POETRY.

THE PAST.

The thoughts of other years
Come thronging to my spirit fast,
While brooding o'er the hopes and fears,
That from a buried world appears,
To mark the dreary past.

Childhood and youth are there,
And all that once was dear to me;
A mother's love, a mother's prayer,
To youthful life, as guardian care,
And future lights to be.

Days, months and years long gone,
Sweet hopes that smiled & smiled again,
Till lost to youth in manhood's dawn,
Like stars that flee the breaking morn,
Have passed from me in vain.

But they will linger still,
The lights of memory backward burn,
And boyhood's wish, to roam at will,
With boisterous glee, so wild, so shrill,
From out the past return.

Old hopes loom up again,
The rainbow hues of ideal dreams.
When all unknown to care or pain,
Beguiled by sweet Æolus strain,
I traced the winding streams.

Once more I feel the thrill
Of pleasure stir my languid breast;
I feel the quick, impulsive will,
That gave life's cup a sparkling fill
Of joy, when youth was blest.

But these are gone, like snow
Before the softening breath of spring;
Gone, gone, alas! to come no more,
Like moonlight on a streamlet's flow,
In its wild murmuring.

Ambition, too, with thoughts of fame,
Hath woke from its unreal dreams,
Nor grant, for coming time, a name
That age would of oblivion claim
To gild its evening gleams.

Friends, too, have left me here,
Their loss to mourn—friends early gone,
Who sometimes still seem lingering near,
With welcome smiles and words of cheer,
To greet the heart forlorn.

And tho' my withering heart
May cease to throb with feeling free,
When all the joys of youth depart,
The past will live to form a part
In lengthening memory.

Truth.

Truth in its highest form is indispensable to a man, considered as a moral being, and is above all expediency, all accidental consequences. The light we most need is light from heaven; for what is unaided reason but a benighted traveller across the tomb of earth wherein it scatters a little dust? The first poverty, and the deepest is the poverty of truth, as the first of riches is wealth of wisdom in the soul.

When a man has recognized his highest need, and has been enriched with truth he should not exchange his fortune for all the opulence of earth.

As sure as God is holy, and the human soul immortal, there can be no evil so great as spiritual ignorance, and no peril so great as duty evaded or postponed. It is false mercy to allow a poisonous dish to remain at a feast, because nutricious viands are connected therewith, let the noxious ingredients be removed, that while the palate is gratified, life may not be destroyed.

In every age men have arisen who in the benign influence of their lives, proved that sincerity is the element of greatest power and the most divine. Such, to adduce another instance, was Milton. With Bacon he believed that "Truth, though hewn, like the body of Osiris into a thousand pieces, and scattered to the four winds, shall be gathered limb to limb, and moulded, with every joint and member into an immortal feature of loveliness and perfection." Not the slightest doubt seems ever to have passed over his mind, of the worth, might, and ultimate triumph of truth. With a lofty indignation he scorned all aids to her cause, but such as were derived from God's good spirit, and man's free mind "For who knows not," says he, "that truth is strong, next to the Almighty; she needs no polices, nor stratagems, nor licensing, to make her victorious; those are the shifts and defences that error uses against her power. Give her but room, and do not bind her when she speaks not true, as the old Proetus did who spake oracles only when he was caught and bound."—*Magoon.*

LIGHT OF ETERNITY.—What scenes does eternity present!—the years of life past—early connections dissolved—the secrets of all hearts laid open—souls saved or lost—Christ a frowning Judge or a welcome Saviour—all mistakes and errors in religion at end—every false foundation undermined—a world in flames and consumed as though it had never been—time itself no more—eternal ages on ages rolling on in ceaseless bliss or woe.—Who is sufficient to speak, even, on these things!—*Christian Almanac.*

A BRIEF ARGUMENT.—*Bad* men or *devils* would not have written the Bible, for it condemns them and their works.—*Good* men or *angels* could not have written it, for in saying it was from God, when it was but their own invention, they would have been guilty of falschood, and thus would not have been *good.* The only one who could have written it, is its real author, *God himself.*

KNOWLEDGE.—The excellent [illegible] being asked his opinion [illegible] "When I was [illegible] things; there [illegible] I am sure [illegible] sinner [illegible] is an all-[illegible] sum of [illegible] taught [illegible]

PRACTICAL FARMING.

