en thanks for our abundance have no relief for them in their extremities? I commend the subject through you to the people of the State, as worthy the immediate attention and active exertions of the charitable and the liberal.

I should be glad if the Legislature would make a general revision of our Revenue Laws, with a view to their increased producterial change has been made in the Revenue time some interests have grown into new im- taxation, for the deficiency of others. portance, and should be made to bear their just proportion of the public expense, since tion to the peruicions practice of leaving all taxation should as far as possible, press | many bills to be hurried through at the close

the consideration of the Legislature, the following suggestions connected with the sub-

State which, in addition to large mining privileges, have the control of the routes of of the mines of individuals in their respective districts, can reach a market. These companies thus enjoy substantial monopolies, by which they not only receive the fair profits of their own property, but are enaled to make additional heavy gains at the expense of individuals. In my opinion such privileges ought meyer to have been granted, but as they exist it appears to be just specific tax.

2. Very large sums are due to the Comuance of this state of affairs is unjust to the Commonwealth and to the vast majority of her people who have honestly paid for their It has become unendurable. I repurchase money, and a statement of the a- and legitimate. mount of principle and interest now due to the Commonwealth, together with the patperregate amount thus stated, for each tract. shall be held to be the amount now due per aunum, till paid, and shall continue to be | mews. the first lien on the land, till paid, and shall | In May last it was believed from informanot be divested by any judicial or other sale | tion received, that General Lee intended to on all unpatented tands.

By existing laws municipal corporation would accrue to the revenue by the excom mend that it be extended.

...ved. be productive and not oppressive.

another million of the boads deposited in the State Treasury. Four millions of said nds have therefore been now delivered.

our regiments and other organizations, to enactment of a law for that purpose. represerved among our archives. The becessary documents are now accessible, and the victory of Gettysburg, gained by the vet-

should be promptly acted on.

I recommend that the proposed amend-In the public service out of the State, the light to vote, be passed promptly and submitted to a vote of the people at as early a tercise their right of suffrage at all future in our defence.

It is highly important that we should replenish the ranks of our regiments in the sa, that a large proportion of our regiments to be officers and agents from some oth- records of the State some appropriate testi-States are most improperly endeavoring mony of the public gratitude to him and seduce our citizens into their service by his surviving commander.

extravagant bounties and promises.

vania have extended their open handed be nevolence and broad charity to the starving ernor, and I now recommend the parsage of 400 men for the general and special service of the control nevolence and broad chartery to the starting people of foreign countries. Shall it be a law imposing penalties by fine and impressing penalties by fine and impressin people of foreign countries. Shall it be said that the appeals of these people for onment on all individuals who shall endeav- fulness the burdens of taxation, but our said that the appears of these people for bread fell upon the heart of Pennsylvania in or procure or aid and assist in procuring storehouses and depots have literally overbread ien upon the heart of Tennsylvania in any person in this State to enlist in the voithese patriotic efforts should be embarrassed | call, the response | becomes | more and | more by interference from beyond our borders, especially as we cannot, in these circumstantiveness. It ought to be observed that for ces offer bounties by the State, without the a period of more than twenty years, no ma- injustice of compelling the counties and townships which have already contributed Laws of this Commonwealth. During that largely in that way, to assist in paying, by I fell it to be my duty to call your atten-

