

More of the Cuban Affair.

The United States Mail Steamer Isabel, Capt. Rollins, arrived at Charleston Tuesday 11th inst. She left Havana at 5 P.M., on the 8th; Key West at 4 A.M. on the 9th, and reached Key West at 8 o'clock this morning, making 93 hours from port to port, including the stoppages at Key West and Savannah. She brings 141 passengers.

By the Isabel the Mercury has files of papers and correspondence to the 8th inst. extracts from which will be found annexed. The papers are mainly occupied with details connected with the late invasion of the Island. A large number of crosses and other honorary distinctions have been conferred on those who were prominent in repelling the invaders of Cardenas, while liberal contributions have been made for the support of the families of the killed and wounded on that occasion. The officers, crews, and passengers of the American vessels remain still in close confinement. Efforts have been made by torture to extort confessions from the captives of the Georgiana and Susan Loud, but in vain. They declared repeatedly that they regularly cleared from New Orleans for Chagres, as was confirmed by their papers, that they had no knowledge of the character or object of their passengers until the steamer Creole came along side, when a number of them went on board of that vessel, and that they were proceeding on their way to Chagres when they were captured by the Spanish steamer. The Captains were then suspended in the air by cords attached to their thumbs, but, despite their torture, they persisted in their statements.

Among the prisoners was a young lawyer from one of the Western States, whose symptoms of trepidation gave expectation that by working on his fears, confessions might be obtained that would tend to criminate his companions. A halter was accordingly placed round his neck, and cannon balls attached to his feet, and with the threat of immediate death hanging over him, under promise of pardon for himself and some of his companions whom he named, he made certain disclosures upon which the authorities based their further proceedings.

The American Consul was peremptorily refused access to or communication with the prisoners. To give a color, however, to the proceedings of the Court, the British Consul was invited. A strong disposition was manifested to dispose of the two American captives by a summary execution, but against this course the British Consul warmly remonstrated, and warned them that such a course would inevitably involve them in serious difficulties with the American Government. In consequence of these remonstrances the decision of the Court upon their case was postponed.

The Havana correspondent of the Mercury, writing under date of the 6th inst., thus severely alludes to Captain Tannall, of the Saranac, who is now at Washington:

The steamer Saranac, Commander Tannall, left here on the 30th ult., with despatches for the Government at Washington, informing it of the state of affairs, and forsooth waiving of him at Key West on the 2d inst., giving a ball, and reciprocating the attentions of the citizens there. Meanwhile, his countrymen, immured in a Spanish prison, denied all communication with their friends, shut out from the light of Heaven, may await the appearance of the delivering angel, borne on the wings of a Spanish bullet. And we, who for a little time are allowed an intercourse with our fellow beings, are coolly comforted by Judges Mervin and Douglass, of the aforesaid Key West, with the assurance that the Spanish Government has not only perfect right to confiscate our property captured on the great highway of nations, but that it can, at its sovereign pleasure, capture, imprison, try and condemn and execute American citizens who never thought of, or intended coming to the Island of Cuba, and even that it would have been perfectly justified in landing an armed force on American soil, and capturing and executing on the spot the pirates of the Creole.

June 8.—It may be interesting to your readers to learn that we are daily looking for another invasion. Yesterday the schooner Fairy arrived here from New Orleans, and bringing a report that the steamer Fairy was to leave that city on the first inst. with 700 men for Cuba. The Government are on the qui vive, and troops are held in readiness to move at a moment's warning. Last night the steamer Pizarro left our port with 600 men on board. Her destination is not known. Gen. Falguera, the late governor of Matanzas, has been suspended, and is to be Court Martialed for not catching Lopez at Cardenas.

The two vessels belonging to the expedition, which were captured, have been brought in here. It is not yet known what will be done with the men that were found on board of them. Of the five taken at Cardenas, four were shot, and one was pardoned because he saved the life of a Spanish soldier.

The Falcon took a considerable number of passengers. The Patria, a schooner, was captured on the 11th inst. and the crew were taken to the lazaretto.

Upton Heath, a lad 14 years of age was arrested in Pittsburg on Wednesday for forging an order for school books, and at the request of his father sent to the House of Correction for money due his father.

A shopper, who made a tumble over all the things he had bought, and was long enough to get into the gutter, was rescued by a passer-by.

THE DOLLAR.

Clearfield, Pa., June 22, 1850.

