



S. J. ROW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA., NOV. 29, 1865.

A New Railroad.

We learn that the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Company, (principally European capitalists, and of whom Sir Morton Peto, now in this country, is chief,) has leased the Catawissa and other railroads, and purchased the charters for others, which together will enable the company to construct a continuous line of Railroad from the city of New York to Cincinnati, Ohio.

The greater portion of this road is already constructed, at both ends—leading but that portion between Milton in Northumberland county, and Franklin in Venango county, to be made. The contemplated route between these two points is through White Deer Valley in Union county; Sugar and Nittany Valleys in Clinton county; up Fishing Creek, Mill Hall, Bald Eagle and Beech creek to Snow Shoe, in Centre county, and thence by Clearfield and Brookville to Franklin—making it much the shortest route between the great oil region in Pennsylvania and the Atlantic sea coast.

The distance, in a straight line, from Milton to Franklin is 158 miles, but by the contemplated survey 175 miles, as follows: from Milton to Clearfield 90 miles, from Clearfield to Brookville 40, and from Brookville to Franklin 45. By the Philadelphia and Erie road the distance to the oil region is 239 miles, and to Erie city 276. The Atlantic and Great Western road is therefore 64 miles shorter to the oil region, and about the same distance less to the State line.

There are in use what are called broad gauge, and narrow gauge roads. The Pennsylvania roads generally are narrow gauge, the rails being 4 feet 8 1/2 inches apart; while on other roads the rails are 6 feet apart, and are called broad gauge. This great central thoroughfare is to be furnished with three rails, making it both a narrow and broad gauge road.

The road can pass over it. When completed this line will extend from New York to Cincinnati, by a route 120 miles shorter than any other, where it connects with a broad gauge road (the Ohio and Mississippi) to St. Louis. That this road, eventually, be extended to the Pacific coast, there is little doubt, thus making one continuous and complete iron track across the entire continent. And there seems to be no doubt, that the portion of the road, lying between Milton and Franklin, will be built shortly, as the money to complete it is on hand. The necessary surveys are to be made immediately, and the road put under contract at an early day. When completed it will be a formidable rival of the Pennsylvania Central, and the Philadelphia and Erie Railroads, and will have a tendency to materially lessen the cost of travel, and to cause a reduction in the transportation of freight.

Clearfield, it will be observed, is mentioned in connection with the building of the Atlantic and Great Western Railway. Should this place be made a point in its location, our borough will certainly derive much benefit therefrom—its borders will be extended, its business increased, and the value of property enhanced. In view of these facts, our business men and capitalists should give this great railway enterprise all the encouragement they can, as it will be not only the means of building up our town, but will develop the resources of our entire county.

On Wednesday, Nov. 22d, the examination before the United States Assessor, at Meadville, of the proprietors of certain oil wells on Pithole creek was held. It was supposed that during certain months more oil was produced than was returned for taxation. After inquiry it was discovered that the agents of certain wells returned upon their reports only the value of their working interest, and not the entire products of the wells. At the investigation it was found that some of the agents, whether it was their intention to defraud or not, had claimed to have an understanding with the owners of the land and free interest, to the effect that the latter should take their share of the oil from the tanks, and pay their share. Heretofore the custom has been for the working interest to pay the full amount of the tax and then collect the respective portion from the land and free interest. The decision places the penalty upon the free interest, which is one-fourth the oil, but referred the matter for final decision to the Chief Commissioner at Washington.

We were mistaken the other day, says the Press, in asserting that Dr. Hays and Capt. W. W. Wilson were the only survivors of the expedition of Dr. Kane. A correspondent informs us that Mr. Amos Bonsall, who was one of the party, is still alive and resides in Delaware county, just outside of the limits of Philadelphia.

Currency—Resumption. The following article on the subject of our currency, and the resumption of specie payments, we copy from the New York Tribune, of November 23d:

We are amazed that any should believe—as several who write us seem to do—that our present watered Currency operates either as a Protection to Home Industry or as an impediment to excessive Importation. It has no more effect in that way than an act of Congress changing the denominations of our Specie Currency, so that every half-dollar should be called a dollar, every half-cent an eagle, would have. Can it be necessary to argue so plain a proposition?

Resumption would help our Home Industry in this way:—Men hate to invest money in Houses, or Mills, or Railroads, when they know that \$1,000 thus expended now will go no further than \$600 would by-and-by. They naturally choose to lend their money on stocks, or invest it in Government bonds, and thus wait till the Currency hardens and Prices fall, before putting it into structures that are certain to be cheapened by Resumption. Who can be ignorant of this?

