

Raftsman's Journal.



S. J. ROW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. CLEARFIELD, PA., MAY 12, 1869.

Clearfield, Pa., May 12, 1869. AID FOR CUBA.—Several days ago it was announced that a vessel had sailed from New York with over one thousand Cubans aboard...

THE PUBLIC DEBT.—An examination of the books in the United States Treasurer's office show that the public debt reached its maximum in August, 1865, when it was \$2,757,689,571.

BOUNTY CLAIMS.—Instructions have been given from the Treasury Department, under the late bounty law, that hereafter, in paying soldiers' claims, two checks shall be given—one to the agent or attorney...

OHIO POLITICS.—The renomination of Governor HAYS, by the Republicans of Ohio, is generally conceded, and there is no opposition to the nomination of Lieutenant Governor LEE.

SEVERE HAIL STORM.—A letter from Anna, Union county, Illinois, dated May 7th, says that place was visited by a fearful hail storm.

THE MILITIA LAW.—The following is a change in the general militia law passed during the last session of the Legislature: That the minimum for all volunteer military organizations of all arms of the service is hereby fixed at thirty-two non-commissioned officers and privates...

SPANISH PROGRESS.—The Spanish Cortes on Thursday last week, adopted the article of the National Constitution guaranteeing liberty of worship, by a vote of 164 to 40—the minority vote representing the strength of the clerical party of intolerance.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL.—This great road seems still to be marching onward, pushing its way to supremacy with rapid strides. It is reported that it has obtained control of the railroad from Covington, opposite Cincinnati, to Louisville, Ky., a line of new road on the eve of being opened.

Near Maunaloa, in the Island of Hawaii there are two lakes, side by side, one of fresh water and the other salt. Both are far above the level of the sea, and it is believed there is no connection between the salt lake and the ocean.

Gubernatorial Candidates.

Some of our Republican contemporaries are naming their special favorites for the gubernatorial nomination on the 23d of June. Thus far Gov. Geary has received the most liberal newspaper support...

Our Democratic friends on the surface are getting along quite as harmoniously, but beneath it there is considerable jangling. Both their candidates are worth millions—the amount Senator Sprague expressed his contempt for—and when the "stuff" is about lively times may always be expected among the clean and unwashed Democracy.

"SEEKING ANNEXATION."—The cry in both Canada and Nova Scotia for a renewal reciprocity treaty is fast becoming a cry for annexation. Reciprocity is not one of the probabilities so long as its absence stimulates the annexation feeling.

"In a word, sir, driven by force of circumstances, we are seeking annexation; we believe it will best subserve our interests, and we expect to get it. The glory argument is merely an empty sound; the loyalty story is dead; we look for something tangible, something practical, something that will combine real greatness, substantial glory, and true prosperity; and we believe these desiderata will be secured to us by annexation to the United States.

WHICH?—The act of 1862 gave discretionary power to the Secretary of the Treasury to establish a sinking-fund for the gradual liquidation of the public debt. Mr. McCulloch never found the public finances so easy as to warrant him in exercising these powers.

LUTHERAN GENERAL SYNOD.—The General Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, about to commence in St. Paul's Church, in Washington, will be composed of some two hundred or more members, clerical and lay delegates.

THE KU KLUX.—Information reached Atlanta, Georgia, that Bradford O. Rhoads, a prominent Republican of Warren county, was killed at his residence in Warrenton, on Wednesday night, April 5th, by some Ku Klux. Bands of these assassins are prowling about the country committing outrages upon the Republicans indiscriminately.

BURNED.—In accordance with an act passed by the legislature last winter for the destruction of unavailable depreciated funds of old State banks, the State Treasurer of Pennsylvania caused to be burned to ashes, on Friday morning, May 7th, all such funds remaining in the vaults of the Treasury amounting to \$41,032.00.

Gen. John Ely, lately appointed U. S. Marshal for the Eastern District of Penn'a., died suddenly in Philadelphia, on May 4th, having ruptured a blood vessel. He served with distinction in the army, during the rebellion. Gen. E. M. Gregory has been appointed to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Gen. Ely.

"By Their Fruits."

The following sensible and truthful article, from the Newark Courier, is worthy the careful perusal of every man throughout the whole land:

"When a party is to be adjudged, it is by the fundamental principles of its platform and the acts of its administration. By this rule, how appear the national records of the Democratic and Republican parties? The Democratic party has always taught the principle of State sovereignty, and denied the right of the Federal Government to maintain its own integrity.

