

S. J. ROW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA., OCT. 30, 1867.

The People and the Presidency.

The spontaneous movement of the Republican masses, in favor of Gen. Grant as the Presidential candidate of the Republican party, reminds us of the independent action of the people in 1840 and 1848. Then, they nominated and elected Generals Harrison and Taylor, without special consultation with their political leaders. So now. Gen. Grant seems to be the favorite of the people, and as such will be nominated and elected by them in November, 1868. At least, the signs of the times indicate this, and, if such be the will of the masses, it will be vain for the leaders of the party to endeavor to change the current of events. And what has caused this sudden movement of the people in favor of Gen. Grant? We answer: The late elections having indicated to them that, through the machinations of the politicians for their individual enhancement, the future of the country was about to fall into the hands of the enemies of the Union, (into the hands of the men who tried to destroy our nationality during the late rebellion,) to the detriment of the best interests of the people, and to the jeopardizing of the permanency of our free government and free institutions; and hence, the masses, having confidence in Gen. Grant, are spontaneously | Presidential question, and the relative posimoving in his favor without consulting their | tion of Congress thereto, says : old party leaders.

Big Business.

Copperhead journals here as elsewhere continue to crow over what they vauntingly advertise as big business accomplished in the late elections by the unterrified Democracy. Admitting that a "big business" has been done by the Copperheads in the several States at the late elections, we cannot see that it promises any very "big dividends." We remember, in 1862, when the country was depressed by failures of the armies led by such apologies for soldiers as M'Clellan, the Copperheads wrested several States from the Republicans by the following "big" majorities :

New York, 10,752 | Penusylvania, 3,524 Ohio, 5,557 Illinois, Indiana, 5,543

In the following year, however, the Republicans, ignoring side issues, and turning out in their strength, recovered these States by the following majorities:

New York, 29,404 | Penn'a, 12,402 101,699 | Illinois, 29,398 Indiana, 15,000

The Democracy are trusting to a broken reed, if they suppose the "big business" they have just concluded, has any more significance than the big business which they made so much ado over in 1862. Next fall's elections will show them a sight which will make their heads swim.

AT THEIR OLD GAME. - Goods of all kinds can now be smuggled through the N. York custom house, says the Telegraph, at about one-third the rate of duty imposed by law. This is another evidence of the beauties of Democratic rule. The New York custom house is entirely under the control of Democrats, who are determined, if they cannot establish free trade by act of Congress, to defeat the law by conniving at frauds for its violation. To the mechanics of America, this is startling information.

gradually why the Copperheads hate Grant so heartily. The correspondence between the Nashville election, lately published in full, shows the good sense and clear judgment of Grant. He did not lend himself, nor permit his authority to be used in be- district; and his election will make a precehalf of the Tennessee rebels.

WEST VIRGINIA ELECTION. -The general result of the West Virginia election is still in doubt, although the returns indicate a Republican majority in both branches of the gain several members. "General Apathy" had the field in this State, as is apparent from the smallness of the vote.

VIRGINIA ELECTION.—The election in Virginia has resulted in the choice of a majority of Radicals to the Convention to form a State Constitution. A number of colored men were chosen as delegates-two from Richmond. The returns also show a Radical majority throughout the State.

LATEST FROM ITALY. - Garibaldi, at the head of an army, is marching on Rome. Napoleon has ordered 30,000 French troops, and a fleet of iron clads, hither to protect the Pope. Stirring news is looked for from that quarter.

The number of voters naturalized within

The Causes of Suicide. A cotemporary makes the following refer-

nce to the causes of suicides: "Suicides are said to have been usually more frequent after great wars than at other times. Certainly they have been more numerous in this country since the war than analysis or comparison of cases, to discover any connection between them and the war. There is more probably a connection with the corrupt and corrupting literature which many people indulge themselves in reading. Suicide has generally been deemed infamous. The law that excluded the remains of self murderers from Christian burial was founded on this opinion, and may have had a good effect. Suicides prevailed at one time as an pidemic among the slaves in the West Indies. It was generally effected by swallowing earth. A penalty-burying alive-was threatened against those detected in the attempt, and the consequence was that the practice was stopped. The most charitable hory is, that suicide is caused by insanity, although it is difficult to account for all cases of the crime on that ground, or to perceive why insanity should take that form and direction in any case.'

