

RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL.

CLEARFIELD, PA., NOV. 9, 1864.

Tyrone and Clearfield Railroad. Train leaves Tyrone at 8:55 a. m. Arrives at Philipsburg at 11:00 a. m. Train leaves Philipsburg at 3:50 p. m. Arrives at Tyrone at 5:55 p. m.

OS Saturday morning last, a little son of Christopher Stafford, of Lawrence township, aged about 3 years, we understand, died of the effects of some injuries received some eight days previous, by falling into a tub of hot water.

WE are indebted to Dan D. Woods for several copies of the new time schedule, on the Tyrone and Clearfield Rail-road. Dan is one of the most clever and accommodating men in the employ of the Railroad company. Long may he wave.

REMOVED SHOOTING OF ANOTHER PROVOST MARCHAL.—There has been a rumor afloat here for several days that a Deputy Provost Marshall from Clinton county was shot the latter part of last week in the neighborhood of Birch Island.

PREPARED.—Our Copperhead friends, fully realizing that their political end was near at hand, prepared themselves last week with a sufficient number of paper "coffins" to bury all their dead after the Presidential election, which has proven a very grave affair to them. Poor fellows! may they rest in "peace" for all time to come.

HAVE WE CIVIL AUTHORITIES AMONG US?—On Monday last week an affray occurred in our Borough. Three or four men came to town and made a threatening assault upon another. Blows were struck and pistol shots fired. This gross breach of the peace occurred in broad day light in the most public part of our town. As yet no effort has been made, as far as we have been able to learn, to arrest the offenders and vindicate the outraged law. It matters not who was in the wrong, the civil authorities have duties incumbent upon them which, for reasons not known to us, they have failed to perform. Well may law-abiding citizens ask: Have we any Peace officers among us?

ELECTION IN CLEARFIELD COUNTY, November 8th, 1864.

The returns of the Presidential election in this county are coming in slowly. Too few have been received to say what the majority for McClellan will probably be. Although we have reduced the Democratic majority 26 in this borough, and 3 in Lawrence township, yet this cannot be taken as an index to the balance of the county.

Table with 4 columns: November, Lincoln, McCl, Scofield, Bigler. Rows for Clearfield, Lawrence, Boggs, Bradford, Goshen, Girard, Knox.

UNION MEETINGS.

Spirited Union meetings were held during the past week in various parts of Clearfield county. Those at Osceola Mills, Hegarty's Cross Roads, Ansonville, Newburg and Lumber City, were addressed by Wm. B. Hawes, Esq., of Wisconsin, and James Galloway Esq., of this place. The latter being well known to our readers, it is scarcely necessary to say that his speeches were good and well received. Mr. Hawes is a man of most decided abilities, and present of the issues involved in the present canvass in a masterly, impressive and convincing manner. His speeches did much good, and it is a matter of regret that he could not be heard by every voter in the county.

On Saturday evening a meeting was held at Pennville, which was addressed by J. H. Fulford, Esq., of our borough, and Elisha Fenton and John Russell, Esquires, of that place. The speeches were all that could be desired.

On Monday evening, a meeting was also held at Karthaus, on Tuesday another at Congress Hill in Girard township, and a third at Rockton in Union township on Thursday evening. These meetings were each addressed by Joseph B. McEnally and J. H. Fulford, Esquires, in their usual happy and forcible manner.

The meeting at Rockton had for its officers the following gentlemen: President David Dresser, Esq. Vice Presidents, Joseph Schofield, Henry B. Bailey, Charles R. Rice, Nelson Knight, John H. Potter, and Charles E. Hoel. Secretaries, John W. Nelson and S. S. Hallopeter.

Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, all these meetings were well attended and produced a good effect.

GRANT'S RAILROAD.

