

Raftsmans Journal.



S. J. ROW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA., MAY 27, 1868.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET. FOR PRESIDENT, Gen. ULYSSES S. GRANT, FOR VICE PRESIDENT, Hon. SCHUYLER COLFAX.

A Meek Gray-Back!

There is a paper published in Bellefonte, called The Democratic Watchman, edited by an insignificant little whiffet who calls himself P. Gray Meek, and a very appropriate name it is, for every "gray" is Peter—so "gray" that he is and has been through-out the rebellion a "gray-back."

He not only fully endorses the sentiment of the Advertiser, but exclaims "Wait awhile until justice comes nearer home!" which means that the valorous Peter would like to get a chance to be revenged on the loyal people of Centre county who made him behave himself when the rebel in him cropped out too plainly during the war.

He is a pretty specimen to prate of "widows and orphans," and "graves" filled by our "intolerance." The only widows and orphans in this county made during the war are those of the gallant soldiers who gave their lives for that country that P. Gray Meek and his rebel friends were striving to destroy.

"Dirty prison-pens and bastilles," forsooth! How many brave and gallant men were starved and murdered at Andersonville and Libby, in consequence of the conduct of such wretches as P. Gray Meek in advising resistance to the draft, and throwing every impediment in the way of the Government in the prosecution of the war?

Democracy and Bishop Simpson. Bishop Simpson, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, is justly regarded as the most eloquent man now living, and he is reputed, throughout the Christian world, as one of the holiest of men.

But this Simpson, this political brawler, this covetous Bishop, who would rob his impoverished brethren of the South, even of their places of worship—this presider over a convocation of devil's chaplains, this wolf in sheep's clothing, who leads a hungry pack similarly disguised, against the sheep-folds of the South—what shall we say of him?

We love a priest, We love a cowl, We love a prophet of the soul, Yet for all his faith can see, We would not this good (?) Bishop be.

"The illness of Senator Grimes at the very time when his vote was needed to save Johnson from an unjust conviction, can be accounted for on no other hypothesis than that he was deliberately poisoned by the savage and bloodthirsty mongrels, etc."—Bellefonte Watchman.

A man struck with paralysis, "poisoned!" What a fool you are Meek! How ready you are to cry "stop thief!" The sudden and simultaneous illness of Senators Howard, Conkling, Nye and Morton, just when their votes were needed so convict the arch traitor, is a coincidence much more readily explained on the hypothesis of "poisoning" than the paralysis of "Old Grimes." Besides, it is consistent with Democratic and Copperhead tactics in the past. Harrison, Taylor, and Lincoln, were all victims of the "bowl and bullet" in the hands of "Democratic" assassins.

Grant and Colfax. The Chicago Convention did its work well. No better ticket could have been selected in all the length and breadth of the land. The nomination of GRANT was a foregone conclusion. Long before the convention met the people had determined he should be President, and six hundred and fifty delegates simply recorded the decision of the loyal masses of the nation in declaring him the candidate.

It would be affectation in us to present our readers with a biographical sketch of one with whose name and deeds they have been so familiar for the last seven years. He is identified with the history of the country and stands to-day pre-eminently the greatest and the best beloved man on American soil. It was fitting that he should be nominated unanimously amidst the wildest cheering ever witnessed in a political convention—cheering that has been caught up and re-echoed across the continent, from the Atlantic to the Pacific shores.

In SCHUYLER COLFAX, we have a candidate for Vice President, whose fidelity to the political organization of which he has ever been a consistent member cannot be questioned. He was born in the city of New York in 1823, and in 1836 removed, with his widowed mother, to St. Joseph County, Indiana, which is still his home.

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The Boys in Blue. The Soldiers and Sailors National Convention assembled in Chicago on Tuesday the 19th inst. Gov. Fairchild of Wisconsin presided. It was a large and enthusiastic convention. Gen. Logan, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, reported as follows: Resolved, that The Soldiers and Sailors, steadfast now as ever to the Union and the Flag, fully recognize the claims of Gen. ULYSSES S. GRANT to the confidence of the American people; and believing that the victories achieved under his guidance in war, will be now illustrated by him in times of peace by such measures as shall secure the fruits of our exertions, and a restoration of the Union upon a loyal basis, we declare it is our deliberate conviction, that he is the choice of the Soldiers and Sailors of the United States for the office of President of the United States.

