

BY S. J. ROW.

CLEARFIELD, PA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 10, 1863.

TERMS OF THE JOURNAL.

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COUNTY DIRECTORY

TIME OF HOLDING COURT. 2d Monday in January. 3d Monday in June. 3d in March. 4th in Sept'm'r of each year, and continue two weeks if necessary.

COUNTY AND DISTRCT OFFICERS. Pres'tJudge-Hon. Samuel Linn, Bellefonte. As'te Judges-Hon. J. D. Thompson, Curwensville Hon. James Bloom, Edward Perks. Forrest Clearfield Sheriff Prothonotary, D. F. staweiler, Reg. & Rec. Isaiah G. Barger Reg. & Rec. . Isaiah G. Bas District Att'y, Israel Test, Treasurer. . Joseph Shaw, Co. Surveyor, H. B. Wright, Glen Hepe Commiss'n'rs. S. C. Thompson Morrisdale. Luthersburg Jacob Kuntz. Thos. Dougherty. Gr. Hills. Clearfield B. C Bowman. Auditors. N.Wash'gton Pennfield. Chas Worrell. H Woodward J. W. Petter Co.Superind't Jesse Broomall,

		LIST OF POST-OFFICES.
Tawas	hips	Names of P.O. Names of P.M.
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14.		Utahville, Theodore Weld,
14	1	Hernety's Roads Samuel Hegarty
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Bloom,	• •	Forrest James Bloom.
Boggs,		Clearfield Bridge, - Jas. Forrest.
Bradfor	d, -	Williams' Grove, - Jas. E. Watson.
Brady,		Williams Grove, - Jas. E. Watson. Lathersburg, R. H. Moore. Troatville, - Charles Sloppy. Jefferson Line, - John Heberlin. NewWashington) - James Gallaher. Burnside, - W. C. Irvin. Patchinville, - Jack Patchin. East Ridge, - Jacob Boice. Hurd - G. Tozer, jr.
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15		Burnside W. C. Irvin.
14		Patchinvilla Jack Patchin.
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161		Metarvey Win. Metarvey.
44		Westover, D. A. Farber.
Clearfiel	d., -	Clearfield M. A. Frank
Covingto	on	Frenchville, P. A. Gaulin.
46		Karthaus, J. F.W. Schnarr
Curwens	wille	Curwensville T. W. Fleming,
Decatur		Philipsburg, Centre county, Pa.
P. C. Carrier		East Ridge, Jacob Boice. Hurd, G. Tozer, jr. McGarvey, Wm. McGarvey. Westover, S. A. Farber. Clearfield, M. A. Frank Frenchville, P. A. Gaulin. Karthaus, J. F.W. Schnarr Curwensville, T. W. Fleming, Philipsburg, Centre county, Pa. West Decatur, Sophie Radebach Osceola Mills, T. F. Boaliah. Marron, Edm. Williams.
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44		Pennfield, H. Woolward
Indian		Tyler, David Tyler, Pennfield, H. Woolward Ansonville, Eliza Chase, Salt Lick, Geo. Heckadorn New Millport, - M. O. Stirk,
Kasth an		Salt Link Geo Heckadorn
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Anox.		Kylertown, Jas. Thompson. Morrisdale, J. C Brenner.
MOTTIN		Kytertown, Jas. Inompson.
		Morrisdale, J. C Brenner.
		Grampian Hills, - A. C. Moore, .
Pike, -		Curwensville, T. W. Fleming.
- a -		Bloomingville, Benj. F. Dale.
Union.		Rockton D. E. Brubaker.
Woodwa	rd.	Grampian Hills, A. C. Moore, Curwensville, T. W. Fleming, Bigomingville, Benj. F. Dale, Rockton, D. E. Brubaker, Jeffries, James Lockett,
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+ This	Pos	t Office w'll do for Chest township.
Will at	ISW.CI	for Fergt son township.

Raftsman's Journal.

