# The Raftsman's Journal, Clearfield, Pa., March 15, 1871.


## Raftsman's Journal.

S. J. ROW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA., MARCH 15, 1871.


Eighteen of the twenty-four Pennsylvania Congressmen are lawyers by profession.

At the election in Poughkeepsie, New York, on March 7th, the Republican candidate for Mayor was elected, with nine hundred of a majority. This is a Republican gain, since the last election for Mayor, of 1,102.

One of the readiest ways of discovering how much truth there is in Democratic prating over love of the Constitution, is the untiring endeavor of Democracy to prevent the enactment of all laws, calculated to enforce the Constitutional Amendments.

Missouri has shown its regard for propriety by sezing upon the lottery dealers within its limits. The lottery business is making such advances just now, that it will be well if several States shall give their attention to that very progressive class of business men.

In Spain the prisons are said to be full of journalists and directors of newspapers hostile to the Goverament. The new King is a thorough Bourbon, so far as the press is concerned. Shouldn't wonder if he would be "Bourboned" out of Spain, one of these days.

It is said of the national debt that $261,355 of it was paid each day during February; $10,880 every hour in February; $181 every minute in February; $3 every second in February. This is what an honest collection of the revenues, faithfully applied, does.

New Jersey proposes to make short work of her debts, including the war debt. This is between $3,000,000, and $4,000,000. The Legislature is inclined to assess a direct tax for the immediate payment of this debt. This done, the people will be clear from State taxation.

The United States frigate Worcester has sailed from Boston, loaded with provisions for the starving French. Very large amounts of money and provisions have been donated to the cause, in various parts of the country. All will be needed, and vastly more than will probably be sent.

A man in the Trenton Legislature has offered a resolution in favor of annexing Staten Island to New Jersey. Whether the island is to be captured and absorbed like Alsace, or brought up like Santo Domingo, is not stated, but it is evident that New Jersey means mischief.

The total appropriations of Congress for 1872 are $163,444,681.62 or $5,593,549.98 in excess of those for 1871, which were $157,851,131.64. The whole increase can be attributed to the new pension laws, which appropriate nearly double that amount, thus showing an actual reduction in the expenses of the departments.

The Saints of Utah have no more power to withstand the magnetic attraction of the yellow gold, than other people. The rich placer, said to have been discovered at Ogden, four miles from Salt Lake City, has almost depopulated that city, and will probably prove more disastrous to the peculiar religion of the Saints, than the United States Courts of law.

Citizens of eight States—Illinois, Iowa, Indiana, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Michigan, Missouri and Kansas, are called to meet in convention at Monmouth, Illinois, on the 5th April, to consider the proposed amendment to the national constitution, "so as to acknowldge Almighty God as the source of all authority and power in civil government, the Lord Jesus Christ as the Governor among nations, and His revealed will as of Supreme authority.

Several propositions, looking to the requirement from life insurance companies of a more adequate deposit for the protection of policy-holders, are before the New York Legislature. The recent failures have given this subject considerable interest, and although one of the exploded companies had a sufficient fund at Albany to reinsure its policies, the other company cannot make its deposit cover more than a fourth of its policy liabilities.

The Governor of Virginia, on Saturday a week, signed the bill chartering the Washington and Richmond Railroad Company, and the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has now a direct and continuous line of railway between all important points on the Southern Atlantic seaboard and the cities of the north and east, and the south a new outlet for its products. The restrictive and barbarous policy of the south has given way to the enterprise and pluck of one great corporation, and we may now expect a new era in railroad management in that section.

The Philadelphia *Press* says: When the great political battle of 1872 comes to be fought, the Republican party will need a more stirring campaign document than its financial record. A reduction of the national debt of $204,754,413 in two years, or at the rate of one hundred millions *per annum*, is indeed a glorious exhibit, but it will not prove a strong enough weapon with which to combat the wily Democrrey. We must have something more stirring, more aggressive. The man of mere dollars and cents is at best but a poor creature, and as it is with men so it is with parties. Who shall first strike the keynote to victory a year hence?

### Hon. H. B. Swoope.

The following article from the Altoona (Democratic) *Sun*, relating to the efficiency of the present U. S. District Attorney in prosecuting offenders against the laws, expresses our views so fully, that we transfer it entire to our columns:

When the appoin ment of this gentleman as U. S. Attorney for the Western District was first announced we took occasion to commend the selection, and among other things remarked that in the discharge of his official duties it would be found that he was no respector of persons when it came to dealing with law-breakers; that rich and poor would fare alike with him; and that, active partisan as he is, any attempt of a criminal to shield himself from punishment by pleading services rendered to his party, would be futile. Mr. Swoope has now held his office for more than a year, sending up more indictment, trying more cases, convicting more criminals, and transacting more business in that Court than all his predecessors for the last twenty years combined. And we are glad to announce that an examination of the records show that our predictions have been verified in every particular. Much of the time of this Court has been taken up with prosecutions of an apparently trifling character, such as that of distillers, brewers, lager beer, cigar and tobacco venders, for failure to comply with the internal revenue laws, in omitting proper stamps, or to pay special tax, or something of that sort—which were all violations of law, and as the law officer of the Government Mr. Swoope but discharged his duty in prosecuting them as fast as they were brought before him in official form. Naturally enough this has made him the victim of censure in certain quarters; but with how much justice good citizens of common sense will have no trouble to decide. And just now quite an effort is being made to get up a feeling against him in the western part of the State. At the recent term of this Court at Pittsburgh, several lawyers, having been returned to the District Attorney, indictments against them for failure to pay the special tax as provided by law, were laid before the grand jury and true bills found in each case. On trial most of them plead guilty, and the others tried and convicted, and all, except one, discharged on the payment of a slight fine, costs, &c. The exception was that of S. D. Rothermal, a member of the bar of Pittsburgh, who, upon being brought before the Court on Friday last, (March 3d,) was sentenced to pay the usual penalty, costs, &c., amounting in all to forty-three dollars, and failing to comply with the sentence was sent to jail. And this is the foundation of the attempted raid upon Mr. Swoope. That it will find no sympathizers among sensible people there can be no doubt. On the contrary, all sensible people must commend him for it. A poor ignorant creature is brought up before the Court and fined fifty or a hundred, or perhaps a thousand dollars for failure to comply with some particular provision of the stamp law, and no person beyond the victim and his family is disturbed in the least. Lawyers, however, cannot plead ignorance, and when convicted of violating the law they, above all other men, are the least entitled to sympathy. If the friends of the lawyers have complaints to make they should complain of the law, not or those whose sworn duty it is to execute the law.

If Mr. Swoope's example was more generally followed it would be much to the benefit of the public. Nothing is more common than the belief that the man with plenty of money, or surrounded with influential friends, can escape the penalties of violated law with impunity. That there is abundant reason for such wide spread belief is but too apparent. There are but few Courts in the Commonwealth whose proceedings do not bear the clearest evidence of this fact, lamentable as it is; and if a new start shall be made, after the manner inaugurated by the Attorney for the Western District, and all violators of the law equally and certainly punished when legally convicted, without regard to their social standing, good citizens will not fail to rejoice and render full credit to the officer to whom it is due.

### A "Flanking" Scheme.

One of our exchanges says that the determination of the General Government to repress illegal voting at all elections whereat Congressmen or other national officers are chosen, has naturally created dismay in the ranks of the New York Democracy. A fair, honest election in that State would consign them to hopeless defeat. Therefore, they cannot abide the thought of such a thing. Already a movement is on foot which the *World* styles "flanking the bayonet election law." This flank movement consists in the introduction of a bill in the Legislature to change the time for holding the annual State elections from November to the first Tuesday in October. The election for President, Vice President, and Members of Congress is left as at present, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November. If the bill passes, and its passage is said to be certain, Tammany can continue to control the State officers, and elect whatever majority in the Legislature is deemed necessary, thus insuring a Democratic United States Senator to succeed Mr. Conkling, whose term expires in 1873. The *Herald*, remarking upon this bill, admits that "the last election we had under Federal supervision was unusualiy fair and orderly," and adds, "this change of the election time will involve a considerable extra outlay that will not find a satisfactory return in the absence of Federal supervisors."

CONTESTED ELECTIONS.—A cotemporary says: "We hope that the next Congress will introduce a reform in the matter of allowing money to contestants to seats in that body as lavishly as has been done. The present Congress has awarded to contestants not less than $77,950, not one of whom had the shadow of a title to the seat he claimed. Besides the direct sum above, there was the indirect one of $26,415 to witnesses, making a total of $104,374 passing to parties who had no legal claims to a dollar. This vicious liberality tends to encourage contestants, and, if persisted in, will annually bring the harpies to Wa-hington with a claim to a seat, to be allowed a liberal sum from the Treasury. Such leaks must be stopped.

Hon. Thomas A. Scott has been elected President of the Union Pacific Railroad. No bteter or wiser selection could have been made. Under his management new life would flow in the veins of that great corporation. It is, however, hardly probable that he will accept the honor, inasmuch as his present duties as an officer of the Pennsylvania road are so onerous and laborious.

Mr. Sumner has not only been displaced from the Chairmanship of the Committee on Foreign relations, but has been dropped from the Committee entirely. Mr. Cameron, of this State, is mentioned as the successor of Mr. Sumner. So says a Washington dispatch.

### A Little of Everything.

Scarce—apples and eggs.

Ditto—greenbacks and greens.

Shad sell for $1 50 at Reading.

Low—the water in the Susquehanna.

Lower—the chap who fell into a mud hole.

