

S. J. ROW. EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA., JUNE 2, 1869.

TERRIFIC HAIL STORM. -On Friday last. which lasted about half an hour. The by Gen. Grant. ings and fences blown down. Many of the wiping out their debt. treets resembled canals filled with water and hail from side to sidethe drift hail lying two feet deep at has thus far so nobly trod. Let revenue dethe lower end of Main street. The iron frauders, official or otherwise, understand roof of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad that they are to be dealt with promptly and ling wills, the McLure House, the Grant ing the revenue, bring them to justice and House, the Catholic Church, and many oth- keep them there; if any office-holders are er buildings suffered severely. The destruc- sbetting their nefarious schemes, turn them tion to vineyards in the vicinity was im- out at once and prosecute them directly. mense, and were injured to such an extent Gen. Grant has spoken no braver word than that they cannot be very productive for when he gave assurance that he would reseveral years. Up the Wheeling Creek move his own appointees as readily as those Valley the destruction was enormous. Many of his predecessor if he found them incomsheep and lambs were killed in the fields, petent or unfaithful. The country rejoices and the wheat and corn cut close to the in that pledge and expects him to make it lence and "speak out in meeting." ground. A number of accidents to indi- good. Let the revenue be collected-not a likely to prove serious. The town of West this end it should be necessary to remove Liberty, twelve miles from Wheeling, is re- and appoint monthly to some places. This and again in his annual messages, to the ported to be nearly ruined, and that hail Administration has made a noble start, and ing in the streets on the day following the removed and the disappointed avail nothing is required to give bail in the sum of hunstorm. At Martin's Ferry the hail fell to a as long as the work is well done. depth of six inches, destroying vegetables, fruit, grapes, grain, and glass in the windows. The loss sustained cannot be estimated. This was the most terrific storm that ever visited Wheeling and vicinity, and will long be remembered by those who witnessed its power and destructive effects.

Cuba. - The uncertainty that has been felt concerning Cutan affairs is set at rest by news that the attempt of the Spaniards to re-open the railway from Nuevitas to Puerto Principe, with 3,500 troops, was defeated Quesada. The latter were saved, as before reported, by the arrival of the Marquis of over to the patriots, and the latter and advanced and burned the Spanish barthe Cubans, and seems to be credible. The current condition of affairs seems to be miscellaneous fighting. Not less than half a dozen fights, big and little, at as many places, are reported weekly, and the struggle is ferocious on both sides. Additional fillibusters have landed and been inaugurated ance of affairs indicates that, while an ar my is sustained on both sides, bands of marauders perform most of the work. In this style of tactics the natives have the advantage, but it must result in despoiling the whole Island.

WM. L. DRANE, Esq. -On Monday last, we received a visit from Wm. L. Drane, Esq., of the Philadelphia Ledger, who stands at the head of the Printers' Profession in Penusylvania. Mr. Drane started circulation of seventy-five thousand daily, sociation continues under the law. issued from the magnificent palace at the corner of Sixth and Chestnut Sts., the most splendid and best appointed printing establishment in the world. Mr. Drane is a gentleman whose character, ability, and success, does honor to the "Art preservative of all

THE PRESBYTERIANS. - The General Assemblies of both "schools" of the Presbyterian church are now sitting in New York. Though still apart, the sentiment on both sides in favor of re-union is growing, and the feeling of each toward the other appears to be very kindly. Dr. Jacobus, of Allegheny Seminary, is Moderater of the Old School body, and Dr. Fowler, of Utica, presides over the New School adherents. Both are regarped as liberal in their views upon the question of union. Several new presbyteries in the South, for the first time since the war, are represented in both bodies.

THE INDIAN COMMISSION. - The Philanthropic Indian Peace Commission was interviewed by the President last week, and to the frontier troubles.

MINISTER HARVEY.-It is stated that the account of Mr. Harvey, late minister to Portugal, has been finally settled and the covers nearly three year's pay.

There has been much grumbling over Gen. some of them may have provoked it; but kept hidden from the public, and perhaps the fact is not disputed that the current rev- very properly; but if the following alleged enue since they were made shows a large in- act of the State Department, now for the creased; our political adversaries say that tainly be manifested very general surprise, if the country is not prosperous; and it will not indignation, that Secretary Seward puzzle any one to account for the increased should have eched and given official sancreceipts into the Treasury on any other hy- tion to what was unquestionably and we pothesis than that of increased efficiency in supposed only the rebellious sentiment of the collection. We believe the income of the country. A Mr. F. W. Newman, a the Government since Gen. Grant's inaugu- prominent Englishman, and a warm friend ration has exceeded that of the correspond- of America, as well as a life-long hater of ing period of last year by fully five millions slavery, laments the tone of Mr. Sumner's of dollars; and that our National Debt has speech, and in a very telling letter imparts been reduced, over and above any reduction to our people the following piece of news. expected in the Spring months of 1868, by It is worth considering : May 28th, Wheeling, Va., and vicinity, was fully Ten Millions. We submit these facts visited by a most terrific rain and hail storm as a full justification of the changes made