CCRRESPONDENCE OF THE "JOURNAL"

Letter from the Rappahannock. PICKET Post, Norman's Ford, Va., May 23, '63. DEAR Row :-- Here we are watching Graybacks, which does not strain ones eve-sight much, as the distance from where I sit, to two Rebs on post, is not more than 60 yards. A Lieutenant from the other side, just now jokingly enquired to whom I was writing. Upon being informed, he requested me to present his compliments to you, with the remark that he hoped you would be kind enough not to claim a victory for Hooker at Fredericksburg, as it did not end thus. He, however, frankly acknowledged that Hooker won a victory, and a great one at that, but says he overdone the job and lost it again. Perhaps, ne is more than half right.

were sent into camp near Potomac Creek form a correct opinion of its strength. That Lecontes Mill bridge to recrait, where we remained about Curwensville one week. Much of that time I passed with my brother, Dr. J. W., who is Medical Direc. given them credit for, and we have been greattor of the 1st Division, (Birney's) 3d Army ly deceived in regard to the means and powcorps; which stood the brunt of the fight af. | er of the rebels. Passing through their counter the break of the 11th. The 3d suffered severely. They had completed the work of bringing the wounded across, of whom there are about 1,800 in the 1st Division Hospital, to their allegiance the moment they can do I am glad to be able to say, when I left, all were comfortably provided with clean and ai- They will rally around the old flag by scores, ry quarters, and under the untiring attentions of a host of humane and attentive surgeons, directed by a splendid surgeon and really estimable gentleman, Doct. Geo. Lutz, who is tives from their homes, hid in the swamps and in charge of that hospital. All seemed as comtortable as their wounds would permit-in short, nothing seems to have been neglected that could in the least add to their comfort. either real or imaginary, except, perhaps, the imaginary superior softness of the well remembered and now oft thought of bed at home. Before I left, most of the necessary operations had been carefully and skilfully performed, which was evidenced by the rapid improvement in the health of the patients. Too much cannot be said in praise of the surcent City, and our highest sim shall be to geons and their assistants in this hospital, fer their sleepless and untiring efforts to reliev the pains of the poor sufferers. Then, the hospital tents and grounds are a perfect moddle of neatness, enlived by the presence of the ever cheerful Doctor Lutz, aforementioned ; who, I am proud to say, is a Pennsylvanian, and I think from Columbia county. All onerations were performed when the patients were under the influence of Chloroform : the value of which can hardly be estimated. I witnessed an operation the evening before I left. The patient asked my Brother if there was no hope for saving his leg ? When answered in the negative, he said, then you will amputate it yourself, wont you ? When asured that his ers forced on the country as a card shuffler request would be complied with he fixed himself upon the stretchers, and began to inhale the pleasing drug. After a few moments he began to sing portions of the Star Spangled Banner, his voice growing fainter, when, at pretty well emptied of its defenders, or that last, with a countenance beaming with smiles he went off into dream-land, perhaps to hold pleasing converse with the dear ones far away, whose tears of sympathy were yet nushed for his sufferings. The maimed hmb was gone and the dressing applied to the wounded stump; when he awoke and inquired of the Doctor, how long before you are going to take it off? He was much surprised to learn that the dreaded job was over. This was but one of the many operations that I witnessed, and all were entirely unconscious of pain, if, indeed, the part operated upon is in any degree sensitive. On arriving at Kelly's Ford, with a detach-Samuel ment for picket duty at that place, we were saluted by some eight or ten shots from some Johnny Rebs, which killed two horses and wounded one man. We soon learned, that to show our heads within rifle range of the opposite shore, was to risk getting a bullet or two through it. This state of affairs was brought about, by the retiring pickets firing a volley, as a parting salute, at the Rebs. They were regulars. Picket shooting was the order for a day and night, but gradually the ire of both parties cooled, and they now sit on the opposite banks of the narrow stream, frequently conversing in the most friendly manner. Our post is 5 miles from Kelly's Ford, near Rappahannock Station. Several deserters came over and gave themselves up, declaring they had enough of the war. Two came over last night with horses, arms and equipments. They represent a heavy force of cavalry at Culpepper Court House, where, according to rumor they are concentrating a force for a raid into Maryland, which is to eclipse Stoneman's late raid into Dixie. If this be true, we are likely soon to have other than picket duty to pertorm.

