

THE DOLLAR.

Clearfield, Pa., Oct. 6, 1849.

The Trial of Allman.

We have at last commenced the publication of the evidence in this highly interesting trial for murder. It will be completed in three numbers of our paper, as we give about one-third of it this week, or perhaps a little more.

We do not pretend to give all that the witnesses said—for that would occupy double the space—but the most material parts; and generally in the exact words as given to the court and jury. To enable the reader—those who were not present at the trial—to clearly understand the statements of the witnesses, and to give their evidence its full weight, the very excellent charge of the court, as delivered by Judge Westward, in which he reviewed the whole testimony, would be highly advantageous. We have addressed a note to the Judge, requesting a copy for publication, to follow the evidence. If he complies with our request we will endeavor to include it also in the three numbers.

EXTRA COPIES.

We have thought of printing a few copies of the evidence in the trial of Allman, including the charge of the court, provided a sufficient number could be sold to warrant the expense. Orders should be sent during the next week. Price 10 cents per copy: 12 copies for \$1—30 copies for \$2.

Election Returns.

Our friends throughout this county are very careless about sending us the result of the election in their respective townships. Since the election on Tuesday last we have seen men from almost every district in the county, scarcely one of whom could give us a word of information. Our friends in the East depend upon us for early news, and if election officers, as soon as the result in their district was known, would take a little pains to send us a line, all would be accommodated. This is Friday morning, and we have news from a greater proportion of the State than our own county.

Another Jail Delivery.

On last Saturday night our county jail was safely delivered of its two remaining tenants—for whose apprehension a reward of \$30 is offered by the keeper. They effected their escape by first removing the iron bars that secure the oak plank then removed the plank, and quarried a hole through the wall and escaped. The scene of operation was in one of the cells in the second story. One had served his time (one month) and only escaped to get rid of his fine of \$25. The other had only two months longer to stay.

ELECTION RETURNS.

The Late Election.

The late election in this county was only remarkable for its quietness. The Democrats appear to be in fine spirits with the result, although their candidate for County Treasurer is defeated by Mr. Bell, the whig candidate. The poll was a very small one, yet Mr. GAMBLE, the democratic candidate for Canal Commissioner, it is thought, will have a majority of 400 or perhaps 450.

For Assembly, MEER and HEMPHILL will have nearly the same as Canal Commissioner. For Sheriff, ALEX. CALDWELL's majority will be still larger.

For County Commissioner and Auditor, SAMUEL WAY and CHRISTOPHER KRATZER, are elected without opposition.

The following is the result for Canal Commissioner, as far as heard from in this county:

Table with 3 columns: Name, Gamble, Fuller. Rows include Clearfield township, Lawrence township, Bradford, Morris, Pike, Boggs.

The following returns we take chiefly from a slip from the office of the Harrisburg Union, printed on Wednesday afternoon. By it we also learn that the Democrats have gained 4 Senators, which secures them a majority in both branches of the Legislature; and further, that the Independent ticket for Mayor and City Council have been elected in Philadelphia.

Table with 3 columns: Name, Gamble, Fuller. Rows include Clearfield, Cumberland, Blair, Rucks, Chester, Delaware, Allegheny, Centre, Westmoreland, Berks, Dauphin, York, Schuylkill, Lancaster.

Table with 2 columns: Name, Votes. Rows include Millin, Jefferson, Juniata.

Maryland Election.

The election in Maryland was held on Wednesday of last week, for members of Congress and State Legislature. The result is pretty well ascertained to be for Congress three Whigs and three Democrats, making a Democratic gain of one member. In two districts the Whig candidates had no opposition. The Whigs have a majority in both branches of the Legislature, which secures the election of a Whig U. S. Senator.

Table with 3 columns: Name, Votes. Rows include Hammond, (d) Gray, (w) Balt. city, 5 wards, Carroll county, Howard district.

In the fourth district, composed of fifteen wards of the city of Baltimore, the aggregate vote is as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Name, Votes. Rows include R. McLane, (dem.), J. R. Kenly, (whig).

McLane's majority, 901

Georgia Election.

The election was held in Georgia on Monday of last week, for Governor and members of the State Legislature—and not for members of Congress, as we erroneously stated last week. Sufficient returns have been received to render it certain that Lewis, the democratic candidate, is elected Governor by from three to four thousand majority; and also, that the Democrats will have a majority on joint ballot, if not in both branches of the State Legislature.

