

**Democratic Banner.**  
CLEARFIELD, PA. JAN. 24, 1846.

**Library Meeting.**

The members of the Clearfield Library Association are requested to meet at the office of G. R. Barrett, Esq., on Saturday evening the 24th inst. for the purpose of electing officers, &c.  
HENRY LORAIN, Pr'st.  
Jan. 14

**Democratic Meeting.**

A meeting of the Democrats of Clearfield county will be held in the court house on Tuesday evening of the approaching February court, for the purpose of appointing a Senatorial and Representative Delegate to the 4th March Convention—and also to take final action upon the proposition to alter and amend the Delegate system heretofore practiced in this county.  
By order of the  
STANDING COMMITTEE.

FROM WASHINGTON we have nothing of particular importance. The debate on the joint resolutions giving the years' notice required by the treaty between Great Britain and the United States in the joint occupancy of the Oregon Territory, still consumes almost the entire attention of the House—while in the Senate, it makes but little difference what subject comes up, the Oregon question comes in for a share of attention. There is no doubt of the resolutions giving the required notice passing the House, and that soon. There are very few of the speakers who are willing to surrender any part of our claim between 42 and 54 deg. 40 min., although there are some who are unwilling to go further than the 49th degree, and are willing to accept that as the boundary line at any time England shall manifest a disposition to accept the proposals heretofore made by our Government, but refused by the British minister. That the notice to annul the joint occupancy is the proper course for our Government to pursue, we have not a doubt; and the quicker it is done, we think, the better. We would by no means wait to hear what the British say of the President's message. Let us do what we think is right without regard to who is pleased or who is displeased. If our title is as good as Mr. Buchanan has shown it to be—and this argument is irresistible—then, why hesitate? Why acknowledge to the world that we are afraid to do what we honestly and conscientiously believe to be right for fear of offending the British Government? Such conduct would be condemned by nine-tenths of the American people. They would feel themselves disgraced and ignominiously humbled by their chosen representatives. We therefore hope that the resolutions may be acted upon before a single breath is heard as to how the President's message was received in England. It would show beyond all cavil that upon this question we are a united people,—and there is nothing would have a more salutary effect in bringing this long contest to an honorable and peaceable termination.

By the foreign news in another column it will be observed that the leader of the free trade party in England has assumed the control of the British Government. This is an important crisis in the history of the world—provided that Parliament shall sustain the recommendations of the cabinet. If it does, then all kinds of American agricultural productions will go to England free of duty, and open to us a profitable market for all our surplus produce, and save thousands of her subjects from want, misery and death.

The Hon. CHARLES McCLEURE, Secretary of State during the latter part of Governor Porter's administration, accidentally came to his death on the night of the 7th instant, in Pittsburgh, where he was on a visit. It is supposed that he fell down a pair of stairs into the cellar, as he was passing to his room in the dark, and broke his neck. This happened on Thursday night and he was not discovered until Sunday.

**STATE TREASURER.**

On Monday last the members of the Senate and House of Representatives met in the Hall of the House, and upon first ballot re-elected J. R. SNOWDEN, of Venango, State Treasurer. The vote stood as follows:

James R. Snowden,	83
Nerr Middlewarth,	48
Parkhurst Sherlock,	1

Within the last week we have had nearly a foot of fresh snow, of the finest quality, which, added to the stock previously on hand, gives us every assurance that winter has not yet departed. Sleighting was never better. Our lumbermen are getting all their timber on the river bank, so that if we have plenty of water, and a good market, the unfortunate lumbermen of this section will next year be able to hold up their heads.

Our thanks are justly due to Messrs Buffington and Blanchard for valuable Congressional favours—as also, to Messrs. Bigler, Gillis, Patterson, Burnside, Worrell, and Bright, for Legislative documents.

**NEW COUNTIES.**

Many petitions have been presented, both in the Senate and House, praying for new counties out of parts of Clearfield—one at the Cherry Tree, to be called Pine—and another at Punxsutawney, to be called Mahoning. Senator Gillis has reported a bill for the latter.

