

Watson's Journal.

CLEARFIELD, PA. APRIL 27, 1864.

TERMS OF THE JOURNAL. The Watson's Journal is published on Wednesday at \$1.50 per annum in advance. If not paid at the beginning of the year, \$2.00 will be charged.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at \$1.00 per square, for three or less insertions—Twelve lines (or less) counting a square. For every additional insertion 25 cents will be charged. A deduction will be made to yearly advertisers.

SALT—a good article, and very cheap at the store of WM. F. IRWIN, Clearfield.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS, for sale at Hartwick & Huston's, Clearfield, Pa.

GO AND SEE THE NEW GOODS AT J. E. WATSON'S, Marysville, Clearfield County, Penn'a.

Cheap for cash or exchanged for Timber, Boards, Saw Logs or Shingles. Oct. 14, 1863. JAMES E. WATSON.

HIPPLE & FAUST, DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY-GOODS, & C.

THE UNDERSIGNED having taken the stock of merchandise of the late firm of Patton, Hipple & Co., have just added a fresh supply of SEASONABLE GOODS.

comprising Groceries, Drugs, Queensware, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Muslins, De Laines, Prints, Sattines, Flannels, etc., which they offer at low prices.

FOR CASH OR READY PAY. Grain, Pork, Shingles and Boards, taken in exchange for goods. We respectfully ask a share of patronage. Call and examine our stock. Curwensville, Dec. 11. HIPPLE & FAUST.

N. B. The accounts of Patton, Hipple & Co. are in our hands, and we hereby notify persons having unsettled accounts, to call and settle the same as we desire to have the books closed. December 11, 1861. HIPPLE & FAUST.

NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS. CARLISLE & CO., DEALERS IN Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Groceries, Lumber, Shingles, &c.

PHILIPSBURG, CENTRE COUNTY, PENNA. CARLISLE & CO. have received and are just opening the largest assortment of the BEST CHEAPEST.

and most reasonable goods ever brought to this section of country, consisting of DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES; Notions, Hardware and Queensware; LADIES' FURS.

Hoods, Nubias, Sontags, Balmoral and Hoop Skirts; Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes; Ready-made Clothing—latest styles; School Books and Stationary; Rice-flour, Farina and Corn Starch;

Drugs, Oils, Paints, Putty and Glass; Coal-oil Lamps, Wood and Willow ware; TRUNKS AND CARPET BAGS;

Pipes, Tobacco and Segars; Flour, Salt, Nails, Coal and Lined Oil; Fish, Feed and Provisions; and all articles usual for Cheap.

All of which will be sold CHEAP FOR CASH or approved produce, Lumber or Shingles. Nor 18, 1863-4. CARLISLE & CO.

NOW IS THE TIME! RICHARD MOSSOP, DEALER IN Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS, & C.

MARKET STREET, CLEARFIELD, PA. Read the following list of goods and prices thereby Cheap.

FOR THE LADIES. Always on hand a large stock of Ladies goods—such as Cologn, Mouth, Alpaca, De Laines, Gingham, Prints, Chinets, Kerchiefs, Nubias, Bonnets, Gloves, etc.

FOR GENTLEMEN. Always on hand a large stock of Brown and Green, Fanny and Black Casimers, Sattines, Cassinets, Tweeds, Plain and Fancy Vestings, Shirts, etc. etc. etc.

READY-MADE. Such as Coats, Pants, Vests, Under shirts, and other Flannel shirts, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Neckties, Gun Boots and Shoes, and a variety of other articles.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS. Such as Unbleached and Bleached Muslins, Colored Muslins, Linen and cotton tablecloths, Oilcloth, Linen and hemp towels, carpets, curtains, fringe, etc.

HARDWARE, &c. If you want Nails or spikes, Manure or other forks, Axes, saws, Smoothing irons, Locks, Hinges, etc., go to Mossop's where you can buy cheap.

IF YOU WANT Knives and forks, Butcher Knives and shears, Blacking, Manilla and hemp ropes, Ink, Paper or Pens, Powder, Shot or Lead, etc., buy them at Mossop's.

IF YOU WANT Shoe Last or Pops, Palm or Fanny Soap, Starch, Wall Paper or Window shades, Lamps, Lamp tubes or Wicks, coal oil, etc., go to Mossop's cheap cash store.

IF YOU WANT Good extra family Flour, White or brown sugar, beans, shoulders or sides, coffee, Imperial, Young Hicon or black tea, buy them at Mossop's cheap for cash.

IF YOU WANT Tallow candles, Egg or soarse salt, Syrup or molasses, cheese, dried apples or peaches, water or soda crackers, call at Mossop's where you can buy cheap.

IF YOU WANT Peet wine for Medical or Sacramental uses, or any other wine, old Monogahela or rye whiskey, Cherry and Cognac brandy, buy at Mossop's cheap cash store.

