

Democratic Banner.

CLEARFIELD, Pa. June 26, 1846.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER, WILLIAM B. FOSTER, jr. of Bradford county.

4th of July.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.

The Rev. S. N. HOWELL will deliver an Oratorical in the court house, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the approaching 4th of July. The community generally are invited to attend. It is hoped that all will attend punctually at the appointed hour. WM. RADEBAUGH, Sec'y. June 15th.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING.

The Democratic voters of Clearfield county are requested to hold a General County Meeting, in the court house, on SATURDAY the 25th day of July next, at 6 o'clock in the evening, for the purpose of appointing two Delegates to represent our county in the Congressional Convention. By order of the STANDING COMMITTEE.

There is no news from the army. General Taylor was still at Matamoras at the last advice, waiting for reinforcements, and making preparations for transporting his artillery and heavy military equipments up the river. It is thought that by this time the army has taken up the line of march for Monterey.

THE AGONY AT AN END.

The Washington Union of the 20th states that a rumor was in circulation that on that day the Senate had, by a vote of 41 to 14, confirmed the treaty fixing the boundary between the United States and Great Britain, west of the Rocky Mountains. The Union further says that the injunction of secrecy will not be removed from the proceedings of the Senate until after the treaty receives the sanction of the British Government.

We know nothing as to the terms of this treaty other than what is contained in the many rumors circulated through all parts of the country by the Washington letter-writers. They mostly agree, however, that the parallel of 49 degrees to the Straits of Fuca, is to be the dividing line—England to retain possession of Vancouver Island, and to enjoy the free navigation of the Columbia river for 20 years.

If these reports are confirmed, we can only say, that the treaty will fall far short of meeting the approbation of the American people. Even Benton, if we understand him, admitted our Spanish title to the islands adjacent to the coast, to be perfect. Vancouver Island is the key to the North Pacific coast, and in case of war between the two nations, its possession would control all naval operations in that quarter. If our title to it was thus perfect—and we have never heard it disputed by any American authority—why was it surrendered? or why, at least, was it not divided by the 49th parallel? Do we get any equivalent for it? or would any thing in that region that the British have the power to give, compensate us for that surrender? These questions are of great importance to the people, and it is expected that the unveiled proceedings of the Secret Session will answer them satisfactorily.

But bear in mind how this treaty has been effected. President Polk was pledged to carry out the principles of the Baltimore Convention. That Convention declared our title to the territory of Oregon to be good against the world. The President proclaimed this sentiment in his inaugural address; but through a spirit of compromise, and a proper regard for the acts of his predecessors, he was proposed to compromise on the line of 49. This was then scornfully refused, when, in his annual message he asserted our claim up to 54-40. But the Senate, from some strange and unaccountable feeling, motive, or object, by a very large vote—about the same as that now confirming the treaty—declared that our title did not extend beyond the 49th parallel, all hope of obtaining any thing beyond the 49th parallel was of course frustrated. The Executive was forestalled. The Legislative branch of the treaty-making power had decided against him. Being thus situated, no sane minded man could fault the President for entertaining the proposition from the British Government to settle the question upon terms similar to those they had previously rejected. When the proposition was made, however, the President determined that, as the Senate had limited our claim to the 49th degree, that body should bear the responsibility of its reception or rejection, and he accordingly submitted it to them for advice. They instructed him to accept it—and having done so, if report be correct, they have also confirmed it. The honor and the blame be with them.

SENATOR ALLEN, OF OHIO.

This able Senator has resigned his position as chairman of the committee on Foreign Affairs in the United States Senate. He was induced to adopt this course in consequence of the action of the majority of the Senate on the Oregon question. In his address he used the following significant language: "Recent occurrences, of which I am not now at liberty to speak, have convinced me that my views upon important subjects, connected with the appropriate duties of that committee, are not in accordance with the majority of the Senate." Mr. McDuffie, of South Carolina, was elected in his place.

The blockade of the Mexican ports still continued at the last dates. It was thought that Com. Conner was preparing to attack Vera Cruz. Bofia taking this city, the Castle of San Juan de Ulloa must be reduced to silence. It is now more substantially defended than ever it was—having mounted upwards of 200 guns of the largest calibre, and many of them Paixans. The rumors that the object of the British and French fleets sent to the Gulf is to interfere with our naval operations against Mexico, is believed to be without foundation.