equally upon the property and employments of the session. During the last ten days of the last session, 390 bills were presented for Failing such revision, I recommend to my signature, many of them of the most important character. The whole number of bills presented to me during the session was In consequence of this habit not only 1. There are several companies in the are bills passed without an opportunity to either House for a propper consideration of their provisions, but the Executive is comtransportation, by which alone the products | pelled either to sign them without examination, or to hold them ever perhaps to the public inconvenience. It may often happen that a bill not approved by reason of a single obnoxious clause, might if there were time, be repassed, omitting the objectionable provision. In connection with the subject of Legislation, I must refer to another mischief. General laws have been passed to give relief in certain cases which formerly that the class of companies which enjoy required a special act in each case. As for them, should pay therefore an additional instance the sale of hands by executors, administrators and trustees, the adoption of children, the creation of mining and manumonwealth for unparented lands. Forbear- facturing corporations, and so forth. These ance, clemency, and liberality have been in- laws were passed to ensure such an examivain tried in the numerous attempts to pro- nation in each case as would enable justice cure the payment of at least a part of this to be done to the parties and to the public, debt, from the larger portion of those who and also to save the time and expense conare indebted on that account. The contin-sumed in private legislation. They have seriously urge on the Legislature the consideration that whoever applies for a special act under such circumstances must either commend that the Legislature provide that fear the result of an impartial inquiry or (if | vorably, the Surveyor General shall file of record in | the application be for a charter) must desire the office of the Court of Common Pleas of | the omission or insertion of some provision each county, a description of the lands sub- | contrary to what the Legislature has deterject to the lien of the Commonwealth for mined after mature consideration to be just

I refer to the Auditor General's and State Treasurer's reports for the details of our fient fees on each tract and ien per cent, on | nancial affairs, and to the reports of the Surthe amount so due for the labor and cost of | vevor General, Adjutant General, Quartermaking and filing each statement, and the master General, Commissary General, Surgeon General, Agent at Washington, Chief of Transportation and Telegraph Departthereon to the Commonwealth, which shall ment, and Superintendent of Common bear interest at the rate of twelve per cent. | Schools, in regard to their several depart-

whatever. I also recommend the adoption invade this State. Communications on the of a suggestion contained in the Surveyor subject were immediately sent to Washing-General's report that a specific tax be laid ton, urging that preparations for effective defence should not be delayed. Accordingly the War Department erected two new mili tions are required to deduct and pay into tary departments, viz: The Department the Treasury the tax on all loans contracted of the Motongahela, including that portion ly them. It is believed that a large addi- of the State lying west of the mountains, to be commanded by Maj. Gen. Brooks, and tention of this provision to all counties and the Department of the Susquehanna, comto all corporations private or public. I re- prising the remainder of the State, and to on mend that it be extended. be commanced by Maj. Gen. Couch. Ear-4. A tax on the gross-receipts of all rail- by in June, Maj. Gen Couch arrived at road and canal companies would, it is be Harrisburg and assumed command of his department, which he has since exercised Upon satisfactory, reports, according to with the soldierlike promptness, there's and law, made by Colonel John A. Wright, I discretion which were to be expected from have drawning warrants for the delivery to his known character. The rebels having the Philadelphia and Eric Railroad coffigury actualy entered the State in some force, and the approach of their whole army being imminent, the President made a requisition for Militia from this and some of the neighthere can be no reasonable doubt of the early | boring States, and several regiments from empletion of the work, and, when comple. New York and New Jersey were prompttel, it is confidently expected that the bonds | ly sent, and our own volunteer militia began held by the State, secured on the road for to assemble, but some embarrasaments arri \$4.500,000, will become good interest-paying | sing, the President assented to a call by the Executive of the State, which was accor-I renew most earnestly the recommenda- dingly made. Under these calls 5.160 of in made in my last annual message of a rest the men of Pennsylvania were assembled in sion of the militia laws. They are at pres- the Department of General Brooks, and cal shamefully defective. Indeed, if by a | 31,422 in that of Gen. Couch. To give the demilkin law is meant a law intended to pro- tails, or even a summary of the operations de for so enrolling and organizing the which ensued would be impracticable within military force of the State that it may be put the limits of a message. It is unnecessary to into service when required, we may be said | do so, as I have recomended the adoption of whave no militia law. In each of the last measures for preserving the history of our Mr. Starr of Curwensville who was living two years I have been obliged to call out the several regiments and other organizations, militia, but in fact those who obeyed the and in that history the events to which I thrown into the street by order of the owncall were volunteers and, with some excep- have referred will be recorded. It is due, er. A cradle, in which was lying an infant tions, were wholly unorganized, so that al- however, to the men who came torward, child was carried out and set into the snow most in face of the enemy, time had to be that I should say now that they made long in the street gutter, and but for the timely consumed in distributing the mea into com- and laborious marches in parts of this and arrival of a kind-hearted neighbor, who aspames and regiments, in electing officers and other States which had been plundered by sisted the woman to his house, she too other preparations for effective organi- the rebels, suffered great privations, and would have been turned into the street, alwere frequently in conflict with the enemy; though she had been confined but a week or In the report of the Adjutant General and on all occasions acted in obedience to two previously. The weather was exceedwill be found a list of the Pennsylvania re- military discipline and orders, and with cour- ingly cold at the time. The reason assigned sments and a statement showing the sever- age and endurance. Some of the militia alarmies and departments in which they are | called in 1862, and in 1863, were killed and | Mr. S. to vote for Woodward at the last fall how serving. In this connection, I suggest others disabled. In all these cases, where the propriety of legislative authority being there are no laws for the relief of these given for the preparation of a history of each | men or their families, I recommend the The campaign on our soil was closed by

