# THE RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL.

# Raftsman's Journal.

S. J. BOW. EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR CLEARFIELD, PA., OCTOBER 31, 1866

# The Trouble in Maryland.

removal of the Baltimore police Commissioners, is not vet finally determined. As there are some facts that may not be generally known, which are necessary to a correct understanding of the matter, we will endeavor to state them as succinctly as possible

Under the amended State Constitution of Maryland, "no person who has at any time "been in armed hostility to the United "States," or "has in any manner adhered "to the enemies of the United States," or has declared "his desire for the triumph of

"said enemies over the arms of the United "States, shall ever be entitled to vote at any "election to be held in this State, etc. Afterwards a Registry law was passed for the purpose of carrying into effect this provision of the Constitution, and it was contemplated that the names of all persons disfranchised under it, should be excluded from the that whilst ordinary mortals, possessing less registry. Last spring, prior to the holding of the municipal election in Baltimore, a re- | than William, may have some difficulty in gistry was made, and as far as they were known, the names of rebels were omitted. happy faces of the victorious Republicans, and as the Judges and Clerks of elections in the city are appointed by the police Commissioners, who are Union men, it can readily be imagined that few of that class were permitted to vote. Recently it was claimed that a new registry should be made for the Fall election, the object being to register the excluded classes, but, the question | fluential and intelligent classes against their having been submitted to the Attorney Gen- miscellaneous aggregation of Copperheads, eral of the State, that official decided that Rebel sympathizers, deserters, and renegades another registry is not required. In the from "the ranks of the enemy." He says meantime Gov. Swan, who was elected by the Republicans had, the "influence of althe Union party, abandoned his friends, and application was, therefore, made to him for " bank ;" "they had - at their command a the removal of the Police Commissioners, " large preponderance of the public press of on a charge of misconduct, the law creating "the State ;" [which, by the by, is not the Board providing, that "for official mis- speaking well of the reading propensities of conduct any of said Commissioners may be removed by a concurrent vote of the two Houses of the General Assembly, (which in like manner elects them,) or by the Governor during the recess thereof." The Commissioners deny the jurisdiction of the Governor, and say they are ready to be tried by a competent tribunal. The Governor, on the other hand, claims that he has jurisdiction, and had determined to proceed in the case at an early day. If the present Commissioners could be reremoved, and others appointed who would select Judges and Clerks of elections that would permit all the returned Rebels to vote on the 6th of November, it is thought by the Democrats that they could defeat the correctness of his telegrams and proclama-Union nominees for the Assembly, prevent | tions, will derive great consolation from this the ratification of the Amendment to the Federal Constitution, and elect a Johnsonite to the United States Senate in place of anathemas, no doubt their curses will now Hon. J. J. Cresswell; and as Gov. Swan cease, and they will be content to have lost himself is an aspirant for the place, he has joined heartily with the Rebel sympathizers in their movement against the Commissioners. The charges against the latter are trivial, not sufficient to justify such a course, but as Gov. Swan is an obstinate and unscrupulous man, he will probably after hearing the testimony, order the removal. On Friday last, the examination of witnesses was commenced, and it is thought a directing his friends to vote deserters and decision will be reached to-day. If, as is apprehended, a removal will then be ordered, And now that the election is over and the it does not necessarily follow that any serious consequences will ensue. The Commissioners will likely refuse to deliver up the books and papers, when, if the Governor pursues the same course that was taken in a similar case in New York, he will serve a mandamus upon them, and thus bring the matter before the proper Court, where the Commissioners have expressed their willingness to posterity side by side with that of the to answer the charges preferred against Tories of the Revolation. As long as the them. If, on the other hand, Gov. Swan is determined to bring about a collision that more than a name, so long will Copperhead may involve, not only Baltimore, but the whole State of Maryland, and perhaps the General Government, in a conflict of arms, and will in vain seek to obliterate. And he can do so by attempting with the milita- nothing will have a stronger tendency to ry power to enforce his decree.

