JOURNAL. THE RAFTSMAN'S

Raftsman's Journal.



Fenian Matters. The Fenian trials were resumed on the 2d instant at Toronto, Canada West, The Grand Jury brought in true bills against a number of the accused, but the trial of several of the prisoners has been postponed. Much excitement prevails among the Fenian Brotherhood all over the country. Meetings have been held in nearly all the principal cities, and committees appointed to solicit the interposition of the United States Government, which no doubt sympathizes with the unfortunate men who were engaged in the Canadian movement. The Secretary of State has requested Sir Frederick Bruce, the British Minister, to furnish, him with the records in the case, and has asked for time to examine them. In his letter, Mr. Seward says he "deemed it proper to say that the offen es involved in these trials are, in their nature, eminently political," and remarks that "it is the opinion of this Government that sound policy coincides with the best impulses of a benevolent nature in recommending tenderness, amnesty and forgiveness in such cases." A few days after, a committee from the Tammany Society of New York city waited on President Johnson asking his interference in the cases of Rev. McMahon, Col. Lynch and others. when the President reiterated the statements made in the letter of Secretary his Secretary of State will doubtless have the effect of causing the Canadian authorities to hesitate before they carry any of the sentences into effect, but what the ultimate result will be cannot yet be foreseen.

Who Voted Negroes?

Every newspaper reader remembers how persistently Copperhead orators and journals charged the Republicans in the recent canvass with favoring "negro suffrage," and that they were opposed to it. How much peaceable and order loving citizens with ter-can convey to His Holiness its unreserved dent. We do not doubt that there are law-

The Difficulty in Maryland. Gov. Swann removes the old Police Commissioners The new ones are arrested and impriso ned.

Gov. Swann, of Maryland, on last Thurslay, decided, as was anticipated, to remove the Police Commissioners of Baltimore for alleged official misconduct, and appointed in their place James Young and Wm. T. Valliant. On Thursday, the latter named gentlemen made their appearance in the Superior Court and asked to be sworn in as Commissioners. In allowing the applicants to take the oath prescribed by the law, Judge Martin said he desired to be understood as expressing no opinion as to the jurisdiction of the Governor or the validity of the title of the new appointees-that the Court was only performing a ministerial duty which might be discharged by the clerks. On Saturday forenoon, the new Commissioners appeared at the Marshal's office, and presented to the clerk of the Board a demand for the surrender of the Station houses, Marshal's office, fire alarm telegraph and police force, which was not complied with, and a request to see the old Commissioners was also refused. Messrs. Young and Valliant then proceeded to the Sheriff's office, evidently for the purpose of calling in his aid and that of his posse. They also had sworn in and attempted to use a police force. At a later hour, the State's Attorney for Baltimore county made application before Judge Bond for a bench warrant for the arrest of

Judge made the following reply : "It is your duty to bring to the notice of the Court the very grave facts you have just mentioned; it is the only tribunal here charged with the punishment of crime and the preservation of the peace. Whatever power it has for these purposes, should be immediately invoked and exercised to prevent the violence which you suggest is contemplated. It is not our duty to determine the questions in dispute between those claiming to be officers and police Commissioners, but it ought not to be truthfully said that in a government so long established as that of Maryland, the only way to obtain possession of an office is by force of arms. The Courts are open; an appeal to them can be speedily heard, and all official rights deter mined. This course must be pursued. An Seward. The course of Mr. Johnson and array of force for any purpose of this kind is an unlawful assembly; the parties engaged in this are guilty of a breach of the peace, and must be immediately arrested. All the power of this Court should be exercised with vigor and promptness to pre-vent such a violation of law, and the public peace st all be preserved at all hazards. The fact that persons claiming, rightfully or wrongfully, to be Police Commissioners, are about to place persons on the streets as police officers, charged with the duty of preserving the public peace, is calculated to alarm the public mind. The dread of col-

Messrs. Valliant and Young, to which the

(er, as the incarcerated ones are denied the use of pen, ink and paper, they cannot get chance even to resign. So the conservatives are flanked again.

