THE JOURNAL.

CLEARFIELD, PA., JULY 22, 1863.

GODEY FOR AUGUST.—This excellent work is before us, and contains its usual variety of illustrations and matter. Godey, certainly, deserves great praise for his indefatigable efforts to produce the best Lady's magazine extant.

WM. L. ANTES.—It is with much satisfaction that we announce the fact, that our friend Wm. L. Antes who was reported killed, was still alive and in the hospital at Gettysburg on the 9th. His wounds were severe, but he was doing well at the time stated above, and some hopes were entertained that he would recover.

THE CONTINENTAL MONTHLY.—This work continues to maintain its position among the popular periodicals of the times. It is devoted to Literature and National policy—the latter being the most interesting feature of the magazine. It deserves a wide circulation. Price $3 a year. Address, John F. Trow, No. 50 Greene Street N. Y.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—"Union," yours is to hand. As we published the principal facts to which you refer several weeks since, yours will not appear.

"X" yours is a day after "the fair," and hence we decline its publication.

"A Friend," yours needs revising; and therefore we defer its appearance.

We hope our friends will court brevity in their communications, as we are generally much crowded. Be sure also to write plain, as it is very difficult betimes to discipher the hieroglyphics that come to hand.

ALEX. H. STEVENS.—On the first page of to day's *Journal* will be found an extract from a speech, delivered by Alex. H. Stevens in 1860, before the Convention which was called to determine whether Georgia should secede from the Union. It is a remarkable document, and should be read by every man in the land. Mr. Stevens depicted the results and consequences of Secession so clearly that it amounts nearly to a prophecy. We hope that our friends will read this speech carefully, and preserve the copy, as a matter of reference; and should you at any time hear a "peace" Democrat declaim loudly upon the causes of our present unhappy troubles, just ask him to read the speech of Alexander H. Stevens, who is now Vice President of the Rebel Confederacy; and we opine, that you will hear nothing more in reference to the causes of the war.

IN. REVENUE OFFICE, 19TH DIS. OF PENN'A,
ERIE, July 15th, 1863.

MR. EDITOR:—DEAR SIR: I would have appointed a day for each County in the District, to meet drafted persons at their county towns for their convenience; but each drafted person having ten days after he is notified of the draft, to appear and claim his exemption before the Provost Marshal, and it being impossible that all in any one County should be notified on the same day, it was beyond my power to fix a certain time. Besides I am informed by the Provost Marshal, that *all persons claiming exemption*, whether by receipt for the payment of the $300, or otherwise, will have to appear and make the claim before him at his office, in Waterford Borough, Erie county. My office in the City of Erie, is but a little distance out of the route to Waterford from other parts of the District.

I presume that there would be no objection on the part of the Provost Marshal, if any number of drafted persons should make some one of their number the bearer of their receipts for the commutation money ($300) and that he would recognize the claim so made as valid. This would save a large aggregate of expense and trouble, that must necessarily be occasioned in travelling, &c.

Yours respectfully, J. W. DOUGLASS.
Col. of In. Rev. and Receiver of Commutation Money, 19th. District, Penn'a.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE "JOURNAL"

PHILIPSBURG, July 18, 1863.

DEAR JOURNAL:—Since my last letter to you, there has been stirring times in our good old State. A clash of arms occurred on our soil for the first time since the days of '76, and Gettysburg is now made classic along with Valley Forge, Braddock's Field, Paoli and Wyoming. But none of the latter were so great as the battle-field of Gettysburg. It was a hard fought, but gloriously victorious battle for the brave soldiers who are fighting for the restoration of the best government beneath the Creator's eye. And I am proud to say, that the brave and gallant boys of Philipsburg did their whole duty as the bloody record plainly shows. The wounded of Company D, 53d Penn'a Volunteers, are Wm. Dolph, left arm off above the elbow; Peter Weber, hand; John E. White, hand and stomach, since dead; in Company H, 148th Penn'a Volunteers, Jas. Beals, arm off above the elbow. John E. White, died of his wounds on the 9th instant, and leaves a wife and four small children to mourn his death. He was as brave a soldier as ever shouldered a musket. His brother Jackson was killed at the battle of Antietam, and was the only brother. John determined that he would take Jackson's place in the ranks of Company D, 53d Penn'a Volunteers, and if possible, use the musket that his brother did. He left all and repaired to the tented field, was at the battle of Chancellorsville but came out sound. At Gettysburg he was wounded and died as above stated. Philipsburg has as brave a reputation in the army of the Potomac, as any other town in the State. They have been in all the battles since the commencement of McClellan's campaign—always in the front.

