by having them in the hands of men of experience and proper knowledge, and they will not consent to place them in new and inexperienced hands.

The best evidence of Mr. Foster's honesty and integrity is that, although he has been engaged many years on our public works, mostly as Engineer, he is yet poor—we might say very poor—having nothing to keep him but the salary of his office, which is scarcely sufficient to defray his daily expenses Such is the character of the Democratic candidate for Canal Commissioner.

THE FARMER'S PROSPECTS BRIGHTENING.—In consequence of the prospect of another failure of the potatoe crop in Europe, wheat and corn were advancing in price at the last dates.—This caused a rise in the price at home. In New York, the selling price of flour for exportation is $4 50 per barrel, being an advance of 50 cents per barrel within the last two weeks, and as for corn, there is scarcely enough in the market to supply the demand. Thus it seems, that in despite of the efforts of all the federal papers to create a 'panic,' the products of our farmer's labor will rise in price notwithstanding the almost double crop raised the present season People are beginning to think that the new Tariff is not such a destructive measure after all.

MINISTER TO ENGLAND.—Since the return of Mr. McLEAN, the President has appointed Mr BANCROFT, late Secretary of the Navy, as Minister to England, Hon. JOHN Y. MASON, of Virginia, and late Attorney General, to take charge of the Navy Department

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TIT FOR TAT.

Mr. Irvin now publicly boasts that he was the cause of Dr. Lerain's defeat when that gentleman was a candidate for Congress;—that if it had not been for him the Doctor might have been elected. Now, this is an important admission, just at this time. If Mr. Irvin, in order to gratify his private spleen at Dr. Lorain, deprived the people of this county of a great *public benefit*, how can he now ask those very same people to *benefit* him It is what we call asking a little too much and a good deal more than he is entitled to receive.

REPRESENTATIVE CONFEREE MEETING.

The Conferees appointed by Centre and Clearfield counties met at the house of B. D. Hall, in the borough of Milesburg on Friday the 11th Sept., for the purpose of settling upon a ticket to be supported by the democratic party of this representative district. WM. C. WELCH was appointed President, and D. B. HALL, Secretary.

On motion, *Resolved*, That the nominee of Centre county, Major JOHN REYNOLDS, and the nominee of Clearfield county, CHARLES S. WORRELL, are hereby unanimously confirmed as the representative candidates for election to seats in the next Legislature.

Resolved, That the practice lately adopted by Conferences of passing tariff resolutions (although we cannot see the propriety of it,) would seem to call upon us for a similar expression, and as we have not been instructed we will not profess to speak the sentiments of the whole democratic party, nor can we see why such a measure as a tariff should, or can, be made a party question.

Resolved, That we believe the democratic party to be in favor of a tariff for revenue with incidental protection, sufficiently discriminating in favor of American manufactures as to prevent foreigners from underselling us in our own markets.

Resolved, That protection to American Industry is a measure which has always received the support of the democratic party, and has been recommended by every democratic President.

Resolved, That we are not in favor of the tariff of '42, or any other tariff, because it has been passed at any particular time, or by any particular party; but that we are in favor of a tariff that will raise a sufficient amount of revenue to defray the expenses of government—protect, foster and encourage domestic industry of all kinds that need such protection, whether manufactures, mechanic arts, commerce or navigation.

WM. C. WELCH, Ch'n.
B. D. HALL, Sec'y.

Later from the Army.

DISGRACEFUL RIOT AMONG THE VOLUNTEERS AT BURITA.