In the afternoon, John T. Ford, Robert Cathcart, Gen. Horn and Lieut. Gov. Cox called at the office of the Police Board, as the Representatives of the conservative Swann party, and proposed that there should be two distinct elections, one for each party, two sets of election officers, and leave it to the Courts to decide between them. This proposition being at once rejected, they then chaoged it into a request that the list of judges should be revised and none appointed except such as owned real estate valued at ten thousand dollars, and one of them in every precinct to be a Conservative. To this proposition the Board also refused to accede, but assured the gentlemen that they would, as they had proposed formerly, appoint or retain good and responsible men only, and would appoint one Conservative in each precinct.

Thus it appears, the old Commissioners have triumphed over Swann and his backers, and as matters remained on Monday it looked as if the Republicans would have the control at the election yesterday. They expect to elect forty-three out of eighty members of the Legislature, and thus be able to return Mr. Cresswell to the U. S. Senate. The police, on Monday, seized four thousand muskets which were found concealed in the establishment of one of the conservative peace commissioners. When the discovery was made, fifteen peace-loving citizens were busily engaged ramming a charge of powder and a handful of buckshot into each gun.

A number of arrests had been made for alleged attempts to incite a riot, but no serious attempt had yet been made. It was feared some disturbances might occur at the termost.) Things assumed for a time a polls yesterday, but it is to be hoped that such was not the case.

What the Catholics Propose to Do.

Archbishop Purcell delivered a sermon before the recent Roman Catholic Conneil Mayor. at Baltimore, in which he said that the council was impressed with the necessity of reclaiming the United States to Catholicity, and intimated that to be the grand object of its assembling. There is to be no crusade preached against Protestantism, no offensive thrusting forward the doctrines and majority of whom are opposed to that courts are open, and their decisions will af ergy, perseverance and industry. Catholieism must gain in America to make up for its losses in Europe, and cheer the Pope in his present troubles. The council has taken the most decided stand on the Papal questhe pains they took to make people believe mate armed conflict, will fill the minds of as emphatic a manner as the Latin language Governor was only an agent of the Presi-

Gov. Swann of Maryland. The New York Post, of November 2d, makes the following statement relative to Gov. Swann, of Maryland, which will be read with interest in connection with the existing trouble in Baltimore :

In 1860 the present Governor of Maryland was Mayor of Baltimore, and as such at the head of the city police. The Maryland Legislature, at that time, passed the police bill, and the first Board of Commission ers appointed thereunder required the Mayor to surrender the police department of the city to them. He refused, and prepared to resist the ingress of the new board. "Under advice of their counsel the Commissioners resorted to their remedy by mandamus. They succeeded in asserting the validity of their appointment, and Mayor Swann gracefully yielded," as a matter of course. That is to say, the Mayor held over antil the courts had decided against him. He did not call on the Federal Government, or talk about bloodshed and revolution. Nor did the Governor at that time indulge in such threats against Mayor Swann; if he had, that gentleman would no doubt have expressed great contempt for the Governor.

Indeed, Mayor Swann would have resisted the Governor and the whole Federal force at his back; as he promised to do so on another occasion, of which a prominent citizens of Baltimore gives the following unnt

"In October, 1857, the city elections were attended with much disorder-so much so as to provoke the defeated party, and to create dissatisfaction amongst many who Stevenson fell off the scaffold at the water really sympathized with the majority. The present Governor Swann was then Mayor wann. He had been elected by the Know-Nothing party. Governor Ligon had been elected by the Democracy, and that party appealed to him to defend them in the exercise of their elective franchise at the approaching State elections. He came to Baltimore and took measures for calling out the militia, ostensibly to preserve the good order of the city. Mayor SWANN protested against this encroachment on his authority, and, under advice of counsel, prepared to resist the Governor a l'outrance (to the ut-

most alarming aspect. On the eve of the election, however, a meeting took place between the Governor and Mayor. Mutual concessions or explanations were made. The Governor withdrew, and the elections were conducted under the supervisions of the

To say, in the face of such a record, that Governor Swann can now desently resort to force, and avoid the courts, is absurd. He would make himself ridiculous to do so. To push matters to extremes, to make a deadlock, to appeal to arms and threaten with violence, force and blood-hed, when an practices of Rome upon a population the affair can be conducted peaceably, when the church, but in a quiet way the clergy are to ford all necessary remedies-all this is to set about their work of proselytism with en- inflict a serious injury on the State and on society, and to help make free government difficult, and in the end impossible. Governor Swann has not done wisely to run to Washington with his complaints-as though the Federal Government were a kind of dry lision between the two forces, and of ulti- tion, and pledges the American Church in nurse to the State of Maryland, and the

the police, which were read, showing in a did, and then drove on a little way, and most emphatic manner the solicitude of the Board for the preservation of peace and

good order of the city. "Many of the Judges of Election were boxes, and that the only parties whose votes were rejected were those whose names were not on the registration of 1865.