Our town can boast of its soldiers and its ladies. There is no town in the State can do what our ladies accomplised last Saturday. On Friday the news came that clothing was wanted for the wounded. A meeting was called, and men appointed to collect money and material, and the ladies to assemble at the Town Hall the next afternoon. Saturday afternoon came, and with it came the patriotic women and girls, bundles, sewing machines, and everything necessary for doing something. From some cause the meeting was moved to Mrs. Ganoe's, and such a "gay and happy" throng, as met in that room, we never saw. The ladies seemed like so many angels. The sewing machines were buzzing as if the good old days of Spinning-Jennies had suddenly came from the spirit land, revised, regenerated and improved. The incredible amount of near three hundred dollars worth of material was in course of manufacture into shirts, drawers, bandages, pads, &c. Oh! could the wounded soldiers but have seen how earnestly those ladies were working to relieve them. Their hearts were in the motive. Generous ladies, 'tis to you we ever look for help in the hour of distress. Ladies of Philipsburg, I am glad to know that your hearts beat responsive to a will that is ever ready to assist in the glorious cause. Long may you live to enjoy the blessings of life, liberty and happiness.

I noticed a "thing" in the "Republican of the 15th inst., purporting to emanate from a "citizen" of this place. I have no doubt that it came from Philipsburg, for it is in toto with the copperhead platform, as adopted by the order in this community. That is the doctrine preached ever since the first squad of men left our place for the war; and it is now used to contradict the assertion, I made in my last, about discouraging men from enlisting. The poor dupe had not foresight to see that he was telling publicly on his nest. That is their language, and had he tried, he could not have written it more plain. The truth of the matter is, that his tongue has got in such a habit of abusing everything but Jeff Davis and the south, that he can say nothing else. Time after time have they asserted the low, grovelling, cowardly, treacherous, traitorous and ignorant, indecent words used in the said letter. They, the poor cowardly dupes, can stand in their doors and tell their wives and children that the men who go to war, are robbers of hen roosts and consumers of Jersey lightning; but when asked by young America, "Pa, why don't you go and get some chickens"? They reply "Oh! Pa can buy them; he has lots of greenbacks." The wife blushes at her husband's cowardice; but he gets around it by relating some horrible deed, or bovine massacre, that some brother copperhead related to him, or he read it in the "World," "Patriot & Union" or "Age."

The male, and female copperheads, of our town are the most inconsistent set of snakes ever read of in Gibon. They snarl, bite, and hiss, at everything said against them. Until my last letter appeared in your columns, I had no idea that the den was so numerous. Many that I never dreamed of, put the shoe on,—it appeared to fit admirably. There are lady copperheads in our town, who are of the most violent. I heard of a young lady who found great fault with the Rev. Creighton, during last winter, for his devotion to the Union. The Rev. was a whole union man, and delivered some impressive and eloquent prayers for the preservation of the Union. This young lady "dyed in the auburn hair" a copperhead, remarked to a friend as they were coming home from church, one Sunday evening just after the Fredericksburg battle of December 13th, 1862, that she "did wish, Mr. Creighton would quit praying for the union; she often thought she would not go to hear him any more." Now, this young lady moves among the *elite*, but evidently is possessed of no small amount of ignorance. I have seen copperhead men, and have heard of copperhead women, who have wished our soldiers might all be killed, that they would throw open their houses to the rebels and treat them with all the hospitality at their command; but a union soldier, they would see him starve—see him with his tongue hanging out at its full length, before they would give him a drink of water. And yet, they are this moment subsisting on "green backs," paid their husbands for services in the army. Men who call our soldiers robbers, thieves, drunkards, and negro lovers; men who say that our paper money is worthless; every man that goes to war is a black abolitionist, and then quote that the leaders of the soldiers say the Constitution "is a covenant with death and an agreement with hell," that the union can never be restored by such soldiers. What are they? Who is he that would make such an assertion? Is he a fit companion for the devil? Is there any place or condition on this earth that is suitable for him? No! The Devil would not trust him with a piece of brimstone as large as a pin's head. Nay more, he would not let him be a "citizen" of his realm. And if he is a "citizen" of this place, Company D should find him out and banish him to Rotherocks Island, and compel him to subsist on the bones of departed horses, who were more faithful to their master than he is to his country.

