THE RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL.

Raftsman's Journal. BY SANCEL J. BOW

CLEARFIELD, PA., OCT. 7, 1863.

UNION STATE TICKET. FOR GOVERNOR, ANDREW G. CURTIN, of Centre County JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT. DANIEL AGNEW, of Beaver County UNION DISTRICT TICKET. FOR ASSEMBLY. JOHN MAHAFFEY, of Clearfield co. FRANK BELL, of M'Kean county. UNION COUNTY TICKET.

FOR TREASURER, ROBERT MITCHELL, Clearfield Borough JAMES GLENN, of Ferguson township JOHN RUSSELL, of Penn township.

OUR COUNTY TICKET.

We would urge upon our friends through out the county the importance of our county ticket. Don't neglect it. Give it your hearty support. It is composed of good men.

JOHN MAHAFFEY, is one of the nominees of the Union party for Assembly. He is widely and favorably known in this county as a man of no ordinary ability. His education, business tact, honesty and uprightness are unexceptionable, and fully appreciated by those who know him best. Should he be elected, he will give no cause of regret to those who support him, and will be a credit to the intelligence of the county. We hope that the Uwion men of the county will use all fair and honorable means to secure his election. Men of Clearfield, he is deserving of your votes. and we expect to see an unusually heavy vote polled for him. Shall we be disappointed ? We await your answer.

FRANK BELL, of M'Kean county is the oth er candidate for Assembly. He has beencrippled in fighting the battles of his country. A man of intelligence and strict business habits, and well calculated to discharge the duties of the position for which he has been nominated. We hope that our friends will give him a full vote, and if so, we anticipate his election, as we have the assurance that he will receive a greatly increased vote in his own county. BOBERT MITCHELL, our candidate for Treasurer, is one of the best men in the county. He is intelligent and competent, and will discharge the duties of the office with fidelity should be elected. Il is honesty and integrity and business habits are unexceptionable, and a better man for the position cannot be found. Let the people support him if they desire a faithful and accommodating county Treasurer. JAMES GLENN, the candidate for Commissioner, is a man fully competent to discharge the duties of the office for which he is named. He is a crippled soldier, having lost one of his legs in the battle of Drainesville. Being a man without means, he must depend upon his individual exertions for a livelihood. We hope that the people of Clearfield county, without distinction of party, will remember him at the polls on Tuesday next.

THE BALL ROLLS ON !

The Hos. GEORGE M. DALLAS, formerly Vice President of the United States,-perhaps the oldest Democrat, except Gen. Cass, now in the Union .- has expressed his determination to vote for Governor Curtia. He is a Democrat, not a Copperhead, and is in favor of sustaining the Government and crushing ont the Rebellion. All honor to a true patriot ! Col. H. L. BROWN of the 145th Penn's Reg-

iment, having been nominated for the Legislature by the Copperheads of Erie, as a true Democratic patriot declines the nomination and says : "This is no day for dealing in politics, only so far as to place men in civil positions that will bring to the Government the entire strength of the country, both in blood and treasure, until this rebellion is crushed. My Democracy teaches me that my place is in the field, upholding in my humble way the flag of our country. No Patriot at this time will recognize any party save the one that unconditionally sustains the Government in its struggle against traitors."

HON. THOMAS CUNNINGHAM, of Beaver county also long the leader of the Democratic party in that county, and a delegate and one of the vice-Pr sidents of the Charleston Convention, has avowed himself in favor of the Union ticket. He delivered an eloquent and powerful speech in Washington on Saturday, and will continue to speak until the election. COL. WM. H. BLAIR, a life long Democratic

leader in Centre County, has taken the stump for Curtin. Col. Blair is a fearless and effective speaker, whose advocacy for Curtin will do much to break up the crazy opposition waged against the Governor in Centre county.

A NEWSPAPER, called the Speciator, printed in the German language, and published in Erie, has taken down the names of Woodward and Lowrie, and ranged itself under the banner of Curtin and Agnew.

HON. JOHN CESSNA, of Bedford, late speak. er of the Honse of Representatives, and elector at large on the Douglas ticket in 1860, a most uncompromising Democrat heretofore, is out for Curtin and Agnew.