SPEECH OF COLONEL GRIERSON. At the public reception given to Colonel Grierson and his officers at New Orleans, on May the 6th, the gallant Colonel, in response to an address of welcome by Mr. L. Madison Day, spoke as follows :

"Gentlemen : It did not need this demonstration to convince me of the high appreciation in which the people hold the servi ces of my command. I accept this token; not because I think the services I have performed worthy of such high honors-thousands of others would have done the same -but because it is a heart offering from the Union people of this city to their brethren of the West. The credit of the achievement is due to the men and officers under my command who, endowed with fortitude, fought with bravery, and overcame every obstacle, and suffered every hardship and privation without murmuring. In passing through the On our return from the Stoneman raid, we confederacy I have had a good opportunity to strength has been over estimated. They have neither the army nor the resources we have try (and the passage was not a very difficult one,) I found thousands of good Union men, who are ready and anxious to return so with safety to themselves and families; whenever our army advances. I could have brought away a thousand with me, who were anxious to come-men whom I found fugiforests, where they are hunted like wild beasts by the rebel conscripting officers with blood hounds. Having visited them in their own homes, I have founded my belief upon what I have heard and saw there, that the day is not far distant when we shall witness the downfall of the rebellion and the restoration of the Union as it was. Thanking you again, gentlemen, I can only assure you that we shall so act as to deserve your confidence, and show ourselves worthy the compliments you have so lavishly bestowed upon us in the Cres-

HOMICIDE IN FAYETTE COUNTY. A difficulty occurred at a Democratic meeting, at Smithfield, Georges township, Fayette county, on Saturday last, which terminated in the killing of one of the combatants. It appears that Henry Mallaby and Joseph Epley had quarreled some ten years ago, and that the grudge then engendered still lingered with them Epley had been indulging freely, and was under the influence of liquor. He had chased off one or two negroes, pursuing them with a revolver and firing after them. He had just returned from a chase as Mr. Mallaby stepped out of a store with a view to cross over the street to speak to a man on business, when Epley grabbed him by the collar, and demanded satisfaction for the old grudge, at the same time cocking and flourishing his revolver. Mr. Mallaby ordered him to stand off, that he wanted to have nothing to do with him, but being fully convinced that Epley was preparing to shoot, snatched out his own revolver and fired, the ball entering his assailant's neck, glancing downwards, and lodging between the shoulders. They were facing each other, and the act occurred so quickly that no one had time to interfere. Epley staggered off a lew steps and sank down and died in a few minutes, partly from the loss of blood, the ball having entered an internal ingular. The deceased was a man perhaps thirty years of age, and leaves a wife and one or two children. Mr. Mallaby is some ten years his senior, and has also a wife and family-is a

WERE we to contrast the dignity of the two nations, America and England, that of the latter would be naturally lowered in the estimation of the reader. One simple fact will go to show in what particular England differs from us in her definition of the word dignity. To sustain its moral character, and with it the throne, the poorer classes of the manufacturing districts, and even many of a higher class were actually robbed, and the bread taken out of their mouths to pamper to the aristocracy. Millions of pounds sterling were drained from the laboring classes to lavish on the Prince of

farmer in easy circumstances, and much res-

pected by the community.

GEN. HUNTER'S LETTER TO JEFF. DAVIS.

The tollowing letter from General Hunter to Jeff. Davis is printed in the Free South, dated May S0th :

HEADQUARTERS DEPART. OF THE SOUTH, HILTON HEAD, PORT ROYAL, April 23. Jefferson Davis, Richmond, Va .:

The United States flag must protect all its defenders, white, black or yellow. Several negroes in the employ of the Government in the Western Department have been cruelly murdered by your authorities and others sold into \$3 ; hay, per ton, \$80 : freight per mile, per slavery. Every outrage of this kind against bushel grain. 3 cents ; two horse team and drithe laws of humanity which may take place in ver per day, \$10; four horses, \$13; six horse this department shall be followed by the imme- \$16; laborers, found, \$2 per day ; \$40 per diate execution of the rebel of the highest rank month, and one half those rates it found by in my possession. Man for man, these executions army. This is in all cases less than one half will certainly take place, for every one murdered, or sold into slavery worse than death. On your authorities will rest the responsibility of this barbarious policy, and you will be held responsible in this world and the world to come for all the blood thus shed.