wind was from the north by west. Hail It is very generally understood that the stones as large as walnuts, and some nearly whole revenue is henceforth to be collected, as large as a man's fist, fell like snowflakes and not only collected, but paid into the for some minutes. The damage done was Treasury, where it is to be used in carrying immense. Nearly all the window glass fucing on the Government and reducing the Nathe sto rm, were shivered to atoms-the tional Debt. Taxation will not be so onershade trees torn up by their roots-and awn ous if the people can see that it is gradually

We entreat the President to "let the gall-'ed jades wince," and go on in the path he depot was blown off entirely, and the rol- sternly. If any outsiders are still defraudviduals are also reported, some of which are part only, but the whole of it-though to stones to the depth of two feet remained ly- we trust it will keep it. The groans of the

#### The National Banks.

The telegraph briefly noticed the decision of Attorney General Hoar on the question raised as to whether a National Bank. under the enabling act passed by the New York Legislature, could return to the State | depositories are forbidden under heavy pensystem. It appears that a number of Na. alties, to touch a dollar, or to exercise any tional Banks in the city and State of New discretion as to the moneys in their keeping, York, in order to avoid the restrictions and limitations imposed by the act of Congress, contemplate a return to the State system. under what they call the enabling act, passby an equal number of Cubans, led by Gen. | ted by the Legislature of that State for that purpose; and the President and Directors of the National Mechanics' and Farmers' Santa Luca, with 4,000 reinforcements. A Bank of Albany, an institution organized great majority of the Spanish colored troops under the act of Congress to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of Unicaptured all of the Spanish impediments, ted States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof, passed racks. The result is highly encouraging to June 3, 1864, claim to have converted their bank into a State Banking Association, under the provisions of an act passed by the Legislature of the State of New York, April 20, 1867, entitled An act enabling National Banking A-sociations, etc., and that by virtue of such conversion they are absolved from all allegiance and responsiwith a fight on the instant. The appear- bility as a National Bank to the requirements of the act of Congress.

The Attorney General decides that it is not within the power of a State Legislature to diminish the duties imposed upon a banking association established under an act of has been had for the redemption of its circulating notes either by actually redeeming the "Philadelphia Transcript," which was them and surrendering them to the Controlty years ago, and he has ever since been amount of Treasury notes with him ademighty giant it is at present, with its the existence of the National Banking As- Courts.

> FREE TRADE, OR PROTECTION. -The New York World thinks the revival of the free trade agitation is favorable to the success of the Democratic party. If free trade in opposition to the protection of home industry is popular with the people, the Democrats deserve success, for they have been its only advocates. We are not certain of the direction in which the current of opinion runs in New York and some of the Western States, but as far as Pennsylvania is concerned, the World could not possibly have taken more unpopular ground. Any day the Democracy of this State choose to put the issue of an election upon that ground, they may write themselves down a World and its co-worker in this State, the things than drinking. Central Democratic organ, we think, either ignorantly mistakes, or wilfully and grossly misrepresent public sentiment on the question, "Free Trade, or Protection?"

cently to the effect that Gen. Grant enterlaid before him their fully digested plans tained semi-freetrade views, which is now for securing the peace and happiness of the pronounced a canard. Gen. Grant believes red men, buying them into civilization. The in an American policy, and there is not a President fully concurred in the views of the free trader in his Cabinet. Secretary Bout-Commission and acquiesced in the plan pre- well is quite the opposite of a free-trader, sented. Unless the Indians are more vi- and Secretary Fish does not hesitate to decious and untameable than most people be- clare that the check to our present extravalieve them to be, the new Commission has gant importations by high tariff, is the only ue to the Administration, and unjust critistruck the proper method of patting an end means by which the country can be saved cism is injurious only to the critics. from a financial crash that will surely follow if the balance of trade is kept running

IMPORTS.-There is a large increase of sum of \$23,000 in gold paid to his order in foreign importations. Shrewd journals are full for his salary. It will be borne in mind forecasting trouble on this account. In the that on account of cortain statements im- first four months of this year, the imports peaching Mr. Harvey's loyalty, Congress at New York city of foreign goods, etc., would not vote an appropriation for his were \$119,517,750, against only \$85,018,pay. If the above is correct, he must have 720, for the corresponding period of 1868, sucreeded in disproving the charges, as the and \$93,756,135 for the same time in 1867, amount reported to have been paid him notwithstanding the numerous complaints and a House of one hundred and thirtynine made respecting the duliness of trade.