There is one point in the above to which we would direct particular attention-the reference to "the corrupt and corrupting literature." with which the public is supplied. It is our opinion, that a certain class of publications-giving accurate, minute, and full details of the multifarious crimes committed everywhere-have a greater tendency to teach bad-disposed men and women how to successfully carry out their evil and hellish designs than any other one means of which we have any knowledge, and should be suppressed by positive enactment of laws. If this cannot be done, it should be the duty and aim of every well-disposed and peaceloving citizen to use his influence against the circulating and reading of such viciating and corrupting trash, as the best means of elevating the standard of morality in the community, and the preventing of crime.

The Presidency and Congress.

The Pittsburg Commercial, in referring to the effects of the late elections upon the

"The late elections have so completely settled the Presidential question as to take it out of Congress and leave the Represencatives perfectly unembarrassed by it. They will be free to act if they are so disposed, with an epe single to the good of the country, without regard to the influence which may be exerted on the chances of candidates. A deck load of stuff which has been accumulating for some time back, has been thrown overboard. For the isms of individuals the Republican party will not be held responsible. A cart stuck in the mud is em inently suggestive of the folly of undertaking too heavy loads, and of departing from the beaten track, however plausible the inducements may be for doing so. Congress when it meets, will experience no difficulty in applying the lesson of the elections; and we may safely expect the country will be the gainer, from the fact that the Representatives will have nothing to do but apply themselves to their duties, regardless of the interests of candidates for the Presidency in any manner.

THE VOTE IN OHIO. -The vote at the recent election in Ohio was the heaviest ever cast in that State. Gen. Hayes received 243,605 votes, and Mr. Thurman 240,622; Hayes' majority, 2,983. The entire vote foots up 484,277, which exceeds any previous one by over 8,000. Heretofore the largest vote was 476,223, at the election for Governor in 1863, including 42,000 soldiers' rotes. The next largest was 470,000 for President in 1864, including 60,000 soldiers votes. The vote for Governor two years a go was 417,000, and for Secretary of State ast year 469,000. The vote this year is 15,000 larger than any previous purely civilian vote. The Republicans at previous elections, have exceeded their aggregate. out the Democrats never before attained theirs. The Democratic vote of Ohio was neavier in October, 1867, than at any past election in the history of the State. Two counties gave tie votes. In forty-two counties Hayes has a majority, and in forty-four counties Thurman has a majority.

GRADUALLY AND GRACIOUSLY.—The Copperhead leaders of the North are a persistent lass of scamps, unwearried in their course of wrong to the nation, and unabashed in their sympathy for those who warred to destroy the Government. While allud-WHY THEY HATE HIM. - It is leaking out | ing to this fact, during the rebellion, we frequently declared these men would some day strive to make treason respectable. They are now at this work. In the Second Assem-Generals Grant and Thomas, at the time of bly district of Middlesex county, N. J., the Cops have hit the nail exactly on the head by nominating Col. Jones, late of the rebel army, for the Assembly. He will undoubtedly poll the entire Democratic vote of the dent for restoring traitors to other and higher positions in the Government.

"Another War." - Major Cooper, of the Clarksburg Conservative, boasted the other day that there would be another war in fifty days, and that he would fight for Legislature, notwithstanding the Democrats Jeff Davis. A soldier standing by remarked that if we were to have war in fifty days, it might as well begin within fifty minutes, and suiting the action to the word, he knocked the "Major" down. Upon rising, Cooper made at the soldier, who repeated the dose, and was proceeding to fluish the job in the most approved style, when the bystanders interfered, and brought the affair

> THE REASON WHY ?- The Roman Catholic paper, the Union, gives a curious verson of the reasons which induced Rattazzi to have Garibaldi arrested. The minister, says that paper, was perfectly aware that in laying hands on Garibaldi the movement a-gainst Rome would not be prevented. Besides this, Rattazzi, aware of the dangers of the enterprise, wished to save the General and hinder risking his life.