Resolved, That in the maintenance of those principles which underlie our Government and for which we fought during four years of war, we pledge our earnest and active support to the Republican party, as the only political organization which, in our judgment, is true to the principles of loyalty, liberty, and equality before the law.

Resolved, That, speaking for ourselves and the soldiers and sailors who impelled their lives to preserve the Union, we believe that the impeachment of Andrew Johnson by the House of Representatives, for high crimes and misdemeanors in office, and his trial before the United States Senate, have presented unmistakable proofs of his guilt, and that whatever may be the judgment of the tribunal before which he is arraigned, the verdict of the people is "guilty," and we regard any Senator who has voted for acquittal as falling short of the proper discharge of his duty in this hour of the Nation's trial, and as unworthy of the confidence of the people.

Resolved, That the Soldiers and Sailors recognize no difference between native and adopted citizens, and they demand that the Government protect the naturalized citizen abroad as well as those of native birth. After the reading of the third resolution every delegate rose to his feet and gave three hearty cheers for Andrew Johnson and the "traitorous" Republican Senators, while the band played the "Rogues March."

Grimes the double-dyed traitor was struck with paralysis last week. No wonder! We wonder who struck Howard and Conkling?—Republican. The same men that struck Nye and Morton—that struck Harrison, Taylor and Lincoln. The same men that have always been ready to strike whenever some great deed is to be done for freedom and for humanity, and who have always traitors on hand, ready to take the place of those who are struck. No Copperhead paper need ask "who struck Howard and Conkling?"

The National Convention.

On Wednesday, at 12:30 P. M. Gov. Ward of New Jersey, Chairman of the National Committee called the convention to order. In a brief address he urged the delegates to take no step backward, to demonstrate that the war was no failure, and an emancipated race lifted from slavery to unity with the Republican party to maintain Republican liberty.

Prayer by Bishop Simpson. On motion of Mr. Ward, General Carl Schurz, of Missouri, was made temporary Chairman, and was conducted to the chair amid applause.

General Schurz delivered a brief address, in which he returned thanks, and sketched the history of the Republican party, and its triumphs in support of liberty, union, humanity and equal rights.

The platform being settled, Gen. Logan rose and said: Mr. Chairman.—In the name of the loyal citizens and Soldiers and Sailors of this Great Republic of the United States of America; in the name of loyalty, liberty, humanity and justice; in the name of the National Union Republican party, I nominate as candidate for the chief Magistracy of the nation, Ulyses S. Grant.

The roll of States was then called, at the conclusion of which the President said: The roll is completed, gentlemen of the Convention. You have six hundred and fifty votes, and you have given six hundred and fifty votes for Gen. Ulyses S. Grant.

The entire audience arose with three times three for Grant. On motion of Mr. Seymour of Wisconsin, the President was authorized to telegraph Gen. Grant his unanimous nomination.

The National Republican party of the United States, assembled in national Convention in the city of Chicago on the 29th day of May, 1868, makes the following declaration of principles: 1. We congratulate the country on the assured success of the reconstruction policy of Congress.

2. The guarantee by Congress of equal suffrage to all loyal men at the south was demanded by every consideration of public safety, of grandeur and of justice, and it is the duty of Congress to redouble its efforts to maintain the same.

3. We denounce all forms of repudiation as a national crime, and the National honor requires the payment of the public debt in full, and the redemption of the national bonds at par.

4. The doctrine of Great Britain and other European powers, that because a man is once a subject, he is always so, must be resisted at every hazard by the United States as a relic of the feudal times, not authorized by the law of nations, and at war with our national honor and independence.

5. The national debt, contracted as it has been for the preservation of the Union for all time to come, should be extended over a fair period for redemption, and it is the duty of Congress to reduce the rate of interest thereon whenever it can honestly be done.

6. That the best policy to diminish our burden of debt, is to improve our credit so that capitalists will seek to loan us money at lower rates of interest than we now pay, and must continue to pay so long as we repudiate, partial or total, open or covert, is threatened or suspected.

