The Raftsman's Journal, Clearfield, Pa., July 19, 1871.

Raftsman's Journal.

S. J. ROW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA., JULY 19, 1871.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:

Col. DAVID STANTON, of Beaver.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL:

Col. ROBERT B. BEATH, of Schuylkill.

"MULATTO Democracy" is the neat and elegant name coined by the straight-out Democrats for the "new departure" innovation. Ahem!

THE ballot is everywhere protected by the Republicans; but it is debased by the Democracy to the worst uses, and denied to thousands of good citizens.

IT is said that France is actually and seriously agitating armed intervention in favor of the Pope. It cannot be possible that the government has a thought of anything so insane.

THE noble army of Democrats is getting very much confused and mixed in Pennsylvania on the "new departure" movement. However, it is always difficult to execute the order "about face" under fire.

REPUBLICANISM in the United States is the symbol of economy, public faith, and civilization. Its candidates are pledged to all these fundamental ideas, and no citizen who desires to see them maintained will vote against those candidates.

THE Washington *Reporter* says: The average sentiment of the Democracy in this county is the average sentiment of the party throughout the whole Commonwealth. How many members of the organization here subscribe to the declaration of the ninth resolution? We venture to assert not one in a hundred.

THE *Press* says: No event of modern times has so thrilled the popular heart as the attack of the New York mob upon the Protestant Irishmen last Wednesday. In some respects it resembles the indignation that followed the attack upon the old flag at Fort Sumpter in April of 1861. It is the living and the bloody proof of the danger to free institutions of the controlling party in New York.

DEMOCRACY loves the old amendments to the Constitution as little as the new. The first article of amendment to the Constitution provides: "Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech or of the press; *or the right of the people peaceably to assemble and to petition for a redress of grievances.*"

GENERAL M'CANDLESS, Democratic candidate for Auditor General, while on a visit to Norristown a few days since, gave orders to the Democracy there to destroy all their old banners, transparencies, mottoes and devices heretofore used, and new ones be procured. It is said an offer was made to the old "Wide Awake" club for the use of theirs, but was refused.

Oh, where tell me where
Has the "white man's party" gone?

THE Pittsburg *Gazette* says: Allegheny county promises well for Republicanism next fall. The ranks were never more thoroughly united. Nothing exists to mar the harmony of the party, and an old-fashioned majority of ten thousand may be safely counted upon. If our Republican friends in other sections do their share of the work and hold their own, we can safely count on the State being all right for at least twenty thousand majority.

THE effort of the *World* to ridicule the Orangemen and their procession, is a sure index of the thraldrom under which it is weighed down by the mob of New York—that mob which recently made the city wild with their orgies, and caused its streets to run with the blood of freemen. It is the acknowledged head and front of Democracy in the United States, and it bowed before its masters, the scum, and villainy and superstition of the class on whom it depends for the votes to sustain its party.

THE Democrats of the New Hampshire Senate recently filled a vacancy with a man they supposed to be a Labor Reformer and of course prepared to vote the Democratic ticket straight. But it now turns out that he is a Republican, and flatly refuses to give the Democrats any aid or comfort whatever. This brings the parties in the Senate six to six, and the redistricting of the State so as to give the Democrats the next House cannot be effected, nor can they help themselves as heretofore by the ejection of some Republican member. They stand bound, and if the new member proves true, Democratic mischief is checkmated.

THOUSANDS of Democrats, says the *Press*, accustomed to denounce what they call "Radical Rule" stood appalled before the stupendous arrogance of the men who now dominate the Democratic party in New York and aspire to dominate the nation. Grown to colossal dimensions upon the money wrung from an overtaxed and plundered people, these men boldly assail the rights of citizens far better than themselves. Blind to the fact that their guilt only needed such an exposure as this to hurl them into oblivion, they stop at no new outrage. Before such a spectacle all ordinary issues must subside, and American citizens will take their stand under the flag of the only party devoted to order, law, and liberty.

Riot in New York.

Never, since the bloody riots of 1863, has the city of New York been in such a perfect blaze of excitement, as on Wednesday, July 12th. For many days the proposed Orange parade, and the counter "target excursion" of the Irish Catholics, have been almost the sole topics of conversation throughout the city, the opinion being unanimous that a dreadful conflict was inevitable, unless the protection of the police and military authorities were thrown around the Orangemen, the nature and objects of whose Society have been misapprehended in many quarters. It has been customary for the various lodges of the Order to hold an annual parade on the 12th of July, the anniversary of the battle of the Boyne. Last year, during the celebration, it will be remembered, a brutal attack was made upon some members of the Order, their wives and children, by a number of workmen employed on the Boulevard, and receiving pay from the city.

