Raftsman's Journal.



S. J. ROW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA., JAN. 26, 1870.

Gold closed at 1201 in New York, on Saturday last.

Hon. Lot M. Morrill was re elected United States Senator, on Tuesday, January 18th, from Maine.

It is announced that a Mr. Revel, a negro, was elected to the United States Senate from Mississippi, last week.

The Senate bill re-admitting Viginia to the Union, was passed in the House on and Circuit courts in the Western is nearly Monday, by a vote of 135 to 49.

A resolution was introduced into the Pennsylvania Senate, on Thursday last, fixing March 17th, as the day for final adjourn-

They have a smart Democratic organ out in Illinois -- the Clark county Messenger. It nominates Hon. S. S. Marshall for President in 1872. Ot course everybody knows Mr. Marshall.

A morning paper, in its Congressional report, says that "Mr. Pract pared off," There is no Senator who would bear "paring off" any better than Mr. Pratt, whose average averdupois is said to be 350 pounds.

The Woman's Suffrage Convention, in session at Washington, on Thursday last passed a resolution in favor of a Sixteenth or Universal Suffrage amendment to the Constitution. The Democracy should keep can to keep his party in power. But as the a sharp eye "on them chaps," as they are office had to be filled by a radical we sincerely after another amendment.

Mr. Plumb, our Consul General to Cuba, has returned, and gives it as his opinion, that unless the Spaniards succeed in cru-hing the rebellion within three months, the Government will be compelled to recognize the independence of the people. He thinks that the yellow fever will be the best ally of the Cubans next summer.

The ratification of the Fifteenth amendment being a fixed fact, the Democracy are much detested "niggers" by styling them "our colored brothers." Alas, poor Democ- been published in this work. racy! Hast thou so soon forsaken thy first leve-the white man's party-to "amalgamate" with the despised sons of Africa?

The lower branch of the Rhode Island Legislature passed a resolution on Tuesday, January 18th, ratifying the Fifteenth amendment, by a vote of 57 to 9. The Senate passed the resolution last June. Only two more States are wanting to make the amendmore are almost certain of giving their assent.

It is said the Pope is growing tired of the Council, which is not as absolutely under his control as he thought it would be. Over three hundred of the Fathers refused to sign in favor of the dogma of infallibility, and others returned evasive answers-so that, should it eventually be carried in Council, there will be a large minority against it.

The New York gold brokers, who recently on all sales, whether on their own behalf or in the interest of others, have given up the fight against Commissioner Delano, and are prying up the just dues of the Government. By this decision of the Commissioner of In | most fastidious. ternal Revenue, it is estimated that ten miltions of dollars will be added to the Govern-

Kentucky was convulsed week before last, was an acrimonious debate in her Legislature, upon the question whether a proposal, tax of a confederate soldier who had lost both eyes at Chickamauga, should be so amended as to include a Union soldi er who lost his eyes on the same field. The amendment killed the original motion, and Kentucky methers once more hushed their babes to sleep."

Verily, words lose their significance and take on ludicrous meanings now-a-days. Here comes a Mr. Ward, of the "Reform" delegation from Cincinnati, and introduces a bill into the Ohio Legislature to prohibit lie schools of that State. The reflecting reader may be tempted to ask where the work of "reform" is to end. Shall we not next have a proposition to expunge from such teachings are adverse to the growth of something and the views of somebody.

George D. Prentice, poet and journalist, died on Saturday last, at his residence near Louisville: He was born in Preston, Conpecticut, on Dec. 18, 1802; graduated at Brown's University, Providence, Rhode Island, in 1823; subsequently practiced law, but did not engage in the practice of the profession. In 1831 he removed to Louis wille, Kentucky, and in the same year became they were interred in Cave Hill Cemetery, enue from that source, and impose much He was 68 years old. additional trouble on the postmasters.

Mr. Swoope's Appointment.

We are glad to see that the appointment of Mr. Swoope as U. S. District Attorney, is cordially endorsed by the entire Republican press of the State. Among the highly complimentary notices of the appointment, there have been none more gratifying to Mr. Swoope's friends than that of the "Altoona Sun,"-Democratic. Coming from Mr. D. W. Moore, who has known him so long, who has during all that time been his political adversary, and whose former position as it has no leader. Agent of the Postoffice Department makes him thoroughly familiar with all that is required in this office, it is a most valuable endorsement. It does credit to Mr. Moore, as well as to Mr. Swoope. We give it entire:

