Express.	ALTOONA. 9.55 p m.	10.28 p.m.	11.17 p.n
Fast train, Mail train,	4.25 a.m. 11.35 a.m.	12.10 a.m.	5.45 a.n 1.02 a.n
WESTWARD.	8.15 a m	111111	6.40 a.n
Last train.	8.30 p.m.	6.58 p.m.	7.14 p.n 5.59 p.n
Fast train. Mail train.	7.40 p.m. 7.40 p.m. m, Tyrone at 0.9.40 a m. I	6.58 p.m.	5.59 Bran

## UNION STATE CONVENTION.

The Loyal Citizens of Pennsylvania, without distintion of party, who desire cordially to unite in sustaining the National and State Administrations, in their patriotic efforts to suppress a sectional and unholy rebellion against the Unity of the Republic, and who desire to support by every power of the Government, our heroic brethren in arms, braving disease and the perils of the field to preserve the Union of our Fathers, are requested to select a number of Delegates equal to their Legislative representatives of the State, at such times and such manner as will best respond to the spirit of this call, to meet in State Convention, at Pittsburg, on Wednesday, the First of July next, at eleven o'clock, A. M., on said day to nominate candidates for the offices of Govwner and Judge of the Supreme Court, and to take such measures as may be deemed necesarry to strengthen the Government in this season of common peril to a common country. C. P. MARKLE,

Chairman of the Union State Central Com. GEO. W. HAMERSLY, | Secretaries. Wm. J. Howard.

In the third line of our comments last week on the extract from the Copperhead organ, showing them to be in favor of ANY peace, dishonerable or otherwise, the compositor made us say, "July 3d, 1863," it should be July 3d, 1861.

How is it !- Perhaps little more than a year since, much ado was made, by the Copperheads, about "Lincoln Coffee,"-on account of the high price of that article. How is it "Lincoln Lumber," that is filling the pockets of our lumbermen?

of fasting and prayer, it is to be hoped that it will be observed with becoming respect. To this end, Divine service may be expected to the Lutheran Church in this place, at 11 o'clock in the morning.

## CCRRESPONDENCE OF THE "JOURNAL!" Letter from Philipsburg.

PHILIPSBURG, Penn'a, April 25, 1863. DEAR JOURNAL :- There is a time in the af fairs of a town or village, when all things glide along smoothly. No caste-the high and the low, the rich and the poor, all associate together. The man who has property and monev or in other words, the rich man move slong on the same level with the mechanic or laborer. All seem to do for the welfare of each other. At the church, the poor and the rich occupy the upper seats in common, and therefore are obeying the Divine law.

Such a town was Philipsburg when I first came to it. At that time there was but one brick house in the place, and it was known as "the brick." by which emphasised definite article, it was readily found. The ancient style, logs and daubin' was the architecture in use. with a pile of stones at one end for a chimney. The houses all wore an ancient, dilapidated appearance; but good cheer, sociability, and anti-aristocracy was the character of the inmates. There did not appear to be any distinction among the people,-all moved in the same circle. It seemed strange to me to see all so sociable, for I had just come from a place that was the capitol of that species of aristocracy, generally known as "cod-fish." But Philipsburg of to-day is different, vastly different, from what it was then. Now, there are several brick houses, and "the brick" no longer designates the only one of the kind. The old log and daubin' architecture, though, largely in the majority; I fear will have to give way to the "mire and the clay," the granite and brown stone fronts. The good old fashioned sociability that existed a few ) ears ago, has gone the way of things terrestrial. The upper seats at the church are occupied by men in sable dress, and by women in rustling silks and satins. The line of distinction is as plainly drawn, as the line of the equator or a map of the world. But this change is not so much the character of the people, as it is the age in which we live, move and have our being.

The mil has over the mountain taken its way,' and 'tis to that' greatest of all modern civilizers, that the ancient and anti-aristocratic town of Philipsburg is fast throwing off its former sociability, and assuming the semiaquatic aristocracy. It is always the case, hever knew it to fail, that a town in which all the old fushioned and time honored sociabilily prevailed, was sure to be swept away on the advent of a rail road. So, ye Clearfielders, if you enjoy an anti-aristocratic town and people, make the most of it, for in a few years it will cease to exist.