The appearance of these men, I may add, was also about the best refutation that could be given of the slanderous statements as to their bad character. With a very few exceptions, they were the same men who had served at every election for several years past, and are men of undoubted respectability. Another of the judges, whose haracter has been assailed, was proved to have been a Judge of Elections, when Swann was elected, and while in the army had been promoted from the ranks to Captain, for good conduct.

Pennsylvania Items.

BUTLER COUNTY .- On the night of Ocober 30th, the old tavern stand of Jacob Reiber, in Summit township, was destroyed by fire. In one of the apper rooms three children were sleeping, one of whom, a little girl eleven years of age, perished in the flames.

DAUPHIN COUNTY .- Mr. Wm. Fernsler. of Harrisburg, on the 1st Nov. feli into a cellar and broke his neck. He was 70 years of age and leaves a wife and several children to mourn his death.... On the evening of the same day, a son of Mr. Thos. works in Harrisburg and fractured his skull to such an extent that he died several hours after.

ELK COUNTY .- The Ridgway Advocate says: On the morning of the 28th Oct., two men named Ford and Cole, who were con fined in the jail in this place on the charge of stealing horses, by some means made their escape, and up to this time have not been apprehended. The Sheriff, we understand, was to have taken them to Titusville in Crawford county on the morning they

made their escape. VENANGO COUNTY .- A carpenter, engaged in rebuilding part of the Grant House in the borough of Franklin, received the welcome intelligence on the 22d of Oct. that he had failen heir to £6,000. (thirty thousand dollars.) left by a relative in England. He was so elated that he got on a "spree the next day, by which he took delirium tre mens, and on the 26th, though he had the best medical care, died from its effects.

CLARION COUNTY .- The dwelling house of Mr. N. H. Sloan, of Limestone tp., was burned to the ground on Monday, Oct. 29th. caused by sparks falling on the roof whilst attempting to burn out the chimney. Between \$200 and \$300 worth of goods.stlen from the store of Samuel Wilson at Helen furnace, some weeks since, were found recently secreted in the woods near that place. The thieves have made good their escape. CENTRE COUNTY.-Christian Van Pool.

aged between 112 and 114 years, the oldest eitizen of this section of the country, died on the 22d of October, at his residence in Half Moon township. He, in his time, saw Washington and Lafayette. Last summer

turning, fired two shots at the robl. out effect. He offers a reward of \$100 for the conviction of the thief. Mr. Gould was "Many of the Judges of Election were waylaid and shot with a fowling piece, two present, and testified to the use of rejected years ago, but his assailant escaped after a sharp chase.

The Napoleon (Ohio) Northwest, a Con

perhead paper, is philosophic. It says the in the recent election "the fight was between Republican Congress and a Republica resident, and the Democracy very fool v tried to sustain the under dog in the Seb

New Advertisements.

To insure attention, the CASH must attent ny notices, as follows - All Cautions and Brinn with \$1,50; Auditors', Administrators' and a ecutors' notices, \$2,50, each ; Dissolution, 12 all other transient Notices at the same rate Other a ivertisements at \$1,50 per square for less insertions. Ten lines (or less) count a squar

ATS.-Late style hats just received at Nov. 7, 1866 -1m. J. P. KRATZER'S

RAIN WANTED -The highest market price G paid for wheat, rye, buckwheat. cort and J. P. KRATZER

CITOVES .- Cookstoves, Parlor stoves, Holles Nov. 7, 1864.-1m. J. P. RRATZER, Ag'

BEEF-HIDES, calf skins, sheep pelts beaga or exchanged for sole lasther, kip, calf and J P. KRATZER'S

YOACH TRIMMINGS. Dash leather, thin C eled drill, curled hair, seaming cord, had linings, at J. P. KBATZER's linings, at

BODY VARNISH, Drop black, terrasienna.um. seed oil, benzine, ochre. whiting: lampblack, litharge, red lead, vermillion, rose pink, at Nov. 7th. 1866.-1m. J. P. KRATZEW.8

CRANBERRIES, canned peaches, green part corn. condensed milk, honey, brandy prate es, cove oysters, sardines, maccaroni, hominy. pineapple cheese.Sago cheese Worcester sance a Nov. 7th. 1866.-1m. J P. KRATZER'S.