**THE TAX ON COAL.**

The House of Representatives is discussing a resolution instructing the appropriate committee to report a bill laying a tax of ten cents per ton on anthracite coal, and four mills per bushel on bituminous coal taken from the mines of Pennsylvania.—We are not able to judge of the propriety of this proposition, but we do know, that to tax the few ark loads of coal sent down the Susquehanna, would be outrageous—as all will admit, when it is recollected that before the public improvements were built (which has plunged the State in debt) our coal brought 60 per cent. more than it now does. While it would seem to be perfectly right to tax those who have been profited by the public works in this way, it would be extremely cruel to tax those, or the produce of those, who have been injured by them.

**The Tariff Resolutions.**

In the Senate of Pennsylvania, on the 16th instant, the following resolution, preceded by a preamble to the same effect, was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That our Senators and Representatives in Congress be, and they are hereby required to oppose all attempts to alter or modify the Tariff Act of 30th August, 1842.

It is true, that in the preamble they use the qualification, "until further experience has shown that a modification is required," &c.; but there is no qualification to the resolution. It expresses but one idea, one thought and one wish, and makes no provision for compromise or concession.—It binds our Representatives in Congress to legislate alone for Pennsylvania, without any regard to other sections of the Union. Such doctrine, if practised by every State Legislature, would entirely prevent the possibility of Congress passing a Tariff law. Every delegate would be gagged, because they were forbid to go beyond their instructions. They could make no concession.

On the occasion of the passage of the resolutions, Col. Bigler delivered his views as given below. Had the Senate adopted his suggestion and passed resolutions expressing the feelings of Pennsylvania on the subject of a Tariff, without specifying any particular act, and without gagging our representatives in Congress, it would have been more consistent with the present position of affairs, and more honourable to Pennsylvania:—

Mr. BIGLER said he did not rise for the purpose of entering into a general discussion of the principles of our tariff laws; nor for the purpose of preventing the passage of the resolutions; but he designed to say a few words in definition of his own feelings and position. He should vote for the resolutions under all the circumstances of the country, although they did not contain precisely his sentiments. He was willing and anxious to extend to the manufacturing interests of the country all the protection "arising from a just system of revenue laws." He was deeply solicitous to continue the prosperous swell of the iron business, within his district, to which the Senator from Berks had referred. But, said Mr. B. will I be adopting the best means of accomplishing this end by voting for the resolutions now before the Senate? On this point he was not perfectly clear. As a mere matter of local policy, he doubted the utility of trying to bind our members of Congress down to the act of 1842. The first object of a tariff is to raise revenue to sustain the Government. All beyond this, in the arrangement of duties, on the principles of discrimination for the protection of domestic products, becomes a question of conflicting interests between the different sections of the Union. It always had been so, and perhaps it always would be so.—He should like to see one member of Congress go as far as justice would permit, in securing to the peculiar interests of this State, their full share of protection. But, said Mr. B. a crisis may arrive in the adjustment of a Tariff when the delegations in Congress from this State, by yielding to slight modifications might secure a great deal, and place our interests in a better position than they now occupy.—He should have vastly preferred resolutions in general terms, conveying to our members of Congress our sentiments and wishes without reference to the act of 1842 at all. He believed that such resolutions would be better calculated to promote our local interests, besides he was free to declare that the act of 1842 contained principles and features to which he never had and never could subscribe. But

Sir, the signs of the times pretty clearly indicate that we shall need all the revenue that can be raised from impost duties, and it may, therefore, be wise to permit our revenue laws to remain undisturbed for the present. The amendment offered by the Senator from Perry, will, to some extent, define my position. The Senate have refused to postpone the consideration of the subject, and the state of my health will not allow me to discuss it any further.