IF YOU WANT Raisins, Figs, Prunes or dried Currants; Almonds, cream, pecan or ground nuts, candles, Liquorice or Liquorice root, buy them at Mossop's cheap and good.

IF YOU WANT To buy any other article cheap, be sure to go to Mossop's for he sells cheaper for cash than any other person in Clearfield county. November 27, 1861. ap27 59

Approved country produce of every kind at the usual market prices in exchange for goods.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS.

A pure and powerful Tonic, Corrective and Alternative of wonderful efficacy in disease of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

Cures, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Headache, General Debility, Nervousness, Depression of Spirits, Constipation, Colic, Intermittent Fevers, Cramps and Spasms, and all Complaints of the Stomach, arising from Bodily Weakness whether inherent in the system or produced by special causes.

Nothing that is not wholesome, genial and restorative in its nature enters into the composition of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This popular preparation contains no mineral of any kind, no deadly botanical element; no fiery excitant; but it is a combination of the extracts of rare balsams and herbs, the purest and mildest of all diffusive stimulants.

It is well to be forewarned against disease, and so far as the human system can be protected by human means against maladies engendered by an unhealthy atmosphere, impure water and other external causes, Hostetter's Bitters may be relied on as a safeguard.

In districts infested with Fever and Ague, it has been found infallible as a preventive and irresistible as a remedy. It quickly restores the system to its normal condition, and thousands who neglect to avail themselves of its protective qualities in advance, are cured by a very brief course of this invaluable medicine. Fever and Ague patients, after being long with quinine for months in vain, until fairly saturated with that dangerous alkali, are not unfrequently restored to health within a few days by the use of Hostetter's Bitters.

The weak stomach is quickly invigorated and the appetite restored by this agreeable Tonic and hence it works wonders in cases of Dyspepsia and in less confirmed forms of Indigestion. Acting as a gentle and painless aperient, as well as upon the liver, it is invariably followed by the Constipation superinduced by irregular action of the digestive and secretory organs.

Persons of feeble habit, liable to Nervous Attacks, Loss of Spirit and Fits of Langour, find prompt and permanent relief from the Bitters. The testimony on this point is most conclusive, and from both sexes.

The agency of Bilious Colic is immediately assuaged by a single dose of the stimulant, and by occasionally resorting to the return of the complaint may be prevented.

As a General Tonic, Hostetter's Bitters produces effects which must be experienced or witnessed before they can be fully appreciated. In cases of Constitutional Weakness, Prostration, General Debility and Deceitful arising from Old Age, it exercises the electric influence. In the convalescent stages of all diseases it operates as a delightful invigorant. When the system is relaxed, it operates to re-energize and re-establish them.

Last, but not least, it is the only safe Stimulant, being manufactured from sound and innocuous material, and an extract of the most powerful and potent tonic present more or less in all the ordinary tonics and stomachics of the day.

The immense increase in the sale of Hostetter's Bitters, both at home and abroad, during the past year, is a sufficient evidence of the wisdom of the Scriptural injunction to "try all things," only "hold fast to that which is good." Spurious preparations, like poisonous fungi, are continually springing up, but their character is soon discovered, and they are found like weeds, to be "weary of the earth." On the other hand, a great antidote that performs all it promises, and even more than its proprietors claimed for it, its introduction, is "good for a day, but for all time."

No family medicine has been so universally adopted, and so truly and deservedly popular with the intelligent portion of the community, as Hostetter's Bitters.

Prepared by Hostetter & Stern, Pittsburgh, Pa. Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Storekeepers everywhere. Nov. 19, 1862, 1yr.

HEMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

COMPON'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU. A Positive and Specific Remedy for far diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings. This medicine increases the power of Digestion and excites the Absorbents into healthy action, by which the Watery or Catarrhal Depositions, and all unattractive engorgements are reduced, as well as Pain and Inflammation.

HEMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. For Weakness arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, early indigestion of abuse, attended with the following symptoms:—Indisposition to exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of vision, Pain in the back, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular system, Hot Hands, Flushing of the face, Heat and redness of the skin, Eruptions on the Face, Palpitant Countenance.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follows Impotency, Fatigue, Epileptic Fits, in one of which the Patient may expire, and in another, they are not infrequently followed by those Direful Diseases, "Insanity and Consumption."

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but none will confess the records of the tissue affections, and in vainly search for a cure, until they bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion. The Constitution once effected with Organic Weakness requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which Hembold's Extract Buchu invariably does. A trial will convince the most skeptical.

FEMALES—FEMALES—FEMALES. In many Affections peculiar to Females the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Menstrual Evacuations, Uteric or Scirrhus state of the Uterus, Benign or White, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indigestion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the Discharge of the Menstrual Fluid.

Take no more Balsam, Mercury or unpleasant medicines for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Hembold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash cures, Secret Diseases, in all their stages, at the least expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no Exposure.