as they may in time be lost or destroyed, eran Army of the Potomac, under the comthe making of such a record as I propose mand of Major General Meade, the officers should not be deferred. It is due alike to and men of which displayed all their accusthe living and the dead that this supject tomed valor and endurance in the conflict, and in the forced and rapid marches which immediately preceded it. Under Divine ments to the Constitution, giving to citizens | Providence, to them and to the military genius and unsurpassed energy of General to service. The following is the Meade, and the promptness and selfsacrificing gallantry of General Reynolds, we are inby as possible, so that such citizens may debted for succes on that bloody field. We are proud to claim Generals Meade and Revelections. This would be only doing justice | nolds as sons of our own Pennsylvania. The the brave men who are periling their lives first lives to enjoy the most precious of all rewards, the grateful appreciation of his ent States, have been or will be, taken into countrymen. The latter fell in the very consideration by the President so as to front of the battle, and we can only pay homage to his memory. Whatever honors have been at any time devised to commemomay decline further service. I am happy to rate the virtues of a patriot -of a true fearless, loyal citizen and soldier, he has abundare re-culisting. Efforts are making by my- antly deserved. His surviving companions in | be taken in relation to the persons drafted elf and by the people in various portions of arms claim the right, of themselves erecting last fall. the State to procure a sufficient number of a monument to him on the field on which he volunteers, and with a promise of success, fell, and it would not be well to interfere stovided a reasonable time be allowed for with their pious intention. But I hope he purpose. Meanwhile persons profess- that the Legislature will place upon the

It would be unjust to omit referring again

vania have extended their open handed be- the State without the authority of the Governmenced. Not only have they sent 277,uniteer service of any other State. Many of taneously contributed by them, under the our counties and townships have filled their active care of thousands of our women, quota at a large expense, and in others they | (faithful unto death,) for the sick and wounare in course of doing the same by offers of ded and prisoners, as well as for our armies liberal bounties and provisions for the fami- in the field. Their patriotic benevolence lies of volunteers, and it is not right that seems to be inexhaustible. To every new liberal. When intelligence was received of the barbarian starvation of our prisoners at Richmond, the garners of the whole State were instantly thrown open, and before any similar movement had been made elsewhere, I was already employed on behalf of our people in efforts to secure the admisssion through the rebel lines of the abundant supplies provided for the relief of our suffering brethren. Those of our citizens who have fallen into the habit of disparaging our great Commonwealth and the unsurpassed efforts of her people should blush when they look on this picture.

