THE RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL.



8. J. ROW. EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. CLEARFIELD, PA., APRIL 8, 1868. NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET. FOR PRESIDENT, Gen. ULYSSES S. GRANT, FOR VICE PRESIDENT. Hon. ANDREW G. OURTIN (Subject to the decision of the National Union

Convention) REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL, Gen. JOHN F. HARTRANFT, of Montg'y. FOR SURVEYOR GRNERAL, Col. JACOB M. UAMPBELL, of Cambria.

1	REPUBLICAN	ELECTORAL	TICKET.
141		BIAL PLECTOR	

G MORRISON COATES, of Philadelphia. THOMAS M. MARSHALL, of Pittsburg. REPRESENTATIVE ELECTORS. Wm. H. Barnes, Wm. J. Pollock, 13 Samuel Snow, 14 B. F. Wagonseller, 15 Chas. H. Muller. **Richard Wildey** 16 George W. Elser, 17 John Stewart, George W. Hill. Watson P. M'Gill, John H. Binghur. 18 A. G. Olmstead, Frank Hooter, 19 James Sill. 20 Henry C. Johnson, Isaac Eckert, 21 J.K. Ewing, Morris Hoopes, David M. Rank, 10 David M. Rank, 11 Wm. Davis, 12 Winthrop W.Ketchum 22 Wm. Trew, 23 A. M. Crawford, 24 J S. Rutan.

The Contested Election Case. In another column we publish the report of the Committee in the Robison-Shugart contested election case, as made to the Senate on Friday, April 3d. The report being in favor of the contestant, the Speaker, at 12 o'clock, administered the oath to John K. Robison, who took his seat as Senator from the Twenty first district.

In referring to the evidence, as well as to the labors performed by the Committee and counsel engaged in the investigation of this case, the Harrisburg State Guard says: This was not only the longest, but in many respects the most remarkable contested election case ever tried in the Legislature. The petition was presented to the Senate on the

light. When all other efforts failed they brought enormous sums of money here and attempted to tamper with the committee. The tongue of rumor was busy with the names of Republican members of the committee. Professional borers of the Democratic stamp, who have infested and disgraced the capital for years, were insidiously whispering that money would secure the sit-

ting member in his seat in the face of all the evidence of crime, fraud and iniquity. But they counted without their host, and the result fully vindicates the members of the committee, showing that they fairly, faithfully and conscientiously discharged their whole duty.

Our friends throughout the State are inlebted for the result of this contest, and the development of this stupendous fraud, to the untiring zeal, energy, and ability of the counsel for the contestant, Messrs. John Cessna, of Bedford county, and H. Bucher Swoope, of Clearfield county. Counsel in no election case on record in the archives of Pennsylvania displayed superior ability than that exhibited by these legal gentlemen. They made precedents in this case which are destined to be of great force in future simi-lar actions before a legislative committee, and what they did in vindication of Republican principles, in sustaining the character of Republican courage, and in enforcing the power of law and justice, entitle them to the gratitude of the Republicans of Pennsylva-

Copperhead Forgeries.

The following paragraph was published. everal week since, in the Clearfield Republican, and by the Copperhead papers generally, as a genuine extract from one of Mr. Webster's speeches :

"PROPHECY FULFILLED. -- If the infernal fanatics and Abolitionists ever get power in their hands, they will override the Constitution, set the Supreme Court at defiance, change and make laws to suit themselves, lay violent hands on those who differ with them in their opinions or dare question their infallibility, and finally bankrupt the country, and deluge it with blood. -Daniel Webster, March, 7, 1850.

In referring to the above, the editor of the Greensburg Herald, an entirely reliable and responsible man, says :

We have taken the pains to read that speech, as we find it authentically published in the Congressional Globe for the session. and we now, and here positively asserts that no such paragraph, as is quoted above, occurs in it anywhere ; nor is there anything similar to it, either in words or sentiment, to be found in it, from its beginning to its end. We therefore pronounce it a bold, barefaced, wilful and deliberate forgery, and call upon those Copperhead editors, who have either manufactured or uttered it, to retract the lie, which is at once a foul slanchance to read their papers.