The rail-road seems to have run into a marsh, quicksand, creek or coal bank, in the vicinity of Dunbar, or it may be the "greenbacks' have run out. At all events it does not appear to get any nearer to our town than it did, or was, some months ago. When I Tote you in a previous letter, of the Rail Road fast approaching completion, I expected long ere this to chronicle the fact, that the man who expressed a desire to see a "pair of bem cars," had been gratified. I am informpoint, is about s indefinite as the coming of the end of the world.

This has been a splendid spring for the lumbermen and log men. There has been a good stage of water for raiting, for some time, and the log men are having a magnificent flood for driving their logs. The "drive" of Bowman and Perks, passed this place on Sunday after-

Moshannon-all in first rate order. It is seldom that such a streak of lack attends a "drive." Often they have been for months in getting out of the creek: I hear that the drives on Clearfield, and Anderson's creeks are out into the river, and well on through the mountains.

The pinrality of gents, dressed in Uncle Sams blue kersey, has diminished considerably from our Presqueaisle and North Front street, the two promenades of our city, since a few days prior to the 1st inst. There are some stragglers skulking about yet, and I presume there will soon be a special Provost sent to hunt them up. I was surprised to see so many dressed in uncle Sam's uniform of a private of infantry, driving logs. At first, 1 did not know but I might have been transferred by some genii to Acquia creek, Va., when I saw so many "drivers" in uniform, and that the logs were intended for a pontoon or for some new base of operations for the army of the Potomac; but on looking about, I saw that I was on the bank of the Moshannon. I inquired how it was that so many soldiers were on the drive. Are they on a special furlough to drive while the flood is up? The answer was; no, they are men that have been discharged "by reason of Surgeons certificate of disability." And 1 afterwards ascertained that such was the case, that they were discharged soldiers-discharged on account of sickness; and here they were, driving logs, the most laborious and disagreeable work a man can get at. I will venture to say that, a log driver endures more hardships, works more, calls into requisition more strength and exposure in one day's driving logs, than any soldier in the army of the Union does in a campaign. There is something wrong. The disciples of Esculapius who discharge such soldiers from reason of disability, should be immediately discharged from reason of incompetency. There are hundreds of soldiers in the hospitals that should be discharged; but from some cause they are not, until the now about the high price of lumber? Is it Surgeon in charge is sure that the soldier will die. From what I have been told, I should not wonder it "greenbacks" did more RELIGIOUS .- To morrow (Thursday) being to effect the discharge of many soldiers, than the day appointed by the President, as a day their disability. Yours truly, LERGI.

Letter from Suffolk, Va.

SUFFOLK, VA., APRIL 12, 1863. DEAR Row :- For the past week we have been in a constant state of excitement, from the expectation that a struggle for the possession of this place was about to come off. There has been constant skirmishing between the pickets without any serious results, until yesterday, when our out-posts were susprised and some of the men and horses were captured. Not content with this, the rest of the pickets were driven in by superior numbers of the enemy. This raid has resulted, so far in having all the troops under arms, and taking every precaution to insure this point against any attack, by strengthening the earth works which almost entirely encircle us. From recent movements of the enemy in this quarter, there is every reason to believe that he meditates an attack here, and the capture of this whole command. There are many things that have transpired in our midst, within the last three or four days, to give a tangible shape to this belief. Some arrests of dangerous, or at least suspicious persons, upon whom has been found information of much benefit to the enemy, leads to the inevitable conclusion that treason is playing a deep game within our lines at this present time, and it is feared that the rebels are duly informed of all that goes on. If I am correctly informed, together with the general opinion that prevails here, the t grand move towards the consummation of the rebel designs, as before mentioned, was made night before last at the Railroad bridge across the southern branch of the Elizabeth river, between here and Norfolk. By some inexplicable means or other the bridge was disabled, by the abstraction of some of its bolts, and when the first train up yesterday morning, unconscious of any thing wrong, was about to pass over, the structure went downprecipitating the engine and part of the train into the stream, killing the fireman, engineer and conductor, besides bruising several others. It appears that this was part of the plot, to cut off our communications, and in the absence of the troops sent away, to make a dash for the occupation of Suffolk. Through the promptness, energy, and determination of Gen. Peck, this seheme of the traitors is likely to fail, as the most ample preparation has been made to meet any emergency. Since yesterday at noon the troops have been under arms, but up to this evening no rebels have