Thus they labored assiduously for years to destroy our institutions and inaugurate a ruinous reign of anarchy, which they believed would end in a monarchy, with the old Democratic leaders at its head. Consistently with their principles, their policy and the object in view, they denounced every movement for the suppression of the rebellion as unconstitutional, predicted failure, opposed the administration in and out of Congress, and furnished men and means only as far as the vigorous measures of the Government compelled them—or, in the words of the apology for the Governor of the Empire State for sending troops to repel the invasion of Pennsylvania, "because they could not help it."

Under such circumstances the Republican party took the bankrupt government and the distracted Union, and by dint of almost supernatural effort and perseverance, bro't our out of anarchy, saved the Union, and still continue to pursue the even tenor of their way, in spite of treachery, falsehood and jibe. They are making it truly "the land of the free and the home of the brave."

CROP PROSPECTS.—The New York Tribune, which has extensive correspondence all over the country, says:—"We believe there was never before so large an area of our country in wheat at this season as now, and that sowed last fall is looking remarkably well. Unless some disastrous blight shall yet be experienced, we shall harvest more wheat in 1869 than in any former year.

REWARD OF RENEGADES.—Men who desert their party because of failure to procure office, or from any other unworthy motive, do not often profit by turning renegades. There is the recent case of Fishback, of Indianapolis, in point. He was an applicant for the postoffice of that place and failed to get it.

TIERED OF BEING CONGRESSMAN.—Gen. Paine, of Wisconsin, who succeeded Mr. Dawes as Chairman of the Committee on Elections in the House, seems to have had enough of Congressional honor and labor. In a letter to his constituents he says:—"If this business of 'going to Congress' had never been attractive to me, my observation and experience during the last ninety days would have very effectually dispelled the illusion. I will work zealously and faithfully two years more, as a 'servant,' and then I propose to resume the dignity of a 'sovereign,' and 'stay at home.' I shall not be a candidate for re-election."

THE KU KLUX.—Information reached Atlanta, Georgia, that Bradford O. Rhoads, a prominent Republican of Warren county, was killed at his residence in Warrenton, on Wednesday night, April 5th, by some Ku Klux. Bands of these assassins are prowling about the country committing outrages upon the Republicans indiscriminately. To be an avowed Republican in that country is a sure passport to death or violent outrage.

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"PERSECUTED."—The London Saturday Review says:—"The acquisition of Cuba will probably be accomplished by the United States with little difficulty, whether the intermediate form of independence is observed according to the Texas precedent or passed over as useless."

A Little of Everything.

There are no public schools in Texas. Appearing—the verdure, on the trees. Arriving daily—new goods, at Mossop's.

Caught—a young fox, in Tyrone, the other day. Will a shoe, placed with a stay lace, stay laced? Up—the new sign of Messrs. Hartwick & Irwin.

The place to get job work done—the Journal office. For sale—magazines and papers, at the post office. In blast—the soda font, at Shaw's drug store.

A Boston merchant has a business ledger 100 years old. "Fust-guzzler"—is the latest definition of a "tippler."

Minister Washburne sailed for France on Saturday week. Sold—the chap who bought the coal scuttle with a hole in the bottom.

Repugnance inclines to reconsider its rejection of the Cushing Canal treaty. Price of the Journal, only two dollars in advance. Subscribe for it.

Removed—the Drug Store of A. I. Shaw to the room adjoining Mossop's. The Boston Post says that the discharged clerks say that Boutwell is "turning out" badly.

Baron Rothschild's estate, which has just been settled up, amounted to \$540,000,000 in gold. R. A. Mackey, Esq., the new State Treasurer, entered upon the duties of his office on Monday week.

A Florida paper apologizes for shortcoming with the frank explanation—"The publisher is off on a bum."

A man with a wooden leg is astonishing the good people at Burlington, Iowa, by riding the velocipede.

Amusing—to see a church member leading a cow into town, on Sunday morning, with the bell stuffed full of leaves.

The "oldest Mason" has now turned up in Canada, in the person of Charles McKewen, who was "raised" in Ireland in 1776.

The Mount Vernon estate of Gen. Washington is advertised in the Alexandria (Va.) Gazette, to be sold on the 10th of June.

A citizen of Boston is of opinion that to have the new Boston Post office between Milk and Water streets is ominous and unpropitious.

Some Belgian chemists propose to teach how to make "Grand Mousseux" champagne out of ingredients costing but two cents a quart.

The Emperor Napoleon celebrated his sixty-second birthday by a grand dinner at the Tuileries, on Tuesday evening, April 27th.

Gen. Joe Lane, who was on the Democratic national ticket with Breckinridge in 1860, has lately joined the Roman Catholic Church.

The British House of Commons, by a majority of ninety-nine, have passed the bill repealing the prohibition to marry a deceased wife's sister.