# Wallace Comforteth his Friends. It is usual, after a general election, for the

successful party, through its State Committee, to congratulate the victors upon the reonly this, but the public are, in addition, Wallace, chairman of the so-called "Democratic State Committee," felicitating the faithful upon their defeat, or what is about the same thing, upon the advantages they gained in the political contest that has just reduced the majority of your opponents," says Wallace, "and have demonstrated the strength of your organization." What special manner they have "demonstrated their strength," may be all plain enough to The trouble arising out of the proposed a good calculator like W. A. W., but we are forced to confess that we "can't see it." Nor is this all. Warming up with his sub-

ject, William enthusiastically exclaims that buoyancy and hope everywhere pervade your ranks, whilst chagrin and dismay mark the visages of your opponents," and he further confidently avers that "in the "light of this exhibition of your stern devotion to the doctrines of the Constitution," et cetera, et cetera, the Republicans "read their coming defeat." Now, if we didn't know that William was a serious individual and not at all inclined to levity, we would be disposed to think that he was 'poking fun' at his discomfited partizans for the sorry figure they cut on the second Tuesday of October. However as W. A. W. don't joke, we must take it for granted that he is not "laughing at their calamities," but in sober earnest means what he says, and penetrative visual organs and prophetic mind discerning the "chagrin and dismay" in the and the "coming defeat" he holds in such blissful anticipation, yet these are phenomena qui'e "as clear as mud" to a brilliant intellect like his. Wallace seems to regard it also as a matter of no little moment that his party had to combat great odds, by the 'concentration'' of all the enterprizing, inmost every manufacturer. corporation and he Democracy ;] "speakers without number;" "memories of the war still fresh enough to be the means of exciting hatred;" [a fact that tells plainly where he and his friends stood whilst the Rebellion was in progress;]. "and all the advantages that the possession of municipal and State power could bring," though he boasted in former address that "power" was no longer against, but with his party, and that opportunities for fraud did not exist." And yet, unaided and self-dependent,' quoth Wallace, "you have combatted this powerful combination, and almost carried the State!" Probably his poor dupes, who bet large sums in full reliance upon the important announcement. The whole Commonwealth having been resonant with their their money in view of having "almost carried the State," the majority against them being only a trifle over seventeen thousand ! But seriously : What a record William A. Wallace has made for himself by his proclamations before and after the election ! Having in the Senate opposed the right of the soldier to vote while serving in the field, it was fitting that he should issue a circular skulkers in violation of the laws of the land. loyal masses triumphant in despite of illegalities, frauds and prostituted Government patronage, it is more than ever appropriate that he should attribute the defeat of his friends to the recent "memories of the war." Truly, his course and that of his party during the Rebellion have not been forgotten. It is a record of infamy that will go down "Boys in Blue" survive, and Patriotism is leaders and politicians sink beneath those 'memories of the war," which they have undeceive the honest voters who have been misled into the support of Copperhead can-

# The United States and Mexico.

Below will be found an order from General Sheridan, commanding the Department of the Gulf in which more decided ground sult of their efforts. This Fall we have not is taken in favor of the Liberal or Jaurez party than any similar official document had treated to the novelty of an address, under done before, and is regarded as an indicadate of October 17th, issued by William A. tion of the policy our own Government has fractional currency, and sentenced to pay a resolved on pursuing in reference to Mexiican affairs. Simultaneously with the apbrings the announcement that the Emperor Maximilian will probably return to Europe been closed in Pennsylvania. "You have in the frigate that was recently despatched for Mexico in November to bring home particular majority he refers to, and in what the entire French force now in that country :

H'D. Q'RS. DEP'T OF THE GULF.