Yours respectfully, LEROI.

THE COPPERHEADS have been wofully blue for several days past, at the success of the Union troops in the South west, but the *victories* of the New York Democracy give tone and temper to their present feeling, and at most any hour of the day, we can hear the copperheads congratulating themselves on the splendid uprising of the *people* of New York. So the copperheads have at last had a victory.—*Teleraph.*

It is a bad sign to see a man with his hat off at midnight, explaining the theory and principles of true democracy to a lamp post.

MARRIED:

On June 30th, by S. K. Hegarty, Esq., Mr. WM. O. RICHARDS to Miss REBECCA JORDAN, all of Beccaria tp.

On July 9th, by S. K. Hegarty, Esq. Mr. JOHN H. SMITH of Beccaria tp, to Miss FEBY PATTERSON, of Jordan tp.

DIED:

On the 18th instant, in Lawrence township, ORIS HOYT, aged 70 years and 10 days.

On the 13th instant, Mrs. ANN ELIZABETH HOOVER, wife of Gary B. Hoover, aged 27 years and 20 days. The deceased was an affectionate and beloved wife; and departing at this early period of life leaves a disconsolate husband alone in the world to mourn her loss.

"The dead alone are blest.
While they are here clouds mar the day
And bitter snow-falls nip their May;
But when the tempest time is done,
The light and heat of heaven's own sun
Brood o'er their land of rest."

OBITUARY.

Died, on June 24th, 1863, on board the U. S. Gunboat Alabama, on her passage from St. Thomas to Havanna, Cuba, West Indies, JACOB HAINS, marine, of Philipsburg, Centre county, Pa. The deceased was one whose heart beat responsive to the supremacy of the Stars and Stripes. He loved his country and his flag with all the ardor and enthusiasm that any man did, that ever pulled a halyard beneath its folds. He enlisted as a landsman on board the Columbus, Capt. Wyman, Pacific squadron, commanded by Commodore Biddle, May 15th, 1846, for 3 years. He was on board that vessel for three years and nine months, was honorably discharged at Norfolk, Va., and has since lived in this community. He had often resolved to join the navy after this war broke out, but always gave way to the entreaties of his wife and family, to stay at home. But when the depredations of the "290," alias Alabama, reached his ear, he locked up his shop, leaving his wife and children, to fight the battles for that flag which had ever waved over him in triumph. He was as true American tar as ever bore that name, that is honored by all the navies of the world. The writer of this brief tribute to his memory was so situated that he had every means of knowing his friendship. He was generous and kind, ever ready and willing to do a good act. But he has gone; gone, I hope, to that world where all is peace. Farewell, then, departed, and may the blessing of God rest upon thy wife and children. "Peace be to his ashes."

Philipsburg, Pa., July 18th, 1863. A. A. B.

HOW THE REBELS TREAT ABOLITION EDITORS.—The Editor of the Fulton *Republican* published at McConnelsburg says, that while the rebels occupied that town his office was pointed out to them by the copperheads as an abolition concern. Several of the officers called upon him and asked to see his files. After examining them, the Lieutenant in command said, "I see, sir, this is a Republican paper; you advocate a vigorous prosecution of the war, and are in favor of sustaining your Government in everything. *I like to see a man one thing or the other.*" Taking several copies of the paper, they left without molesting anything in the office, to the great indignation of the copperheads of that place.

The telegraph reports that Thad Stephens' iron mills at Gettysburg have been burned to the ground, Mr. S. loosing at least $100,000, nearly all his fortune.

I don't remember having seen you before, as the lawyer said to his conscience.

Mean souls, like mean pictures, are often found in good-looking *frames*.

THE RECORD.

The following is the resolution and amendment, and the vote, granting the use of the Hall of the Penn'a State Senate to Gov. Andy Johnson, Gov. Wright, Gen. M'Clellan, and other friends of the Union:

Resolved, That Gov. Andrew Johnson, of Tennessee, and Ex-Gov. Joseph A. Wright, of Indiana, be and they are hereby tendered the use of the hall of the Senate this afternoon, for the purpose of addressing their fellow citizens of Pennsylvania.

"That when General George B. M'Clellan or any other friend of the Union, desires the use of this Hall for the purpose of defending the cause of the Union and denouncing the rebellion, it will be cheerfully tendered."