The weather has at last got quite pleasant, and the mud is drying up very fast. Yours truly.

ventured within reach of the guns of the for-

Another letter from Suffolk.

SUFFOLK, VA., APRIL 17TH, 1863. DEAR Row :- I will endeavor to pen you a few lines in regard to the situation here at this time, that you may know that, although we have not had a general fight, we have by no means given up the prospect of one, at any moment. Since I wrote you last, we have had daily skirmishing at one point or another along the line, but so far, no serious casualties are reported, save the wounding of a lew of our men; some perhaps mortally. The most severe skirmishing has been on our right, along the Nansemond river-the rebels having erected some batteries and devoted their real intentions to effect a crossing, and, if possible, get between us and Norfolk. In this, so ed that the completion of the road to this far, they have been unsuccessful, and I think we are in a condition now to thwart any such attempts in the future. We have received a liberal number of reinforcements, so that we are enabled to have every point well gnarded, where, before, it was impossible to assign the proper force to each point, which the impor-

tance of the position demands.

roon last and I am informed is now out of the | wooden gunboats have been temporarily disabled, but the present disposition of our forces, will obviate the necessity of running the light boats so far up the river as to make them an especial target for the rebel's guns, owing to the crookedness and narrowness of the stream. Their services can be transferred to where they will have a wider sphere for their manoeuvering, and where they can be more effective in preventing the enemy from effect-

ing a crossing. The injury to the Railroad bridge has been repaired and the trains arrive and depart as regularly as usual. If the rebels fail to assault our works in the course of the next two days, it is thought that we will assume the offensive, and endeavor to drive them beyond the Blackwater. Failing in this, a diversion will probably be made in their rear with a view of giving them some trouble. A successful move of one or the other of these plans would be of immense advantage to us, as it would give us an unbroken line from this point, via Chowan river, to Little Washington, N. C., should Foster be able to hold out a little longer. All eyes are turned in that direction, since the attack on Charleston has been abandoned, and there is much anxiety to learn what has become of the little force there, as we have had no news for the last few days, or at least none of a general character. from that point. The report comes to us today, from prisoners, deserters, and contrabands, that the rebels are being feinforced from their army at Fredericksburg. If Gen. Hooker takes advantage of this-should the report be correct-he can doubtless make a successful move, and keep the rebs busy looking out for a fire in the rear.

The roads are rapidly drying up, and as the most favorable season for active campaigning is close at hand, much is expected of the Army of the Potomac, and much is required of it to redeem its former prestige. We shall doubtless, soon see whether our expectations are to be verified, or whether we are to lose confidence in it altogether.

Truly yours,

FROM GEN. BANKS' ARMY.

Advices from New Orleans to the 13th of April have been recived. General Banks had taken the field in person, at the head of Grover's and Emory's Divisions and Weitzel's Brigade, and important movements were in progress on Bayou Teche, an important stream which, rising in St. Landry parish, near Opelousas, flows south-eastwardly about two hundred miles, and unites with the Atchafalaya, west of Brashear City. On the 11th of April General Weitzel's forces advanced to Pattersonville, five miles up the Teche and fifteen miles below Franklin, the capital of St. Mary,s parish. At the same time General Grover moved to Indian Bend, a point in Grand Lake, above Franklin, thus placing the enemy between two fires; but, as the steamer left two days later, we have no intelligence of further movements, except that further movements, except that, on the 12th of April, the Rebels were retreating, and General Weitzel was reported, on the following day, to be within six miles of Franklin