Scions—When to Cut Them.

Any healthy piece of limb, from one third to one-fourth of an inch in diameter, with two or three buds, *is a proper scion,* no matter what may be its age, and if skillfully inserted in a healthy stock, will assuredly succeed and grow.

Stocks should resemble the scion as nearly as may be in their nature. They should be healthy, and never more than two and a half inches in diameter, and the smaller the better.

As soon as the leaves fall, scions may be cut, and from that period till the leaf buds again, swell in the spring. After cutting the scion, unless it be wanted for immediate use, place it beyond the too free contact of light and air. When they are selected in the fall and winter, place them in a box filled with sand, rather moist but not *wet,* and put the box in the cellar where there is no frost. In this way scions will keep perfectly good for months. As our farmers frequently perform journeys during the winter, it would be well for such of them as are desirous of enriching their fruit gardens and orchards with rare and choice varieties, to bear in mind the foregoing suggestions. By a little inquiry one may often procure valuable accessions to this important department, and at small expense. It is sometimes extremely difficult to obtain good scions at the season when they are wanted for setting, and many are induced to neglect the business altogether, or to defer it from year to year, simply in consequence of this inability. In my opinion there is nothing which adds more to the desirableness and *actual value* of a first rate farm or "homestead," than a good fruit orchard. It is in the capability of every person, whether rich or poor, to produce at least a part of the fruit required for domestic use; and there is a pleasure in partaking of the fruits grown by one's own hands, which we rarely experience in that we purchase with our money.

Curing Beef and Pork.

At the request of a number of subscribers, we republish, for the fourth or fifth time, our mode of curing beef and pork, which has been used so generally in this community, and which we believe to be the very best now in use. It is this:—To one gallon of water, take one and a half pounds of salt, half a pound of sugar, and half an ounce of saltpetre. In this ratio the pickle to be increased to any quantity desired. Let them be boiled together, until all the dirt from the sugar, (which will not be a little,) rises to the top and is skimmed off. Then throw it into a tub to cool, and when *perfectly cool,* pour it over your beef or pork, to remain the usual time, say four or five weeks.—The meat must be well covered with pickle, and should not be put down for at least two days after killing, during which time it should be slightly sprinkled with powdered saltpetre.

P. S. Several of our friends have omitted the boiling of the pickle, and found it to answer equally as well. It will not answer *quite* so well, however. By boiling pickle, you *purify* it—for the amount of dirt which is thrown off by the operation, from the salt and sugar, would surprise one not acquainted with the fact.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

Keep Good Animals.—Poor animals are a moth to the farmer. They are a more serious detriment to him than rust, or blight, or mildew. A poor cow, that yields but a trifle of milk, and looks like the lean kine of the Egyptian king, costs more, per anum, than a good one that will yield her ten or twenty quarts of milk daily, and keep herself in plight for the shambles while doing it. Some of the fine cows, kept in the States of Massachusetts, New York and Pennsylvania, cost their owners less any year, than the rough skinned, scraggy limbed skeletons of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. It is good policy to buy the best of animals only, in selecting dairy stock. By obtaining good animals, and carefully regulating the process of breeding, aided by careful attention, one may secure great profits, and at small expense.

The Queen Bee.—It is well known by apiarians, that bees will not swarm without a queen goes with the new colony.—In order to prevent swarms going to the woods, some experienced bee keepers watch for the queen, and when she comes out of the hive, cut one of her wings, which prevents her from flying. The bees will generally make a "pitch" near the hive, when the queen may be secured, and with the young swarm, placed in a new hive.

Cider.— Take a pint of pulverized charcoal, and put it in a small bag; then put it in a barrel of new cider, and the cider will never ferment—never contain any intoxicating quality; and the longer it is kept the better, and more palatable it becomes.

Pennsylvania Public Works.

The Harrisburg *Keystone* has the following statement of the revenue from our State works:

"We learn that the actual receipts at the State Treasury from the 1st December, 1848, to the 1st December, 1849, on account of Canal and Railroad tolls, are $1,628,860 13
From the same source the preceding year, 1,550,555 03

Increase for the year, $78,305 10

The estimated amount by the late State Treasurer, Mr. Plumer, for the year just closed, was $1,650,000. The receipts have therefore fallen below the estimate $21,139 87. This deficiency was occasioned by the long continued dry weather and a consequent want of water both in the Ohio river and in the Canal. Had it not been for this, the receipts would have exceeded the estimate.