SHERIFF'S SALE --- By virtue of a write O of Testatem Fiera Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Clinton county and to me directed, there will be exposed to public rale. at the Court House in the Borough of Cloarfield, on MONDAY the 3D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1845, I o'clock, p. m . the following described Real L. tate. to wit

All defendent's interest in and to a certain me piece of land situate in Karthaus tp . Clea field county. Penn's . containing one hundred an four nores, more or less, about eight acres o which are cleared and under cultivation, assig thereon erected a grist mill. saw mill blacksuit shop, dwelling house and barn adjoining lands of John Eiselman. John Heis, and others Served taken in execution, and to be sold as the proper of James Rough Nov 7. 863 JACOB FAUST, Sheriff

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS

G. S. PERRY

Announces to his friends that he has just a coived and is opening at OSCEOLA, Clearfed county, a large stock of Fall and Winter Goda,

COMPRISING Alpacas, Delaines, Calicos, Sheetings, Muslins, Flannes, Cassimeres, Plaids. Ready-made Clothing Boots and Shoer,

Hats and Caps.

sincerity there was in their declarations can best be determined by a few facts that have come to light since the election.

The Lancaster Examiner asserts, and it has not been contradicted, that a colored man was taken to the polls in East Hempfield township by a Democrat and that he had him vote the Clymer ticket.

The Herald, printed at Greensburg. West morland county, in its issue of Oct. 12, says:

"In the borough of Greensburg, on the day of the last election, a Democrat march ed "a man of African descent" up to the polls and had him vote the whole "Democratic ticket, though he was not a resident Election Board took the vote.

Other instances of a similar nature might be mentioned, but these will suffice to show the difference between Copperhead professions and Copperhead practices. They will also give neighbor Goodlander, editor of the Democratic organ in this place, who is deeply exercised on the question of negro suffrage, an opportunity of indulging in a learned homily on his favorite topic, and also to administer an appropriate reproof to his brethern in Lancaster and Westmoreland who have been guilty of the derelictions above mentioned !

Signs of Change in Southern Sentiment.

The result of the elections already held in the North, appears to be effecting a change of sentiment for the better among the more intelligent Southerners. A Georgia letter in the N. Y. Times says that Alex. H. Stephens, ex-Rebel Vice President, advises the adoption of the Constitutional Amendment by the Rebel States. We see it also stated that the Galveston, Texas, Bulletin, the Beaufort, South Carolina, New South, New Orleans Picayune, and one or two other Southern journals are advising their States to take similar action, as no more liberal proposition is likely to be offered than that already made. The leaders of the South must be satisfied by this time her people are determined upon committing the question of reconstruction, not to the President, but to a faithful Congress. If. therefore, their States are wise, they will accept the amendment promptly, make their laws conform thereto, and thus at once, and it is to be hoped forever, restore all the States to the supreme authority and mutual plessings of our common Union.

HARD ON COPPERHEAD CLAIM AGENTS. -A sarcastic cotemporary reterring to the fact that several Copperheads having taken out license to become claim agents, says disposes of the habeas corpus strategy. that "as it will not pay to collect one hunbounty, need apply.

It is impossible that this should be alror. lowed if the law can prevent it, and the warrant you ask shall issue.

A warrant was accordingly prepared, and subsequently the new Commissioners were arrested and sent to jail in default of \$25,-000 bail. Sheriff Thompson who admitted that he was summoning a posse to aid the new Commissioners, was also brought before Judge Bond, and in default of \$25,000 bail, committed to prison, on a charge of contempt of Court in refusing to obey the order of the Judge forbidding him to swear in the posse. Some new police officers, who made their appearance on the streets, were also of the district even. Yet, John Dick, a arrested. It appears that under the law Democrat. did that thing and a Democratic creating the Board, the Commissioners have the most ample powers. They can, in an emergency, increase their force without limit, can call out the militia if they deem it expedient, and can summon the sheriff and his posse, who are subject to their orders. It was under this provision of the law they proceeded to make the arrests, &c.