H. B. SWOOPE, ESQ., OF CLEARFIELD. The appointment of this gentleman as U. District Attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania, to succeed R. B. Carnanau, he present incumbent, whose term expired e 15th inst., is, we are pleased say, one of the fitest things President Grant has yet performed. Mr. S. is in the vigor of life and possesses talents of a very superior order, and malefactors will find him never wanting either in energy or in county to circumvent their schemes. The duties of the cline have wonderfully incleased in this district under the present revenue laws, and the business now transacted in the United States District if not quite equal to that of the Eastern district; whereas, previous to the war, there was no comparison between the two. It used to be scarcely worth attending to, and lawyers of proper qualifications only accepted

the posistion for the honor it conferred. Now it is quite locrative, and as the laborer is worthy of his hire, it is fitting that Mr. Swoope should have it. He has been a faithful worker in the radical ranks, and be yond all question among their most effective. That he has failed to arrest the enward march of democracy at his own home in Clearfield, is no tault of his. He has labou-ed long and hard for it. The hard headed lumbermen of that region refused to be converted, and the radical party have only Mr. Swoope to thank for whatever is left of it there. But Swoope's efforts in behalf of his party were most potently felt in its councils. We happen to know that about as often as his suggestions were acted upon the democracy was hurt; and it was only when his indement was set aside that his party failed to accomplish its purpose.

Of course the democracy will derive no advantage from this change of officials. Mr. Swoope is a bitter partisan, and will do all he rejoice that it is filled by a gentleman who can sink the partisan in the citizen. Mr. will be found to be no respecter of persons Party fealty will be no palliation for villainy with him. Neither will wealth, or suppos ed political influence, hitherto so potent in defrauding justice of her dues, find in him a pliant instrument.

Late Publications.

ONCE A MONTH-T. S. Arthur & Sons. Phil'a-\$3 a year in advance.-A live and instructive magazine, filled full of rich and entertaining reading-an unrivaled addition already "billing and cooing" the heretofore to the field of literature. Some of the finest productions in the english language have

> Sons, Phil a-\$1 25 a year in advance. - For high moral tone, the "Hour" is unrivaled. Special terms are offered to Day and Sunday Schools, as an inducement for its introduction as a reading book, by teachers.

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE-T. S. Arthur & Sons, Phil'a-\$2 a year in advance. sment a part of the Constitution, and four The February number of this excellent magazine is fully as handsome and as good as the admirable January issue, which, in its new dress and improved air, was somewhat peanuts. of a surprise to its numerous readers. It is a great favorite with the ladies on account of its many useful features and instructive

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK-L. A. Godey, Phil'a-Price \$3 a year in advance. The February number of this highly popular magazine is before us. Each number is progot into trouble by neglecting to pay a tax | fusely adorned with plates that please and instruct the mind, while the fashions supply a want required by every lady in the land. character as to meet the approval of the running against a post.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE FOR 1870. -- The first edition of one hundred and twenty thousand copies of Vick's illustrated catalague of seeds and floral guide, is publishfrom centre to circumference. The occasion ed and ready to send out. It is elegantly printed on fine tinted paper, with about 200 fine wood engravings of Flowers and Veg for the special exemption from the peddler's etables and a beautiful colored plate-con sisting of seven varieties of Phlox Drummondii, making a fine bouquet of philoxes. It is the most instructive Floral Guide published, giving plain and thorough directions for the culture of flowers and vegetables. The Floral Guide is published for the benefit of his customers, to whom it is sent free without application, but will be forwarded to all who apply by mail, for ten cents, which is not half the cost. Address, JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

INFORMATION WANTED. - Mrs. George Bible reading and hymn singing in the publication, now residing in Delaware township, Mercer county, Pa. (post office address, New Hamberg, Mercer county, Pen ylvania) desires to learn of the residence of her brother named Reece Mynich, who came our school books all selections embracing from Wales about one year ago to this counthe ethics of Christianity, on the plea that try. Mrs. Lewis left Wales in October, 1869, to meet her husband, who had perceeded her to this country, but on arriving here found that he had been killed from falling off a tree in the month of October, 1869, Mrs. Lewis is in destitute circumstances. and is anxious to learn the whareabouts of her brother, and desires the newspapers of the country to publish this notice,

P. O. Boxes .- An exchange says : "The Postmaster General has issued an order regulating the rent of post office boxes and drawthe editor of the Louisville Journal, in ers in post offices throughout the country. which position he attained a national repu- The charge for a box is henceforth to be \$2 tation. He retained the position of editor per annum, and for a drawer \$4—these rates while No 6 decided the prisoner Guilty of an of the Journal until the consolidation of the not to interfere with boxes or drawers at pres- a salt only." Journal and Courier, a year or two since, ent let at the old rates for a specified time." forming the present Courier Journal, with In our opinion, this will be death to the which be was also connected as editor. He box business in many of the smaller towns was a vigorous writer, and was widely known -the price being so large that most people for his wit and satire. The remains lay in will do without boxes. Besides; we believe it state at Masonic Temple until Monday, when will be the means of diminishing the rev-

A Little of Everything.