Comes—"moving day" on Saturday, this year.

Nearly finished—Hartswick & Irwin's new store room.

Good way to expand your chest—carry a big heart in it.

Nature's hair restorative—cold water, fresh air, and light hats.

To be had—magazines and papers of all kinds, at the Postoffice.

There is a man doing business in Chicago whose name is C. Nobody.

Look out for bad roads about now, and show mercy to your horses.

About—spring birds and raftsmen. A sure sign that winter is over.

St. Clair county, Illinois, is said to contain 4,050,000,606 tons of coal.

A rifle bullet, it is said, will not go through more than thirty sheets of paper.

Senator Sherman subscribed for the first bond in the new loan, and takes No. 1.

San Domingo is said to be a place "Where every prospect pleases, and only man is vile."

King William thinks that the late war "was precipitated by the frivolity of the French.

The average age of the American clergymen who died last year, was sixty-one years.

There are 61,000 clergymen in the United States, whose average pay is about $700 a year.

Mr. Krazitkowicstekietzieciewiskowski proposes to start a Bohemian newspaper in Cleveland, O.

Hot lemonade with fringe—is the new name for the temperance beverage, with a stick in it.

The man who sat down on a paper of carpet nails, said they reminded him of the *income tax*.

The First National Bank of Bangor, Maine, has subscribed for $300,000 of the new Government loan.

Let rabbits alone until the 15th of October, unless you want to invest $5 for each "cotton tail" killed

A gentleman of Denver, Colorado, announces his ability to give "elocution lessons upon the guitar."

Jugged—on Saturday night—the b'hoy who was going to smash the whole town. Fusil oil was the cause.

James M'Cleary, Congressional Representative from the Fourth District of Louisiana, is a native of Pennsylvania.

Wealth, true wealth, is that possession which satisfies the heart. Pleasure and lands may still leave a man miserable.

The Mayor of Reading is after the corner loafers of that city with a sharp stick. Somebody ought to be after them here.

A farmer in Lancaster county, last season, raised 12,398 pounds of tobacco from six acres of land, his crop bringing him $3,099 50.

The frequent and fantastic changes of weather are very trying to the system, and people should be careful both in dress and habits.

A Hartford sign reads thus: "Our entire stock at less than cost. No! humbug." The exclamation point was in the wrong place this time.

A Boston lover of the weed exhibits to his friends a ball of tin foil weighing 13½ pounds, which he says he has "saved" in two years.

Recent sleet storms in the southern portion of Iowa, it is reported, have destroyed the prospect for peaches and cherries the coming season.

Macon, Ga., reports the shock of an earthquake on Thursday morning, 2d inst., about 2 o'clock. It jarred windows and doors, but did no injury.

Give a man brains and riches, and he is a king. Give a man brains without riches, and he is a slave. Give a man riches without brains, and he is a fool.

March has behaved itself remarkably well thus far—better than we have had reason to expect. But its life is long enough to do a deal of mischief yet.

The largest valley in the world is the valley of the Mississippi. It contains 500,000 square miles, and is one of the most fertile and profitable regions on the globe.

The New York *Standard* states that "funeral services will hereafter be performed at the Hudson River Railroad Depot upon the departure of every train."

A fish found in an iron ore mine, at Boyertown, measured ten inches in length. The fish is still alive, and was found 300 feet under the ground, in a spring of water.

"But there hacks are dangerous. We might get the small-pox." "You've no cause to be afraid of my coach, mum, for I've 'ad the 'ind wheel vaccinated, and it took beautiful."

A barrel of pear seeds, recently imported from Germany, weighed eighty-five pounds and contained nearly one million seeds. The cost of the barrel was about $200, U. S. currency.

The lumbermen of Wisconsin have been unsuccessful this season, and are coming out of the woods in large numbers, all hopes of retrieving the winter's misfortunes being at an end.

Our farmers should be on their guard against swindling land agents, many of whom are operating quite extensively in adjoining counties, judging from the statements of our exchanges.

A Mobile paper is indignant at a cotemporary for announcing that "Mobile is the fourth coffee-pot in the country." Investigation proved that "cotton port" was meant, but things got mixed.

An exchange from Michigan is congratulating itself and its readers that a neighbor started a fire with kerosene oil without losing anything but his Sunday clothes, hair, and part of his nose and whiskers.

A Richmond paper says that not less than 20,000 Southerners, many of whom took part in the war on the rebel side, are now residing permanently in New York, and adds that nearly all of them are poor.

The Philadelphia *North American* thinks that the "local option law," localizing temperance, would be seriously felt in the wholesale liquor trade of that city. Undoubtedly; and in other cities as well.

Spring fever has been introduced into this and almost all other communities. In some cases the patients have not recovered from last year's attack; the double dose must be hard to bear, although the malady is not fatal.