N. O., La., Oct. 23, 1866. ) General : I am satisfied that there is only one way in which the state of affairs on the Rio Grande can be bettered, and that is giving the heartiest support to the only government in Mexico recognized by our own-the only one which is really friendly to us. You will, therefore, warn adherents of any party or pretended Government in Mexico, or the State of Tamaulipas, that they will not be permitted to violate the neutrality laws between the Liberal Government of Mexico and the United States: and also that they will not be permitted to remain in our territory and receive the protection of our flag in order to complete their machinations for the violation of our neutrality laws. These instructions will be enforced against the adherents of the Imperial buccaneer representing the so-called Imperial Government of Mexico, and also against the Ortega, Santa Anna and other factions. President Jaurez is the acknowledged head of the Liberal Government of Mexico. am, very respectfully, Your obedient servant. P. H. SHERIDAN, Maj. Gen. Com. To Brevet Brigadier General J. L. Sedgwick, Commanding Sub-District of the Rio Grande, Brownsville, Texas.

# The Canvass in Delaware.

The political canvass in the little State of Delaware is one of unusual interest, and the Union men are making a noble fight. They seem to feel that if they win, a new career will be opened to the State, which, strange to say, retains upon its statutebooks provisions and inequalities of which modern South Carolina would be ashamed. Complete victory on the 6th of November would give them the Governor, the Representative in Congress, and the Legislature. The Legislature, in their hands, would repeal the wretched laws that disgrace the State and even the Copperheads that live by them, give them one, and eventually two Republican Senators. These are stakes well worth fighting for, and we are not surprised that they have called forth all the

# Pennsylvania Items.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY .- During the past week the United States District Court was in session at Pittsburg. Martin L. Stewart. of Brushvalley, Indiana county, where he carried on a lucrative business at tanning and merchandizing, was convicted of pass ing and having in his possession counterfeit fine of \$1,000 and to five years' imprisonment in the penitentiary. Thomas Spencer and William Perkins, charged with manupearance of this important order, the Cable facturing counterfeit currency at Oakland. were also tried and convicted. Spencer was sentenced to pay a fine of \$5,000 and be imprisoned fifteen years in the penitentiary, and Perkins to pay a fine of \$3,000 from Trieste by the Austrian Emperor, and and ten years' imprisonment. . . . On the that twenty war steamers will leave France night of the 23d October, a white man named Henry Heddrick was shot on Fifth street, Pittsburg, by a colored man named Thomas Smith, and on the 26th died from the effects of the wound. It seems that Smith and another negro were quarreling in front of the theatre, when Heddrick, who was the cornet player of the orchestra, came out, and put his hands between them, telling them not to fight. Just then Smith fired at the other negro, and unfortunately one of the balls struck Mr. Heddrick with the fatal effect stated. Smith is in prison. . . There are eighty-six males and nineteen

females in the county jail awaiting trial, and twenty-two prisoners serving out sentences.

WESTMOBELAND COUNTY .-- On Saturday. October 20th, George W. Stratton of Liv ermore, was committed to jail by Justice R. Freeland, of the same place, charged on oath of John W. Wilkinson, of Brantford, Canada West, with burglariously entering his store room, breaking open his iron safe and taking and carrying away therefrom watches, jewelry and money to the value of \$4,000. The jail contains five inmates. . . . On Monday, October 22nd, Alex. Allison, of Ludwick, was arrested and brought before Justice Laird, on oath of Joseph Klingensmith, of Hempfield township, for stealing corn from a field on Mr. K's farm. He gave bail for a hearing. . . . Mr. Jacob Burbright, of Franklin township, fell from an apple tree some weeks since. In the fall he struck a stump, partially displacing the cervical vertebra, and seriously injuring his head and face.

CENTRE COUNTY .- A panther measuring even feet three inches from tip of nose to point of tail, was killed on the 22nd Oct., n the ridges back of Curtin's works. . . . The Radical post masters at Milesburg and Unionville have had their official heads cut off. . . . A large number of buildings have been erected in Philipsburg, during the past summer, and yet there is demand for more. The immense increase of business shows what a Railroad will do for a place. tor it is not over half a dozen years ago that Philipsburg was regarded as "a finished town.