That this unnatural rebellion may be speedily and effectually crushed, we lie-allunder the obligation of the one paramount duty-that of vigorously supporting our Government in its measures to that end. To the full extent of my official and individual ability it shall be supported, and I rely heartily upon your co-operation. I am ready for all proper measures to strengthen its | sire to return to their allegiance, "as will arms-to encourage its upholders-to stimulate by public liberality, to themselves and their families, the men who give to it their nersonal service-in every mode to invigorate its action. We are fighting the great Just so; but you endorse it when you prebattle of God-of truth-of right-of liber- face it by the words "well says." However, The Almighty has no attribute that can favor our savage and degenerate enemies. No people can submit to territorial dismemberment without becoming contemptible in | tember 23d, 1863, in referring to the Presiits own eyes and in those of the world. But | dent's proclamation suspending the habeas it is not only against territorial dismemberment that we are struggling, but against the destruction of the very ground work of our whole political system. The ultimate question truly at issue is the possibility of the hitherto effected neither purpose, but I do permanent existence of a powerful Repub-That is the question to be now solved, and by the blessing of God, we mean that it shall not be our fault if it be not solved fa-

We have, during the past year, made mighty strides toward such a solution and to first endeavor to leave the impression that all human appearance we approach its com- all classes of men are in danger of losing pletion. But whatever reverses may happen-whatever blood and treasure may still be required—whatever sacrifices may be necessary-there will remain the inexorable determination of our people to fight out this merates "prisoners of war, spies, or aiders thing to the end-to preserve and perpetuate this Union. They have sworn that not one star shall be reft from the constellation, nor its clustered brightness be dimmed by treason and savagery, and they will keep their oath.

A. G. CURTIN.

Raftsman's Hournal.

CLEARFIELD, PA., JAN. 13, 1864.

The weather continues cold, and the road are in excellent condition for hauling timber.

AT HOME—quite a number of our Clearfield boys, on a thirty days furlough. They all look hearty.

CROWDED OUT-by the Message a number of articles intended for this issue-"Leroi among the rest.

We have been informed that, on New-Year's day, a little girl named Smith of Penn township, in going to school, was so badly frozen that she died on the following

Correction. - In our notice of the number of men who went into the urmy under the last draft, we stated that but one had gone from Union township. We are informed that two have gone from that town-

THE UNION TOWNSHIP ELECTION. - We are informed that the Union men in Union town-hip, at the recent township election, elected every man for whom they voted notwithstanding the strenuous efforts of the | ren in Christ! She died in the religioushe Copperheads to elect their ticket. Well professed. May God sanctify this dispensadone for little Union.

AN OUTRAGE.-We have been reliably in a rented house, had his household goods Gone, but not lost. for this outrage, it is said, was the refusal of election. Such is the story as related to us. We withhold the names of the parties concerned in this inhuman procedure, as we understand that legal proceedings have been instituted against them, when the facts in the case will be fully developed.

IMPORTANT TO DRAFTED MEN IN 1862.-Department, delivered an opinion, some time since, on the question of liability to serve, of men drafted in Pennsylvania, in 1862, but who have never been mustered in-

OPINION :-Militia men drafted under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania, not having been mustered into the service of the United States, cannot lawfully be treated as deserters. Inasmuch as the number of troops and the length of their service in the differequalize the same among the States in the draft which is soon to be ordered under the act of 1863, and as the deficit of troops of Pennsylvania will thus be made up, it is my opinion that no further proceedings should

MARRIED:

At Philipsburg, on January 7th, 1864, by A. A. Bradin, Esq., Mr. EDWARD S. TUR-NER, to Miss CATHARINE KEPHART, both of Boggs township, Clearfield county.

On Dec. 31st, in Morris township by Rev. M. L. Jackson, Elder Manyers H. The 12th section of the act of 15th May, to the loyal spirit of our people, which has Moyer, of Kersey, Elk county, and Miss prohibits any volunteers from leaving been evinced in every mode since this war MARTHA A. SWARTZ of Morris township.

Perversion.