Renew Your Subscription.

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OUR NEXT VOLUME.

We are often asked whether we will continue the publication of a neutral paper, having, when we commenced, promised to give timely notice should we contemplate a return to the character of a political journal. For the last year we have been trying to publish a paper independent of party bias, and how we have succeeded let our readers say. We flatter ourselves that some will be disposed to give us credit for doing even better than they expected. An important political contest is approaching—to be followed by one of still greater importance;—and before we can complete our second volume, this second contest will be well commenced at which election, in addition to the election of Governor and Canal Commissioner, the people will most probably also select, for the first time, Judges of the Supreme Court, President Judges and Associate Judges. The great probability is, that, forgetting our promises of neutrality and impartiality, we should find ourselves in the midst of the whirlpool of politics. Should this be the case,—should our promises be thus violated—we are quite sure that there is not a single subscriber on our list who would not rather see us the most violent partizan, than the victim of such duplicity.

Without going into particulars, in the specification of our reasons for resigning the character of a neutral, it may suffice to say that there are various others beside the one alluded to above. All we desire, is to give our paper the character—the reputation—of a Democratic paper. This we hope to be able to do, without lessening its influence and usefulness as a moral agent of amusement, instruction and benefit. We shall say but little, and perhaps quote less than we say. The people of this county are not of an excitable character, and nothing is gained on either side by appeals to passions and prejudices. They are a reasoning people: and only want questions to be fairly presented, and the claims of candidates fairly canvassed. This is all we design to do. No man shall be proscribed by us for his opinions.—Our columns will always be freely open to the discussion of political questions; and any man, who denies to give his opinions to the public, can always receive a hearty welcome to our columns.

A Serious Fraud.

An affair, which might have resulted very seriously, took place in Becarratown, on Friday or Saturday of last week. The parties were JOHN B. STEWART and DR. A. T. SCHRYVER, neighbors, and both men of respectability. They differed, as we understood, about the opening of a road, and from words proceeded to blows, Mr. Stewart first striking Schryver with a handspike, when, afterwards, Schryver drew a pistol, loaded with shot, and fired—two shot taking effect, one in the neck, and the other through the nose. This is the story as told to us; and as the matter is now in the hands of the lawyers, we have said all we intend to.

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THE VERY LATEST NEWS.

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A HORRID AFFAIR.—The Washington correspondent of the Bulletin, writing on the 14th says: A remarkable accident occurred at the Navy Yard last evening, which I think deserves notice, and for the reason that a circumstance of that kind could not take place premeditatedly, and attended by so much fortitude, unless there were extraordinary causes leading to the act, aside from all considerations of recklessness or insanity. A sailor—one of the crew of the Government steamer Vixen,—was ordered to join his vessel: but he refused, and gave as an excuse for his conduct, that the Captain of the vessel was a monster, whose cruelties to his men were unexampled, and that, rather than sail in his vessel, he would lose his right arm. But the service was imperative; and, accordingly, but the one alternative presented itself, either that he should join the steamer, or main himself to render his service ineffective. He resolved the matter in his mind, still repeating that the Captain deserved the severest punishment for his crimes, rather than be permitted to enjoy his command; and I from the barracks walked to the woodpile, and with a single blow of an axe, severed his hand from his arm. The sympathy for the sailor—a martyr to a sense of wrong and injury—became unbounded, and his case was immediately laid before the Navy Department, which will, I understand, institute measures for an investigation into the charges against the Captain. The sailor is said to be a sober man—inocent in his habits, and by no means addicted to practices deserving of the punishment he declares he has received. A question of insanity was started last evening, but I learn that the physicians of the city concur with the army surgeon in pronouncing him sane of mind. The commander of the steamer Vixen, is Lieut. James H. Ward.

The alleged discovery of Mr. H. M. Paine, of Worcester, Massachusetts—by which inflammable gas is produced from water, at a mere nominal cost—is strongly doubted by some. The Boston Journal speaking of it says: This discovery is so remarkable in its character, and embraces such important results, that we must be pardoned for doubting the entire correctness of the statement, until we receive more demonstrative proofs than have yet been laid before the public. It is true that the light has been exhibited, and is highly satisfactory; but the mode of producing it has hitherto been studiously concealed; nor is it known, except from the statement of the discoverer, that there is no other agent in its production than water. Nor is there anything in the previous history of the said Mr. H. M. Paine which would lead us, in those days of humbug and morbid thirst for notoriety, to full credence to his account of the astounding nature of this discovery, unsupported by testimony from persons well qualified to test its merits, and who have been allowed an opportunity of so doing.

