THE FARMER.

FARM IMPROVEMENTS.

The improvement of the soil is one great object to be obtained by the good farmer. All the fertilising substances within his reach will be devoted to this purpose, in order to increase the present quantity of his crops, and to insure a greater fertility of soil for the future. Annually removing the productions of the soil proves exhausting, and in time would render the soil barren, but science teaches us, that all the substances that make a soil fertile, can be restored, and its original richness be retained. It is then the duty of all that cultivate the earth, so to direct their labors that all the fertilising elements, which they take from the earth, shall be returned to it again, that the soil be neither "barren nor unfruitful." That there are many who take an opposite course is not to be denied. The precept "keep what you have and get what you can," is as effectually obeyed in directing the labors of their farms, as in their traffic with their fellow men. And yet even such men will acknowledge the importance of improving the soil.

But though the improvement of the soil is reckoned of the first importance, the improvement of the farm in other respects, should certainly not be neglected. The judicious and enterprising farmer will see where improvements *should* be made, and he will see that they *are* made. It is not supposed that farmers as a class have the means to make radical alterations in their buildings or the plan of their farms. They need not. A few hour's labor here, or a few dollars expended there, may make a greater improvement proportionally, than hundreds of dollars laid out in alterations. Look at those bars which have to be let down or taken away, on an average, once or twice a day throughout the year, for the purpose of passing through. Just put a gate there, which can be done at a trifling expense, and there is an improvement from which benefit may be derived every day. A gate not only facilitates passing in and out, but it looks better. Their superiority needs no demonstration,—it is a "fixed fact." And yet there are thousands of farms scattered all over the land, that are entirely without any such *labor-saving* articles, and farmers are living as contentedly as if they could not be obtained.

Again: how often are we reminded of the observation of Solomon, "I went by the field of the slothful, and lo, it was all grown over with thorns, and nettles covered the face thereof, and the stone wall thereof was broken down," when a few hours' work would destroy the "thorns," eradicate the "nettles," and repair the "stone wall," while the satisfaction of contemplating the improvement, would amply compensate for the labor bestowed. I know the women and children are eloquent pleaders in behalf of the raspberry and blackberry bushes, but they had better be cultivated in the gardan, than monopolize the corners and sides of fields appropriated to grass and grain.

Again: another method of improvement is by building substantial fences. These will differ in different localities according to the kind and cheapness of material. On many farms the material for stone wall lie scattered all over their surface. This can be made available by digging and occasional blasting, and when once laid into wall will last forever. This method, by removing the stones from the field, and by making a durable fence, has a double advantage. In building wall where the ground is soft, and indeed in all cases, it is better to dig a trench, say about eighteen inches wide, down to the subsoil, and fill nearly full with small stones, on which to lay the foundation; then the wall will not be thrown out of place by frost, nor settle into the ground. Stone wall is certainly expensive in comparison to some other fences, but its durability and security renders it cheaper in the end.

These are some of the methods in which farms may be improved. But the farmer, who in his system combines beauty with utility, will need no suggestions in regard to the improvement of his farm. When his crops do not require his attention, he will find something to do either in beautifying or benefiting his premises. Many acknowledge the necessity of improvements, but they never begin to make them. Bushes grow around their fields and meadows, rocks and stones encumber their tillage lands, their fences grow every year more unsightly, and their fruit trees remain unpruned and ungrafted; but they plead they "don't have time to remedy the evils."

"They know the right, and they approve it too.
They know the wrong, but still the wrong pursue."

W. L. EATON.

East Ware, N. H.

From the Germantown Telegraph.

DOMESTIC RECEIPTS.

Corn Cakes.—One pint good cream, one of buttermilk, one egg, one teaspoonful salaratus and one teaspoonful of salt. Stir in meal till it foams; set as convenient. If made of good meal this cake will be excellent.

Drop Cakes.—Dissolve one teaspoonful of salaratus in a cup of cream, and one quart of good milk; stir in flour very smoothly till the mixture assumes the consistency of a thick batter. Wet your spoon with milk, and place your batter at short distances in a buttered pan. They may be made entirely of cream—either with or [illegible] Wright. egge—

[illegible] work at the "digging" [illegible] pint of sweet milk, [illegible] here, when they can pick of cinna- [illegible] veins and quarries, whoiling, beat [illegible] old a fresh [illegible] soon [illegible] le in [illegible] ring [illegible] mer [illegible] ck. [illegible] son

quantity of salt, in four gallons of water for fifty minutes; let it cool gradually to the temperature of newly drawn milk. bottle and cork close. It may be used in twenty-four hours. One pint will be amply sufficient for twenty pounds of bread, unless it is required to be very light. In such cases one pint is allowed to every eighteen pounds.