But about Importations: we have now, and have long been, importing far too many goods, especially of costly and sumptuous Fabrics. The duties on Imports are high; the rates of Exchange heavily adverse; so that \$1,000 sent abroad for goods will not return £100 worth to the American consumer; yet what cares the man who has made \$50,000 in two or three speculative operations? What cares his fashion-following, dress-adhering wife? They jointly go ahead and pool-pool the expense; so that Wines at \$5 to \$10 per bottle are drunk as freely as when they cost \$2 and \$3.

Let us resume, and you will see Imports falling off, people grow suddenly economical, superb dresses made to do for ten or twelve parties instead of one or two, and a sudden pulling up all around. If we could resume on the 1st day of January next, we should import One Hundred Millions' worth less in 1866 than we should on a diluted Currency; and that would be just so much clear gain.

—But our Public Securities, now held abroad, will come back upon us.—Let them come! We heartily wish they had never gone—wish they were all back to-day. If those who now hold them send them here for sale, they can only sell them for what we are willing to pay for them. We profoundly wish they would send every bond to-morrow, sell it for coin and take the coin away. We should be stronger then, and better able to resume, than we now are.

—Why won't people see that debt is the main obstacle to Resumption? If we owed Europe nothing, we might resume to-morrow on a quarter of the specie we have in the country. Nobody is going to run the Banks for coin but those who need it in their business. We (for illustrations) receive and pay out nearly \$1,000,000 per annum in our business, yet we use no coin but a little change, and rarely need or draw even a trifle of specie from our bank. But if we were importing Silks or Woolens, Wines of France, we would want coin to the extent of half a million a year, and the Banks would have to supply it.

The notion that a debauched Currency stimulates Exportation is a sheer fallacy. For a few days (or hours) after the premium on Gold takes a long leap upward, Exportation may be stimulated; but the prices of exportable staples very soon adjust themselves to the new rates of Exchange, and then all is flat again.

But we cannot export heavily at present, for want of the raw material. We have't the staples in large quantities to spare. What we should do is to reduce our Imports to the lowest figure until we can grow a heavy crop next year. And this most needed reduction will be greatly aided by Resumption.

Rollers of the Nation's policy! in behalf of Half a Million widows and orphans of Union soldiers, whose paltry pensions of \$8 per month is bled to \$5 by a diluted Currency, we implore you to give us the earliest possible Resumption!

Taxes—Debt.

The Philadelphia Press, of Nov. 21st, contains the following remarks on the subject of our National taxes, and our National debt:—It is authoritatively avowed that "the Secretary of the Treasury will urge that the revenues of the Government be increased to the highest possible figure, and that the excess of receipts over expenditures be applied to the payment of the debt as fast as is practicable."

This is the truth if not the only economy. When we remember our agony in the dark hours of war, and recall our willingness to sacrifice anything to give victory to our arms and security to the Government; when we look over the record which contains the names of the thousands who contributed with princely generosity from their large fortunes to the common treasury, and dwell upon the long list of the heroes who volunteered in defence of the flag, how beneath contempt are not those mercenary feelings which animate too many fortunate men in these times when they are called upon to pay the sums assessed upon their incomes! We have heard of citizens who, during the war would have gladly sacrificed half their fortunes for a single victory, now moaning and complaining of what they conceive to be unjust taxation. Some of the most melancholy instances of human depravity have been the exposures of men who, in order to escape the payment of a few hundred dollars tax, have deliberately perjured themselves by mistaking their worldly possessions. A gentleman of large wealth said to us the other day, "I might myself in the act of doing a mean thing, when I saw how much money I had to pay, and how much more I would be called upon to pay to the collector of the internal revenue in my district. In the emotion produced by what looked like a large sum, I forgot that all my prosperity was due to the valor and the sacrifices of the brave men who had fought for the flag, to the constancy and perseverance of our Executive and his Ministers, to the undoubting faith of the American people." Secretary McCulloch may rely upon it, however, that the spirit which carried the country successfully through the dark hours of the rebellion, will give him ardent and unpausing support in the noble effort he is now making to reduce our burdens, and particularly to alleviate the sufferings of those who, notwithstanding their high wages, are still compelled to struggle for the maintenance of their families.

Congress meets on Monday next.