It cures a frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing Obstructions Preventing and curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying Pain, and inflammation, so frequent in the class of disease, and expelling all Poisons, Dis-eased and worn out matter.

Thousands upon Thousands who have been the victims of quacks, and who have paid heavy fees for observation. Describe the Symptoms in all communications. Cures guaranteed! Advice gratis! Address letters for information to H. B. HEMBOLD, Chemist, 104 South Tenth-st., bel. Chestnut, Phil'a.

Hembold's Drug and Chemical Warehouse, 694 Broadway, New York.

Beware of Counterfeits and unprincipled Dealers who endeavor to dispose of their own and other articles on the reputation attained by Hembold's Genuine Preparations. Extract Buchu, Sarsaparilla, Improved Rose wash.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere. Ask for Hembold's. Take no other. Cut out the Advertisement and send for it, and avoid exposure. Nov. 10, 1864, 1 yr.

NOT ALCOHOLIC. A Highly Concentrated VEGETABLE EXTRACT. A PURE TONIC.

DOCTOR HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS, PREPARED BY Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philad'a, Pa.

Will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver, or stomach, such as Constipation, Indigestion, Piles, Fullness or blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Headache, Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Headed and Difficult Breathing, Interfering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes.

Pain in the Back, Chest, Sides, Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginations of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

From Rev. J. Newton Brown, D. D. Editor of the Christian Register, Boston, Mass. Although not disposed to favor or recommend Patent Medicines in general, though distrustful of their ingredients and effects; I yet know of no sufficient reason why a man may not testify to the benefits he believes himself to have received from the use of the German Bitters.

I do this the more readily in regard to Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, of this city, because I was prejudiced against them, and I have since been convinced that they were chiefly an alcoholic mixture. I am indebted to my friend Robert Shoemaker, Esq., for the removal of this prejudice by proper tests, and for encouragement to try them when suffering from a general debility.

The use of three bottles of these Bitters at the beginning of the present year, was followed by evident relief, and restoration to a degree of bodily and mental vigor which I had not felt for six months before, and had almost despaired of regaining. I therefore thank God and my friend for directing me to the use of them.

Philadelphia, June 27, 1851. J. Newton Brown.

PARTICULAR NOTICE. There are many preparations sold under the name of Bitters put up in quart bottles, composed of the cheapest whiskey, water, and sugar, containing from 20 to 30 cents per bottle, the taste is given by Amino or Corindor Seed.

This class of Bitters has caused and will continue to do, as long as they can be sold, hundreds of deaths, and is the cause of the most distressing diseases of the system, is kept continually under the influence of Alcoholic stimulants of the worst kind, the desire for Liquor is excited and kept up, and the result is all the horrors attendant upon a drunkard's life and death.

Persons who desire and will have a Liquor Bitters, we publish the following receipt: Get One Bottle Hoofland's German Bitters and mix with Three Quarts of Good Brandy or Whisky, and add one ounce of Amino or Corindor Seed, and in medicinal virtues, and true excellence any of the numerous Liquor Bitters in the market, and will cost much less. You will have all the virtues of Hoofland's Bitters in connection with such article of liquor, at such less price than these inferior preparations will cost you.

ATTENTION, SOLDIERS! AND THE FRIENDS OF SOLDIERS. We call the attention of all having relations or friends in the army to the fact that Hoofland's German Bitters will cure nine tenths of the diseases induced by exposures and privations incident to camp life. In the lists, published almost daily, of the names of our soldiers, on the battle field, it will be noticed that a very large proportion are suffering from debility. Every case of that kind can be readily cured by Hoofland's German Bitters. Diseases resulting from disorders of the digestive organs are speedily cured, and have no hesitation in stating that, if these Bitters were freely used among our soldiers, hundreds of lives might be saved that otherwise will be lost.

Marked and self-authenticated cure of one of the nation's heroes, whose life, to use his own language, "has been saved by the Bitters."