HON. WILLIAM M. HIESTER, Secretary of the Commonwealth in the Packer administration, has also openly avowed himself in favor of the Union and opposed to the election of Woodward.

COL. R. BIDDLE ROBERTS. Chairman of the Breckinridge State Central Committee in 1860, taken the stump in favor of Gov. Curtin.

Thus the ball rolls on, and true patriots without regard to party, rally round the Union flag, and stand by the Government. On next Tuesday evening, the greatest Union victory will be celebrated, that has been achieved during the war.

WOODWARD IN FAVOR OF SECESSION.

BULLETS AND BALLOTS.

It requires no arguments to demonstrate, that the result of the election on next Tuesday will exercise a most potent influence on the progress of the War for the suppression of the Rebellion. On the one hand, if Pennsylvania, by a triumphant re-election of Governor Curtin, shall demonstrate her unswerving purpose to sustain the Administration at Washington in prosecuting the war until every traitor in rebellion is compelled to lay down his arms, it will be as stern and severe a disaster to the rebels as the deteat of their armies upon the common buttle-field. It will blight their fairest prospects-enteeble their most powerful efforts-destroy the probability of Foreign intervention, and demonstrate the utter hopelessness of their cause. It will encourage the hearts and nerve the arms of our gallant soldiers and sailors-it will crush out an annoying and pestilent opposition to the Government-and it will hind together more closely and firmly the loyal men in all the loval States for a last and mightier effort, to result in final and overwhelming victory.

But, on the other hand, the election of Woodward, would be hailed as a victory in every rebel State, and by every traitor in the land. It would cripple the Government-discourage the army, and encourage opposition -bring about foreign intervention-prolong the war-cause another draft-cost thousands of additional lives-and fill the land still more full of maimed men, widowed women, and fatherless children.

On Tuesday, then, is to be fought one of the greatest battles of the war-not with bullets, but with ballots. Patriots ! shall it be victory or defeat ? Shall the sun go down upon our starry flag dishonored, or shall his last ray gild that gorgeous banner, as it floats triumphantly over a defeated foe, while every stripe and star, though voiceless, proclaims that Pennsylvania is unfaltering in her devotion to the Union, in her enmity to treason, in her undying fealty to Liberty and Right !

THE RESULT IN PENNSYLVANIA

The Woodward State Central Committee have just made up their estimate of the vote for Governor at the ensuing election, based upon the report of their party friends in the different counties. A War Democrat, supposed by them to be wall right on the goose," called at the Committee rooms in Philadel phia in the forepart of last week to ascertain is now an unconditional Union man, and has how their estimate footed up. He was shown the 'calculation,' which elected Woodward.of course, but by a bare majority of 6,600 votes. Looking over the counties to see how this result was obtained, he found Berks reported to give 7,800 for G. W. Woodward ; Montgomery, 1800; Schuylkill, 5.000; York, 8.000, and so on, while in Philadelphia, Lancaster, Allegheny, &c., the majorities for Curtin were correspondingly reduced. The Woodwardites n the Committee as good as conceded that the sgame was up,' unless Lee could be induced to make another raid into Pennsylvania about election time. This was their only hope. The Union State Committee have also made up their table of probable majorities upon data furnished by reliable parties in the different counties. In their calculation Berks is set down at 6000 majority for Woodward, (more than she can give.) Schuylkill 3,000; Montgomery 1200, &c. Philadelphia 6,000 for Curtin; Lancaster 5,500, Allegheny 6,000, &c. The result foots up about 20,000 major ity for Curtin in the State.

HOW THE SOLDIERS VOTE. If the Woodwardites did not know that the soldiers were not copperheads, they would vociferously advocate their voting. It is because they are perfectly convinced that they

would vote against their candidate, that they have refused to assess them in many localities, and use every means to prevent them from exercising the right of suffrage. The 51st Pennsylvania Volunteers, now sta-

tioned at Crab Orchard, Ky., and which has been reduced by two years' hard service to 300 men fit for duty of whom 236 are present with the colors, recently concluded to take a vote for Governor. The result was as follows : Curtin . . . 208 | Woodward . . 28

In the 5th and 10th Penn'a Reserves a vote was taken which resulted as follows : Fifth, Curtin . . . 310 | Woodward . . 12