Early and Boyer.

Dr. EARLEY.—We see that the Republican papers take particular delight in classifying the member elect from the Clearfield district as an "Independent Democrat." If there is an "Independent" man this side of eternity Dr. EARLEY is one, but in classifying him politically our Republican friends may as well content themselves with simply setting him down as a Democrat. When they do that they will have told the whole story as regards his politics. There was no regular nomination in his district, because of the disagreement of the conference, and the contest at the election was confined to two Democratic candidates. The best of the two (and most excellent man) was elected.—Lock Haven Democrat, Nov. 2d.

Dr. BOYER.—By reference to the proceedings of the Representative Conference, which met at Luthersburg on Friday (Sept. 1st,) it will be observed that this gentleman has been re-nominated for the Assembly. This is the fifth time that Dr. Boyer has been nominated by the Democracy of this district. Of his election there can be no doubt.—Clearfield Republican, Sept. 6th.

As I have been charged with advocating the claims of Dr. Earley, for Assembly, and thus disorganizing the party, an explanation seems to be called for from me. There is no man in the district whom I respect more highly than Dr. Earley, but personal respect will not swerve me from the support of a regularly nominated candidate, [Dr. Boyer].—R. J. Wallace, Chm. Dem. Co. Com. Oct. 3rd.

What queer fellows these Copperheads are! The Democrat says there was no regular nomination in this district, whilst the Republican and Wallace regard Dr. Boyer as the regular nominee. The Democrat also indirectly avers that Dr. Early was not an "Independent candidate," whilst Wallace's language plainly indicates that he was. Now, either the Democrat willfully misrepresents the case, or the Cops in this county have been ignorant of the facts therein, and should hereafter call on their Lock Haven friend to enlighten them. But perhaps, the Democrat is only poking fun at its unfortunate Copperhead brethren in this district? If so, he is very ungenerous. To be beat by an "Independent candidate" is a sore humiliation, but, to be sneered at, and derided, on account of our misfortunes, by party friends, is an insult almost beyond endurance. Poor Cops! how bad they feel. We really pity them!

ONE HUNDRED GOLD DOLLARS.—This is the title of an exceedingly interesting story about to be published in that excellent family paper, the Sunday-School Times, of Philadelphia. The narrative is from the pen of an author whose name is a guarantee for the sterling worth of the lessons it teaches. The object is to show the proper uses as well as the abuses of money. It abounds in incidents drawn from the lives of eminent persons to show that wealth, in order to prove a blessing, must be properly applied. The story alone is well worth in any family circle the subscription price of the paper, which is only \$1.50 a year, in advance. The paper is published every week, and attractive premiums are given to those who get up clubs of new subscribers. We recommend our readers to send for sample copies and a list of the premiums, which will be furnished free, on application to the publishers, J. C. Carrigues & Co., 148 South Fourth street, Philadelphia.

On the 21st Nov. a bill, conferring entire civil rights upon the freedmen, passed the Mississippi Legislature. On the 18th the colored troops attacked a passenger train at Lauderdale Springs. Their officers were not able to control them. Governor Humphreys telegraphed to President Johnson that the Legislature had been memorialized for the removal of the troops, and are willing, if they are withdrawn, to extend the rights of testifying in courts to the freedmen. The President replied that the troops would be withdrawn when order can be restored without them, and that measures should be adopted which would give protection to all freedmen, in the possession of their property and other with held rights.

SINNING AND SORROWING.—We wish to call especial and particular attention to an admirable book for the young, just issued from the press of J. C. Carrigues & Co., publishers of the Sunday-School Times. The work is every highly commended by different journals, all over the country, as will be seen by reference to their advertisement in another column. We think it will prove a very acceptable present for the coming holidays.

Some time since the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad gave a deed of trust or mortgage to John Rear, a New York banker, for thirty millions of dollars. One thousand dollars in revenue stamps were placed on the deed, and the Department being telegraphed to know whether that amount was sufficient, the answer stated that before the deed would be valid, it would require thirty thousand dollars' worth of stamps.

Twelve hundred and fifty men of the Veteran Reserves have been mustered out by Major LaMotte, chief mustering officer, leaving about one hundred enlisted men of this organization in the department. The officers number about two hundred, and for the present remain in the service.

A session of the United States Circuit Court, with Chief Justice Chase or Judge Underwood presiding, has been ordered to commence at Norfolk, Va., and it is thought by some that its business will be the trial of Jeff. Davis.