Mayor Hall had issued a proclamation forbidding the procession, but Gov. Hoffman being appealed to issued a proclamation setting forth that all cititizens in this country had the right peaceably to assemble, and that he would give the necessary protection to the Orangemen if they were interfered with.

Early in the morning of the twelfth the Orangemen gathered around their headquarters, corner or Twenty-ninth street and Eighth avenue, from which point the procession was to start, to the number of about two hundred, with a few women. Nearly all the men were armed with revolvers and swords. From this time till ten o'clock the police were bustling about and assembled under their captains to the number of 1,500 and were sent in detachments to the localities where trouble was most likely to occur. At 11:15 A. M., the riot commenced. The mob had collected 3,000 strong at Prince street with an officer at their head brandishing a sword. He swore to his men that they should follow him and he would get them arms. The colonel of the 69th Regiment had his men under arms although not authorized by Gen. Shaler. At noon the 7th Regiment with fixed bayonets, under Gen. Shaler, attacked and dispersed 140 Third street rioters without loss.

The 69th Regiment's armory with a large number of arms was attacked and captured by rioters. The soldiers were ordered to fire on the mob—several bodies of which were perambulating the streets.

At Twenty-sixth street the 9th Regiment charged the mob with fixed bayonets. Several persons were killed and wounded, among them one woman. Colonel Fisk was shot through the ankle.

Between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth streets the mob fired three shots at the procession. The military returned the fire, killing eight and wounding thirteen. Two boys and a lady were shot. Sixteen citizens and three soldiers were killed. Coming down the avenue at the corner of Twenty-third street, the 84th Regiment fired upon the mob, killing and wounding twelve. One policeman was shot dead. The number of killed and wounded is stated at 33 killed and 91 wounded.

This brief account affords but a very faint idea of the real state of affairs and extent of the riot. Want of room compels us to omit details, but there is no question as to the doctrines and teachings which produced the bloodshed and death in New York, on Wednesday, July 12th, 1871. These doctrines are the doctrines of modern Democracy; these teachings are the teachings of the wretched men elected to office by Democratic votes and Democratic frauds. Like the rebellion, they were the seed from which have grown the fearful crops of proscription and murder in the South, and the intolerance, bigotry, and massacre in the North. We are glad to know that Gov. Hoffman's prompt action checked the rioters and saved the lives of many innocent persons. If such lawlessness was left unchecked, who can foretell the result? Who can say, but that the same men who seek by violence to control the destinies of New York city, will not also try to control the destinies of this country by having the National Government subjected to their control by the same desperate means? With the past and present experience before him, who will dare to even intimate that the only safety to our free institutions rests in the people and the Republican party? Let all remember this.

The Ring of True Patriotism.

Hon. John Scott, at present engaged in investigating the outrages and crimes of the Ku Klux in South Carolina, while in Columbia was solicited to make a speech on the 4th of July. At the conclusion of his speech Mr. Scott said:

I trust that what I have said will be received in the kind spirit in which it has been uttered. I have come here in the discharge of an official duty, but I hope and feel in my heart that the time may soon come when every man that lives beneath the flag shall live secure, when we will have more than obedience—*for obedience we are determined to have*—and throughout the length and breadth of this land there will be freedom and security for every American citizen.

These are the words of an honest, upright patriot, and will open the eyes of the Ku Klux madmen to the determination of the government to protect all its citizens thro'out the length and breadth of the country.

THE Germans who have hitherto acted with the Democrats in Ohio are now deserting the sinking ship and declare their purpose to support Noyes and Mueller. The New York *Staats Zeitung*, the leading German Democratic daily in the country, recommends its friends in Ohio to vote the Republican ticket. The Cleveland *Herald* says prominent German Democrats in that city declare their purpose to vote for Noyes and Mueller. The accessions to the Republican vote throughout the State from this source will undoubtedly be large.

HERE is a capital point, well taken, from the *City Item*:

Massachusetts has seventy thousand Republican majority. There, every right is guaranteed.

New York, with seventy thousand Democratic majority, robs and murders those who exercise one of the commonest rights of citizenship.

But the people of Massachusetts can read and write. The seventy thousand in New York are stolidly ignorant. That makes the difference, and the difference does the business for the metropolis.

The storm of last Sunday extended to the Atlantic coast.

Letter from Florence, Kansas.

FLORENCE, KS., July 9th, 1871.

DEAR JOURNAL:—According to request, I will endeavor to give a few words concerning Kansas, for the edification of the readers of the JOURNAL. I have just returned from a trip down the Walnut Valley, to the southern line of the State, having traveled about two hundred miles, and can therefore give a pretty correct statement concerning crops, etc.