The election of Governor Brownlow to the United States Senate secures another Radical in that high leglislative body. The a month in New York city, is stated at 15,- Copperheads are very much horrified at the attempt, reached the top of Mount Hood

Washington City Gossip.

bore, swindle and disgrace to all who do business with either the Executive and Legislative branches of the Government at Washington. Things have come to such a condiever before. But it is not possible by any tion that it is next to impossible to have the least important business transacted with the suckers called lobbyists. Legislation, by to Congress. And what is so humiliating is the fact that most of these men are ignorant and abandoned in character, who could not influence a business transaction in commercial or manufacturing circles involving a dollar. Yet these lobbyists can control business of all kinds before the Government. They frequently enlarge or decrease appropriations as their interest may demand. It is time that the press of all parties call attention to this most disgraceful influence, its way. that the people may be able to devise the way to destroy it.

The return of the Philadelphia banks to \$6,000,000 in excess of the amount required by law.

It is not to the credit of the whiskey manufacturing business, that it has so often been found connected with frauds upon the revenue. Smuggling, in the whiskey line, has prevailed in this and other countries to a large extent, whenever it would pay. It is a testimony to the strength of two appetites-the love of money and the love of drink. The evasion of the tax is not only a fraud on the Government, but a wrong to every tax-payer. If the excise law was honored by the distillers universally, the effect would be to shorten very materially the era of heavy taxation, as the debt would the sooner be paid off and the burden of taxation be removed.

The condition of Western National banks. as shown by abstracts compiled from their quarterly reports received at the office of the Comptroller of the Currency, is up to the required standard, and this is also the case in regard to the National Banks in all other sections of the country. The reserves specified by the act of Congress have been met in all cases, while in some instances the average is considerably over the requirements of the law.

The mouthly statement of the debt for October will show a contraction of thirty millions in the currency.

Fractional currency printed last week, is \$572,320; shipped, \$572,644; Nat'l Bank currency issued, \$24,890; currency redeemed and destroyed, \$337,800.

Receipts of customs for the week ending Oct. 10th, \$2,895,768.

The work on the impeachment testimony office, and twelve or fifteen pages are daily put in type. The whole work will be completed by the last of November. Great care is taken not to let it be made public, and as each sheet is finished it is locked up. No one is allowed to be near the press upon which it is printed, and the compositors engaged in putting it in type, it is said, are sworn to secrecy.

The official information received at the Indian Bureau, from Kansas, is to the effect that both the commissioners and the Indians now assembled at Medicine Lodge Creek think that the council will result in a lasting peace. The commissioners will not be able to hold a council at the Upper Platte until Nov. 10th.

It is believed that the House committee appointed to inquire whether the present government of Maryland is such a republican government as is required by the Constitution, have collected some extraordinary testimony. That delectable despot, "Gov. Swann," will appear in several new and interesting characters.

COUNTERFEITING AS A SCIENCE. - Science and mechanical ingenuity have their bad uses as well as their good. It is not pleasant to think that the art of counterfeiting has been brought to such perfection that even experts and banking institutions cannot decide between the genuine and the spurious issues of Government paper. And if Seven-Thirties can be thus skillfully counterfeited, why may not all others with equal success? In fact, this seems to be an age of counterfeiting. The food we eat, the beyerages we drink, the clothes we wear, are in many cases mere counterfeit presentments. Half of the articles in use whether for luxury or necessity, if they could speak, could say with Iago: "I am not what I am." Even the fair ladies that delight our eves on the promenade, in the drawing room at the opera, are half made up of counterfeits. The roses on their cheeks, the lillies on their brows, the marble of their bosoms, all, all counterfeits. Their ebon tresses counterfeit the hue of gold, and their golden locks counterfeit the raven's wing. There is nothing real-not even money.