Watery Potatoes.—Add to the water in which they are boiled, a lump of lime of the size of a hen's egg. No matter how heavy or "watery" the potatoes may be, on pouring off the water they will be found to be perfectly dry and mealy.

To Make Nice Bread.—Take one quart of fine flour, two teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar, mix dry, and a sufficient quantity of sweet milk, and two-thirds of a teaspoonful of super carbonate of soda. Mix thoroughly and bake. Water instead of milk may be used, if a little shortening be allowed.

To Cook a Ham.—Boil, if of medium size, for five hours, then remove the skin, and prepare it for the table. Set it in an open oven for thirty minutes, and cover it thickly with rusk or bread crumbs, finely powdered, and set it again in the oven for half an hour. In this way the fat will be fried out, and the fibre rendered much more tender than when cooked in the ordinary manner.

FRANCES ANN.

Yellow Cottage, Jan. 12, 1850.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Clearfield, Pa for the Quarter ending 31st December, 1849.

Any Daguerrean Artist	Hoyt Gould R
Antes Philip	Irvin Alexander--13
Brown Charles	Meltek Justus A Rev
Bruner John	McNaughton S.
Clayton Miss Ann	Ogden Leonard
Directors of the Poor of Lawrence township	Porter John
Duff W. C	Reed Thomas Esq.
Devene William	Ross Solomon
Diamond Bazel	Renner Wm.
Davis J & J H	Smith Robert
Falls Allen	Simmons Thomas G
Farrell John	Tate William
Harriger Mrs Ellen	Tate A C
	Walker James H

WM. RADEBAUGH, P. M.

DISSOLUTION

OF partnership. The co-partnership existing heretofore between the subscribers, trading under the firm of TONER & BLAIR, in the Cabinet making business, at Curwensville, was this day dissolved. The accounts of said firm are left in the hands of Esquire Evans, of which those interested, will take notice.

A. C. TONER,
JOHN BLAIR.

Jan. 21, 1850.—pd

RED & BROWN PILLS.

AGENTS for the sale of Dr. E. Green's Red and Brown Pills in Clearfield county.

Richard Shaw, Clearfield.
Bigler & Co. do
John Patton, Curwensville.
I. L. Barrett, Clearfield Bridge.
Thomas McGhee, McGhees Mill.
David Kinport, Cherry Tree.
P. W. Barrett, Luthersburg.
Clark Patchin, Girard township.
Levi Lutz, Frenchville.
James McMurray, Burnside township.
Jas. McGirk, Philipsburg, Centre co.

June 19, 1849.

MONOPOLY

IN retailing GOODS must now cease in Curwensville—for, although not situated at a Corner whence he might ostentatiously parade before the public the hollow and deceptive boast of having the

"CHEAPEST CORNER,"

persons who may favor

ISAAC SMITH

With a call will be AGREEABLY SURPRISED by the discovery that all kinds of merchandise have greatly FALLEN in PRICE in this place since HE has returned from Philadelphia. He has of the very best quality every thing likely to be in demand in this community in the way of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps & Bonnets, Hardware, Cutlery, Crockery, Glass and Queensware, Nails, Books and Stationary, Oils and Paints, Cotton Yarns, Ready-made Clothing, (too cheap to say any thing about it,) Fish and Salt, etc., etc., with many miscellaneous and fancy articles.

☞Produce at market prices will be taken in exchange for goods—such as grain, lumber, rags, leather, bees-wax, tallow, Flax-seed, etc., etc. *Cash* will not be refused, and if any gentleman or lady has a lot of "the root of all evil, which he or she wishes to dispose of, the greatest bargains may be obtained at the store of the subscriber.

ISAAC SMITH.

Curwensville, October 26, 1849.

NEW GOODS
At the Cheapest Corner.

