

Democratic Banner.
CLEARFIELD, Pa. Nov. 20, 1846.

Library Meeting.
A meeting of the members of the Clearfield Library will be held in the Prothonotary's office on Monday evening the 23d inst. for electing officers for the ensuing year, and making a selection of books. A general attendance of the members is required.
H. LORAIN, Pr't.
Nov. 6th.

We have nothing particularly important from the army of operations against Mexico. General Taylor would no doubt push forward towards San Luis Potosi as soon as possible after receiving the orders of the government countermarching the trace of sixty days. San Luis Potosi is the capital of a Department bearing that name, and is situated about midway between Monterey and the city of Mexico, being over three hundred miles from either. Santa Anna is at this place with all his force, and it is thought that Gen. Taylor will have no fighting to do until he reaches this point, where he will perhaps be sustained by another division by way of Tampico.

The rumor from Gen. Worth's successes in Chihuahua (pronounced Che-wah-wah) is thought to be premature, although information is every day looked for from that quarter.

The Navy is beginning to act, and an impression generally prevails that an attack will speedily be made on Vera Cruz. If so, we may look for information of the most interesting character. The taking of this place would certainly bring the Mexicans to their proper feelings.

CALIFORNIA.—Our readers are referred to the first page for a detailed account of the operations of Col. Fremont in California.

Hon. WILLIAM FINLEY, Ex-Governor of Pennsylvania, died on Sunday afternoon last, at Harrisburg in the 79th year of his age.

The Harrisburg "Union" is not opposed to the Tariff of '46, but advocates a modification of that Tariff "real and iron." So do we all, if such modification is necessary to enable them to compete with foreign importations. But why increase the protection on an article that has enough already? What would you call such legislation but favoritism? It would be directly opposed to the democratic creed.

When ever the foreign prices of these articles shall vary so as to make it necessary for our government to give the domestic article a protection of more than THIRTY or FORTY dollars on the hundred to enable these indispensable articles to compete with imports, we will unite heart and hand with those who will advocate an amendment of the tariff of '46. But not until then, and under such circumstances only, will we be willing to increase the taxes of the consumer. To be a Democrat is to oppose all kinds of monopolies, and a tariff monopoly is just as injurious to republicanism as any other.

Recent Elections.—The Tables Turned.

The Whigs, as usual, have been spending their ammunition without game, over the elections in the States of Michigan and Iowa. A week ago, and all the Whig papers were decorated with appropriate cuts, and loud shouts of triumph over the "REDEMPTION OF MICHIGAN," and even the cautious, prudent and dignified National Intelligencer welcomed the new State of Iowa into the Federal galaxy with glowing capitals. But to see how the tables have turned:

In MICHIGAN, the Democrats have carried almost every thing. The Senate and House are both Democratic—having about 30 majority on joint ballot, which secures the election of a Democratic United States Senator in the place of Woodward, the present Whig Senator from that State. Michigan sends but three members of Congress, and they are ALL Democrats.

In Iowa, the Democrats have carried the Governor, member of Congress, and a majority of the State Legislature, which secures the election of two United States Senators. This is the first election held in this State.

In DELAWARE, the Whigs have elected the Congressmen, and a majority of one in each branch of the Legislature, and the Democrats have succeeded in electing the Governor—the first in twenty years. The election was very close, and warmly contested—the majorities not exceeding two hundred either way.

In MASSACHUSETTS, the Whigs have made a clean sweep of it. They have elected their Governor by a majority of about 6,000 or 7,000 over all opposition, and the entire Congressional delegation.

New York.—Young's (Whig) majority for Governor, is about 10,000, while Gardiner's, (Dem.) majority for Lieutenant Governor, is about 13,000. The Whigs have 10 majority in the House and the Democrats have a majority of 10 in the Senate, which makes the parties a tie on joint ballot. The majority in favor of the New Constitution, is about 100,000, and against Negro suffrage about 200,000.

THE RANCHEROS.

These constitute a principal portion of the Mexican army, Rowan Hardin, of Kentucky, (who is in the army in Mexico,) writes to his father as follows:
"The Rancheros are the people who live on farms—they are poor soldiers. By the laws of their Government they are not allowed to have arms at home, and consequently do not understand the use of them. These people are not cowardly, but unskilled in the use of arms, and without confidence in their rulers. Gen. Taylor esteems them a brave people, but they are not effective in battle because of their ignorance of the use of arms. Their defeat by Gen. Taylor, on the Rio Grande, with such odds in their favor, has destroyed all confidence in themselves, and they fight with no other expectation than to be whipped; but let this war last twelve months longer, and rest assured they will prove an enemy no longer to be despised."