Woodward . . 9 Tenth,Curtin . . . 383 A vote was taken in the 155th Penn'a Volunteers, on duty near Baltimore, and resulted. Curtin . . . 323 | Woodward . . 10 The vote in the Old Bucktails stands thus, Curtin . . . 308 | Woodward . . 7

Were the Pennsylvania soldiers to vote a the State Election, Cartin's majority would doubtless exceed the 30,000 by which he was elected in 1860. Yet the party which keeps its men at home to vote, and denies the Right of Suffrage to Volunteers in the service of their country, is constantly inquiring, "Why don't the Republicans go to War ?" &c., &c. They told us that there were more Democrats in the army than Republicans. If they be-

lieve it, why do'nt they let them vote?

Recently, all the convalescent soldiers in our hospitals, have been furloughed and discharged, without regard to party. This has revived the ire of the Woodwardites. They say they were sent home to vote for Curtin, and in many places they have refused to assess them. They regard it as a terrible outrage that these men, who have been maimed and wounded in defence of their country, should be permitted to exercise the right of franchise. We can assure them, however, that

all their howling will not prevent the soldiers from voting. All over Pennsylvania, in every township of the State, there will be gallant meu-some without arms, some without legs, some without eyes,-maimed, crippled and blind,-who will, next Tuesday, step up to the polls and deposit their ballots for Andrew G. Curtin "the soldiers friend," Is there a man, worthy the name, who would dare to prevent them ? Shall the citizen be permitted to vote, because he pays money, in the shape of taxes, to carry on the Government,and the soldier, who has endured hardship. trial and fatigue; been wounded and maimed and risked his life, not only to carry on the Government but to preserve it from absolute destruction, be deprived of that right? It is bad enough to deprive the soldier in the field of the right to vote, but to attempt such an

SPEECH AND DEATH OF FRANCIS J. GRUND

Francis J. Grund, widely known as a Democratic politician, and late Editor of the Age (Phil'a) recently renonnced the support of Geo. W. Woodward, and came out for Curtin. He made a most eloquent and able speech at the Union League Rooms in Philadelphia, on Monday evening of last week. He explained that he could not stand the doctrines sought

to be propagated by the proprietors of The Age, and therefore ceased to be its editor on the 17th of July; the articles calling Davis "President" were not his-he would not have given the traitor that title for the sea's worth. He said if Judge Woodward would come out squarely on a full war platform and avow himself in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war until the Rebels lay down their arms, he

would work and vote for him ; if, on the contrary, he supports the war only conditionally. or if, "sharing the opinions of Mr. Calhoun. he holds, as I honestly believe he holds, that the Federal Government has no right to coerce one or more sovereign States which dare to raise the standard of Secussion and Rebeliop against the lawful authority of the Uni ed States, then, whatever objection I might peretofore have had to the re-election of Gov. Curtin, I shall vote and labor for the success of that nominee whose election will best se cure the hearty co-operation of the patriotic people of Pennsylvania in the holy work of conquering and utterly crushing this wicked Rebellion."

On the Tuesday evening after the above speech was delivered, Mr. Grund suddenly died, and the circumstances attending his death are thus related by the Bullelin :

"Mr. Grund resided at No. 1719 Spruce street. It appears that at about eleven o'clock a crowd with a band of music started to serenade General McClellan. The serenading crowd were exceedingly noisy, and were groanng and cheering alternately. Mr. Grund was man of full habit and nervous temperment consequently easily excited. As the crowd passed his house matches were lighted, and ome of the party proceeded to examine the names and numbers upon the doors. Others were yelling and groaning, and cheers were given for McClellan, Woodward, and other rominent Democrats. With the scenes of iot and bloodshed in New York tresh in his memory, and judging from the character and movements of the gathering in front of his iouse, it was very natural that Mr. Grund should become excited and entertain fears for his life and property. No sooner were the flashes of light seen, and the cheers for Wood ward heard, than Mr. Grund hastily left his honse by the back door and ran all the way to the Fifth District Police Station, at Fifteenth and Locust streets. His visit there was no doubt to claim the protection of the police, but upon his arrival at the Station House he was so much exhausted by over-excitement that he could only say, in a tone almost inaudible, "Send for a doctor-bleed me !" Dr Huston was at once summoned, but it was too late. In ten minutes after leaving his home, Mr. Grund was a corpse. His death was caused by apoplexy, no doubt induced by alarm and excitement. Lieut. Paulin sent for the

WHO IS THE PATRIOT!