YEAS—Messrs. Boughter, Bound, Connell, Faller, Hamilton, Hiestand, Johnson, Kinsey, Lowry, M'Candless, Nichols, Penney Ridgway, Robinson, Serrill, Stutzman, Turrell, White, Wilson and Lawrence, *Speaker*—20.

NAYS—Messrs. Bucher, Clymer, Donovan, Glatz, Lamberton, Mott, Smith, Stark, Stein and Wallace—10.

Who voted NAY? All are Democrats.

Copperheads—Origin of the Term—What it Means

"Soon after the outbreak of the rebellion, the Springfield (O.) *Republic*, published a communication in which the writer noticed the *rattlesnake as the emblem of the South Carolina rebels*, and stated that the rattlesnake was a more magnanimous reptile than the copperhead snake, as the former gives notice before he strikes, while the latter, besides being more insidious, strikes you without giving you any warning; and applied the term *copperheads to all the traitors and sympathizers with the rebels* in the free States. Other papers soon adopted the term, and it has become very general, but some people do not see the point; and in Indiana I see some use the term copperbottoms, but I cannot see the point of copperbottoms. *Copperheads* is a very appropriate name for our *free State rebels at heart.*"

EDITOR OF JOURNAL: DEAR SIR:—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail to all who wish it, (free) a Recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in 10 days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than 30 days. All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours.

HOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist.
July 22, 1863.-3mo. No. 831 Broadway, New York

WHOOPING-COUGH OR CROUP, however severe may be alleviated and cured by the use of *Madame Zoloe Porter's Curative Balsom*. This invaluable Medicine possesses the extraordinary power of relieving immediately *Whooping-cough, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Huskiness*, and Tickling in the Throat. It loosens the Phlegm, and will be found very agreeable to the taste. It is not a violent remedy, but emollient—warming, searching and effective. Can be taken by the oldest person or youngest child. For sale by all Druggists, at 13 and 25 cents per bottle. feb4

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address

Rev EDWARD A. WILSON,
Apr. 22-3m. Williamsburgh, Kings Co., N.Y.

FLOUR—A good article for sale at the store of
(jan16] WM. F. IRWIN, Clearfield.

SAMUEL HEGARTY, wholesale and retail dealer in Foreign and Domestic Merchandize, Hegarty's ✕ Roads, Clearfield county, Pa., keeps constantly all articles in his line of business, which he will sell cheap for cash or exchange for approved country produce. Lumber of all kinds taken in exchange for goods. March 4, 1863.

DR. LITCH'S MEDICINES.—A fresh supply of these invaluable Family Medicines are for sale by M. A. Frank, Clearfield, consisting of *Pain Curer; Restorative*, a great cure for colds and cough; and *Anti-Bilious Physic*. They have been thoroughly tested in this community, and are highly approved. TRY THEM.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Daniel M. Weaver, late of the Borough of Curwensville, Clearfield county, Penn'a, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement. J. H. LYTLE,
July 1, 1863. Administrator.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or meddling with the following property, now in the possession of John Coulter, in Woodward twn'p, to wit: 2 horses, 2 cows, 2 spring calves, 4 head of young cattle, 9 sheep, 6 hogs, 1 plow, 1 harrow, 1 log chain, 1 wind mill, 1 threshing machine, 4 acres wheat in the ground, 2 acres rye, 2 acres oats, a lot of house-hold and kitchen furniture, etc., as the same belongs to me and have only been left with said Coulter on loan, and are subject to my order.
July 1, 1863.-p FRANCIS BUSH.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the matter of the sale of the Real Estate of John Rickets and Isaac Rickets by the Sheriff of Clearfield co. The undersigned Auditor appointed in open court to distribute the proceeds of said sale, to those legally entitled to the same, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in the Borough of Clearfield, on Thursday the 23d day of July A. D. 1863, at 10 o'clock, a. m. of said day, when and where all persons interested may attend if they see proper. THO'S J. M'CULLOUGH,
July 1, 1863. Auditor

NOT ALCOHOLIC.

A Highly Concentrated
VEGETABLE EXTRACT.
A PURE TONIC.

DOCTOR HOOFLAND'S
GERMAN BITTERS,
PREPARED BY
Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philad'a, Pa.

Will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach, such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness or blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

From Rev. J. Newton Brown, D. D. Editor of the Encyclopedia of Religious Knowledge.

Although not disposed to favor or recommend Patent Medicines in general, through distrust of their ingredients and effects; I yet know of no sufficient reasons why a man may not testify to the benefits he believes himself to have received from any simple preparation in the hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others.

