Raftsman's Journal.



S. J. BOW. EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA., APRIL 29, 1868

White Men Disfranchised.

The Copperhead Legislature of Ohio, is determined that Republicans shall never again acquire power in that State if legislation can prevent it. Hence they begin at the root of Republicanism-the institutions of learning-and enact that "no pupil of any school, college, or seminary, whatever be his age or qualifications, shall be permitted to vote, unless his parents actually reside in the county and township where the college is situated." It is estimated that by this act nearly ten thousand students will be deprived of their right to vote. The majority of them are young men who are preparing for the various professions, and whose student life must continue for a period of years, during all of which time they are to be deprived of the privilege of American citizens.

Upon the announcement of the passage of this most iniquitous and unjust law, the disfranchised students of the Ohio Wesleyan University met and adopted a series of resolutions denouncing the bill "as a great injustice to college students, a gross insult to intellectual culture, a palpable violation of the fundamental principles of all good government, and as being to enlightened humanity, execrable, painful, humiliating and too contemptable to contemplate;" and they take the bill to be "expressive of the acknowledged fact that college students, as a body, are not known to vote with the present dominant party in the Legislature, and that institutions of learning are antagonistic to the principles and teachings of that party."

The action of a Democratic Legislature in disfranchising white men, is a fit commentary on the loud professions of the leaders of that party in favor of a "white man's government." It is, moreover, a significant confession that the greatest enemy of Copperhead Democracy, is enlightened education. Ignerance, bigotry, superstition, whiskey and fraud are the five grand elements of democratic success. Without these the party would cease to exist. No wonder, therefore, that the copperhead Solons of Ohio should seek to perpetuate the first and most important by legislation. They have nothing to expect from schools and colleges but disaster and defeat. Intelligent students are not the material to vote on forged naturalization papers. They cannot be driven up to the polls, as sheep to the shambles. and sold to the highest bidder-like the "poor whites" in the southern counties of Delaware and Maryland, among whom a newspaper or spelling book is a curiosity. They are not the kind of persons who inhabit the purlieus of Bedford Street and the Five Points, and march up annually out of their squalor, gin and wretchedness, to vote the

"Sneaks."

they be permitted to vote at all?

Democratic ticket. Why, therefore, should

The Lock Haven Democrat calls the mem bers of the "Grand army of the Republic" Sneaks. During the war, while the copperheads "sneaked" off to Canada, and to hiding places in the fastnesses of the forests and mountains, these same members of the Grand Army of the Republic were at the front, baring their breasts to the fierce shock of battle, in defence of the national flag. The "sneaks" are the men who eluded the draft, who constantly cried "the war is a failure." who uniformly placed every obstacle in the way of the Government, and who sympathised with the enemies of their country. They possessed all the meanness, treason, and! hatred of liberty that characterized the Tories of the Revolution, but were wanting in their courage. It ill becomes such creatures to stigmatize the brave soldiers who crushed out the rebellion, as "sneaks."

THE DEMOCRACY. - The La Crosse Democrat, Brick Pomerey's paper, which by the way, has an extensive circulation in this locality, says "it devolves on Democratic journals and speakers to warn the people against the Satanic white nigger mobs, known as Christian associations, aid societies, mission clubs, etc. Democrats, avoid them as you would the plague." The advice is quite unnecessary, as there is no danger of the slightest affinity between Copperhead Democracy and anything that has the name "Christian" connected with it.

IMPORTANT ENTERPRISE. - A project is on foot to connect Pennsylvania and New Jersey, by a bridge seross the Delaware, between Camden and Philadelphia.

SURBATT'S TRIAL .- John H. Surratt is to be tried again, on the 12th of May, in the Criminal Court of the District of Columbia. before Judge D. K. Carter.

Visible Admixture.

