

whether the public interests would not be greatly subserved, by a location of the new track, so as to avoid the many sharp curves on the eastern end of said road.

They increase the danger to passengers and freight; forbid a despatch safely performed on a straight line; and require greater force than would be necessary on a direct track with higher grades. In the event of the Legislature authorizing the relaying of the eastern section of the said road, and the change of location before mentioned, a due regard to the public interests and the limited resources of the Treasury would seem to demand, that the improvement should commence at an early day, and progress from year to year as the revenues would warrant, until it should be completed.

The Postage railroad, from the completion of our line of improvements to the present time, has been a serious obstacle to the business of the community, and the occasion of trade seeking other channels to the Atlantic markets. Any mode, therefore, of lessening this evil, must meet the hearty concurrence of the citizens. The sum of five hundred thousand dollars judiciously expended, will avoid all the short level, and four of the five inclined Planes on the western slope of the Allegheny. The annual expense of maintaining these Planes is not less than ten thousand dollars for each Plane, and if to that amount be added the cost of the short level, and the perishable nature of the material employed with these works, with the delays and risk incident thereto, the annual cost of the present works, cannot be less than one hundred thousand dollars. Were these Planes avoided, and those on the eastern slope of the mountain replaced by the commerce on the Public Works would be facilitated and increased, and the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company would find its interest for many years in connection with their great improvement.

During the last season, the scarcity of water on the upper portion of the Western Division of the Pennsylvania Canal, especially injured the character of the Public Works, and diminished the revenue from that source not less than \$50,000. To guard against a recurrence of this evil, it is recommended that the Western Reservoir, in the construction of which the sum of sixty thousand dollars has been expended, be completed. The estimated amount required for its completion is \$40,000, and it would in the opinion of the Executive, be a judicious appropriation.

It has been suggested that an alteration in the canal locks, by raising them to boats, would not only strengthen them, but would be a saving of water. This might be effected, if deemed of sufficient importance, by the insertion of wooden bottoms in such manner as to produce the result indicated.

By the reports of the Auditor General and State Treasurer, made under the directions of the act of the 10th April, 1849, it appeared that after the payment of the interest on the public debt, and the liquidation and payment of other claims for which appropriations had been made by the Legislature, and retaining a reserve of \$150,000 might, with safety, be applied to the completion of the North Branch Canal. Accordingly gave immediate notice of the fact to the Canal Commissioners, and their part of the Public Improvements, and their work should be finished as early as possible under the condition of the Treasury will permit. It should not be forgotten, that the present unfinished condition of the work, by interrupting the navigation of the river, by the destruction of goods, and injury to private property, without affording any convenience to the community, and a wrong which demands immediate reparation. In addition to the sum already appropriated, it is confidently believed that \$300,000, with propriety, be given to that improvement in the present season; and that in the following year, provision might be made for its completion.

While it has been deemed advisable to bring these subjects to the notice of the Legislature, considerations of sound policy, the interests of the citizens already heavily burdened with taxation—and the general welfare of the Commonwealth, forbid an increase of the public debt.

The equalization and revision of the revenue laws—the proposed change in the management of the Public Works, and their early improvement and completion;—with a rigid maintenance of the sinking Fund, and the consequent reduction of the public debt, would, with the present resources of the Treasury, produce in a few years a condition of financial prosperity, justifying the conviction of the payment of all taxes for the support of Government, schools and charities.

The Eastern and Western Penitentiaries have been conducted with skill and prudence, and in the reformation, and security of offenders, society has derived important advantages. It is however worthy of serious consideration, whether in the adoption of a system of solitary confinement, the severity of the punishment authorized by law, does not injuriously affect the mental and physical vigor of the prisoner.

The frequent recommendations of the Executive for the pardon of convicts afflicted with ill-health, and mental imbecility, would appear to require a modification of the present laws.