Sartain's Union Magazine.
The Acknowledged Blackwood of America.
PROSPECTUS FOR 1850.

The publishers of Sartain's Magazine of Literature and Art, announce to the reading public, that whilst their Magazine for 1849 is acknowledged to be superior in every respect to any other published in the country, they have made arrangements whereby the Magazine for the next year will excel all its former issues.

The Literary department will remain under the control of its present able Editors, Prof. JOHN S. HART, of Philadelphia, and Mrs. CAROLINE KIRKLAND, of New York, who, besides articles from their own pens every month, have secured contributions from the best authors in Europe and America.

Mr. SARTAIN has entire control of the Pictorial Department, and beside embellishments from his own burin, he will be assisted by some of the best Artists in this country.

TERMS:

Siegle Copies 25 cents.
One Copy $3 per annum, and a primium of either a portrait of the late ex-Presidents J. K. Polk, W. H. Harrison, group of the Washington Family, Benj. West, or Henry Clay. Either of these engravings is alone worth $3.
Two Copies $5 per annum, and either of the above premiums to each subscriber.
Five Copies $10 per annum, and an extra Magazine and one of the premiums to the agent or person getting up the Club.

Having made an arrangement with the publishers for copies of the celebrated mezzotinto Picture, "The Death-Bed of John Wesley," we make the following

Liberal Offer!

One Copy of the Magazine one year, and the Wesley Print, $3, or 20 copies of the Wesley Print, and nine copies of Sartain's Union Magazine for $30.

Remember, the impressions are not from a worn-out English plate, but from a new plate engraved in the highest style of the art. Those sending their money early will get proof impressions.

OFFER EXTRAORDINARY!

Any new subscriber, sending us Five Dollars prior to the 1st of February, 1850, shall receive in return full sets of Sartain's Magazine for 1849 and 1850, and two volumes of Campbell's Foreign Monthly Magazine, and the Washington or Taylor print, thus securing upwards of 3000 pages of literary matter, and upwards of 400 engravings for $5.

The post town sending the largest number of mail subscribers for the eyar 1850, prior to the 1st of April next, together with the advance payment, will be entitled, gratis, to the same number of Sartain's Magazine, for the year 1851. For the second largest list each subscriber will be entitled to one of our premium plates. Remember, these plates are of a large size, and suitable for a parlor ornament.

Persons wishing to get up a club, will be supplied with a specimen number, by writing for it, and paying the postage.—Terms invariably in advance. Address
JOHN SARTAIN & Co.
Philadelphia.

ROBERT MANLEY,
CABINET AND CHAIR MAKER.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Clearfield county, that he has commenced the above named business, in the shop formerly occupied by J. L. Cuttle, esq and respectfully solicits a share of public patronage—He flatters himself that he can furnish work to all persons who may be pleased to call, to their entire satisfaction. He will keep on hand

Cabinet-work and Windsor Chairs

of every description Upholstered chairs made to order.

ALSO, Dentist, Invalid, and Chamber Chairs—Chair Beds and Bed Chairs.

☞ The Bed Chair can be converted from the Arm chair to a complete bed in two minutes and also will fold to the small compass that can be carried under the arm. It is particularly suitable for Military officers and Professional gentlemen

N. B.—Coffins made in the neatest manner and on the shortest notice.

ROBERT MANLEY
Clearfield, July 23, 1849—6m

NEW CABINET & CHAIR Manufactory.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has commenced the above mentioned business, in all its various branches, in the borough of Clearfield, directly opposite the Methodist Church, where he is prepared to manufacture

CABINET-WARE AND CHAIRS

in the most durable manner. He hopes by strict attention to business, to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

☞ COFFINS made to order on the shortest notice.

J. C. CAMPBELL.
Clearfield, June 18, 1849.

NEW GOODS
At the Cheapest Corner.

THE Subscriber has just received, at his old stand, a fresh supply of FALL and WINTER GOODS, consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Tinware, a large lot of *READY MADE CLOTHING,* Sole and Upper Leather, Hardware, Iron & Nails, Hats, Caps and Bonnets, a very large and good lot of Boots and Shoes, *Salt*—Ground Alum & Western, Drugs, Paints and Dye-stuffs, Buffalo Robes, Cedarware, Saddlery—*ALSO,* Cook and Nine plate stoves,

All of which will be sold low for CASH or in exchange for Country Produce. Call and look at our stock.
JOHN PATTON.
Curwensville, Oct. 23, '49.