FAYETTE COUNTY .- A lamentable affair occurred in Luzerne township, a few days since. A holy, with her babe eight months old, an only child, was visiting Capt. Woodward, a relative, where both the mother and child became unwell, and a physician was sent for, who left some powders for the active and gifted Unionists of the little mother for neuralgia and other powders for

# The Senatorial Trio from Vermont. For the first time in the history of our

country, a Legislature of a State has been called upon to elect three United States Senators on the same day. Last winter the Green Mountain State lost both her faithiul members of the upper House. The Hon. Solomon Foot, President of the Senate, died suddenly at the capital, and within a month his colleague, Hon. Jacob Collamer, followed in his footsteps. As the term of Mr. Collamer would have expired on the 4th of March, 1867, it devolved on the Legslature to elect his successor to fill the vacancy occasioned by his death, and also that caused by Mr. Foot's decease. This duty was performed on the 23d. Hon. L. P. Poland was chosen to act during the ensuing session. Mr. Poland was appointed by the Governor to fill the vacancy, and did his duty faithfully during the stormy sessions of last winter. He is hardly as radical as many would desire, yet it is well to have the zeal of many tempered by wisdom and discretion. Hon. George T. Edmunds was elected to serve until March, 1869. He is the present incumbent, and has also demonstrated his fitness for the position. He was also the selection made by Governor Dillingham. But the best choice made, and the one most calculated to cause satisfaction over the entire North, is that of Hon. J. S. Morrill for the full term from March, Mr. Morrill has been for many years 1867. in the House, having been, we believe, reelected five times. He has been a member of the Committee on Ways and Means since his entrance on public life, and at the commencement of the last session, on the retirement of Hon. Thaddeus Stevens from that Committee, became its chairman. As an occupant of that important position, he proved himself an able statistician, an efficient financier, and a most valuable public

# NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ESTRAY .- Came to the premises of the L'subscriber in Goshen township, about the 13th of October, 1866. one yearling ball : a brindly, with star in his face. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, par charges, and take him away, otherwise he will he disposed of according to law. Cot 31st, 1866.-3t. MATTHEW TATE

WANTED, AGENTS! WANTED A great chance for agents In every county of our glorious Union, to sell our

maps, charts, and photograph. Good agents are making \$200 a month. New charts issued month ly. Everybody will find this a respectable and profitable business, as we offer large inducement. Send for circular and particulars. Address HAASIS & LUBRECHI Oct. 31 '66 .- 2t. 108 Liberty St New York

# VALUABLE TIMBER, COAL AND

FARM LAND.

# PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE OF JACOB GEARHART OF DECATUR TP , DEC'D, ON TRUESDAY, NOVEMBER 22D, 1866

In pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court of Clearfield county, the undersigned, adminis-trator of the estate of Jacob Gearbart, late of De catur tp., dec'd., will offer for sale at Kepler's Ho tel, in the borough of Philipsburg.Centre county Pa., the following described Real Estate, late th estate of said dec'd, viz :

No. 1. A tract of land situate in Decatur ( wh ounty aforesaid, beginning at a post, corner David Spotts, in the line of Jacob Gearhart sur Vey, thence by lands of Jacob Gearhart sur-vey, thence by lands of Jacob Gearh rt, and Hardman Philips south 22 deg west 219 pc. to a maple on the north side of the turnpike, thenes following the course of the turnpike west -per to a post, thence by land formerly of Hardman Philips, north 22 deg. east 225 per. to a post in David Spotts' line, thence by land of David Spots south 68 deg. east 73 per. and 2 links to place of beginning, and containing one hundred and nin acres, more or less, about 22 acres cleared, with bearing orchard thereon, the balance of the land being well timbered with pine. oak and bemloch The Beaver Run passes through this tract, suffi cient in size to float saw logs

