that one of their own curates was marked out for arrest, rose en masse, and with arms in their hands...

In Kilkenny, in consequence of a report, which had no foundation, of the issue of a warrant for the arrest of Dr. Cane, a magistrate, and the leader of the Confederates...

The Tipperary Vindicator gives an account of the arrest of some persons at Templemore, charged with drilling and training.

The same journal has the following sample of the spirit of disaffection prevailing amongst the populace in Nenagh, the assize town of the North Riding of Tipperary:

About half past ten o'clock on Saturday, a canvass figure, stuffed with straw, saturated with turpentine, and made to represent a human body, was carried in mock triumph through the streets.

The Roman Catholic priesthood are beginning to take alarm at the clubs. Twenty-one priests of the deanery of Tullamore have protested against them.

The Rev. Mr. Costello, of Limerick, disavows them. The Rev. Thomas Dixon, of East Passage, Waterford, denounces them in the strongest terms, and the Rev. Mr. Hendry, of Rathormack, county Waterford, has virtually kicked out of his parish a deputation of "organizers" from the Dublin clubs...

At the Roscommon assizes, Owen and Michael Beirne were arraigned for a conspiracy to murder the Rev. John Lloyd, at Aughrim, in October last. Michael refusing to join in the challenge with his fellow-prisoner, Owen, was tried separately.

Devin Reilly is a chip of the Mitchell block. He opens on Lord Clarendon by calling his Excellency the 'General Turnkey of Ireland,' &c.

Nothing remains for those who would make their thoughts known, in this our

country, but to speak them with arms in their hands. The military force in Dublin University has been increased by a detachment of the 71st regiment, and last night the guard on duty at the college was doubled.

The accounts on the 20th from Tipperary and other parts of the south, regarding the preparations for an outbreak, are of a very serious and alarming character. The intelligence of the rising at Carrick-on-Suir, was received all thro' Tipperary with enthusiasm.

The Hungarian Diet was opened at Pesth by the Archduke Stephen on the 5th inst. His Majesty intimated his approval of the union of Transylvania and Hungary, and speaking of Italy, the speech said, "It is the King's wish that Italy, too, may soon enjoy the blessings of peace."

The war between the Maygars & Slavonians is carried on with unabated fury. The Hungarian forces are concentrated in their camps, and amount to 52,000 men, and free corps to the strength of 40,000 combatants are in course of organization.

THE CHOLERA IN ITALY.—Letters dated St. Petersburg, the 7th inst., say that the cholera still continued to make alarming progress in that city. On the 4th inst., there were 1068 new cases declared, 553 deaths, and 131 recoveries.

From the Pennsylvania.

Late from Oregon. Defeat of the Indians by the Oregon Regiment—Accidental death of Col. Gilliam—Peace proposed—Troops wanted—Scarcity of provisions and ammunition.

Ten men have arrived here from St. Joseph's and from Oregon, having been 87 days on the road. They bring intelligence of a battle having occurred on the 10th of March between the Indians and the Oregon Regiment, when the former were defeated with a loss of fifty killed and as many wounded.

Col. Gilliam, the commanding officer of the regiment, was accidentally killed after the battle by the discharge of a rifle.

The government has made a requisition for three more companies of dragoons to act against the Indians, and reinforcements from the States are anxiously expected.

The Mormon settlement at Salt Lake is in a very flourishing condition. The party arrived at St. Joseph's report having met a large party of emigrants at Secret Water, and that Col. Garland and Major Brant had arrived at Fort Mann.

The Territories. The population of Oregon is probably about 15,000—the greater part natives of the United States.

The population of New Mexico, according to the memoir of Dr. Wislizenus, senator, is about 70,000. One half of them probably, are whites. Under the Mexican Government the territory was ruled paritmentally.

The population of California, according to Mr. E. Bryant, formerly editor of a Lexington, Ky., paper, and late Alcalde of San Francisco, who has recently published a book on that country, is as follows: "The permanent population," says Mr. Bryant, "of that portion of Upper California situated between the Sierra Nevada and the Pacific, I estimate at 25,000."

Physically and intellectually, the men of the South, and inhabiting the counties contiguous to the city of Mexico, are, as a general fact, are well made, possessing much grace and ease of manner, and vivacity of conversation.

They are obedient to their magistrates, and in all disputed cases decided by them, acquiesce without uttering a word of complaint. They have been accused of

treachery & insincerity. Whatever may have been the grounds for this accusation in particular instances, I know not; but, judging from my own observation and experience, they are as free from these qualities as our own people."

Later from Mexico. The New Orleans Delta has received files of the Monitor Republicano to the 18th ult., from the city of Mexico, being 5 days later than previously received.