Who but a parcel of Yankees would ever have thought of building a railroad along the battle-line of an army, with one terminus the other chain of fortifications? These Yankees who have settled around Richmond have done this thing. The railroad goes over the ground with a most sublime indifference to its ups and downs. If you are wanted in one of the last cars of a long train, and the locomotive drawing you is out of sight over a hill; but the best of all is the covered way, where the road runs through the field near Hancock, under the fire of the rebel batteries of Witworth guns on Cemetery Hill. The rebels used to amuse themselves by shelling the train. They never did any damage, but it was judged best to make sure against mishaps, and so a breast-work for the railroad was thrown up across the entire field. Down into the cut the train, and whirled safely under

the friendly cover of earth to beyond the point of danger. With all its goings up and comings down, with all the instability of its roadway, there has never been any accident on the road, no train ever collided, none ever got off the track. The railroad is a great thing.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE JOURNAL.

Letter from Philipsburg, Pa. PHILIPSBURG, PA., Nov. 7th, 1864.

DEAR JOURNAL.—To-morrow (Tuesday) the great and grand battle of the Union is to be fought. The engagement will long be remembered as the most momentous in the annals of history. The forces, on both sides, have been under the most rigid drill for several months, and all the paraphernalia of a campaign brought out to secure a splendid victory. The friends of Lincoln and Johnson, have worked with a will worthy of the great cause they are engaged in, and one of the most magnificent victories ever achieved, will certainly crown their labors. The supporters of McClellan and Pendleton have not been idle, they have labored hard. But all the prestige of success was against them in the onset—it was against them through the whole campaign, and it will be against them for all time to come. Since the 4th of July, on the 11th October, they have resorted to the entombing of the illustrious dead. To secure votes for their standard-bearers, they were not content to secure fraudulent votes on a small sized box scale, but they used boxes of the largest, dry goods, dimensions. The agents that carried this scheme out, received their appointment from Horatio Seymour, now holding the governmental reins of the State of N. York. Lincoln's "hirelings" caught these agents at their fraudulent work, arrested them, and held them to trial. When summoned before the court, one of these wretches made a clear breast of the whole affair. This coming to the ears of the indefatigable Horatio, he quickly appoints three more of the clan, to proceed with all possible haste to Washington and see "what's the matter," while he makes speeches through his State upholding the agents who were nabbed by Gen. Wallace. The fraud is one of the most infamous that could possibly be resorted to, and no party under Heaven, would ever think of such a means of carrying an election, but the God-forsaken crew that assembled at Chicago and put in nomination for the Presidency and Vice Presidency, George B. McClellan and George H. Pendleton. There is more treason in the Chicago platform, than was ever dreamed of down in Dixie. But the jig is up. To-morrow will tell a tale that is certain to consign the Copperhead tribe to oblivion—to sink the chief "snakes" of the tribe down to the lowest depths of His satanic majesty's dominions. The late draft is not entirely "played out" in this sub-district, yet. Our quota on the last call was 15, the number drawn was 30, and of these enough reported and passed to fill our complement about one half. Several did not report, and others went to Williamsport with the intention of reporting, but when they got in such proximity to active military operations, they concluded discretion was the better part of valor, and returned to their native heath, minus reporting. Others started for the place of examination, and had got some distance on their pilgrimage, when all of a sudden they recollected that they had not dug their potatoes, and thinking their stay might be prolonged to a week, thought it better to return and loose their potatoes, and let it be reported. Some waiters stood until last Sunday evening a week, when Deputy Marshal Snyder made his debut in our midst, about 8 o'clock in the evening, and politely invited three of the gent's who had drawn tickets for the grand ball down in Dixie, that he would be pleased to have their company with him to Williamsport, informing them that they had not presented their tickets at the time and place appointed. The gentlemen yielded very gracefully, and accepted the hospitality of the Captain, who had brought a carriage for their special accommodation. The Captain put the trio in custody of Captain Runkle, and the party started about 1 o'clock on the next morning (Monday) for headquarters. Captain Snyder remained at his hotel until daylight, when he set out on foot to cross the mountain, and to make a house call on his way, to remind the holders of tickets that they had not reported as their notices called for. Whether he succeeded in finding any of them at home, I have not learned; but from Capt. Runkle's squad we have some news. It seems that one of the gentlemen, in custody of Capt. Runkle, got very unwell, all of a sudden, while descending the mountain, (on the old turnpike leading from here to Bellefonte,) and by the time they got to the tavern at the foot of the mountain, his case became desperate, and they made a halt in order to do something for him—all getting out of the carriage and going into the tavern. The sick gent, and the driver of the carriage, adjourned to the rear of the tavern in order to afford him, the sick man, a chance to inhale the pure and fresh breeze of the eastern slope, and to make a spasmodic overture, coincidentally, and sure enough, he did make a most complete spasmodic overture, for as suddenly as thought, the sick man recovered from the desperate disarrangement of his epigastric region, and from that hour to this, has not been seen or heard tell. Our drafted men are not so blood-thirsty as it seems, some are in your locality. We are a law-abiding people, and always obey the laws, only when called on to report for military duty, then some are a little slow; but when they must go, they do so without resorting to violence, and skedaddle amicably, side sick man. LEIROL.