No. 2. Is a tract of land situate in Decrtur ty foresaid, beginning at a stone heap, on the sout side of the "Old State Road," thence along said road, south 37 deg. east 341 per. to a post, thence by land of Abraham Kyler, south 40 deg. east 195 per. to a post, thence by land formerly of Hard-man Philips and others, south 58 deg. west 199 per. to an Aspen. thence by land formerly of Hardman Philips north 55 deg. west 106 per to a hemlock, in the line of James Thompson and David Spotts north 25 deg. east 239 per. to stone heap or place of beginning ; containing in all two hundred acres with an allowance of six per cent. for roads. Ac., deducting however out of the above described tract 33 acres and 19 perches con veyed to W. A Wallace from said Jacob Gearbar dec'd, and wife, by deed dated Oct. 23d. 1865, re dee'd, and wife, by deed dated Oct. 23d, 1865, re-corded in Cleaffield county, in deed book X page 353. The above described premises having there on creeted a two story plank dwelling well fnish-ed, with a well of water convenient, a one and a half story log dwelling, spring house convenient, and a bank barn 30 feet by 46 feet. Also two good bearing orchards, with eider mill and press. About 130 acres of this land is cleared and under good cultivation, the balance is well timbered good cultivation. the balance is well timbered with pine and hemlock. The buildings are about one half mile from the Erie turnpike on the road leading from said turnpike to Kylertown and about two msles from Philipsburg, now the terminus of the Tyrone & Clea, field R B. School House within 1 miles, and grist mill within one mile

No. 3. Is a tract of land situate in Morris ty Clearfield county aforesaid. beg.nning at a stens heap in the corner of the Jacob Gearbart survey

New Advertisements. To insure attention, the CASH must accompany notices, as follows - All Cautions and Strays, with \$1,50; Auditors' Administrators' and Ex. ecutors' notices, \$2,50, each : Dissolutions, \$2;

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all other transient Notices at the same ra'es

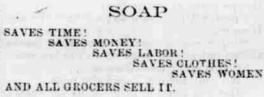
Other advertisemen's at \$1,50 persquare, for 3 or

less insertions. Ten lines (or less) count a square

ELECTRIC

servant.

D



AND ALL GROCERS SELL IT. It is used by cutting into small shavings and dissolving in hot water, then seak the clothes five

to ten minutes, and a little hand rubbing will make them as clean as hours of h ard machine rubbing would do with ordinary soap, and the most delicate fabric receive no injury. We can refer to thousands of families who are using it. and who could not be persuaded to do without

Jack Rogers, of New Jersey, has at last proved too strong a dose even for the better members of his own party. It is claimed that he secured his nomination this fall through a packed Convention, and a rew Convention has just been held by those Democrats of his district who do not like that way of doing things, at which Hon. John Huyler, a former member of Congress, was nominated. This renders Jack's defeat certain, and a good riddance will it be too, for he is one of the least worthy men them from Julesburg, who killed and woundthat ever found his way into the House of ed a number of them, and captured all their Representatives,

fallen "two boos per picul," if anybody ter, and they will have to pay dearly for knows what that means,

Colorado are again on the war-path. A dispatch from Julesburg, dated Oct. 24th, states that they drove many herd of stock. killed several of the night-herders, and wounded a number of others. Two companies of cavalry were at once sent against poneys, wigwams, and arms. Further troubles are expected. The feeling in the News from Japan informs us that rice has Territories against the Indians is very bitevery outrage committed by them.

lace's fuberal address.

Commonwealth. Among the active canvassers we see the name of our townsman H. Bucher Swoope, Esq., whose efforts are referred to in the most flattering terms by the Wilmington Commercial and other Union papers of the State, and it is a still higher compliment to see that he is announced to address a number of meetings between now and the election on next Tuesday.