7. The corruption and mismanagement which should be administered with the strictest economy, and the corruptions, which have been so shamefully nursed and fostered by Andrew Johnson, call loudly for radical reform.

8. We deplore the untimely and tragic death of Abraham Lincoln and regret the accession of Andrew Johnson to the Presidency, who has acted treacherously to the people who elected him and the cause he was pledged to support.

9. The doctrine of Great Britain and other European powers, that because a man is once a subject, he is always so, must be resisted at every hazard by the United States as a relic of the feudal times, not authorized by the law of nations, and at war with our national honor and independence.

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11. Foreign emigration, which in the past has added so much to the wealth, development of resources and increase of power to the nation, should be fostered and encouraged by a liberal and just policy.

12. This Convention declares its sympathy with all oppressed peoples struggling for their rights.

13. We highly recommend the spirit of magnanimity and forgiveness with which men who have served the rebellion, but now frankly and honestly co-operate with us in restoring the peace of the country and reconstructing the Southern States Governments upon the basis of impartial justice and equal rights, are received back into the communion of the loyal people, and we favor the removal of the disqualifications and restrictions imposed upon the late rebels in the same

A delegation for the Soldiers and Sailor's Convention appeared, headed by Gov. Fairchild, of Wisconsin. It was received amid prolonged cheers.

The Convention was addressed by Gov. Brown of Georgia, Gen. Sickles, Gen. Cochran and others.

Mr. Burke of New York, from the Committee on the Order of business, reported the rules for the government of the convention.

The Convention then adjourned to meet on Thursday morning.

The Convention reassembled on Thursday at 10 o'clock, and was opened with prayer by Rev. Dr. Gulliver of Chicago.

Mr. Harsarek of Ohio, late minister to Ecuador, and General M. M. Palmer, were successively called upon and addressed the convention.

The Committee on Resolutions through its Chairman, Hon. R. W. Thompson of Indiana, made its report, which was unanimously adopted.

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measure as the spirit of disloyalty will direct and as may be consistent with the safety of the loyal people.

14. We recognize the great principles laid down in the immortal Declaration of Independence as the true foundation of Democratic government, and we hail with gladness every effort toward making these principles a living reality on every inch of American soil.

A Little of Everything. The Brokered House, in Bellefonte, is to have another story added.

The wood-work of the jail has been re-painted. Nothing ever needed it more.

The Republican nominations have been hailed with delight all over the land.

Affghanistan is in a state of revolution, and the rebel leader is said to be victorious.

Grant and Colfax will be the next President and Vice President of the United States.

The Copperhead hopes of a split in the Chicago Convention have been blighted by the early frosts.

"The Battle, the Battle and the Candidate," was a failure. Better luck next time Billy. Try it again.

The Ohio "visible admixture" law has been declared unconstitutional by Judge Granger, of Zanesville.

Farmers are late with their corn. There has been so much wet weather, they have been unable to get it planted.

A new jail is being erected in Hollidaysburg. It is to be one of the best buildings of the kind in the interior of the State.

Grant and Colfax, Hartranft and Campbell, Union and Liberty! Our banner is unfurled; close up, and march on to victory!

Ex-Gov. Buckingham, of Connecticut, has been elected to succeed Dixon in the U. S. Senate. His term will commence on the 4th of March next.

John Burns, the hero of Gettysburg, was prostrated with paralysis, at Harrisburg, on Tuesday evening, May 19th. His left arm and a portion of the side are affected.

"Sweet William" is for Hancock. His old enemy against the Roman Catholics, so well known in this neighborhood, sufficiently explains why he is for "Mrs. Surratt's hangman."

Four years ago, four gentlemen invested twenty thousand dollars in a manufacturing enterprise, in Detroit, which has yielded them a net profit of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

A man living at Cohoes, New York, last week applied oil from the bowl of a tobacco pipe to a burn on the lip of a little daughter, and the child died in convulsions twenty-four hours thereafter.

The Boston Post, of last week, published an obituary on the death of Ex-President Buchanan. A little premature, Mr. Post. He has been politically dead for some years, but is still dragging out a sort of physical existence.