In the month of August last you declared all those engaged in arming the negroes to fight for their country to be felons, and directed the immediate execution of all such as should be captured. 1 have given you long enough to reflect on your folly. I now give you notice that, unless this order is immediately revoked, I will at once cause the execution of every rebel officer, and every rebel slaveholder in my possession. The poor negro is fighting for liberty in its truest sense ; and Mr. Jefferson has beautifully said "in such a war there is no attribute of the Almighty which will induce him to fight on the side of the oppressor."

You say you are fighting for liberty. Yes, you are fighting for liberty-liberty to keep four millions of your fellow beings in ignorance and degradation ; liberty to separate parents and children, husband and wife, brother and sister; liberty to steal the products of their labor, exacted with many a cruel lash and bitter tear; liberty to seduce their wives and daughters, and to sell your own children into bondage : liberty to kill these children with impunity, when the murder cannot be proven by one of pure white blood. This is the kind Whales; and invest in Government stock for of liberty-the liberty to do wrong, which Sa- citement to self-love, whereas it stimulates

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PRICES IN REBELDOM. Under a late law of the Rebel Congress, a board of commisioners convened in Richmond to fix upon the value of articles which may be impressed into the public service during the next two months. They have fixed the value of wheat at \$4 50 per bushel; corn \$4; oats, \$2; potatoes, \$5; salt, \$5; flour, per barrel, \$22 50; bacon, salt pork and lard, \$1 per pound ; tallow candles, \$1 , soap, 31 cents ; brown sugar, \$4 ; coffee, \$3 ; tea \$10 ; leather, the retail price ; and in many instances less than one-third. But even at the figures above, no government could long continue a war. The Secretary of the Treasury will have to isspe more than \$50,000 000 new demand notes per month to make the necessary purchases.

Owsing Up .- There are Secret leagues formed, and being formed, having oaths, obligations, pass-words and grips, in the country . whose members are compelled to take a solemn oath which binds them to support men who will "never consent" to the restoration of the Union founded by Washington .- Elmira Gazette.

"Honest confession is good for the soul." We have warned the people against these secession leagnes, again and again, but their party organs denied their existence. The frequent exposures have caused them to own up. They first started as the "Order of the Lone Star," to steal Cuba and add slave territory. During the Border Rufflan reign of terror in Kansas, it took the name of "Knights of the Golden Circle." Under that name these traitor disunion leagues are now flourishing. No doubt the Elmira editor speaks from personal knowledge.

THE DOG BEFORE THE MIRROR.-Gotthol had a little dog, which, when placed before a mirror, became instantly enraged and barked at his own image. He remarked on the occasion : "In general, a mirror serves as an exhim and his heirs forever ! It was during this | tan, chief of the fallen angels, was contending | this dog to anger against itself. The animal cannot conceive that the figure it sees is only its reflection, but fancies that it is a strange dog, and therefore will not suffer it to approach its master. This may remind us of an infirmity of our depraved hearts. We often complain of others, aud take offense at the things they do against us, without reflecting that, for the most part, the blame lies with ourselves. Men behave ill to us, because we behave ill to them. Our children are forward because they have inherited and learned forwardness from us. We are angry with them yet they are our own image." THE ENDLESS REST .- There are no weary heads or weary hearts on the other side of Jordan. The rest of heaven will be the sweeter for the toils of earth. The value of eternal rest will be enhanced by the troubles of time. Jesus now allows us to rest on His bosom. He will soon bring us to rest in His Father's house. His rest will be glorious. A rest from sin ; a rest from suffering ; a rest from toil; a rest from sorrow. The very rest that Jesus Himself enjoys. We shall rest not only with him, but like him. Thanks be unto God for the rest we now enjoy ! Ten thousand thanks to God for the rest we shall enjoy with Christ! Wearied one, look away from the cause of thy present suffering, and remember there is a rest remaining for thee. A little while and thou shalt enter into rest. The editor of the Scientific American who has examined the Monitor Passaic, now undergoing repairs at New York, says the trial to which she was subjected during the attack on Charleston, proves that our iron-clads are impregnable, and that we may safely defy all the English iron-clads and their armaments. The Whitworth shot, or fac similes of them, in a majority of cases, struck sideways; they reached the turret in all possible positions, and show very poor shooting on the part of the rebels. There is no indentation on the Passaic deeper than a ten saucer, and she was the most injured of the attacking fleet except the Keekuk, which was not a monitor. UNIONISM In Nashville has increased since the President's emancipation proclamation. The Nashville Union instances the Union Club of that city. Previous to the proclamation the applications for membership averaged about twenty two per week for four weeks; since that time the applications have numbered forty per week. Sloveholders, who have never been susp-cted of harboring a thought adverse to the "divine institution." have come torward and avowed their firm conviction that the system was an unmitigated curse, and incompatible with the government.