THE RICHMOND TRAGEDY.

Mrs. Virginia Myers, who is so intimately and unfortunately connected with Hoyt's tragedy, in Richmond, Va., has caused a letter to be published in the Richmond Whig. It is addressed to a friend, and is devoted to the purpose of exculpating herself in part, from the heavy charges brought against her. She asserts the entire absence of criminality in the intercourse between herself and Hoyt, and declares that if her actions were improper and fit subject for the tongue of scandal—her conscience at least is clear, and her soul without the stain of degradation, which common voice has fixed upon her.—Dem. Union.

Singular Developments.—A friend confidentially communicated to us, says the New York Herald, the particulars of a case of crim. con. that will soon be tried in our courts, in the progress of which some astounding facts will be developed, involving the character of one of our most fashionable ladies, and eight or ten of the "upper ten thousand," as they are facetiously called in this city. It appears from what we have learned, that a married lady, hitherto considered as pure as a seraph, has for a length of time past carried on a course of intrigue with several married and unmarried gentlemen, whose standing and position in society entitled them to be ranked as leaders of the ton, or something else of New York. The conduct of the parties, who are financiers, knights, fancy men, &c. &c., became so palpable that the injured husband considered it due to himself and his reputation to send his erring wife home to her parents—which he did last Saturday—and take legal measures to procure a divorce.—These have been taken, and as soon as the divorce is obtained, he will institute a number of crim. con. prosecutions against those who destroyed his domestic happiness.—The public may expect some rich developments, illustrating the morals of our fashionable population.

Army and News Items.

From New Orleans papers of the 3d inst. There is a correspondence published in the American Flag, which passed between Gen. Taylor and his order, Col. Whiting, Q. M. General, and Gen. Morales, the Mexican Governor of Nuevo Leon, the result of which is that the Governor consents to furnish the army with corn and mules at a fair valuation, having been informed that if he did not, both would be taken by force and without pay. This correspondence corroborates a statement made in this paper, which we have seen in no other—that the first call for a suspension of hostilities, while both armies would be burying their dead, came from the American camp.

Gen. La Vega, it is understood, has been officially notified by his Government, that Captain Carpenter and the crew of the Triton have been exchanged for him, and his fellow prisoners of war who were taken at Resaca de la Palma, and they are only waiting for the ratification of the agreement by our Government, to leave for their country.

A letter from Camargo, dated the 22d ult., contains accounts from Monterey to the 16th. It says:

In my last letter, I intimated to you that everything was very quiet at Monterey, and the indications were in favor of a continuance of the calm, until the expiration of the eight weeks mentioned in the terms of capitulation, or the return of Capt. Eaton, the aid of Gen. Taylor, from Washington city. Up to the time of my departure on the 16th, nothing indicated any change in the state of things. The discharge of the Texas troops and their departure caused the town to be more tranquil than ever. Not many of the Mexicans had returned to the place, as they are yet afraid; but that will not probably continue much longer.

Before my departure, the account of the departure of General Ampudia from Saltillo with the army was fully confirmed. He proposed to fortify that town and make another stand; therefore he called out the citizens to assist him. They held a meeting and the answer to his call was: Monterey was a town naturally easier of defence than Saltillo, that it was well fortified, and he had been driven out of it, therefore, they would not expose their families and property to certain injury and danger. The General then left, taking the road towards San Luis Potosi.

Gov. Henderson, of Texas, now at Monterey, has issued an order for the raising of a new regiment, to serve during the war.

We learn from a gentleman who left Monterey on the 15th, that information had been received in that city, and was believed by the officers generally, that a reinforcement of the Mexicans, numbering 12,000 men, were in the vicinity of San Luis Potosi, supposed to be under the command of Santa Anna, and intended to march on Monterey.