Subscribe for the Journal. Price \$2 in advance Ohio has twenty three thousand more boys than Milwankee drank last year 36,203,604 mugs

A schoolmaster struck "ile" the other day-Eleven cattle thieves were recently hung to one tree in Texas.

The Democratic party in Georgia bewails that

Philadelphians have green peas, but they cost two cents a piece. To let the public know what you have for sale,

advertise in the Journal. Cards done cheap at the Journal power press job

office. Fend in your orders Fashionable young ladies-like letters-require

stamps, or the males reject them In a recent duel in Kansas City, the weapon

were a pitchfork and a butcher knife. The Committee on Ways and Meant refuse make any change in the tariff on coal

The Tennessee Legislature is asked to make drunkenness a misdemeanor, to be punishable as

Salt Lage City has got a new Postmaster-Capt. J. Moore, formerly of the army, and not a Mor-

A bill has been introduced in Congress, making it a misdemensor to use mails for swindling pur-

An Iowa paper advertises for a girl to learn the printing trade, who will wear pants and saw

from Siberia, made of Siberian furs and out in Si-Old rags, of a greenish hue, and embellished with Chase's photograph, cheerfully taken for

subscription at this office. Seventeen bridesmaids, four clergymen and three hands of music managed to marry a pair in England, not long since.

"Shoo Fly ! don't bodder me," is the exclamation of debtors nowadays, when the collector comes ouzzing around after his stamps. A bill has passed the Senate to increase the

salary of the Governor from five to seven thousand dollars a year. It should become a law.

keep silence, fill their mouths with water. Our women fill theirs with ten, and gossip more than wealth. Our State debt is being steadily One hundred recruits have been ordered from

Carlisle Barracks to Galveston, and one hundred to Jefferson. Texas, to reinforce the fearth and Envelopes, letter-headings, bill heads, circulars,

and everything in the jobbing line done on short notice and at cheap rates at the Journal power press job offica The present winter has belied all the prophe cies of the weather quidnanes. The frigid pre-

dictions that circulated so freely a month or two

There is a steam hammer at Danville, in this State, which cost \$10,000, and which will cruck a ant without breaking the kernel, or crush a canon ball with a sixty ton blow.

Gov. Hoffman,on Friday, restored to citizenship Daniel Whitmarsh, who was pardoned from the State Prison by Goy. De Witt Clinton in 1825, two years before the Governor who restores him was

THE CHILDREN'S HOUR-T. S. Arthur & While Congress is considering the repeat or forth the conficion of the State, recommendmodification of the income tax, we may suggest freshness, interest, purity, earnestness and the propriety of substituting a tax on surgest. which, in these hard times far exceed the in

> The Governor of Ohio has pardoned a young slaughter, on the condition that he drinks no liquor during the time for which he was sen-

> few dollars in making its business known to 3.60 or 4.900 people, ought to pick up and go peddling, The laying of the last rail of the Utah Central Rafroad took place on Monday and communication

> is now complete between Salt Lake and the Atlantic and Pacific coasts - Brig ham Young drove On a recent rainy day in New Orleans a newsboy was accosted with: "Bub you coust remem-

ber Cromwell's advice-Trust in God and keep vour papers dry '" "No you don't." was the reply

Gloomy-the prospect of our citizens getting their ice houses filled. Not one of them has yet housed a single cake, and the chances of their

laying in a supply for summer reference are growing beautifully less. The announcement is made that a bill is to be and publishers shall be transmitted in the mails

at the rate of printed matter A French child asked the priest the other day. Why is it, father, that we ask every day for our daily bread, instead of asking for our bread for a week a month, or a whole year?" "Why you little goose, to have it fresh, to be sure," was the

The United States Branch Mint property, at Dahlonega, Georgia consisting of ten acres of land, a large two story brick building 135 feet by 25, and an ell 60 by 35 feet, which originally cost about \$200,000, has been sold at auction in Atlanta for \$1.323.

The Halifax Cheoniele favors annexation, and argues thus; "The market of the United States is cessury to our lives; the market of Great Britain is not. Dicams will not clothe our children The warmth of the shade of a brave flag will not compensate for a barefoot winter."

Some citizens of St. Paul. Minn., offered Gov. Austin, on New Year's day, the use of a furnished dwelling house, rent free, during the year, but he declined the proffered gift, saying he thought that if an officer of the State could not maintain himself upon his salary and his private means, he

There is a queer suit being tried in Ulster co. N.Y. A young lady, who wished to marry a youth with \$10,000, promised a lady friend \$3,000 for her assistance if the game proved successful. The young man fell a victim, of course, but the successful bride refused to pay the \$3,000 when de manded, and this suit is the resu't.