This town of Florence, now about three months old, has about 500 to 600 inhabitants, is situated at the confluence of Cottonwood River and Doyle Creek, on the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad, 97 miles south west of Topeka, in Marion county, which is considered one of the best counties in the State for stock raising, and farming combined. The valleys are very fertile, producing as high as 52 bushels of wheat to the acre, several parties this year having harvested 44 bushels per acre, and had bread baked of flour from new wheat on the *fortieth day of June*. Corn this year is doing very well; the crop will average from 40 to 75 bushels per acre on sod-ground. Rye and oats also yield abundantly.

In regard to the drouth, many erroneous impressions exist. According to the statements of old residents, of 14 and 15 years' experience, there have been but two or three very dry summers, and the rest were very good years for crops. The character of the soil is such that if there should be but little rain, it retains its moisture for a very long time, and crops thrive splendidly. This year, according to my own experience, we have had rather too much rain. As to the climate, it is useless to speak, for it is acknowled by all to be the most equable of any portion of our country. During the summer months the sun shines very fervently, in fact, would be almost unbearable, were it not for the cool and refreshing breeze that is almost continually blowing. In the winter months, cattle are herded and *grazed* without shelter, many persons putting up no hay, while others cure from one-fourth to one-half ton per head, no grain of any kind being used.

On what are known as the Osage lands, which lie to the south of us, vast improvements have been made. These lands were brought into market, (subject to pre-emption in tracts not exceeding one hundred and sixty acres, at one dollar and a quarter per acre to *actual* settlers only) about two years since, but in traveling over this vast tract one would imagine it to be an old-settled country. For a distance of sixty miles you will find farms being made on every hand; you can always be in sight of a settlement, and in some localities, you can see from sixty to one hundred farm houses dotted over the prairie. Many have their farms fenced, and many others are fencing, while some sow their seed without any protection from stock, save that afforded by herding. Quite a number of towns have sprung up, which contain from 100 to 800 inhabitants, and where settlers can buy goods as cheap as in the Eastern States. The people are from every State in the *Union*, and are perfect representatives of American life and energy; they are intelligent, industrious, and endowed with any quantity of "push," and are determined that with the superior advantages Kansas has, it shall not be many years before she stands, not only *as one* of the first, but the *very first* State in the Union, for agricultural purposes.

Many broad acres are yet awaiting claimants, and now is the time for all who are desirous of changing locations, to come to Kansas, and take your choice of farms. Another year's immigration like the present, will render it difficult to find choice farms at the disposal of Uncle Sam.

Lest I become tedious, I will reserve further remarks for a future communication, should this one be deemed worthy of insertion in the columns of the JOURNAL.

CHARLIE.

News From Other Counties.

ELK COUNTY.—On July 5th, Jas. Toms, of St. Mary's, was knocked down by a train of cars, which passed over one of his legs, mangling it so badly that amputation was necessary. . . . On July 8th, a man named Robert Welch, an employee of the Benzinger Coal and Iron Company, at St. Mary's, while eating his dinner was taken with apoplexy, from which he died in a few minutes. . . . The house of Mr. Wilmarth, of Wilmarth, was destroyed by fire on the night of July 4th, caused by a fire cracker.

BLAIR COUNTY.—Stephen Rush, of Tyrone, got drunk last week, and in attempting to get aboard a moving train got his foot on the track, the train passing over it crushing it badly. . . . On the night of July 4th a party of drunken men entered the saloon of John Devine, in Altoona, for the purpose of drinking some beer, and while there got into quarrel with Devine. During the melee some pistol shots were fired, one of which took effect in the thigh of Devine, and another pierced the left breast of his father, aged about 60 years, who had come to his assistance, killing him instantly. A man named Chas. Wright is charged with the murder and is now in confinement.

THE New York *Herald* says that some twenty thousand men paraded on St. Patrick's Day. They were not molested. Some fifty or sixty thousand men paraded on the German Peace Celebration. They were not molested. Some thousands of negroes paraded in honor of the emancipation of the slaves. They were not molested. Four or five thousand Orangemen wish to parade in New York. If they do they are to be molested. Is this American?

NEWSPAPER CHANGE.—The Somerset *Standard* has been purchased by the "Somerset Printing Company," composed of F. Stutzman, G. W. Kimmel, S. C. Postlethwaite, and Ed. Scull, and merged in the *Herald*. John I. Scull will be business manager. Ed. Scull, Esq., will, we presume, conduct the editorial department. It is a live and interesting paper, and worthy a liberal support from the Republicans of Somerset county.