There were 118 serious steam boiler explosions in the United States during the year 1870, which resulted in the death of 325 persons, and the wounding of 227 others. This makes a very sad and very criminal aggregate record.

The American House, in Lebanon, Pa., was built in 1771, just one hundred years ago. On one of the stones there is an inscription in German, which, translated, reads, "God bless this house and every person that goes in and out."

A facetious editor in Texas tells his readers that "Brig.-Gen. Senator Reynolds has gone post haste to Washington City to demand the nest conferred upon him by the Radical Legislature," and that he "will doubtless have a happy time in getting the old hen off."

An amusing incident occurred recently at a marriage ceremony in a church over the mountain. An organist was engaged to play a wedding march as the bridal party approached the minister, but nothing was said about what was to be played after the nuptial knot was duly tied, and the waggish organist, much to the chagrin of the bride and groom, struck up, "put me in my little bed." Naughty fellow.

### An Act to establish Graded Schools in Clearfield Borough.

WHEREAS, Legislation is necessary for the purpose of establishing in the borough of Clearfield a system of graded schools, in which the rudiments and lower English branches shall be taught free, and the higher English branches and the languages and classics shall be taught at moderate prices, and in order to secure to the children of all the citizens thereof an academical education if they shall desire it, and to insure the keeping open of the schools the longest period possible in each year consistent with the resources of the taxpayers therein. AND WHEREAS, It is believed that these objects can be obtained by uniting the resources and property of the Clearfield Academy with the resources and management of the common schools in said borough, under an arrangement made by authority of law; therefore

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same.* That the Trustees of the Clearfield Academy be and they are hereby authorized and empowered to sell and convey into the school district of the borough of Clearfield, for the use of the graded school aforesaid, all those certain lots of land in Clearfield on which the said Academy is located, known in the plot of said borough as lots No. 31 and 32, and to assign the same by deed for such consideration as the parties may fix, subject to the express condition that the same shall be used for the purpose of a public or graded school, in which all the English branches, mathematics, and the classics, shall be taught; or, at the option of the parties, the said trustees may execute unto the said school district a mortgage for such sums of money as they may agree upon, binding the premises aforesaid, payable at such times and in such manner, and with such rates of interest, as may be agreed upon; the money arising from said mortgage to be expended in the erection of a school building upon said lots of land by the board hereinafter constituted; and the said trustees and the board of directors of common schools of the borough of Clearfield shall be and they are hereby vested with full power and authority to make and execute the necessary, and to do all other things needful to carry out the purposes of this act.

SECTION 2. That the board of directors of the school district of the borough of Clearfield shall be and they are hereby authorized to sell and convey, either by public or private sale, and for the best price that can be obtained, all those two certain lots in Clearfield on which the school houses now stand, and known in the plot of said borough as lots No. 90 and 96, and to assign the same unto the purchaser or purchasers by deed in fee simple, free and discharged from all trust, lien or incumbrance; and the moneys arising from such sale shall be used under the direction of the board of school directors hereinafter constituted in the erection and completion of the graded school building named in section one of this act.

SECTION 3. That the board of school directors of the borough of Clearfield shall hereafter consist of eight; that the term of office of those now elected shall expire on the second Tuesday of October next, and the qualified electors of said borough shall upon that day elect six persons, citizens and taxpayers thereof, to serve as school directors for two years; they shall be elected upon the principle of the free vote, as defined and fixed in the fourth section of the act to define the limit and to organize the town of Bloomsburg approved March the 4th, *Anno Domini* one thousand eight hundred and seventy; and their treasurer shall be elected at the annual election for school directors to be held in the year *Anno Domini* one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, and every two years thereafter, in the manner aforesaid, and the remaining two members of said board of eight shall be elected on the third Friday in October, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, by the board of trustees of the Clearfield Academy, and every two years thereafter, and they shall hold their offices for two years until their successors are elected; and the said board of school directors shall be taken and deemed to have all the powers and privileges conferred by law upon school directors of common schools, except when such powers and privileges are altered or supplied by this act; and the said board of school directors shall be and they are hereby authorized to proceed to erect upon the lots of land named in the first section of this act a building of the proper size, with the most approved form, and of adequate construction for the accommodations of graded schools aforesaid; and they are hereby authorized and empowered to borrow money to an amount not exceeding ten thousand dollars, at such rates of interest and payable at such time or times as they may fix, and to issue the bonds of the said school district therefor free of tax; which said moneys they shall use exclusively in the erection of the graded school buildings aforesaid.

SECTION 4. The said graded school shall be at all times under the supervision and control of the officers by law vested with the charge of the system of common schools of this Commonwealth, except when otherwise provided by this act, and the same shall be placed by the board of directors under the charge of one principal and such assistants as may be necessary for the teaching of the rudiments of the English language and reading, writing and arithmetic; in the lower branches of said school no charge whatever shall be made, and for the higher branches and the classics and languages the said board may fix the rates therefor, so that in connection with the funds derived from other sources all of the said schools shall be kept in operation if possible during ten months in each year.