A PREDICTION. -Senator Wilson, at a political meeting held on Monday, October 21st at Marlboro, Mass., after reciting the predictions he had made at different times. and their more than fulfillment, then stated that General Grant would be elected President by the votes of not less than thirty States, and would be supported by a twothirds majority of both Houses of Congress. The ever loyal white men, the repentant rebels, and the six hundred thousand enfranchised colored men are to reconstruct the Southern States, and send a majority of Republican Senators and Representatives to Washington.

Two women, the first who have made the

FARMING IN MINNESOTA. - We find an , account of a farm of 2.000 acres, owned and vented a little attachment to a carriage by The lobby business is becoming a regular worked by Mr. O. Dalrymple, of Cottage which, in case the horses run away, the tra-Grove, Washington county, Minnesota. It ces may be loosened, and the frightened an-Sherman, and the Sheridan farms. In the the carriage will be left behind in safety. first are 1000 acres, of which 720 acres are The device is said to be so simple that it is in one field, inclosed with a board fence. On a marvel that it was not previously discovthe several farms are sets of buildings to ac- | ered. commodate 100 men, and about the same the Departments without first hiring one of number of horses. Wheat was grown the first season on 1,700 acres. During harvest 150 acres were cut per day. The yield was some sort of hocus pocus, is controlled by an average of 25 bushels per acre, or 42,500 these creatures, who block up every avenue | bushels in all, which, at \$1 50, yielded \$63, 700. It is not only safe to say that this is the largest yield of wheat given to any man in the United States this year, but probably the most profitable of any crop produced for the same time in any State. Mr. Dalrymple was not only reimbursed for the original outlay of land, houses, labor, seed, fences, implements, horses, etc., but had a clear profit of at least \$20,000. This sample of farm-

ing in Minnesota is an evidence of the abil-

ity of the Northwest to supply a full share

to the measure of abundance required for

the march of empire which "westward takes

UNFORTUNATE, BUT VERY JOLLY .- A colored philosopher called Cato was arrested in Nashville for robbing a clothing store, the Comptroller of the Currency shows that | and sent to jail to await trial. As the offithey have a reserve of \$19,000,000, being cers were approaching to arrest him. Cato was heard to say to himself in an audible tone, "Dar is something rotten here, I's got cotched up, I's been selling clo's too cheap, some nigger's been savin somethin, a colored pussin couldn't throw a tater out without some hog pickin it up." After his ar-rest he seemed very much amused, and remarked to the officers, "I thought dis was what you came here for." He sang out to his wife, "Good by, Lizzie, I'm gwine to make a short trip to the penumtenshary, guess I won't be back anymore dis winter. you will hab to get somebody to take care ob you, come to der jail to see me sometime." He went off with his officers with as jolly an air as if he were going to a feast. He confessed the crime in the same spirit. When last seen there was a broad grin on his phis, as he wended his way toward the

THE TODD FAMILY. - Mrs. Lincoln's prothers, as is known, were in the Confederate army. The youngest of them started in April, 1861, from New Orleans as a private in the chasseurs a Pied, and being discharged for sickness at Richmond, in October of the same year returned to his home : but, though still suffering in health, he left a wife and two babies to join the Crescent regiment, in response to Beauregard's call. and fell at Shiloh. Another, Captain David Todd, started with Colonel Tom Taylor, of the First Kentucky Volunteers, and was killed toward the end of the war. And hird. Dr. Todd served throughout as a distinguished surgeon.

REBELS REJOICING.-When intelligence of the Pennsylvania and Ohio elections reached Montgomery, Alabama, the old Irish news agent there ran along the streets with the morning papers, singing out, "Good news for the rebels! good news for the rebels! the best I have had since the time they defeated the Yankees during the war!" and in Montgomery, as in all the other cities, the men who had been fighting against the Union were as exultant over is progressing at the Government printing the victories of the Copperheads of Ohio and Pennsylvania as if these victories had been affected by their own ballots.