Report in the Contested Election Case. Mr Landon, from the committee selected to try the contested election case of Robison vs. Shugart, made the following report,

viz: In the matter of the contested election in the Twenty-first Senatorial district, the select committee present the following report: The Twenty-first Senatorial district is composed of the counties of Blair, Huntingdon, Centre, Mifflin, Juniata and Perry. The last election returns gave Samuel T. Shugart, the Democratic candidate, 14,124 votes, and John K. Robison, the Republi-can candidate, 14,102 votes, the first men-

tioned, therefore, having twenty-two (22) majority, claimed and was accorded a seat in the Senate. The election is contested by the said Robison, upon the ground of fraudulent and illegal voting upon the day of e-lection, claiming that if all illegal and unauthorized votes be excluded from the count. that he and not the sitting member would be clearly and positively entitled to the

Your committee was drawn on the 9th day of January, 1868. They met on the same day and organized, H. B. Swoope and John Cessna appearing as counsel for the contestant, and Hon. John W. Maynard, Wm. H. Miller and John H. Orvis, Esq., for the sitting member. The committee has met daily, as required by law, and dur-ing most of the time have held two meetings per day. ' One hundred and seventysix (176) witnesses were called and heard on the part of the petitioner and contestant, during a period of three weeks, two hundred and four witnesses on the part of the respondent, during a period of six weeks. making the total number of witnesses examined three hundred and eighty (380).

The business sessions of the committee were all held at the capitol except one, when a meeting was held in Wilksbarre, Luzerne county, for the examination of the naturalization records of that county, for the purpose of ferreting out certain alleged naturalization frauds claimed to have originated in that locality.

A minute analysis of the vast amount of evidence taken would be tedious and unnecessary in this report. The committee presents herein the prominent and determining facts of the case without elaborating details, only adding in their own behalf that they have performed the duty assigned them with all possible industry and care, and present this conclusion of their protracted labors tree from partisan bias upon their candor and sworn obligation.

The counsel for the respondent have earnestly contended that the whole vote of Taylor township, in the county of Centre, should be thrown out, for the reason, as they allege, that it was not held at the place fixed by law. In this township, the contest-ant had eighteen majority. It seems that by an act of Assembly passed in 1848, it der upon the fair fame of that man whose patriotic memory they pretend to revere, and an insult to men of intelligence who Furnace. In August, 1856, a petition of the citizens of the township was presented counter-a forgery which disgraces the to the court of quarter sessions of the counmemory of the patriotic dead to mislead the Hannah Furnace, where the election was

authorize an election to be held in the town;

which to hold the general election. On the

as the day for holding an election in the

This order was made on the 25th of August

1856. A paper was produced by the pro-

thonotary which he states he found in his

office, but which is not marked filed, pur-

porting to be the return of the election so

authorized by the court. This paper shows

for the house of William Adams, fourteen

votes ; for the Henderson school house, five

votes, and for the Hannah school house.

three votes. No action seems ever to have

been taken upon it by the court. No order

or decree was ever made fixing the house of

William Adams as the place of holding the

election. The parol proof in this case show-

the house of William Adams; that it was

transferred in some manner from there to a

wagonmaker shop on land of Thomas Mer-

ryman, about the year 1860, that in the fall

of 1866 the wagon maker shop was torn down,

and Thomas Merryman forbid the officers

from holding any more elections on his prem-

ises; that they went to the nearest school

house (the Henderson school house, one and

a half miles distant from Merryman's),

where they held the spring election in 1867.

and also the fall election, which we are ask-ed to decide invalid. Without a further

statement of facts, the committee excludes

this poll from the election returns, which

deducts eighteen votes from the returned

The respondent claims to have proved

sixty-eight illegal scattering votes for the

of deserter votes. The defense chains that

this whole question should be ignored.

Without stating the argument in the case and realizing the difficulties gathering about

the subject, the committee accede to the

claim; and leave this class of voters where

the general election returns have placed

them, without expressing any opinion upon

the legal questions involved in the matter.

ingdon county, give the sitting member six-

ty-five majority. This the committee exclude

from the count, for the following reasons :

around the table upon which the ballots

were being deposited, and a great deal of

4. Because a certified copy of the list of

taxables from the commissioner's office

unnaturalized foreigner.

held.