Gen. Mirebeau B. Lamar, has been commissioned by Gov. Henderson to act as civil and military Governor of the Texas frontier. He is to make his headquarters at Laredo, a Mexican town on the Texas side of the Rio Grande. To enable him to extend his jurisdiction, he is authorized to raise and have under his command a company of 100 men. The required force was raised from among the disbanded Texans, and Gen. Lamar is now on his way to Laredo to fulfil the duties of his new appointment.

been hired at that place for the use of the army, at 37½ cents per day each.

The fine company of Sappers and Miners, under command of Captain Swift, Topographical Engineer, had arrived at Matamoras, after a very short passage from New York.

From the Matamoras Flag of October 17.

Our Troops at Monterey.—The troops at Monterey are distributed at present through the city and in the forts. The Bishop's palace is occupied by companies of the 4th artillery. Two or three companies of the 2d artillery occupy the citadel in front of the town. The 7th infantry encamped in the main plaza. The 2d division, under Gen. Twiggs, and the 3d, under Gen. Butler, are encamped at the Walnut Springs, three miles in front of the city. The stars and stripes are waving from several different points. Yankee Doodle and Hail Columbia are heard, and dress parades are now witnessed every evening, in the great square. The inhabitants are coming back to their homes, and Señoras and Señoras finding the invaders, not the savages they have been represented, are seen in public places.

Murder of a Volunteer.—An Indiana Volunteer was murdered on Saturday last; supposed to have been killed for some money he had in his possession. Two Americans, or rather two men hailed from the United States, have been arrested on suspicion of having murdered him, with evidence pretty strong against them, who will be sent to New Orleans for trial; witnesses accompanying them.

Heads and Tails Up.—A friend, speaking of the manner in which the Mexicans marched out of Monterey, says they went out "heads and tails up," showing no signs of being whipped, and returned the jeers of some of our boys, who could not be withheld from taunting them, with "wait, we'll give you another Fandango at Saltillo."

Dyspepsia is a weakness of the digestive organs, and like every other complaint, is caused by impurity of the blood. The gastric juice, a fluid peculiar to the stomach, when secreted from bad blood, is not of a healthy quality; consequently the food, instead of being properly dissolved, often remains undigested until it becomes in a manner spoiled or putrid in the stomach; hence, a bad breath, a disagreeable taste in the mouth, especially on first waking in the morning, headache, giddiness, "sourness of spirits," wasting of the body, &c.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are a natural remedy for dyspepsia, because they cleanse the stomach and bowels of all bilious and corrupt humors, and purify the blood; consequently, as they drive out the root, or cause of this and every other malady, they are absolutely certain to remove all complaints arising from indigestion or dyspepsia.

The popularity of WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS has proved a strong but unprincipled man, who, instigated by the hope of gain, attempt to palm off a spurious article on the unsuspecting. To detect the wicked designs of such men, we have procured new labels, and the signature of William Wright will be found WRITTEN WITH THE PEN on the top label of each BOTTLE. NONE OTHER IS GENUINE, AND TO COUNTERFEIT THIS IS FORGERY.

Remember, the only original and genuine INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS have the WRITTEN SIGNATURE OF WILLIAM WRIGHT on the top label of each box.

Caution.—It should be remembered that Mr. Edward Cole, of Philadelphia; Mr. John Dixon, of Boston, Pa., and Messrs. Browning & Brothers, of Philadelphia, are not agents of ours, and as they purchase our Indian Vegetable Pills at our office, we cannot guarantee as genuine any medicine they may have for sale.

Agent for Clearfield, R. Shaw. For other agencies in Clearfield & other counties, see advertisement in another column.

MARRIED.—On Tuesday last, in Bellefonte, by the Rev. J. Towner, Mr. GEORGE B. WEAVER, junior editor of the "Clearfield Democrat," to Miss MARY ROTHACK, of the former place.

On Thursday last, at the residence of William Brown, by William Alexander, Esq., Mr. JOSTIN THOMPSON to Miss ANN ELIZA WILSON, all of Lawrence township.

The big cat has arrived, just as we predicted in our last. And we have not been disappointed either as to its size, substance or quality. Now that this wretched pair have so faithfully performed their duty to us, may all their duties to each other be performed as faithfully.

THIS WAY!

JUST received and for sale by the subscriber at his "old stand" in the borough of Clearfield, a general assortment of **Fall & Winter Goods,** consisting in part of **DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, BONNETS, Books & Stationary, UMBRELLAS, DRUGS, COTTON YARN, GLASS, CARPET do. Looking Glasses, Confectionary, Tobacco & Cigars, TINWARE, Oils, Paints, &c.** All of which he will sell as cheap for cash or COUNTRY PRODUCE as they can be had in town. The public are respectfully invited to call, examine his stock, and judge for themselves.