> "DEMOCRATIC VICTORIES:"-It turns out that Democratic victories are scarce out West. Indiana did as well as last year; Iowa did well enough—as 20,000 is near enough to 30,000 for all practical purposes. Nebraska and Colorado have given handsome Republican gains. The loss of a Senator in California and Ohio will be made up by the admission of Colorado with two Republican Senators. This state of things is discouraging to the Democratic party. They cannot yet afford to elect Val. to the Senate, or to nominate Pen. for President.

ITALY. - From Italy we may infer we shall hear stirring news before long. The men of action have apparently made good their name, and, at all events, have done something that the government is afraid to have known. Napoleon, by his late movements, has intimated his intention to interfere, i interference is necessary for the security of the Pope, and the world will await anxiously the tilt of the Emperor with Citizen Garibaldi. Will he be more fortunate than in his encounter with his other uncrowned antagonist, Minister Bismark?

A HEAVIER VERDICT. - In the Court of Common Pleas of Lancaster County, on Thursday, Jacob R. Goodman obtained a verdict for \$9,150 against the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. This suit was brought by the plaintiff for the recovery of damages for the loss of his wife, who was killed while crossing the Pennsylvania Railroad in a carriage, with her husband near Landisville about two years ago. At a former trial, \$7,500 was allowed as damages. The new trial was granted at the instance of the railroad company.

NOT LIKELY. - The minor topics of the Times gives some reasons against the probability of Jeff. Davis being tried—the witnesses are dead or scattered, the papers are lost, and it is doubtful whether the Judge or jury would know Davis if they were to see him. If this last were a bar, there would be few criminal trials. Judges are not apt to have culprits in the circle of their acmaintances.

SCHOOLS IN THE SOUTH. -The Buckhanon Advocate says: "Over thirty new school houses are to be opened to the little folks of our country this winter. We sincerely hope that our school officers will see that these houses are furnished with efficient teachers and filled with pupils. We bail the opening of these houses as a most auspicious omen, full of brightest promises for the fu-

ACCIDENT. - A most singular accident occured at the Hoosic tunnel works on Saturday a-week. The gasoline works at the mouth exploded and burned, the burning ruins and debris falling down the shaft burying and suffocating the whole gang of workmen, thirteen in all. The bodies were not recovered for some time.

The nomination of Grant for President springs right from the Republican popular heart. None of the camp followers were allowed to have a hand in it.

A New Device. - A New Yorker has individed into three farms-the Grant, the | imals may run as hard as they p'ease, while

> A CHICAGOISM. -In Chicago, recently, a man who had been enjoying a little too much liquid happiness, fell into an unfinished sewer, where he was found by a policeman, singing that he wanted to be an angel. The Justice before whom he was brought fined him five dollars for being drunk, and six for damaging the sewer.

GRANT.-The name of Grant fills the atmosphere from Maine to California, and the people who prayed that he might win while ne battered and stormed away at legions of rebels, now turn to him as their leader, to guide our country out of the difficulties left by rebellion.

## Mew Advertisements.

Advertisements set in large type, cuts, or out of plain etyle will be charged double price for space occupied

NOTICE. - Notice is hereby given to the citizens of Clearfield county, that I have netered into an arrangement to supply the Direct ors. Teachers. Parents and Scholars, with the Series of School Books adopted by the Committee appointed for said purpose. Old books (when entire) taken in exchange. WM. TEN EYCK, Oct. 30-2t.

ESTRAY. -Strayed away from the prem ises of the subscriber, in Pike township, on or about the 1st of October, 1867, a red beifer, with one horn drooping, and nearly two years old. When last seen she was at Wm. Holden's If she is anywhere in the neighborhood, five dollars will be paid for her return; or if drove off and killed, twenty dollars will be paid for infor mation that will lead to the conviction of the perpetrator of the offense. MOSES BAILEY.