Because the election was improperly

It was in a hotel ; there was a crowd

The returns from Carbon township, Hunt-

vote for John K. Robison.

showed that forty-one names on the list of voters were not on the assessment, and in the absence of the list of taxables from the ballot-box, it was impossible to ascertain how or why these persons were permitted

to vote. The committee are of the opinion that the irregularities surrounding this election are of so gross and flagrant a kind as to ren-der it impossible to ascertain what was the true expression of the popular will.

One of the material allegations of the petitioners was, that a gross fraud had been perpetrated in the borough of Philipsburg and in Rush township, in the county of Centre. In support of this charge, the following facts and circumstances were relied on: That about twelve days previous to the election Irish rail-road hands, to the number of eighty and upwards, were sent from the unfinished work in Clearfield county, to Philipsburg and Rush township, in Centre county, ostensibly for the purpose of completing about forty rods of road on the Centre county side of the line ; that these men, instead of being boarded at the shanties, erected for that purpose, in proximity to the work on the Clearfield side of the line. were quartered at the hotels in Philipsburg and Rush township : that they were illegally assessed before they came into the district, from lists furnished the assessors by one Mark Leddy, a boss on the rail road; that it was expressly said by one James Collins, one of the contractors, and Richard O'Gormon, his foreman, when the men were ordered to Philipsburg, that they were sent there to vote and carry the Democratic ticket; that they did vote, having been brought up to the polls by Mark Leddy and one Sheriff Perks, who furnished the special tickets that had been printed and prepared for the purpose; that thirty-seven of these tickets were found in the Philipsburg box, and twenty-seven in the box of Rush township; that they voted on forged naturalization papers, purporting to be issued by the court of common pleas of Luzerne county; that these papers were shown to be forged by an examination of the records of the court, made by the committee, and clear proof that similar papers, bearing the seal

of the same court, and purporting to be signed by M. J. Philbin, the prothonotory, were strewn all over Luzerne county, to be obtained for the asking; and that immediately after thus having voted, these men returned to Clearfield county, all of them having left the hotels in Philipsburg and Rush township, within four days after the election. All these facts, with many coroborating circumstances, were clearly established, to the satisfaction of the committee, by evdence too voluminous to be recited in this respect.

It was shown by the inspector and clerk of the election that at least thirty-three of these fraudulent votes were received and included in the return in the borough of Philipsburg. The committee are fully satisfied that these thirty-three votes should be deducted from the number returned for the sitting member.

In Rush township, the number of these fraudulent votes actually received and countelsewhere. ed could not be ascertained from the evi-

New Advertisements.

Advertisements set up in large type, or out of plain style, will be charged double usual rates. No cuts.

U Rochester, a	DS-a full supply from Vick, of, and Landreth, of Philadelphia, he cheap store of
April 8-2t.	MRS. H. D. WELSH & CO.
TTO. FOR VIR	INIA '-Rich Virginia Farma

Address, enclosing two stamps, for return postage, J. M. MILLER, box 253, Harrisburg, Pa. [a8.

NOTICE .- The partnership heretofore existing, at Burnside, Pa., under the name of Irvin Brothers, was disso'ved on the Second day of March, by the withdrawal of Mat. L. Irvin The business of the old firm will be settled by W C Irvin, who for the present, will continue the business at the old stand. A word to the wise is sufficient. WM. C TRVIN, Burnride aprS.'68. MAT. L. IRVIN. Burnside apr8.'68.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.-Letters Tes-Li tamentary on the estate of Thomas Mullen. late of Beccaria township, Clearfield county. Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.

MARY MULLEN, THOS. DAVIS, Ex'rs. Apr. 8. 1868-6t. DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP D -The co-partnership heretofore exist-ing between W. M. & A. I. Shaw, in the Drug business, in the borough of Clearfield, was dis-solved or the first day of April, 1865, by mutual

consent-W. M. Shaw withdrawing from the firm. The business will be continued by A I. Shaw. who is also authorized to settle the books and accounts of the firm. W. M SHAW, April 8, 1868-3t. A. I. SHAW.

MEDICAL NOTICE .- The undersigned DI would respectfully announce to his friends and patrons, that he has sold his entire good will and practice in medicine, in Luthers-burg, Pa., to Dr. Wm. B. Alexander, on the first day of April, 1868, to whom all my patients are hereafter referred. T. J. BOYER, M. D. N. B.-All persons knowing themselves indebt-ed to me on book account will please call and settle without delay. Lurhersburg, apr8-3t. T. J BOYER, M. D.