Our friend Goodlander-either from a sense of his own frailty and weakness, or that of his party friends-uniformly manifests great solicitude on the subject of "amalgamation" by printing all cases of the kind that fall under his notice. That he may not be deprived of a good opportunity John S. Radebaugh made sale of his store of "spreading" himself on his favorite topic, we copy the following case from the Lewistown Gazette of April 22d, 1868, for his especial benefit and contemplation:

exists up the river, caused by the marriage of the Bankrupt Law, and filed a petition to of a young "democrat" to a mulatto girl, who strange to say, was married by a "democrat"-so that the whole affair is a democratic proceeding, probably adopted to carry out their views of a white man's government. This is the third instance of practical amalgation of late years in this county, and curiously enough in every case the parties were democrats. The only voter in this county tinctured with Etheopian blood is also a democrat, and is as regularly marched up to the polls as a horse to his rack without an objection from the white democ-

Mifflin county does not stand alone in this respect. The same state of facts, we are reliably informed, exists in Clearfield. It is said that in Lawrence township a colored "Democrat," who is married to a white woman, invariably presents himself at every election, and is permitted by that straight "Democratic" board-on which the Republicans are not even permitted to have an Inspector-to vote the Copperhead ticket. In Karthaus township, we are informed, a prominent "Democratic" politician brought up several of the "colored individuals" residing along the river, and insisted strenuously on their right to vote because of their white skin and the payment of taxes; but the Republican officers on the board refused to permit them to vote, and contested the point so strenuously, that the attempt was finally,

but reluctantly, abandoned When "niggers" vote the Copperhead ticket, and go into the army as substitutes for Copperheads, they smell as fragrant as "new mown hay," and their shins are as straight and their heels as short as those of the Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee or any body else. But let it be supposed that they are going to vote the Republican ticket, and lo! their stench is great in "Democratic" postrils-their shins and heels show them to be nothing but a higher order of Gorillas, and they are utterly unfit to go to the polls with white men! There is a wonderful magic in printers ink, but that the infinitesimal quantity alone, deprives us of jurisdiction. The petition is dismissed at the cost of the petitioncontained on a ballot, should work so astonishing a transformation, and so seriously affect the Democratic senses, instincts, pe ceptions, and feelings, is one of the things that remain to be accounted for in aesthetic philosophy.

GUILTY .- Whatever may be the judgment of the High Court before which Andrew Johnson is now on trial, the verdiet of History is already rendered and recorded. It matters little with what technical offences he may be charged, or of how many of them he may be found guilty, his great, grand, leading crime-the crime that will render his name forever infamous-is that in the final struggle with the rebellion, he went over to the enemy, lending to the rebels, in the last great contest as to the terms on which their hostility should cease and they should resume their places in the government, all the power and influence of his administration, thereby obstructing in the most injurious manner the pacification of the country, after a desolating war, when every public and private interest demanded that civil disorder should cease, and that the rebellious states should be reconstructed in conformity with the will of the loyal people of the land.

TRUTH WILL OUT .- In the New York Legislature while a bill to suppress obscene books, paper, ect, was under discussion, Mr. from Kings County, opposed the passage of the bill on the ground that a law against obscene publications was an attack on the Democratic press! And he was right. The enactment of such a law would wipe out one half the Copperhead organs. What could be more obscene and blasphemous than the circulation of any Democratic paper in the country? No man who does not want his suffer such a sheet to go into his house.

Poor Comport.-The Copparheads are rejoicing over what they call a victory in Georgia. As the effect of it, however, is to prevent that State from participating in the Presidential election, when the Democracy will most need help, they are perfectly welcome, as far as we are concerned, to enjoy all the fruits of the victory.

Kraus, a soldier of the war of 1812, died at Harrisburg on the 24th inst., in the 73d year of his age. He participated in the battles of Chippewa, Lundy's Lane, Fort Erie, and Dover. During the late war he served as Lieutenant of a company of Home Guards.

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION.—The English Prince Alfred, who is on a visit to Australia, was shot in the back and dangerously wounded on the 12th of March. A Fenian named Farrell is accused of the crime.

The abolition movement was started as Chilicothe by natives of Virginia and Mary. full, in the Harrisburg Telegraph of Monland, and not by New Englanders.

Decision in Bankruptcy. CLEARFIELD COUNTY CASE.