The New Orleans Picayune, of the 6th inst., says:—On the night of the 31st ult. a riot broke out among the volunteers on a steamboat, lying at an encampment opposite Burita, The particulars of this shameful affair, as we have them, are these:—On board the boat were some three or four companies of Georgia volunteers. Of these there was one Irish company, between which and some other company a feud had existed for several days. The quarrel reached its climax on the evening mentioned, and a terrible fight occurred; shot were fired and swords and bayonets used indiscriminately. In the affair, some 15 or 20 persons are reported to have been killed or mortally wounded, seen on board: and on shore it is supposed that 8 or 10 were forced overboard, who either were drowned or died of their wounds.—While the fight was going on, a Colonel of the Georgia volunteers endeavored most gallantly to quell it, interfering personally and attacking the rioters with sword and pistols. He shot down one man & wounded several others. Finding that he could not succeed in putting an end to the disturbance, he called upon Col. Baker of the 4th regiment of Illinois volunteers to assist. Colonel Baker ordered companies A and G of his regiment, to assist in quelling the fight, and went in person, accompanied by about twenty men, to the boat. He immediately stepped on board and ordered peace, and attempted to ascend the stairs. Here he was attacked by the rioters, & had a desperate conflict, in which he defended himself bravely, for some time, against swords, bayonets and shot, and was finally shot in the neck. The ball entered behind, and passed out thro' his cheek or mouth. The 20 men who accompanied Colonel Baker, belonged to company C. Of these, eight men were wounded—six with baynets, and two with balls. On the arrival of companies A and G, Capt. Roberts, of the former, ordered his men to charge on board, and led them as far as the steps, where he received a severe wound from a baynet, which entered near the shoulder blade and passed through his back. The boat was so well defended that the Illinoisans were forced to retreat—they having no cartriages with them. Ammunition was very soon, however, furnished them; and, on approaching the boat again, every thing became quiet. None of the Illinois troops were killed; and, it was thought, on the next morning, that Col. Baker and Capt. Roberts would recover from their wounds. In fact, there was but little apprehension felt for their safety. Two of the privates of company C, it was feared, were mortally wounded. The commissary of the Illinois troops was also wounded, but slightly. At the time Col. Baker was shot, he was engaged in a personal conflict with the Captain of the Irish company, who was also wounded.—The rioters were finally subdued—forced to surrender their arms, and placed under a strong guard.

LATEST FROM THE GULF SQUADRON.

Loss of the U. S. brig of war Truxton! The officers and crew, with the exception of two Lieutenants and nineteen men, taken prisoners by the Mexicans, and marched to Tampico.

From an extra of the New Orleans Picayune of the 5th inst., we learn that the U. S. Revenue steamer Legare, arrived at the S. W. Pass 3d instant from Vera Cruz 29th ult., bringing a bearer of despatches from Commore Conner for the Government; and, also, information that the U. S. brig of war Truxton was wrecked on the 15th ult. near the mouth of the river Tuspan. Two lieutenants & nineteen men reached the squadron at Vera Cruz in boats—the balance of the officers and crew, including the Captain, were made prisoners, and it is said were marched off to Tampico.—*Pennsylvanian.*

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

[Correspondence of the Pennsylvanian.]

Baltimore. Sept. 14—8 P. M.

The Southern mail brings us New Orleans dates of the 6th and 7th inst. The *Delta* of the 6th says: "We have been permitted to peruse a letter from Gen. TAYLOR, bearing date of Camargo 20th ult., which states that he had sent on 200 mules, 300 wagons and 160,000 rations; and that he would himself move forward on the 1st or 6th of the present month for Monterey; and that, if the enemy did not give him battle there he would push on to Saltillo, [about 70 miles from Monterey," and there arrange his plans for his future movements.

The same paper states that there had been another arrival at New Orleans from Brazos Santiago, but brings no very important intelligence. The troops were still advancing, but no enemy could be met. There had been riot and bloodshed among the volunteers, but neither those from Baltimore or Philadelphia appear to have been engaged therein. The steamboat Enterprise was blown up on the Rio Grande, on the 27th. J. C. Howard, of Baltimore, a sutler, was badly wounded.

CHILLS AND FEVER—*Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* are one of the best, if not the very best medicine in the world, for the cure of Intermittent Fever, because they excel all others in ridding the body of those morbid humors which are the cause, not only of all kinds of fevers, but of every malady incident to man. Four or five of said Indian Vegetable pills, taken every night on going to bed, will in a short time make a perfect cure of the most obstinate case of chills and fever; at the sametime the digestive organs will restored to a healthy tone, and the blood so completely purified that fever and ague, or disease in any form, will be absolutely impossible.

Caution.—It should be remembered that Mr. Edward Cole, of Philadelhia; Mr. John Dixon, of Easton, Pa., and Messrs. Browning & Brothers, of Philadelphia, are not agents of ours, and as they purchase no Indian Vegetable Pills at our office, *we cannot guaranty as genuine any medicine they may have for sale.*

Agent for Clearfield, R. Shaw. For other agencies in Clearfield & other counties, see advertisement in another column.

CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES:—Let it be remembered that Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills have now been before the citizens of the United States for nearly six years, and used by hundreds of thousands! They are so well known that it need scarcely be mentioned that they are a "Purgative Medicine," so "justly balanced" that the "experience of a century" has proved that they may be taken in any dose, *according to Nature's requirements*—and this rule refers to both sexes and all ages. They have been used in every variety of derangement of the human body, and yet when properly used, never failed to restore to health, except in those cases where nature was exhausted before the pills were commenced with.