Arrest of a Mail Depredator.

From the Cleveland papers of yesterday we learn that an important arrest has been made of a mail depredator in that city. It appears that, for some months past, large numbers of letters—particularly registered ones—on their way through the Cleveland office, failed to reach their destination, and it became evident that depredations to an alarming extent were being committed on the mails. The Post Office Department took the matter into hand and placed the case in charge of Special Agent Sloane, of Ohio, for investigation. The skill of that officer, and the efforts of Postmaster Benedict and others, were, however, exhausted in futile attempts to ferret out the guilty parties.

Recently the services of S. B. Row, Special Agent of the Postoffice Department for Pennsylvania, were called into requisition, and it is gratifying to know that his plans and combinations resulted in the most complete success. For prudential reasons, details will not be given. Suffice it to say, that on last Monday of this week Mr. Row prepared a number of letters for points beyond Cleveland, mailed them at Pittsburgh, and accompanied the mail to that city. On Tuesday these letters were found to be missing. Special Agents Sloane and Van Vechten having arrived at Cleveland, a consultation was held and a course of procedure determined upon. Accompanied by the U. S. Marshal, the Postmaster, his Assistant & Superintendent, these officers entered the Post-office and succeeded in finding in the possession of B. E. Taylor, one of the distribution clerks, indisputable evidence of his guilt. Taylor at once confessed that he had stolen the letters in question, as well as others, and was evident that his depredations were very extensive. On Wednesday he was taken before U. S. Commissioner White, who, after a hearing, committed him for trial, in default of \$3,000 bail.

Taylor is a native of the State of New York, is about twenty-two years of age, and has been in the Cleveland Postoffice since last June. It is a very sad fall for a young man who had served his country in the army, and who had a bright future before him.—Littsburg Commercial, Nov. 22d.

A HEAVY COUPLE.—There are at present living in Mechanicsville, Howard township, Centre County, a married couple whose united weight amounts to over six hundred pounds.—Mr. John Leathers and his wife. The former weighs 262 pounds and the latter 492 pounds. This immense mass of humanity lives together in the utmost harmony, and enjoys excellent health. Mrs. Leathers weighed only 91 pounds when she was married, and has acquired all her surplus flesh since that happy time. The couple are a curiosity and are worth going to see.

The discovery of a gold quartz vein, in East Providence township, Bedford county, is causing great excitement in that locality. On the strength of the discovery, two companies have been organized, and are now at work developing the vein. The general impression is that gold exists in that township, and even near the town of Bedford, but whether in paying quantities or not is yet to be demonstrated. It is said lead has also been found in the same neighborhood. These discoveries were made on the line of the Southern Pennsylvania Railroad.

A young man and young woman were burned to death on Thursday, Nov. 16, in Franklin county, Kansas, while trying to save some hay from being consumed by a prairie fire. The parents of the young people came from Indiana, and lately settled near Ottawa. Large numbers of prairie fires have occurred recently in the newly settled districts of Kansas, and a very considerable amount of property in the way of barns, fences, hay and fodder, and in two or three instances houses have been destroyed.

FLORIDA.—A telegram was received on November 20th, by President Johnson, from Governor Marvin, of Florida, in which the Governor states that the convention of Florida has annulled the ordinance of secession and declared that all persons in the State are free, without distinction of color, and that on account of color no one should be considered incompetent as a witness in any court wherein a colored person is concerned. It has repudiated the rebel State debt, and in other respects amended the constitution, and adjourned.

They are looking for a young man in Chicago named Hawley, who has fallen heir to \$400,000 by the death of an uncle in England.

The rebel ram Merrimac, sunk in Hampton Roads, has been partially raised.

New Advertisements.

To insure attention, the CASH must accompany all orders.—All Cautions and Strays, with \$1.50; Auditors' Advertisements and Executors' notices, \$2.50, each; Dispositions, \$2. Other advertisements at the same rates. All other advertisements at \$1.50 per square, for 3 or less insertions. Ten lines (or less) count a square.

TORAN—Forty different styles, adapted to sacred and secular music for \$20 to \$600 each. FIFTY-ONE GOLD or SILVER MEDALS, or other first premiums awarded them. Illustrated Catalogue free. Address, MASON & HAMLIN, Boston, or MASON BROTHERS, New York. November 29, 1865.