A New Revelation.

Doubtless many of the official acts of the Grant's appointments, says the Tribune, and Government during the rebellion have been crease over the corresponding weeks of last first time, we believe, brought to light, year. Now the taxes have not been in should prove to be correct, there will eer-

"But there is a matter of fact which Mr. Sumner neglects—a fact which, I suppose, few know. I only learned it last year from the report of the Paris Anti-Slavery Conference report of 1867. In it is printed an elaborate memoir of the Hon. John Jay on emancipation in the United States, which is an historical review. It states (p. 102)that in April, 1861, the Secretary of State (Mr. Seward) advised the American Ministers in Europe-and European Cabinets hastened to accept the assurance-that the President so far from rejecting, willingly accept-ed the doctrine "th t the Federal Government could not reduce the seceding States to obedience by conquest," which was promptly responded to by proclamations endowing the Slave Power with billigerent rights at sea, &c. That our Government acted very wrongly, I believe, as deeply, perhaps, as Mr. Sumner. We must suffer for the misdeeds of our Government. But so must the Americans suffer for the misdeeds of their Government. Friends of freedom and right in our Cabinet were para-lyzed by Mr. Seward's dispatch. If he told them that the President willingly ad-mitted that he had no right to conquer the South, how could they deny that when he tried to do it the South had a right to

Mr Seward will be compelled to break si

THE STATE FUNDS .- Gov. Geary has called the attention of the Legislature again loose way of keeping the public money belonging to the State. The State Treasurer dred thousand dollars only, while the "un expended balance" in his hands generally amounts to two or three millions. It is charged that the Treasurer loans out large sums on his own private account, which of course yields him an enormous revenue over and above his salary. The United States and this should be the rule in regard to the State moneys. We shall hear of an enormous defalcation of the State funds, some day, if the present practice is much longer

HALE'S DEFENCE. -It is but simple justice to Hon. John P. Hale, who was charged with smuggling goods into Spain for a commercial house, under his privilege as minister, to say that Mr. Hale denies the charge as applicable to himself. He does not deny the alleged smuggling, but charges it upon Perry, whom he says prepared the orders in the Spanish language, and he innocently affixed his signature, as a matter of official business, without knowing what he signed. The plea is a poor one-no public officer should affix his signature and seal to what he does not understand-but it is all Mr. Hale offers in his defense, and we give him the benefit of it.

THE "QUAKER CITY" CASE.—The British Government demanded the release of the Quaker City, a steamship which our Congress. He holds that the powers of the authorities seized and libelled upon suspi-National corporation depend wholly upon cion that she was to be employed in the viothe action of the National Legislature. No lation of our neutrality toward Spain. The bank can dissolve until the necessary action | demand was placed on the ground that the vessel is British property. Secretary Fish. on being made fully satisfied that the steamer was not destined for Cuba, granted her consolidated with the "Ledger" about thir- er of the Currency, or by depositing an clearance from the port of New York, whereupon the Spanish Consul, not satisfied with connected with the paper. He has seen it quate to their redemption, as provided by her pacific intentions, had her libeled and grow from a small and feeble thing, to the that act; and until these acts are completed seized, so that the matter will go to the

> MINISTER MOTLEY'S instructions are said to contemplate a course of masterly inactivity in his negotiations with the British Government, in relation to the Alabama question. He is not to offer any new terms nor propose any action whatever. The assump tion is that this course, while avoiding a rupture, will quietly press England to offer such indemnities and guarentees as are appropri-

There has been a rare fight among the temperance people of Massachusetts, because the president of the Alliance believed that a man might drink cider or beer without being a drunkard. So there was a split. and Mr. Spooner, the president, left them. These pugnacious reformers should know whipped party before the polls open. The that there may be intemperance in other

Time makes all things even. Gen. Phil. Sheridan and John C. Breckinridge occupied the judges stand at a horse race in Cincinnati, on Tuesday, May 25th, and amica bly conversed in horse talk for an hour and more. Stone river was forgotten and the warriors of different causes forgot the storm of battle in the dust of the arena.

DEMOCRATIC journals are astonished because the Administration utterly refuses to tumble to pieces before the attacks of criticism. The fact is, just criticism is of val-

OUR FALLEN HEROES. - The ceremony of decorating the graves of our fallen heroes, on Saturday, the 29th, was pretty generally observed throughout the land. In many instances the ceremonies were of a very imposing and affecting character.

VIRGINIA .- If the people of Virginia ratify the new Constitution, the State will have eight Congressional districts besides one Congressman at large, a Senate of forty, A Little of Everything.

The Cubans of New York have disappeared Wanted-the musket and pewder horn of

California has raised a sunflower weighing fifty-

It is said that McClellan is an enthusiastic admirer of Grant.