RICHARD SHAW.
Nov. 17, 1846.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested, that the undersigned, an Auditor appointed by the Court for that purpose, will attend at his office in the borough of Clearfield, on Saturday the 28th of this inst., to distribute among the creditors entitled thereto, the rents paid by John Scott on his real estate under the inquiries held the 1st day of May, 1841, &c.

J. F. WEAVER, Aud'r.
Nov. 12, 1846.

SPANISH SOLE LEATHER

For sale at the store of R. SHAW, 17th Nov.

TO COLLECTORS.

THE Collectors of the several townships in the county of Clearfield, for years preceding 1846, are hereby informed that in pursuance of an act of Assembly passed the 29th day of April, 1844, interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, will be charged on the several balances due by them for State tax from and after the 2nd Tuesday of January last. The collectors for 1846 are also notified that interest at the same rate will be charged on any balance of State tax that may remain unpaid by them from and after the 2nd Tuesday of January, 1847. They will therefore see the necessity of immediately paying off their duplicates.

By order of the Commissioners,
H. P. THOMPSON, Clk.
Comptroller's Office, Clearfield, 14th Nov. 1846.

To all Concerned.

THE Collectors of School tax for Lawrence school district are hereby notified that they are required to meet the School Directors of said district, at the office of Robert Wallace, Esq., in the borough of Clearfield, on Tuesday of the ensuing December, at 2 o'clock, P. M., to pay off all the several amounts of school tax remaining unpaid by them.—By complying with this notice cost may be saved.

By order of the Board,
JOHN MITCHELL, Sec'y.
14th Nov. 1846.

Administrators Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Letters of Administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of Geo. Souder, sr. late of Bradford township, Clearfield county, dec'd., on the 4th Nov. inst. All persons indebted to the estate of the said deceased, are required to make payment without delay—and those having demands against the same, will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN L. CUTLER.
Clearfield Nov. 12, 1846.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale on Monday the 30th day of November next, at the court house, in Clearfield, all the defendant's interest in a tract of land situated in Grand township, Clearfield county, beginning at a white pine, thence by No. 3647 south 220 perches, thence north 60 perches to a red oak, thence east 197 perches to a chestnut, thence by No. 3647 north 160 perches to a white oak, thence by No. 1939 west 217 perches to the place of beginning, being part of a larger survey known as No. 2647, containing 211 acres and 34 perches, with about 12 acres cleared thereon—seized and taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Peter Lamm.

ALSO.
By virtue of a writ of Test. Vend. Ex. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, will be exposed to sale at the same time and place, a certain lot of ground situated in Chest township, Clearfield county, adjoining lands of William Sommersville on the west, north and south, and on the east by lands of John G. Miles, containing three acres, with a dwelling house and stable thereon erected. Seized and taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Nathaniel Hughes, by
ELLIS IRWIN, Sh'ff.
Sh'ff's office, Clearfield, Oct. 19, 1846.

Court Proclamation.

WHEREAS the Hon. Geo. W. Woodward, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 14th judicial district, composed of the counties of Clearfield, Mifflin, Centre and Clearfield, and the Hon. James T. Leonard and Abraham K. Wright, Esq's. Associate Judges in Clearfield county, have issued their precept, bearing date the 4th day of Sept. 1846, to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, in the Court House, at Clearfield, on the 5th Monday of Nov. next, being the 30th day of the month.

Notice is therefore, hereby given, to the Corners, Justices of the Peace, & Constables in and for the County of Clearfield, to appear in their own proper persons, with Bills, Receipts, Liens, Examinations and other Remembrances, to do those things which their offices & in their behalf appropriate to be done; and all witnesses and other persons prosecuting in behalf of the Commonwealth against any prisoners are required to be then and there attending, and not depart without leave, at their peril. Jurors are requested, to be punctual in their attendance at the appointed time agreeable to notice.

Given under my hand at the town of Clearfield, this 20th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty six, and the sixty-ninth year of American Independence.

ELLIS IRWIN, Sh'ff.

Meeting of County Comm'rs.