I do this the more readily in regard to Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, of this city, because I was prejudiced against them for many years, under the impression that they were chiefly an alcoholic mixture. I am indebted to my friend Robert Shoemaker, Esq., for the removal of this prejudice by proper tests, and for encouragement to try them, when suffering from great and long continued debility. The use of three bottles of these Bitters, at the beginning of the present year, was followed by evident relief, and restoration to a degree of bodily and mental vigor which I had not felt for six months before, and had almost despaired of regaining. I therefore thank God and my friend for directing me to the use of them.

Philad'a, June, 23, 1861. J. NEWTON BROWN.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

There are many preparations sold under the name of Bitters, put up in quart bottles, compounded of the cheapest whiskey or common rum, costing from 20 to 40 cents per gallon, the taste disguised by Anise or Coriander Seed.

This class of Bitters has caused and will continue to cause, as long as they can be sold, hundreds to die the death of the drunkard. By their use the system is kept continually under the influence of Alcoholic Stimulants of the worst kind, the desire for Liquor is created and kept up, and the result is all the horrors attendant upon a drunkard's life and death.

For those who desire and *will have* a Liquor Bitters, we publish the following receipt. Get *One Bottle Hoofland's German Bitters* and mix with *Three Quarts of Good Brandy or Whiskey*, and the result will be a preparation that will *far excel* in medicinal virtues and true excellence any of the numerous Liquor Bitters in the market, and will cost much less. You will have all the virtues of Hoofland's Bitters in connection with a good article of Liquor, at a much less price than these inferior preparations will cost you.

ATTENTION, SOLDIERS!
AND THE FRIENDS OF SOLDIERS.

We call the attention of all having relations or friends in the army to the fact that "HOOFLAND'S German Bitters" will cure nine tenths of the diseases induced by exposures and privations incident to camp life. In the lists, published almost daily in the newspapers, on the arrival of the sick, it will be noticed that a very large proportion are suffering from debility. Every case of that kind can be readily cured by Hoofland's German Bitters. Diseases resulting from disorders of the digestive organs are speedily removed. We have no hesitation in stating that, if these Bitters were freely used among our soldiers, hundreds of lives might be saved that otherwise will be lost.

We call particular attention to the following remarkable and well authenticated cure of one the nation's heroes, whose life, to use his own language, "has been saved by the Bitters:"

PHILADELPHIA, August 23rd, 1862.

Messrs. Jones & Evans.—Well, gentlemen, your Hoofland's German Bitters has saved my life. There is no mistake in this. It is vouched for by numbers of my comrades, some of whose names are appended, and who were fully cognizant of all the circumstances of my case. I am, and have been for the last four years, a member of Sherman's celebrated battery, and under the immediate command of Capt. R. B. Ayres. Through the expo sure attendant upon my duties, I was attacked in November last with inflammation of the lungs, and was for seventy-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed from the White House, and sent to this city on board the Steamer "State of Maine," from which I landed on the 28th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow anything, and if I *did* force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archer, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited me. An acquaintance who visited me at the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinborn, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the gloomy shadow of death receded, and I am now, thank God for it, getting better. Though I have taken but two bottles, I have gained ten pounds, and I feel sanguine of being permitted to rejoin my wife and daughter, from whom I have heard nothing for eighteen months: for, gentlemen, I am a loyal Virginian, from the vicinity of Front Royal. To your invaluable Bitters I owe the certainty of life which has taken place of vague fears—to your Bitters will I owe the glorious privilege of again clasping to my bosom those who are dearest to me in life.

Very truly yours. ISAAC MALONE.

We fully concur in the truth of the above statement, as we had despaired of seeing our comrade, Mr. Malone, restored to health.

JOHN CUDDLEBACK, 1st New York Battery.
GEO. A. ACKLEY, Co. C, 11th Maine.
LEWIS CHEVALIER, 92d New York.
I. E. SPENCER, 1st Artillery, Battery F.
J. B. FASEWELL, Co. B, 3d Vermont.
HENRY B. JEROME, Co. B, 3d Vermont.
HENRY T. MACDONALD, Co. C, 6th Maine.
JOHN F. WARD, Co. E, 5th Maine.
HERMAN KOCH, Co. H, 72d New York.
NATHANIEL B. THOMAS, Co. F, 95th Penn'a.
ANDREW J. KIMBALL, Co. A, 3d Vermont.
JOHN JENKINS, Co. B, 106th Penn'a

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

See that the signature of "C. M. JACKSON," is on the *wrapper* of each bottle.