Experience has taught that Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills remove all corrupt humors from the body, in an easy, safe and effectual manner; producing no effect but what will finally conduce to the perfect purification of the Blood, and thereby cure the disease, (whatever name it may be called,) and give perfect health to the whole system.

Remember, Druggists are not permitted to sell these Pills—if you buy of them you will obtain a counterfeit.

TEACHERS WANTED.

FOUR Teachers wanted to teach the Common Schools in Morris township. A reasonable salary will be given, and the cash paid at the end of every month, if required. None but good moral persons, and otherwise well qualified, need apply. Application may be made to either of the undersigned Directors.

WM. SHIMEL, Pres't.
S. C. THOMPSON, Sec'y.
MOSES C. EVANS, SAMUEL HOOVER,
JACOB BEAMS, CHRISTIAN EMIGH.

Morris tp. Sept. 15, 1846—pd.

To the Heirs and Legal Representatives of the Hon. Moses Boggs, late of Clearfield county, deceased.

TAKE NOTICE that application has been made to the Register of Clearfield county for letters of administration on the estate of the said deceased, and unless you come forward according to law, and take out letters of administration on said estate on or before the 24th day of October, next, the same will granted to some other competent person, agreeably to acts of Assembly in such case made and provided.

WM. C. WELCH, *Reg'r.*
Register's Office Clearfield, Sept. 17, 1846.

BOROUGH ORDINANCES

Be it ordained and enacted by the Burgess and Town-Council of the Borough of Clearfield, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by the authority of the same. That all Blacksmiths and others whose business may require them to make fires near their shops, are required to make them at a time when the weather is calm, and not windy, and also to have their fires at least 50 feet from any dwelling or other house, under the penalty of not less than one nor more than ten dollars, for each offence, to be recovered according to law.

2d. *Be it further ordained, &c.*, That any persons burning shavings or other matters on the streets, are hereby forbidden to do the same except at a time when the weather is calm and not windy, and then the fire not to be within 100 feet of any house, under the penalty of not less than one nor more than ten dollars, to be recovered according to law.

3d. *Be it ordained, &c.*, That the ordinances already in force, relating to planking the pavements, shall be extended down Second street to the corner of Locust and Second, and on the South side of Cherry street from Front to Second, of which the lot-holders and those interested will take notice.

Passed Sept. 8, 1846.

J. W. SMITH, *Burgess.*
R. WALLACE, *Clerk*

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills

Can be had genuine of the following highly respectable storekeepers in

Clearfield County.
Richard Shaw, Clearfield;
David Barrett, Curwensville;
David [illegible], Lumberburg.
[illegible]
Col. [illegible], Pine Grove;
George [illegible], Boggs.
Centre County
Brockerhoff & Irvin, Pennsylvania;
J. & J. Potter, Potter's Mills;
Adam Fisher, Centreville;
O. P. Deacon, Farmers Store;
Samuel Lipton, Milesburg;
Henry Adams, Walkerville;
Wm Murray, Pine Grove Mills;
George Jack, Bealsburg;
H. L. Musser, Manheim;
Irvin & Whittaker, Coverlay Hall;
Duncan & Hays, Spring Mills;
F. Burkhardt, Rebersburg;
Jacob Homan, Centreville.

CAUTION.

THE public are hereby cautioned against buying a *promisory note* given by me to Simon Fulton, of Bornside township, for $50, dated about the 18th day of April, 1845, as I have not received value for the same, and am determined not to pay it unless compelled by law.

JAMES RIDDLE.

Barnside tp. Sept. 1, 1846—pd.

Meeting of County Comm'rs.

PERSONS having business to transact with the board of Commissioners of Clearfield county, will take notice that said board will be in session on Friday the 16th day of October next.

ATTESTED,
H. P. THOMPSON, *Cl'k.*
Sept. 12, 1846.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing a note of *Twenty Dollars*, dated about the middle of April last, given by the subscribers to Jesse D. Majors, of Boggs township, Clearfield county, as we have never received value for the same and are determined not to pay it unless compelled by due course of law,

JOSEPH PETERS.
JONAS PETERS.

Boggs tp. Aug. 22, 1846.

DRUGS. A fine assortment of Drugs and Patent medicines at the store of B. B. & P.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that letters of Administration have been granted to the subscribers on the estate of John Hegarty, late of Beccaria township, Clearfield county, All persons indebted to the same will come forward and make payment immediately, and those having demands against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY HEGARTY,
WM. MULLEN,
Executors.