A Little of Everything.

Vegetables are in demand.

Subscribe for the JOURNAL.

The jail is going up rapidly.

The infants divinity—wean-us.

A little rum often makes a big rumpus.

The worst pill in the box—the new tinker.

Eggs are pretty plenty, and the price good.

Accounts of 4th of July fires are numerous.

Green corn is now sought after by epicures.

Get your job work done at the JOURNAL office.

Williamsport is to have a Hebrew synagogue.

Potatoes are in demand, and sell at high prices.

Wisconsin abolished grand juries on the first of July.

All the Literary Wecklies are to be had at the postoffice.

The river continues low. So does our pile of greenbacks.

The First Presbyterian Church of Carlisle is 112 years old.

Gaulin's new building, on Market street is progressing finely.

One Indian In Oregon was civilized—he nanged himself for love.

When Missouri doctors disagree they shoot one another in the neck.

The present harvest in France will fall below the annual average.

A fire in Marietta on Saturday a-week destroyed twenty buildings.

Letter headings and envelopes printed cheap at the JOURNAL office.

Read the new advertisements. They are of interest to everybody.

Ducks are death on potato bugs. This is no "quack" prescription.

A few fresh peaches have already made their appearance in Clearfield.

What has become of the waterworks project? Hope it has not died out.

The flower thieves of Altoona appear to have migrated to Williamsport.

Two horses were struck by lightning on Sunday a-week in Williamsport.

Bills are plenty in our pockets. Would like to get rid of them. Who next?

The Elk *Advocate* says that "Huckle-berries" are selling at 15 cents per quart.

A sharp earthquake shock was felt at Visalia, California, on Wednesday of last week.

25,000 blank cards on hand at the JOURNAL office. Who wants the next lot printed?

Temperance, with an "in" before it, seems to be in a healthy state of progressiveness.

The days and weather will begin going to the dogs on July 17th. Which is why we remark.

Camp meetings will soon be fairly inaugurated of which the season will be exceedingly prolific.

Candidates for office cannot do much in the electioneering line during such weather as this.

Things that are never hurt by falling—prices. They fall so slow that they will never get smashed.

Running off with another man's wife is called larceny in St. Louis. Petty (coat) larceny, probably.

Minute, three wheeled, doll baby perambulators are the latest rage among little girls in Clearfield.

Spurgeon thinks that some ministers would make good martyrs—they are so dry they would burn well.

The L. C. & S. C. R. R from Tyrone to Lewisburg is to be a narrow gauge road—three feet 6 inches wide.

The homeliest young men in town can be found loafing on the street corners every evening, from 7 to 11 o'clock.

The Connecticut House of Representatives, by a vote of 120 to 57, Thursday last, passed a general railroad law.

We are glad for the popularity of our friend Job that he had not to live in these days of superlative hotness.

Poor way to build a house—carrying brick in the hat. We saw a chap try it the other day, but he didn't succeed very well.

Greeley recently wrote an article headed "Write me a letter from home," but the printer set it up "Riding the elephant home."

The books of the Internal Revenue office at Washington, show that the orders for lager beer stamps average forty thousand per day.

Amusing—to see a chap carrying a heavy top load, while he is under the impression that others think he never tastes a drop. Ahem!

They talk of passing a law in some of the New England States compelling every man to go to the polls and vote. What next from that quarter?

The Young America's in some of our neighboring towns, have organized societies for teaching good manners. Clearfield sprouts, please notice.

A chap in Fremont, Ohio, paid off sixty dollars of the national debt, by hanging his vest, containing that amount too near a burning brush heap.

"They say" is the biggest kind of a humbug, and slanders more people through ignorance and thoughtlessness than a wish to destroy their good name.

The allowance of a West Point Cadet in the summer is twenty pairs of white pants a week, with five other extra pairs in his trunk in case of muddy weather.

Thomas Lincoln, the youngest son of the late President Lincoln, died in Chicago on the 15th inst. His disease was dropsy of the heart. His eighteenth birthday occurred in May.

Arkansas is fearfully excited over a large hole. A tract of about 100 acres of Clinton mountain has sunk, carrying big trees entirely out of sight, and the hole continues to enlarge its borders.

A love-sick youth who was singing, "I'm lonely to-night, love, without you," under his fair one's window, had a little more company than he wanted when the old man set the dogs on him.

The latest parody on "Mary's little lamb:"

"Mary had a little corn,
Upon her little toe,
And everywhere that Mary went
This corn was sure to go."

An exchange says: "One of the prettiest sights the human eye ever rested upon is gold in a liquid state." The human eye in this vicinity would be satisfied if it could see any of the metal in a solid state.