PERSONS having business to transact with the board of Commissioners of Clearfield county, will take notice that said board will be in session on Monday the 30th day of November next.

ATTESTED,
H. P. THOMPSON, Clk.
Oct. 22, 1846.

Apprentice Wanted.

Buy 16 or 17 years of age, who can come well recommended, will be taken as an apprentice to the Blacksmithing Business, and a good chance will be given. Application should be made immediately.

THOS. BEERS.
Grahamton, Sept. 30, 1846.

NEW GOODS.

DANIEL BARRETT
HAS just received a splendid assortment of **FALL AND WINTER GOODS** which he is determined to sell as low for cash or in exchange for country produce as they can be purchased in the county.—Thankful for past favors, he takes this opportunity to say to his old customers that he desires them to call at his old stand in all cases before purchasing elsewhere—satisfied if they examine his stock and prices, they will continue to trade with him. His stock consists in part of **BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATTINETTS, MERINOES, ALPACCAS, MOUS de Laines ROBES of the latest style, CASHIMERES, GINGHAMS, CHECKS, of various qualities, SHAWLS.**

An assortment of Shawls, Common & Superior.

BONNETS.

A full assortment of the latest and best style.
A large and general assortment of **Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes.**
A general assortment of **Looking Glasses, QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, GROCERIES, CONFECTIONARIES, &c.**

ALL of which will be sold low for Cash or in exchange for country Produce, for which the highest price will be given.
Curwensville, Nov. 3, 1846.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Letters of Administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of Geo. Souder, sr. late of Clearfield county, dec'd. All persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated.

JOHN BEERS, Adm'r.
Boggs tp. Nov. 3, 1846.

Borough Ordinance,

(Relating to Hogs.)
Be it ordained by the Burgess and Town Council of the borough of Clearfield, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by the authority of the same, That between the first day of October, and the first day of April, in any year, it shall not be lawful for any swine, hogs, shoats or pigs, to go at large in the borough of Clearfield, and if any such shall be found running at large, said swine, hogs, shoats, or pigs, shall be forfeit and sold by the High Constable of the borough;—one half of the proceeds to be for the use of the person taking up said swine, hogs, shoats or pigs, after deducting the expenses of the sale, and the other half to be for the use of such swine, hogs, shoats or pigs, to be given by not less than three advertisements put up at the most public places in said borough at least two days preceding such sale.

JOSIAH W. SMITH,
Chief Burgess.
ROBT WALLACE, Sec'y.
Nov. 11, 1846.

Notice.

THE stockholders in the Bradford Methodist Episcopal meeting-house are required to pay the amount of their several subscriptions to the subscribers immediately.

THOMAS BEERS,
JOHN DALE,
A. GEARHART,
Building Committee.
29th Oct. 1846.

Stray Steer.

CAME to premises of the subscriber, in Brady township, on the 21st day of Sept. last, a **Pale Red Steer**, marked with tar on both hips, supposed to be between three and four years old.—The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of according to law.

JACKSON BONSALL.
Oct. 20, 1846.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Letters of Administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of George Hunter, late of Lawrence township, dec'd. All persons indebted to said estate will make payment without delay, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated.

ROSS READ, Adm'r.
Lawrence tp. Nov. 3, 1846.

WANTED.

SEVEN SCHOOL TEACHERS wanted in Pike District. Those wishing to apply will meet the Directors at the office of Josiah Evans, Esq., Curwensville, at 11 o'clock, A. M., on Saturday the 21st inst., for examination. Schools to commence on Monday the 23d inst.

By order of the Board,
R. W. McNAUL, Sec'y.
Nov. 2, 1846.

TRIAL LIST

For November Term, 1846.

William Dunlap	vs. Isaac Thompson
John P. Hoyt	vs. Asaph Ellis
Alexander Cook	vs. David Adams
James Magee, et al.	vs. Reqd & Logan
Scott & Slack	vs. Arthur Boll
David T. Dunlap	vs. J. W. Miller & Sons
John Mulholland	vs. J. F. W. Schnarza
Ignatius Thompson	vs. J. J. Read, et al.
Joel Cadbury & Wife	vs. John W. Miller
John Covenhoven	vs. Jesse Major
Spring, Good & Co.	vs. Charles Hoston
Joseph Owens	vs. Vincent B. Holt