The Pittsburgh papers contain the report of an important decision in Bankruptey, in a case from this county. Many of our readers will remember that several months ago and tavern stand known as "The Blue Ball." Messrs. Burns & Smucker and Hazard & Smith, of Philadelphia, had claims in the hands of counsel here, for collection. They "We learn that considerable excitement alleged that the sale thus made was in fraud force Radebaugh into "Involuntary Bank ruptcy." It will be seen that their petition was dismissed, at their own costs, on a question of jurisdiction. The following report of the case is taken from the Pittsburgh Gazette, of April 23rd :

In February last Messrs. Burns & Smuck er, of Philadelphia, filed a petition asking that John S. Radebaugh, of West Decatur, Clearfield county, be adjudged a bankrupt. In answer to the petition of the creditors the respondent claimed that he was not indebted to them to the amount fixed by law, and therefore asked that the petition be dismiss ed. This motion was argued at length by T. J. Keenan, L. L. D., of this city, for the creditors, and H. B. Swoope, Esq., of Clear-field for the respondent. Yesterday Judge M'Candless delivered the opinion of the

Court, as follows: "The aggregate of the debt, provable under the Bankrupt Law, upon which a creditor, or a combination of creditors, can compel a debtor into Bankruptcy, must be not less than two hundred and fifty dollars. In this case the petitioners are Burns & Smucker, who obtained a judgment in the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, upon an award of arbitrators, for the sum of \$286 Upon Fi Fa issued, which reached the hands of the Sheriff on the 5th of October. 1867, he realized from the sale of personal property, \$147 70. Subsequent to the date of issue of this execution, Hazard & Smith sued out theirs, which was received by the Sheriff on the 16th day of October, 1867, five days after he had made his levy at the suit of Burns & Smucker, and three days before the day fixed for the sale. The levy on the first writ was endorsed on the second, and the attorneys for the judgment creditors being the same, have assumed to make an appropriation of the proceeds of sale, different from what is made by law. It is not presumed that this was done to ferce an unfor tunate debtor into bankruptcy, for, in this Court, such a proceeding would not be tol-erated, but rather, to make a distribution among clients, whose respective interests they felt authorized to protect. What the Sheriff made by his writs, being applicable to the first execution received by him, the judgment of Burns & Smucker is reduced to an amount which, upon their application

On Wednesday, the 22d, Mr. Boutwell, on the part of the people, commenced his argument in favor of impeachment, which he concluded on Thursday. It was a masterly effort, conclusively establishing Johnson's guilt.

At twenty minutes past two, on Thursday, Mr. Nelson took the floor, on behalf of the President, but did not conclude until 12 o'clock on Friday. His whole argument partook of the character of a political stump speech, especially resembling the harangues of Mr. Johnson.

On Saturday, Mr. Groesbeck, one of the President's counsel, made his argument. It is a strong and creditable effort, considering the weakness of the cause which he advocated.

Manager Stevens was the first speaker on Monday. He read from printed slips. As soon as he commenced the chamber became perfectly quiet. All persons on the floor and in the galleries paid the strictest attention. He soon became exhausted, and handed the remaining pages to Gen. Butler to read for him.

Manager Williams followed. He spoke until the adjournment, and would conclude yesterday.

Mr. Evarts will close the case to-day for the President, followed to-morrow by Mr. Patrick Keady Copperhead Representative Bingham, who may also occupy a part of the day after. The issues will then be for the decision of the Senate.

COPPRHEAD ECONOMY. - The Democratic city government of New York is an expensive luxury. A few of the items in the recent tax levy are as follows: For advertis-La Crosse Democrat, which has the largest | ing, \$75,000; Coroner's fees, \$36,500; election expenses, \$105,000; county officers. \$112,000; printing, \$125,000; salaries, \$788. children debauched and contaminated, can 000. Most of the appropriations for the present year exceed those of 1864, more than one hundred and twenty per cent. How safe the national revenue would be in the hands of these proficients in the art of extravagance, fraud and corruption!