Somebody wants the town at the junction of the Pacific railroads to be called Spike. A deaf mute has got a clerkship at Washing-

ton. Mrs. Dr. Walker is not intended. A philosopher has discovered that men don'

object to be overrated, except by assessers Prentice wants Secretary Fish to weigh the chances of a foreign war with all his scales.

Indigo moistened with spirits of camphor i said to be a sure cure for the bite of a rattlesnake. Man may be a worm, but a glance at the dandies proves that he is not the worm that never

Hon. Jeremiah S. Black had his arm crushed by a railway accident near Louisville, Kentucky,

on Monday a-week. A man turned his son out of doors lately be-

cause he wouldn't pay him house rent-a striking proof of payrental affection In Illinois, recently, a farmer set fire to the

grass on his prairie land, and burned up his two children who were out at play. Write your name in kindness, love and mercy

on the hearts of those you come in contact with and you will never be forgotten. A seamstress in Springfield, Massachusetts, has

sign which reads "sowing done here." Can

such things be-and in Massachusetts? Mrs. Col. Colt. whose defunct husband made revolvers, has an income of \$400,000 a year. It would be pretty hard to break such a colt.

The meanest reason for getting married that wanted some one to part his back hair for him. A blind organ grinder of Cincinnati is inclined o grumble because soldiers who receive pensions compete with his business. He wants protection Dexter has been beaten by a velocipede in Jersey city. A mile was made in two minutes. Who

A Texas paper says that though "courting can still go on, getting married is played out," there being no one in office there who is authorized to

will give thirty thousand dollars for that veloci-

A tellow out West advertises a wife, who, he says, "has left him just as his summer's work is beginning , notwi hatanding he has had the expense of wintering her."

A hotel lan dlord in California saves the expense of a gong by keeping a dog. The weight of the landlord on the dog's tail causes the animal to howl sufficiently loud to awaken all the guests.

A shrewd old gentleman once said to his daughter, "Be sure, my dear, you never marry a poor man; but remember that the poorest man in the world is one that has money and nothing else." The Library of Congress has, within the last sixty days, received an increase of 2,000 volumes. most of them elegant foreign standards, relating to American affairs, and formerly owned by Max-

A quack in Georgia prescribed for a rheumatic

by the Sceretary of Legation, Mr. Perry, of whom we have heard so much, will all have to There is nothing like sticking to one branch of

business, however small. A man has peddled pop-The highly gratifying assurance is telegraphed

of Dollars So much for the new administration in its third month. An Iowa paper explains the escape of a prison er thus: "The constable and prisoner disagreed as to which was the best route, and as the prison

debt in May will not fall below Twelve Millions

er has not been heard from since, it is supposed that he took the wrong road " It is said that Mrs. Walker has had a situation given her-in Alaska! If it is that of Collector of Customs we hope she will not make a collection of her own customs. They had better be allowed

to quietly disappear from public notice The St. Joseph (Mo.) Union says that "at a ball given at Pateetown, the other night, the glass beads glistened on the heaving bosoms of the village belles like polished rubies hanging on the

delicate surface of warm apple dumplings." A drunken man walking along the street at night, with his head thrown back, looking at the moon with sovereigh contempt, was heard to exclaim : "You needn't be so proud, Madame Moon; you are full only once a month, and I every

A Rochester gentleman saw an advertisement that the recipe for the cure of dyspepsis might be had by sending a postage stamp to the advertiser. He was a victim and sent his stamp. The answer was-"Dig in the garden and let whiskey

At a country town in New Jersey, a little boy who was jumping about and bawling loudly, was asked why he wept. The following reply touched all hearts: "I want my mammy; that's what's the matter. I told the darned old thing she'd

The ex-Johnson Postmaster of Helena, Montana Territory, is nearly \$10,000 short in his accounts. but there is small prospects of ever recovering any of the plunder, as the official put all his property out of his hands on the very day that his successor was confirmed.

A Greek, at Stamboul, recently had a dream that a vast treasure could be found in a certain hill, if a child were sacrificed to the guardian demon. He took his little daughter to the place the next day, beat out her brains, and dug for the gold until he was arrested.

Federal officers at the South, who defaulted at the outbreak of the rebellion, are held by Judge Chase to be pretected by the statute of limitations against suit for the monies in default. It is probable that additional legislation by Congress will be necessary to meet these cases.

We noticed a fellow the other day wearing large ring, with a brilliant red setting; he were it in a queer place-around his eye. Upon making inquiry he informed us that it didn't cost much, and people generally were them who de served them. He says it was given to him.