STATE & U. STATES DIRECTORY.

OFFICERS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Governor. . . See'y of Com. - A.G. Curtin, -Eli Slifer, --- Centre county - Union county Dep Secretary, S. B. Thomas Auditor Gen. Union county Isaac Slenker. Pittsburg, Philadelphia urvevor Gen. - Jas. P. Barr. ttorney Gen. - W. M. Meredith, Adjutant Gen. - A. L. Russell. tate Treasurer, W. B. M'Grath. up Com. Sch's T. H. Burrows. - - Lancaster co eputy Sup't. - S. P. Bates. - - - Crawford co state Librarian, Bev. W. DeWitt, - Harrisburg. SUPHENE COURT-Chief Justice. W. H. Lowrie iates, Geo. W. Woodward, Jas Thompson. Wm. Strong, J. M. Reed. Sessions, Philadelphia ist Monday of January, Harrisburg 4th Monday of April, Sunbury 1st Monday of October, and in Pittsburg on the 3d Monday of October.

OFFICERS OF THE UNITED STATES. resident. - - - Abraham Lincoln, Of Illinois. ice President, Hannibal Hamlin, Of Maine, Sec. of State, - Wm. H. Seward, - New York bec of Treas'y S. P. Chase, . . . Ohio. Sec. of War, - E. M. Stanton, - -Pennsylvania Sec. of Navy, - Gideon Welles, Connecticut See of Interior Isaac P. Usher. - - Indiana, M Gen. - - Montg. Blair, - - -Maryland Attorney Gen. - Edward Bates. Missouri. SUPREME COURT -- Chief Justice, Roger B. Taey of Maryland Associate Justicescison of New York, Robert C. Grier of Pennsyl Vania, John M. Wayne of Georgia, John Catron o Tennessee, Nathan Clifford of Maine, Caleb B mith of Indiana. Meets in Washington city on the 1st Monday of December.

CABINET EMPORIUM! B. K. SHOPE, CABINET MAKER, Would respectfully announce to the public that he has fitted up a shap on Cherry street, near the Episcopal church, and near Kratzer's store, where he intends to carry on the Cabinet-making business in its different branches. Having served a regular apprenticeship to the business, and worked as a Journeyman over six years, besides carry-ing on a shop for three years, he flatters himself that he can render satisfaction to those who may favor him with their custom. Having located in the Borough of Clearfield, he solicits a share of patronage, and it shall ever be his object to make order, neat and substantial furniture-

French Bedsteads | He will always be and common and French prepared to furnishto order Rocking chairs of posts-Cottage, Jenny ind, and all other different kinds, and kinds of Bedsteads, common and other with Teckner's Patent | chairs. He will also fur sleaings-and Gard- nish to order Hair, Husk, ner's Patent spring Bed-steads. Bureaus of dif-ferent kinds.Sideboards, Wardrobes. Book cases, articles will be made to Parlor and centretables. Breakfast and dining ta-bles-and the latest im- CASH or exchanged for proved Extensiontables. approved country pro-Work stands, Hat racks, duce. Don't forget the Toilet and Wash stands, phase, as I am prepared and every other kind of to furnish all articles at furniture in his branch. the most reasonable rates Maple Cherry, Poplar, Pine, Linwood, and ev-try other suitable lumber, will be taken in exchange for furniture. Cash will also be paid for good Lumber. B. K. SHOPE

Sood Lumber. B. B. Coffins of the latest style made to order on short notice. Funerals attended whenever desirable. Clearfield. Pa., Jan. 21 1862

Bashwhackers are thicker in this vicinity. than fleas on a dog.' They captured one Lieutenant and four or five of our men, who were parolled after everything was taken from them. Night before last they shot a picket of the 10th N. Y., killing him. They are the Copperheads of Virginia. More anon.