SECTION 5. The said trustees of the Clearfield Academy are hereby authorized and empowed to appropriate towards the erection of the graded school building such sums as or amounts of money belonging to the said Academy as they may by resolution fix, or they may loan the same to the said school district of the borough of Clearfield and take such security as they may agree upon, and the interest upon the moneys so loaned shall be annually appropriated towards the maintenance of the graded school aforesaid; or if the moneys be not so appropriated or loaned, then the net annual income thereof shall be applied under the direction of the board, provided for in the third section of this act to the maintenance of the graded schools aforesaid.

Some time since an item was published in the papers that a Mr. Pownall was drowned at Sand Hill, Lewis county, Ky., while being baptized. It seems that this report was incorrect. Mr. Pownall was baptized at that time, but no accident of any kind happened.

APPEARED—the Lewistown *Gazette*, last week, in a six column quarto form; which is to be the style in future, provided the proper encouragement is afforded.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS in Dry Goods, at the Keystone Store, Lock Haven. Save your money by sending your orders to or calling on G. B. Perkins, at the Keystone store, Lock Haven, Pa.

YARD WIDE MUSLIN, for nine cents, at the Keystone, Lock Haven, Pa. Heavier for ten and eleven cents.

SPOOL THREAD, 200 yards, four cents, at the Keystone, Lock Haven.

BLEACHED MUSLIN, yard wide, for ten cents, at the Keystone, Lock Haven,

GOOD PRINTS FOR EIGHT CENTS, good Prints for ten cents, fast color and good styles, at the Keystone, Lock Haven, Pa.

GOOD TOWELING, 6¼ cents and 10 cents, at the Keystone, Lock Haven.

POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS for 5 cents each, at the Keystone, Lock Haven, Pa.

BLACK ALPACA, 20 cents per yard, at the Keystone, Lock Haven, Pa.

A SPLENDID SET OF FURS, for *only five dollars*, at the Keystone, Lock Haven, Pa.

KID GLOVES, only 90 cents, at the Keystone, Lock Haven, Pa. G. B. PERKINS.

BARGAINS IN SILKS, from $1 up, at the Keystone, Lock Haven, Pa.

CARPETS, as low as 25 cents per yard, at the Keystone, Lock Haven.

CITIZENS of Clearfield county—we can make it to your interest to call and see us, at the Keystone store, when visiting Lock Haven, as we are prepared with some of the greatest bargains that were ever offered to the public since the war. We solicit a call and personal examination, for *proof* of what we say in these advertisements.

Respectfully, &c. G. B. PERKINS.

## New Advertisements.

*Advertisements set up in large type, or out of plain style, will be charged double usual rates. No cuts*

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 37 Park Row, New York, and GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., 40 Park Row, New York, are the sole agents for the JOURNAL in that city, and are authorized to contract for inserting advertisements for us at our lowest cash rates. Advertisers in that city are requested to leave their favors with either of the above houses.

J. J. LINGLE, Attorney at Law, Osceola, Clearfield county, Pa. Will practice in the several Courts of Clearfield and Centre counties. All business promptly attended to. [Mar 15'71.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way meddling with a COW, now in possession of Joseph Davolt and which was bought of Nancy Curry, as I hold said cow as security until paid.
Mar. 6-15-3t S. C PATCHIN.

DR. W. C. MOORE, Office, (Drug Store) 120 West Fourth St., Williamsport, Pa. Special attention given to the treatment of all forms of *Chronic and Constitutional Diseases*. Consultation by letter with parties at a distance. Fee $2 00 for first consultation—subsequent advice free. [Mar 15'71-6m

JAMES H. PARKER,
PORK PACKER,
AND DEALER IN
Bacon, Lard, Sugar Cured Hams, Beef, and Cincinnati Lard Oil,
No. 309 Liberty Street.
Mar. 15-4t] PITTSBURGH, PA.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of Rebecca Davis, late of Penn township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement to
ELISHA DAVIS,
JOSEPH DAVIS,
Mar. 15, 1871-6t p. Executors.

## CLEARFIELD ACADEMY!

### A Male and Female High School.

EACH DEPARTMENT DISTINCT AND COMPLETE IN ITSELF.

The Third Session of the present Scholastic year, of this Institution, commenced on Monday, the 13th day of February, 1871

Pupils can enter at any time. They will be charged with tuition from the time they enter to the close of the session.