The Adrian (Mich) Times says that a recent case of assault was tried in that city on which erx jurges voted by bullot. Jurge No. 1 voted - No. case of action." No. 2 voted "Salt and batery, Second DeGree," No. 3 deemed the prisoner "Gilty of salt." No 4 decided there was "No action of cause." No 5 voted it "assaul and Batory."

A droll thing recently happened to U. S. Senator Carpenter, of Wisconsin. Having procured the publication of his speech on Cuban affairs in the Milwaukee Sentinel, to set himself right with his constituents, the publisher did himself the honor of presenting a little bill of \$325 to the Senator for the favor done. If all Congressional speeches were charged at advertising rates, what archy, you set the example which tempts to a blessed season of quiet would ensue.

Inaugural Address of JOHN W. GEARY.

Delivered on Tuesday, January 18th, 1870.

FELLOW-CITIZENS. - Having been honor d, for a second time by the voluntary suffrages of my countrymen as their choice for Chief Magistrate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, I have, in the presence of God and this assembled multitude, renewed the solemn and binding obligation required of me by law, to support the State and Na tional Constitutions, and to perform with fidelity the duties devolving upon me as Gov ernor. It shall be my constant aim and most earnest effort to observe the very letter as well as the full spirit, meaning and intent of the obligation I have just taken. Deeply impressed with the most profound gratitude, I can but express my most hearty thanks to the good citizens or this Common wealth for the generous couff lence and partiality they have reposed in me by re-election to the most honorable and most responsible position in their gift. But know ing well their exactions and requirements of one who occupies a position so exalted, it is with extreme diffidence I again undertake responsibilities of such vast importance, which even the boldest and most gifted might hesitate to assume. And however determined may be my endeavors to realize the expectations of my friends in support of the right, and to battle against whatever, in my judgment, may be wrong, still I am conscious of the necessity for some sustain ing power, and, therefore, I unhesitatingly scknowledge my dependence upon the en lightened support and patriotism of my fel low citizens, and my firm reliance upon the unerring wisdom and never failing aid of Him who controls alike the destinies of individuals and of nations. The settlement of the vexed questions

growing out of the armed conflict with treain, devolves a mighty responsibility upon the loyal men of the land. Armed rebellion was signally crushed by the force of armed loyalty, and the government has trium-sh antly established its ability to successfully suppress domestic insurrection, however giantic. The war itself has served to stimu late our people to fresh energies, and to the development of fresh enterprises. Our magulactories have multiplied, plenty has smiled upon our fields, and blessed the la bur of the husbandman. Peace has restored our people to their homes, and cheered our firesides. The rates of taxation have been The females of some Indian tribes, in order to reduced, and are entirely abilished upon real estate for the use of the Commonand surely figuidated. Immense sums have been paid for pensions and other charities The cause of education has advanced, and the institutions for the support and tuition of soldiers' orphaus have been liberally sun plied. Railroads have been constructed. and new material resources developed. And thus our State and Nation are rapidly progressing in the attainment of those elements of greatness which have already placed our country in the foremost rank of the powers of the earth. The great railroad which binds our State to the Far West, and it in turn to the oriental nations, has been completed, and all our efforts to add to our ma terial prosperity have been crowned with unparalleled success.

It was my privilege to announce from this stand, three years also, the principles which would guide me in the administration of the office of Governor. At that time I dwelt upon and expressed my views in reference to all questions then occupying a share of public attention. I have since, from time to time, in messages to the Legislature, set ed such measures as I deemed expedient and calculated to advance her interests, and expressed my views upon the topics of the day hat were of State or National importance. And having fully reflected thereon. I am more confirmed therein, and know of man, who was sent to the State prison for man no reason why I should not endorse and re iterate them as fully, on this occasion, as it I again promulgated them word for word And now, acknowledging my responsibility Joh Billings says. "Any business firm that in its broadest sense, as a representative, to hasn't got sand enough in its craw to expend a my constituents, and considering the magnitude of the interests which have again been committed to my charge. I feel it is due to the people and incumbent upon my seif, to refer them to the decuments indited, for an outline of the general poncy that is thended as a guide for the incoming ad ministration, rather than encumber this ad dress, or unaccessarily delay this andience with their repetition. I have no new pledg es to make, but confidently refer to the ord of my past life, as evidence at least of my zeal and develon to the best interests of my State and country, and for the rectifude of my intentions. And although the ability which I bring to the discharge of such high A North Brookfield man tied his horse's head duties may be limited, I shall confidently and tail together, and drove it in a circle to care | rely upon the kind indulgence of my fellow it of balking. In one minute the snimal's spirits citizens and upon a conscientious effort to Besides, the tales and poetry are of such a were entirely broken, and so was its neck from uphold unblessished, and transmit unsarnished to my successor in office, and to posterity, the fair fame and good name of our magnificent old Commonwealth.