Yours as ever. C. E. L.

The veil which covers the face of futurity is woven by the hand of mercy.

merit your approbation, and maintain or and glory of our country."

The success of Grierson, justly remarks a cotemporary, shows not only what an active and dashing officer can execute with men of a spirit equal to his own, but, also, his experience tells us, as Stoneman's did, how hollow and empty is that which calls itself the "Southern confederacy." When once he has pierced the slender cover. Col. Grierson rode down the whole length of the great State of Mississippi with a loss of but one man; and everywhere he found only Union men, misery, and weariness with the war which the rebel leadforces a false card on his victims. That a cavairy force should be able to ride a distance of eight hundred miles through the enemy's country certainly shows that that country is a great part of the population is favorable to our cause.

A SECTABILAS PRAYER .- A young lady employed in teaching a district school somewhere in Obio, wished to open the school with a prayer, and for that purpose asked the consent of the trustees. It was readily given, on condition that the prayer should not be "sectarian." The condition was accepted. After some weeks, the school-mistress was summoned to attend the trustees. Complaint had been made that the daily prayers, contrary to conditions, was "sectarian." The young lady had no knowledge of the charge-she was

"clad in conscious innocence." She asked for specifications. A grave trustee arose and stated that he was sorry to testify that he himself had heard a "sectarian prayer while visit. ing the school."

"Well, what was it ?"

"It was an Episcopal prayer. I have read t in the Episcopal prayer Book." "Impossible !" was the reply. Repeat it; what was it?"

"Well, I cannot repeat it all, but it was a prayer that begins, "Our Father which art in heaven."

GIFTS FROM GERMANY--One of the steamers of the Hamburg and American Steamship Company, lately arrived brought to this port over eighty large packages of fine linen and lint, which had been contributed by the friends of the Union along the Rhine, for the benefit of our sick and wounded soldiers. Some of the packages were of the size of hogsheads. all were made up of the best material. The linen was especially fine. Every package bore this inscription :

"Rhine, Bavaria. For the Wounded Defenders of the United States." These packages were a free gift of the freedom-loving men and women of Rhineland, and were brought over free by the Hamburg and American line. In the light of such exhibitions as this and others that have preceded it, there is no room at all for doubt as to the existence among the people everywhere throughout Europe, of a deep and profound sympathy with the North in its grand struggle for liberty and good Gov. by, and be sure you put it where you can eaernment. 7 35

penditures, that the working classes called aloud for bread. Who responded to the call ? Was it the Queen or her Parliament ? Oh ! no. It was America, a nation which, accord-

ing to their ideas, "was a thing of the past." It was here we returned good for evil, and displayed a dignity which must have called up a blush on the cheek of England's queen. But monarchs have no souls, hence no emotions.

FACT FOR VEGETARIANS .--- It is indeed a fact worthy of remark, and one that seems never to have been noticed, that throughout the whole animal creation, in every country and clime of the earth, the most useful animals that eat vegetable food work. The allpowerful elephant, and the patient, untiring camel, in the torrid zone; the horse, the ox, or the donkey, in the temperate; and the reindeer in the frigid zone, obtain all their muscular power from nature's simplest production-the vegetable kingdom. But all the flesh-eating

animals keep the rest of the animated creation in constant dread of them. They seldom eat vegetable food until some other animal has eaten it first, and made it into flesh. Their own flesh is unfit for other animals to eat, having been itself made out of flesh, and is most foul and offensive. Great strength, fleetness of foot, usefulness, cleaniiness, and docility are then, always characteristic of vegetable eaters.