LATEST STYLES for Spring and Summer Hats,

from New York and Philadelphia Also frimmed patterns of clothing for Ladies and Children. from Mme. Demorest, a full supply of which will be kept constantly on

hand at the store of MRS. H. D. WELSH & Co.,

Dealers in Fancy Goods Millinery. Notions, Toys. Music and Musical Instruments.

Second Street, next door to First National Bank Clearfield, Penn'a.

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	They	also	make	to	or	der			
inds o	f Bon	nets	for	5	:	:	:	50	cts.
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SPRING GOODS!

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KEYSTONE STORE.

Second St., Clearfield, Pa.

BUYERS OF DRY GOODS, TRIM-

MINGS, NOTIONS, HOISERY, GLOVES,

FANCY GOODS, CARPETS, OIL

CLOTHS, WINDOW SHADES,

WALL PAPER, CARPET

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QUILT,

UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS, &c., &c.,

are invited to examine the

most complete stock ev-

er brought to this

market.

We Challenge Competition.

CASH BUTERS

Will Find Rare Inducements.

NIVLING & SHOWERS.

Clearfield, Penn's.

April 8, 1868.

Five Dollars per month and from \$25

to \$50 per year-with weekly

compensation. in case of

IN ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

dents, whether received whilst travel-

ing or otherwise, sold by

ALFRED M. SMITH,

Insurance Agent.

Clearfield, April 1, 1868.

_ total disability.

Materials furnished on as reasonable terms as they can be had in the county.

Compound Interest Notes & Fr'l Cur'cy, 2,804 95 Call and examine their stock before purchasing lsewhere. [April 8, 1868. Total, : : : : : : : : : : : \$284.334 00

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STATIONERY. letter paper, legal cap. gilt note, school paper, commercial note, white en-velopes.diary's, buff envelopes, day books, ledgers, receipt books, time books, pass books, blank notes, albums, bill paper, copy books, school books, at April 8. J. P. KRATZER'S.

CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS. enameled leather. dash leather, figured muslin, head linings, curied hair, seaming cord, patent fastening hames, rein web, girthing, buckles, rings, bed lece, tufts, silver lining nails, alacant mats, rugs, saddlers and carriage makers supplied at reduced rates, April 8. by J. P. KRATZER.

VINWARE, buckets, dish pans, coffee boilers, strainers, pudding pans, pie pans, oil cans, dippers, camp kettles, molasses buckets, wash bans, tin cups, milk pans, stew pans, brass kettles, wash boilers, candle moulds, galvanized buckets basting spoons, tea spoons, tea canisters, graters, skimmers, dripping pans, stove pipe, sheet rinc, for sale at J P. KRATZER'S.

J. P. KRATZER has just received from New Vork a full assortment of Queensware, stone china tea sets, toilet sets, vegetable tureens, covered butter dishes. gravy tureens, dinner plates, cov-tea plates, soup plates, pie plates, dessert plates, pickle plates, sauce dishes, meat dishes, tea cups, coffee cups with handles, sugar bowls, casters, wash bowls, pitchers, soap boats, spittoons, tum-blars cake dishes proceare dishes, plates, tumblers, cake dishes, preserve dishes, molasses pitchers, goblets, wine glasses, lamps with the new comet burner [April 8.

QUARTERLY REPORT of the condi-tion of the First National Bank of Clearfield, on the morning of the first Monday of April. 1868 :

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts . - -\$83,388 34 1,795 87 1,187 18 Over Drafts Furniture and Fixtures - -Current Expenses, - - - -- 410 65 751 87 582 89 Due from Nat. Banks . Due from other Banks and Bankers U. S. Bonds deposited with Treasurer 15,201 41 8,077 36 of U. S. to secure circulation - - Circulating of Nat'l Banks, - - -100.000 00 2,300 00 150 00 14,665 92 Total \$228,521 50 LIABILITIES Capital Stock paid in - - -\$100.000 00 5.000 00 86.485 00 30,908 02 1,691 64 Due other banks and Bankers . Profit and Loss - 16 37 4.420 47 Total Liabilities - - - - -\$228.521 50 I hereby certify that the above is a true abstract from the report made to the Comptroller of the Currency, April 6th, 1868. A. C. FINNEY, Cash'r 17TH QUARTERLY REPORT of the First National Bank of Curwensville, on Monday the 6th day of April, 1868 RESOURCES Notes and bil's Discounted : \$117.513 03 : 280 71 2.441 67 Furniture and Fixtures, : : Current Expenses & Taxes paid, Cash Items and Rev. Stamps, : 1,482 89 1.598 89 4.212 60 46.771 04 to secure circulation, : U. S. Securities on hand, : : Cash on hand National Banks, \$1,000 00 1.150 00 7,453 00 Specie and Legal Tender Notes 17 625 22