PRICE PER BOTTLE 75 CENTS,
OR HALF DOZ. FOR $4 00.

Should your nearest druggist not have the article, do not be put off by any of the intoxicating preparations that may be offered in its place, but send to us, and we will forward, securely packed, by express.

Principal Office and Manufactory, No. 631 Arch Street. JONES & EVANS,
(Successors to C. M. Jackson & Co.) Proprietors.

☞ For Sale by Hartswick & Huston, Clearfield, Penn'a, and Druggists and Dealers in every town in the United States. [July 8, 1863.

C. MUNSON, has Rye, Corn, and good Family Flour, for Sale at Philipsburg. Also, Rye and Corn, at D. Ayers' Mill. June 3, 1863-3m.

RELIEF NOTICE.—The Board of Relief for the county of Clearfield, will meet at the Commissioners' office in Clearfield, on Wednesday and Thursday, the 29th and 30th days of July, A. D. 1863.

The Board of Relief have directed that the wife of the soldier must appear before the board, and produce her sworn statement, detailing name of soldier, regiment and company, and when enlisted; the number of children, with age and sex of each; the township in which they resided at the time of enlistment, and their present residence; and that she is without the means of support for herself and children who are dependent upon her.

Two witnesses of credibility from the township in which she resides, must also be produced, whose certificate (sworn to before the Board of Relief) must set forth that the applicant is the person she represents herself to be, that the statement of the number and age of her family is true, that she is in destitute circumstances and her family in actual want, and that all the facts set forth in her application are correct and true.

Forms containing these requisitions can be obtained at the Office of the Board of Relief, when application is made and the witnesses appear.

N. B. Illness of the applicant, properly proven, will excuse personal attendance.
July 8, 1863. WM. S. BRADLEY, Clerk.

NOTICE.—I have this day sold and transferred the store owned by me, to my son, E. A. Irvin, together with the book accounts, rents, &c., and authorize him to receive monies and transact business for me. WM. IRVIN.
Curwensville, May 18, 1863.

NOTICE.—All persons are notified not to meddle with a certain Bay Mare, in possession of Samuel Curry of Knox township, as the same belongs to me, and is only left with said Curry on loan subject to my order. JOHN PATTON.
Curwensville, Pa., June 3, 1863.

ARMY INTELLIGENCE.—Any person desiring intelligence of or from their friends or relatives in the army of the Potomac, or any of the Army hospitals, can receive information by addressing W. I. KEALSH, Washington, D. C., enclosing one dollar. [June 10, 1863-3tp.

FOR SALE.—A house and lot, situate in the Borough of Lumber City, is offered for sale. The buildings consist of a good frame house, stable and other outbuildings, and a good well of water near the door. The property will be sold on reasonable terms. For further information apply to Mrs. J. L. Curby residing on the premises. June 17, 1863.-pd.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Frederick Fishel, late of Chest township, Clearfield county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement. AUSTIN CURRY,
June 17, 1863. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of S. D. Rhule, late of Glen Hope, Clearfield county, Penn'a, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement, at the residence of the subscriber in Beccaria township.
June 24, 1863. JOHN W. WRIGHT, Adm'r.

ATTENTION FARMERS!—THE EXCELSIOR WIND-MILL.—One of the best Windwills ever invented is now being offered to the citizens of Clearfield county. The undersigned Agent is now in this place for the purpose of offering a first class mill to the public. He only asks a fair trial, to insure its successful introduction. Farmers are especially invited to call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. W. HANCOCK.
June 18th, 1863 Agent.

CARPETINGS AND BEDDING.
REMOVAL.
R. L. KNIGHT & SON,

Have removed from 262 S. Second Street, to 807 Chestnut Street, above Eighth, Philadelphia, Pa., where they have opened a well-selected stock of Carpets, Oil Cloths, and Mattings.

Bedding and Mattresses of every description, ready-made or made to order. Also, Feathers of various qualities always on hand.

The Manufacture and Sale of Bedding will also be continued at 263 South Second Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

REEVE L. KNIGHT. HARTLEY KNIGHT.
Philadelphia, June 17, 1863.-3m.

NOW IS THE TIME!

RICHARD MOSSOP,
DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, &C.,
MARKET STREET, CLEARFIELD, PA.

Read the following list of goods and profit thereby.