4 Pieces heavy cloth for Over coating, for sale by BIGLER & co.

6 Pair Blankets for Over coats—new style, for sale cheap at BIGLER & co's.

6 Pieces Black Blue and Brown cloth for Dress coats, for sale by BIGLER & co.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK FOR 1850.

THE OLDEST MAGAZINE IN AMERICA.

In 1849, the Lady's Book gave 916 pages—which is 116 more than one, and 148 more than the other Philadelphia monthly. He gave 281 engravings—among which were 20 colored, and 93 full page—which is 136 more than one, and 180 more than the other.

Most of the old features of the Book that were so popular last year, will be retained, and new ones added as they may suggest themselves to the publisher.

A New Novel, by W. Gilmore Simms, will be one of the features for 1850.

We have long stood at the head of the Magazine world for our contributions; they are always moral and instructive, and such as may be placed before a family without hesitation. This department is under the control of Mrs. SARAH J. HALE, whose name alone is sufficient guarantee for the propriety of the Lady's Book.

We have much more than fulfilled all our promises, and enter upon the year with a new one, which to those who know us—and who does not?—will believe.—Godey's Lady's Book for 1850 shall surpass that for 1849, and exceed all magazines past, present and to come.

TERMS CASH IN ADVANCE.

One Copy one year $3, with any two of the following splendid premium plates:—"Death-Bed of Rev. John Wesley," "Wesley Preaching in the Gwenap Amphitheatre," "America Guided by Wisdom," 'General Taylor and Old Whitey,' 'Likeness of Rev. John Wesley,' 'Do. of his colaborer, Rev. John Fletcher,'—the last two, though separate engravings, we count only as one premium.

Two copies for $5, and any two of the above prints to each subscriber.

Five copies for $10, and an extra copy of the Book, and any two of the above engravings to the person sending the club.

Eleven copies for $20, and an extra copy of the Book, and any three of the above engravings to the person sending the club.

Any person sending $5 in advance, subscription for 1850 and 51, will be entitled to any four of the above engravings.

For $20 in advance, ten copies of the Lady's Book will be sent, and a copy of either of the above magnificent prints sent to each subscriber.

For $30, we will send ten copies of the Book, and thirty of any of the above engravings.

Single numbers of the Lady's Book 25 cents.

The above are large-sized parlor prints, and cannot be purchased at the stores at less than three dollars each.

The town sending us the largest number of mail subscribers for 1850, will be entitled to the Lady's Book for 1851 gratis; and the next in number, each subscriber shall receive any one of the above plates. Address L. A. GODEY,
113 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

SCROFULA

If thousands of Cures of Scrofula, Cancer, Syphilis and other impure diseases of the Blood, and of the very SMALL QUANTITY which has been sold for the purpose of final proof in the Mail, are which has ever been found conquered such Diseases—then there is unquestionable evidence that—

BRANT'S INDIAN PURIFYING EXTRACT

is such a Medicine, in every respect; and there is abundant proof, in *great cures* effected, that ONE BOTTLE of it contains *more* purifying, healing virtue and *medical power,* than there is contained in *Four Bottles* of any *sarsaparilla,* or any *other medicine* that has ever been offered for sale. There is undoubted proof in our pamphlets, that by the use of this *great Indian Purifier,* they that were DYING got WELL—they that were LAME and CRIPPLED can now WALK—they that were SICK, SCROFULOUS, and otherwise diseased, have been HEALED and CURED

Hundreds—Thousands—

who have used BRANT'S PURIFIER, after having used and tested ALL the *sarsaparillas* and other medicines recommended to cure blood diseases, have *decided* that—

Brant's is the Cheapest,

because *One Bottle* of it has *more* medical, curative power in it, and, in consequence, cures *more disease* in much *less time,* than *one bottle* of any other medicine.