Difficulties of no ordinary character con stantly surround your Executive officer in the discharge of many duties devolving up on him, concerning each of which there may be conflicting opinions. It being, therefore, ptroduced into Congress which provides that all impossible to satisfy all, his only safeguard manuscripts and correspondence between authors is to adopt, and act in accordance with those sterling and beneficent maxims to which the early fathers gave atterance which have been sanctioned by wisdom and experience, and resulted in the rapid growth and prosperity of our institutions, and the

liberry and happiness of our people. The Constitution vests "the supreme Ex ecutive power" of the State in the Govern or, and directs, that "he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed." supreme earthly notherity recognized by us, therefore, is the law-the rightfully deter mined will of the people. "No citizen is so exalted as to be above, and none so low as to be beneath its power." The Executive is as much the subject of the laws of the State as the humblest individual within its borders. In pursuance of these principles, and in the execution of the laws, I have endeavored, during my term of offi e, faithful ly to discharge every official duty with a full reference to my sworn obligation, and as

I shall answer at the last great day.
It should be our earnest effort to faithfully discharge all our obligations and responabilities, both as citizens and magistrates. We should cease to telerate anything as "po'itically right, that is morally wrong," and actively pro-cribe the corruption which too frequently marks the administration of public affairs-an evil to which attention cannot too frequently or too foreibly be in vited. No sign more certainly indicates the downfall of free institutions than the inditference of the reople to the moral depravity of those in authority. All history warns us to hold to our integrity as we value our national existence. Foreibly impressed with these ideas, I call upon all legislators, and upon all other good citizens, and especially upon the conductors of the public press the ever faithful sentinels of a free peopleto aid in giving that tone to public sentiment which shall purify our State, and re heve her from the reproach of even counte-nancing those who would make a traffic of their offices in violation of their obligations. Look to it well and closely, fellow citizens. and begin at once to teach your servants that the "public will' must be obeyed, and that the "public weal" is the first object to be attained in a free government. If you permit speculators to enrich themselves out of the public Treasury, and at the same time to corrupt the law making branch of the government, you pave the way to an

erime, and offer to the world an evidence most conclusive, that self government is a

Owing to the many efforts made on the part of free traders for the abolishment of the natural and wholessome protection now a forded to our home industry and to labor consider it a subject which claims a portion of our time and attention. If our na tional industry and natural productions, represented by thousands of factories, mine and other sources of labor, are to be preserved, there should be no reduction of duties which shall enable the underpaid and overworked population of the Old World to flood our States with the product of their mines and workshops at the cost of our de struction. The articles thus admitted would underself the products of our artizans at our very doors, and our tactories would be closed heretofore, by similar causes. This will brow out of employment thousands of industrious men, and entail ruin upon them and their families, merely for the benefit of aggrandizement of foreign manufacturers and capitalists. As soon as our industraarms are paralyzed and competition is de stroyed the monopolist can command his own price, and it is thus clear that the polev of free trade can never permanently beaefit any country that will sanction its adoption. Impelled by every feeling of interest humanity and justice for our artizans and aborers we should unhesitatingly set our faces against this heresy. We should, therefore, not only earnestly legislate for the benefit of capital, but for the toiling sons and daughters of our country. It should be our constant effort to improve their social condition, to advance their in tellectual status, and above alt to shield them from the destitution which is threat ened by the enemies of protection to our industral pursuits. In my several messages to the Legislature

have taken occasion to refer to a subject which I regard as of paramount importance to the prosperity and even the stability of our government. No nation can long exist that attempts to violate any of its obligations. The most prominent among these is the faithful payment of all its indebtedness.

No good reason can be given for the re padia ion of a single farthing. I said in my message of January, 1868, 'The people of Pennsylvania, ever true to the Union, and unswerving in their determination to preserve its honor, integrity and perpetuity. are proud and free to assert the sacredness of the national debt, and that its ultimate payment in full must be secured." In my nessage of 1869, I called attention to the same subject, in these words: "The voice of Pennsylvania, as well as that of a majority of the States, has at the ballot box pro laimed to the world that all our national adebtedness, no matter how heavy the burden, will be paid according to the letter and spirit of the agreements made and entered into at the time the debt was contracted and that in this, as in all other respects, our individual and national honor must and shall be preserved." These sentiments, so clearly expressed, I have taken frequent occasion to reiterate, and it affords me great satisfaction to observe that many who have heretofore been bestile to, or silent on this most important subject, are becoming warm in their advocacy of the principles here nunciated.