THE Subscriber has just received, at his old stand, a fresh supply of FALL and WINTER GOODS, consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Tinware, a large lot of *READY MADE CLOTHING*, Sole and Upper Leather, Hardware, Iron & Nails, Hats, Caps and Bonnets, a very large and good lot of Boots and Shoes, *Salt*—Ground Alum & Western, Drugs, Paints and Dye-stuffs, Buffalo Robes, Cedarware, Saddlery—*ALSO*, Cook and Nine plate stoves,

All of which will be sold low for CASH or in exchange for Country Produce. Call and look at our stock.

JOHN PATTON.

Curwensville, Oct. 23. '49.

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25 pieces assorted Sattinetts at the cheap store of BIGLER & co.

6 Pieces Black Blue and Brown cloth for Dress coats, for sale by BIGLER & co.

6 Pieces heavy cloth for Over coatings, [illegible] BIGLER [illegible]

Small Profits and Quick Sales.

JONES' NEW STORE,
LEWISTOWN PA.

THE Public are respectfully informed than C. L. JONES has received a very large Stock of

WINTER GOODS,

Comprising all articles kept generally in the other stores, with the addition of many other goods not brought before to this place. A list of articles is herewith furnished, with the prices; and an examination of this extensive stock is invited before purchases are made elswhere. At this store, goods will continue to be sold at least 20 per cent. lower than can be had elsewhere, or less than one half the price of goods in Clearfield county. This certainly offers great inducements to CASH BUYERS: the saving of so large a per centage, even on a small purchase, will amount to enough to make it a matter of consideration. There are many who deal in Lewistown in the old fashioned way, by trading, thus giving the storekeeper the advantage of high prices—to such I would respectfully ask before making trades with the other stores to call and see my goods and hear the low prices, and I am confident that such will see the advantage of selling their produce and buy goods for cash. In a market like this, if a slight effort be made, all kinds of Country Produce can be disposed of for CASH; it only requires a little independence and determination on the part of the seller, as the home consumption of produce in Lewistown alone is very great, and the necessaries of life, at whatever price, must be had, and they can be disposed of for cash.

Since I commenced business in this place, on the cash system, I have sold a large amount of goods, and my business is daily increasing. The public appreciate the advantage of buying for cash, & where business is done for cash only, as there is no risk to run, of credit or trade, the goods are sold at a small advance on cost prices; and the city purchases being made for cash only, and with a lengthened experience in business, on Market Street, Philadelphia, enables the subscriber to buy, beyond a doubt, lower than other merchants. I am convinced that there are a great many who would like to deal with me and get cheap goods for cash if they only could command cash for their produce, to such I say sell cheap and sell for cash only. Now for the list of goods on hand:

DRY GOODS

CLOTHS—black, blue, brown, invisible green, and olive, French, German and American, at all prices from $1 00 to 6 00 per yard, including a good assortment of Over Coat Cloths. I will positively sell such goods at greatly reduced prices. On Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings store-keepers invariably make large profits as the purchasers are not often judges of these articles. I will not so impose, but sell them as I sell other goods at a very small advance on cost.

CASSIMERES. Black good at $1 and at all prices upwards to 2 75 per yard. Also Fancy Cassimeres a good assortment at very low prices; also fine medium quality, cheap as possibly can be sold, and much cheaper than can be had elsewhere.

SATINETS.—Block, blue, Navy-blue, lavender, dark mixed, light mixed grey, &c., &c., a large and cheap lot for 30 ct. 47½ cts. 50 cts. 62½ cts. 75 cts. and 87½ cents for a most superb article.

VESTINGS. Black satin, silk, silk velvet, woolen, cotton, cassimeres and cloth at all prices from Fifty cents to Three Dollars.

TWEED CLOTHS FOR SACKS AND OVER-COATS:

A splendid article of Black French Cloth for Gentlemen and Ladies' Cloaks at the low price of $1 87½ per yard as good as others sell at $2 50 to $3 00.

KENTUCKY JEANS.—Gold-mixed, and Grey, good and cheap.

TICKINGS:

At 10, 13, 15, 19, 21 and 22 cents; be assured that these Tickings are the cheapest ever sold in Lewistown. CANTON FLANNELS.—Bleached and Unbleached for 10 cents, and the best article for 12½ cents.

Flannels of all Colors and Prices.

12½ cents, 18¾ cents, 25 cts. 28 cts. 31¼ cts. 37½ cts. 50 cts. 62½ cts. and 75 cents; a large lot of Superior Scarlet Flannels at 26 cents; White Gauze Flannels and superior Yellow Flannels—also Shrouding Flannels.