Ashley's troubles are not yet over. Montana begs grant to recall his appointment as her Governor. There are innumerable inventions for the manufacture of bricks—a much needed article is a machine for their painless extraction from the lat.

A successful office-seeker in Washington had to search a Gazette to ascertain where the country was to which he was appointed as Minister from the United States.

In Des Moines, Iowa, two barbers have been fined \$7.50 for working on Sunday. The justice said "it was legal to sell rum and cigars on Sunday, but not to shave."

A New York jury has cast Gen. John A. Dix in \$10,000 damages for imprisoning in Fort Lafayette during the war, a man named Daniel D. Bell, of Rochester, New York.

Duck eggs are declared by a Philadelphia doctor to be a sure cure for palpitation of the heart. It is so difficult to see that the prescription is in the interest of quackery.

Thirteen of the western railways earned, in the three months ending with March, a total sum of \$14,613,942, or nearly two millions more than in the same period of 1868.

The number of Chinamen living in California and the adjacent States and Territories is said to be about one hundred thousand, or nearly one-fourth of the adult male population.

There are eight tunnels on the Pennsylvania Railroad, ranging from two hundred to three thousand six hundred and twelve feet in length—the one at Gallitzin being the longest.

In the word abstinence, the five vowels of the alphabet stand in their grammatical order, a. e. i. o. u. The word factitious presents the same accidental singularity, and factiously brings in the y.

A shrewd but unenlightened school director out West used to say, on examining a candidate for the post of teacher, "We all know that a, b, c, is vowels, but we want to know why they're vowels."

Pardee College, Pike county, Missouri, confers the degree of M. A. (maid of arts) upon young ladies. Among the practices prohibited at this institution is "gallanting or association of ladies and gentlemen."

A rustic describer—Louisville, said the finest residence there belonged to M. E. Church, whose name was cut in big letters over the door, and there was a sharp pointed chimney on the house, two hundred feet high.

THE LARGEST NUGGET.

A nugget of gold, weighing 210 pounds Troy, and yielding when smelted 2268.5 ounces pure metal, has recently been discovered by two miners at the Ballarat Diggings, Australia. It was found two inches beneath the surface in a district that has been thoroughly dug over for many years past.

SPECIAL PROVIDENCE.—It is difficult to suppress a belief in special providences. Here, for example, says one of our most profound and philosophical exchanges, just as Mr. Johnson has retired to private life, there has been discovered near Nashville one of the most curious and commodious caverns in the country. "It is deep and extensive," says the telegraph. It is evident to us that this great cave has been hidden from the eyes of mankind, and express reserved for the use, benefit and behoof of Mr. Johnson, that he may retire to it, "for the world forgetting, by the world forgot," for the purpose of reflection, repentance, self-mortification, both of the flesh and of the spirit, and all other occupations in which it is proper for a first class hermit to engage.

THE POPE AND THE FREE MASONS.—The Pope is fulminating against the Masonic Order. In his eyes, a Free Mason is worse than an infidel—worse than any infidel, perhaps except a protestant. Here are the most utterances of the Supreme Pontiff:—"Those Free Masons are nothing but sects of iniquity, bound together only by complicity in odious crimes. They are all of perverse maneuvers and diabolical artifices, corruptors of morals, and destroyers of every idea of honor, truth and justice; propagators of monstrous opinions; disseminators of abominable vices and unheard-of wickedness; overthrowers of authority, whether of the Catholic Church or civil society; and capable" (such is the astounding conclusion) "of driving God himself out of Heaven, if it were possible."

SPAIN AND CUBA.—A Madrid letter says the Government seems to have abandoned the task of endeavoring to conceal the facts in regard to the progress of the insurrection in Cuba. It is admitted that the situation is as critical as it can be, and that fighting is going on over two thirds of the Island. In spite of the strict surveillance established by the Spanish cruisers the insurgents continue to be plentifully supplied with munitions of every kind, including large pieces of artillery, and though some of the blockade runners are occasionally captured it does not prevent supplies being pushed in as actively as ever.

TEMPERATURE OF ALASKA.—If Alaska is not the paradise of orange groves and spice forests that some of the advocates of its purchase would have us believe, it is certainly much warmer than the regions on the corresponding degrees of latitude to the eastward. The meteorological record at Fort Tongan, kept by United States officers, shows that the lowest range of the thermometer between June, 1868, and February, 1869, was twenty-five degrees above zero. The highest point reached by the mercury was fifty-nine degrees, in August. During the three winter months, it averaged over thirty-three degrees. The least rain fall was in August—nine one-hundredths of an inch; the greatest in November—seventeen inches and ninety-two one-hundredths.