Paris dandles are beginning to wear blue and green in place of black for full dress. We have already chronicled the appearance of silk costs, and it will doubtless not be long until the gentlemen at evening parties present as gay an appearance as did their great grandfathers.

An act of Congress, at its last session, applicable to the District of Columbia, recognized, to the fullest extent, the absolute right of the married woman to her separate property, whether acquired befere or after marriage, and conferred upon her the right to sue, or be sued therefor, in her

Corrine is a thriving Pacific Railway town three months old, with a population of ten thousand, a municipal government and a daily paper. It promises to live longer than most of the brief experienced cities of the great interior, which rose with one new moon and were not found by Breakers Ahead.

Many of the best informed business men, financiers and editors are begining to apprehend a general smash-up within a couple of years, in consequence of the large excess of our importations over the exportations. There must be a change in this respect before long, they say, or a general business crash. The danger is not probably as great or as close as some of them apprehend; but that there is danger is apparent and undeniable. The probability is-says the Cincivnati Times-that \$1,000,000,000 of gold will be suddenly demanded of this country within two years. At the rate of our trading and runing into debt to foreigners, we shall "bring up" all to smash by the spring of 1872. Our immense crops, now promised, will save us for one year; but to save us, the farmers must expect low prices, since they cannot be exported at high prices, and on their exportation all depends.

Our foreign trade last week gave double the importations of the corresponding week of 1868, and our exports were far less. Our imports were last week \$7,074,000 in gold against our exportation of \$2,700,000 in June 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M., the following imports were last week \$7,074,000 in gold against our exportation of \$2,700,000 in June 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M., the following important to wit. gold! And yet shallow people are alarmed at

the rise in gold, and denounce the policy of Secretary Boutwell, which is the only straw by which we can fight down the excess of importation.

A crash cannot be prevented unless we can turn the foreign tide. When the crash comes, bonds will go down immensely under the demand from Europe for gold on them. Under "hard times" no European was ever heard, was from a man who said he will believe our bonds safe against repudia-

> THEIR LENGTH AND COST. - In the world. at the close of the year 1868, there were one hundred and nine thousand one hundred and seventy-seven miles of railway track which cost in the aggregate \$10,829,-751,982. They traverse an area of nineteen million four hundred and forty-one thousand and thirteen square miles, populated by five hundred and eighty-four millions four hundred and sixty-three thou-and nine hundred and trirty-seven souls. The average of inhabitants to each mile of railway is 5,-353 36. In North America there are but one thousand one hundred inhabitants to each mile of railroad, which is the smallest barn erected thereon; excepting and reserving each mile of railroad, which is the smallest ratio in the world. Asia presents forty-nine thousand four hundred, Europe five thousand and sixteen, South America fourteen thousand seven hundred and seventy-five, and Africa ten thousand six hundred and thirty-nine inhabitants to every mile of

A CLEAVELAND paper has discovered one of the finest mathematical geniouses A quask in Georgia prescribed for a rhounatic old weman that she should bury all her husband's money under a stone in the garden. She did so and though the rhounatism didn't vanish, the money did.

If the plan of Mr. Arny, formerly Indian Agent in New Mexico, is carried out the "One little Indian boys."

This gentlemen, Mr. J. N. STOCKWELL, of the plan of Horace Patchin, North 18 degrees the plan of Horace Patchin of Horace Patchin North 18 degrees west 189 perches to a post, thence by the plan of Horace Patchin North 18 degrees west 191 perches to the plane of Horace Patchin North 18 degrees west 191 perches to the plane of Horace Patchin North 18 degrees west 191 perches to the plane of Horace Patchin North 18 degrees west 191 perches to the plane of Horace Patchin North 18 degrees west 191 perches to the plane of Horace Patchin North 18 degrees west 191 perches to the plane of Horace Patchin North 18 degrees and allowance for norms allowance for nor of the age" in "a plain home-spun farmer, dian, two tittle Indian, three little Indian boys," Brecksville, Ohio, has recently had a re- taining 58 seres and allowance, 6 seres cleared Brecksville, Ohio, has recently had a re-markable paper printed in the transactions taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of a scientific society, its title being "Re marks on the Secular Varieties of the Plancorn on the Fitebburg, Mass , road, till he is worth etary Orbits." The contributions of the upwards of one hundred thousand dollars, and he plain Ohio farmer have, it is said. "already excited the dee interest of prominent mathematicians in the Eastern States and in from Washington that the reduction of the public Europe, and propositions that he has propounded for their consideration are still baffling the efforts of some of the most profound among them to confute."

President Grant issued a proclamation last Saturday a-week, directing that henceforth there shall be no reduction of the wages of government employees on account of the eight hour system.