Those who saved this government from he destruction designed by treason, are they who will perpetuate it as a blessing for future generations. All that is asked of the people is to strengthen and uphold the rands of the men who have been called to do the work of reconstruction, and when that work is finished in the spirit in which it has been begun by the present National and a country mighty in their manificence,

glorious in their prosperity. The preservation of the peace and quiet of our country, maintaining unsullied our national honor, and the harmony of the Union are among out highest duties. Let as encourage every branch of home industry, advance the true interests of moral, physic al and intellectual labor, and reaching for ward to the prize of the manifest destiny of our clorious Commonwealth, we may hope for her increasing prosperity, and, above all for the smiles of an approving Providence. I earnestly invoke a continuance of the plessings and favors which we, as a people, have long enjoyed, that Pennsylvania may

be ever ready to extend her sympathies to those struggling for liberty, to succor the helpless exile, and be an asylum to the percented and oppressed; and thus for ever dentify herself with the cause of equal rights and with the interests of universal reedom, justice and humanity. Then can we with truth proclaim. Long live the Commor wealth." whose guiding principles are found in the motto of our State, "VIR TUE, LIBERTY AND INDEPENDENCE."

Mew Advertisements.

Advertisements set up to farge type or ont of plans tyle, well be charged double usual rates. No cuts

S ALT. FLOUR, BRAN and CHOP, at wholesale (Opposite the Jail.) by C. KRAIZER. CLOTHING -A large stock of CLOTHING.

will be closed out at a sacrifice, at C. KRATZER'S. (Opposite the Jall) STOVES—The calebrated Ironside and Farmer Cooks, Revolving Light and Sun Parlors, and an assortment of Pipe, at C. KRATZER'S. Opposite the Jaii

THE CELERRATED RICHARDSON BOOTS-Light Kip, \$5; French Kip, \$6; French Calf, \$5; at C KRATZER's, Jan 25, 70. Opposite the Jail.

EATHER-Oak tan and Spanish Sole, French A and American Calf and Kin. Upper Morocco Bindings Linings and Shoe-findings, at

A UDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Au-ditor, appointed by the triphans Court of Clearfield county, at January Term, 1870, to audit, adjust and make distribution of the funds arising from the partition of the real estate of Greenwood McCracken, d.c'd. to and amongst the parties legally entitled thereto, will discharge the duties of said appointment at his office in Clearfield, on FRIDAY, the 18th DAY OF FEB-RUARY, 1870, of which all parties interested will take notice.

A. W WALTER,

UDITOR'S NOTICE -In the matter of the A final account of James A. Hegarty, one of the The undersigned, an Auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Clearfield county, to determine, a light, and restate the account of said Executors, will attend to the duties of his appointment of TPURSDAY, the 17th DAY OF FEBRUARY A D. 1870, at his office in Clearfield Borough where all parties interested may attend.

Jan 19 70-4t. D. L. KREBS, Auditor.

N THE COURT of Common Pleas of Crear field county: FIRST NAT'L BANK)

of Clearfield. No. 118 March Term 1869 GEO W. SHIMEL. Domestic Attachment.

The undersigned Trustees, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, ac-cording to Act of Assembly, hereby give notice that they appoint FRIDAY, the 11th DAY OF FEBRUARY, A D. 1870 at Clearfield Borough. to receive the proofs of the several creditors and to determine upon the same and require all per sons holding any sums of money or other proportyjduo thesaid George W. Shimel, to deliver the same to the Trustees.

T J. M'CULLOUGH, W. M. M'CULLOUGH, D. L. KREBS, Trustees.

NAUTION .- All persons are hereby cautioned onot to buy or in any way meddle with a cortain NOTE, given by me to Thomas 3 raven, bearing date January 3d, 1870, for the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars—said note payable six-teen months after date. Having never received value for the said note I therefore refuse to pay
the same
S. T. MITCHELL. New Washington, Jan. 13, 70-3t-50c due.

T. LIDDLL'S MARBLE AND STONE YARD, Clear J. field, Pa. Shop on Reed Street, near R. R. Jan 19, 1878.

IN THE COURT of Common Pleas of Clear field county: HARRISON & ODELL | No. 141 March T., 1869.

JOHN W. TURLEY. | Domestic Attachment The undersigned Trustees, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, ac cording to Act of Assembly, hereby give notice that they appoint FRIDAY, the 11th DAY OF FEBEUARY, A D 1870, at Clearfield Borough, to receive the proofs of the several creditors and determine upon the same, and also require all persons holding any sums of money or other persons holding any sums of money or other property due the said John W Turley, to deliver property due the same to the Trustees.

T. J. MCCULLOUGH,

T. J. MCCULLOUGH

W M M CULLOUGH, D. L KREBS, Trustees

S LEIGHS.—FOUR NEW, CUSHIONED SLEIGHS, for sale or exchange, at J. L. LEAVY'S Livery Stable, Jan. 5, 1876. Clearfield, Pa.