EXECUTORS NOTICE—Letters testamentary on the Estate of John Brown late of Burnside tp., Clearfield Co. Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement. W. J. RORNEY, Executor. Nov. 29, 1865-pd.

TURMPIKE DIVIDEND.—At a meeting of the Managers of the Philadelphia and Susquehanna Turnpike road Co. held Nov. 22nd 1865, it was resolved that a Dividend of two dollars per share be declared, payable at the Office at Philadelphia on, and after the first day of January 1866. B. HARTSHORN, Secretary. Attest. E. E. LOOPE, President. Philadelphia, Nov 23d 1865.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS!

Mrs. H. D. Welsh & Co., Have Just Received Their FALL AND WINTER GOODS, Which were purchased during the present cheapness, and therefore are enabled to sell very cheap.

OUR STOCK

Consists in part of Merinos, Alpines, Poppins; Wool, Armure, and common Delaines; Gingham, Prints, Shawls, Nubias Hoods, Hoop Skirts, Flannels, Ladies' Cloth, Sheetings, Muslins, and other Goods. Tawling Sontags, Breakfast Shawls, Capes, &c. Also, a full assortment of MILLINERY GOODS, Among which are Hats, Bonnets, Feathers, Ribbons, Flowers, Laces, Frames, Matinses, Velvets, Silks, Grapes, berages, veils, etc.—a large stock of

HOLLIDAY TOYS, FOR LADIES,

Including Chius, Bronze, Papier Mache Tin, Rosewood, and New Wooded, Parian and Candy Toys. Such as Pomades, Oils, Bandolines, Bloom of youth and Paints, Rouge, Lilly White, etc. Thankful for past favors, we solicit a continuance of the kind patronage of the people of Clearfield county. Remember the place—Second Street, next door to First National Bank. Nov. 29, 1865

ARTHUR MERTON;

Or, Sinning and Sorrowing. By Miss Caroline E. Kelly, Author of "Bernice, the Farmer's Daughter," "Andy Hall," &c. &c. Beautifully Illustrated, Price, \$1.25.

This is a book that cannot fail to do great good. It is from the pen of one of the most successful writers of the present day, as the name Miss Kelly is a household word in thousands of homes where her excellent books have been read with avidity, profit and delight. Parents.—The book will have a salutary influence in every home circle, because the narrative of "Arthur Merton" is a true one, in all its important particulars. He was a youth employed in one of our large cities, and through the example of wicked associates, he was tempted to do wrong. The evil consequences of such a course are most clearly shown, and the shoals pointed out on which so many sons make shipwreck. It illustrates the injurious influence of sinful companions upon character. * * * It is a book that every young person may read with profit.—Christian Intelligence, New York.

The story of a boy's life, relating his temptations and his failures, together with his success, when at length he finds the true source of moral strength. We commend it as a model book.—Daily Courier, Connecticut. The story narrated is one of thrilling interest, embodying the facts of real history. Miss Kelly occupies a high place as a writer of juvenile books. The volume is got up with unexpectedly rare taste.—The Presbyterian, Philadelphia. It illustrates the pernicious influence of evil associations, and the importance of forming when young, a good Christian character as a tower of defense against temptation.—Evangelical Messenger, Cleveland, Ohio. The boys will like this book for its naturalness, and its introducing them to a hero in whom they will feel a personal and warm interest. At the same time it will do the work of training the youth against evil companions and the beginning of wrong.—The National Baptist, Philadelphia. The style is chaste and happy, and the book is most handsomely bound. It should be in the hands of thousands of young people.—Religious Telescope, Dayton, Ohio. Single copies of the book sent by mail to any address on receipt of the price. Sample copies of four paper, the Sunday School Times, furnished free on application.

J. C. CARRIGUES & CO., Publishers and Booksellers, 148 South Fourth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

SPLENDID JEWELRY, Watches, Diamonds, &c.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS! The House of Bosanquet, Girard & Co., Paris have the pleasure of announcing that they have opened an Agency in the City of New York, for the sale of their Writely Known Jewels, Clocks, &c., &c. and for the purpose of making their goods as extensively known and appreciated in the United States as they now are, and have been for over 70 years, in Europe; they have determined to place in the hands of the public, who may have the advantage of their splendid styles. As a preliminary, they would remark that they manufacture and sell no imitation Jewelry or Watches, but