It is recommended that a small annual appropriation be made for the relief of the blind, and that the sum of \$10,000 be appropriated to the relief of the deaf, and that the sum of \$10,000 be appropriated to the relief of the dumb. It is also recommended that a small sum be appropriated to the relief of the aged, and that a small sum be appropriated to the relief of the infirm.

these Asylums must be augmented, and their expenditures necessarily enlarged, and the same degree of liberality awarded on former occasions, would claim the appropriation of larger amounts.

In the prosecution of the work for the State Lunatic Asylum, the appropriation of a sum of like amount is required for its completion. Under the supervision of its competent and attentive trustees the building has rapidly advanced and is now under the construction, in plain, substantial and beautiful, and equally adapted to the comfort of the patients, and susceptible of a finish honorable to the State and useful to the community. The probability of the completion of the building, by the appropriation of the sum of \$1,000,000, is a subject of great interest to the Legislature. To the Legislature, the public interest, and the honor of the State, demand that the sum of \$1,000,000 be appropriated for the completion of the building, and that the sum of \$1,000,000 be appropriated for the purchase of the land on which the building is to be erected. It is also recommended that the sum of \$1,000,000 be appropriated for the purchase of the land on which the building is to be erected.

The report of the Auditor General, under the act of the 10th April, 1849, is a subject of great interest to the Legislature. It shows that the revenue from the Public Works, and the interest on the public debt, and the sum of \$1,000,000, are the only sources of revenue for the State. It also shows that the sum of \$1,000,000 is the amount of the public debt, and that the sum of \$1,000,000 is the amount of the interest on the public debt. It is recommended that the sum of \$1,000,000 be appropriated for the purchase of the land on which the building is to be erected.

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The resolutions for the amendment of the Constitution having been published, and the Legislature having been called together, it is recommended that the Legislature should immediately take up the subject of the amendment of the Constitution. It is also recommended that the Legislature should immediately take up the subject of the amendment of the Constitution.

The practice of postponing the passage of appropriation bills to the last day of the session, forbids deliberation, as well to the Legislature as to the Executive, and should be avoided. These bills, requiring care and attention to the specifics, and the disposal of large amounts of the public money, should be deliberately examined before they obtain the sanction of the Legislature. Nothing can excuse hasty and unadvised legislation, on a subject so important to the public interests.

important to the public interests. It is confidently anticipated that this Legislature will adopt a rule of practice more consistent with prudence, economy, and sound policy.

The intimate connection existing between the industry of the citizen, and the currency of his country demands for the question the serious attention of the statesman and lawyer. In authorizing banking or other institutions, to create a currency other than gold and silver, it would be unfaithful to our trusts to permit them, for want of proper checks and guards to allow it to become less valuable than the coin it is intended to represent. The views expressed in the last message in favor of the restriction of the number of these institutions, to the real business wants of the people, and the prohibition of bank charters, until a thorough examination of their affairs had demonstrated their entire solvency, remain unchanged. The tax on banking capital, enacted by the last Legislature in the granting of charters, and applied to the payment of the public debt, has resulted in securing to that object a sum exceeding one hundred thousand dollars. While this tax should not be increased to an extent which would cripple the resources of these institutions, the present amount cannot be considered an unfair equivalent for the privileges conferred, and should therefore continue to be imposed as a judicious source of revenue.

The laws intended to prevent the circulation of a less denomination than one dollar are, in many respects, disregarded by the citizens. In a government founded on popular opinion, experience would seem to indicate that the issuance of paper money, in which the public faith is placed, should be subject to the strictest surveillance of the Government. It is recommended that the sum of \$1,000,000 be appropriated for the purchase of the land on which the building is to be erected.

In endeavoring to eradicate an acknowledged evil, the practical statesman will frequently find a necessity for yielding to popular opinion, and will consult the welfare of his constituents by striving to mitigate what cannot be removed. It is, therefore, recommended that the sum of \$1,000,000 be appropriated for the purchase of the land on which the building is to be erected.