FOR THE COUNTRY DOLLAR.

A Lecture and Prediction on the present System of nominating candidates for County Offices.

Messrs. Editors:—I have often been asked why I opposed the present mode of nominating candidates for County Offices, and not having reconciled my mind to answer such long questions in haste, I have frequently answered abruptly. Therefore I have considered it my duty to give my reasons to the public. In the first place, then, it opens a door for a combination. The thick settled townships, with the addition of their towns—say Lawrence and the borough—with Pike & Brady, gave 400 at the late primary election, which is more than all the rest gave for Assembly. Now, nominate one for Assembly in any one of these townships, and another for some other office in another, then say "help us and we will help you." What remedy has all the other townships? When all put together they cannot equal those three. If they feel a little doubtful they will propose another candidate in some other township in order to create a division. I ask again, what remedy has all the other townships? At the last primary election these three townships had 400 for Assembly, and all the rest 278, exclusive of Bradford, and with Bradford, which gave 81, made 359, which subtracted, leaves 50 majority for the three townships. This leads to favoritism. Besides there is no opportunity of consulting each other, so as to effect a compromise for the good of the people; but a few can carry their plan to success, which is aristocracy. Now, if this plan is good, why do not the States nominate in this way? We try to send our wisest men to the legislature. Why have they not seen these good things? I will answer, it is because they hate aristocracy.

Another reason for not approving of this system is, that it always comes in a busy time. Farmers, who do not want office, will not leave their work; but towns people, who do want office, are always there, and can turn out to a man, and more too; besides, they can cheat, and do too, for they let whigs vote in our township. All of these things work together in the minds of the people and they become disheartened, careless, split up and divided. Those that do not vote, think themselves not bound to stick to the nomination, because they have had no hand in making it, and they feel, like our forefathers felt under the Colonies of England when the Parliament enacted their laws and had heavy taxes and burdens upon them without giving them a representation. Such injustice will not lay still. You will say we may have a hand in it if we please. Why do we not? I answer, voting and having a hand in making nominations are two things. When we know we cannot succeed, why will we mock the thing? Now, gentlemen, as to my predictions: I will give them to you as follows: In the first place, this system in the course of four years, will make this county a whig county. Because, when the people are not satisfied with the nomination they will not stick together. You will see the consequence at the next election. Our township has been remarkably for its

unanimity. This system has begun to divide them. The whigs are pleased with it, and it will increase unless some means are adopted to harmonize and unite us together. We know that in "union there is strength." And again, you all know Crawford county used to give a democratic majority. Now you will see that the whigs have the lead there. So it will be here.

M. THOMPSON.

A Capital Letter.

Foreign Correspondence of the Pennsylvania. PARIS, 20th September, 1849. The unwritten history of the Hungarian war surpasses any feat of arms of ancient or modern times. Gen. Bem with eight hundred Hungarians attacked eight thousand Russians in an entrenched camp; & after losing eighty of his eighty-four pieces of artillery, with his four remaining pieces retook the lost guns, killed and wounded half of the Russian forces, and took fifty pieces of cannon.

I am having a succinct account of the Hungarian struggle prepared for you, which I had hoped to have ready for this steamer. I shall certainly forward it by the next, and as it will emanate from the very highest source, I know it will be read with thrilling interest throughout the country.

You will see much in the papers about the Roman question; and the prevailing opinion is, that Louis Napoleon will recede from his letter; but I assure you that I have the highest evidence that he will not. The Pope must come to the French, of the French will continue to occupy Rome; and it will not be very long before they annex it, by the popular vote of Rome.

Common has not surrendered, and will not—they have an abundance of ammunition for six years, and plenty of provisions for one. The Austrians will have to keep up the sieging party to at least one hundred thousand men, or be in danger of annihilation.

IKossuth shall be fortunate as to get here, he will immediately go to the United States, accompanied by his Ministers at Constantinople, England and France.

Two war steamers, such as the Georgia and Ohio, will be quite sufficient to drive the Austrians out of the Mediterranean. Will not the Republic of the United States raise the money?