MARRIED: At Philipsburg, October 12th, 1864, by A. A. Bradin, Esq., DAVID GARDNER of Blair County, to LETITIA MILLER of Centre County.

At Philipsburg, October 13th, 1864, by A. A. Bradin, Esq., JAMES HEAP to ELIZABETH BARNES, both of Powelton, Centre Co., Pa.

At Philipsburg, October 26th, 1864, by A. A. Bradin, Esq., THEODORE SINGLETON to ELIZABETH E. GRAHAM, both of Centre Furnace, Centre Co., Pa.

DIED: On the 1st instant, in Half-Moon, Centre County, Pa., HAROLD STANFIELD, infant son of John Summerfield and Emma Tate Gray, aged 7 months and 21 days.

In Boggs township, on Oct. 24th, of consumption, ELIZABETH, wife of Jacob Henry, aged 58 years, 8 months and 10 days.

CLEARFIELD CO. ELECTION RETURNS, OFFICIAL—OCTOBER 11, 1864.

Table with columns: Congress, Asy, Sheriff, Comm r, Dist. Atty, Auditor, Coroner. Rows for various districts and totals.

Those marked thus (\*) are the Democratic Candidates.

J. I. MORRIS & CO., PHILIPSBURGH, PA.

SELLS THE CHEAPEST GOODS IN THE COUNTY, And are just receiving the following goods:

A splendid assortment of Prints and Delaines, very cheap. A large stock of Brown and Black Muslins, very cheap. Flannels, Linseys, Salmors, Jeans, Tweeds, &c. very cheap. Bathing Skirts, Ladies' and children's. The greatest variety of Yankee Notions, ever opened in the County, and at less prices.

A beautiful assortment of Hoods, Nubias, Sontrags, Comfits, Breakfast Caps, a great variety of Gloves, &c.

A large stock of Boots and Shoes, of all kin s, (Ladies Gent's and Children's,) with Gums, Buff, over Shoes, &c., at auction prices.

Hardware in endless variety—with Broad Axes, Double Bits, Rafting and Barking Axes.

Clothing of all kinds, for Men and Boys. Over-coats, Pants & Vests, cheaper than the cheapest.

A general assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, &c.

N. J. NICKERSON, J. M. HARRIS, W. M. MOSELEY, FLEM HOLLIDAY, WITH NICKERSON, HARRIS & MOSELEY, Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in BOOTS AND SHOES, No. 435 Market Street, Philadelphia.

A large assortment of City Made Wool constantly on hand. July 20, 1864.

ED. A. IRVIN, MERCHANT AND DEALER IN LUMBER, CURWENSVILLE, PA.

NEW GOODS Of every description, just received at the "Corner Store," and selling as low for Cash and country produce as can be bought elsewhere in the county. The stock consists of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Willow-ware, Woodensare, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes. Ready-made clothing, Flour, Bacon, Molasses, Syrup, Rice, Fruits, Candies, Nuts, etc. Parties should see the goods and post them selves in price. July 13, 1864.

EYRE & LANDELL, FOURTH AND ARCH STREETS, PHILADELPHIA.