# The Fenian Trials.

The trial of the Fenian invasionists of Canada was commenced on the 25th of Oct. at Toronto, Canada West. Colonel Lynch and Rev. John M'Mahon were the first tried. Both were convicted and sentenced to be hanged on the 13th of December. The defence of M'Mahon is that he was on his way to Montreal on private business when, owing to his character as a Catholic priest, he was impressed into the service of the wounded and dying. If this is the case, his sentence, if carried into effect, will appear like impolitic and wanton severity. On the receipt of the news of Col. Lynch's conviction in New York city, much excitement prevailed among the Fenians and meetings were held with a view of soliciting the interposition of our Government to prevent his execution. The trials are still progress-

REPUBLICAN VICTORY IN WEST VIRGIN-A.-The election in West Virginia has been again carried unmistakably for the Union, as maintained by a loyal Congress. The majority is considerably in excess of that on the vote to amend the State Constitution last May. The Hon. Arther J. Boreman is from the door and windows, wounding many again chosen Governor, and Chester D. of the assailants. In the meantime some Hubbard, the Congressman who refused his increase of salary, is re-elected to Congress from the 1st District, while there is every probability that Messrs. B. H. Kitchen and the pavement. A rush was then made upon Daniel Polsey have been chosen in the others. We have thus ended the eighth political lesson since the 1st of September, and there are many more to come which a ten, and then stabbed, it is thought fatally. wise ruler should heed.

THE CATHOLICS AND THE BLACK RACE. -At the recent Plenary Council at Baltimore, one of the principal subjects for discussion clearly established by good testimony that didates, than the truthful admissions that have accidentally been thrown to the sur-face by the "spasmodic" heavings of Wal-here was a new wile fold for missions that here was a new wile fold for missions that here was a very wide field for missionary effort, and that the church would be justified FIGHT WITH INDIANS .- The Indians in in a liberal expenditure of men and money in gathering the scattering sheep into the in gathering the scattering sheep into the Catholic fold. It was also agreed that there should be entire liberty of political opinion should be entire liberty of political opinion among clorical and lay members of the church, a permission which will greatly inure to the cause of freedom.

> The banner township of the Union is Washington, Hamilton county, Indiana, ced in Paris. It consists of a twine string At the late election the vote stood : Union, with a diamond set on the top. It is adapt-715; Democrat, 0.

the babe. Unfortunately the medicine intended for the mother was administered by her to the babe, which caused its death in a few hours.

# Riot at Hagerstown, Maryland.

On the 19th of October, the Uncondi tional Union men of Maryland held a meeting at Hagerstown, which is represented as the largest political assemblage that has ever been held in that place. The procession was over five miles long, and the best of feeling prevailed, uptil some time in the afternoon, when an altercation occurred at Stanhope's hotel between Chas. Gall and Robert Sands, "special" policemen, and : few Union men. Mayor Biersling himself was present with a revolver in his pocket. The Mayor is a Rebel sympathizer and was elected by unregistered, or Rebel voters, and the "special" police he appointed on his own responsibility, and, as the Union Board of Councilmen refused to make any appropriation for their payment, the funds to defray the expense were advanced by wealthy Rebel citizens, trusting that they may be reimbursed hereafter. Threats and challenges to fight were made, and finally, after the parties had got into the street, Gall and Sands drew their revolvers and fired, apparently at random, into the crowd. A bystander, Joseph Benner, who is janitor of the Court House, was shot through the fiver The special policemen and their friends fell back, firing as they retreated, and finally took refuge in a house of ill-repute on the corner of Jonathan and Church streets kept by a notorious blackleg named James Kuhn. who formerly belonged to the special police himself. This house has for a long time been the headquarters of all the desperadoes of the place, and a favorite haunt of the special police; and in it a number of muskets and carbines had been collected and were kept ready loaded for any emergency. The police at once opened a destructive fire of the "Boys in Blue" had procured firearms, and as Charles Gall was firing from a second-story window, he was struck in the head by a rifle ball and fell head long upon the house, and, to use a slang phraze, was completely "gutted." The inmates made their escape, with the exception of Robert Sands, who was dragged forth, cruelly bea-Not a window or door was left in the house and the furniture, stock of liquors, and gambling implements were thrown into the streets. This ended the riot. A correspondent of the Baltimore American says "it is

Just after President Johnson became President, and it was thought that General Butler would be assigned to command at lamation to the people to bury their silver, etc. The said member has just turned out a defaulter to the sum of \$50,000.