The sum of \$1,000,000 is the amount of the public debt, and the sum of \$1,000,000 is the amount of the interest on the public debt. It is recommended that the sum of \$1,000,000 be appropriated for the purchase of the land on which the building is to be erected.

The general manufacturing law of the last session cannot fail to be productive of decided benefit to the State and the people. Although the time which has elapsed since its passage, has been insufficient to test its advantages, the erection of large establishments in many places, which must soon afford employment to a considerable number of the citizens, warrants the belief that its salutary effects will be felt at no distant day.

Representations have been made to this department alleging that the erection of a Bridge over the Ohio river, at or near Wheeling, Va., great obstruction to the navigation of that highway has been produced. In times of high water in the river, the largest class of steamboats are unable to pass under the bridge, and serious injury to the commerce of the western part of the State, must result from this nuisance. Connected as is the Ohio, with the line of internal improvements through Pennsylvania, and furnishing to our canals and railroads, a large amount of merchandise to the Atlantic market, an obstruction of this nature will have a direct tendency to diminish the trade on our public works; to affect the eastern market; and materially to decrease the revenue of the State. Results of a character so important should warn the Legislature that prompt and energetic action is required, and that measures dictated by justice and policy, shall be resorted to with a view to the removal of the evil.

The expression of our opinions on questions more directly belonging to the National Government, is a right arising from the nature of our institutions, and where they are intimately connected with the interests of the people, becomes a duty not to be disregarded. The representatives in Congress of the State, and the citizens, are entitled to know the measures on the prospect of their responsibility, and their duty, and being conversant with the details of each branch of the public service, they are better qualified to represent the people of the State than any other persons. It is, therefore, recommended that the sum of \$1,000,000 be appropriated for the purchase of the land on which the building is to be erected.

The statement of the revenue laws for the year, is a subject of great interest to the people. It shows that the revenue from the Public Works, and the interest on the public debt, and the sum of \$1,000,000, are the only sources of revenue for the State. It also shows that the sum of \$1,000,000 is the amount of the public debt, and that the sum of \$1,000,000 is the amount of the interest on the public debt. It is recommended that the sum of \$1,000,000 be appropriated for the purchase of the land on which the building is to be erected.

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It cannot fail to be perceived that the observations in relation to postage, as connected with the national intercourse, applies with equal force to improvements in the mode of travel between remote sections of the country. Whatever facilitates a free communication among citizens, strengthens the unity of government. Whether from the character of the country, and the nature of its surface it is practicable to construct a great national thoroughfare from the Mississippi to the Pacific ocean, has not been fully ascertained; but it must be evident, that such an improvement would be of inestimable value to every portion of the Union. In addition to the opportunities it would afford of an interchange of hospitality between the people of remote sections, it would not fail to be loaded with a trade, as profitable to the country, as it would be important to different localities. To Pennsylvania, its benefits can scarcely be imagined. The improvements already made and those in progress in this State, connecting with the public works of other States, will soon form one unbroken chain of communication from the Atlantic to the Mississippi. Were this gigantic work completed, no man can estimate the social and political advantages which must ensue to every section of country united the wealth; and no place would its salutary results be more official, than within our own borders. The subject is eminently worthy the serious attention of the Legislature.

In a faithful adherence to the national constitution, as the same has been expanded by the usage and practice of other days, the people of Pennsylvania rely for the perpetuation of their political, social and religious liberty. Although in its provisions may be found the acknowledgment of principles they do not approve, it is recommended that the sum of \$1,000,000 be appropriated for the purchase of the land on which the building is to be erected.

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**Axe Factory.**  
THE subscriber having leased the factory of L. R. Carter, near Clearfield, respectfully announces to the people of Clearfield and the adjoining counties that he is now in operation and ready to supply the public with Axes, Chisels, Adzes, &c. Merchants and Lumbermen are respectfully invited to deal with him, as he is prepared to do any work in his line, and on reasonable terms as they can supply themselves elsewhere. Country produce and Cash will be taken in exchange for work.  
JACOB WARNER.  
Clearfield, Nov. 24 1849.