The "hoop-skirt" that was dropped on Second street, one day last week was not stolen, as many of the spectators believed, neither had it ever been worn. It had just been taken for fun, you know—nothing more.

Sly drinking is the meanest of all kinds of drinking. When young men profess to be members in good standing of temperance organizations, it does not look well to see them slyly obtaining pitchers of beer from neighboring saloons.

The mudholes, in our allys, emit perfume abundantly, but it does not smell as sweet as otto of roses. The borough dads ought to be compelled to sit alongside of one for about three hours each day, until they would realize the nastiness of the scent. Their removal would be the result.

Articles of ladies dress do not look well on gentlemen, as a general thing, but we must say that a certain "legal gentleman wandering along the banks of the 'placid' Susquehanna, on a moonlight night, with a thin, white shawl thrown over his shoulders, made a picture worthy the pencil of a Central Park artist."

HISTORY OF THE WAR IN EUROPE.—The recent war between Germany and France aroused so much interest on the part of our people, that it was generally supposed at the time, that the earliest and best history of that great struggle, would be from the pen of an American author. The National Publishing Co., of Philadelphia, have just issued a very complete and valuable history, bearing the above title. It is from the pen of Mr. James D. McCabe, Jr., and is a handsomely bound volume of 800 octavo pages, illustrated with 150 maps, portraits, battle scenes, views of prominent localities, etc. It is written in a bold, vigorous style, and will, unquestionably, take rank as the standard history of the struggle by an American writer. Mr. McCabe, has evidently studied his subject deeply, for he writes as an historian, and not as a politician, as one who places facts on record for the verdict of future ages, and not as one who seeks to win the favor of either the Germans or the French of to-day. The great charm of the work is its impartiality, its absolute fidelity to truth. His book facinates while it instructs, for it tells in graphic and eloquent language, the most wonderful story of modern times. He traces the causes of the war from their origin down to the beginning of hostilities; set forth the diplomatic history of the prelude to the war, with clearness; and states forcibly, and in detail the causes of the triumph of Germany and the failure of France. The low price at which the book is issued, brings it within the reach of all, and no one wishing to keep abreast of the times should fail to read it. It is published in both English and German, sold by subscription only, and agents are wanted in every county.

MANY Democrats are in a quandary to know which party—the Republican or Democratic—they belong to, since their State Convention adopted the Republican platform. The Republican, of course.

New Advertisements.

Advertisements set up in large type, or out of plain style, will be charged double usual rates. No cuts

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 37 Park Row, New York, and GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., 40 Park Row, New York, are the sole agents for the JOURNAL in that city, and are authorized to contract for inserting advertisements for us at our lowest cash rates. Advertisers in that city are requested to leave their favors with either of the above houses.

A. E. KAPP & CO.,
DEALERS IN
OAK, PINE AND HEMLOCK BILL TIMBER.
AMOS E. KAPP,
HENRY FRICK,
JAS. H. JENKINS } Address
J. H. JENKINS,
July 19,'71-tf. Northumberland, Pa.

LEONARD HOUSE,
CLEARFIELD, PA.
The undersigned has taken the above named Hotel, and respectfully solicits a share of patronage. Its close proximity to the Depot makes this House a desirable stopping place for the traveling public.
July 19, 1871. S. B. ROW.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way meddling with two gray HORSES, one red COW, one red and white COW, and two yearling CALVES, now in possession of Hiram Passmore, of Ferguson township, as they belong to me and are subject to my order at any time.
Jy 19,'71-3t D. L. FERGUSON.

FOR SALE.

The undersigned offer for sale the following valuable property, to wit: Lot No 13, in the general plan of the town of Houtzdale, Woodward township, Clearfield county, being 50 feet front on Iannah street by 150 feet deep on Spruce st, and nearly opposite the Penn'a Railroad Depot. Erected thereon is a good new two-story frame house, 18 by 26 feet, with a well finished basement, and a spring of never failing water at the door. Also, erected thereon a one and a-half story frame house, 16 by 24 feet, and a good barn, 16 by 26 feet—all in good repair. The property is well calculated for a Hotel. For particulars as to the location of the property, and terms of sale, inquire of IRVIN & KREBS,
Jy 19,'71-6t. Clearfield, Pa.

MISS H. S. SWAN'S, *School for Girls*, Clearfield, Pa.
The Fall Term of Fourteen weeks will commence on Monday, September 4th, 1871.

TERMS OF TUITION.