All are Warranted Gold of the finest Workmanship. Our customers will also have the great advantage of a constant succession of new and recherché styles and patterns with which we shall keep our New York Agency supplied. We have adopted the plan of sale, now so popular, of charging a uniform price, and this price will invariably be \$2 for each article, no matter how costly it may be. The expenses of conducting our New York Agency are paid by the sale of Certificates or Coupons representing the various articles. These Certificates are sold at 50 cents each, or five for \$2, and each Certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to, on payment of an additional \$2. If the article named on the Certificate is not desired, the holder will oblige us, when he returns the Certificate, by sitting what other article of the same value he or she may prefer, and it will be sent with pleasure. OUR AIMS IS TO PLEASE, and every means to that end will be exerted. We solicit a trial for every one who reads this notice as we are competent of giving the utmost satisfaction.

THE STOCK COMPRISES Amongst other things, Splendid Clocks, Gold and Silver Watches, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls, Garnet and other Stones, (solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' sets of Jewelry comprising Pins and Ear-rings of the most fashionable styles, set in Precious Stones of every variety, together with a large assortment of Gold and Enamelled and Pearl Sets, Gold Studs and Sleeve buttons of the most beautiful patterns, Gents' bosom and Scarf Pins, and an endless variety of Bracelets, Chains, Musical boxes, Head Dresses, Combs, Charms, &c. In case any of our patrons are not in want of Articles of Jewelry, and would prefer Silverware, we will send, for Any Certificate returned to us, a richly engraved Set of Castors or Butter Dish, beautifully chased and plated.

AGENTS ARE WANTED In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and, on application, a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Draft to our order. Address all orders to our Agency, which will be conducted by Messrs. J. A. QUETTER & CO., 189 Broadway, New York. Nov. 29, 1865-3m

SALT—a good article, and very cheap at the store of WM. F. IRWIN, Clearfield.

A LARGE STOCK OF GLASS, paints, oils white lead, etc. at E. A. HAVIN'S.

HORSE-SHOES and horse-nails, to be had at MERRELL & BIGLER'S. Aug. 23.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

H. F. NAUGLE, CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER,

Graham's Row, Clearfield, Pa. The undersigned respectfully informs his old customers and the public, that he has on hand, (and constantly receiving new additions,) a large stock of Clocks, Watches and Jewelry.

CLOCKS, a large variety from the best Manufactory, consisting of Eight Day and thirty-hour spring and Weight, Levers, Time, Strike and Alarm.

WATCHES—a fine assortment of silver Hunting and open case American patent Levers, plain and full jeweled. JEWELRY of every variety, from a single piece to a full set. GOLD PENS, an elegant assortment of the best quality. Also, in silver extension and desk holders.

SPECTACLES, a large assortment, far and near sight, colored and plain glass. Also, a fine assortment of Spoons, Forks, butter knives etc., plated on genuine Alabata. All kinds of Clocks, Watches and Jewelry carefully repaired and warranted. A continuance of patronage is solicited. November 28, 1865. H. F. NAUGLE

GROVESTEEN & CO., PIANO FORTE MANUFACTURERS,

499 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. The attention of the public and the trade is invited to our New Scale 7 Octave Rosewood Piano Fortes, which for value and purity of tone are unrivalled, by any other hitherto offered in this market. They contain all the modern improvements, French, Grand Action, Hard Pedal, Iron Frame, overstrung Bass, etc., and each instrument being made under the personal supervision of Mr. J. H. Grovesteen, who has had a practical experience of over 35 years in their manufacture, is fully warranted in every particular.

The "Grovesteen Piano Fortes" received the award of merit over all others at the celebrated World's Fair. Where were exhibited instruments from the best makers in London, Paris, Germany Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and New York, and also at the American Institute for five successive years, the gold and silver medals from both of which can be seen at our warehouse.

By the introduction of improvements we make a still more perfect Piano Forte, and by manufacturing largely, with a strictly cash system, are enabled to offer these instruments at a price which will procure all competitors. PRICES—No. 1, Seven Octave, round corners, Rosewood plain case \$275. No. 2, Seven Octave, round corners, Rosewood heavy moulding \$300. No. 3, Seven Octave, round corners, Rosewood plain case, XI style \$325.

GREAT SALE OF WATCHES & JEWELRY, \$1000.000 WORTH TO BE DISPOSED OF AT ONE DOLLAR EACH!

Without regard to value! Not to be paid for until you know what you are to receive!! BY A. H. ROWEN & CO., (Agents for the Manufacturer,) No. 36 Beekman Street, New-York.