LATER .- On the night of the 17th, General Banks reached Vermillionville. After a hard fight atVermillion bay on where the rebels had posted batteries and infantry, but they were driven from them, with considerable loss on both sides. Large stores of ammunition, some Enfield rifles and other arms, and 1,600 prisoners were captured. The steamer Corine was also taken; and the rebels destroyed ten steamboats, two large gunboats and the Diana, and immense stores of bacon and ammunition to prevent them falling into General Banks' hands. About 1,000 horses, mules and beef cattle were also captured by our men, and an iron foundry and salt works were destroyed by them. The rebel fortifications at Bute La Rose were also reduced.

THE CORCORAN TRAGEDY.

The true state of the facts are being gradually evolved, through various channels, and are substantially these; the affair happened between two and three o'clock in the morning; Gen. Corcoran was proceeding from headquarters to his command to execute an important order; the night was very dark; Col. Kimball had no right to challenge, and consequently General Corcoran could not, without a violation of duty, give him the countersign; but he did give his name and his rank, and explained the nature of his orders; and when he asked Col. Kimball by what authority he stopped him, the only reply was, "It is none of your G-d-business." He then drew his sword, and, as is believed, laid his hand on his pistol, and advanced in a threatening manner, using unreasonable, abusive and very profane language. All this time General Corcoran knew not who the man was, and in a self-defence fired and killed him. General Corcoran himself has written a letter detailing these circumstances; and his statement is corroborated by the letter of one of his officers who was with him when the affair

MORE PIRATES. - By a late arrival from England we learn that another privateer, the Virginia, took her departure from the Clyde, on the 7th, with a crew shipped at Liverpool, and another was on the eve of following her, with seamen also enlisted in Liverpool. While these vessels, both said to be prepared for active service without molestation, considerable importance is made of the seizure by the Government of a small craft of one hundred and twenty tons, intended for the use of the

WHOOPING-COUGH OR GROUP, however severe may be alleviated and cured by the use of Madame Zadoc Porter's Curative Balsam. This invaluable Medicine possesses the extraordinary power of relieving immediately Whooping-cough, Hoarseess, Difficulty of Breathing, Huskiness, and Tickling in the Throat. It loosens the Phlegm. and will be found very agreeable to the taste. It It is reported that two or three of our little Druggists, at 13 and 25 cents per bottle. See taken by the property of the property of the person of the pers

On the 23d April, by James R. Caldwell, Esq., Mr. John M'CRACKEN of Ferguson township, to Miss CAROLINE BLOOM of Jordan tp.

On April 21st, of inflamation of the brain. DAVID WILSON, son of Isaac end Susannah

Caldwell, of Pike township, aged 19 years, Il months and I day. On Thursday, April 23d, of dyptheria, Jo-SEPH NEWTON, son of Jacob and Ann Anspach of Pike township, aged 9 ys, 11 mos, 23 days. Happy soul tny days are ended,

All thy mourning days b low; Thou by angel guards attended Didst to Jesus' presence go. Mourn not, ye whose child hath found. Purer skies and holier ground, -. Flowers of bright and pleasant hue, Free from thorns, and fresh with dew.

YDE HOUSE, RIDGWAY, PENN'A.

S. J. OSGOOD. PROPRIETOR. . This Hotel is new, and furnished in modern style, has ample accommodations, and is in all respects a first class house. February 6, 1861.

AMUEL HEGARTY, wholesale and retail dealer in Foreign and Domestic Merchan dize. Hegarty's \* Roads, Clearfield county, Pa , ceeps constantly all articles in his line of business, which he will sell cheap for cash or exchange for approved country produce. Lumber of all kinds taken in exchange for goods. March 4, 1863.