Who is Great?—The greatest man is he who chooses the right with invincible resolution, who resists the sarcest temptations from within and without, who bears the heaviest burdens cheerfully, who is calmest in storms and most fearless under menace and frowns; whose reliance on truth, on virtue, on God, is most unflinching.

DEATH OF EDGAR A. POE.—We regret to learn that Edgar A. Poe, Esq., the distinguished American poet, scholar and critic, died in Baltimore on Sunday morning, after an illness of four or five days. This announcement, coming so sudden and unexpected, will cause poignant regret among all who admire genius, and have sympathy for the frailties too often attending it. Mr. Poe was a native of Maryland, though reared by a foster-father at Richmond, Va., where he spent some time on a visit. He was in the 38th year of his age.

MARRIED.—On Thursday the 27th ult., by D. Dressler, esq., Mr. DAVID HAYES, of Luthersburg, to Miss CECILIA MOORE, of Union-township.

On the 30th ult., by Rev. J. K. Morris, Mr. THOMAS C. DAVIS, of Jordan township, Clearfield county, to Miss REBECCA KOOSRAT, of Indiana county.

TO CURE A COLD OR COUGH. The Editor of the Baltimore Farmer says:—The best remedy he ever tried in his family for a cough or cold is a decoction of the leaves of the Pine Tree sweet-woods, and two or three drops of oil of turpentine, and continuing on it all day. If the decoction of the leaves of the Pine tree is not at hand, a decoction of the leaves of the sweet-woods, with a little oil of turpentine, will do the same.

A CHILD BOILED TO DEATH.—The following horrible occurrence is related in a Kent, (English) paper: An idiot boy came by his death in a horrible manner at the Stroud Union Workhouse. The attendants had put him in a warm bath, by order of the medical officer, and at the same time their attention was engaged in restraining a refractory lunatic, and assisting a cholera patient, who had just been brought in. The boy screamed violently, but no notice was taken of him, as it was his practice to do so, and it never occurred to the attendants that the water was too hot, as a woman had just previously used the bath. It turned out, however, that the steam by which the bath was warmed had been turned on from the moment the woman quit, and the poor boy was literally boiled to death!

Cholera in Europe.—The Cholera has extended itself to many parts of France, and has also made its appearance in Switzerland. The disease prevails in Paris, but not to any great extent. It has now raged there during a period of six months, and has carried off eighteen thousand six hundred and eleven persons, which exceeds by two hundred deaths from the disease in 1832.

A good house keeper will always read the newspapers, particularly the "Country Dollar."

FROM THE PLAINS.—A letter in the St. Louis Republican, dated Fort Leavenworth Sept. 10th, furnishes the annexed:

Maj. Carleton has just returned from his expedition to the Kansas, in search of the Snags who murdered the Pawnee girl at Iowa Point. He brought five of them prisoners.

Col. Mackay and Captain Easton, who have just returned from Fort Leavenworth, relate that recently while they, in company with several other gentlemen, were travelling to Fort Leavenworth with a box of money containing a few thousand dollars destined for Fort Kearney, the sergeant commanding the escort getting wind of the money, plotted with the ten dragoons under his command to kill the gentlemen at night while asleep, and seize the money. Before the time arrived, however, one of the conspirators repented and divulged the plot. All the men were called up and questioned concerning the affair, and the Colonel being satisfied that no second attempt would be made when they found the plot was discovered, took no further notice of the affair until they reached this place. The sergeant is now under arrest, and the whole affair will be investigated very soon.

Breakfast of the night of the 6th inst. two men named BERNAS COLEMAN & SAMUEL MILLER. Said Coleman is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, stout built, light hair, and fair complexion; his clothes were a frack coat and pants of steel mixed sumbry cloth, and black hat with black lining, and about 32 years of age. Miller was about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, slender built, very black bushy hair and eyes, and had on a black frack coat and pants, and black hat.

\$200 REWARD. Brought on the above reward will be given for the apprehension and judgment of Coleman in any of the adjoining counties, or his delivery to the subscriber, and the balance (\$10) for Miller. H. B. BEISSEL, Keeper. Clearfield, Oct. 9, 1849.

Sheriff's Sale. By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court house in the borough of Clearfield, on Monday the 31 day of December next, a certain lot of land, situate within the corporate limits of the borough of Clearfield, containing five acres and seventy-five perches, bounded on the east by lot No. 14, on the north by lot No. 13, on the west by Fourth street, and on the south by lot No. 13, and known as out lot, lot 14, cleared and with a house & stable thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Robert Collins and JOHN SITES, SAID Sheriff's Office, Clearfield, Oct. 10, 1849.