**Meeting of Workmen.**

In pursuance of a call published in the Banner a meeting of the Farmers, mechanics and working-men generally convened on Tuesday evening last, to make arrangements for celebrating the coming 22d of February. The meeting was called to order and Capt. H. B. BEISSEL appointed President, and Wm. J. HEMPHILL, Sec'y.

On motion, a committee of three was appointed by the President for the purpose of making the necessary arrangements for celebrating the approaching anniversary of the birth of Washington, viz: Henry S. Bamford, Christian Potiarff and Rob't F. Ward.

On motion, Resolved, That this celebration be conducted without any distinction as to party, either temperance, political, or religious.

On motion, a committee of three was appointed by the President to draft a constitution and by-laws for this society,—to be submitted to its consideration at the next meeting, viz:—Wm. C. Welch, D. W. Moore and Wm. Radebaugh.

On motion, the following officers were appointed to act the meetings of this society, viz:—ISAAC SOUTHARD, President, M. SHINK and J. W. SHUART Vice Presidents, and Wm. Radebaugh & Geo. Thorn, Secretaries.

Resolved, That this meeting adjourn to meet in the court house on Saturday evening the 31st instant,

H. B. BEISSEL, Pr'st  
Wm. J. Hemphill, Sec.

**ITEMS.**

Charles P. Fagan, the father of the M. C. from the Hamilton District of Ohio, died last week in Cincinnati, aged 85.—Mr. F. was a native of Ireland, and had witnessed the career of Cincinnati from a wilderness to its present greatness—having emigrated to the West in 1791, or 55 years ago. He was a soldier in the disastrous campaigns of St. Clair, and served also at a later period under Anthony Wayne.

Judge Elias Glenn, formerly of the U. S. District of Maryland, died at Baltimore on Tuesday. He resigned office some years since on account of ill health, and was among the oldest and most respectable citizens of that State.

ANTI-RENT DIFFICULTIES.—In the N. York Assembly, notice has been given of three several bills in relation to the difficulties growing out of the anti-rent question, viz:—To tax the perpetual rents in the same manner as bonds and mortgages are now taxed—to abolish the remedy of distress for rent—and to provide for the litigation of the manorial titles.

An attempt was made a few days ago to rob the Treasury of Allegheny city, Pa., but information was received of the robbers' intention in time to frustrate their plan.

John W. Parker was executed at Danville, Ky., on Friday week, for the murder of his wife. He confessed his guilt and was very penitent.

GREAT COMMOTION IN NAUVOO.—Under this head, the Warsaw Signal, of the 24th, publishes what follows:

Just as our paper was going to press, we received intelligence from Nauvoo that the Lord had accepted the Temple, and that the long promised endowment, for which the Saints have been so long preparing, is now being received.

This endowment consists in an abrogation of all existing marriages, and every good saint is at liberty to cast away his present wife, and take any other who may suit him better. The consequence is, all Nauvoo is in commotion, and the saints are running about, perfectly wild with excitement.

The reason why the Lord concluded to endow his saints in this singular manner, was because some husbands were willing to go to Oregon, and their wives objected, and vice versa; so, they being mismatched, the Lord concluded to prevent difficulty, by giving all willing ones a chance to select new partners for the expedition.

Boston is infested with incendiaries; there were six fires on Saturday and Sunday, originating from design.

MANUFACTURES OF BOSTON.—From the report of the Assessors of Boston, published in the Journal, we learn the number of hands employed in that city, during the year, in manufactures, are 5,106 males, and 851 females. The gross value of the manufactures is, \$0,703,941. The capital is \$3,957,140.

MURDEROUS AFFRAY.—A few evenings since at Norfolk, an affray occurred at an infamous house, when two United States sailors were severely wounded; one Francis Baker has since died, and another Jas. Boget is not expected to recover. James Varden and John McCarty were arrested for the murder.