Table Diaper.

Bleached and unbleached for 12 cents and upwards. Some splendid Cloth Table Covers for 2 50 and 3 dollars each. Stand Covers of desirable colors and styles.

MUSLINS.

Bleached and unbleached for 6 1-4 cents and upwards to the very finest quality made; particular attention is requested to the stock of fip muslins as they are very extraordinary cheap, and as good as sold elsewhere at 8 cents.

300 PIECES CALICOES.

Of the newest styles, a good assortment of neat figures, a good article a fling at 3, 4, 5, 6 1-4 cents, & upwards to the finest quality to be had, a good assortment of blue and orange. My fip Calicoes are really astonishing for the price, good and wide.

GINGHAMS.

A large and perfect stock of, from 12 1-2 cents and upwards; a splendid article of fine French Gingham, bright colors, and warranted not to fade in washing, for 18 3-4 cents; also plain dark style Chumbions, Ginghams at 25 cents, high colors also at various prices.

MOUS DE LAINES.

Of every style and quality imaginable, plain black, brown, snuff, lead, mous and other colors, all wool. A splendid article of 2nd mourning Mous de Laines all wool at 22 cents, also good de Laines at 18 3-4 cents, desirable colors; also de Laines of extra quality in high colors, such as Mazarine blue, dark and light green, blue, maroon, orange, scarlet, crimson, &c., &c.

CASHMERES.

Figured and plain of superior quality from 15 1-2 to 75 cents. My 12 1-2 cent Cashmeres are the cheapest goods ever heard of, also all the dark and desirable high colors Cashmere the same as the Mous de Laine.

MERINOES.

Of all qualities, colors and prices. A large and beautiful stock of these goods kept on hand, for sale at reduced prices.

ALPACAS.

Black of all prices—31 cts. 37½ cts. 44 cts. 50 cts. 62½ cts. 75 cts. 87½ cts. $1 00 and $1 50 for the best Alpaca made, and can be had nowhere else. Modes, Brums, &c., and also a splendid assortment of fashionable Fancy Alpacas, at extremely low prices, and some fine quality figured silk warp.

SILKS.

Black silks at all prices and widths. A good article of Black Silk as low as 45 cts. as good as is sold elsewhere at 62½ cts. Also, plain, colored and Fancy Dress Silks, at very reasonable prices. Some splendid Satin, striped, black and blue black Silks. Florence and Gro de Naps for Linings. Also, Silk Oil Cloth—Ladies' Silk and Merino Under Shirts—new style corded Skirts.

MULL, JACONET AND CAMBRIC MUSLINS,

In great variety; also, Figured Swiss Mulls for Caps, Capes and Dresses. Tarleton Muslins white, blue and pink. Figured and plain Bobinett, Silk and Lace Bonnd. Laces Edgings, and Insertings in endless variety. Also a most superb and extensive assortment of the richest and newest styles BONNET RIBBONS, all for sale at unusually low prices.

LINEN, CAMBRIC, SILK AND COTTON HANDKERCHIEFS,

From 5 cents upwards to the finest article imported from Paris.

FURNITURE CHECKS AND CALICOS. Crash and Bird eye Diaper for Towelling. Linen Table-covers and Napkins, and IRISH LINEN of every price and quality, very good and cheap.

SPOOL COTTON, of J & P. Coates' manufacture, the best article to be had, greatly superior to any other make. Cotton, Woolen, Merino and Silk HOSIERY, in great variety and at extremely low prices.

GLOVES—Silk, Kid, Cotton, Merino and Worsted of all grades and qualities—mens', womens', and childrens'.

SHAWLS—Silk, Cotton and Woolen. Some magnificent new style long shawls; as well as heavy Woolen and Cotton and fine Merino Shawls, plain and embroidered. The assortment of Shawls is extensive and will be sold much under the usual prices.

TRIMMINGS:

An assortment embracing every article wanted. Hooks and Eyes, Pins, Needles, Knitting-Needles, Tidy Cotton, Coronation cords, Whalebones, Silk, Cotton and Linen Braids, Velvet Trimming Ribbons, a new article for dresses; Fancy Buttons for dresses; black and colored sewing Silk; Thimbles; Combs of all kinds; some splendid Buffalo and Turtle Shell combs, colored. Thread Edging for Trimmings, Steel and Gold Bonds—also gold and silver Wire for embroideries. All widths of plain and Fancy Satin for Mantua Ribbons; all colors of lining Muslins; Bleached and Brown Drilling; Zephyr Worsted of all shades; Bolt Slides and Artificial Flowers.