CTRAY PIGS -Come to the premises of the subscriber, in Union township, about the is last Cclober, two good sized WHITE PIUS The owner is requested to come forward prove property pay charges and take them away, or they will be disposed of as the law directs. Jan 12, 76-3tp.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to J. P. Kratzer, deceased, are requested to come forward and settle their accounts by pay ments in each or otherwise. The books are at his store and will be settled by me or by Jack Lytle who is authorized to make settlements and receive Jan. 5, 1870. C. KRATZER.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE - Estate of William Irvin, deceased. - Whereas, Letters Testamentary on the estate of Wm Irvin have been granted to the undersigned. All per-sons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those baving claims against the same will present them, duly

authenticated, for settlemen

E. A. IRVIN, JAS. B. GRAHAM,

CAUTION. - The undersigned having purchased at Sheriff's sale the following property viz: Eight bedsteads and bedding 3 sofas carpet on the floor of nine rooms chairs. bureaus stands, isbles, hat rack, looking glass, paintings, 2 stover and kitchen furniture, being all goods sold in the house; also, 3 pigs, 1 cow, i bay colt. I black colt, and 1 pair twin sleds, sold as the property of David Tyler and left by me in possession of James Tylor and Martin Tyler hereby notifies all persons not to purchase or in any way to interfere with the said property, as the same belongs to me and is subject to my order. Jan 5, 70-3t. JAMES L. LEAVY.

NO PAY IF THE DOCTOR CANNOT FULFILL HIS PROMISE EX-CEPT FOR MEDICINE.

DR. H STRAESSLEY, From Clarion county, Physician for the trentment of Chrenic Discusses will visit the following places for the treatment of Chronic Disease. Con

LUTHERSBURG, Tuesday, January 18. LUTHERSBURG, Tuesday, January 18.
PENNVILLE, Wednesday, January 19.
LUMBER CITY, Thursday, January 20.
BETHLEHEM, Friday, January 21.
NEW WASHINGTON, Saturday, Jan 22.
NEW BURG, Monday, January 24.
NEW MILLPORT, Tuesday, January 25.
GLEN HOPE, Wednesday, January 25.
LANESVILLE, Thursday, January 27. IANESVILLE, Thursday, January 27. MADERA Friday, January 28. OSCEOLA Monday January 31 BLUE BALL Tuesday, February 1.
M. RRISDALE. We nesday, February 2. KYLERT : WN. Thursday, February 3 FRENCHVILLE Friday February 4. GRAHAMTON Saturday February 5. CLEARFIELD Monday February 5. CURWENSVILLE Tucsday February 8.

The Doctor will visit his patients about regu-Dr. Straessley, whose appointments are nul ished in and her column, is a permanent resi dent of this county, and has the reputation of a reliable gentlemen and skillful physician - Clar Jan 12 1370-3t

CLEARFIELD ACADEMY.

The Second Session of the present Scholastic venr of this Institution, will commence on Mon day, the 22d day of September, 1859.

Pupils can enter at any time. They will be charged with tuition from the time they enter to the close of the session The course of instruction embraces everything

neluded in a thorough, practical and secomplished education of both sexes.

The Principal having had the advantage of much experience in his profession, assures parents and guardians that his entire ability and energies will be devoted to the mental and moral training of the youth placed under his charge. TERMS OF TRITION:

Orthography. Reading. Writing and Primary Arithmetic. per session. (11 weeks.) \$5 00 Grammar, Geography, Arithmetic, and Histo

Algebra, Geometry, Trigonometry, Mensuration Surveying. Philosophy, Physiology, Chemistry Book-keeping, Botany, and Physical Geogra Latin. Greek and French, with any of the a-

bove branches \$12.00 Music. Piano. (30 lessons.) 510.00 No deduction will be made for absence For further particulars inquire of

July 31, 1867. REV P. L. HARRISON, A M. Principal. SQUARE TIMBER.

E. A. IRVIN & Co.,

Being specially engaged in the business of baying and selling SQUARE TIMBER, would represent that they are now prepared to purchase tim ber, delivored at either Curwensville, Lock Haven Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brackets, and or Marietta, or will take it at any of these points and sell on commission, making such advances as

Those engaged in getting out timber will find at our store in Curwensville, a very large stock of STAPLE GOODS, of all descriptions.

FLOUR.

MEAT. RYE,

OATS.

CORN.

and everything necessary for use of Lumbermer

RAFT ROPE, of all sizes, kept on hand in large quantities, and sold at a small advance, by the coil. Also, PULLEY BLOCKS, SMALL ROPE, &c.

Special inducements offered to those manutae turing Square Timber.

E. A. IRVIN & CO. Curwensville, Jan. 12, 1870

BOOKS AND STATIONERY Bibles and Miscellaneous Pooks: Sheet Monig Blank Account and Pass Books of every description; Paper and Envelopes Preach pressed and plain; Pensand Pencils; Deeds; Mortgages; Judgment Fremption and

Real Betate Agent and Conveyancer,

TYBONE, BLAIR COUNTY, PA

Special attention given to the collection of claim.