**Orphans' Court Sale.**  
B A certain estate in the Orphans' Court of Clearfield County, there will be exposed to PUBLIC SALE.  
On the first day of December, 1849, at 10 o'clock, on the 26th day of December, instant, TWO CERTAIN TRACTS OF LAND, situate in said township, and the estate of James Lord, deceased, viz:  
One Piece, situate on Clearfield creek, adjoining lands of Thos. Lord, Lyman Miles and Joseph Stewart, containing about 100 acres, and having a House and Barn and about 25 acres cleared thereon.  
One other piece, adjoining the above, containing about 40 acres and being unimproved, or timber land.  
ESSE sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. TERMS: One-third Cash, and the balance in two equal installments in 6 months, to be secured by mortgage.  
SIXON THOMPSON,  
Administrator.

**DRY GOODS! DRY GOODS!**  
THE subscriber, who has just received and has on hand a large assortment of the following named Goods, which are of the best quality, and at the lowest prices.  
American Broadcloths of every color and quality, of the best quality, and at the lowest prices.  
And also a large assortment of the following named Goods, which are of the best quality, and at the lowest prices.  
CLOTHING & BROTHERS.

**Boot & shoe MAKING.**  
THE subscriber, who has just received and has on hand a large assortment of the following named Goods, which are of the best quality, and at the lowest prices.  
And also a large assortment of the following named Goods, which are of the best quality, and at the lowest prices.  
CLOTHING & BROTHERS.

**LADIES' GARTERS.**  
THE subscriber, who has just received and has on hand a large assortment of the following named Goods, which are of the best quality, and at the lowest prices.  
And also a large assortment of the following named Goods, which are of the best quality, and at the lowest prices.  
CLOTHING & BROTHERS.

**BLACKSMITHING BUSINESS.**  
THE subscriber, who has just received and has on hand a large assortment of the following named Goods, which are of the best quality, and at the lowest prices.  
And also a large assortment of the following named Goods, which are of the best quality, and at the lowest prices.  
CLOTHING & BROTHERS.

**SLEIGHS, BUGGIES, &c.**  
THE subscriber, who has just received and has on hand a large assortment of the following named Goods, which are of the best quality, and at the lowest prices.  
And also a large assortment of the following named Goods, which are of the best quality, and at the lowest prices.  
CLOTHING & BROTHERS.

**SOMETHING NEW UNDER THE SUN.**  
THE subscriber, who has just received and has on hand a large assortment of the following named Goods, which are of the best quality, and at the lowest prices.  
And also a large assortment of the following named Goods, which are of the best quality, and at the lowest prices.  
CLOTHING & BROTHERS.

**A Good Farm of 130 Acres FOR SALE.**  
A very excellent farm, situated in Jordan township, Clearfield County, containing 130 acres, will be disposed of on very reasonable terms. The improvements consist of:  
95 acres cleared, and all under good fence, a good Orchard, and a good House and Barn, and it is well supplied with excellent springs of water.  
This Farm is advantageously situated for farming purposes, two public roads passing through it, and the property is in the hands of a very able and experienced farmer, who is disposed to sell at a low price, for the purpose of removing to another country. The owner is willing to sell for cash, or on terms.  
For terms, apply to THOMAS WITHEROW,   
Jard in township, Nov. 20 1849.

**TAKEN UP.**  
CAME to the residence of the subscriber in Lowville township, about the last of October last, a RED STEER, with a white face, and a white streak on his back, and supposed to be a young one. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away.  
JOSEPH OWENS,  
December 13, 1849.  
25 pieces assorted Scrimette 25¢  
25 store of  
Nov 30 1849-17

**CAWLEY & CO.**  
A. J. GUFFY,  
Attorney at Law.  
OFFERS his services as an Attorney and Counselor at law to the citizens of Clearfield and adjoining counties. Any business entrusted to his care shall be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.  
Clearfield, Dec. 8, 1849.-p