LADIES' SHOES.

A room is fitted up expressly for Ladies', Misses' and childrens' Shoes, and particular attention is paid to this department. Every style and quality of Shoes kept on hand, and will positively be sold cheaper than possibly can be had elsewhere. The new fall stock is received, and the assortment will be kept up. At least twenty per cent can be saved by buying shoes at Jones' Store. A good stock of India Rubber Shoes—very cheap.

MENS' AND BOYS' BOOTS AND SHOES.

It is useless to enumerate the kinds and prices on hand; suffice it to say that the assortment is the largest and decidedly the cheapest ever opened before in Lewistown.

A good assortment of CLOTH and GLAZED CAPS. Also Fur Trimmed, Fur & Seal Skin—cheap.

BLACK HATS.

At $1 25, 1 50, 1 75 2 00, 2 50, 3 00 and 4 00; also Fancy Hats for Men and Boys. I am prepared to sell Hats and Caps at least 25 per cent. lower than they have ever been sold in Lewistown, having had them manufactured expressly for my sales, and warrant them to be equal in quality, if not better than to be had elsewhere.

CRAVATS and SUSPENDERS in great variety. A most superb assortment of Fancy Silk cravats, cotton do plain black silk do. at different prices, for sale unusually low.

Looking Glasses.

Very cheap.—Some extra size, larger than can be found in other stores. Also an extensive assortment of Woolen Nett Hoods and Sacks for children; cotton Laps and Black and White Wadding; a nice lot of Comforts, various sizes. Cheap Bed Blankets, a good assortment.

CARPETS.—The best assortment to be found at this store, of all qualities, and will be sold at reduced prices. Persons purchasing Carpets will not only find them 20 per cent cheaper at Jones' but a very extensive assortment to select from. CARPET BAGS and Ladies' Satchels—some fine Velvet and Venitian.

Groceries, Queensware, Hardware, Cedarware, Baskets,

Kept in a separate room from Dry Goods, and particular attention paid to keeping up a general assortment of the above goods. Good New Orleans Sugar 6 1-4 cents; White Sugar 9 cents; crushed Sugar 10 cents, powdered Sugar 10 cents; and superior Loaf Sugar 10 cents. Good Molasses at 6, 1-4 cents. Bakers' New Orleans Molasses of good quality at 35 cents per gallon; and superior [illegible] good Sugar House Syrup, and the best Royal Golden Syrup at 50 cents; [illegible] Molasses at 40 cents per gallon. COFFEE—very superior at 10 cents; Laguira coffee 10 cents, best quality; and real old Government Java at 12½ cents. Fresh Charleston Rice at 5 cents; Bakers' Chocolate 20 cents per pound. FRESH TEAS—superior Black and Green, of the best qualities imported into the Philadelphia markets, and sold at very low prices: Good Black and Green, Oolong and Young Hyson Teas, at 50 and 75 cents per pound; Extra Imperial and Young Hyson, at $1 per lb., as good as any sold at $1 25. A general assortment Prices—Superior SPERM OIL; second quality, ditto—Also FISH OIL—Sperm and Tallow CANDLES—Superior Castile SOAP, and good Brown Bread.

TOBACCO. Superior Cavendish, at 31 cents per lb. Twist and flat plugs, at 20 cents per pound. HONEY at 75 cents per gallon. Fish and Salt at reduced prices.

A very superior assortment of Cutlery, comprising some of the finest quality of Knives and Forks.

Ready-Made Clothing.

The largest, cheapest and best assortment ever opened in Lewistown.

TO WHOLESALE BUYERS

Great inducements are offered, as a liberal abatement will be made.