The course of instruction embraces everything included in a thorough, practical and accomplished education of both sexes

TERMS OF TUITION:

| | |
|---|---|
| Orthography, Reading, Penmanship, Primary Arithmetic, Primary Geography and Pencil Drawing, per session (11 weeks), | $5 00 |
| Grammar, Local and Descriptive Geography, Map Drawing, History, Mental and Written Arithmetic, and Pencil Drawing, | $6 00 |
| Algebra, Geometry, Trigonometry, Mensuration, Surveying, Natural and Moral Philosophy, Geology, Physiology, Chemistry, Rhetoric, Physical Geography, Book-keeping, Botany, and Pencil Drawing, | $9 00 |
| Latin, Greek and French, with any of the above branches, | $12 00 |
| Pearl or Oriental Painting, 24 lessons, | 12 00 |
| Monochromatic Painting, 24 lessons, | 10 00 |
| Crayon Drawing, 24 lessons, | 10 00 |
| Fancy Hair Work, 24 lessons, | 12 00 |
| Tapestry, | 8 00 |
| Instrumental Music, 30 lessons, | 10 00 |

☞ No deduction will be made for absence.

☞ Students, from a distance can be accommodated with boarding at low rates.

☞ Any one, not a member of the School, can receive private instructions in any of the ornamental branches.

For further particulars inquire of, or address,
REV. P. L. HARRISON, A. M.
March 15, 1871. Principal.

REED Brothers REED Brothers REED Brothers REED Brothers
REED **REED BROTHERS,** REED
REED BRO'S REED BR'S REED BRO'S REED

Are receiving this week a large and attractive stock of

FANCY DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS, WHITE GOODS, &c.,

to which the attention of buyers is invited.

SPLENDID PLAID DRESS GOODS,
25 and 30 cents.

SPLENDID BLACK ALPACA,
25 and 30 cents.

SPLEFDID SUMMER SHAWLS,
$2.00, $2.50 and $3.00.

SPLENDID LACE POINTS,
$4.00 and $4.50.

SPLENDID LINEN DAMASK,
45, 50 & 60 cts. per yard.

ELEGANT MARSEILLES QUILTS,
$2.00 and $2 50.

GOOD NAPKINS,
75 cts., 87 cts., $1.00 and $1.25 per dozen.

GOOD TOWELS,
12½ and 18¾ cents each.

GOOD TOWELING,
10 and 12½ cents.

SPLENDID PIQUES,
18, 20, 25 and 31 cents per yard.

GOOD CALICO,
6¼, 7, 8 and 10 cents per yard.

MUSLIN, YARD WIDE,
8 cents yer yard.

HAIR GOODS IN GREAT VARIETY.

CURLS, 35 cents. BEST SWITCHES, 20 cents.

NEW CHIGNONS, VERY CHEAP.

## NEW MILLINERY GOODS!

New Spring Styles of

HATS AND BONNETS!

The choicest line of FLOWERS in the market.

SUNDOWNS, in great variety.

New Styles LADIES' COATS, &c., &c.,

And thousands of other things of which we would like to tell you but for the want of time, being too busy selling goods.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL!

REED BROTHERS,
MARKET ST., CLEARFIELD, PA.

BUTTER, EGGS, WOOL, and all marketable produce taken. March 15, 71.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against taking or buying a certain NOTE, given by me to Nelson Wagoner, dated February 21, 1871, calling for Fifteen Dollars, payable twenty days after date, as I have not received any value for said note and will not pay the same unless compelled by due course of law.
Mar. 6-15-3t JOHN M'CARDELL.

BRICKS.—The Hotchkiss & Buss Patent Improved BRICK MACHINE will make 20,000 Bricks of SUPERIOR QUALITY in a working day, which can be hacked right from the Machine. It is simple and durable, and Bricks can be made by it cheaper than by any other process. For making Drain Tile it is also unrivalled. Machines, State, County and Yard Rights for sale. Address, FERRY FARM BRICK WOKKS, 19 Cliff St., Room 7, New Rork [Mar.15-1m.

BANKING HOUSE OF

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

FOURTH AVENUE AND WOOD STREETS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Financial Agents of the United States.

Having been appointed by the Government, Agents for the placing of the New Loan, we are now ready to receive subscriptions for the Funded Loan of 1880, 1885 and 1900, either in Coin or United States Bonds known as 5-20's. On Bonds sent us by express we allow freight.
Mar. 15,'71-1m. JAS. T. BRADY & CO.

## SPRING GOODS!

JUST RECEIVING,

Splendid 10 cent Calicoes.
Light Calicoes, Delaines,
Plaids, Shirting checks,
Muslins, White Goods,
Percales, Black Silks,
Japanese Silks, Silk Poplins,
Black Alpacas, Velveteens.
Shawls, Table Linens,
Boys' Cassimeres, &c.

Best Paris Kid Gloves, Blue & Green Kid Gloves,
Hosery, Silk Gloves,
Lace Collars, Hair Switches,
Chignons, Hair Nets,
Corsets, Hoop Skirts,
&c., &c.