> Several detachments of regular troops were ordered from Washington by General Canby, who is in command at Baltimore. Late on Saturday afternoon, the General sent for Mayor Chapman and the other Police Commissioners, desiring to be informed of the condition of affairs and of their ability to preserve the peace of the city. The Commissioners informed him that they had an extra force on duty, had closed all the taverns and grog shops, had arrested all disorderly persons, and fully expected to be able to prevent any outbreak. With this statement the General seemed to be entirely satisfied, and the Mayor and Commissioners returned to their offices.

The Latest. '

The old Commissioners Triumph-They will conduct the Election

On Monday morning, Nov. 5th, Judge Bartol, of the Court of Appeals, sat in chambers, awaiting the return of the writ of habeas corpus issued by him on Saturday evening, requiring the warden of the city that the great North is in earnest, and that jail to bring before him the bodies of James Young and Wm. Valliant, the appointees of Gov. Swann, and Wm. Thompson, the Sheriff. The time set for the hearing of the case having expired, Messrs. Latrobe and Schley, counsel for the first named, inquired why the writ was not answered. The opposing counsel replied that the warden had three days in which to make his return, and, after a long discussion, the Judge decided that the point was well taken and that the warden was not compelled to produce the prisoners until the expiration of three

days, or until Thursday morning. So this

The next point attempted by the Condred dellars for white soldiers, none but servatives wasto get the Swann Commission-'niggers' entitled to three hundred dollars ers to resign, and have others immediately appointed in their places. Inasmuch, howev- the adoption of "my policy.

lovalty and attachment The council was not less decided on the

public school system of the United States. | and it is his business to act lawfully, to give The bishops do not condemn that system, those he condemns all the benefit of any of Bellefonte, and quite a number of her but insist strongly that the Catholic youth of the country shall be educated in Catho- appeal to the courts for a decision, if a dislic establishments. The catechism must go pute occurs. It is not the part of a Goverhand in hand with the grammer. The principles of religion must not be subordinated | threat of bayonets, and enforce his own conto the principles of arithmetic, nor mere worldly advantages be pursued to the detriment of the soul's salvation.

The freedmen of the South are likewise to receive the immediate and carnest attenion of the Catholic clergy, and that not ony from their own desire, but from the express command of Rome. The Southern negro is to be Christianized, educated and redeemed. This work was to have been done in the most quiet, determined manner possible, before the Protestant sect caught the idea, but the latter were too quick. Nevertheless, the Catholic Church intends to take the blacks under its protecting wing. and, if possible, claim exclusive possession over them.

WM. A. WALLACE, in his after-election Address, says to his Democratic friends: "For the first time since the disbandment 'of our armies, you have met the forces of 'the Republican party." When he speaks of "our armies" which does William refer to? The Union or the Rebel? As there were no Republicans in the Rebel army, are we to infer, from the words quoted, that the "forces of the Republican party" have "met" the same enemy they encountered on the field of battle? If that is Wallace's meaning, (and we leave each person to put his own interpretation upon the language used.) we take pleasure in commending his frankness respecting this particular matter.

A Jefferson City dispatch says: Every available man under arms in Gen. Hancocks Department, with the exception of a few troops to preserve order on election day, has been sent westward to fight the Indians. It is understood that General Sherman has come back from the plains favorably impressed with Gen. Pope's theory of keeping trolled the elections, and gave their oppothem in the rear of the advance guard of nents notice to leave the polls by piercing civilization. It is certain that the Indian troubles are assuming a most threatening aspect.

The investigation, just concluded, shows the cause of the disaster to the Evening Star to have been an insufficiency of crew. The hull of the ship was staunch and tight, the engines were in perfect order, and, prop-erly manned, the vessel could have lived through the cyclone and carried her passengers into port in safety. But her entire crew numbered only ten men, four of whom were detailed as quartermasters, deaving the effective force only six.

F. Milligan Kinter, of Indiana borough, has been appointed Assessor of Internal Revenue for the twenty-first District of Pennsylvania. Milligan was a Republican ganization. of weak principles, with a decided ambition for office, which he has finally secured by

respecting citizens enough in Maryland to support the Governor in a lawful course; doubtful construction of the law, and to nor of a free State to begin a trial with a struction of a disputed point at law with 'United States regulars.

The Maryland Trouble.