The monument to Luther, in the city of Worms, is nearly completed, and notice is given to the Protestant world that the ceremony of the uncovering and consecration will take place on the 24th, 25th and 26th AN OLD SOLDIER GONE. -Capt. Andrew of June, 1868. Great preparations are in progress to make this a national festival for

> Rev. Henry L. Baugher, D.D., President of the Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, died at his residence in that place on Tuesday evening, April 14th, in the sixty-fourth year of his age. Dr. Baugher had been connected with the Pennsylvania College since its organization in 1832.

PUBLISHED IN FULL.—The argument of H. B. Swoope Esq., in the Robison-Shugart contested election case, is published in day. It occupies nine columns of that paper. the war, by the sword or rifle.

A Little of Everything. Anthony Trollope, the novelist, is in Washing-

Tilton and Forney have been honored with Ku-Klux letters.

A new Presbyterian Church is in process erection in St. Mary's, Elk county.

Northern emigrants are pouring into Missouri at the rate of five hundred per week.

Peter Herdic, Esq., is the Republican candidate for Mayor of the city of Williamsport.

The new jail in Bellefonte is completed and will be ready for occupancy on the first of May. The Republican County Convention. of Jeffer-

son county, will be held on the 4th of May. The prospect of an abundant yield of fruit all over the country never was more promising. The health of the Hon. Thad deus Stevens has

greatly improved within the last two weeks. Manager Logan's speech on the impeachment of the President occupies twenty-three columns

of the Globe. The total vote in South Carolina, so far as re

ceived, is 85,843. The majority for the Constitution is 43,161. The Clarion county Republicans are early at work, having organized a campaign club. A

good example. The Watchman says the wind was so high in Bellefonte, on the 18th, that it blew a load boards off a wagon

Harrison Heasley, of Jefferson county, had his jaw broken by being struck with an oar, whilst engaged in rafting.

The Savings Banks in San Francisco, patronised by the working men, contain deposits in gold, amounting to \$7,000,000.

The returns received indicate that the new Constitution has been adopted in Louisiana, by from 10,000 to 20,000 majority.

Kansas hotels must be pleasant caravanseries. Gen. Sherman says "their price is three dollars a day-board and lodging extra."

The safe of A. Krider, of Lebanon, Pa., was robbed on the night of the 23d of April, of \$6,200 in U. S. Bonds and other valuables.

The Homespathic State Medical Convention is to meet in Harrisburg, in the Hall of the House of Representatives, on the 5th of May.

Gen. Meade has become the object of Copperhead abuse. No better evidence could be afforded that he has done his duty like a true soldier. On Friday, during a storm, the new hotel of Mr. James Ryan, in St. Mary's, was blown down, and Mr. Russell a carpenter, was severely injured. The "alias" ad interim is said to gall Gen. Lo-

renzo Thomas amazingly, but it will nevertheless, in all probability, stick to him until his dying day. The Pittsburg Gazette says, "an unusual number of rafts have been lost in the upper Alleghe ny, this season, by what is technically known as

Gen. Rousseau arrived at Washington on the 25th, direct from the Pacific coast, in obedience to subpœns for the President on the impeachment trial. Rather late.

stoving "

Mr. Johnson was advised by his particular friend,Mr Rio Grande Campbell, in 1865, to "carry on business on his own account." Evidently, he accepted that advice and is now taking account of the profits.

The Deputy U. S. Marshal arrested Jacob Bieberger, of St. Mary's, and Ignatius Krotsinger, of Benzinger t'wp , Elk county, for carrying on illicit whisky distilleries. They were taken to Erie to be tried at the U.S. Court now in session

The American Colonization Society is making an earnest appeal for money to colonize in Liberia more than two thousand freedmen who want to go there. Four thousand freedmen have petitioned Congress to send them to Liberia, or to give the Colonization Society the means to send them. Some of their petitions have been published, and also some letters from them, from all of which we judge they are persons of some intelligence, good character, and earnest in their desire to emigrate. They are poor and unable to pay their expenses. Many of them have friends in Liberia. They are all needed there-and, as they want to go there, it seems desirable that they should be assisted. The Society's ship is expected to sail first of May and can carry six hundred and fifty of them. Donations should therefore be made at once, and sent in sums, large or small, to Rev. W. M'Lain, D. D., Financial Secretary American Colonization Society, Washington, D. C.