Dress Trimmings. Silk Fringes, Satin,
Velvet Ribbons, Buttons, &c., &c.

Trimmed Hats, Ribbons and Millinery Goods.

Unequaled stock of Ladies' and Childrens' Shoes and Gaiters, Mens French Kip and Calf Boots, Calf and Lasting Gaiters.

2,000 pieces Wall Paper, from 6 cts to $1 per bolt.

Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Window Shades, best White Granite Tea Ware, Glass Ware, Table Knives and Forks.

Choice Teas and Coffee and other Groceries, Dried Fruits, Peaches, Prunes, Cherries, Canned Peaches, Tomatoes, Corn, Pickles, &c.

The above, with an immense stock of other goods, have been bought at the lowest cash prices, and are offered at very low rates.

COME AND EXAMINE THEM, WHETHER YOU BUY OR NOT.

J. M. KRATZER,
(*Formerly C. Kratzer & Son's*),
Next door to H. F. Bigler & Co., 2d Street,
CLEARFIELD, PA.
March 15,'71.

HOUSE AND LOT
at Private Sale,

In the village of William's Grove, Bigler Station, Tyrone and Clearfield Railroad. House, frame, 18x24 feet, and 2 stories in height, with kitchen attached; frame office, 16x24 feet, suitable for a store room; and also a stable on the property. Lot contains about half an acre. For terms, &c., apply to Dr. F. B. Read, Kylertown, Pa., or the undersigned.
March 8, 1870-3tp. DAN. W. McCURDY, Clearfield, Pa.

## WATCHES AND JEWELRY

I would respectfully announce to citizens of Clearfield and vicinity, that I have removed to the new Mansonic building, first door below the Mansion House, on Second street, with an entire new stock of

WATCHES, CLOCKS,
and Jewelry,

of the latest styles and of the best finish, selected with care. I will have an assortment of all the latest novelties in jewelry, &c. Thankful for your past liberal patronage I hope by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the same.
☞ HAIR JEWELRY MADE TO ORDER.
March 1, 1870-tf. S. J. SNYDER.

## ANNOUNCEMENT.

REED BROTHERS.

I have this day associated with me in the mercantile busines my brother Robert Reed, and the business will be continued under the firm name of "Reed Brothers." We will continue to make the Dry Goods and Notion business a "speciality," and all the newest fabrics and latest novelties in the market will be kept on hand. The Branch Store in Curwensville will be continued, where will be found as choice a line of goods as at the main store in Clearfield. New Spring Goods will be on hand about the 13th of March.
WILLIAM REED.
Clearfield, March 1, 1871. Market street

The book accounts of Wm. Reed will be promptly and immediately settled. WM. REED.
March 8, '71.

HOMES FOR ALL.
IN THE
Land of Flowers and Perpetual Growth.

FLORIDA,
THE ITALY OF AMERICA.

Is not excelled in Climate by any of the United States, and it may be doubted whether it can be equaled in the world

Located on the very borders of the Torrid Zone still her situation between the Gulf of Mexico and the Atlantic ocean is such that she is swept alternately by the winds of the Eastern and Western seas, and relieved from the burning heats which prevail in other Southern States; and thus it happens that by the joint influence of latitude and peculiar location, she is relieved, on the one hand, from the rigors of the Winter climate of the Northern and Middle States, and on the other, from the extreme heat with which not only the Southern States, but in the summer time the Northern States are characterized.

Settlers have not the hardships to undergo that have been the lot of the pioneers who opened up and developed our harsh Northern latitudes. The *entire year is a perpetual season of growth*, able to produce and send to market *all* the productions of the *Tropical* and *Temperate Zones weeks* and *months* in advance of *any other locality, and at a season when all such productions have luxurious, and command the very highest prices;*

THE FLORIDA IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, under the *auspices of the State of Florida*, propose to furnish lands of uniform *good quality*, and upon which can be raised *Vegetables, Fruits, etc.*, common to the more Northern climates, and all the GRAINS, FRUITS and VEGETABLES of the TROPICS.

Such *selected* lands, in the HEALTHIEST part of the STATE, and of the best quality.

The Company have issued a pamphlet of 128 pages, containing full and reliable information concerning Florida, its Climate, Soil, and Productions, with a sketch of its history, which the Company will forward, free of postage, on receipt of 25 cents.

For other information or circular, address or apply to
THE FLORIDA IMPROVEMENT COMPANY,
34 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.

NEW YORK AND FLORIDA COLONY, Partially organized. For full information, circulars, etc., address EDWARD DELOUEST, 82 Nassau street, New York City. P. O. Box 5566.
March 8, 1871-3m.