The New York Express says: Our Gas Company have but little faith in the improvement, and have offered 1,000,000, for evidence of its success, which they say cannot be given.

Fatal Theatrical Passion.—An accomplished and beautiful lady, aged only 17, who had shone as a private theatrical in her circle of friends at St. Louis, lately committed suicide by taking arsenic, under depression from the refusal of her father to permit her to adopt the stage as a profession. She said that life had no longer charms for her. One of her requests was characteristic of her devotion. It was, that a copy of Shakespeare might be placed upon her bosom in her coffin.

Several convicts confined in the Cleveland jail made an effort to escape on the night of the 14th inst. By some unknown means they had furnished themselves with an assortment of wools, laces and spring saws, but they had hardly got well to work before the jailer, whom the unusual number of the prisoners had made uncommonly vigilant, presented himself with his posse, and suddenly arrested operations. The prisoners were at once put in irons for more effectual security.

The Forrest Divorce case.—An attempt has been recently made to settle this affair privately; but the negotiations having failed, we learn that Mr Forrest has commenced a suit in one of the courts of Philadelphia. George M. Dallas and Josiah Randall, Esqrs., have been retained as Mr. Forrest's Counsel.—N. Y. Herald.

Two little girls of the city of Norwich, one the daughter of a wealthy brewer, the other the daughter of a gentleman of a small fortune, disputing for precedence,—"You are to consider Miss," said the brewer's daughter "that my papa keeps a coach." "Very true, Miss," said the other, "and you are to consider that he likewise keeps a dray."

A boy named Allen Mills, aged 9 years was killed at the Rough and Ready Rolling Mill, at Danville, on Saturday week by being caught in the wheels.

The President has recognized James F. Melipe as Consular Agent of Franco for Cincinnati, in the State of Ohio.

The locusts, after an absence of seventeen years have appeared again in the neighborhood of Lewistown, Va.

The loss by the sinking of the steamer Missouri, in the Mississippi, a few days since is \$17,000. She was insured for \$8,000.

The Germantown Telegraph says that copper ore of good quality has been discovered in digging a well on Lewis Lewis's farm in Moorsland, Montgomery county. Blacklead has also been discovered on the adjoining farm of R. Hallowell.

STEAMBOAT ACCIDENT, &c. LOUISVILLE, June 17.—The steambot Gladiator, bound to New Orleans, with a heavy cargo, struck a log near Salt River, yesterday, and was soon filled with several feet of water. She immediately put back to New Albany, where she unloaded and repaired damages as far as possible. The cargo was seriously injured. The river was at a stand yesterday, but there was a heavy rain last night.

BAD FIRE IN MONTREAL.—Loss of Life. MONTREAL, June 17.—A bad fire broke out here on Saturday night, in Nazareth street, by which two hundred houses were reduced to ashes. St. Ann's Church, and a large quantity of lumber was entirely destroyed. Two women have perished in the flames. The loss of property is covered by insurance.

Terrible Disaster on Lake Erie. Burning of the Steamer Griffith.—Three or Three Hundred Lives Lost. BUFFALO, June 17.—The fine steamer Griffith, Captain Roby, while on her way up the lake, took fire about five o'clock this morning, when about twenty miles below Cleveland, and was burned to the water's edge. The mate, who swam ashore from the burning boat for help, has reached Cleveland, and reports that only thirty of those on board were saved, and these had to swim ashore, there being no vessel near to render assistance.

Capt. Roby, his wife and child, were amongst the lost. It is reported that there were two or three hundred persons on board, most of whom were emigrants on their way to the West. If this is a correct estimate, the number of lost may probably exceed two hundred.

The scenes on the burning wreck are described as having been agonizing in the extreme. It is impossible as yet to ascertain the cause of the disaster, or to give any further particulars. It is the greatest calamity that has occurred on Lake Erie, since the destruction by fire of the steamer Erie, some years ago.

The American Prisoners Released by the Spanish Government. NEW ORLEANS, June 15th.—We have received intelligence from Havana as late as the 10th inst. and are happy to state that the Spanish Government had yielded to the representations of our Consul, aided by other American authorities, and after passing through the forms of a trial, had liberated the American prisoners, who were free to return to the United States.