A Chicago paper gives a long list of Republican successes which have recently been achieved at the West. The Republicans have carried by decisive majorities Madison, the capitol of Wisconsin, St. Paul, Minnessota, and Peoria, Illinois, all hitherto strongholds of the Democracy. Kenosha, which went Democratic last year, and Racine, which is usually close, have now chosen Republican municipal tickets. The Republicans have likewise, aside from the vote on the new Constitution, swept Michigan by their usual majority, and increased their majority in Wisconsin to the extent of several thousands. Grant's name is a tower of strength to the Western Republicans.

A FALSE REPORT.—The story that five Irish recruits at the Carlisle Barracks held a meeting, and drew up and endorsed resolutions sustaining poor Andy in his rebellious acts is not altogether true. There was only one Irishman, and an ex-rebel soldier, who by some means got into the U. S. Army, making two recruits in all. And this patriotic (?) couple drew up the infamous resolutions and sent them to the Democratic sheet in Carlisle, which published them in its peculiar style, as the sentiments of the "rank and file." We doubt whether either of them can vote, unless it be with coffee colored papers. Tremendous reinforcements !-

The World says, "Mr. Johnson may be deposed but he cannot be disgraced. are precisely of the same opinion. He has sunk so low, in public estimation, that it would be impossible for anything to send him lower.

"The pen is mightier than the sword." Gen. R. E. Lee believes this to be true, as he killed more Union soidiers in the Andersonville pen, than he did in any battle of The Philadelphia Fraud.

Philadelphia Democracy grows jubilant over the decision of the Court of Common Pleas in the late city contested election cases, and those nondescript publications which call themselves Democratic newspapers chuckle as if in some way the interests of the party had been vindicated or bolstered up. Just the opposite is the effect of the judgment of the court. Frauds-systematic, unblushing, and deliberate-are proven to have been committed by the organized agencies of the Democratic party. The opinion of the court may be briefly put thus: That while gigantic frauds were clearly shown to have been deliberately perpetrated, it was not affirmatively and specifically proven that enough fraudulent votes were cast to change the issue. It will not do, however, to accept one portion of the decision and reject the rest. The decree of Saturday, while it confirms the seats of the democratic candidates, fixes on the Democratic party frauds of the most shameless and criminal nature-outrages which the honest and honorable men of the party, at least, should feel themselves called on to denounce and disown. It is not likely, however, that they will. The party lash in the Democratic organization stifles even a murmur. The slaves dare not so much as protest. It might be well now to investigate whether the organized corruption and violence, established by the judgment of the court, can be traced in this, as in the Centre-county case, to Mr. Wallace's State Kuklux committee.-Press.

Hon. B. F. Wade Threatened. Washington, April 20.—Hon. Benjamin F. Wade received the following anonymous letter this morning, post-marked Winchester, Kentucky, April, 17. I copy, verbatim et literatim :

Ben. Wade, Hon. (so called): This communication is to notify you that you are marked and watched by the K. K. K., & that should you and your infamous associates succeed in your fanatical & hellish design of foisting yourself as so called President on an unwilling people by actual force, that your fate will be, before one month, that of "the late lamented A. L." You may not heed this warning, but go your course, and your fate is sealed by a bullet by 8 S. K. K. K. Eyes are on your track that never sleep, and this will be your portion. Thad. Stevens is doomed. General Grant is watched also. You think yourself in security, but there is a veangeance awaiting you three grand conspirators. As for Butler, the K. K. K. of New Orleans will take him in charge at the proper time, and his portion will also be a bullet. An indignant people will no longer bear what you demons human shape are preparing for them. o on, and you will see whether the 8 S. K. K. K. will tie. Be warned in time. By order of the Grand Commander of the

W. C. C. K., April 14, 1868. 8S. K. K. K.

WHY IS IT?-Whilst it is generally conceded that the production of the precious metals is in excess of the demands of American and European markets, the question may be asked, why then does their price not cheapen? A reason for the continuous demand may be found in the fact that Asia is a constant absorbent of these metals, especially silver. Pliny described it as "the Sink of Silver;" and to this day she has lost none of her reputation. The skilled workers of India and China import nearly all their silver, and, as each importation reduces the price to them, it also gives them opportunity to extend its uses. So long as the nations of Christendom continue to carry away from the East costly cargoes of teas. silks and rice, the drainage of silver must continue.