THE NEW FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.
294 BOWERY **EMPIRE** 294 BOWERY

The extraordinary success of their new and improved manufacturing Machines for light or heavy work has induced the EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE CO. to manufacture a new Family Machine of the same style and construction, with additional ornamentation, making it equal in beauty and finish with other Family Machines, whereas in usefulness it far outstrips all competitors. The price of this now acknowledged necessary article comes within reach of every class, and the Company is prepared to offer the most liberal inducements to buyers, dealers and agents. Every Machine warranted. Apply for circulars and samples to EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, No. 294 Bowery, New York.
March 1, '71.-3m.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been examined and passed by me, and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heirs, legatees, creditors, and all others in anyway interested and will be presented to the next Orphans' Court of Clearfield county, to be held at the Court House, in the Borough of Clearfield commencing on the 3d Monday of March, 1871:

Partial account of Jacob Wise, Administrator of Basil Crowell, late of Graham tp., deceased.

Final account of John Owens, Administrator of Theodore Peoples late of Pike tp., deceased.

Account of G. H. Lytle, Administrator of Thos. Robinson, late of Lumber-city, deceased.

Account of James M'Kee and Mina J. Sloss, Administrators of Jno Sloss, late of Knox tp, dec'd.

Account of Ed. Perks, one of the Executors of Christian Emigh, sr., late of Morris tp., dec'd.

Final account of David Reams, Administrator of Godfrey Weaver, late of Brady twp., deceased.
Feb. 22. A. W. LKE, Register.

LICENSE NOTICE.—The following named persons have filed in the office of the clerk of the court of Quarter Sessions of Clearfield co., their Petitions for Licenses at the March Session, A. D. 1871, agreeably to the Act of Assembly of March 28th, 1866 entitled, "An Act to regulate the state of Intoxicating Liquors," &c:

| | |
|---|---|
| Wm Schwem, | Tavern, Brady township. |
| Georga Knarr. | Tavern, Brady township. |
| D. Johnston & Son, | Tavern, Brady township. |
| E. J Williams, | Tavern, Bradford township. |
| Andrew Glass, | Tavern, Burnside township. |
| John Young, | Tavern, Clearfield Borough. |
| John Dougherty, | Tavern, Clearfield Borough. |
| D Johnston, | Tavern, Clearfield Borough. |
| John Fouts. | Tavern, Curwensville Boro. |
| Lawrence Flood, | Tavern, Covington town'p. |
| Peter Garvier. | Tavern, Covington town'p. |
| Francis Barmoy. | Tavern, Covington town'p. |
| Gougaph Schultz, | Tavern, Covington town'p. |
| John B Bergey, | Tavern, Covington town'p. |
| Elias Walk. | Tavern, Decatur township. |
| W. W. Irwin. | Tavern, Goshen township. |
| Gowen & Turner, | Tavern, Guelich township. |
| Andrew Shoff. | Tavern, Guelich township. |
| William J. Lealy, | Tavern, Huston township. |
| Hiram Straw, | Tavern, Jordan township. |
| Wm Schnarrs. | Tavern, Karthaus town'p. |
| Thomas Mehaffey, | Tavern, N. Washington B. |
| Daniel Cronin. | Tavern, Osceola Borough. |
| John C Henderson, | Tavern, Osceola Borough. |
| James Habersham, | Tavern, Osceola Borough. |
| Thomas F. Bonilich, | Tavern, Osceola Borough. |
| John McGoey, | Tavern, Osceola Borough. |
| Wm. H. Dancer, | Tavern, Osceola Borough. |
| James Fitzsa, | Tavern, Penn township. |
| John Sheeser, | Tavern, Union township. |
| William Parker, | Tavern, Woodward towsp. |
| Charles Keeney, | Tavern, Woodward twp. |
| David Askey. | Tavern, Woodward twp. |
| John Sheurich, | Mercantile Brady township. |
| L. M. Coudriet, | Mercantile, Covington twp |
| Patrick Dunn, | Mercantile, Osceola Borough. |
| James Dunn. | Mercantile, Woodward twp. |
| Catharine Graff, | Restaurant, Curwensville Boro |
| Mary Weaver, | Restaurant, Covington town. |
| Grimshaw Taylor, | Restaurant, Osceola Borough. |
| George Smith, | Restaurant, Woodward twp. |

March 1, 1871. A. C. TATE, Clerk.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue of a writ of *Levarria Fiedias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House in Clearfield Borough, on MONDAY, the 20th DAY OF MARCH, 1871, at 2 o'clock P.M the following described property, to wit:

All those two certain tracts or pieces of land, bounded and described as follows: No. 1 situate in Lawrence township, Clearfield county, Pa., bounded to wit: Beginning at maple, (down,) on the north side of the river; thence up the river, the several courses and distances thereof, 205 perches, to post; thence north 66 degrees west 36 perches to post; thence south 15½ degrees west 11 perches; thence north 61 degrees west 11 perches; thence north 87½ degrees west 54 perches to post; thence north 110 perches to