Reading, Orthography, Writing, Primary Arithmetic and Primary Geography, per term (of 14 weeks).	$7 00
History, Local and Descriptive Geography with Map Drawing, Grammar, Mental and Written Arithmetic,	9 00
Botany, Geology, Physiology, Natural Philosophy, Physical Geography, Algebra, Rhetoric, Etymology and Latin,	12 00
Oil Painting, (24 lessons),	12 00
Monochromatic Drawing,	10 00
Crayon,	6 00
Pencil Drawing, (no extra charge).	
Instrumental Music, (30 lessons).	10 00
Wax Flowers and Fruits, with materials, at teacher's charges.	

For full particulars send for Circular.
Clearfield, August 7, 1870-1y

PROPOSED AMENDMENT to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.
Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Be it Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be proposed to the people for their adoption or rejection, pursuant to the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to wit:

AMENDMENT.

Strike out the Sixth Section of the Sixth Article of the Constitution, and insert in lieu thereof the following:

"A State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at such times and for such term of service as shall be prescribed by law."

JAMES H. WEBB,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
WM. A. WALLACE,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the fifteenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.
JOHN W. GEARY.

Prepared and certified for publication pursuant to the Tenth Article of the Constitution.
F. JORDAN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
Office Secretary of the Commonwealth,
Harrisburg, July 5, 1871-Jy 19.

SACKETT & SCHRYVER,
DEALERS IN
BUILDING HARDWARE,
and Manufacturers of
TIN, COPPER and SHEET IRON WARE
SECOND STREET, CLEARFIELD, PA.

Carpenters and Builders will do well to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

STOVES.

We are now selling the celebrated TIMES and RELIANCE COOK STOVES, the cheapest and best in the market. Every stove warranted.

Also, Heating, Parlor and Rafting Stoves, which will be sold as cheap as any in the county.

Special attention paid to ordering goods for parties who desire it.

ROOFING, SPOUTING and JOB WORK done on reasonable terms.
July 12, 1871

DRIED FRUIT, at reduced prices, at
May 12,'69. MOSSOP'S.

TO CONTRACTORS.—Proposals will be received by the Directors of Knox School District, up to Saturday, July 22d, 1871, for the building of a School House, at New Millport. Specifications can be seen by applying to P. A. Rowles, President, or to the undersigned.
Jy 12,'71-2t. H. J. SLOPPY, Sec'y.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way meddling with One Bay Horse, One Sorrel Horse and Two Sets of Harness, now in possession of John M. Test, as they belong to me and have only been left with said Test on loan, subject to my order at any time.
Osceola, Jy 12, 71-3t. J. C. HENDERSON.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way meddling with a certain BAY HORSE, now in possession of Wm. W. Timblin, of Penn township, as the same belongs to me and is only left with said Timblin on loan, and subject to my order at any time.
July 12,'71-3tp. CHAS. CLEAVER.

ATTENTION CUSTOMERS. — Having determined to engage in other business, it is necessary to settle up with those in arrears for Blacksmithing. For this purpose I have left my book accounts with L. F. Irvin, Esq., for collection, of which all persons interested will take notice, and call and settle immediately.
July 12,'71-3t. AMOS KENNARD

ESTRAY.—Came trespassing on the premises of the undersigned, in Beccaria township, Clearfield county, two CALVES about one year old, one a black-brown steer with white spot in face; the other a heifer, with red back and legs, belly and face white. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away, or they will be sold according to law.
July 12,'71-3t. HOWARD WELD.

LOST—on Saturday, July 8th, 1871, between Curwensville and the Clearfield Railroad depot, a Black Morocco Covered, Wool-pediars Pass-book, with initial letter pages, and containing a number of book accounts; a cedar pencil sticking in the side, and the name of James G. Hill written in the front. The finder will be suitably rewarded upon returning the same to the undersigned, or by leaving it at the JOURNAL office, or giving such information as will lead to its recovery. JAS. G. HILL,
THOS. HILL,
Jy 12, 1871-3tp. Curwensville.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Clearfield county, the undersigned, Administrator, &c., of Michael Eason, late of Centre township, dec'd, will sell at public sale, at the public house of Milo Hoyt, in the Borough of Osceola, on

Thursday, August 3d, 1871,

all that certain house and lot of ground, situate on the East side of Blanchard street, in said Borough, and known in the general plot thereof as lot No 197. The improvements consist of a two-story frame house, stable and other outbuildings.

TERMS.—One-half cash on confirmation of sale, and the balance, with interest, in one year thereafter, the latter payment to be secured by bond and mortgage on the property.
Jy 12,'71-ts. AUSTIN KERIN, Adm'r.