The Southern Opinion of Richmond, Va., the only out-and-out Rebel paper left south of the Potomac, has been compelled to suspend its publication for want of support. There are a few Rebel papers of the Brick Pomeroy stamp still in existence in the north, but they too are fast dying out. The old fogy prints of the copperhead persuasion must either change their tone or go under before the next five years.

The Boston Journal of Chemistry states that "no variety of wine is more dangerous than what is called claret. It is a ually a vile mixture. Thousands of gallons are made by allowing water to soak through shavings, and adding thereto a certain proportion of logwood and tartaric acid, and a little alcohol. Good judges can hardly discriminate between this fictitious mixture and the genuine article."

A MISTAKE.—Vallandigham says the Democracy made a mistake in 1868, in not nominating Chase. He is probably correct, in this way—if Chase had been nominated by the Democratic party and beaten in 1868, when defeat was expected, it would have saved them from the mortification of being obliged to nominate him in 1872, and being again beaten when they look for victory.

Brick Pomeroy seems to know the leading Democrats of New York as he himself is known. He says: "If buying and selling, if fraud and corruption, if double dealing, trickery, dishonesty, and nothing but a love for gain is to mark the course of the leading Democrats of New York, I just ask God to spare my life for the next two years." Go in Brick.

The last rail, uniting the Pacific Railroad, was laid on Monday last. The completion of the road was the occasion of great rejoicing in San Francisco, and other cities.

Many a man's word is as good as his bond but it should be remembered that sometimes both are worthless.

ELECTION ORDERED.

The telegraph announces that President Grant has directed Gen. Canby to order an election in Virginia about the first of June, or sooner, if he should think it advisable.

Gold has been discovered in the rocks of the Stevens estate, at Hoboken, opposite New York. It will pay eighty dollars per ton for crushing. There is considerable excitement in Hoboken over the discovery.

General Canby, it is stated, will probably defer the constitutional election in Virginia until July, so as not to interfere with the harvest and in order that he may obtain a full registration of voters.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the subscriber, are requested to come and settle without delay. R. MOSSOP.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way meddling with a team of bay horses, one set of double harness, and one two horse wagon, in possession of R. H. Walk of Morris township, as the same belong to me, and are subject to my order. May 12, 69—J. P. ANDESSON'S MARK.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Let the Testimony on the estate of Hugh Riddle late of Burdette Clearfield county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated, for settlement. May 12, 69—J. P. ANDESSON'S MARK.

MASSACHUSETTS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. Incorporated 1851. Assets nearly Three Million Dollars. Dividends Annually. One-third or one-half of the premium loaned to the assured. All Policies Non-Forfeitable by law of the State of Massachusetts. Reliable and energetic Agents wanted. Apply to JOHN KNOX MARSHALL, State Agent, S. W. cor 6th and Walnut Streets, Philadelphia, Pa. May 12, 69—J. P.

FOUND—on Market Street, nearly opposite the jail, the cheapest place to buy (wholesale or retail): Dry Goods, Confectionery, Nails, Groceries, Drugs, Glass, Notions, Medicines, Boots & Shoes, Oil, Hardware, Hats & Caps, Stoves, Tinware, Flour, Leather, Queensware, Crochets, Oil Cloths, Woodware, Bacon, Wall Paper, Stationery, Fish, Tobacco and Musical Goods, Salt, Soap and Cigars. May 12, 69—J. P. KRATZER'S.

ATTENTION, BUYERS!

Who sells the cheapest goods in the county? MOSSOP!

Who sells best calicoes at 12 1/2 cts a yard? MOSSOP!

Who sells best unbleached muslin at 17 cents? MOSSOP!

Who sells Hall's Calf Boots at \$5.00? MOSSOP!

Who sells Hall's best Calf Boots at \$4.50? MOSSOP!

Who sells Hall's best Kip Boots at \$4.50? MOSSOP!

Who sells Hats lower than anybody else? MOSSOP!

Who sells Sugar the cheapest? MOSSOP!

Who sells Syrup the cheapest? MOSSOP!

Who sells Flour the cheapest? MOSSOP!

Who sells Chop and Feed the cheapest? MOSSOP!

Who sells Hardware the cheapest? MOSSOP!

Who sells Queensware the cheapest? MOSSOP!

Who sells Tinware the cheapest? MOSSOP!

Who sells Salt the cheapest? MOSSOP!

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

QUEENSWARE.—Tea sets, best stone-ware, 40 pieces, at \$8.50 at MOSSOP'S.