Is it that man who sustains his own govern. ment against her foesin time of war, or'is it he who, like Woodwand, is willing to surrender to the enemy territory in our possession am. ple enough to rival several powerful European countries in magnitude-and trust to their tender mercies for the termination of all dif. ficulties? These questions are easily answered by every candid and honest man, w. will expect a decision at the next election.

The enemies of the Union cause in Pennsyl. vania have not yet been able to discover a real soldier, who is willing to risk his reputation by stating that George W. Woodward is in favor of an honest prosecution of the war. and in favor of putting down the rebellion

EDITOR OF JOURNAL : DEAR SIE :-- With your pernission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail to all who w (free) a Recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will ef fectually remove. in 10 days, Pimples, Blotches Tan. Freekles, and all Impurities of the Skin eaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful. I will also mail free to those having Baid Heads or Bare Faces, symple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than 30 days All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours, r HOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist.

July 22,1863.-3mo. No. 831 Broadway, New York

MADAME PORTER'S CORATIVE BALSAM has long tested the truth that there are first principles in Medicine as there is in Science, and this Medi cine is compounded on principles suited to the nanifold nature of Man! The cure of Colds is in keeping open the pores, and creating a gentle in warmth, and this is caused by the use of ternal this Medicine. Its remediat qualities are based on its power to assist the healthy and vigorous circulation of blood through the lungs, it ends vens the muscles and assists the skin to perform

its duties of regulating the heat of the system and in gently throwing off the waste substance from the surface of the body It is not a violent remedy, but emollient, warming, searching and effective. Sold by all druggist at 13 and 25 ets a bottle.

[COMMUNICATED.]-Pulmonary consumption a cur-A CARD able discuse

To Consumptives .- The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a ve ry simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, consumption-is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it. he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address

Key EDWARD A. WILSON. Williamsburgh, Kings Co., N.Y. Sept. 23-4m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements set in large type, cuts, or aut of usual style will be charged double price for space occupies

JOHN RUSSELL, has been selected as our candidate for Auditor. He is favorably known in many portions of our county as a strict accountant and good business man, and will make a most excellent officer.

WHY CURTIN SHOULD BE ELECTED Andrew G. Curtin should be re-elected Goversor of Pennsylvania for the following plain reasons :

First-Because he has faithfully performed the duties devolving upon him, and has demonstrated his ability, by reducing the principal of the State debt, in a time of war, over nine hundred thousand dollars.

Secosp-Because he has faithfully sustained the Government in the prosecution of the war-furnishing promptly all the men asked for, and organizing a Reserve Corps which has been the pride and boast of the Commonwealth.

THIRD-Because he has administered to the wants of the soldiers ; cared for their interests ; alleviated their sufferings ; visited them in their camps ; watched over them in the hospitals; and devoted his best energies to their welfare.

FOURTE-Because he is the standard bearer of the Union cause, and his election will everywhere be regarded as the triumph of the friends of the Government over its enemies. It will give a new impetus to the vigorous prosecution of the War; raise the hopes of our friends in other States; encourage the soldiers ; crush out the copperheads ; and vindicate the loyalty of the Keystone State.

FIFTH-Because there is no shadow of sus picion resting upon his loyalty as a man. In the hour of his country's trial he has been faithful and true. To the support of the Government he has devoted the best energies of his life. He has been tried and not found wanting. In his bands the cause of Liberty and Union is safe.

LET IT BE REMEMBERED that, while Mr. Justice Woodward has given his intellect to the service of those who are enemies of the Union. and has fashioned many arguments for treason and disloyally, he has not said a word in favor who refuse soldier's votes. We want their of the country.