VALUABLE TIMBER, COAL AND FARM LAND.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE OF JACOB GEARBART. OF DECATUR TP., DEC'D.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court f Clearfield county, the undersigned Adminis-Decatur tp., will offer at public sale, on the prem-

TUESDAY, DECEMBER THIRD, 1867. the following described Real Estate, late the property of said deceased, viz

No 1. A tract of land situate in Decatur tw'p. county aforesaid, beginning at a post, corner of David Spotts, in the line of Jacob Gearhart survey thence by lands of Jacob Gearhart and Hardman Philips, south 22 deg., west 219 per to a maple on the rorth side of the turnpike, thence following the course of the turnpike west - per, to a post thence by land formerly of Hardman Philips, north 22 degrees, east 225 perches to a post in David Spotts' line, thence by land of David Spotts south 68 degrees, east 73 perches and 2 links to place of beginning, containing one hundred and nine acres, more or less, about 22 acres cleared with a bearing orchard thereon, the balance the land being well timbered with pine, oak and hemlock. The Beaver Run passes through this tract, sufficient in size to float saw logs.

No. 2. Is a tract of land situate in Decatur tw'p county aforesaid, beginning at a stone heap, on the south side of the "Old State Road." thence slopg said road, south 37 degrees, east 34 | perches to a post, thence by land of Abraham Kyler.south 40 degrees, east 195 perches to a post, thence by land formerly of Hardman Philips and others south 58 degrees, west 190 perches to an Aspen, thence by land formerly of Hardman Philips. north 55 degrees, west 106 perches to a hemlock, in the line of James Thompson and David Spotts north 25 deg. east 239 per. to stone heap or place of beginning containing in all two hundred acres with an allowance of six per cent. for roads, &c deducting, however, out of the above described tract 33 acres and 19 per conveyed to W. A. Wallace, from said Jacob Gearbart, dec'd, and wife b deed dated Oct. 23d. 1865, recorded in Clearfield county, in deed book X, page 353. The above described premises having thereon erected a two story plank dwelling well finished, with a well of water, convenient, a one and a half story log dwelling spring house convenient, and a bank barn 90 feet by 40 feet. Also two good bearing orchards, with eider mill and press. About 13 acres of this land is cleared and under good cultivation, the balance is well timbered with pine and hemlock. The buildings are about one half mile from the Erie turnpike on the road leading from said turnpike to Kylertown, and about two miles from Philipsburg, the present terminus of the Tyrone & Clearfield R. R. School House within I of a mile, and grist mill within I mile

No. 3. Is a tract of land situate in Morris t'wp Clearfield county, beginning at a stone heap in the corner of the Jacob Gearhart survey, and adoining the lands of the late Adam Gray, and Geo himmel, thence by lands of said Gray north 52; deg west 56 per. to a post thence by lands of Geo. Shimmel north 98; deg. west 27; per. to a hemlock, thence by lands formerly of Geo. Shimmel and Hardman Philips, south 26t deg. west 111 per o an old dead pine, thence by lands formerly of Hardman Philips and James Thompson, (now Jaob Gearhart.) south 63; degrees, east 81 perches to a large stone on the line of Jacob Gearhart's survey, north thence by land of Jacob Gearbart 26; deg. east 103 per. to place of beginning. One other piece adjoining the above described piece or tract, beginning at stones at the road on line of Geo. Shimmel, dec'd, thence along said road south 47½ deg. east 30.2 per to a post, thence south 25 deg. west 2.8 per to a post, thence south 47½ deg. east 6.2 per to a post, thence north 25 deg. west 2.8 per. to a post, thence south 47 t deg. east 6.2 per. to a post, thence north 25 deg wes 2.8 per. to a post, thence south 47 deg. east 23 4 per, to a stone in the road, thence south 25 deg, west 37.1 per. by land of Abraham Kyler to stones thence north 40 deg. west by lands of Jacob Gear hart 56.9 per. to stones, thence north 52; deg. west along said last described tract, 56 per to a post, thence by land of Shimmel north 25 deg. east 27.9 per to place of beginning, the two last described tracts containing 73 acres and 100 per The said land has erected thereon one two-story log house and stable, with a good spring of water near the house. Also a good bearing orchard.