The intelligence from Guanajuato is of no particular importance. On the 12th, the troops of Bustamante entered and occupied the village of Valenciana, after a painful march by a route which presented many difficulties to the transportation of artillery. The insurgents made some show of resistance to the march of the government forces, but it does not appear that any harm was done on either side to "man or beast."

Much alarm existed in the state of Queretaro on account of the rumored successes of the insurgents.

A large number of the citizens of Vera Cruz had petitioned Congress to enact a statute declaring Paredes an outlaw.

Robberies between Vera Cruz and the city of Mexico are becoming so frequent and audacious that the Monitor insists that the perpetrators should be shot as fast as detected.

The citizens of the capital are subscribing for the relief of the Yucatecos. More than \$1,000 had been raised for that purpose on the 16th.

A Sad Tale. A correspondent of the Milford (N. H.) Mirror relates the following. Is it possible that it can be true? We can better understand those tales of diabolism which we lately quoted in connection with the late insurrection at Paris, than such cold-blooded cruelty as this:

About two years ago, a wealthy and influential widower of forty five, named Dr. of Chelsea, hired an amiable and beautiful girl of eighteen, named Mary, to assume the care of his children & household. A few months after they were seen to ride away together, and in the next Woodstock paper appeared an announcement that they had been married in that place by an Episcopalian clergyman.

A poor victim, driven in disgrace from the house in which she had been so long regarded as a virtuous wife, and thus rendered an outcast from society, she dared not return to her relatives; the finger of scorn was pointed at her, and in whatever company she found herself she was loathed and shunned.

Her friends, knowing this particular one was among them (for we are loth to believe that the General's economy extends to such meanness)—for the purpose of gaining time—to ascertain how he should accept the nomination—whether he had better violate all his former pledges, and openly pledge himself, and whether Clay could be conciliated, &c. Either horn of the dilemma is despicable indeed.

The proceedings of the meeting of our whig friends will be found in another column. They look as well as if the meeting had been attended by more than a baker's dozen.

Their proceedings have an abundance of manly measures. Where is the Bank, the Tariff, &c. no thanks to our present Whig Congressmen?—Did they think of the Ashmun amendment?

The Brady Meeting. The meeting at Luthersburg on last Saturday turned out full as well as could have been expected for the season.

Seasonable Goods, Dry-Goods, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Drugs and Dye-Stuffs, Tin-ware, Books & Stationary, Hats, Caps and Bonnets, Boots and Shoes, Tobacco and Segars, Umbrellas, Carpet and Carpet and Cotton Yarn, Confectionaries, Paints, Oils, Teas, &c. &c.,

which he is now, & is determined to continue selling AS CHEAP as they can be bought elsewhere in the county.

COOKING STOVES. A GREAT VARIETY OF COOKING STOVES, Warranted, from \$13.50 to \$32.00, for sale by F. J. HOFFMAN, Lewisstown, July 10, '48.

BLANKS for sale at this office.

Democratic Banner.

CLEARFIELD, PA. Aug. 11, 1848.

FOR PRESIDENT.

Gen. LEWIS CASS, Of Michigan.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

Gen. WM. O. BUTLER, Of Kentucky.

Democratic Electoral Ticket.

Senatorial Electors.

WILLIAM BIGLER, of Clearfield.

DAVID B. WAGNER, of Northampton.

Representative Electors.

Dis. 1. Henry L. Bonner, 13. John C. King, 14. John Weidman, 15. Robert J. Fisher, 16. Frederick Smith, 17. John Creswell, 18. Charles A. Black, 19. George W. Bowman, 20. John R. Shannon, 21. George P. Hamilton, 22. William H. Davis, 23. Timothy Ives, 24. James G. Campbell.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER.

Israel Painter, of Westmoreland.

Democratic County Meeting.

The Democrats of Clearfield county are requested to meet in the court house on Tuesday evening September 6th, (court week) for the purpose of responding to the nomination of the 30th September Convention, and to transact all other business of importance to the welfare and success of the party.

By order of the Standing Committee.

C. KRATZER, Chm.

CAMP MEETING.

We have been requested to state that the Methodist Episcopal Camp meeting will commence on Friday next, August 18th, on the place of David Adams, convenient to the Bellefonte & Erie Turnpike, and about one mile east of Clearfield Creek.

New Post Office and Post Route.

We have heretofore neglected to state that a new Post Office has been established at Grahamston, and that JAMES B. GRAHAM, appointed Postmaster.

The old mail route between this and Karthaus is re-established. It comes up on the north side of the river, arriving here on Fridays at noon, and goes down on the south side past Grahamston the same day.

Pay your Postage.

If any of our readers desire to write to General Taylor they must not forget to pay the postage, as the old General is too poor to pay such a heavy tax, his salary being only about \$7,000 a year.