The editors of the Copperhead organ in their last issue challenge us to show "a single instance wherein" they perverted "the President's language." Facts which are so patent among all intelligent readers need no Cut it out, and send for the Medicine at once. Be proof; 'but to gratify the "self-righteous" whims of our Copperhead friends we will try to please them for once, and to do this we need not go far. On the outside of the very issue in which they throw out the challenge, several matters appear as original. among them the following :

" Bes The Bedford Gazette, speaking of the President's proclamation, well says: "He [the President] argues thus: To restore the Union is to save negro slavery: therefore, I. Abraham Lincoln, preferring the freedom of the negro to the restoration of the Union, will impose such conditions upon those persons in the revolted States who may be willing to return to their allegiance, as will send them back into the arms of Secession.

Now, we consider that a most egregious perversion" of the language of the President. He never said that he preferred "the freedom of the negro to the restoration of the Union;" neither does he say that he "will impose such conditions" upon those who desend them back into the arms of Secession." But, say these astute fellows, that is not our language, it is that of another. lest they are not satisfied with this proof, we will cite another. In their issue of Sepcorpus in certain cases, they say:

"LIBERTY SUSPENDED !-Yes, that is the word: Our personal liberties are suspended during the pleasure of his Excellency Abraham Lincoln, President of the United

True, further on, they say, "in cases connected with the military and naval service." But, in the sentence quoted, they their "personal liberties;" which, every intelligent man in the country knows is not the fact, for the President distinctly enu or abbetters of the enemy; or officers, soldiers, or seamen, enrolled, drafted or mustered or enlisted in or belonging to the 'land or naval forces of the United States, or as deserters therefrom, or for resisting a draft, or for any other offence "against the military or naval service," as the cases in which the suspension of that writ intervenes. Now, if the editors of that sheet are guilty of being "spies, or niders whenever called upon. Charges moderate whenever called upon. JOHN M'QUILKIN. the draft." then, perhaps, they might be in danger of being deprived of their "personal liberties." and their assertions might have some show of truth; but, no loyal, peaceful, true Union man, and a firm friend of his rovernment, was in danger of having his personal liberties suspended"-and hence, the editors of the Copperhead organ have either grossly "perverted." or willfully misrepresented the language of the President, in the above extract. We term it "perversion," but they are at liberty to call it willful misrepresentation if they desire. Let them choose which horn of the dilemma they like, the fact still remains.

DIED : At her residence in Boggs township, Clearfield county, Dec. 27th, 1863, SARAH SHAW, wife of JAMES SHAW, aged 56 years. I month and 7 days. She was for many years a worthy member of the United Breth-

tion of his providence to the good of the be-On December 29th, ALEXANDER son of informed that on Thursday evening last, a John and Sarah Peters of Bradford township, aged 3 years, 10 months an 19 days.

Mew Advertisements.

Advertisements set in large type, cuts, or out of usual style will be charged double price for space accupied

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.— The partnership heretofore existing between Denmark & Spencer in the Foundry business in Lumber-city, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 24th day of November, 1863. The beeks remain in the hands of J. M. Spencer for c-Hection. D. J. DENMARK, January, 13, 1864.-pd. J M. SPENCER.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the Estate of John Patchin late of Burnside township, Clearfield county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned; all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having Hon, William Whiting, Solicitor of the War claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement A. W. PATCHIN,

JACK PATCAIN, Executors January 1, 1863. STATEMENT of the Clearfield County Bank for the month ending Dec. 31st, 1863 Bills discounted. : Pennsylvania State loans, 58.998 41 Due from other banks, 8.852 48 6.053 00 Notes of other banks.

U. S. Demand and Legal Tender notes, 1,763 26 Checks, drafts, &c. Over drafts, 200 72 315 21 United States Revenue stamps, 400 00 Due Commonwealth, (special) 285 19 Loss and Expenses. \$197.468 14 Total amount of assets. : : LIABILITIES. \$50,000 00 Capital stock, paid in. : 42.762 00 Notes in circulation, : : : 84-464 61 Due depositors, : Due certificates of deposit, *13,011 95 Due Commonwealth, 315 00 2.135 30 Due Banks. : 4.779 28 Interest and exchange, Total amount of liabilities, : : : : \$197,468 14 JAMES B. GRAHAM, Cashier. \$197,468 14 Clearfield, Pa., Dec. 31, 1863,

A LARGE STOOK OF GLASS, paints, oils, white lead, etc., at E. A. IRVIN'S

white lead, etc., at

THE GREAT DIVERTIC. HENBOLD'S EXPEAUT BUCHU. THE GREAT DIVERTIN HEMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

And a positive and Specific Remedy for Diseases of the Blader, Gravel, Kidneys, Dropsy, Organic Weakness. And all diseases of the Urinary Orware of Counterfaits.