### Mew Advertisements.

Advertisements set up in large type, or out of plain utyle, will be charged double usual rates. No cuts

PLASTER -- Nova Scotia Land Placter and Cal-cined Plaster, for sale at J. P KRATZER'S. WOOL WANTED -100 000 pounds wool wanted. for which the highest market price will id, by J. P. KRATZER.

Paries, Currants, Raisins, just received at June 2, 1869.

RIED FRUIT — Apples, Peaches, Prunes, Cherries, Currants, Raisins, just received at June 2, 1869. FOR SALE—three building lots, 24 by 85

feet, near the railroad depot. Will be sold separate, or in a body. For further information apply to H. E. SNYDER, Clearfield, Pa. CAUTION.-All persons are hereby cau-

tioned against purchasing or in any way
meddling with one BAY MARE now in possession
of John Lowder, of Bradford tp , as the same belongs to me and b as only been left with said Lowder on loan and is subject to my order at any time.
June 2. 1869-3tp. EDWARD DALE. CAUTION.-All persons are hereby cau-

ACTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or taking an
assignment of a certain Promissory Note, given
by the undereigned to Lemuel Laporte calling
for two hundred and forty-one dollars, and dated
February 15th. 1859. The said Laporte having
represented as having lost said note, the amount
thereof was was paid to him by check, and hence
we will not pay the note unless compelled to do
so by due process of law. F. B. & A. IRWIN.
Bald Hills, May 31, 1869-J.2-3t.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. The partnership heretofore existing be-tween the undersigned, in the manufacture of lumber. &c. in Lawrence township.under the firm name of Thomas McPherson & Bros., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 25th day of May 1869. The books and accounts are left with J. Linn Mc-The books and accounts are left with 5. Link mePherson who is authorized to make all collections
and settle all claims against the firm.

THOS. M'PHERSON,
J. LINN M'PHERSON,
W. R. M'PHERSON,

W. R. M'PHERSON, JOHN H. M'PHERSON.

CAUTION. - All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way meddling with the following priperty now in possession of Edward B. Blackwell, of Decatur township, Clearfield co., Pa., as the same belongs to me, and is subject to my order at any time; viz: One Dark Bay Horse, one Dark Bay Stallion, two Sets Harness, one Wagon, one Block Mulley Cow, three Red

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, for the Western District Pennsylvania JOHN RYAN. a bank-

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED-AGENTS-for Prof. Parson's Laws of Business. With full directions and forms for all transactions in every State, by Theophilus Parsons, L. L. D., Professor of Law in Harvard University A new book for everybody. Explaining every kind of contract and legal obligation, and showing how to draw and execute them. The highest and best authority in the land. Send for our liberal terms; also for our Patent Bible Prospectus Sent Free. Je 2, 69-3m.] PARMELEE & CO., Phil's.Pa.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is here-REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is here-by given that the following accounts have been examined and passed by me and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of helrs.legatees.oreditors, and a others in any way. Interested and will be presented to the next Or-phans' Court of Cearfield county, to be held at the Court House, in the Borough of Clearfield commencing on the 4th Monday of June, 1869. The Trustee and Distribution account of John Rorabaugh, Trustee de. of the real estate of Jonathan Pierce, late of Chest tp, Clearfield co. dec'd. Final account of James B. Clark, Administrator

of Patrick Quinn, late of Penn t'p, dec'd.

Final account of Thomas Brewer, Administrator of Daniel Crowell, late of Beccaria t'p. dec'd.

June 2, 1869.

A. W. LEE, Register. SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue of sundry

described property to wit :

described property to wit:

A certain tract of land situate in Woodward t'p. Clearfield county, Pa.. containing 27 seres of land with frame house and barn erected thereon, adjoining the village of Madera, on Clearfield steek. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Robert Alexander.

Also—a certain tract of land situate in Covington township. Clearfield county, Pa., bounded as follows: Fronting on the Snow Shoe Turnpike on the East by lands of Jacob Tothers, on the South and West by lands of Frederick Schnarrs, with a small house and stable creeted thereon. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property taken in execution, and to be sold as the property

of Jacob Dutry

ALSO—a certain tract of land situate in Bell t'p,
Clearfield county, Pa., bounded by lands of C.

Wetzel on the Northwest, by land of David Sunderland and Work on the South, by lands of Jas and Henry M'Gee on the West, containing 140 acres, more or less, having about 60 acres cleared, with a small house and barn erected thereon Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Dixon Verts.

Also—a certain tract of land situate in Bell t'p, Clearfield country. Par beautied by lead of C.