C. L. JONES.
NEW CHEAP CASH STORE.

Lewistown, December 6, 1849. 3m.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

THE subscriber is just now receiving a very large and reliable stock of GOODS for the approaching Fall and Winter trade, which will need but to be examined, and the price ascertained, to induce purchasers to carry them off. The stock is composed partly as follows:

DRY GOODS,
Cloths, black, blue, brown, &c.
Cassimeres, do do do
Sattinetts, do do do
Alpacas, do do do
do Satin Stripe.
Fashionable Cashmeres,
Flannels—Red, White & Canton.
Linseys—Brown, White, Fancy.
Bleached and unbleached Muslins
A variety of Shawls.
Ginghams, Alpaca Aprons, Irish Linen, Gloves, Suspenders, etc.
OILS.
Common and Tanners'.
Candles—Tobacco—Segars and Crackers.

HARDWARE,
A good assortment.
Crockeryware, Grind-Stones, Brooms, Wash-boards & Tubs.
BOOTS and SHOES
That cannot be surpassed.
Clocks and Confectionary.
Drugs, Paints, Dye-stuffs, Patent Medicines, Matches, Lamp-Black, Glass, Putty, etc.
GROCERIES
Coffee—Tea—Chocolate.
Sugar—White crushed, do pulverized, do loaf, do brown.
Molasses—Boston Syrup, Sugar House and New Orleans.

F. P. HURXTHAL.

Oct. 19, 1849.

CONSUMPTION

In all Christianized and civilized countries, has caused a larger proportion of deaths than any other malady that afflicts the human family; and, until within a few years, there has not been any *certain remedy* to stop the devastation of the destroyer. But now—

BRANT'S INDIAN
PULMONARY BALSAM

Cures very many of the most *strongly* marked and developed cases of *Pulmonary Consumption*—REAL, *undoubted* cases of *ulcerated* and *diseased LUNGS*—such *hopeless* cases as were never before cured by any other medicine. So *utterly hopeless* were some of the afflicted persons, as to have been pronounced by *physicians* and friends to be ACTUALLY DYING. Some, who had their burial clothes made, have been cured, and yet live—others, who it was said would not live another day, are now as well and hearty as they ever were.

It possesses all the cleansing and purifying virtues nearly as powerful and active as the preparation which we call

BRANT'S INDIAN PURIFYING EXTRACT

This differs from that, because this possesses *several other Medicinals* which are *peculiarly adapted* to, and are *essentially necessary*, to cure

Coughs and Consumptions,

and all diseases of a pulmonary nature; such diseases as so easily prove so fatal under ordinary treatment, when they attack the

Breast, Throat, Lungs, and Heart.

This *BALSAM heals and cures Ulcers in the Lungs* as effectually elsewhere *internally* as *certainly* and *easily* as the PURIFYING EXTRACT *cures* and *heals* ulcers *externally*. The Balsam cures *Nine* cases of *Cough* and *Consumption* out of *Ten*, after all other remedies have *failed to do good*.

Thousands of Consumptions

and *Chronic Coughs*, abundantly prove its *unfailing efficacy* in such diseases, and its undoubted curative powers and soothing, healing properties, in the following complaints and diseases, viz: *Spitting of Black Matter, Pain in the Lungs, Pain in the Breast and Side, Night Sweats, Nervous Complaints, Palpitation of the Heart, Cholera Infantum, Dysentery* and *Summer Complaints* in *Children* and *Adults, Asthma*, and *ALL*

FEMALE WEAKNESSES & COMPLAINTS.

No remedy that has been offered to the public has ever been *half as certain* and *effectual* in *correcting ALL* the incidental *weaknesses* and *irregularities* of the female sex, as *BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM*. It makes no difference whether the derangement be *suppression, excess* or other *incidental weakness*—it REGULATES ALL by *strengthening the system, equalizing the circulation, nourishing* and *allaying* NERVOUS IRRITABILITY—see *Pamphlets* for proof.

CONSUMPTION.
A Dying Woman Cured!

We state this cure to prove the *power to save life*, when this BALSAM is used, even after the person is *considered* by physician and friends to be in the *last stages* of disease—actually *dying*—and, in this case, *so far gone* that the *shroud* and *burial clothes* were bought. For the *particulars* of this case, and the *respectable* and *undoubted* proof of all the circumstances and facts, we refer to our PAMPHLETS.

This cure was effected on Mrs. ZIBA DYKEMAN, of *Ballston Spa, Saratoga Co., N. Y.* We can prove, beyond a doubt, many others *almost equally* as hopeless and *miraculous* cases of *Coughs* and *Consumptions CURED*, which were pronounced *incurable* by skillful *physicians*.