SLEEP OVERCOMES ALL MEN .- The most violent passion and excitement cannot keep even powerful minds from sleep. Alexander the Great slept on the field of Arbela, and Napolean upon that of Austerlitz. Even stripes and forture cannot keep off sleep, as criminals have been knows to give way to it on the rack. Noises, which at first serve to drive it away, soon become indispensible to its existence, thus a stage coach stopping to change horses, wakes all the passengers. The proprietor of an iron forge, who slept close to the din of hammers, forges, and blast furnaces, would wake if there was any interruption to them du-

ring the night; and a sick miller, who had his mill stopped on that account, passed sleepless nights until the mill resumed its usual noise. Homer, in his Iliad, elegantly represents sleep as overcoming all men, and even the gods.

There seems a probability of warm work on the borders of Arkansas and the Indian Territory. On the 20th, Col. Philips, commanding our forces in the Territory, had a fight with a portion of Price's army near fort Gibson. The rebels were driven back, but as they are said to have 11,000 men well provided with artillery, to our 3 000 our forces will rely for the present on their strong fortifications. Gen. Herron is, however, on his. way to the scene of his former triumphs, and the rebels will not have everything their own way. It is stated that the Texan Rangers and their allies are likely to give the trains for New Mexico considerable trouble.

Allways have a good stock of patience laid silv find it.

time, and even in the midst of the lavish ex- for when he, was cast into hell. I have the honor to be, very respectfully,

Your most obedient servant, D. HUNTER, Major General Com'g.

THE PRICE OF BATTLE .- At the battle of Arcola, the Austrians lost in killed and wounded, 18,000 men; French, 15,000. At Hohenlinden, the Austrian loss was 14,

000 ; the French 9,000. At Austerlitz the Allies, out of 80,000 men, lost 30,000 in killed, wounded or prisoners ;

the French lost only (!) 12,000. At Jena and Auerstadt, the Prussians lost 30,000 men, killed and wounded, and nearly as many prisoners, making nearly 60,000 in all : and the French 14,000 in killed and wounded.

At the terrific battle of Evlau, the Russians lost 25,000 in killed and wounded ; and the French 30,000.

At Friedland, the Russiahs lost 17,000 in killed and wounded; the French loss was 8.000.

At Wagram, the Austrians and Trench lost each 25,000 men, or 50,000 in all; in killed and wonded.

WOMAN'S "THIBTY POINTS."-An old Spanish writer says that a woman is quite perfect and absolute in beauty if she have thirty good points. Here they are :

Three things white-the skin, the teeth the hands.

Three black -the eyes, eyebrows and eyelashes.

Three red .- the lips, the cheeks, the nails. Three long-the body, the hair, the hands. Three short-The teeth, the ears, the feet. Three broad- the chest, the brow, the space below the eyebrows.

Three narrow-the mouth, the waist, the nstep.

Three large-the arm, the hip, the calf. Three free- the fingers, the hair, the lips. Three small-the breast, the nose, the head. Thirty in all.

THE QUEEN OF PUDDINGS .- The American Argiculturalist challenges any housekeeper in the country to give any mode of preparing more delicious light pudding : One pint of nice bread crumbs to one quart of milk. one cup of sugar, the yolks of 4 eggs beaten, the grated rind of a lemon, a piece of butter the size of an egg. Bake until done but not watery. Whip the whites of the eggs stiff, and heat in a teacupful of sugar in which is stirred the juice of lemon. Spread over the pudding a layer of jelly or any sweetmeats you prefer. Pour the whites of the eggs over this and replace in the oven and bake lightly. To be eaten cold with cream. It is second only to ice cream, and for some seasons better.

A curious will, found at Port Royal, illus trates a peculiar phase of the institution of slavery. The testator, John Cooper, of Caroline county, Va., gives his property to his wife and daughter, but to do this he is obliged to emancipate his wife, who was his slave, and thereby (according to aristocratic Virginia practice) legitimatize his daughter, borp of be a great deal more wise and Christian and the aforesaid slave.

It will not be necessary for any person who is enrolled to establish his claim to exemption until he receives a printed notice informing him that he has been drafted, and then he will have ten days to show that he is not liable or able to perform military service.

There is no use of suffering, if you can belp it ; a good stout, resolute protest, would often beneficial.than so much patient endurance.