PRIVATE OR PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The subscriber will offer at public sale, at his residence, at 2 o'clock, p. m., on

Thursday, August 24, 1871,

(If not sooner sold), his entire property, situated in Union township, Clearfield county, Pa., consisting of 309 acres and 6 per cent. allowance, of the best of Farm, Timber and Coal Lands, in 3 surveys, lying in one body; will sell either seperate, or together, at reasonable rates. The improvements are as follows: About 110 acres cleared and under good cultivation, with four dwelling houses, three barns, one saw mill, and other out buildings, and three first-rate orchards of choice fruit trees, and the best of running water near the houses. The balance of these lands timbered with Pine, Hemlock and other timber, sufficient to cut about five million feet of lumber. For a mineral property this is the best in this part of the country, consisting of Iron Ore, Limestone and Stonecoal, of the best quality, and in large veins, easily mined and convenient to the railroads now under way of building.

For particulars call on the subscriber, or address him at Rockton, Clearfield county, Pa.
June 21. JOHN DRESSLER.

TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned would inform farmers and others in want of Improved Agricultural Implements, that he is the Agent for the best machinery in the country. He has

WALTER A WOODS' MOWER,

which took the First Prize at the Paris Exposition, in 1867, when Sixteen of the best Mowing Machines in Europe and America were on trial. I will warrant this machine to give satisfaction, and give time for trial, when, if it does not work as recommended, I will take it back.

Stoners and Hagerstown

HAY RAKES,

two of the best in the market—have never been equalled by any other rakes.

Two styles of

HAY FORKS,

NELLIS' AND SPROUTS, the best forks manufactured.

Ellis & Hoffman's one-horse

THRESHING MACHINES,

which will thresh from one hundred to two hundred bushels of grain in a day. They do more work than most of the two horse machines now in the market.

BUCKEYE GRAIN DRILL,
STONER FANNING MILL, best in market,
FEED CUTTERS, of all kinds,
HICKOCK CIDER MILLS,
DOG POWERS for Churns,

and all other kinds of Agricultural Implements. Call at Brown & Bro's Meat Market, Second St., Clearfield, Pa., where all desired information can be obtained.
Jy 12, 1871. M. G. BROWN, Agent.

HALL'S
VEGETABLE SICILIAN
Hair Renewer.

Every year increases the popularity of this valuable Hair Preparation; which is due to merit alone. We can assure our old patrons that it is kept fully up to its high standard; and it is the only reliable and perfected preparation for restoring GRAY OR FADED HAIR to its youthful color, making it soft, lustrous and silken. The scalp, by its use, becomes white and clean. It removes all eruptions and dandruff, and, by its tonic properties, prevents the hair from falling out, as it stimulates and nourishes the hair-glands. By its use, the hair grows thicker and stronger. In baldness, it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, and will create a new growth, except in extreme old age. It is the most economical Hair Dressing ever used, as it requires fewer applications, and gives the hair a splendid glossy appearance. A. A. Hayes, M. D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure, and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines.

Price One Dollar.

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE
FOR THE WHISKERS.

As our Renewer in many cases requires too long a time, and too much care, to restore gray or faded whiskers, we have prepared this dye, in *one preparation*; which will quickly and effectually accomplish this result. It is easily applied, and produces a color which will neither rub nor wash off. Sold by all Druggists. Price Fifty Cents.

MANUFACTURED BY
R. P. HALL & CO.,
Jy 12. Nashua, N. H. '71-1y.

SARATOGA and BEDFORD WATER, for sale
June 28-3m HARTSWICK & IRWIN.

BOOK LOST.—The person who carried off (no doubt by mistake), the day-book of the undersigned from the office of Wm Porter Esq., in Clearfield, will have the kindness to return the same without further delay. Any information regarding the book will be duly acknowledged.
July 12 '71-3tp JACOB BARGER.

NEW FIRM!

The firm of C. Kratzer in the Dry Goods and Provision business will be known hereafter under the name of

KRATZER & LYTLE.

Thanking the public for past favors they hope for a continuance of the same.
Clearfield, Feb. 8, 1871.

Co-Partnership in Store.

C. A Rorobaugh having associated with him in the Mercantile business, in Lewisville, Clearfield county, Mr. C. R. McCracken, solicits a continuance of the patronage so generously extended heretofore.

Having just returned from the eastern cities their stock embraces a large and varied assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, and in fact nearly everything usually kept in a country store, which they will sell at prices to suit the times.

Country produce taken in exchange for goods.
C. A. RORABAUGH,
May 18, '70.-tf. C. R. McCRACKEN

SPRING GOODS!