Cater for the best trade, and offer no bait or deception to induce custom, but rely on fair dealing and Good Goods!

Best Merinoes, Fashionable Silks, Nobility Plaids, Pim's Poplins, Dark Flourants, Figured Merinoes, Plaid Shawls, Good Blankets

P. S. We follow Gold-dow, as close as we follow it up. Now is a good time for Merchants and Consumers to come in. Oct. 5, 1864-2m

STRAY COW.—Came trespassing to the premises of the subscriber in Clear township, about the 1st of last August, a red cow, with white stripes along the back, supposed to be about 7 years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be sold as the law directs. Oct. 24, 1864. LOUIS J. HURD.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice that subscriptions will be received for Coupon Treasury Notes, payable in three years from August 16, 1864, with semi-annual interest at the rate of seven and three tenths per cent. per annum—principal and interest both to be paid in lawful money.

These notes will be convertible at the option of the holder, at maturity, into six per cent. gold bearing bonds, payable not less than five nor more than twenty years from their date, as the Government may elect. They will be issued in denominations of \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1,000 and \$5,000, and subscriptions must be for fifty dollars or some multiple of fifty dollars.

The notes will be transmitted to the owners free of transportation charges as soon after the receipt of the original certificates of deposit as they can be prepared.

As the notes draw interest from August 15th, persons making deposits subsequent to that date must pay the interest accrued from date of note to date of deposit.

Parties depositing twenty-five thousand dollars and upwards for these notes at any one time will be allowed a commission of one-quarter of one per cent., which will be paid by the Treasury Department upon a receipt for the amount, certified to by the officer with whom the deposit was made. No deductions for commissions must be made from the deposits.

Special advantages of this Loan. It is a National Savings Bank, offering a higher rate of interest than any other, and the most security. Any savings bank which pays its depositors in U. S. Notes, considers that it is paying in the best circulating medium of the country, and it cannot pay in anything better, for its own assets are either government securities or in notes or bonds payable in government paper.

It is equally convenient as a temporary or permanent investment. The notes can always be sold for within a fraction of their face and accumulated interest, and are the best security with banks as collaterals for discount.

Convertible into Six per cent. 5-20 Gold Bond.—In addition to the very liberal interest on the notes for three years, this privilege of conversion is now worth about three per cent. per annum, for the current rate for 5-20 Bonds is not less than nine per cent. premium, and before the war the premium on six per cent. U. S. stocks was over twenty per cent. It will be seen that the actual profit on this loan, at the present market rate, is not less than ten per cent. per annum.

Its exemption from State and Municipal Taxation.—But aside from all the advantages we have enumerated, a special Act of Congress EXEMPTS ALL bonds and Treasury notes from local taxation. On the average, this exemption is worth about two per cent. per annum, according to the rate of taxation in various parts of the country.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as those issued by the government. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties, or of stock companies, or separate communities, only is pledged for payment, while the whole property of the country is held to secure the discharge of all the obligations of the United States.

While the government offers the most liberal terms for its Loans, it believes that the very strongest appeal will be to the loyalty and patriotism of the people.

Duplicate certificates will be issued for all deposits. The party depositing must endorse upon the ORIGINAL certificate the denomination of notes required, and whether they are to be issued in blank or payable to order. When so endorsed it must be left with the officer receiving the deposit, to be forwarded to the Treasury Department.

Subscriptions will be received by the Treasurer of the United States, at Washington, the several Assistant Treasurers and Designated Depositories, and by the

First National Bank of Altoona, and by all National B. nks which are depositories of public money, and all RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS throughout the country will give further information and afford every facility to subscribers. September 21, 1864-2m

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY. OFFICE NO. 135 BROADWAY, N. Y. CASH CAPITAL, 1864, \$2,000,000 00 ASSETS, 1st July, 1864, 5,000,000 00 LIABILITIES, 51,577 54 CHAS. S. MARTIN, President. A. F. WILLMARTH, Vice-President. JOHN MCGEE, Secretary.