Judge Cunningham, for years the leader of

the Democratic party in Beaver county, has declared it his duty to support the Union ticket ; he has forsaken his party because his party has forsaken the Union. In a recent speech he said that Mr. Justice Woodward affirmed to him, last fall, that, "in his judgment, our only course was to withdraw all our armies north of Mason and Dixon's line, and offer terms to the rebel States." Yet, Mr. Justice Woodward has lately said, in a letter intended to influence the election, that he has always been in favor of the war. We know, too, that at the beginning of the war he said that the

South should be allowed to leave the Union peaceably. Can Mr. Justice Woodward reconcile these contradictions ? We cannot, nor can the people.

The Hon. Judge Kelly addressed an immente meeting at Williamsport on the 30th. His arguments were received with great enthusiasm. He stated that a short time before the breaking out of the rebellion, in the Supreme Court at Philadelphia, whilst the members of the bar of Chester and Delaware counties were awaiting the opening of the court, Judge Woodward, in a conversation with the gentlemen then present, made a statement, Inquirer of Sept. 224 : that should there be a separation between the North and the South, HE WOULD PREFER the line to be drawn north of Pennsylvania. For the truth of this statement Judge Kelly said he was authorized to refer to the Hon. John M. Broomall and Hon. Edward Darlington, of Media, Delaware county, and to N. V. Pennypacker, Esq., J. Smith Firthey, and Wil-

liam Barlington, of West Chester, who partic tpated in the conversation.

HOW TO CONTINUE THE WAR.

Elect Woodward Governor of Pennsylvania, and Vallandigham Governor of Ohio, and the war will, in all probability be prolonged for years, and every able bodied man in the country will have to be drafted. But re-elect Curtin in Pennsylvania, and elect John Brough in Ohio, and the rebels will be whipped before Christmas, because they will know that they cannot rely any longer upon the aid of the sympathizers in the North, neither would there be any fear of foreign intervention. No further drafts after the present one, would be required, and even those drafted will have but little to do, should their services be required at all.

It does not take much brains to understand this position, and those who will persist in voting for Copperheads under these circumstances, must be classed as enemies of the North, and friends of Jeff. Davis and his Government.

THE ONLY ISSUE

Before the poople of Pennsylvania is loyalty and disloyally to the Government. The parties were distinctly defined by the lamented Douglas, when he said "there can be but Patriots and Traitors" in this war. The representatives of these two classes are Curtin and Woodward. For which party will you

vote ?

Our friends should be careful to report the names of any members of election boards. names and the names of the soldiers.

Judging from the "signs of the times,"the great number of Democrats who are coming out in favor of Governor Curtin-the Union majority in the State will rather be above than anything below the figures given. Freemen, do your whole duty, and the result will be an overwhelming victory.

COPPERHEADS AND REBELS, ONE AND IDENTICAL.

Those who doubt the fact that Northern Copperheads and Southern Rebels, are one and the same, can abundantly satisfy themselves py reading the following from the Richmond

"Charleston and Chattanooga," says the Enquirer, "are the only points where the enemy present the least appearance of fight. Defeated at Chattanooga and driven back up on Nashville, the Vallaudigham men of Ohio would carry the election next month with little difficulty ; the peace men in the United States would once more assert their manhood, and choked their utterance."

Honest Democrats, read and ponder ! Are you prepared to rejoice over the defeat of the armies of the Union because it will bring victory to your party ? Will you continue to act with an organization thus in sympathy with rebels in arms ? Ask yourselves the questions. "Who would Jefferson Davis elect, it he had the power, for Governor of Pennsylvania ? Would it be Curtin or Woodward ? And shall I vote for the candidate of Jeff. Davis ? Shall I support and sustain the Rebellion ? While my sons and brothers and neighors are fighting to crush it, shall I vote it a new lease of life ?" In the name of God and Humanity-in the name of Liberty and Right, we appeal to every man to ponder these questions and answer them in view of the great responsibility that rests upon him in this crisis of his country's fate.

A VOICE FROM THE 56TH.

A private leter from a member of Company K, 56th P. V., formerly a Democrat, contains the following sentence : "Our regiment is for A. G. Curtin to a

man."

No wonder the Copperheads advise their followers to vote against the amendments to the Constituton, giving the soldiers the right to vote. Their triends, however, will attend to that when the proper time arrives.