Sept. 3, 1846.

TO THE PEOPLE.

THE session of Congress, which has just terminated, will be long and gratefully remembered by all true republicans for the triumphant success of many of their cherished principles and measures. While we heartily rejoice at the triumph of the principles which it has been our constant effort to advocate and defend, and from which no prosperity, no adversity, can swerve us; we cannot be unmindful of the attitude in which we are placed by a recent vote of both houses of Congress:—we allude to the contemplated withdrawal of their patronage from the newspaper press. To this decision we cheerfully bow, sensible as we are of the patriotic motives which have led to it. But we trust that this decision of Congress increases rather than diminishes our claim to the support of a higher power—that of *the people*; and to them we confidently appeal to aid us, by *their* patronage, in sustaining at the seat of government a journal that is inflexibly devoted to their interests and the true interests of the country.

It is known to every one, that the chief source of sustaining a newspaper is not the magnitude of its subscription list, so much as the advertising patronage which may be bestowed upon it. In large commercial cities, indeed, the latter is usually the concomitant of the former, as it becomes the obvious interest of mercantile men to advertise in those papers which are the most extensively circulated. Washington, however, is differently situated. Deprived of the advertising patronage incident to a mercantile community, and burdened with peculiar and enormous expenses which are not elsewhere incurred, nothing but a very long list of subscribing patrons can sustain a paper in usefulness—if, indeed, even in existence. The proprietors of the 'Union' have hitherto spared no pains, and no expense, to make their paper worthy of the metropolis, and worthy of the support of that great party under whose banner they are enlisted. In publishing the most full and ample debates of the two houses of Congress, it is believed, ever before attempted on this continent in a daily newspaper, they have secured the services of the best reporters which the country afforded, but at the enormous cost of $12,000 or $15,000 per year. Their extensive foreign and domestic correspondence is another large item of expense, but the instructive usefulness of which is so highly commended and appreciated as to justify almost any outlay to attain it. Still, it must be evident that these heavy expenses cannot be borne, unless the subscription list is commensurate to the undertaking, and altho' we can boast of 15,000 subscribers, (including daily, tri-weekly, and weekly, yet this list must still be considerably enlarged to enable the proprietors of the 'Union' to sustain all its usefulness, and to insure them against pecuniary loss. Invoking, then, again, the aid and support of all true friends of Republican government, and pledging ourselves to renewed efforts in the cause of the glorious principles we cherish, we offer the following proposals:

The 'DAILY UNION' will be published, as heretofore, at $10 per annum, payable in advance. Its character hitherto has been almost exclusively political. We purpose in future to devote a portion of its columns to domestic news of general interest and to miscellaneous literature, which, without impairing its political influence, may render it the more acceptable to an extended class of readers.

The 'SEMI-WEEKLY UNION' will be published every Monday and Thursday, during the recess of Congress, at $5 per annum. This contains all the matter contained in the 'Daily Union,' except local advertisements. During the sessions of Congress three numbers, instead of two will be issued without any extra charge to subscribers.

ENLARGEMENT OF THE WEEKLY UNION.

The 'WEEKLY UNION' is issued every Saturday; and as arrangements are in progress to enlarge it to near *double its present size*, we shall soon be enabled to give nearly every article which may appear in the daily and semi-weekly editions, at the extremely low rate of $2. We propose also to give, in this edition, a complete synoptical summary of the proceedings in both houses of Congress—thus rendering the 'Weekly Union' a most valuable channel of information to all classes of our country. But to remunerate us for this enterprise, an extensive subscription list is absolutely indispensable.

CONGRESSIONAL REGISTER

In addition to the foregoing, we have resolved to publish, during the sessions of the national legislature, a '*Congressional Register*' to be issued weekly, and to contain a FULL REPORT of the daily proceedings and debates of both houses. Indeed, the arrangements which we have made with the very best corps of reporters will enable us to give even more full and extended reports than we have produced during this session, superior as we claim them to be to any preceding ones. The Register will be made up from the daily reports in the 'Union,' carefully revised by an experienced editor, and will consitute a complete and authentic record of the session. An Appendix will be added, uniform with the Register, and to be sent gratuitously to subscribers, comprising a list of the acts passed during the session, with a synopsis of their contents, and a reference, when necessary, to previous legislation. This will form the most complete history of the sessions of Congress, and will be furnished at the low price of SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS for the next session.