If, then, *ONE Bottle* of BRANT'S PURIFIER will cure *FOUR TIMES* more disease than *one bottle* of *sarsaparilla,* "BRANT'S PURIFIER" would be *as cheap* at *four dollars* a bottle, as *sarsaparilla* at *one dollar.* But BRANT'S PURIFIER is sold for only ONE DOLLAR a bottle; and as a bottle of it *has* cured, and is *capable* of curing, *Four Times* as much disease as *one bottle* of *sarsaparilla,* therefore, sarsaparilla, in consequence of its *less* power and *less* medical efficacy, should be sold at *no more* than *Twenty Five Cents* per bottle, to be as *cheap* as the Purifier at *One Dollar.*

One Dollar's Worth!

How much CANCER—how much SCROFULA—how much SCROFULA—will *One Dollar's worth* of *Brant's PURIFIER* cure! Read the following statement, which is a specimen of its power.

CANCEROUS SCROFULA!

This is the case of a *Dying man* who *yet lives.* He was *cured* of a worse case of Scrofula, by only *Twelve Bottles* of Brant's Purifier, than ever was cured by the use of *Twelve Gallons* of the *best sarsaparilla* that was ever made. Sarsaparilla has not *sufficient medical power* to effect the cure of such a *revoltingly hideous* case.

Mr. J. B. HASKIN, of *Rome, Oneida Co., N. Y.,* had *Scrofula four years*—was confined to his bed the *last year*—he was so much diseased and debilitated as to be unable to raise his hand to his head. He had the *best* medical advice—had used *all* of the *best sarsaparillas* to no good effect—got *worse* and *worse,* and was considered to be in a *Dying State,* and could not live *twenty-four hours* longer, when he commenced using BRANT'S PURIFIER. His *neck* was *eaten nearly off,* from *ear to ear—a hole* was eaten through his *windpipe,* under his chin, so that he breathed through the hole—his *ear* was so eaten around that it could be *lifted* up out of its place, it only holding by a *small* piece—the use of *one arm* was *destroyed* by two Ulcers—an *Ulcer* under the arm, as large as a man's *hand,* had nearly *eaten* through his side *into his body.* Thus, he was afflicted with *Twenty such putrid, acrid, offensive Ulcers,* on various parts of his person. For further and full particulars, see our *Pamphlets.*

Doct. THOMAS WILLIAMS, one of the most skilful physicians of Rome, was called to see Haskin the *day before* he commenced using *Brant's Purifier.* Doct. W. examined him, and then told him that *all* the *medicines* in the *world* could *not cure* him—that his case was

Worse than Hopeless!

Now hear Mr. HASKIN'S statement of cure. He said: My wife procured one bottle of *BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT*—THAT BOTTLE enabled me *to get off my bed*—the SECOND bottle enabled me to *get out of the house*—the THIRD enabled me to *walk two miles,* and when I had finished using *Nine Bottles,* SEVENTEEN out of *Twenty Ulcers* had HEALED UP, and *three bottles* more effected a perfect cure and restored me to *good health.*

FOURTEEN WITNESSES!

The above facts are certified to by DOCTOR T. WILLIAMS, Mr. G. R. BROWN, of *West Rome Hotel,* Messrs. BISSELL & LEONARD, Druggists, and ELEVEN other *respectable witnesses* at Rome.

AGENTS.

E. & W. F. IRWIN, *Clearfield*
ISAAC SMITH, *Curwinsville,*
S. & F. K. ARNOLD, *Luthersburg.*
C. R. EARLEY, *Ridgeway.*
J. L. LINDERMUTH, *Caledonia.*
D. S. DEARING, *Brookville.*
Nov 30, 1849—1y

CIRCULAR.

To Clergymen, Post-masters, Teachers of Sabbath-Scools, Book Agents, Students, and Heads of Families.

Agents wanted in every section of the U. S. to sell.

Sear's Pictoral Family Annual;

AN ILLUSTRATED WORK, comprising a fine series of embellishments with interesting descriptions in one handsome large Octavo of about 400 pages, elegantly bound in gilt, and lettered in the most finished style of modern book making

Price only Two Dollars.

This splendid volume comprises within itself a complete Library of Useful and Entertaining Knowledge, condensed in form, familiar in style, copious in information, embracing an extensive range of subjects. The engravings (over 200 in number) are strictly illustrative, being representations of actual Scenery, Costumes, Manners, Monuments &c. &c.