SIGNIFICANT .- The Copperhead organs are growing more savage every day. They see a ghost in every shadow, and a constable in every man who wears a black skin. The handwritget out of the way.

outrage upon the wounded, disabled soldier at home, is enough to fire a heart of adamant with indignation, and will undoubtedly be visited with the withering scorn of every right thinking citizen. Should there be, in Clearfield county, a member of any election board who would be guilty of the despicable act of refusing a soldier's vote, let his name be registered and remembered, for a day of retribution will assuredly arrive.

NOT TO BE UNDERSTOOD.

A number of Judge Woodward's friends serenaded that gentleman at his residence in Philadelphia on Tuesday evening the 29th when the Judge made his appearance and spoke as follows :

"I have been honored by the call of my fellow citizens, but the call being an unexpected one, and having just returned from the Horticultural Fair, feel tired and worn out, and for this reason you must excuse me for not addressing you. If I should be elected Governor I would then feel it my duty to address you upon political questions, and then I will express my opinions in a language to be understood. Until that time comes I must be excused. I thank you for the compliment. I bid you good night."

This is worse than Mr. Buchanan in 1856, when he said his tongue was tied and the platform must speak for him. Woodward says when he is elected he will speak in "language to be understood." This, means that the language in which he speaks now is not intended to be understood. He expects his followers to "go it blind" and get their eyes open only speak out as they did before the late disasters after he is elected ! Is this the course for a candidate to pursue in such perilous times as these ?

A PLAIN PROPOSITION.

Can any intelligent man doubt that the prospects of the Woodwardites would be brightened by a disaster to the armies of the Union t linews was to arrive that Rosecrans was driven from Chattanooga, or that Gillmore had been compelled to abandon the siege of Charleston, would not the chances of Woodward's election be increased a thousand fold ? What kind of a party must that be, then, whose success is promoted by the country's misfortunes,-which draws its vitality from the life-blood of our soldiers, and ris, page 174. flourishes best on the miserles and socrows of the nation ? What patriot will support a cause whose fortunes rise with the success, and fall with the defeat of the armed enemies of his country ? What better proof that the purposes of Northern Copperheads and Southern Rebels are identical ? Let every honest and intelligent citizens ponder these plain questions, and answer them at the polls.

A DEMOCRATIC SENTIMENT.

General John Cochrane tells his Democrat-

their Government cease from molesting, 1 will unite with any and all to compel them to lay down their arms."

These are the words of a strict Democrata supporter of John C. Breckinridge-and who remained by the organization until it became a part of the rebels conspiracy. No plainly and boldly expressed.

son of the deceased and endeavored to break the sad intelligence to him gradually, but when the young man heard of the demise of his father, he fainted and dropped upon the sidewalk, at Fifteenth and Locust streets. He was carried into the Station House, and several hours elapsed before he recovered his senses. Mrs. Grund, when tola of her husband's death, went out of her mind, and at last accounts was still insensible.

ORESTES A. BRONSON.

The gentleman whose name heads this no tice, and who has been long known as a distinguished writer from his connection with the celebrated Catholic Review that bears his name, recently delivered a powerful Union speech in Philadelphia, from which we make the following extract :-

We are not fighting States. We can't do it. We are fighting rebels. A State that secondes becomes a subject; rebelling it becomes a revolutionist. The war is a civil territorial war. including States and territories, and every rebel in it is a public enemy. We are not fighting that abstraction called a State.

Men can't be neutral in these times. How can a good son be neutral when he sees a man with a dagger at his mother's heart. Country is more than mother. It this is preserved other generations may grow and expand in glory. The neutral is not only a traitor, he is a cow ard. I have no sympathy with a party that seeks to come into power through peace. Give the rebels peace and you give them independence. The copperheads are deceived. Some of their leaders expect but a temporary secession. The South has no such an idea. They have used the northern Democrats ; how they intend in future to treat them, can be seen by the Richmond papers. This Union once dissolved can never be restored. We must elect such men to office as will push the war, and maintain the government. If we could raise three bundred thousand men be tween now and December, we should'nt have another battle. When well flogged, they will love us better than they did before. Le ns show ourselves their military superiors, and they will no longer trouble us.

THE BENCH AND THE STUMP.