New Advertisements.

Advertisements set up intarge type, or out of plain style, will be charged double usual rates. No cuts.

UCTION! AUCTION!

The undersigned will sell their entire stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., at public sale, commencing on

Tuesday, May 12th, 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and to continue from day to day until all are sold. Terms madelknown on day of sale.

MOORE, KIRK & CO.

Lumber-city, April 29, 1868-pd.

GENTS WANTED for Dana's authorized and authentic life of Ulysses S. Grant, comprising a complete and accurate histo-ry of his eventful and interesting career, with an authentic narrative of his invaluable military services, adding also an impartial estimate of his character as a Man, a Soldier, and a Statesman, y Hon. Charles A. Dana, late Assistant Secretary War. The Springfield Republican says: "Da na's life of Gen. Grant is sure to be the most authentic and best life of Grant published." particulars apply to. or address, GURDON BILL 4 CO., Springfield, Mass., or W. D. MYERS, 41 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

REINEMAN, MEYRAN & SEIDLE.

No. 42 Fifth st., 1 door from Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in FINE JEWELRY, WATCHES, DIAMONDS Pure Silver-ware, French Clocks, Plated Ware of every description, Tea Setts, Spoons, Forks, &c. Watch makers Tools and Material, and agency f the celebrated

AMERICAN WATCHES. We also keep the largest and most varied assor ment of the very best American made

CLOCKS to be found in any city, east or west. at wholesale or for their own use, will find our prices lower and our assortment larger than any to be found west of New York City.

WATCH REPAIRING. To this branch of our trade (being ourselves practical watch makers) we pay very special attention. We employ a force of the very best Artists in the country, and any and all fine, delicate and difficult work entrusted to our care-for the trade or individuals—may rely on getting the utmost satisfaction. Work may be sent in by express or otherwise.
REINEMAN, MEYRAN 4 SEIDLE,

Wholesale and Retail Jewelers and Silversmith's ap 29 42 Fifth st., Pittsburgh '68-1y. LEARFIELD NURSERY.-ENCOUR-ACE HOME INDUSTRY.—The undersigned having established a Nursery, on the Pike, half way between Curwensville and Clearfield

Boroughs, is prepared to furnish all kinds of Fruitrees, (Standard and dwarf.) Evergreen. Shrub bery, Grape Vines, Gooseberry, Lawten Black berry, Strawberry and Raspberry vines. Also, Sibrian Crab trees, Quince and early Scarlet Rheu-barb, &c. Orders promptly attended to. Address Aug 31, 1864 J. D. WRIGHT urwensville,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GENTS WANTED for the Official His-A tory of the War, its causes, character, conduct and results. By Hon. Alexander H. Stephens. A book for all sections and all parties. phens. A book for all sections and all parties.

This great work presents the only complete and impartial analysis of the causes of the war yet published, and gives those interior lights and shadows of the great conflict only known to those high officers who watched the flood-tide of revolution from its fountain springs and which were so accessible to Mr. Stephens from his position as second officer of the Confederacy.

To a public that has been surfeited with apparently similar productions, we promise a change of fare, both agreeable and salutary, and as intellectual treat of the highest order. The great American war has at last found a historian worthy of its importance, and at whose hands it will re-

of its importance, and at whose hands it will re-ceive that moderate, candid and impartial treat-ment which truth and justice so urgently demand. ment which truth and justice so urgently demand.

The intense desire everywhere manifested to obtain this work, its official character and ready sale, combined with an increased commission, make it the best subscription book ever published. One agent in Easton, Pa., reports 72 subscribers in three days; one in Boston, Mass 103 subscribers in four days; one in Memphis, Tenn, 106 subscribers in five days. Send for circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work, with Press notices of advance sheets, dr. Address with Press notices of advance sheets, 4c. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., 26 South Seventh street, Philadelphia, Pa.