MADARE PORTER'S CURATIVE BALSAN has long tested the truth that there are first principles in Medicine as there is in Science, and this Medi-cine is compounded on principles suited to the manifold nature of Man. The cure of Colds is in keeping open the pores and creating a gentle in-ternal warmth, and this is caused by the use of this Medicine. Its remedial qualities are based on its power to assist the healthy and vigorous circulation of blood through the lungs, it enlivens the muscles and assists the skin to perform its duties of regulating the heat of the system and in gently throwing off the waste substance from the surface of the body It is not a violent remedy, but emollient, warming, searching and effec-tive. Sold by all druggist at 13 and 25 cts a bottle.

[COMMUNICATED] - Pulmonary consumption a ear-able disease!!! A CARD.

To Consumptives .- The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, consumption-is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it. he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which beconceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing Parties wishing the prescription will please address

LEV EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburgh, Kings Co., N.Y.

NOTICE —By a resolution of the Managers of the Philipsburg and Susquehanna Turnpike Road Company, it was resolved to enfoice the law on any person, or persons, that would obstruct said road by laying or leaving timber, or any other obstruction, so as to interfere with the general travel.

B. HARTSHORN, President. Attest, E. F. Lloyd, Sec'y.

TRAY HEIFFER.-Came tresspassing STRAY HEIFFER - Came tresspassing on the premises of the subscriber in Burnside township, about the 9th of September last, a black heiffer with white back and white belly, a swallow-fork in right ear and a crop out of the under part of the left, and is supposed to have been two years old last Spring. The owner is requested to come forward prove property, pay charges and take her away or she will be sold as the law di-JACOB YINGLING. January 5, 1864-pd.

FOR RENT, -The subscriber wishes to rent or lease his farm lying in Woodward township. Clearfield county, Pa. The improvements consist of about one hundred and ten acres of land in a good state of cultivation, a large bearing orchard of choice fruit, a large and commodious plank house with a neverfailing spring of water convenient to the door, a log barn and other out-buildings Any person wishing to cent a farm for a number of years, applying soon and being well recommended, will get a good bargain

Jan 6 1864. WM.-B. ALEXANDER

A UCTIONEER.—The undersigned having been Licensed an Auctioneer, would inform the citizens of Clearfield county that he will at tend to calling sales, in any part of the county. Address, P.

Bower Po., Clearfield co., Pa. N. B. Persons calling sales without a proper li cense are subject to a penalty of \$60, which provision will be enforced against those who may violate the same.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT PRI-VATESALE.—The undersigned will dis-pose of, at private sale, the following described property, situate in New Millport, Clearfield coun-Pa., to wit. One Steam Saw-mill; a Gristmillthat can be run either by steam or water or with the two combined; two good dwelling houses, one new with a large kitchen attached; a new Store house 18 by 35 feet, and about 100 acres of land, with a good barn and other out buildings thereon. About 30 scres of the land is cleared and under good cultivation, the balance is well timbered. A well of excellent water is near the loor of the house and the water power is a good one. Any person desirous of purchasing a prop-ty of this description is invited to call and see the premises. The terms will be made to suit the purchaser. New Millport. Dec. 30, 1863. M. O. STIRK

RELIEF NOTICE .- The Board of Relief for the county of Clearfield, will meet at the Commissioners' office in Clearfield, on Wednesday and Thursday, the 27th and 28th days of December, A. D. 1863.