Fifty of the persons connected with the Cuba expedition, reached New Orleans on the 6th of Tampa Bay. A man was arrested at Pittsburg on Wednesday last, for attempting to pass a counterfeit \$10 note on the Bank of Pittsburg, in payment for a ham.

NOW, that the season for Coughs and Colds are advancing, we cannot do better than to urge upon our citizens the importance of guarding against unnecessary exposure to the changes in the weather experienced in our climate at this season of the year. The introduction of Spring always brings with it a troublesome variety of weather, and the sudden transitions we feel from heat to cold, from dry to moist states of the atmosphere, frequently impart to our systems the first characters of disease, and lay the foundation of the numerous corruptive complaints so prevalent among our people. It is the wisest part to prevent, if possible, the formation of those diseases, by a proper respect for the laws which govern our bodies; but when coughs and colds do come, and before the lungs become dangerously affected, we should have recourse to that generous and deservedly popular remedy for all diseases of the chest and lungs, Dr. WELCH'S PINKETTES OF PURELY VEGETABLE ORIGIN.

MARRIED.—On the 13th of June, by B. F. Sterling Esq., Mr. GEORGE PASMORE to Miss ELIZABETH RICE, Both of Penn tp.

On the 19th inst., by the Rev. G. Berkshire, Mr. HENRY D. PATTON, of Curwensville, to Miss MATILDA E. McENALLEN, of Boggs township.

On Thursday the 20th inst., by Charles Sloan Esq., Abm. Goss jr., of Lawrence tp., to Miss ELIZABETH CROWELL, of DeCATUR tp. pd

DIED.—On Wednesday morning, last of consumption, Wm. C. Welch, Esq., in the 39th year of his age.

We cannot omit the invitation, offered by the neglect of abler pens, to attempt a tribute to the memory of our fellow citizen, whose death is recorded above. Our community can boast of few such men as the deceased. As the only head of a family of five small children—Mrs. Welch having died about four years ago—as a christian—as a public officer, and as a neighbor, he had no superiors. He was faithful to all the obligations of an accountable being.

Mr. Welch was elected Prothonotary, &c. of this county, for the second time, in October 1848. No man could be more attentive and obliging in a public station; and in his intercourse with his fellow men he was affable and courteous, yet candid and firm.

Naturally of a weak constitution, and perhaps, predisposed to consumption, his close confinement to the duties of his office,—and that in a damp, musty cell, such as were the public buildings in this

ARRIVALS OF CUBANS. The New Orleans Delta of the 17th inst., has the following: A portion, or division, of the Cuba Expedition, arrived here yesterday afternoon in the schooner Matilda Jane, Capt. Wilson, from Key West, and Tampa Bay the 2d inst. Among them are Col. Wheat, of the Louisiana regiment; Major Smith of the Mississippi regiment; Captains Foster, Brackenridge, Cuen, Morgan, Davis, of the Louisiana regiment; Lieutenants Sartina, Foley, Morris, and Harris; Quartermaster Thomas; Commissary Stowell; Captains Howell and Hall of the Staff.

Capt. Lopez, of the Garrison of Cardenas, came also passenger on the Creole. His company, consisting of thirty-five men, were left at Tampa Bay.

Further Arrivals.—There arrived yesterday evening, from Tampa Bay, by the schr. Hornet, Major M'Henry, Captain Thos. H. Marche, of the Louisiana regiment; Capt. Beverley Mathews of the General Staff; Capt. A. C. Steele, of the Louisiana regiment, and 20* privates.

SHOOTING.—On the 17th ult., in Franklin county, (Me.) as two young ladies were crossing a small stream, on a tree which had fallen across it, one of them, Louisa Huntoon, aged about 14, slipped off, and was drowned! A day or two after, an elderly lady, aged about 70, the wife of Mr. Mitchell, on her way home from the funeral of this girl, called at a neighbor's house and lit her pipe. She had gone but a short distance when she found her clothes on fire. Being of cotton, all her efforts to put out the fire were unavailing. She was burned so dreadfully that she died in a few days after.

"So here I am, between two tailors," cried a man at a public table where a couple of young tailors were seated, who had been engaged in a business for themselves. "I was the reply," "we are beginning to be a little hard on you to keep one goose

All the vowels in the alphabet are in the word "quintessentially" and "facile."