HALL'S FINE CALF-KIP BOOTS, at \$5.00, at MOSSOP'S.

OIL CLOTH, at greatly reduced prices, at MOSSOP'S.

DRIED FRUIT, at reduced prices, at MOSSOP'S.

BACON, Hams, Sides and Shoulders—At reduced prices, at MOSSOP'S.

D. R. FULLERTON. W. N. McPHERSON.

NEW FIRM!

FULLERTON & McPHERSON, Keep constantly on hand Fresh Meats, such as BEEF, VEAL, MUTTON, Etc., FRESH FISH, CANNED FRUITS, BUTTER, LARD, Etc., Which they will sell at the lowest market prices. Cash paid for Cattle, Butter, etc.

ROOM ON MARKET ST., Clearfield, Pa.—May 12, 69.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way meddling with two MARK MULES, one a black and the other a dun, one two horse wagon, and one set double harness, now in possession of the Hancock, as the same belong to us and are only left with said Hancock on loan subject to our order. Philadelphia 6th St. J. WAGNER & BRO.

SAVED LUMBER.—The undersigned having started in the Lumber business, near Clearfield, Clearfield county, Pa., is now prepared to receive orders for sawed lumber, clear and stuff, etc. Pine and Hemlock kiln-dried to order and shipped on short notice. C. R. MACOMBER, Clearfield, Pa. May 5, 1869—ft.

FOR SALE,

White Lead, Zinc Paint, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnishes of all kinds, Colors, in oil and dry, Paint and Varnish brushes. HARTWICK & IRWIN, Clearfield, Pa.—M 5, '69.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania. CHRISTIAN J. SHOFF, a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2d 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims, and no objection being made by the Court, notice is hereby given to all persons who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 13th day of May 1869, at 10 o'clock, P. M. before S. E. Woodruff, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy at his office in Clearfield, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt. And further, notice is hereby given, that the Second and Third meetings of Creditors of the said bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of said act, will be held before the said Register, at the same time and place. S. C. McCAUNDLESS, Clerk. May 5th, 1869, 2t.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania. SLACY W. THOMPSON, a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2d 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims, and no objection being made by the Court, notice is hereby given to all persons who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 13th day of May 1869, at 10 o'clock, P. M. before S. E. Woodruff, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy at his office in Clearfield, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt. And further, notice is hereby given, that the Second and Third meetings of Creditors of the said bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of said act, will be held before the said Register, at the same time and place. S. C. McCAUNDLESS, Clerk. May 5, 1869—2t.

THIS WAY!

Having just returned from New York and Philadelphia we take this method of notifying all our old customers, and many others, whom we desire to have as customers, that we are receiving a very LARGE STOCK OF GOODS, of all kinds, which we will sell at very low figures. Give us a call, examine our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere and thereby save from 5 to 20 per cent on your purchases. THOMPSON & CO., Successors of The Eagle & Thompson, Clearfield, Pa., May 5, 1869—ft.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The following valuable property will be sold at public outcry, on SATURDAY, MAY 29th, 1869, between the hours of 12 o'clock, M. and 2 o'clock, P. M., in the town of Glen Hope, viz: 234 ACRES AND ALLOWANCE, of choice timber land, situate in Decatur Co., Clearfield county, Pa., lying within one and a half miles of Big Clearfield, and well watered with choice pine, oak and hemlock timber, (being part of the Isaac Wampole survey) and is all calculated for timbering or logging. There are valuable coal mines opened on lands immediately adjoining the same. The above tract is part of, and taken out of, the lands of the late John Wampole, and will be given up to purchase will do well to examine this property. The conditions of sale are as follows:—One-half to be paid down on confirmation of sale, and the other half on the first day of May, 1870, to be secured by bond and mortgage, with interest from day of sale. Possession will be given immediately. The owner reserves one bid. May 5, 1869. SAMUEL WIDEMIRE.

NEW GOODS!

The undersigned adopt this method of notifying the public generally, and the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity in particular, that they have just returned from the East with an entirely new opening, in their NEW STORE ROOM, one door West of Bloom's Hotel, a large and well selected stock of goods, which will be sold as cheap as the same quality elsewhere in the country. Our stock consists of Dry Goods, of every description, together with a full assortment of notions, Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Queensware, as well as Tinware, Cardware, Willowware, Buckets and Brooms, together with a large stock of Groceries, and always a full stock of Flour, Fish, Salt, &c.

In short, we keep a full supply of everything used in this market. We want all our old customers, and as many new ones as can make it convenient, to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. Clearfield, Pa., DANIEL HARTSOCK, May 5, 1869—ft. EDWIN GOODWIN