All the above lands are esteemed very valuable s bituminous coal lands, inasmuch as they lie in the heart of the bituminous coal basin, besides the great value they possess as timber and farm lands, with advantageous location, etc. The extension of the Tyrene & Clearfield R. R., from Philipsburg to Clearfield, now being rapidly pushd to completion, runs through or near all of the above lands.

Sale to commence at ten o'clock, A. M. or Tuesday, the 3d day of December. 1867, on that portion of said premises, known as the "Homestead property

TERMS OF SALE .- One third of the purchase money to be paid in cash on day of sale; one third n one year thereafter; and one third at the death of Mary Gearhart, the widow of said deceased the latter two payments, with their interest pay-able annually, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises The one third cash to be paid within half an hour after the property is struck down, or it will be put up again for sale.

JAS. H. TURNER, CHAS. SLOAN, Auctioneer. CYREN. HOWE.

Oct. 30, 1867.-ts. SHAWLS—a large stock of woolen shawls, selling off at cost, at J. P. KRATZER'S. NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

O! THIS WAY! NEW STORE IN MADERA!

JAMES FOREST & Son, would respectfully in. form the public, that they have just opered in Madera. Clearfield county, Pa, an entire new FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

which they are prepared to sell as cheap as the cheapest. Their stock consists of Alpacas De. cheapest. Their stock consists of Alpacas De-laines. Prints and Muslins, of all varieties; Capsimeres, Satinets and Flannels, too numerous to mention; Ready-made clothing of the best qual ity; Boots and Shoes of the very best make; complete stock of Groceries. &c In short, everything usually kept in a country store.

Consumers! Look to your interests. Call and

examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere. Lumber and grain of all kinds taxes

n exchange for goods.
Remember the place; Madera, Clearfield county

A 267. JAMES FORREST & SON.

OMETHING NEW IN ANSONVILLE, Clearfield county, Penn'a.

The undersigned having erected during the past summer, a large and commodious store room, is now engaged in filling it up with a new and select assortment of Fall and Winter goods, which he offers to the public at prices to suit the times. His stock of Mens' and boys' clothing is unusually extensive, and is offered to customers at from 10 to \$20 for a whole suit. Flour, Salt, and Gro ceries, of every kind, a complete assortment Stoves and Stove-pipe, a heavy stock; Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, in great variety; Ladies' dress goods, furs, and other fancy goods, together with an endless assortment of notions too tedions o enumerate, always on hand, and sor sale very cheap. Prints at 10 cents a yard and other goods

in proportion. Now is the time to buy. Country produce of every kind, at the highest market prices, will be taken in exchange for goods; and even Greenbacks will not be refused or any article in store. Examine my stock beore you buy elsewhere. October 30, 1867.

GIFTS FOR CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEARS .- A superb stock of fine Gold and Silver Watches, all warranted to run. and thoroughly regulated, at the low price of \$10 each

and satisfaction guaranteed.

100 Solid Gold Hunting Watches, \$250 to \$1000

100 Magic Cased Gold Watcher, 250 to 500 250 to 500 100 to 300 100 Ladies' Watches, enameled. 200 Gold H'g Chronom'r Watches. 250 to 200 Gold Hunting English Levers. 206 to 300 Gold Hunting Duplex Watches, 150 to 500 Gold Hunting American Watches, 100 to 200 to 250 150 to 200 500 Silver Hunting Levers 50 to 150 75 to 250 500 Silver Hunting Duplexes, 500 Gold Ladies' Watches. 1000 Gold Hunting Lepines, 1000 Miscellaneous Silver Watches,

2500 Hunting Silver Watches. 5000 Assorted Watches, all kinds, 10 to The above stock will be disposed of on the popular one price plan, giving every parron a fine Gold or Solid Silver Watch for \$10, without re-