CAUTION -All persons are hereby caution ed against purchasing a certain note, dated 21st February, 1863, calling for twenty dollars, and given by the undersigned to Jack Ames; as I have received no value for the same, I will not pay it unless compelled by due course of law.
HENRY HUMMEL. Rockton, March 4, 1563-3tp

FIVE-TWENTY U.S. LOAN.-Draw. I ing 6 per cent, per annum Interest payable every 6 months in Gold.—Leonard, Finney & Co... of Clearfield. Pa., are subscription Agents to dis-pose of this Five-Twenty Years U.S. Loan. A. mounts can be had to suit the means of different individuals—the Interest being payable, and to be accounted for, half-yearly-in Gold. Clearfield, April 8, 1863.

CAUTION .- All persons are hereby cautioned I against purchasing or meddling with the fol lowing property, now in possession of George Kep-hart in Decatur township, to wit: I Black horse I Iron-gray horse, and 4 Cows, as the same belongs to me, and have only been left with said Kephart on loan, and subject to my order.

March 25, 1863-pd.

W. B. MORGAN.

CLEARFIELD HOUSE, CLEARFIELD, PA.—The subscriber having purchased the furniture and interest from H. H. Morrow, in said House, is now prepared for the reception of tran sient and permanent boarders. Every depart-ment connected with his establishment will be conducted second to none in the county. He respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

July 11, 1860.-y. GEO. N. COLBURN. July 11, 1860.-y.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—On and after July 1st. 1863, the privilege of converting the present issue of Legal Tender notes into the National Six per cent. Loan (commonly called "Five-Twenties vill cease.

All who wish to invest in the Five-Twenty Loan nust, therefore, apply before the 1st of July next JAY, COOKE, SUBSCRIPTION AGENT. No 114 S. Third St., Philadelphia

LEARFIELD MUSIC SCHOOL-For in struction upon the Piano, Melodeon and Guitar, and in Harmony and Singing.

Payable, one-fourth at the beginning and the balance at the end of the quarter.

Vocal music free to all Instrumental pupils.

Studied alone, \$3,00 per term. Oct. 1, 1860. E. A. P. RYNDER, Teacher. TO THE PRESIDENTS AND SECRE-TARIES OF THE BOARDS OF SCHOOL DI-RECTORS.—By reference to the Pennsylvania School Journal for March and April, page 262 and 294, it will be seen that the Annual Certificates of Presidents and Secretaries, are subject each to ten cents tax. But by an amendment to the law passed March 3d last, and now just published, the stamp required is only a five cent one. It will, therefore, be the duty of the President to attach to each certificate a five cent government stamp. The officers of the different Boards will, as early as may be convenient, send to me the Annual certificates, that the schools "Have been open and in operation according to law." so that I may forward it to the Department, that the war-

rant may be issued AT ONCE for the Districts' share

ot the appropriation. C. B. SANDFORD, Clearfield, April 22, 1861. Co. Sup

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE .- By virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Clearfield county, the undersigned will offer at public sale, at Luthersburg, on Thursday the 7th day of May. A. D. 1863, all those certain premises, late the estate of Philip Kriner, dec'd, situate in Brady tp... Clearfield county, Penn a; consisting of two tracts. one of them Beginning at the corner of tracts Nos 1431 & 1432, thence west, 185 perches to a Horn-beams, thence by land of Fred'k Beates, tract No. 639 north 137 6-10 perches to a Black oak, thence east 185 perches to a Sugar tree, thence along the division line of the aforesaid tracts Nos. 1431 and 1432 south 137 6-10 perches to place of beginning containing 150 acres and 15 perches. The other tract. containing 2 acres and 128 perches, com mencing at a Sugar tree, adjoining other lands of Peoples and said Kriner, being the same premises conveyed to the said Philip Kriner, dec'd by Nathan B. Peoples.

TERMS-One third Cash at the time of the sale. and the remainder, in one and two years thereafter. with interest the purchase money to be secured by Judgment Bond upon the premises.

April 8, 1863 ELIAS RISHEL, Sr., Trustee.