Read the following list of articles to be sold for ONE DOLLAR EACH: 100 Gold Hunting Case Watches, each \$125 00 100 Gold Watches, various styles, 75 00 1,200 Ladies Gold Watches, 75 00 1,500 Silver Watches, each \$25 00 to 40 00 1,000 Elegant Silver Plated Castor Stands, 20 00 to 50 00 1,000 and Cake Baskets, 15 00 to 25 00 2,500 sets of Teaspoons, 5 00 to 15 00 2,500 sets of Forks, 8 00 to 15 00 2,000 Goblets, engraved, 4 00 to 8 00 3,000 pairs of Table Spoons, 5 00 to 8 00 3,000 pairs of Salt Spoons, 3 00 to 5 00 4,000 magnificent Napkin Rings, 4 00 to 9 00 5,000 pairs of Elegant Ear Drops, (assorted colors), 5 00 to 8 00 3,300 sets of Ladies Jewelry, imitation Ivory, 5 00 to 10 00 2,500 Gold Lockets, engraved backs, watch faces, perfect imitation, L. W. 10 00 10,000 Ladies' Back Combs, rich and unique patterns, 5 00 to 25 00 4,400 Belt buckles, Gold, Jet, and Valerianite, 5 00 to 15 00 6,000 Gent's Pile Vest & Neck Chains 5 00 to 20 00 5,400 Gents' California Diamond Pins 5 00 to 20 00 4,000 California Diamond Ear Drops 5 00 to 10 00 3,400 Miniature and Enamelled Imitating Pins, 5 00 to 10 00 3,000 Ladies' D. & E. G. Scarf P. 5 00 to 10 00 2,000 Masonic and Emblem Pins, 3 00 to 10 00 2,500 Gold band bracelets, engraved and plain, 3 00 to 20 00 3,000 Jet and Mosaic brooches, 3 00 to 15 00 2,000 Ganes, Brooches, rich patterns, very tasty, 5 00 to 20 00 3,000 Coral Ear Drops, 4 00 to 6 00 5,000 Ladies' Catharine Chains and Guard Chains, 5 00 to 15 00 6,000 Gents' Pile Vest & Neck Chains 5 00 to 20 00 4,000 Solitaire Sleeve buttons, entirely new style, 3 00 to 10 00 3,500 Studs and Sleeve buttons, in sets, very rich, 3 00 to 10 00 5,000 Sleeve buttons, plain, enamelled and engraved, 2 00 to 8 00 10,000 plain and handsomely engraved Lockets, 2 50 to 10 00 8,000 Lockets, double case, richly engraved, 2 00 to 10 00 15,000 sets of Ladies' Jewelry, new and latest styles, 6 00 to 12 00 5,000 handsome Seal Rings, 3 00 to 8 00 2,000 sets of bosom Studs, 2 50 to 6 00 1,000 Gold Pens and Gold Extension Holders, 15 00 to 25 00 2,000 sets Jet and Gold Pins and Ear Drops, 6 00 to 10 00 2,000 Gold Thimbles, Pencils, &c. 4 00 to 6 00 10,000 Gold Pens and handsome Silver Cases, 5 00 to 8 00 10,000 Gold Pens and handsome Ebony Holders, 4 00 to 6 00

The method of disposing of these goods at ONE DOLLAR each is as follows: Certificates naming each article and its value, are placed in sealed envelopes and well mixed. One of these envelopes will be sent by mail to any address on receipt of 25 cents. On the receipt of the Certificate you will see what you are going to have, then it is at your option to send the dollar and take the article or not. Purchasers may thus obtain a Gold Watch, Diamond Ring or any set of Jewelry on our list for ONE DOLLAR, and in no case can they get less than One Dollar's worth, as there are no blanks. The price of Certificates is as follows:—One for 25 cents; five for \$1; eleven for \$2; thirty for \$5; sixty-five for \$10; one hundred for \$15.

The distribution is conducted fairly, and all have an equal chance of obtaining the valuable prizes by purchasing the certificates. We guarantee entire satisfaction in all cases. Agents wanted to whom we offer special terms and premiums. Send 25 cents for one Certificate and our circular will be sent to you.

Address, A. H. ROWEN & CO., P. O. Box 4270, New-York.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Sarah Norris late of Lawrence township, Clearfield co., Pa., deceased having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement. JAMES S. NORRIS, Executor. Nov. 8, 1865-p.