TALL RYE—WHO CAN BEAT IT!

FARMER REAMS, residing in the lower end of Lawrence township, has let with us a stalk of rye, measuring 8 feet 3 inches in length.

The Fair.

The ladies of our town purpose holding a fair on the approaching 4th of July. It is understood that the proceeds are to be appropriated to the completion of the interior of the Presbyterian church. We would say more, but a rhymster, having come to our aid, we place him in the editorial column to tell the whole story.

For the Banner. SEE HER, WILL YOU?

Within our town, as you're aware, Are many things quite nice and fair; There's some that's bright, and some that's dim, Some need water and others paint. Among the last, as you'll discover, Our church inside needs it all over. Hence the ladies all agree, To dress the coming Fourth in glee. Then we purpose to prepare A feast of goodies called a Fair. A Fair, I 'spose, you all can tell. Is where they keep nice things to sell. Such as ice-cream, Cakes, and Pies. To feast the palate, not the eyes. But this is only a small share Of what we purpose at the Fair. Such things we'll have as gentry use. And hope to buy they'll not refuse. Some things we'll have as ladies wear— All in neat order at the Fair— And doubtless, too, it will be grand With feasts for eyes as well as taste; And if you wish to have a peep, Just step in, you'll get it cheap. And then remember that the fair, This bright resort for you prepare; Nor let them have their toil for naught. But buy of them what's to be bought. Our friends of open hands and heart, We dare presume, will do their part. And each send in a trifling share. To aid us in the coming Fair; Some fancy things of value light. Will help us much to fix it right. The ladies say, as they are willing, May take a stitch, or pay a shilling. Some things here we have put down, Which on that day you'll find in town. And doubtless, too, as many more— The Fair will be at Irwin's store. H. J.

SECRET-SESSIONS OF THE SENATE.

There may be motives of policy rendering it right that the United States Senate should act upon treaties and nominations with closed doors, but really, if there are, we are unable to discover them. Surely such business could be transacted as well with open doors, as other public business. They are no more likely to excite the people to acts of rashness, than the discussion of political questions. If Senators can debate and act with freedom of judgment and conscience in presence of the people on such questions, we see no good reason why they cannot so judge and act in their presence in deciding upon nominations and treaties. There is something wrong about it. It certainly betrays a lack of confidence in the judgment of the people. It looks as if they were afraid the people could not discriminate the nice distinctions between questions of policy and of justice. Attempts have frequently been made to abolish this objectionable practice, but have as often been defeated by large majorities. But the other day Mr. Allen offered a resolution to that effect which received but 13 votes. It is therefore evident that, if it is left to the action of the Senators alone, it never will be changed, and we therefore move its reference to a committee of the whole people.

OUR NEXT CONGRESSMAN.

Are our democratic friends aware that a Congressman is to be elected in this district this fall? If they are, it is time they were making some arrangements necessary to secure the nomination of the candidate to be supported by them. If we do things right we can redeem the political character of the district—but if we don't, we will be doomed to another defeat.

It will be seen that the Standing Committee have called a county meeting for the purpose of appointing conferees to the Congressional Convention at Indiana. That Convention will be held most likely sometime in August, so that we are compelled to call a special meeting for that purpose.

But one feeling should pervade the Democratic party in this district, if we desire success—and that is, to surrender every local and personal feeling, and go for the man whom we can elect. We have the strength, and if we are again defeated it will be for the want of proper management.

The Asiatic Cholera has again made its appearance in Quebec. This is the same place it first made its appearance in 1832.

WHERE IS JOHN QUILLAN? His "mother knows his ont," because he lost his uncle's in Clearfield last fall, and since that time has not been heard of. He is a boy about 13 years of age—large, with dark hair. Any person knowing his whereabouts will relieve an anxious mother by addressing Catharine Quillan, Warriorsmark, Huntingdon county, Pa.

The appointment, by the President, of the Hon. John K. Kane, late Attorney General, as Judge of the District Court of the United States, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Judge Randall, has been confirmed by the Senate.

The Washington Union of the 20th says that Mr. Packenham, the British Minister at Washington, received instructions by the last steamer, to offer the mediation of the British Government to settle the dispute between the United States and Mexico.