ALSO—a certain tract of land situate in Bell t'p, Clearfield county. Pa, bounded by land of C. Wetzel on the Northwest by lands of David Sunderlin and Work on the South, and by lands of Jas. and Henry M'Gee on the West, containing 140 acres, more or less, having about 60 acres cleared, with a small dwelling house and barn erected thereon; excepting and reserving all title to 18 acres along the river. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Dixon Verts. ALSO—a certain tract of land situate in Bell township, Clearfield county. Pa, bounded by lands of E. Wetzel on the Northwest, by lands of David Sunderlin and Work on the South, and by lands of James and Henry Molice on the West, containing 146 acres, more or less, being about 66 all title to 10 acres along the river. Seized taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of ALSO-a certain tract of land situate in Bell

township, Clearfield county, Pa. beginning at a post corner, thence by land of W. A Wallace 50 post corner, thence by land of W. A Wallace 50.7 degrees East 170 perches to a post, thence by land of G. L. Reed North 39.7 degrees West 100 perches to a post, thence by land of Frederick Rupert 50.7 degrees West 170 perches to a post, thence by land of G. L. Reed and John Mott South 39.7 degrees East 100 perches to place of beginning, containing 100 acres and 40 perches with a small dwelling house and harn erects dithereon. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of James O. Beaty.

of Wm. H. Campbell.

ALSO—a certain tract of land situate in Chest township, Clearfield county, Pa., bounded as follows: Beginning at a hickory corner on old line of John Brenneman thence South 50 degrees West by Martin Withington tract to corner made by John McCord at 105 pershap themselved to defer John McCord at 105 perches, thence by lands be longing to the estate of John McCully, dec'd North-west by line of McCord 170 perches, more or less west by line of McCord 170 perches, more or less, to a corner, thence by land sold to G. R. McCully 106 perches to a hemlick, down, thence by old line South 40 degrees East, to place of beginning, containing 112 acres and 20 perches, with a house and burn erected thereon; with a reservation of 84 acres and 120 perches sold to Samuel Straw &c. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Joseph McCullough.

Also-by virtue of sundry writs of Levare Facias, the following real estate to wit: All those two certain tracts or pieces of land situate in Boggs township, Clearfield county, Pa., containing 427 acres and 30 perches and allowances, surveyed on warrant dated 21st January, 1794, granted to William Troutwine; also the other tract containing 427 acres and 30 perches and allowance, surveyed on warrant dated 21st January, A.D., 1794 granted to George Byers. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the proper-ty of Roll C. Link.

ty of Roll C. Link.

Also—all that certain lot or piece of ground, with the buildings thereon erected, situate in the Borough of Osceola county of Clearfield and State aforesaid, on the North side of Curtin street and known and designated as lot No. 207 in the general plan of said Borough, being the same premises which the "Osceola Conglompany," by indenture bearing date the 2d day of April. A D., 1866, duly executed and intended forthwith to be recorded according to law, granted and conveyed unto the said Wm. J. Smith in fee, excepting and reserving all the stone coal and mineral which reserving all the stone coal and mineral which may be beneath the surface of the soil of the above described lot or piece of ground, together with the right of free ingress, egrees and regress to search for, dig and carry away the same Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Was. J. Smith. June 2, 69. C. HOWE, Sheriff.

N. HOOVER, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in TOBACCO, CIGARS AND SNUFF. A large assortment of pipes cigar cases. &c., constantly on hand. Two doors East of the Post Office, Clearfield, Pa. May 19, 69.

5,000 POUNDS WOOL WANTED by the subscriber, which will be taken on book account or in exchange for goods. DAVID BELL.

JEFFERSON LITZ, M.D. Physician and Surgeon, Having located at Osceola, Pa., offers his profes sional services to the people of that place and sur-rounding country. All calls promptly attended to. Office and residence on Curtin Street, formerly occupied by Dr. Kline

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Barbara Chambers, late of Curwensville, dec'd having seen granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to said es-tate are required to make immediate payment. and those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated, for settlement to DANIEL CHAMBERS,
May 19, 1869-5t. Administrator.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY BOND LOST On the night of the 17th of May, the counting house of R. Robinson & Co., 255 Liberty street. Pittsburg was broken into and robbed of money, Bonds, and other valuables, smong which was a Bounty Bond, of Clearfield county, for \$300—dated 20th March, 1865, payable 1st July, 1873, Number 163. All persons are hereby cautioned against the purchase of said bond, as payment has been stopped.

H B SWOOPE.

May 25,'69 ] Att'y for R. Robinson & Co DISTRICT COURT of the United States for the Western District of Penn'a:

In the matter of DAVID PERSING, IN BANKRUPTCY.

DAVID PERSING, IN BANKKUPTCT.

Bankrupt.