LIARILITIES. LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in., : : : : : Surplus fund. : : : : : : Circulating Notes. : : : : : Individual Deposits. : : : : : : : \$100,000 00 : 18.000 00 : 67,425 00 92.729 94

first day of the session, and on the 9th day of January the Committee was drawn. From that time until yesterday, the Committee was engaged laboriously in the investigation, having held from two to three sessions daily, during which they took the testimony of witnessess, re-counted ballot boxes, heard the arguments of counsel, examined records, papers, &c. The evidence of three hundred and eighty witnesses, with the necessary minutes of the Committee. will constitute a printed volume as large as the Journal of the Senate, and will afford some proximate idea of the vast labors performed by the Committee. The members deserve great credit for their persevering industry.

The most material and important ground Philipsburg, in Centre county, by the importation of foreigners. A large number of Irish laborers, who were working on a rail-road in the adjoining county, were brought over the line about ten days before the elec-tion, and quartered in Philipsburg, in the hotels, where they were kept until the fraud was consummated, when they returned to their work in the other county. They were unnaturalized foreigners, and were led up to the polls on the day of the election, like so many sheep to the shambles. Forged papers were procured in Luzerne county. where, it was proved, they were lying about loose, bearing the seal of the court, and signed by M. I. Philbin, prothonotary. They were sent up by "a lawyer" from Phil-adelphia, put in the hands of one Mark Leddy, a "boss" on the railroad, and after being soaked in coffee to give them the appearance of age, they were distributed to the men to produce at the polls as the evidence of their right to vote. The poor dupes were led up, one after another, by the Irish "boss," (having also been furnished with tickets specially prepared for the purpose by one Sheriff Perks,) and were made to perjure themselves by swearing to their papers and residence, in order to vote the Democratic ticket. A more gross and infamous fraud was never perpetrated in the Commonwealth.

As soon as it was known that the election would be contested, the authors and perpetraitors of this iniquity attempted to bribe the most important witness to leave the State, employing for this purpose a Catholic priest named Tracy, who was produced on the stand and testified that after corresponding States, and the impeachment of President with the Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, he paid the witness \$500 to leave the State and remain absent until the investigation was over. Another witness named Jones, after he was subpœnaed by the Sergeant-at-Arms, was bidden away in a stable and his food carried to him daily trom the hotel where a majority of the Irishmen had been quartered. Still another witness, after he was actually on his way, was slipped out of the car, from the very presence of the officer, by one of the contractors, who had under his control, the wretched instruments of the fraud. Our readers will remember that another witness, after he testified before the committee, was murdered in cold blood while on his return home. Fraud, perjury, bribery and murder-all legitimate consequences of the tactics of the Democratic State Central Committee. What a fearful responsibility rests upon the shoulders of the man or men who made the contract for enough votes to carry the Twenty-first Senatorial District !

Before, and during, and after the trial, racy to prevent the truth being brought to ' rents did not pay the taxes.

judgment of the patriotic living.

COPPERHEAD TACTICS .- The Copperhead papers are very uneasy about the personal habits of Gen. Grant, now that he is certain to be the Republican candidate for President. The story that he gets drunk having been exploded by the inmate triends of Grant, they have started a new one, to wit, that the General is never to be seen within the walls of a Christian church on the Sabbath. The Washington correspondent of the Newark, N. J. Advertiser, says : "This is devoid of truth as most of the other stoof contest was the fraud perpetrated at ries put in print with the intent to injure him with the better portion of the people, the General being a pew-holder in Dr. Southerland's church (Presbyterian), and to our personal knowledge a regular attendant, with his family, upon the Sunday services." Our friends will remember that this is no new device of the Cops. They published similar slanders against Mr. Lincoln. But what else can they do? If they are deprived of the privilege of lying what other capital have they, since the nigger is pretty nearly played out?