A new style of bonnet has been introdued more for summer than winter use.

DOBBINS ELECTRIC SOAP. Sold by all leading Grocers throughout the State. Manufactured only by DOBBINS & LOVE. Wholesale Office : 107 SOUTH FIFTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA, October 31, 1866-Stp

### LIAS CITATION. TO THE HEIRS AND PEESONS INTERESTED IN THE REAL ESTATE OF JOHN SCOTT, LATE OF CLEARFIELD COUNTY, PA., DECEASED.

## The Commonwea th of Pennsylvania. Clearfield county. ss

To Nancy Young and Greenwood Young, her husband, and George W. Scott ; and to Cortes Bell and John D. Miller. and all others claiming title or possession to purparts No. 1 and 2, taken by said Nancy Young and t corge W Scott. ALSO, to Sarah E. Looker and J. K. M. Looker.

her husband, and to Benjamin Hartshorn and A. T Lane, and all others claiming title, or possession to parpart No. 4. taken by said Sarah E. Looker, formerly Sarah E. Scott

ALSO, to John M. Scott and to David Mitchell. and Hezekiah Patterson and Joseph Patterson and all others claiming title or possession to purpart No. 5. taken by John M. Scott, GREETING :

WHEREAS, at an Orphan's Court held and kept at Clearfield, on the 26th day of June, A. D. 1866, before the Honorable Samuel Lian, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, and his Associates, Judges of said Orphan's Court.

The petition of Mary II. Scott was presented setting forth : That John Scott, late of said county, died about the 9th day of July, A. D. 1851, testate, leaving by his will certain real estate in said county to his two sons. Nathaniel and George Scott, share and share alike, and that the share of George Scott, by the death of said Goo. Scott, became vested in his six children, viz: Nancy, wife of Greenwood Young; Geo. W. Scott; John M. Scott; Sarah E., now wife of J. K. M. Looker; Wm. J. Scott, and said Mary H. Scott: That on partition of said real estate under authority of partition of said real estate, under authority of the said Orphan's Court, the said Wm. J. Scott and Mary H. Scott received nothing, and that all the purparts were taken by the other heirs . That said court did on the 22d day of September 1853. order and decree, that the respective parties secure the amount due for owelty of partition. by mortgage on the premises taken: And, that said heirs not having paid, or secured caid owelty as aforesaid, said petitioner prayed the court to grant a citation, &c., which was duly granted, by order of the court, as follows

"On motion of J. B McEnally, Attorney of Mary H Scott, now June 26th, A. D. 1866. citation awarded, directed to the parties from whom said owelty is due, viz: Nancy Young and Green-wood Young her husband, Geo. W. Scott. Sa-rah E. Looker and J. K. M. Looker, her husband, John M. Scott, and to the tenants or occupants of the purparts under their title, to ap-pear before the court at Clearfield, on the first day of September Term, A. D. 1865, the first 4th Monday of September, A. D. 1886, and pay the amount due from their respective purparts as owelty of partition, or show cause why the "said respective purparts should not be sold. By "the Court."

# Return being made to the aforesaid citation. the court granted an order for an alias citation as

follows; "Now, Sept. 26th, 1866. an alias citation award-"ed, returnable to the 3d day of December, A. D. 1866, at the adjourned special court at Clear-"field, to be served by publication in two news-"papers, published in Clearfield, for four weeks "papers, published in Clearfield, for four weeks previous to the said court. "By the Court."