Wright Bro. & Co., 161 Broadway, New York, wish to immediately dispose of the above magnificent stock. Certificates naming the article are placed in scaled envelopes, and well mixed Hold ers are entitled to the articles named in their car tificate, upon payment of Ten Do'lars, whether it be a watch worth \$1,000 or one worth less The return of any of our certificates entitles you to the articles named thereon, upon payment irre pective of its worth, and as no article valued less than \$10 is named on any certificate, it will at once be seen that this is no lottery, but a straight forward legitimate transaction, which may be

participated in even by the most fastidious. A single certificate will be sent by mail post paid, upon receipt of 25 cents five for \$1. eleves sixty six and more valuable premium for \$10. one hundred and most superb Watch for \$15 To agents or those wishing employment, this is a rare pportunity. It is a legitimately conducted business, duly authorized by the Government, and open to the most careful scrutiny. Watches sent by Express, with bill for collection on delivery. so that no dissatisfaction can possibly occur. Try us. Address WRIGHT BRO & CO

oct30-3m] Importers, 161 Broadway, New York QUEENSWARE—the cheapest in the county,

SADDLES, Bridles, barness, collars &c., for MERRELL & BIGLER'S.

OIL, Putty, Paints Glass and Nails, for sale at June '68. MERRELL & BIGLER'S.

SWAIM'S PANACEA. Kennedy's Medical Dis-covery. Hembold's Buchu, Bake's Cod Liver Oil, Jayne's and Ayer's Medicines, for sale by Jan. 10 HARTSWICK & IRWIN.

Buggy For SALE.—An open buggy, as good as new, will be sold at a reasonable price.
Apply to E. A. Graham, at his store in Clearfield. or to J. B. GRAHAM

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP -The co-partnership hertofore existing between the undersigned, in the Mercantile buiness, at Grahampton, was dissolved on September 20th, by mutual consent—Mr. Graham retir-ing The books and accounts are in the hands of Mr. Forcey for settlement. THO. H. FORCEY. A. A. GRAHAM. Sept. 25, 1867.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary, on the estate of John Whiteside, late of Guelich township, Clearfield county, Pa. dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will pre-sent them. properly authenticated, for settle-ment. CATH. WHITESIDE. Oct 16, 1867-6t. G. W. M'CULLY, Exr's.

THE LADY'S FRIEND

WASHINGTON AT MOUNT VERNON. The Lady's Friend announces for 1868, the fol-

lowing novelets: The Debarry Fortune, by Aman-da M. Douglas. author of "In Trust," "Stephen Dane,' &c., A Dead Man's Rule, by Elisabeth Prescott, author of 'How a Woman hadh'r way. &c., Fleeing From Fate, by Louise Chandler Moul-ton, puthor of "Juno Clifford," "This, That and

It will give a splendid double page finely col-ored fashion plate—engraved on steel—in every It will give a beautifully executed fancy steel

engraving in each nmuber. It will give a large as sortment of wood cuts, illustrating the fashious, fancy work, &c., in every number. It will give a popular piece of music, worth the cost of the Magazine in itself, in every number. It will give a copy of the new and splendid premium steel engraving—Washington at Mount Vernon— 30 inches long by 21 inches wide—to every full (\$2 50) subscriber, and to every person sending a club. It offers club. It offers as premiums a large sariety of books, Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machines, silver plated tea setts, spoons, pitchers, gold and silver watches, clothes' wringers, croquet, Appleton's cyclopedias. &c.

A SPLENDID OFFER. - New subscribers who subscribe for 1868 by the first of November, shall receive the November and December numbers of this year in addition, making 14 months in all. Those who subscribe by the first of December shall receive the December number, making 13 months

TERMS. copy (and the large prem. engraving) \$2.50 4 copies 5 copies (and one gratis)

8 copies (and one gratis)
12 00
One copy each of Lady's Friend and Post \$4 00
The getter up of a club will always receive a
copy of the premium engraving. Members of a club wishing the premium engraving must remit one dollar extra. Those desirous of getting up clubs or premium lists, should enclose fifteen cents for sample Magazine, containing particu-lars Address DFACON & PETERSON, 319 Was nut Street, Phil's.