PANKING & COLLECTION OFFICE

MCGIRK & PERES.

PHILIPSBURG, CENTRE Co., PA.

Where all the business of a Banking Boas

LOOK AT THIS!

will be transacted promptly and upon the zon

orsors to Poster. Perks, Wright & Co.

Tyron, Pa., January 27, 1809 if

favorable terms.

Blank Legal Paper; White and Parchment Brief; Legal cap; Record cap and Bill cap, etc. Will be sold at Wholesale or Retail by

> P. A. GAULIN. At the Pos' office, on Market Street, Clearfield, Pa. May 5, 1868

CLOTHING! CLOTHING GOOD AND CHEAP " Mon. Youths and Boys can be suplified with fall

mits of seasonable and fashionable clothing at REIZENSTEIN EROS' & CO... where it is sold at prices that will induce their purchase. The universal satisfaction which but been given, has induced them to increase their rock, which is now not surpassed by any estab-

lishment of the kind in this part of the Sinte. Reizenstein Bro's & Co., Sell goods at a very small profit, for end; Their goods are well made and fashionable. They give every one the worth of his money, They treat their customers all alike. They sell cheaper than every bedy else. Their store is conveniently situated

They having purchased their stock it reduced prices they can soll cheaper il an ollere For these and other reasons persons should buy their clothing at REIZENSTEIN BRO'S & CO Produce of every kind taken at the biglist May 18, 1804

JUST IN TIME THE NEW GOODS AT

A. K. WRIGHT & SONS CLEARFIELD, PA. Having just returned from the essiers elist-

DRY GOODS of the best quality, such as Prints Delainer tha cus Merinos Ginghams; Muslims blenched and umblenched; Drillings Tickings cottonend was Flunnets, Cassimers, Ladies Shawle Costs No.

ALSO, Raft Rope, Dog Rope, Feltins Augustand Axes, Nails and Spikes, Tinware, Lampered

ALSO, Queensware Glassware Hardware Green rios, and spices of all kinds. In short a general assortment of every thing usually kept in a retail Nov 28-ja18-nol3. WEIGHT & 8088.

ALL RIGHT.

Messas. HOOP, WEAVER & CO., Proprietor. would respectfully inform the citizens of the county that they have completely refitted and supplied their PLANING MILL, in this Bon egh, with the best and latest improved

Flooring, Weatherboarding,

Moldings, of all kinds.

FURNITURE ROOMS.

Desires to inform his old friends and ceater ert that, having enlarged his shop and incremed his facilities for manufacturing, he is now prepare to make to order such furniture as may be design. ed, in good style and at cheap rates for cash. It mostly has on hand at his - Varniture Record. a varied assortment of furniture, among which is BUREAUS AND SIDEBOARDS.

Breakfast and Dining extension Tables. Common, French-posts, Cottage, Jen ny-Lind and other Bedsteads.

And common and other Chairs. LOOKING-GLASSES Of every description on hand, and new glasses for old frames, which will be put in on very

COPFINS, OF EVERY KIND.

Hearse, whenever desirable.

Also, House painting done to order. The above, and many other articles : e furnished

we are now opening a full steek of contents goods at our rooms on Second street to which they respectfully invite the attention of the pub-lic generally. Our assortment is unemprised in this section, and is being seld very les to cash. The smelt consists in part of

bias. Hoods. Hoop skirts. Estmorais &c &c all of which will be sold now you cash. Lieu a fue. assortment of the best of

consisting of Drawers and Shirts. Hate and Capa.

Lamp wicks and chimneys, etc., etc.

V. POWELL, NOTICE. . W DATE.

CLEARFIELD PLANING MILL

WOOD WORKING MACHINERY and are now prepared to execute all arders in their line of business, such as

They have a large stock of dry lumber or herd. and will pay each for clear stuff, one and shalf inch pannel plank preferred

Wardrobes and Book-cases; Centre, Sofa Parler,

SOPAS OF ALL KINDS. WORK STANDS, HAT RACKS, WASH-STANDS, &c. Spring-seat, Cain-bottom, and Parlet Chaits

reasonable terms, on short notice. He also keeps on hand, or furnishes to order, Hair, Corn-husk, Hair and Cotton top Mattresess. Made to order, and funerals attended with a

The above, and many other articles — furnises to customers cheap for cash or exchanges for the proved country produce. Cherry, Maple Poplar, Lin-wood and other Lumber suitable for the business, taken in exchange for furniture.

Remember the shop is on Market street. Clear-Remember the shop is on Market street. PRUNES-a quantity on hand and for sale at GRAHAM'S.