George W. Woodward, through his platform and his stump speeches, teaches that the suspension of the habeas corpus act is unconstitutional. But what said George W. Woodward himself, when ten years ago the famous SHARPLESS case was before that Court. Here is what he says that martial law does. 9 Har-

. In adequate emergencies, martial law suspends the habeas corpus, inflicts summary punishments, and appropriates private properly, WITHOUT REGARD TO THE GUARANTIES OF THE CONSTITUTION. Inter arma silent leges."

Now, however, martial law is unconstitutional; the suspension of the habeas corpus is unconstitutional; the draft is unconstitutional; war taxes are unconstitutional; employing negroes to fight is unconstitutional ; employing white men to fight is unconstitutional; everything except eating dirt and humble pie, are unconstitutional. Alas ! alas, for the spectacles through which WoodwARD looks. The patriarchial and levitical institution of human Slavery is the only incalculable blessing left us.

"SLAVERY IS A DIVINE INSTITUTION."-Judge Woodward.

So is a Copperhead a Divine Institution, and on the same principle it may be said that the ing is on the wall, old fellows, and you better Democrat can refuse to accept a sentiment so father of lies, the old Diabolis is a Divine institution.

In insure attention, the CASH must accompany notices, as follows :- All Cautions with \$1. Strays, \$1; Auditors' notices, \$1,50; Administrators' and Executors' notices, \$1.50, each ; and all other transient Notices at the same rates. Othera vertisemen's at \$1 per square, for 3 cr liss insettions. Twelve lines (or less) count a square

RELIEF NOTICE .- The Board of Relief for the county of Clearfield, will meet at the Commissioners' office in Clearfield, on Wednesday and Thursday, the 21st and 22d days of Oct., A D. 1863.

The Board of Relief have directed that the wife of the soldier must appear before the board, and produce her sworn statement, detailing name of idier, regiment and company, and when culited; the number of children, with age and sex of each ; the t-wn-hip in which they resided at the time of enlistment, and their present residence and that she is without the means of support for herself and children who are dependent upon her Two witnesses of eredibility from the township

in which she resides, must also be produced, whocertificate (sworn to before the Board of Relief must set forth that the applicant is the person she represents herself to be, that the statement of the number and age of her family is true, that she is in destitute circomstances and her family in ac cal want, and that all the facts set forth in her application are correct and true.

Forms containing these requisitions can be ob-tained at the Office of the Board of Kelief, when application is made and the witnesses appear. 8. B. Illness of the applicant, properly proven. will excuse personal attendance

WM. S BRADLEY, Clork Oct. 7. 1843.

CAUTION .- All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or meddling with the following property, now in the hands of Alfred D Knapp, of Ferguson township, to wit: One new 2-horse wagon, as the same belongs to me and has only been left with said Knapp on September 30, 1863 -pd. SAM²L SEBRING

CHOOL TEACHERS WANTED.-Three or four Female Teachers wanted to take charge of the Girard township schools. Good wages will be Paid. Application to be made soon

Address PETER LAMM, Sec Lecontes Mills, Pa Clearfield Co., Pa. Sept. 30, 1863

JOINT RESOLUTION PROPOSING CERTAIN AMENDMENTS TO THE CON STITUTION.—Be it resolved by the Senate an House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met. That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, as follows :

SECTION 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citi zens, under such regulations as are, or shall be, prescribed by law, as fully as if they were pres

ent at their usual place of election. There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be desig nated as sections eight, and nine, as follows : SECTION 8. No bill shall be passed by the Legis lature, containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except ap

propriation bills SECTION 9. No bill shall be passed by the Legis lature granting any powers, or privileges, in any case, where the authority to grant such poweror privileges, has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth.

JOHN CESSNA, Speaker of the House of Representative JOHN P. PENNEY,

Speaker of the Senate

OFFICE OF THE SECR'Y OF THE CONMONWEALTH. HARRISBURG, July 1, 1863. PENNSYLVANIA, 85:

L. s. I do hereby certify that the foregoing and of the original Joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A Joint Resolutio . propo ing certain Amendments to the Constitution." as

the same remains on file in this office. In TESTIMONY whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Secretary's of fice to be affixed, the day and year above written ELI SLIFER.

Secretary of the Commonwealth

ic friends in New York that "Until the rebels against the people and