JUST RECEIVING,

Splendid 10 cent Calicoes,
Light Calicoes, Delaines,
Plaids, Shirting checks,
Muslins, White Goods,
Percales, Black Silks,
Japanese Silks, Silk Poplins,
Black Alpacas, Velveteens,
Shawls, Table Linens,
Boys' Cassimeres, &c.

Best Paris Kid Gloves, Blue & Green Kid Gloves,
Heizery, Silk Gloves,
Lace Collars, Hair Switches,
Chignons, Hair Nets,
Corsets, Hoop Skirts,
&c., &c.

Dress Trimmings, Silk Fringes, Satin,
Velvet Ribbons, Buttons, &c., &c.

Trimmed Hats, Ribbons and Millinery Goods.

Unequaled stock of Ladies' and Childrens' Shoes and Gaiters. Mens French Kip and Calf Boots, Calf and Lasting Gaiters.

2,000 pieces Wall Paper, from 6 cts to $1 per bolt.

Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Window Shades, best White Granite Tea Ware, Glass Ware, Table Knives and Forks.

Choice Teas and Coffee and other Groceries, Dried Fruits, Peaches, Prunes, Cherries, Canned Peaches, Tomatoes, Corn, Pickles, &c.

The above, with an immense stock of other goods, have been bought at the lowest cash prices, and are offered at very low rates.

COME AND EXAMINE THEM, WHETHER YOU BUY OR NOT.

J. M. KRATZER,
(*Formerly C. Kratzer & Sons*),
Next door to H. F. Bigler & Co., 2d Street,
CLEARFIELD, PA.
March 15,'71.

FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!!

The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Clearfield county, that he has opened an INSURANCE OFFICE, in Clearfield, Pa., where all may avail themselves of First Class Life and Fire Insurance. The following Companies are represented:

HOME, New York,
NORTH AMERICA, Philadelphia,
FRANKLIN, Philadelphia,
ENTERPRISE, Philadelphia,
HANOVER, New York,
NORTH AMERICAN, New York,
REPUBLIC, New York,
SECURITY, New York,
WYOMING, Wilkesbarre, Pa,
WILLIAMSPORT FIRE, Williamsport, Pa.,
LANCASTER FIRE, Lancaster, Pa.,
ALPS FIRE, Erie, Pa.,
LYCOMING MUTUAL, Muncy, Pa,
GUARDIAN MUTUAL LIFE, New York.

I would warn all to beware of Travelling Agents representing Fire and Life Insurance Companies, as you may easily be deceived, and if you do have a loss, will be unable to find the Agent who insured you, or the Company you are insured in.

WM. TUCKER, Esq., is connected with me in the business, and any business entrusted to him will be promptly attended to.

Office opposite the JOURNAL Office, over Hartswick & Irwin's Drug Store.
Ap 5,'71-y.] JOHN H. FULFORD, Agent.

CLEARFIELD ACADEMY!

A Male and Female High School.

EACH DEPARTMENT DISTINCT AND COMPLETE IN ITSELF.

The Fourth Session of the present Scholastic year, of this Institution, commences on Monday, the 1st day of May, 1871.

Pupils can enter at any time. They will be charged with tuition from the time they enter to the close of the session.

The course of instruction embraces everything included in a thorough, practical and accomplished education of both sexes.

TERMS OF TUITION:

Orthography, Reading, Penmanship, Primary Arithmetic, Primary Geography and Pencil Drawing, per session, (11 weeks).	$5 00
Grammar, Local and Descriptive Geography, Map Drawing, History, Mental and Written Arithmetic, and Pencil Drawing.	$5 00
Algebra, Geometry, Trigonometry, Mensuration, Surveying, Natural and Moral Philosophy, Geology, Physiology, Chemistry, Rhetoric, Physical Geography, Book-keeping, Botany, and Pencil Drawing,	$9 00
Latin, Greek and French, with any of the above branches	$12 00
Pearl or Oriental Painting, 24 lessons,	12 00
Monochromatic Painting, 24 lessons,	10 00
Crayon Drawing, 24 lessons,	10 00
Fancy Hair Work, 24 lessons,	12 00
Tapestry,	8 00
Instrumental Music, 30 lessons,	16 00

☞ No deduction will be made for absence.

☞ Students, from a distance can be accommodated with boarding at low rates.

☞ Any one, not a member of the School, can receive private instructions in any of the ornamental branches.

For further particulars inquire of, or address,
REV. P. L. HARRISON, A. M.
April 26, 1871. Principal.

DRY GOODS—the cheapest in the county, a
May 29, '67. MOSSOP'S

CARBOLIC PLANT PROTECTOR, for sale by
HARTSWICK & IRWIN.