A correspondent of the N.Y. Tribune gives the following account of an interesting scene" that came off at Annapolis, on the 30th of October, during the hearing of testimony in defence of the Baltimore Police Commissioners :

"The Governor looked somewhat uneasy as he surveyed the large number of highly respectable witnesses present, prepared to invalidate and flatly contradict the mass of slanderous charges and irrelevant allegations produced by witnessess for the prosecution. As the examination of these witnesses proceeded the effect was quite noticeable. The Governor fairly quailed before it, and really looked, at times, as though he were on trial by the Police Board instead of sitting in adgment on its acts.

The counsel for the Commissioners had wisely summoned several parties who in times past had been familiar as participants in managing Ward politics, under the reign of Mayor Swann, now Governor. One of these parties, who acted as Judge at a recent election, and whose character had been assailed, was brought on the stard. He admitted he had been a little rough in his time; he had served in the army under Burnside and Sheridan, but was honorably discharged. He had never been in the penitentiary. He claimed that he had always had a good reputation till he joined the Know-Nothing party, during Governor Swann's reign as mayor of Baltimore, when he became a rowdy. As he said this, the witness glanced at His Excellency mischievously, remarking that he guessed His Excellency knew him. Here was a scene. Think of our dignified Governor being confronted with one of his old Ward workers during the reign of the Know Nothings, when his bands of roughs and plugs con-

them with awls. Evidently the Governor was disconcerted, and the counsel for the prosecution were glad to let him go with a very brief cross-examination. "George W. Taylor, Secretary to the Po-

lice Board since 1864, testified to the close attention of the Commissioners to their duties of office, and swore that the ballot boxes used at the recent election, about which so much clamor has been raised, were the same as used at every election since 1864; also, that boxes for rejected votes were sent to every precinct. (Specimen of boxes re-turned or judges with rejected votes, was produced ;) 27 of such boxes were returned with rejected votes. This testimony was fully corroborated by others, among them that of the janitor of the Board, who has been connected with the force since its or- in a faded brown sack coat, and had a patch

same facts, and produced the official orders Gould was ordered to get out and put his of the Board for control and direction of watch and purse on the ground, which he

he was seen reaping and shocking grain and making himself generally useful as a hand. . Thieves are said to be plenty in the vicinity roosts, graneries and spring houses have been robbed recently.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY .- The Shireleys burg Herald says: The barn of Wm. J. Goshorn, of Tell tp., was utterly consumed with all its contents on the morning of the 23d. Oet., by being set fire to by a desperade named Joseph Matthews. Matthews, who resides in Blacklog Valley approached the premises of Mr. Goshorn on the morning foresaid, making demands of Mr. Goshorn, which he refused to concede ; whereupon Matthews entered the barn, and deliberate ly set fire to the hay, all the while holding Mr. Goshorn at bay from extinguishing the flames, with rifle and pistols with which he was armed, until the fire had full sway. He then made for Shade Mountain across the fields of Mr. Goshorn, shooting and killing three of his horses to complete his fiendish deed. Matthews is still at large. One hundred dollars are offered for his arrest.

JEFFERSON COUNTY .-- On the night the 24th Oct., some villainous persons tried to enter Mr. Isaac Leobman's Store, in Brookville, by boring off the lock, but owing to the appearance of Mr. Kaufman upon the scene, they gave up the undertaking and made themselves scarce suddenly. This is the third or fourth time, lately, that efforts have been made to enter dwellings and places of business in that town. . . . S. H. Lucas, for many years a highly respected citizen of this county, was drowned in the Allegheny river, at Franklin, Venango Co., on Saturday. Oct. 27th, by falling from a steamboat. . . . A gentleman and lady, with a rather suspicious appearance, were arrested at the American House, Brookville, on the 31st Oct., charged with having in their possession two horses and a carriage that e advertised as stolen. They are being held over for a further hearing as soon as the owner can be heard from.

LUZERNE COUNTY. -- On Sunday morning, Oct. 21st. the dead body of a German stone cutter named August Deinich, a resident of Hyde Park, a married man,45 years of age, of good habits and character, was found lying dead under a tree by the roadside, near the old Presbyterian church in Hyde Park. A part of his necktie was hauging from a bough of the tree under which he lay, and the oth-er part was about his neck-it having been broken or torn in two. Coroner Wagner summoned a jury, and an inquest was held, but not concluded—some of the jurymen thinking it a case of suicide, and others suspecting foul play. Dr. A. Davis was called in as a surgical expert. He found no marks of violence on the body except a slight discoloration of the throat, and considers it an undoubted case of suicide. . . . About noon, on Thursday, Oct. 24th, as Mr. B. F. Gould was coming in from Hickory Run, in a two-horse wagon, he was stopped on the turnpike, about a mile this side of the Seven Mile House, a revolver pointed at his

breast, and his money demanded. Mr. Gould had a pistol in his vest pecket, but buttoned up under his coat and overcoat. The robber was of medium height, dressed on his nose, and a handkerchief tied over "Marshall Carmichael testified to the his nose and mouth to disguise him. Mr.