☞ POSTMASTERS are authorized to act as our agents; and by sending us five yearly subscribers, with the subscription money, for either the *Daily, Semi-Weekly*, or *Weekly*, will be entitled to one copy of the same edition as they furnish us subscribers for.

☞ The CONGRESSIONAL REGISTER will be furnished them *on the same terms*

CLUBS WILL BE FURNISHED WITH

5 copies of the Daily for			$40 00
5	do	Semi-weekly	20 00
10	do	do	35 00
5	do	Weekly	8 00
10	do	do	15 00
20	do	Congressional Register	10 00

The name of no person will be entered upon our books unless the payment of the subscription be made in advance.

Address, RITCHIE & HEISS,
Washington city, D. C.

To those whom it may Concern!

Take Particular Notice:

THE subscriber requests those indebted to him to come forward and settle their accounts, as he is in want of money to meet his engagements.

F. P. HURXTHAL.

May 28, 1846.

FALL ELECTION.

Fellow Citizens:—I offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, at the coming fall election, and if elected, will endeavor to discharge the duty of said office with fidelity.

JAMES BLOOM, sen.

August 5th, 1846.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, By an act of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, entitled, "An Act to regulate the General Election within this Commonwealth"—it is enjoined on the Sherills of the different counties to give public notice of such elections, the place where to be held, and the officers to be elected:—Therefore, I, ELLIS IRWIN, High Sheriff of the county of Clearfield, do hereby give

PUBLICK NOTICE

to the electors of the county of Clearfield, that a General Election will be held on the *Second Tuesday of October next*, (being the 13th day of the month,) at the several election districts in said county, at which time and place the qualified electors will elect—

One Person for Canal Commissioner of this Commonwealth.

One Person to represent the counties of Indiana, Armstrong, Butler and Clearfield, in the House of Representatives of the United States.

Two Persons to represent the counties of Centre and Clearfield in the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania.

One Person for Sheriff of Clearfield county.

One Person for Commissioner of Clearfield county.

One Person for Auditor of Clearfield county.

One Person for Coroner of Clearfield county.

The electors of the said county will take notice that the election will be held at the following places:

For the district composed of the township of Lawrence at the court house.

For the district composed of the township of Bradford at the house of Wm. Hoover.

For the district composed of the township of Decatur at the house of John Goss.

For the district composed of the township of Beccaria at the house of Samuel M. Smith.

For the district composed of the township of Pike at the house of John Draucker.

For the district composed of the township of Covington at the house of Jacob Maurer.

For the district composed of the township of Brady at the house of P. W. Barrett.

For the district composed of the township of Chest at the house of James Curry.

For the district composed of the township of Goshen at the public school house in said township.

For the district composed of the township of Woodward at the electionshouse in Decatur tow'p.

For the district composed of the township of Girard at the house of George B. Smith.

For the district composed of the Township of Morris at the house of James Allport.

For the district composed of the township of Burnside at the house of John Young.

For the district composed of the township of Bell at the house of Frederick Tannier.

For the district composed of the township of Jordon at the house of James McNeal.

For the district composed of the township of Boggs at the house of Henry Waple.

For the district composed of the township of Penn at the school house on Spencer's hill.

For the district composed of the township of Houston at the house of Jesse Wilson.

For the district composed of the township of Ferguson at the house of T. Davis.

For the district composed of the township of Karthaus at the frame house formerly occupied as a boarding house in said township.

For the district composed of the township of Fox at the house of John J. Bundy

For the district composed of the borough of Clearfield at the court-house.

Notice is hereby given, That all persons (excepting Justices of the Peace,) who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust, under the Government of the United States or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State or of the United States, or any city or incorporated district; and also that every member of Congress and State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth; and that no Inspector, Judge, or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office voted for.

And the return Judges of the respective districts aforesaid, are requested to meet at the court house in the borough of Clearfield on the Friday next after the second Tuesdad of October, then and there to do all those things required of them by law.

Given under my hand and seal at Clearfield, this 12th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, and of the Independence of the United States the sixty ninth.

ELLIS IRWIN, Sh'ff.

To Assessors.

THE Assessors for the different townships in the county of Clearfield, for 1847, will take notice that they are required to meet at the Commissioners office in the borough of Clearfield, on Friday the 16th day of October, A. D. 1846, to receive such instructions in relation to the ensuing triennial assessment as the Commissioners shall deem advisable.

By order of the Commissioners,
H. P. THOMPSON, *Cl'k.*
Comm'rs Office, Clearfield, 5th Sept. 1846.

BLANKS for sale at this office.