General Taylor.—A journeyman printer in our employ served three years under Taylor in the Florida war. He speaks of the old veteran in terms of the highest praise—representing him as a strict disciplinarian, a good tactician, and a man of undoubted personal bravery. In stature, Taylor is a little below the medium height, thick-set, inclining a little to corpulency. This description of person answers to that of Napoleon and Hannibal, and is one that indicates a capability of enduring the great fatigue consequent upon the duties of a soldier. Our friend says, the General is not over fastidious respecting his dress and personal appearance—generally presenting a somewhat rusty aspect. He is not over bearing to officers of inferior rank, or to private; and does not require them to be exposed to dangers he is not willing to share himself. His soldiers have given him the sobriquet of "Old Rough and Ready."—Houssocket R. I. Patriot.

The Flirt's Prize.—It was stated some time since, that the U. S. Schooner Flirt had taken a Mexican prize worth \$10,000. The New Orleans Bulletin says the prize was the Mexican schr. Juanita, with a full cargo of flour. Her captain having exhibited to Gen. Taylor and Captain Sinclair of the Flirt, certificates from the American Consul at Matamoras, showing that on an occasion when he fell in with the wreck of an American vessel at sea, he took the officers and crew into Matamoras, treating them with great humanity; and besides having represented that his whole property was invested in the cargo of the vessel, Gen. Taylor suggested that he should be permitted to return to New Orleans, whence he was bound for Matamoras, to which Captain Sinclair and his officers generously acceded without hesitation. These American tars are as noble in acts of kindness as they are gallant in war.

MARRIED.—On Thursday the 11th inst., by the Rev. James Linn, Maj. Geo. H. WEAVER to Miss SUSAN E. daughter of Mr. Thomas Ingram, both of Spring township, Clearfield county.

PUBLIC VENDUE Of Personal Property.

WILL be exposed to public sale at the house of the subscriber in Boggs township, on Saturday the 22d day of August next, the following valuable personal property, viz: 2 cows—one with twin calves, 1 wind-mill, 1 bureau, 1 patent cutting-box, horse gearings, hogs, beds and bedding, wheat, rye and oats by the bushel, 1 grind-stone, a large lot of young apple and peach trees, HATS—fur and wool, one clock, household and kitchen furniture of all kinds, seed wheat of the best kind, chairs—new & old, and all kinds of farming utensils. A reasonable credit will be given, and a discount of 10 per cent. for cash allowed on all sums over two dollars. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. GEORGE GOSS. June 25, 1846.

SHERIFF SALE.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Testatum Vendition Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the court house in Clearfield, at two o'clock, P. M. on Saturday the 15th day of August next, a certain tract of land situate in Bell township Clearfield county, bounded on the north by the Susquehanna River, on the east by lands of Gen. Johnson, and on the west by lands of A. Barnhart and others, with a house, barn, orchard and about 100 acres cleared land thereon.

ALSO, One other tract of land situate in Bell township, Clearfield county, bounded on the west by the Susquehanna river on the east by lands of George Johnson and others, with a house, barn, and about 100 acres cleared land thereon. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of James McGhee by ELLIS IRWIN, Sh'ff. Sh'ff's office, Clearfield, June 18, 1846.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber purchased at Constable sale on the 20th inst., the following as the property of John Merriman, which I have loaned to him and leave in his possession during my pleasure, of which the public will take notice: 4 acres wheat, 2 acres rye, 3 acres oats, 1 grey mare, 1 black cow with white face, 1 black muley cow, 2 spring calves, and 1 wind-mill. CHRISTIAN HARNISH, Mushannon mill, June 22, 1846.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against buying, selling or in any way meddling with the following property purchased by me at Constable sale, in Covington township, Clearfield county, and now in the possession of Jacob Kunes on loan: 1 iron gray horse, 1 sorrel horse, 1 two horse wagon and 2 set of harness. JOHN KUNES, June 25, 1846—paid.

FABRER'S—there is a fine lot of Grass & Grain Scythes, & Scythe Sheaths, Sickles, Grain Shovels and Hay Forks, for sale at the store of B. B. & P.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration have been granted to the subscribers on the estate of Rev. Jonathan Nichols, late of Fox township, in the county of Elk.—All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having demands, to present them for adjustment. C. BROCKWAY, B. P. LITTLE, Administrators. Fox, Elk co June 18, 1846.