"The sure-backed butcher," is the name applied to Gen. Grant by the La Crosse Democrat. We suppose the boys in blue were all "sure-backed butchers," in Pomroy's estimation. Under the lead of Grant they will "butcher" the Copperheads politically, as bad as they did the Rebels physically. There will be an awful slaughter of the Ku Klux Klanners at the polls in November.

The Vice President of the United States, who is, ex officio, President of the Senate, ought, also, to be a member of the Cabinet. He would then be familiar, with the working of all the various departments of the Government, and be prepared, in the event of the Presidency devolving upon him, to administer the office intelligently. At present he is nothing but a political nullity, while the President lives.

SAW MILL WANTED, by an experienced Sawyer, to run by the thousand or for a share of the lumber. Any person having a mill to lease, will please address JOURNAL OFFICE, Clearfield, Pa. May 27, '68-3p.

STRAYED AWAY—on Sunday, May 17th, a dark brindled Cow, with some white streaks over the body, the points of the horns out of, and about five years old. A liberal reward will be paid for her safe whereabouts. JOHN GUELLICH, May 27, Clearfield, Pa.

APPRaisalMENT NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—Estate of William H. Tozer, dec'd. In the Orphan's Court of CLEARFIELD COUNTY. The appraisement made under the Fifth section of the act of the 14th of April, 1851, having been filed in this estate, notice is hereby given that Sarah C. Tozer, the widow of Wm. H. Tozer, late of Chest twp., dec'd, claims to retain her estate referred to in the appraisement to the value of \$300, bounded as follows: Beginning at a Beech corner, which is the common corner of four tracts of land, thence south 43 degrees east 145 perches to the said corner, thence north 52 degrees east 80 1/2 degrees east 80 1/2 degrees east 330 1/2 perches to a Birch, thence south 52 degrees west 336 perches to place of beginning, containing about 157 acres and 79 perches, and which appraisement was on the 18th day of March, 1868, presented to the Court, when it was ordered and decreed that publication be made giving notice to all persons concerned that the real estate appraised and set out to the widow of Wm. H. Tozer, dec'd, under the law allowing her \$300 worth of property, to be thus set out to the use of herself and family, the said appraisement will be absolutely confirmed unless sufficient reason to the contrary be shown on or before the first day of June Term, 1868. By the Court, May 27, '68. I. G. BARGER, Clerk O. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. PARED PEACHES—the best in market, at the store of E. W. GRAHAM.

CHEERRIES—picked—a superior quality, for sale at E. W. GRAHAM'S.

CURRENTS—the best and cheapest in the county, at E. W. GRAHAM'S.

DESSICATED COCOANUTS, for pies, puddings, etc., for sale at E. W. GRAHAM'S.

CANNED FRUITS—all kinds, warranted good and fresh, at E. W. GRAHAM'S.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.—THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE: That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of William F. Irwin, of Clearfield Borough, in the county of Clearfield and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, to prove their debts; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by Law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at Philadelphia, in the county of Centre, at the Court House of the County of Centre, at 10 o'clock A. M. on the 18th day of July, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M. THOS. A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal, Massachusetts. By G. P. DAVIS, Dept. U. S. M. [May 27, '68.]

APPRaisalMENT NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—Estate of Allen Mabie, late of Pike twp., Clearfield County, Pa., dec'd. In the Orphan's Court of CLEARFIELD COUNTY. The appraisement made under the Fifth section of the act of the 14th of April, 1851, having been filed in this estate, notice is hereby given that Nancy Woods, (late Nancy Mabie) the widow of Allen Mabie, late of Pike twp., claims to retain her estate referred to in the appraisement of the value of \$300, bounded as follows: Beginning at the 18th day of March, A. D. 1867, presented to the said Court, when it was ordered and decreed that publication be made giving notice to all persons concerned that the real estate so appraised and set out to the widow of Allen Mabie, dec'd, under the law allowing her \$300 worth of property, to be thus set out to the use of herself and family, the said appraisement will be absolutely confirmed unless sufficient reason to the contrary be shown on or before the first day of June Term, A. D. 1868. By the Court, May 27, '68. I. G. BARGER, Clerk O. C.