> RHODE ISLAND O. K .- The election in Rhode Island on April 1st was spirited, and gallantly fought, and resulted in an increased majority for the republican candidate for Governor, Burnside. The Senate and House. stand also as largely Republican as heretofore. The Cops put forth their full strength in little Rhody in the hope of influencing the election in Connecticut on Monday, April 6th, with the news of "great increase," 'more reaction," etc.; but the result has been averse to their calculations, and hence their discomfiture is great. The canvass in Rhode Island, as in New Hampshire, was fought upon purely National issues, and therefore the result may be taken as an indorsement of the action of Congress in reference to reconstruction in the Southern

Johnson. "Things are working."

OUERY ?- Why were not the witnesses who were called to impeach the character of O'Mara for truth, also called to impeach the veracity of Father Tracy, after the latter had testified to the truth of O'Mara's statements? Let a discriminating public judge as to who are most worthy of belief-O'Mara and Father Tracy, or the witnesses who testified against O'Mara?

APROPOS.-As our neighbor Goodlander

is "some" on "figgerin" up "increases" for his party, we hope he will not fail to show the "great increase" in the Copperhead vote in Rhode-Island. His readers. no doubt, will be highly edified should his effort prove successful.

A square in Philadelphia, now worth and no list of taxables. every means were resorted to by the Democ- millions of dollars was once sold because the

appointed by law to be held, had been reded from the return. He bases his claim on moved, and praying the court to order the the following facts: election to be held at another place, or to

1. That the board which was entirely of one party, was not legally constituted, the ship, for the purpose of fixing a place at the only officer elected by the people being the judge; both the inspectors being deback of this petition the court endorsed an serters, and having been appointed improporder, fixing Friday, the 16th of September, erly by the judge, out of the same political party, and not in accordance with the protownship, for the purpose of determining where the general election should be held. visions of the law regulating elections.

2 That the election was improperly conducted, the house being open all day, the collector sitting at the table with the ballotbox upon it, receiving taxes with a crowd around him, and a large number of persons in the room when the votes were being counted off.

3. That no list of taxables was found in the ballot-box, and no record was kept or produced to show how many persons voted. 4. That a large unmber of votes was received from persons with forged naturalization papers, only one of whom was sworn, and when they were challenged the challened that the election was held for awhile at ges were disregarded; that it was impossible, under the circumstances, to ascertain what was the true expression of the popular will. The committee are unable to determine how many illegal votes were received and counted in this township, the respondent having failed to call before them either the inspectors or clerks of the election, and no record having been found in the ballot-box, as required by law. When it had been shown on the part of the contestant, that fraudulent votes had been received, that the officers absolutely refused to discharge their sworn duty, and admitted every vote offered in spite remonstrances and challenges, the integity of the return was at once destroyed. The committee is constrained, therefore,

to exclude from the count the whole vote of Rush township, which gave fifty-one majority for the sitting member. This hasty review of the prominent facts.

contestant, comprising minors, non-residents put in a condensed recapitulation, stands and non-tax-payers. This being the whole thus number claimed, the committee allows the The original election returns full number and deducts the same from the vote of John K. Robison. gave Samuel T. Shugart, 14,124 33 At Philipsburg, Both parties have proved a large number Rush township 51

172

13,952

14,102

86

clusive of deserters' votes, 23 Carbon township, 65 The general election returns gave John K. Robison From this deduct rejected majority of Taylor township 18 Miscellaneous illegal vote, exclusive of deserters' votes, 68

Miscellaneous illegal votes, ex-

14.016 Leaving to the contestant, John K. Robison, a legal majority of sixty-four votes, and said Robison is therefore entitled to the seat. GEO. LANDON. JACOB E. RIDGWAY, J. W. FISHER, WARREN COWELS,

HARRISBURG .- The Free Railroad Law has been signed by the Governor. A General Registry Law has been passed, and will become a law. The Legislature will adjourn

A Republican county convention in Illinois found to contain newspapers, old election re- has resolved "that we do not desire a Presturns, pamphlet laws, &c., but no tickets ident whose mouth, like the Mississippi riv-

> er is always open. Senator Wade favors protection.