The Board of Relief have directed that the wife of the soldier must appear before the board, and produce her sworn statement, detailing name of oldier, regiment and company, and when enlisted; the number of children, with age and sex of each; the t-waship in which they resided at the time of enlistment, and their present residence; and that she is without the means of support for herself and children who are dependent upon her, Two witnesses of credibility from the township

in which she resides, must also be produced whose certificate (sworn to before the Board of Relief) must set forth that the applicant is the person she represents herself to be, that the statement of the number and age of her family is true, that she is in destitute circumstances and her family in ac tual want, and that all the facts set forth in her application are correct and true. Forms containing these requisitions can be ob-tained at the Office of the Board of Relief, when application is made and the witnesses appear.

N. B. Illness of the applicant, properly proven, will excuse personal attendance WM. S BRADLEY, Clerk.

WINTER GOODS,

WILLIAM F. IRWIN'S STORE, ON MARKET ST., CLEARFIELD, PA.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST Seasonable Goods ARE TO BE HAD AT THE

CHEAP CASH STORE. The undersigned has just received from the Eastern cities a large and well selected stock of the most seasonable goods, which he can dispose of at the reasonable prices. His friends and custom

ers are invited to examine his stock of goods, and ascertain the prices before purchasing elsewhere as he teels persuaded none undersell him. His stock embraces a well selected assortment of

DRY-GOODS AND NOTIONS, Hardware, Queensware, GROCERIES. DRUGS, OILS, PAINTS AND GLASS,

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS AND CAPS. BUCKETS AND BASKETS, School Books and Stationary, NAILS AND SALT,

And a great variety of other useful articles, all which will be sold cheap for cash, or exchanged for approved produce. Go to the "cheap cash store" if you want to buy goods at fair prices. January 1, 1864. WM F IRWIN.

HEMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. THE GREAT DIURETIC. | NOT ALCOHOLIC.

A Highly Concentrated VEGETABLE EXTRACT. A PURE TONIC.

DOCTOR HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

PREPARED BY Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philad'a, Pa.

Will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Chronic or Nervous Debility, Dis-eases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver br Stomach, such as Constipation, Inward Piles. Fulness or blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach Nausca, Heartburn,

Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart. Choking or Suffocating Sau sations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision. Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fe-

ver and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellow-ness of the Skin and Eyes, Pein in the Side. Back Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh. Constant Imaginings of Evil, and

great Depression of Spirits.

From Rev. J. Newton Brown, D. D. Editor of
the Encyclopedia of Religious Knowledge. Although not disposed to favor or recommend Patent Medicines in general, through distrust of their ingredients and effects; I yet know of no sufficient reasons why a man may not testify to the benefits he believes himself to have received

from any simple preparation in the hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others. I do this the more readily in regard to Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, of this city, because I was prejudiced a gainst them for many years, under the impression that they were chiefly an elcoholic mixture am indebted to my friend Robert Shoemaker, Esq., for the removal of this prejudice by proper ests, and for encouragement to try then uffering from great and long continued debility. The use of three bettles of these Bitters, at the ginning of the present year, was followed by evident relief, and restoration to a degree of bodily and mental vigor which I had not felt for six aths before, and had almost despaired of regaining. I therefore thank God and my friend

or directing me to the use of them. Philad'a., June, 23, 1861. J. Newron Brown.

PARTICULAR NOTICE. There are many preparations sold under the nam of Bitters put up in quart bottles, compounded of the cheapest whiskey or common rum, costing from 20 to 40 cents per gallon, the taste dis-

guised by Anise or Coriander Seed. This class of Bitters has caused and will continue to cause, as long as they can be sold, hundreds to die the death of the drunkard. By their use the system is kept continually under the influ ence of Alcoholic Stimulants of the worst kind the desire for Liquor is created and kept up, and the result is all the horrors attendant upon a drunk-

ard's life and death. For those who desire and will have a Liquor Bitters, we publish the following receipt. Get One Bottle Hoofland's German Betters and mix with Three Quarts of Good Brandy or Whiskey, and the result will be a preparation that will far eccel in medicinal virtues and true excellence any of the numerous Liquor Bitters in the mark-ct, and will cost much less. You will have all the virtues of Hoofland's Bitters in connection with a good article of Liquor, at a much less price than these inferior preparations will cost you

ATTENTION, SOLDIERS ! AND THE FRIENDS OF SOLDIERS.