GREAT WESTERN Horse Insurance & Detective Company. Incorporated by the Legislature of Illinois, with a Chartered Capital of \$300,000. HOME OFFICE: DECATUR, ILLINOIS. Cash Assets, July 1, 1867, \$171,697 85

This is the only Company that insures against ACCIDENTS NOT RESULTING IN DEATH. J. F. EATON, ACTUARY. Office College Block, North Third Street, Harrisburg, Penna.

WM. M. CULLOUGH, Esq., Agent, Clearfield, Pa. May 27, '68.]

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been examined and passed by me, and are correct, legated, creditors and all others in any other way interested, and will be presented to the next Orphan's Court of Clearfield county, to be held at the Court House in the Borough of Clearfield, commencing on the 3d Monday of June, 1868.

Final account of Samuel P. Wilson, one of the Administrators of the estate of Matthew A. Forsee, deceased.

Final account of Joseph W. Leil, Administrator of the estate of Walter Wilson, deceased.

Final account of John B. Gorman, Administrator of the estate of Francis L. Gorman, dec'd.

Final account of Charles Sloan and Cyrus H. Adams, Administrators of the estate of Jacob Gearhart, deceased.

Partial account of Christian Korb, Administrator of the estate of Charles Zilliox, late of Brady township, deceased.

The account of George J. Weaver, late of Brady township, deceased.

Final account of James Somerville, surviving Administrator of David Somerville, late of Chest township, deceased. I. G. BARGER, Register. Clearfield, May 27, '68.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue of sundry writs of Levari Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House in the borough of Clearfield, on MONDAY, the 15th DAY OF JUNE, 1868, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described Real Estate, to wit:

All those two certain tracts of land situate in Morris township, Clearfield county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: One of them beginning at a post, corner of land in name of Blisr M. Clahan, thence along the same North one degree east 235 perches to a White Pine, thence 59 degrees west 315 perches to a Hickory, thence along the survey hereafter described south one degree west 235 perches to post, thence by land in name of John Price south 89 degrees east 136 perches to place of beginning, containing 127 acres and 144 perches, and which appraisement was on the 18th day of March, 1868, presented to the Court, when it was ordered and decreed that publication be made giving notice to all persons concerned that the real estate appraised and set out to the widow of Wm. H. Tozer, dec'd, under the law allowing her \$300 worth of property, to be thus set out to the use of herself and family, the said appraisement will be absolutely confirmed unless sufficient reason to the contrary be shown on or before the first day of June Term, 1868. By the Court, May 27, '68. I. G. BARGER, Clerk O. C.

ALBERT, GEARY & CO., Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Flour, Bacon, etc., Woodland, Clearfield county, Pa. Telephone and telegraph, all kinds of sawed lumber, shingles, and square timber. Orders solicited. Woodland, Pa., Aug. 19th, 1863.

TOBACCO AND SEGARS—best cassidish, congress and tobacco, for under, natural leaf, fine cut smoking TOBACCO, best brands of pure Havana, Connecticut and State seed segars, fancy pipes, scotch snuff, rappee snuff, etc. J. P. KRATZER'S, May 20, 1868.

HATS AND CAPS—spring styles in men's, boys', and children's hats, and in ladies' and children's hats, black wool hats, young boys' fashion, silk hats, old mens' casimer hats, plasters, broad brim hats, infants' fancy caps, ladies' and Misses' sunshades, at J. P. KRATZER'S.

BOOTS AND SHOES—men's french calf sewed boots, french kip pegged boots, men's, ladies', and children's, french morocco shoes, polished boots, calf-skin shoes, children's fancy colored boots, lasting, and buttoned boots, men's, boys' and children's, at J. P. KRATZER'S.

CLOTHING—full suits, coats, pants and vest for \$50—fine black cloth dress coats—silk mixed suits—blue casimer coats—brown sack business coats—black doekin casimer pants—light casimer pants—black alpaca coats—youths' dusters—short linen coats—boys' coats—casimer and jackets—children's linen shirts—casimer shirts—gum coats—at J. P. KRATZER'S.

SADDLES, Bridles, harness, collars, etc. for sale at MERRELL & BIGLER'S.