PARADELPHIA, August 23rd, 1862. Messrs. Jones & Evans—Well gentlemen, your Hoofland's German Bitters cured me of my debility. There is no mistake in this. It is vouched for by numbers of my comrades, some of whose names are appended, and who were fully cognizant of the circumstances of my case. I am, and have been, the most contented man who visited me at the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinborn, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the debility was entirely removed, and I was discharged from the hospital, and was for twenty-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed to the White House, and sent to this city on the 25th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow any thing, and I had to force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archre, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited my feelings. I was then visited by one of the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinborn, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the debility was entirely removed, and I was discharged from the hospital, and was for twenty-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed to the White House, and sent to this city on the 25th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow any thing, and I had to force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archre, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited my feelings. I was then visited by one of the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinborn, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the debility was entirely removed, and I was discharged from the hospital, and was for twenty-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed to the White House, and sent to this city on the 25th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow any thing, and I had to force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archre, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited my feelings. I was then visited by one of the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinborn, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the debility was entirely removed, and I was discharged from the hospital, and was for twenty-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed to the White House, and sent to this city on the 25th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow any thing, and I had to force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archre, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited my feelings. I was then visited by one of the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinborn, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the debility was entirely removed, and I was discharged from the hospital, and was for twenty-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed to the White House, and sent to this city on the 25th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow any thing, and I had to force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archre, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited my feelings. I was then visited by one of the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinborn, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the debility was entirely removed, and I was discharged from the hospital, and was for twenty-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed to the White House, and sent to this city on the 25th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow any thing, and I had to force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archre, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited my feelings. I was then visited by one of the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinborn, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the debility was entirely removed, and I was discharged from the hospital, and was for twenty-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed to the White House, and sent to this city on the 25th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow any thing, and I had to force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archre, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited my feelings. I was then visited by one of the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinborn, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the debility was entirely removed, and I was discharged from the hospital, and was for twenty-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed to the White House, and sent to this city on the 25th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow any thing, and I had to force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archre, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited my feelings. I was then visited by one of the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinborn, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the debility was entirely removed, and I was discharged from the hospital, and was for twenty-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed to the White House, and sent to this city on the 25th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow any thing, and I had to force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archre, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited my feelings. I was then visited by one of the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinborn, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the debility was entirely removed, and I was discharged from the hospital, and was for twenty-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed to the White House, and sent to this city on the 25th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow any thing, and I had to force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archre, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited my feelings. I was then visited by one of the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinborn, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the debility was entirely removed, and I was discharged from the hospital, and was for twenty-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed to the White House, and sent to this city on the 25th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow any thing, and I had to force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archre, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited my feelings. I was then visited by one of the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinborn, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the debility was entirely removed, and I was discharged from the hospital, and was for twenty-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed to the White House, and sent to this city on the 25th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow any thing, and I had to force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archre, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited my feelings. I was then visited by one of the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinborn, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the debility was entirely removed, and I was discharged from the hospital, and was for twenty-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed to the White House, and sent to this city on the 25th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow any thing, and I had to force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archre, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited my feelings. I was then visited by one of the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinborn, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the debility was entirely removed, and I was discharged from the hospital, and was for twenty-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed to the White House, and sent to this city on the 25th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow any thing, and I had to force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archre, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited my feelings. I was then visited by one of the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinborn, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the debility was entirely removed, and I was discharged from the hospital, and was for twenty-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed to the White House, and sent to this city on the 25th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow any thing, and I had to force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archre, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited my feelings. I was then visited by one of the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinborn, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the debility was entirely removed, and I was discharged from the hospital, and was for twenty-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed to the White House, and sent to this city on the 25th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow any thing, and I had to force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archre, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited my feelings. I was then visited by one of the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinborn, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the debility was entirely removed, and I was discharged from the hospital, and was for twenty-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed to the White House, and sent to this city on the 25th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow any thing, and I had to force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archre, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited my feelings. I was then visited by one of the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinborn, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the debility was entirely removed, and I was discharged from the hospital, and was for twenty-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed to the White House, and sent to this city on the 25th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow any thing, and I had to force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT!

THE GREAT REMEDY For Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Stiff Neck and Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts and Wounds, Piles, Head-Ache, and all Rheumatic and Nervous Disorders.

For all of which it is a speedy and certain remedy, and never fails. This Liniment is prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the famous bone setter, and has been used in his practice for more than Twenty years with the most astonishing effect.

As an Alleviator of Pain, it is unrivalled by any preparation before the public, of which the most skeptical may be convinced by a single trial.

This Liniment will cure rapidly and radically, Rheumatic Disorders of every kind, and in thousands of cases where it has been used it has never been known to fail.

For Neuralgia, it will afford immediate relief in every case, however distressing.

It will relieve the worst cases of Headache in three minutes and is warranted to do it. Toothache, also, will it cure instantly.

For Nervous Debility and General Lassitude, arising from imprudence or excess, this Liniment is a most happy and unfailing remedy. Acting directly upon the nervous tissues, it strengthens and revivifies the system, and restores it to elasticity and vigor.

For Piles—As an external remedy, we claim that it is the best known, and we challenge the world to produce an equal. Every victim to this distressing complaint should give it a trial, for it will not fail to afford immediate relief, and in a majority of cases it will effect a radical cure.

Quincy and Sore Throat are sometimes extremely malignant and dangerous, but a timely application of this Liniment will not fail to cure.

Sprains are sometimes very obstinate, and enlargement of the joints is liable to occur if neglected. The worst case may be conquered by this Liniment in two or three days.

Burns, Cuts, Wounds, Sores, Ulcers, Burns and Scalds, yield readily to the wonderful healing properties of