A warrant in Banruptey has been issued against the estate of David Persing, of the county of Clearfield, and State of Pennsylvania, in said District adjudged a Bankrupt upon petition of his creditors, and the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to said Bankrupt to him or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are torbidden by law. A meeting of of Pennsylvania JOHN RYAN. a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2d. 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all persons who have proved their debts, and other persons interested to appear on the 15th day of June. 1869. at Two o'clock. P. M., before S. E. Woodruff Esq. Register in Bankruptey at his office, in Clearfield, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt. And further, notice is hereby given that the Second and Third meetings of Creditors of the said bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of said act, will be held before the said Begister, at the same time and place.

S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

June 2, 1869, 2t.

BANKRUPT.

A warrantin Banruptcy has been issued against the estate of David Persing, of the county of Clearfield, and State of Pennsylvania, in said District adjudged a Bankrupt upon petition of his creditors, and the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to said Bankrupt to him or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Clearfield in said District on the 15th day of June 1869, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the office of S. E. Woodruff, one of the Registers in Bankrupt of S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

June 2, 1869, 2t.

May 26-3t. U. S. Marshal for said District.

May 26-3t. U. S. Marchal for said District.

A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE -Le: A ters Testamentary on the estate of Hugh Riddle.late of Burnside to Clearfield coun-Hugh Riddle late of Burnesset p Mearfield coun-ty, Pa. des'd, having been graniel to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated, for settlement May 12, 69-5tp. JOHN RORAB (UGH, Adm);

#### PUBLIC SALE.

There will be exposed to public sale, at the real idence of the subscriber, in Curwensville, and

Wednesday, June 9th, 1869 A HOUSE AND LOT. The house contains four A HOUSE AND LOT. The house contains four rooms on the first floor, and seven on the second with a wash house, coal house and the house under one roof. Water in the kitchen and wash house the contains four there had been and wash house. Also one cow, one pig. three bedroom sets two bureaus two parlor and one cook stove, two tables. bureaus.two parlor and one cook stove, two tables, two bedsteads, what-not, centre table, sofa lounge, iron and copper kettles, and many other articles.

Terms—one-third of purchase money of real estate in hand, and the balance in one and two tate in hand, and the basence in one known on years; personal property terms made known on day of sale. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock.i w May 26-2tp. WM TEN EYCK.

IST OF CAUSES set down for trial at June Term, 1869 :

Faust. Swith & Co. Hockenberry Fitch. et al. Shoff & Asker Forrest, Lansberry, et al. Mays. Irvin. Sankey

#### JAS. T. BRADY & CO. (Successors to S. Jones & Co...)

CORNER POURTH AND WOOD STREETS PITTSBURGH, PA.,

## BANKERS.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES. Gold, Silver and Coupons. Six per cent. interest allowed on deposits sub-

Money loaned on Government Bonds. Bonds registered free of charge. May 19. 69-1y. JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

#### FULLERTOS. : ; ; W. R. N'PHERSON NEW FIRM!

FULLERTON & McPherson,

Keep constantly on hand Fresh Meats, such a BEEF, VEAL, MUTTON, Erc., FRESH FISH.

All kinds of Vegetables, in season, CANNED PRUITS.

BUTTER, LARD, ETC., Which they will sell at the lowest market prices.

Cash paid for Cattle, Butter, etc. ROOM ON MARKET ST. Clearfield. Pa -May 12 '69

# BOYER & SHAW.

NEW AND FIRST CLASS

DRUG STORE! MARKET STREET,

(Adjoining Store of R. Morroy.)

CLEARFIELD, PA.

Having purchased the above Store Room wi refitted it entirely, making it in all respects a FIRST CLASS DRUG STORE. we are now opening, and offer to the public, a fall,

Chemicals, Paints, Varnishes, &c., &c. Patent Medicines. Dye Stuffs, Tebacco, Cigara, Confectioneries,

complete and strictly pure assortment of Drugt.

Physicians Will find our stock of Drugs full and complete. and at a very slight advance on Hastern prices

School Books. Teachers and others will be furnished with classical and miscellaneous books by express, at short

Stationery, Consisting of Cap, Flat Cap, Fooleoap, Letter and Perfumed Note Paper, also, a very neat stock of Mourning Note Paper and Envelopes on hand. Pens, Penoils, Ink, &c.

Housekeepers Will find a full stock of Pure Spices, Soda Soda Ash, Concentrated Lye Scap, &c.

Ladies and Gentlemen Are requested to examine our stock of Perfumery, Hair Oils, Fine Toilet Soaps, Brushes, Combs.

Smokers and Chewers Will find a full supply, of prime Chewit; and Smoking Tobacco, Imported and Demestic Cigars,

Snuff, Fine-cut, &c. Carbon Oil. Of the best brands, always on band.

Liquars. The best quality of Liquors always on hand, for medical purposes.

Physicians prescriptions promptly and carefully compounded. A. I. SHAW.

May 19, 1869.

CANNED PRUITS—all kinds, warranted good and fresh, at