Now, you the persons hereinbefore named, or referred to, all and each of you are hereby com-manded to be and appear before the said Judges at an Orphan's Court to be held at Clearfield, for the said county of Clearfield. on the 3d day of December, (being the 1st Monday of December.) 1866, and pay the amounts due from your respective purparts as owelty of partition. or show cause why the said respective purparts should not be I. G. BARGER, Clerk sold October 31, 1866.-4t.

and adjoining the lands of the late Adam Gray and George Shimmel, thence by lands of said Gray north 521 deg, west 36 per, to a post, thence by lands of George Shimmel north 951 deg, west 271 per to a hemlock, thence by lands formerly of Geo. Shimmel and Hardman Philips, south 26 deg west 111 per. to an old dead pine, thence by lands formerly of Hardman Philips and James Thompson, (now Jacob Gearhart.) south 63; deg east SI per, to a large stone on the line of Jacob Gearbart's survey thence by lands of Jacob Gear hart north 26; deg. east 103 per. to place of be ginning. One other piece adjoining the above described piece or tract. beginning at stones at the road on line of George Shimmel dec'd, thence along said road south 471 deg. east 30 2 per to a post, thence south 25 deg. west 28 per. to a post thence south 471 deg. east 6.2 per to a post thence north 25 deg west 2.8 per, to a post thence south 47j deg east 6.2 per to a post thence north 25 deg. west 2.8 per. to a post, then de south 47 though south his deg. east 23 4 per. to a stone in the road, then south 25 deg. west 37 1 per. by land of Abraham Kyler to stones, thence north 40 deg. west by lands of Jacob Gearhart 58.9 per. to stones these north 521 deg. west along said last described tract. 56 per. to a post. thence by land o. Shim mel north 25 deg east 27.9 per to place of he ginning, the two last described tracts containing 73 acres and 100 perches. The said land has thereon erected one two-story log house and sta ble, with a good spring of water near the house Also a good bearing orehard thereon All the above described land is supposed to be underlaid with bituminous coal, and within about 21 or 5 miles from the Tyroue & Clearfield R R at Phil ipsburg, Centre county. Pa.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock . P. M. on Thur day, the 22d day of November, 1866.

TERMS OF SALE .- One third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale one third in one year, and one third at the death of Mary Gearbart, the widew of said deceased, the latter two payments with their interest payable annually to be secured by bond and mortgage of the premises. CHARLES SLOAN Oct. 31, 1866.-4t. Administrato

TEACHERS WANTED .- The board L Directors of Jordan township wish to employ two teachers for the winter session. Male teach ers preferred, to whom liberal wages will be paid according to grade of certificate. For further in-formation apply in person, or by letter, to Hen-ry Swan, President, or J. R. Johnson, Secretary-at Ansonville, Clearfield county, Pa. Oct. 24th 1825 Oct 24th, 1866.-3tp.

DR. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS, A SUBSTITUTE FOR CAL OMEL

These Pills are composed of various roots hav ing the power to relax the secretions of the liver as promptly and effectually as blue pill or mercu-ry, and without pro using any of those disagree-able or dangerous effects which often follow the use of the latter.

In all billious disorders these Pills may be used with confidence, as they promote the discharge of vitiated bile, and remove those obstructions from the liver and billiary ducts, which are the cause of billiary ducts.

of billious affectations in general. Schenck's Mandrake Pills oure Sick Headache. and all disorders of the liver, indicated by sallow complexion, costed tongue. costiveness, drown ness, and a general feeling of weariness and las-situde, showing that the liver is in a torpid or ob-structed condition.

In short, these pills may be used with advan-tage in all cases when a purgative or alterative medicine is required. Please ask for "Dr. Schenck's Mandrake Pills," and observe that the two likenesses of the Doctor are on the Government stamp—one in the last stage of consumption, and the other in his pres ent health Price, 25

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FOR SALE-st cost-4 good cook stores, to close out the stock, at the cheap cash stars of B. MOSSOP, Clearfield Pa.