Stray Cow.

STRAYED from the subscriber residing in Bell township, Clearfield county, about the tenth of April, a large pale red cow, with a star in her face, two white spots on her back, white belly and legs, and both horns bored—supposed to be about 15 years old. Any person giving information of said cow will be liberally rewarded for their trouble. JACOB JACKSON. June 22, 1846.

ATTENTION GRAYS!

YOU are ordered to meet at your armory on Saturday the 4th day of July next, at nine o'clock, A. M. precisely, with equipments in good order. Each member to be prepared with nine rounds of blank cartridge. By order of the Capt'n, GEO. THORN, O. S. June 25.

LOOK HERE!

NEW STORE.

20 per cent. cheaper than ever!! THE subscribers have just received from Philadelphia and New York, a general assortment of new and Seasonable Goods, which they now offer for sale at very reduced prices, and which they will sell cheap, very cheap for cash, at wholesale or retail. Their stock consists in part of British, French and American Dry Goods, Coffee, Sugars, Teas, Molasses, Hardware and Cutlery, Drugs, Dye-Stuffs and Medicines, Glass and Putty, Gentlemen's and Boy's Beaver Brush, and Fur Hats, Florence, Braided and Straw Bonnets, a large assortment of Boots and Shoes, &c. &c. All of which we are determined to sell cheaper than the same quality of goods can be purchased at any other store in the county. Call and see for yourselves.—Store room on the North-western corner of Kent street, known as Shaw's old stand. W. F. REYNOLDS & Co. Clearfield, June 15, 1846.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of John Kylar, dec'd, late of Bradford township, Clearfield county, are requested to make known the same to the subscribers without delay, and all persons owing said estate are in like manner requested to come forward and make settlement. The books and papers are at the residence of George J. Kylar, in Bradford township, who will attend from time to time to making settlements. GEO. J. KYLAR, ABRAM KYLAR, JOHN SITES, Ex'rs of John Kylar, dec'd. June 19, 1846.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against buying, selling, or in any way meddling with the following property now in possession of Christopher and Geo. Neff:—One brown mare, one yoke of oxen and yoke, two cows, one heifer, one wind-mill, two harrows, one plough, ten sheep, one mantle clock, one bull, two yearling calves and one two horse wagon, as the said property was sold to me at Constable sale on the 2d day of May, 1846. JOHN M. RIDDLE. May 8, 1846—pd.

LAST NOTICE.

THE Collectors of Clearfield county are hereby notified that unless they pay off their duplicates on or before the next September court, that they will be proceeded against according to law without respect to persons. By order of the Com'rs, J. W. WRIGHT, Tr's'r. June 18, 1846.

Court Proclamation.

WHEREAS the Hon. Gen. W. Woodward, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 4th judicial district, composed of the counties of Clinton, Milford, Centre and Clearfield, and the Hon. James Ferguson, and John Patton, Esqrs. Associate Judges in Clearfield county, have issued their precept, bearing date the 4th day of May 1846, to come for holding the Court of Common Pleas, Orphans Court, Court of Quarter Sessions, and Court of Oyer & Terminer and General Jail Delivery, at Clearfield Town, for the County of Clearfield, on the 5th Monday of Aug. next, being the 31st day of the month. Notice is therefore, hereby given to the Coroners, Justices of the Peace, & Constables and for the County of Clearfield, to appear in their own proper persons, with Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations and other Remembrances, to do those things which their office & in their behalf appointed to be done; and all witnesses and other persons prosecuting in behalf of the Commonwealth against any prisoners are required to be then and there attending and not depart without leave, at their peril. Jurors are requested to be present in their attendance at the appointed time at the town of Clearfield, this 25th day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty six, and the sixty ninth year of American Independence. ELLIS IRWIN, Sh'ff.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration having been granted to the subscriber, on the estate of Henry Fye, late of Brady township, Clearfield county, dec'd—notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate that the said administrator has appointed Saturday the 30th day of May next, for all persons indebted to meet him at the house of the said decedent and pay off the same—and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement at the same time and place.—pd. DAVID BUTLER, Adm'r. April 25, '46.—pd.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against buying, selling, or in any way meddling with a certain sorrel mare and a brown cow and calf, now in the possession of John Selfridge of Lawrence township, as said property belongs to me and is in his possession on loan. DANIEL SELFRIDGE. June 9, 1846.—paid.