·STOCK!	Individual Depo Due National Ba Due other Banks Profit and Loss.
an an a the second s	Total Liabiliti
an is a line of the printing	I hereby Certi

1.214 48 : : 4.671 20 ies : : : : : : \$284,334 00 tify that the above Statement is a true abstract from the Quarterly Report made to the Comptroller of the Currency. SAM'L ARNOLD. Cash.

: 293 38

THE OLD ESTABLISHED FIRM,

J. J. RICHARDSON & CO., 126 Market Street, Philadelphia, are the largest Manufacturing Confectioners and Wholesale Deal-ers in Fruits, Nuts. &c, in the United States.

March 4, 1867-1v.

CAUTION .- All persons are hereby cau-Cating against purchasing or in any way meddling with the following property, now in possession of John M. Test, of Decatur township, to wit: 1 roan horse, 1 gray horse, 2 setts of har-ness, as the same belong to me and are only left with him on loan, subject to my order at any time. mar 25, apr.1, '68-3t. GEORGE S. PERRY.

CAUTION .- All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way meddling with a certain bay horse now in por-session of John Sterling, of Lumber city, as the same belongs to me, and have only been left with bim for the purpose of carrying the mail to and from Curwensville.subject to my order at any time. mar. 25, apr.1.'68-3tp. G H. LYTLE.

S. TAX APPEALS. U

U. S. Assesson's OFFICE, 19th District, Pa.,

Office, Curwensville, Clearfield co., Ps. Notice is hereby given that the assessment lists. aluations and enumerations made and taken within the Nineteenth Collection District, Pa.,by the Assistant Assessors, under the laws of the United States, will remain open to all persons concerned for examination for the space of ten days from the Tenth day of April, A. D., 1888, at the Assessor's Office, in the Borough of Corwensville. At the time stated above the Assessor will re-ceive, hear and determine all appeals relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations or enumer-ations by the assistant assessors. In regard to appeals, the law provides, "That "the question to be dermined by the Assessor, on "an appeal respecting the valuation or enumer-

an appeal respecting the valuation or enumeration of property, or objects liable to duty or taxation, shall be whether the valuation complained of be or be not in a just relation or pro-portion to other valuations in the same assess ment district, and whether the enumeration be or be not correct And all appeals to the as-sessor as aforesaid, shall be made in writing, and shall specify the particular cause, matter, or thing respecting which a decision is requested : and shall, moreover, state the ground or princiof inequality or error complained of "DANIEL LIVINGSTON. Assessor 19th Collection District. m 25.]

B-ROO SOLE LEATHER & FINDINGS-the cheapest in the county, at MOSSOP'S BARRETT'S HAIR RESTORATIVE \$5000. ACCIDENTS. \$5000. By the N. II. State Arricultural Society. its Fair, holden in Nashua, Sept. 20, 1890 FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS INSURANCE FOR BARRETT'S TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, FOR ONE DAY. **Vegetable Hair Restorative** stores Gray Hair to its Natural Color : pronotes the growth of the Hair: changes the roots to their original expansic action; a stati-cates Dandruff and Humors: prevent Hair failing out is a superior Dressing. It contains no injurious ingredients, and is the most popular and reli-able article throughout the ble article throughout the South. South. NO MEDICAL EXAMINATION IS MADE J. R. BARRETT & CO., Proprietors, Policies and tickets, covering all kinds of acci-MANCHESTER, N. H. Sold by Hartswick & Irwin, Clearfield ; A. J. Shaw, Clearfield ; J. R. Irwin, Curwensville, and all dealers in PatentMedicines. [ap.1, '68-6m. FODDER CUTTERS-of a superior make-for sale at reasonable prises, at MERRELL and BIG LER'S, Clearfield, Pa. Nov. 14

disorder while the tickets were being counted. At one time during the day the whole W. TAYLOR, board, except one inspector, was absent, and he continued taking votes, receiving, among others, the vote of one William Plum, an 2. Because there was no certificate of the oaths of the officers filed in the pyothonota-

ry's office, as required by law. on the 14th. Because when the ballot box was opened in the presence of the committee, it was