☞ On examination the above work will be pronounced by every intelligent person under whose observation it may come as one of the most suitable presents for a father to present to his family, as regards both the quality and number of its embellishments and the pure character of its contents. In preparing every article for its pages the greatest caution has been used to admit nothing but of an improving and instructive character.

To men of enterprise and tact this work also offers an opportunity for profitable employment seldom to be met with. There is not a town in the Union where a right, honest and well-disposed person can fail selling from 50 to 200 volumes according to the population.

All persons wishing sample copies to examine or procure subscribers with, can receive 1 or more, substantially bound in paper covers*—the postage not exceeding 30 cents on each volume so forwarded—on the receipt of ONE DOLLAR. In this way, no matter where a person resides, if only within the reach of a Post Office, he can obtain a copy of the FAMILY ANNUAL.

☞ Persons in the country wishing to act as Agents may obtain all the requisite information by addressing the subscriber. To secure attention to any communication they must be postpaid. In writing, let each person mention his Post Office County and State.

ROBERT SEARS, Publisher,
No 128 Nassau st., N. Y.

*NOTE.—The only kind we are allowed to forward under the Post Office Law.

To publishers of Newspapers throughout the United States.

. Newspapers copying this advertisement, entire, well displayed, as above, without any alteration or abridgement (including this notice) and giving it four inside insertions, shall receive a copy of the ANNUAL (subject to their order,) by sending direct to the publisher. Oct 12.

Fresh Goods.

THE subscribers are now opening at their old stand, in the borough of Clearfield, the best assorted lot of

SEASONABLE GOODS

Which they have ever had, embracing almost every variety of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Cedarware, Tinware, Drugs, Patent Medicines, Dye-stuffs, and Oils.

They have also a good assortment of

Made-Up Clothing;

Together with Salt by the barrel or bushel, honey, sheet-iron, stoves, and stove-pipe, nails, Carpenter-tools, and a general assortment of cuttlery. ALSO, Boots and shoes of every variety, hats, caps, hoods and bonnets—cottan laps, cotton chain and carpet-yarn.

RAFT ROPES

of all sizes; Cart-Whips, Sleigh-whips, Halters and Trace Chains, together with many other articles too tedious to mention, all of which they offer to their customers at fair prices for CASH, country produce or Lumber.

LEONARD & MOORE.
Nov 7 1849

Whole Sale Grocery.

MARKET & CANAL ST., HARRISBURG, PA.

J. & E. C. EBY always keep a large assortment of Groceries which they can sell as low as they can be purchased in the Western cities. We would name

200 Bags Rio Coffee.
100 do Laguira do
20 Hhds. Porto Rico Sugar.
20 do N. Orleans do
30 do S. H. and Syrup Molas.
30 Chests Imperial and Y. H. Tea
1000 Sacks Ground Alum Salt.
500 barrels Mackarel and Shad.
500 kegs Nails and spikes.
2000 lbs. Bacon sides and should.

ALSO—White Lead Oil, Ropes, Boots & Shoes and all the leading articles in trade. Merchants and Lumbermen would do well to call and see prices.

☞ Lumber and Iron taken for goods.
Harrisburg Nov. 14, 1849.—3m

RED & BROWN PILLS.

AGENTS for the sale of Dr. E. Green's Red and Brown Pills in Clearfield county.

Richard Shaw, Clearfield.
Bigler & Co. do
John Patton, Curwensville.
J. L. Barrett, Clearfield Bridge.
Thomas McGhee, McGhees Mill.
David Kinport, Cherry Tree.
P. W. Barrett, Luthersburg.
Clark Patchin, Girard township.
Levi Lutz, Frenchville.
James McMurray, Burnside township.
Jas. McGirk, Philipsburg, Centre co.
June 19, 1849.

Estate of Susannah Widemire, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of Susannah Widemire, late of Penn township, Clearfield county, deceased—all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

SAMUEL WIDEMIRE, Ad'mr.
Nov. 22, 1849.

PHILIPSBURG & SUSQUEHANNA TURNPIKE.

AT a meeting of the Managers of the Philipsburg and Susquehanna Turnpike road company, held November 27, 1849, a dividend of Three Dollars per Share, was declared, free of State tax, payable on demand to the Stockholders, or their legal representatives.

WM. BAGGSHAW, Trs'r.
Philipsburg, Nov. 28, 1849—pd

BLANKS for sale here.