NEW PROSPECTUS, 1846.

The Saturday Evening Post; Formerly the U. States Saturday Post.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS.

The publishers of the Saturday Evening Post offer a new prospectus to their friends and the public.—In this day of newspaper enterprise they are determined to maintain their old reputation, & keep ahead of all competitors. For quarter of a century the Post has been the most durable popular of the weekly newspapers; and if capital, enterprise, and a host of writers, can effect their aim, the publishers are resolved that the Post shall still lead the field. A PAPER MAGAZINE. Owing to the large size of the paper we are enabled to publish weekly, as much matter as is contained in any one number of the monthly magazines; so that, for less money, the subscriber yearly obtains four times as much reading.—Besides this, numerous illustrations, engraved by competent artists, will, hereafter, grace our columns, rendering the Post, in all respects equal, and in many respects superior to the best magazines. ORIGINAL TALES. Every week one or more original tales of the first American writers, grace the columns of this paper. We eschew the common practice of copying stories from foreign magazines, except in rare instances—pictures of American life, and the romance of American history, told by competent American writers, are what the readers of this country require. Our aim, however, shall not be confined to this point alone. To make the Post a useful as well as a pleasant companion, it will have a thorough NEWS DEPARTMENT, which shall contain the latest intelligence, comprising a Washington Letter, News from New York, General News, Foreign News, Monthly Letters from England, &c. Together with all important public documents, in full, and occasional reports of important Congressional debates. Also reports of such of the public Lectures, for which Philadelphia is famous, as may interest our readers. Everything in short, suited for a Family Paper will be found in the Post. AGRICULTURAL. As many farmers do not take an Agricultural Paper, it shall be our aim to give full and late intelligence on Agricultural matters—viz. New discoveries, new manures, new methods of sowing, &c. This department will be very complete. Full and accurate reports of the markets will be found in every number. LADIES' DEPARTMENT. The great size of our sheet enables us not only to have a Family Paper, but to devote some space, regularly, each week, to the Ladies' Department, in which all matters interesting to the sex will be noticed, including the Fashions, new Receipts, &c. JUVENILE DEPARTMENT. A department, under this head, will be devoted to enigmas, Charades, riddles, puzzles, arithmetical questions, and other like matters, interesting to adults as well as to the young. LETTERS FROM EUROPE. A series of letters from J. Bayard Taylor, the printer, sent, now on a pedestrian tour through Europe, are being published in the Post. These letters have attracted great attention, and are said to be the best since the celebrated letters of Brooks. In political intelligence we recognize only one party, and that is OUR COUNTRY—OUR WHOLE COUNTRY. We know no sectional interests in our patriotism, no party lines in our politics, no sectionalism in our religion. EARLIEST AND BEST. As it is important to have the latest news, our columns will always be found the freshest in this respect of any contemporary. In literature also, we shall possess great facilities for giving novelties. HUMOROUS ARTICLES. A good laugh is better than a pound of medicine; and the Post will give original humorous sketches, a week's melange of fun, choice scraps of humor, wit, &c. Our dish will always be a merry one, let the world wag as it may. In a word, we shall still remain THE FIRE-SIDE FRIEND; a paper indispensable to country readers, in consequence of its Original Tales and Sketches; Original Verse and Essays; History and Historical Biography and Legends; Science and Statistics; Revolutionary Annals; Moral Tales and Tracts of Life; Original Comments on Notables. Those who have not subscribed for this paper will find that the terms are as cheap as the matter is interesting. TERMS. 1 Copy, \$2 00; 3 Copies, \$5 00. 3 Copies, 5 00; 17 copies, 20 00. The money must always be sent in advance, free of postage. S. D. FATEISON & CO., No 98 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

BACON! BACON!!

OF the very best quality, clear of bone, for sale for cash, at the store of F. P. HURXTHAL. June 18.

A fine article of RUGS, parlor and hearth. Also—Carpeting and carpet yarn at B. B. & P.'s.

DRUGS.—A fine assortment of Drugs and Patent medicines at the store of B. B. & P.'s.