We call the attention of all having relations or iends in the army to the fact that German Bitters" will cure nine tenths of the diseases induced by exposures and privations inci-dent to camp life. In the lists, published almost daily in the newspapers, on the arrival of the sick, it will be noticed that a very large propor-tion are suffering from debility. Every case of that kind can be readily oured by Hoofland's German Bitters. Diseases resulting from disorders of the digestive organs are speedily removed. We have no hesitation in stating that, if these Bitters were freely used among our soldiers hundreds of lives might be saved that otherwise will be lost We call particular attention to the following remarkable and well authenticated cure of one tho

nation's heroes, whose life. to use his own lan-

guage, "has been saved by the Bitters :

PATLABELPHIA, August 23rd, 1862

Messes Jones & Evans.—Well, gentlemen, your
Hoofland's German Bitters has sared my life. There is no mistake in this. It is vouched for by numbers of my comrades, some of whose names are appended, and who were fully cognizant of circumstances of my case. I am. and have been for the last four years, a member of Sherman's celebrated battery, and under the immediate command of Capt. R B. Ayres. Through the expo sure attendant upon my duties, I was attacked in November last with inflammation of the lungs, and was for seventy-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed from the White House, and sent to this city on board the Steamer "State of Maine," from which I landed on the 28th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow any thing, and if I did force a morsel down, it was

immediately thrown up again. I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archer, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a ciergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited me. An acquaintance who visited me at the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinborn, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the gloomy shadow of death receded, and I am now thank God for it, getting better. Though I have taken but two bottles. I have gained ten pounds. and I feel sanguine of being permitted to rejoin my wife and daughter, from whom I have heard nothing for eighteen months; for gentlemen, I am a loyal Virginian, from the vicinity of Front Royal. To your invaluable Bitters I owe the certainty of life which has taken place of vague fears -to your Bitters will I owe the glorious privi-lege of again clasping to my bosom those who are dearest to me in life,

Very truly yours, We fully concur in the truth of the above statement as we had despaired of seeing our comrade, Mr. Malone, restored to health.

Jons Guddleback, 1st New York Battery. GEO. A. ACKLEY, Co. C. 11th Maine. LEWIS CHEVALIER, 92d New York. I. E. Spencer, 1st Artillery, Battery F. J. B. Fasewell, Co. B, 3d Vermont. HENRY B. JEROMA, Co. B. 3d Vermont. HENRY T. MACHONALD, Co. C. 6th Maine. JOHN F. WARD, Co. E, 5th Maine. HERMAN KOCH, Co. H, 72d New York. NATHANIEL B. TROMAS, Co. F. 95th Penn s. ANDREW J. KIMBALL, Co. A. 3d Vermont. JOHN JENKINS, Co. B. 106th Penn'a.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS! See that the signature of "C. M. JACKSON," is on the wrapper of each bottle.

PRICE PER BOTTLE 15 CENTS, OR HALF DOZ. FOR \$4 00. Should your nearest druggist not have the article, do not be put off by any of the intoxicating preparations that may be offered in its place, but send to us, and we will forward, securely packed,

y express.

Principal Office and Manufactory, No. 631 Arch

JONES & EVANS, Street. (Successors to C. M. Jackson & Co.,) Proprietors. For Sale by Hartswick & Huston, Clearfield, Penn'a, and Druggists and Dealers in every town in the United States. [July 8, 1863.

COOK STOVES and Parlor stoves, (for either coal or wood.) and stove pipe, for sale cheap J. B. THOMPSON, Curwensville,