Policies of Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire, by J. H. FULFORD, Agent. August 17, 1864-6m. Clearfield Pa.

Life Insurance at Home. The Penn Mutual Life Insurance Co., 121 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILA. Insure Lives on favorable terms, and will issue Policies on all of the approved plans of insurance. Assets liable to losses \$1,221,289 71. Surplus divided Annually. Losses paid promptly. Premiums may be paid in cash; annually, semi-annually or quarterly; or one-half in cash, and one-half in note. By a supplement to the charter, notes hereafter received will participate in all Dividends or Surplus. Scrip certificates up to January, 1859, inclusive, are now receivable in payment of premiums. Agency, at the office of H. B. Swager, Clearfield, Pa. Dr. J. G. Hartwick, Medical Examiner. August 24, 1864.

Richmond Taken. The subscriber offers for sale his house and lot, situated in Lawrence twp., Clearfield County, two miles west of Clearfield Town, on the pike leading from Clearfield to Curwensville. The lot contains one acre and a half with a good frame house and stable erected thereon. The lot is under good fence and an excellent well of water is on the premises. Also twenty-six apple trees, nine peach trees and one grape-vine, all of choice fruit. For further information call on the subscriber on the premises. Sep. 7th, 1864.3mo.-pd. ISAAC SWALES.

HELIOGRAPHIC. THE undersigned having completed his Photography Gallery, in Shaw a low, two doors west of the Mansion House, Clearfield, Pa., is now ready to wait on those in want of first class portraits. My arrangements are such as enable me to furnish the most beautiful productions of "sun drawing" in the highest style of the art. Having fitted up my rooms at considerable expense, with a view to the comfort and pleasure of my patrons, I hope by strict attention to business, and a desire to satisfy those who call, to merit a liberal share of public patronage. A good assortment of Gilt, Rosewood, and mould frames; Albums and an endless variety of cases on hand, at moderate prices. Particular attention given to copying every kind of pictures. H. BRIDLE, Artist. Instruction in the art of Photography given, and apparatus furnished at city prices.

FODDER CUTTERS.—of a superior make, for sale at reasonable prices, a MERRILL and BIGLER'S, Clearfield, Pa.

1,000,000 LBS. WOOL WANTED, for which the highest price will be paid in cash by R. MOSSOP, Clearfield, Pa. July 6, 1864.

TERMS OF GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK FOR 1865. (From which there can be no Deviation.) The following are the terms of the Lady's Book for 1865. At present, we will receive subscribers at the following rates. Due notice will be given if we are obliged to advance, which will depend upon the price of paper.

One copy one year \$3 00 Two copies, one year 5 00 Three copies, one year 7 00 Four copies, one year 9 00 Five copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person sending the club, making six copies 14 00

Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person sending the club, making nine copies 21 00 Eleven copies one year, and an extra copy to the person sending the club, making twelve copies 27 00

Additions to any of the above clubs, \$2 50 each subscriber. Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent, each one year, on receipt of \$4 50. We have no deals with any other Magazine or Newspaper.

The money must all be sent at one time for any Club. Address: L. A. GODEY, No. 1, E. Corner Sixth and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia.

For every department of a household. These are worth the price of the Book. Model Cottages (no other Magazine gives them), with diagrams. Drawing lessons for the young. Another specialty with Godey is his "Illustrated" Original Music, worth \$3 a year. Other Magazines publish old worn-out music; but the subscribers to Godey get it before the music stores.

Gardening for Ladies. Another peculiarity with Godey. Fashions from Messrs. A. T. Stewart & Co., of New York, the millionaire merchants, appear in Godey, the only Magazine that has them. Fashionable Fashions from the celebrated Brodie of New York. Ladies' Bonnets. We give more of them in a year than any other Magazine. In fact, the Lady's Book enables every lady to be her own bonnet-maker. MARION HARLAND.

Authors of "Aunt's" "Hidden Path," "Miss Side," "Nemesis," and "Miriam," writes for Godey each month, and for no other magazine. We have also retained all our old and favorite contributors.

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