TURNPIKE NOTICE. The subscribers of the Gen Hope and Little Bald Eagle Turnpike Road company are hereby notified that an election will be held on Monday the 5th day of November next, at the Great Mill of the heirs of Adam Newling, deceased, in Beaman township, in the county of Clearfield, between the hours of 12 and 4 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to elect by ballot one person for President, 5 persons for Managers, and one person for Treasurer (said company for the ensuing year). A. P. OWENS, Pres. Birmingham, O. 9 1849.

Stray Cattle. RAYED away from the subscriber sometime about the 1st of July last SIX head of young cattle—3 two years old, and 3 one year old—2 two year old steers, 1 two year old heifer, and 3 three year old. One was a white and a grey mixed red, 1 was a white on a black, the 2 year old heifer was of a buff color, another white and black spotted another red and some white, and the other a white brindled. Any person giving information where said cattle are, will be liberally rewarded for their trouble, and all reasonable charges for their recovery. October 9, 1849. ABRAHAM BAILY.

CIRCULAR. To Clergymen, Post-masters, Teachers of Sabbath-Schools, Book Agents, Students, and Heads of Families. Agents wanted in every section of the U. S. to sell. See's Pictorial Family Annual; AN ILLUSTRATED WORK, comprising a fine series of engravings with interesting descriptions of one hundred and thirty of the most finished style of modern book making. Price only Two Dollars.

This splendid volume comprises within itself a complete Library of Useful and Entertaining Knowledge, condensed in form, familiar in style, copious in information, embracing an extensive range of subjects. The engravings (over 300 in number) are a truly illustrative, being representations of actual Scenery, Customs, Manners, Monuments, &c. &c.

By an examination of the above work will be produced by every intelligent person under whose observation it may come to one of the most suitable presents for a father to present to his family, and one of the most valuable and interesting of its kind. In preparing every article for its pages, the greatest caution has been used to admit nothing but the most improving and instructive character.

The terms of sale are, and the work alone (after an export duty for affranchissement) will be sent by mail for 30 cents on each volume, or by express, and there is not a word in the volume which is not correct and well-disposed persons can send from 50 to 200 volumes according to the population.

All persons wishing sample copies to examine or purchase subscribers with, can receive 1 or more, gratuitously, and in paper covers—the postage for each volume being 30 cents on each volume, or by express, and there is not a word in the volume which is not correct and well-disposed persons can send from 50 to 200 volumes according to the population.

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FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

W. BIGLER & CO are now just receiving and opening at their old stand, a fresh supply of seasonable goods, consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, a choice variety of trimmings for Ladies' Dresses and Cloaks—also D. C. Fabrics, Dry Staff, Nails, Iron and Glass, with the usual variety of notions. The public are invited to call and examine for themselves. Oct. 9, 1849.

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Notice.

THE Tax payers of Pike Township are hereby notified that the abstracter will attend at the house of John Draucker, in Clearfield, on Monday the 5th day of November, between the hours of 9 and 1 o'clock, for the purpose of receiving taxes assessed for Pike School District for the current year.

All collectors and abstractors are requested to make immediate settlement, and those who have orders on the Treasurer will please present them at once. L. JACKSON CRANE, Tr. Pike School District. October 3, 1849.

PUBLIC VENDUE.

NOTICE is hereby given that there will be a public vendue held at the house of Jacob Maurer, late of Covington township, Clearfield county, on Monday the 25th day of October, consisting of the following property, viz:

One Threshing Machine, 1 Wagon, 1 Sled, 1 Sleigh, 1 Plough, a lot of log chains & traces, lot of pitch forks, 1 coal stove, 5 bedsteads & bedding, 1 desk, 1 large Bull, 1 Cow & calf, 7 hogs, 400 shingles, and other farming utensils too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, when due attendance will be given and terms of sale made known by this advertisement. ROBERT MAURER, SOLOMON MAURER, JACOB MAURER. October 3, 1849.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

Of Valuable Real Estate. In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Clearfield county, will be exposed to public sale on the premises, in Beaman township, on Thursday the 18th day