MONOPOLY

IN retailing GOODS and how cheap in Curwensville—for although not situated at a Corner, whence he might ostentatiously parade before the public the hollow and deceptive boast of having the

"CHEAPEST CORNER,"

persons who may favor

ISAAC SMITH

With a call will be agreeably surprised by the discovery that all kinds of merchandise have greatly FALLEN in PRICE in this place since he has returned from Philadelphia. He has of the very best quality, every thing likely to be in demand in this community in the way of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps & Bonnets, Hardware, Cutlery, Crockery, Glass, and Queensware, Nails, Books and Stationary, Oils and Paints, Cotton Yarns, Ready-made Clothing, (too cheap to say any thing about it,) Fish and Salt, etc., etc., with many miscellaneous and fancy articles.

☞ Produce at market prices will be taken in exchange for goods—such as grain, lumber, rags, leather, bees-wax, tallow, Flax-seed, etc., etc. *Cash* will not be refused, and if any gentleman or lady has a lot of "the root of all evil, which he or she wishes to dispose of, the greatest bargains may be obtained at the store of the subscriber.

ISAAC SMITH.
Curwensville, October 26, 1849.

$25 REWARD.

WAS lost, on Saturday evening last, between the residence of the subscriber in Pike tp. and the borough of Clearfield, a large

Calfskin Pocket Book,

pretty well worn, containing

160 Dollars,

Four $20 bills on the Farmers' & Mechanics' Bank of Reading, one $20 bill on the Mifflintown Bank, and SIX Ten dollar gold pieces (eagles.) Also, two receipts for $2 50 each. The subscribers name is written on the outside and inside of said Pocket Book.

The above reward will be given to any person finding and returning the said property.

HUGH W. MULLIN.
Nov. 6, 1849.

SPRUCE CREEK and PHILIPSBURG TURNPIKE.

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the Spruce Creek and Philipsburg Turnpike Road Company, are hereby notified—That an election will be held at the public house of James Chamberlain, in the town of Warriorsmark, Huntingdon county, on Friday the 21st day of December next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, a. m. and 4 p. m., to elect by ballot one president, one Treasurer, and five Managers, to conduct the affairs of said turnpike road company.

By order of the Commissioners.
E. F. PATTON,
Secretary pro tem.
Warriorsmark town, Nov 21 1849.

New Goods.

RICHARD SHAW

WOULD respectfully announce to his old customers and the public generally, that he has just received and is now opening at his old stand a large and splendid assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS,

Consisting in part of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Tinware, Queensware, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps and Bonnets, Drugs, Nails and Glass, Spanish Sole-leather, Brass Clocks, Confectionary, etc., etc.,

Together with a number of articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be sold low for Cash or exchange for country produce.

Nov. 8—tf

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale his excellent farm, containing

100 Acres,

situate in Karthaus township, Clearfield county, about three miles from Karthaus. FIFTY acres of which is cleared and in good order, and properly fenced with good fences. The improvements are a new

PLANK HOUSE, A *FRAME LOG BARN,*

and a young and thrifty APPLE ORCHARD, and is well supplied with good springs of water.

The above farm will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply to the subscriber on the premises.

MICHAEL EISENMANN.
October 16, 1849—6m.

Estate of Jonathan R. Ames, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the subscribers on the estate of Jonathan R. Ames, late of Jordan township, Clearfield county, dec'd—all persons having claims or demands against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement, and all persons indebted to the same are requested to make payment without delay.

ANN AMES,
JOHN J. WELCH, } Ad'ms.
Oct. 31, 1849—19, pd

Taken up.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber in Bogg township, Clearfield county, some time in the last week of August last, a BRINDLE HEIFFER, supposed to be a year old last spring. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

JOHN STITES.
December 4, 1849.

TO THE PUBLIC.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Henry Hegarty of Woodward township, Clearfield county, is duly appointed my agent, and all persons indebted to me by Notes or Book account, without respect to persons, are required to pay the same to the said Hegarty, or to the subscriber, and to no other person, on or before the week of the next February court. Any money paid to Richard or James Phillips, on my account, after this date, will not be accepted

WM. PHILLIPS.
Nov. 24, 1849.

QUITE a large lot of Stove Pipe, of different sizes for sale by

R. SHAW.
Nov. 15.