Grocerles, Provisions.

And every thing usually kept in a country she which he offers to sell at prices a toni hing to a Persons withing to buy would do well to g

iim a call before purchasing cl-ewhere. Osceola, Nov. 7, 1866-3m. G S. PERRY

ALIAS CITATIO TO THE HEIRS AND PERSONS INTERESTING IN THE

REAL ESTATE OF JOHN SCOTT. LATE OF CLEARFIELD COUNTY, PA. DET 14-

The Commonwers the of Pennsylvania

Clearfield county, is To Nancy Young and Greenwood You ; he usband, and George W. Scott; and to Cutte Bell and John D. Miller, and all others claiming itle or possession to purparts No. 1 and 2 take by said Nancy Young and t corge W. Scott ALSO, to Sorah E. Looker and J. K. M. Lo her husband, and to Benjamin Hartshorn and h Lane, and all others claiming title ion to purpart No. 4. taken by said Sarah L Looker. formerly Sarah E. Scott. ALSO, to John M. Scott and to David Mitchel

and Hezekiah Patterson and Joseph Patterson and all others claiming title or possession to purput No. 5, taken by John M. Scott, GUERTING

WHEREAS, at an Orphan's Court held and its t Glearfield, on the 26th day of June, A. D. 18 before the Honorable Samuel Linn. Presti-Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, and his at ociates, Judges of said Orphan's Court.

The petition of Mary H. Scott was press setting forth : That John Scott, Is te of said es ty, died about the 9th day of July, A. testate, leaving by his will certain real estate said county to his two sons. Nathaniel and Georg cott, share and share alike, and that the sh of George Scott, by the death of said Geo Sce became vested in his six children, viz: Nate, wife of Greenwood Young; Geo. W. Scott; Joh M. Scott; Sarah E, now wife of J. K. M. Lookt; Wm. J. Scott, and said Mary H. Scott: That a partition of said real estate, under authority the said Orphan's Court, the said Wm J. Son and Mary H. Scott received nothing, and that in the purparts were taken by the other heirs. The said court did on the 22d day of September [53] order and decree, that the respective parties # cure the amount due for owelty of partition. If mortgage on the premises taken: And, that said heirs not having paid. or secured said owelt a aforesaid, said petitioner prayed the court a grant a citation &c., which was duly granted.by

order of the court. as follows ; "On motion of J. B McEnally, Attorney of Ma " ry H Scott, now June 26th, A. D. 1866, citation awarded, directed to the parties from whom so owelty is due, viz: Nancy Young and Gree-wood Young her husband. Geo. W Scott S-rah E. Looker and J. K. M. Looker, her huband, John M. Scott, and to the tenants or occa pants of the purparts under their title, sup pear bafore the court at Clearfield, on the first day of September Term, A D 1866, that is the 4th Monday of September. A. D. 1866, and pay the amount due from their respective purparts as owelty of partition, or show came why the said respective purparts abould not besold. By

Return being made to the aforesaid citation the court granted an order for an aliascitation a

"Now, Sept. 26th, 1866. an alias citation sward "ed, returnable to the 3d day of December & D. 1866, at the adjourned special court at Clear field to be an adjourned special court at Clear field, to be served by publication in two nest papers, published in Clearfield, for four west previous to the said court. "By the Court"

Now, you the persons hereinhefore named referred to. all and each of you are hereby con manded to be and appear before the said Judge at an Orphan's Court to be held at Clearfield in the said appear before the said you way that the said appear before the said appear be the said county of Clearfield, on the 3d day December, (being the 1st Monday of December 1866, and pay the amounts due from your respec-ive purparts as owelty of partition, or show case why the said respective purparts should as a sold I. G. BARGES.

October 31, 1866.-4t.

CANNED FRUIT, for sale by Aug. 23. MERRELL & SIGLES