CLEARFIELD ACADEMY

The Fourth Session of the present Scholastic year of this Institution, will commence on Monday, the 4th day of May. 1868.

[April 29-4t

Pupils can enter at any time. They will be charged with tuition from the time they enter to the close of the session.

The course of instruction embraces everything included in a thorough, practical and accomplished education of both sexes.

The Principal having had the advantage of much experience in his profession, assures parents and guardians that his entire ability and energies will be devoted to the mental and moral training of the youth placed under his charge.

TERMS OF TUITION: Orthography, Reading, Writing and Primary Arithmetic, per session, (11 weeks.) Grammar, Geography, Arithmetic, and Histo

Algebra, Geometry, Trigonometry, Measuration. Surveying, Philosophy, Physiology, Chemistry Book-keeping, Botany, and Physical Geogra-

Latin, Greek and French, with any of the above branches No deduction will be made for absence.

For further particulars inquire of REV. P. L. HARRISON, A. H. Principal July 31, 1867.

JAMES MULLEN, with I. P. Chalfant & Co., Auction Jobbers of Hoisery, Notions. White Goods, Embroideries, Gents Furnishing Goods, etc., No 57 North Third street, Philadelphia. Orders solieited. [Apr 22, 68. [Apr 22,'68.

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March 4, 1868-1y.

TINWARE.—The largest assortment of well made TINWARE in the city constantly kept on hand; also a ge of House Furnishing Goods. Country storekeepers will find it to their advantage to call.

JNO. M MELLOY, vantage to call.

Apr.1-1m. 723 Market St Philadelphia, Pa. MISS SUSAN REED.

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IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania: EBENEZAR M'MASTERS,

IN BANKRUPTCY. Bankrupt. To WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Ebenezer M'Masters, of Burnside township, in the county of Clearfield and State of Pennsylva-nia, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the Dis-trict Court of said District. Dated the 21st day of March, 1868. WM. M. M CULLOUGH.

April 22-34. Assignee, &c. ORDINANCE.-Whereas twenty of the residents and owners of lots, out lots, and tracts of land adjoining the Borough of Clearfield, have, by petition, applied for the admission of said section into said Borough; And Whereas, under and by virtue of an Act of the General Assembly semb'y of Pennsylvania, passed the 3d day of April, 1839, "The Burgess and towa council of any Borough shall have power, and by virtue of this Act are directed and required, on petition of any number not less than twenty of the free hold owners of lots, out lots, or other tracts of land, in any section lying adjacent to said Borough, to de-clare, by ordinance, the admission of the section

on which such petitioners and others reside."

Therefore, Be it enacted and ordained by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Clearfield, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by the authority of the same, That the limits of the said Borough of Clearfield shall be and are hereby extended to include the following described land: Beginning at the south-west corner of the Borough, on the bank of the Susquehanna river. Borough, on the bank of the Susquehanna river, thence along the southern line of the old Borough, south 41 degrees, east 82 perches along line of land of Sarah Jane Ogden to corner of land of A. K. Wright, thence along line between land of said Sarah Jane Ogden and A. K. Wright south 51 degrees, west 106 perches to line of land of G. L. Reed, thence along line between land of G. L. Reed and A. K. Wright south 30 degrees east 118 perches, thence south 89 degrees west 221 perches, thence north 7 degrees west 215 perches to the eastern bank of the Susquehanna river, thence down the said eastern bank of the Susquehanna river the several courses thereof to line of old river the several courses thereof to line of old Borough and place of beginning, which said land is taken as a part of said Borough of Clearfield, and subject to the jurisdiction and government of the municipal authority of said Borough of Clearfield as fully as if the same had been originally a part thereof.

Attest:

W. W. BETTES.

G. MORGAN, Clerk. Burgess.

VOAL, Whale, and Linseed Oil, Pamily Dyes, Varnish and Paints of all kind ground is Oil, or sale by HARTSWICK & FRWIN. for sale by

DISH, of all kinds the chespest in the county.