FOR THE LADIES.

Always on hand a large stock of Ladies goods—such as Coburg Cloth, Alpacas, De Laines, Ginghams, Prints, Chintz, Kerchiefs, Nubies, Bonnets, Gloves, etc.

FOR GENTLEMEN,

Always on hand Black, Blue, Brown and Grey Cloths, Fancy and Black Casimeres, Sattinets, Cassinets, Tweeds, Plain and Fancy Vestings, Shirting, etc., etc. etc.

READY-MADE,

Such as Coats, Pants, Vests, Undershirts, and other Flannel shirts, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Neckties, Gum Boots and Shoes, and a variety of other articles.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS,

Such as Unbleached and Bleached Muslins, Colored Muslins, Linen and cotton table cloths, Oil cloth, Linen and hemp towls, carpets, curtains, fringe, etc

HARDWARE, &C.

If you want Nails or spikes, Manure or other forks, Saw-mill or other saws, Smoothing irons, Locks, Hinges, etc., go to Mossop's where you can buy cheap.

IF YOU WANT

Knives and forks, Butcher Knives, Shoe and Stove blacking, Manilla and hemp ropes, Ink, Paper or Pens, Powder, Shot or Lead, etc., buy them at Mossop's.

IF YOU WANT

Shoe Last or Pegs, Palm or Fancy Soap, Starch, Wall Paper or Window Shades, Lamps, Lamp tubes or Wicks, coal oil, etc., go to Mossop's cheap cash store.

IF YOU WANT

Good extra family Flour, White or brown sugar, hams, shoulders or sides, coffee; Imperial, Young Hyson or black tea, buy them at Mossop's cheap for cash.

IF YOU WANT

Tallow candles, fine or coarse salt, Syrup or molasses, cheese, dried apples or peaches, water or soda crackers, call at Mossop's where you can buy cheap.

IF YOU WANT

Port wine for Medical or Sacramental uses, Sweet wine, old Monongahela or rye whisky, Cherry and Cognac brandy, buy at Mossop's cheap cash store.

IF YOU WANT

Raisens, Figs, Prunes or dried Currants, filberts, cream, pecan or ground nuts, candies, Liquorice or Liquorice root, buy them at Mossop's cheap and good.

IF YOU WANT

To buy any other article cheap, be sure to go to Mossop, for he sells cheaper for cash than any other person in Clearfield county.
November 27, 1861. ap27'59.

Approved country produce of every kind taken at the usual market prices in exchange for goods.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS.

W. M. M'CULLOUGH, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office, with L. J. Crans, Esq., on Second Street. July 3, 1861.

FREDERICK LEITZINGER, Manufacturer of all kinds of Stone-ware, Clearfield, Pa. Orders solicited—wholesale or retail. Jan. 1, 1863

CRANS & BARRETT, Attorneys at Law, Clearfield, Pa.
L. J. CRANS. WALTER BARRETT. May 13, 1863.

ROBERT J. WALLACE, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office in Shaw's new row, Market street, opposite Naugle's Jewelry store. May 26.

H. F. NAUGLE, Watch and Clock Maker, and dealer in Watches, Jewelry, &c. Room in Graham's row, Market street. Nov. 10.

H. BUCHER SWOOPE, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office in Graham's Row, four doors west of Graham & Boynton's store. Nov. 10.

B. K. SHOPE, Cabinent Maker, Cherry Street, Clearfield, Pa. Makes to order every description of Furniture on short notice. Jan. 21'63

J. P. KRATZER Merchant, and dealer in Boards and Shingles, Grain and Produce. Front St. above the Academy, Clearfield, Pa. [j12

WALLACE & HALL, Attorneys at Law, Clearfield, Pa. December 17, 1862.
WILLIAM A. WALLACE. JOHN G. HALL.

F. A. FLEMMING, Curwensville, Pa., Nurseryman and Dealer in all kinds of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Plants and Shrubbery. All orders by mail promptly attended to. May 13.

WILLIAM F. IRWIN, Market street, Clearfield, Pa., Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Merchandise, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, and family articles generally. Nov. 10.

JOHN GUELICH, Manufacturer of all kinds of Cabinet-ware, Market street, Clearfield, Pa. He also makes to order Coffins on short notice, and attends funerals with a hearse. Apr10,'59.

DR. R. V. WILSON, Practicing Physician, Clearfield, Pa. Will attend to all professional business. Office, corner of 2d and Locust streets. Jan. 28, 1863.