**LARGE FIRE.**—The Concord, (N. H.) Patriot gives the particulars of an extensive fire which broke out on Tuesday in the frame buildings at the depot of the Concord Railroad Co. occupied by the Messrs. Gilmore & Olapp for their extensive wholesale grocery establishment, and by the Railroad Company as a Car-house which, with almost all the contents, was reduced to a heap of ruins. The building contained an immense amount of goods and groceries, besides four valuable passenger cars and three baggage cars, belonging to the rail road, nearly all of which was destroyed, or so much injured as to be almost a total loss. The Company have lost \$10,000—including the building worth \$4,000 or \$5,000, and cars worth \$6,000, on which there is said to be no insurance. The total loss will doubtless reach \$60,600.

VIRGINIA AND OHIO.—It is stated in the Virginia papers that a requisition has been made by the authorities of Parkersburg for three hundred stand of arms, and they have been sent from the Virginia army. The cause of this requisition is a threat on the part of the Ohio people to invade the town, and liberate the kidnappers there confined.

THE BRANDRETH PILLS.—At the present time, when the counterfeits of these celebrated pills are completely concentrated, it is not surprising to find that they endeavour to get off their stock of spurious pills under any name. It is not the first time that the "poor Indian" has had to father the abortion of cunning men.

The remarkable cures which have been effected by Brandreth's pills, have astonished the whole medical faculty, many of whom have conceded that they are the greatest blessing that ever was given to the world.

The reason these celebrated pills have such a universal good effect is because their action harmonizes with the human body.

Purge out the old leaven that you may have a new lump; is the language of Holy writ, a figure applied spiritually. It is true, but how could it have any application unless confirmed by practical experience in the body of matter? The foundation upon which the figure of Scripture rests is as immovable as the laws which govern the tides, or that occasion the thunders of heaven.

MARRIED.—On the 18th inst in Morris township, by Samuel C. Thompson, Esq. Mr. THOMAS KYLER to Miss ELIZABETH KIRKAL, all of Morris.

DIED.—In Lawrence township on the 18th inst. very suddenly, JOSEPH HULL, aged about 23 years.

**Law Partnership.**

BURNSIDE & WEAVER,  
WILL practice in Clearfield, and adjoining counties.  
Office in the east room of the public offices.  
JAMES BURNSIDE, J. FRED WEAVER.  
Jan. 24, 1846.

**Notice.**

ALL persons having claims or demands against the estate of Samuel Harrier, late of Bradford township, deceased, are requested to make known the same to the subscribers without delay, and all persons indebted to the said estate, are requested to come forward and settle without any delay.

EDWARD WILLIAMS,  
WM. WOOLDRIDGE,  
Administrators.

**Public Vendue.**

A Public Vendue of the personal property of Samuel Harrier, late of Bradford township, dec'd, will be held at his farm on Thursday the 12th day of February, 1846, and to continue from day to day until all are sold. The property consists of horses, cows, young cattle, sheep, hogs, farming utensils, grain, hay, &c. Sale to commence at ten o'clock of said day, when the terms of credit will be made known by

EDWARD WILLIAMS,  
WM. WOOLDRIDGE,  
Adm'rs.

Bradford tp. Jan. 24.

**NOTICE.**

ALL persons having claims or demands against the estate of Archibald Campbell, sen. dec'd, are requested to make known the same to the subscribers without delay, and also all persons indebted to said estate are required to come forward and make payment immediately.

ARCH'D CAMPBELL,  
JOHN SHIREY,  
Administrators.

Bradford tp. Jan. 24, 1846.

**REGISTER'S NOTICE.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to creditors, legatees, and all others interested, that the following named accounts have been examined, allowed and passed by the Register of Clearfield county, and remain filed in the Register's office at Clearfield, and will be presented to the Orphans Court of said county, on the 1st Monday of February next, for confirmation and allowance, to wit:

The administration account of Wm. C. Welch, surviving administrator of the estate of James Welch, late of Pike township, deceased—(which account was filed and passed by A. Irvin, Esq., late Register.)