LIVER COMPLAINT.

See the cure of *Dr Hubbard*, of Stamford, Ct., and others.

Dyspepsia!

See the cure of *T. S. Wilcox*, merchant, of Attica, Wyoming Co., N. Y., and many more, in our Pamphlets.

Dysentery & Summer Complaint

in *Children* and *Adults* are *always cured*. *Weakly Children* will become *fleshy, healthy*, and *hearty*, and grow rapidly, by the use of this BALSAM.

No mother need ever mourn the death of her child by **Cholera Infantum**, while teething, if *BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM* be administered. It should be for such cases, given in larger than the ordinary doses.

AGENTS.

E. & W. F. IRWIN, *Clearfield*
ISAAC SMITH, *Curwinsville*,
S. & F. K. ARNOLD, *Luthersburg*.
C. R. EARLEY, *Ridgeway*.
J. L. LINDERMUTH, *Caledonia*.
D. S. DEARING, *Brookville*.

Nov 30 1849—1y

New Goods.

RICHARD SHAW

WOULD respectfully announce to his old customers and the public generally, that he has just received and is now opening at his old stand a large and splendid assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS,
Consisting in part of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Tinware, Queensware, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps and Bonnets, Drugs, Nails and Glass, Spanish Sole-leather, Brass Clocks, Confectionary, etc., etc.,

Together with a number of articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be sold low for Cash or exchanged for country produce.

Nov. 8—tf.

Fresh Goods.

THE subscribers are now opening at their old stand, in the borough of Clearfield, the best assorted lot of

SEASONABLE GOODS

Which they have ever had, embracing almost every variety of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Cedarware, Tinware, Drugs, Patent Medicines, Dye-stuffs, and Oils.

They have also a good assortment of

Made-Up Clothing;

Together with Salt by the barrel or bushel, honey, sheet-iron, stoves, and stove-pipe, nails, Carpenter-tools, and a general assortment of cuttlery. ALSO, Boots and shoes of every variety, hats, caps, hoods and bonnets—cottan laps, cotton chain and carpet-yarn.

RAFT ROPES

of all sizes; Cart-Whips, Sleigh-whips, Halter and Trace Chains, together with many other articles too tedious to mention, all of which they offer their customers at fair prices for CASH, country produce, or Lumber.

LEONARD & MOORE.

Nov. 7, 1849.

Whole Sale Grocery,
MARKET & CANAL St., HARRISBURG, PA.

J. & E. C. EBY always keep a large assortment of Groceries which they can sell as low as they can be purchased in the Atlantic cities. We would name

200 Bags Rio Coffee.
100 do Laguira do
20 Hhds. Porto Rico Sugar.
20 do N. Orleans do
30 do S. H. and Syrup Molas.
30 Chests Imperial and Y. H. Tea
1000 Sacks Ground Alum Salt.
500 barrels Mackarel and Shad.
500 kegs Nails and spikes.
2000 lbs. Bacon sides and shoulders.

ALSO—White Lead Oil, Ropes, Boots & Shoes and all the leading articles in trade. Merchants and Lumbermen would do well to call and see prices.

☞Lumber and Iron taken for goods.

Harrisburg Nov. 14. 1849.—3m

SOMETHING NEW UNDER THE SUN.

DO not all call at once or you will soon reduce our large stock of

Strawberry, Pine-apple, Sarsaparilla and Lemon Syrups, Preserved Fruits, Pickled Oysters and other choice Pickles (*the very names of which make one mouth water*,)

which we have just received and are now selling at the lowest figure at "THE CHEAP CORNER."

CRANS & BROTHER.

Curwensville Dec 8

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale an excellent farm, containing

100 Acres,

situate in Karthaus township, Clearfield county, about three miles from Karthaus, FIFTY acres of which is cleared, and in good order, and properly fenced with good fences. The improvements are new

PLANK HOUSE, A *FRAME LOG BARN*

and a young and thrifty APPLE ORCHARD, is well supplied with good springs of water.

The above farm will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply to the subscriber on the premises.

MICHAEL EISENMANN.

October 16, 1849.—6m.

STRAY HEIFFER.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, in Brady township, about the middle of October last a pale RED HEIFFER, with white spots, and supposed to be two years old last spring. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of as the law directs.

DAVID IRVIN.

Dec. 24, 1849.