DR. M. WOODS, PRACTICING PHYSICIAN, and Examining Surgeon for Pensions. Office, South-west corner of Second and Cherry Street, Clearfield, Pa. January 21, 1863.

J. B. M'ENALLY, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Practices in Clearfield and adjoining counties. Office in new brick building of J. Boynton, 2d street, one door south of Lanich's Hotel.

RICHARD MOSSOP, Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Bacon, Liquors, &c. Room, on Market street, a few doors west of *Journal Office*, Clearfield, Pa. Apr27.

LARRIMER & TEST, Attorneys at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Will attend promptly to all legal and other business entrusted to their care in Clearfield and adjoining counties. August 6, 1856.
JAS. H. LARRIMER. ISRAEL TEST.

DR. WM. CAMPBELL, offers his professional services to the citizens of Moshannon and vicinity. He can be consulted at his residence at all times, unless absent on professional business. Moshannon, Centre co., Pa., May 13, 1863.

W. W. SHAW, M. D., has resumed the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Shawsville, Penn'a, where he still respectfully solicits a continuance of public patronage. May 27, 1:63.

THOMAS J. M'CULLOUGH, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office, east of the "Clearfield co. Bank. Deeds and other legal instruments prepared with promptness and accuracy. July 3.

D. G. BUSH. T. J. M'CULLOUGH
BUSH & M'CULLOUGH'S
COLLECTION OFFICE, CLEARFIELD, PENN'A.

STOVES.—50 COOKING STOVES, of all sizes, for sale cheap for cash, by
Dec. 3, 1862. R. MOSSOP, Clearfield.

MERRELL & BIGLER,

Have just opened a large and splendid assortment of

NEW GOODS

at their old Stand in Clearfield, Penn'a.

They have the best assortment of Hardware that has ever been brought to this county, which they will sell at the most reasonable prices, among which will be found a splendid lot of cuttlery, to which they invite the special attention of the public.

On hand an assortment of heavy silver-plated Forks, Spoons, and Butter knives, of the best manufacture.

A lot of pistols of the best patterns, and other fire-arms. Also a general assortment of pistol cartridges; all of which will be sold at reasonable prices.

They continue to manufacture all kinds of tinware, brass kettles, stove pipe, etc., which cannot be surpassed in this section of the state.

They also have on hand Pittsburg Plows, among which are steel centre lever plows. Also, Plow castings, and other agricultural implements.

Cook stoves, and Parlor and Coal stoves a general assortment, and of the best patterns, for sale at reasonable prices.

Coal oil, Coal oil lamps, paints, oils and varnishes, a general assortment. Glass, putty, nails, iron, and castings, a great variety; in fact almost anything that may be wanted by the public can be found in their establishment, and at prices that cannot be beat.

Now is the time to purchase, if you desire anything in their line of business. Give them a call and examine their stock, and they feel assured that you can be accommodated.

Remember, their establishment is on 2d Street, Clearfield, Pa., where you can buy goods to the very best advantage.

Old silver, copper, brass, pewter and old castings will be taken in exchange for goods.
May 13, 1863. MERRELL & BIGLER.

FOR SALE.—The Tavern Stand at Bridgport on the Erie and Waterford turnpike, west of Curwensville, is offered for sale on reasonable terms. Any person desiring a good location for keeping a public house, will find it their interest to call and examine the premises and situation before purchasing elsewhere. MARY SPENCER.
July 8, 1863.-4t.

ESTATE OF JAMES THOMPSON, DECEASED.—Executors' Sale of Valuable timber land in Clearfield and Cambria counties. The Executors of James Thompson, late of Chest tp., Clearfield county Penn'a, dec'd, will expose to sale by public outcry at the Borough of New Washington, on Friday the 31st day of July, 1863, at 3 o'clock, p. m., of said day, the following described tracts of land.

No. 1. 121 acres and 90 perches nett. Beginning at post on line of Jon'a Westover's land north 82 deg west 108 perches to white oak, south 88 deg west 39 perches to cherry, north 74 deg west 16 perches to post, west 98 perches to a maple, south 39 deg east 48 perches to post, south 68 deg east 131 perches to maple, north 42½ deg east 57 perches to Linn on bank of Chest creek, north 80 deg east 70 perches to post on J. Westover's line, thence by same north ¾ deg east 98 perches to beginning, situate in Chest township, Clearfield county, Pa.

No. 2. 127 acres and 144 perches n