The executor's account of Samuel Fulton, surviving executor of the last will and testament of William Cree, late of Beccaria township, deceased.

The Administration account of Wm. F. Irwin, administrator of the Estate of Ulrich Schrader, late of the borough of Clearfield, dec'd.  
WM. C. WELCH, Reg'r.  
Register's office, Clear-  
field, Dec. 22, 1845.

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas issued out of the court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the court house in the borough of Clearfield, on Monday the 2d day of February next, the following described tract of land situate in Jay township, Elk county,—beginning at a post in the line of 8029, 115 rods east from the northwest corner of great lot, thence south a half mile to the centre of said tract, thence east 115 rods to an oak stub, thence north a half mile to a post, thence west 115 rods to the place of beginning, containing 115 acres, strict measure, and known as part of great lot No. 5029—Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Almeron Kinkaid.

ALSO—

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas issued out of the court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the same time and place, a certain tract of land situate in Fox township, Clearfield county, bounded as follows:—beginning 90 perches west of the north east corner of Lot No. 4897 at a post set in the ground, thence south seventeen chains to the road, thence a south-western course seven chains and fifty links to centre of said road, thence south twenty degrees east nineteen chains and twenty-five links to the creek, thence due east fifteen chains, thence north forty chains to the place of beginning containing sixty-six acres more or less.—Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Starr Dennison, administrator of the estate of James Dennison, dec'd.

ALSO—

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of the same court, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the same time and place, a certain tract of land situate in Karthaus township, Clearfield county, and known as part of tract No. 1093, bounded by parts of same tract, P. A. Karthaus, and others, containing eighty-nine acres. Also, another tract of land situate in same township, being part of No. 1023, bounded by parts of same tract, P. A. Karthaus, and others, containing eighty-eight acres Seized and taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of the Clearfield Coke and Iron Company, with notice to John White, terre tenant, by

ELLIS IRWIN, Sh'f.  
Sheriff's office, Clear-  
field, Jan. 2, 1846.

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the court house, in the borough of Clearfield, on Saturday the 31st day of January next, the following described tract of land situate in Fox township, Elk county, bounded on the South by lands of Jonathan Porter, on the west by lands of Fox company, on the north by lands of Jesse Kyler, and on the east by lands Nathaniel Hyatt, containing one hundred and seventy acres—Seized and taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Wm. J. B. Andrews, late of Elk county dec'd, by

ELLIS IRWIN, Sh'f.  
Sheriff's office, Clear-  
field Dec. 22, 1845.

**To Collectors.**

THE Collectors of the several townships of Clearfield county will take notice that they are required to settle their respective duplicates on or before the week of the approaching February Court. Those neglecting this may expect to have costs added.

By order of the Com'rs,  
J. W. WRIGHT, Tre'r.  
January 14, 1846.

**ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that letters of administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of Nicholas Poulton Gentillet, late of Covington township, Clearfield county, dec'd. Therefore all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having demands will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

AUGUSTUS M. LACONTE,  
Jan. 14, 1846. Adm'r.

**BLACKSMITHING.**

THE subscribers respectfully inform the public that they have formed a co-partnership, and intend to carry on the above business in all its branches, at the shop heretofore occupied by one of the firm, near Curwensville, where they will be thankful to receive a liberal share of public patronage, as all calls in their line will be attended to on the shortest notice, and on the most accommodating terms.

G. C. PASSMORE,  
WM. T. GILBERT,  
Dec. 12, 1845.

N. B. Those indebted to the subscriber for work done heretofore are respectfully called upon to come forward and settle their accounts, as it is absolutely necessary his books should be closed.

GEO. C. PASSMORE.  
Dec. 2, 1845.

**Caution.**

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against buying or selling or in any way meddling with the following property, now in the possession of Wm. Teats, viz:—One Dark Bay Horse & one Brown Horse, as we have only loaned them to him during our pleasure.

WATSON & BRENNER;  
Karthaus, Jan. 12, 1846.