At the quarter ending the 1st of July, about fifty of the letters sent to the dead letter office by the Post Master at Baton Rouge, were addressed to Gen. Taylor, and which he refused to lift because the postage was not paid.

This is the reason assigned by General Taylor's friends. Our notion, however, is, that he refused these letters, knowing this particular one was among them (for we are loth to believe that the General's economy extends to such meanness)—for the purpose of gaining time—to ascertain how he should accept the nomination—whether he had better violate all his former pledges, and openly pledge himself, and whether Clay could be conciliated, &c. Either horn of the dilemma is despicable indeed.

WHICH SHALL WE BELIEVE? We cut the two following paragraphs from a Whig paper, the Urbana (Ohio) Gazette. We would like to know which of these two pledges Gen. Taylor wants the people to believe:

"I have no private purposes to accomplish—no party projects to build up—no enemies to punish—nothing to serve but my country."—Z. Taylor.

In his letter to Abbot Lawrence, of Massachusetts—says the Urbana Gazette—Gen. Taylor says he is "A Whig, always a Whig, but never an ultra Whig." In the same letter he says: "If elected to the Presidency, I shall select my Cabinet from the purest and ablest Whigs in the Union."

A Base Federal Falsehood.

A paragraph is going around the Federal press that out of three hundred of the Massachusetts volunteers, two hundred and eighty-three are for Taylor, and eleven for Cass, Andrews says, that out of 300 men composing the regiment, not over a dozen are for Taylor. He commands himself two hundred and ten men, of whom two hundred are for Cass and Butler. These are comparatively small things, but they demonstrate the actual system of falsehood upon which the whig leaders and presses have determined to conduct this campaign.

The Bolters.—The editor of the Doylestown Independent Democrat says, that in ten Whigs who will not under any circumstances, vote for Taylor.

study, and honest democracy of the Keystone can regard as the candidate of their party and the exponent of their principles.

Such a man Centre county recognizes in Col. WM. BIGLER. Such a man they know him to be, from his public course as a Senator, from his speeches at their meetings, and from their associations with him in the walks of private life, and as such they intend to press his nomination for Governor of Pennsylvania.

The Whig-Abolition Barnburner Convention met at Buffalo on Thursday last, the 9th. It is composed chiefly of Clay Whigs from the non-slaveholding States, who will nominate Judge McClean, of Ohio, or Mr. Van Buren, for the Presidency.

North Carolina Election.

GLORIOUSLY ENCOURAGED IF NOT VICTORIOUS.

The election for a Governor and Legislature was held in North Carolina on the 31st inst. There are 74 counties in State, which gave a Whig majority for Governor in 1844 of 3,153. About half the State has now been heard from, showing a Democratic gain on that vote of nearly 2,000. Should the balance of the State do as well, Reid, the Democratic candidate, will certainly be elected.

This is glorious encouragement for the Democracy, and indicates very clearly that CASS and BUTLER will sweep almost every Southern State.

North Carolina has not given a Democratic majority for many years—was the first to repudiate Clay and nominate Taylor, and was confidently relied upon by the Whigs to give an increased Whig majority as an evidence of Taylor being stronger than Clay.

The legislature chosen at this election will elect a Senator of the United States in the room of Mr. Balger, whose time expires on the 4th March next. From the districts already heard from strong hopes are entertained that the Democrats will have a majority on joint ballot.

The North American notices the custom in the Southern States of candidates for Governor, Congress, &c., stumping their States and districts—both candidates addressing the same assembly—and then expresses a wish that this system might become the custom in this State.

This is just what the democracy want. Give us this system, and BIGLER our candidate for Governor, and such a skinning of rascals as we will have in Pennsylvania will surprise the natives. Yes, yes! just come out before the people, destitute of principles as you are, it is just where we want to get you.

30th August Convention.

Delegates to the 30th August Convention have been appointed in the following counties:

- YORK COUNTY.—Three delegates—instructed for BIGLER, Clayfield.—One delegate—do do. Mifflin.—One delegate—instructed for E. BANKS on first ballot—a decided friend to BIGLER. Indiana.—One delegate—instructed for BUCHANAN, also a decided friend to Bigler. Berks.—Five delegates, instructed for LONGSTRETH. Dauphin.—Two delegates, instructed for ELDRED.

Opinions of the Press.

The following Democratic papers have declared their preference for Col. BIGLER as their choice for Governor:

- Intelligencer & Journal—Lancaster, Berks County Press—Reading, Emporium—Pottsville, True Democrat—Lewisstown, Democrat—Bellefonte, Democrat—Garfield, Democrat—Brookville, Republican—Jersey Shore, Register—Mifflin, Times—New Berlin, Banner—Clearfield, Independent Democrat—Doylestown, Berichter (German)—Aaronsburg, Stimme des Volks—Orwigsburg.