A YER'S COMPOUND EXTRACT SAR-SAPARILLA.—No one remedy is more need-ed in this country than a reliable Alterative, but the sick have been so outrageously cheated by the worthless preparations of Sarsaparilla abroad that they are disgusted even with the name. Yet the drug cannot be blamed for the impositions from which they have suffered. Most of the so called Sarsaparillas in the market contain little of the virtues of Sarsaparilla or anything else They are mere slops-inert and worthless, while concentrated extract of the active variety of Sarsaparilla compounded with Dock, Stillingia, Iodine, etc., is, as it ever will be. a powerful alterative and an effectual remedy. Such is Aver's Extract of Sarsaparilla, as its truly wonderful cures of the great variety of complaints which require an alterative medicine have abundantly hown. Do not, therefore, discard this invaluable medicine, because you have been imposed upon by something pretending to be Sarsaparilla, while it was not. When you have used Ayer'sthen, and not till then, will you know the virtues of Sarsaparilla. For minute particulars of the diseases it cures, we refer you to Ayer's American Almanae, which the agent below named will furnish gratis to all who call for it

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS for the use Costiveness Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Heart-Stomach, Headashe, Piles, Rheumatism, Heart-burn arising from Disordered Stomach, Pain. or Morbid Inaction of the Bowels, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, and for a Dinner Pill.

They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best Aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic. PRICE 25 cents per Box; Five Boxes for \$1.00 Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with

other preparations which they make more profit on. Demand Ayen's and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Lowell, Mass C. D. Watson, Clearfield, Wm. Irvin, Curwent

DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.-Letters of Administration on the estate of Hugh Rid-dle. late of the Borough of New Washington. Clearfield county. Penn'a. dec'd. having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement JAMES GALLAHER. March 18, 1863-6tp. Administrator

DMINISTRATORS NOTICE.-Letters A of Administration on the estate of William Wright, late of Beccaria town'p, Clearfield coun-Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the under-signed, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN W. WRIGHT.

HENRY B. WRIGHT. March 18, 1862-6tp Administrators

5,000 MEN.

Youths & Boys can be supplied with clothing & furnishing goods at Reizenstein Bro's & Co., where it is TO BE

Sold at prices that will induce all to be \* "DRAFTED"

By interest, to the clothing establishment. The universal satisfaction which has been given, has induced them to enlarge their stock, which, in quality and selection, is now inferior to none

IN PENNSYLVANIA or anywhere else. Come and you can have

BY ORDER All kinds and styles of clothing, at nearly one half OF THE

Prices usually asked at any other store in the county Clothing, good enough to suit the

GOVERNOR. Or any other man. Remember the place, oppo-

site the Bank, Clearfield. Pa. April 8. REIZENSTEIN BRO'S & CO

# CABINET EMPORIUM

B. K. SHOPE, CABINET MAKER, Would respectfully announce to the public that he has fitted up a shop on Cherry street, near the Episcopal church, and near Kratzer's store, where he intends to earry on the Cabinet-making busi-ness in its different branches. Having served a regular apprenticeship to the business, and worked as a Journeyman over six years, besides carryng on a shop for three years, he flatters himself that he can render satisfaction to those who may favor him with their custom. Having located in the Borough of Clearfield, he solicits a share of patronage, and it shall ever be his object to make

to order, neat and substantial furniture-such as French Bedsteads | He will always be and common and French prepared to furnishte orposts-Cottage, Jenny der Rocking chairs of Lind, and all other different kinds, and kinds of Bedsteads, common and other with Teckner's Patent chairs. He will also furfastenings-and Gard- nish to order Hair. Husk ner's Patent spring Bedand hair and cotton top stends. Bureaus of dif- Mattresses. The above ferent kinds. Sideboards, named and many other Wardrobes. Book cases. articles will be made to Parler and centretables. order for customers, or Breakfast and dining ta- short notice. cheap bles-and the latest im- CASH or exchanged for proved Extensiontables. approved country pro-Work Stands. Hat racks. duce. Don't forget the Toilet and Wash stands. place. as I am prepared and every other kind of to furnish all articles at

furniture in his branch. | the most reasonable rates Maple. Cherry, Poplar, Pine, Linwood, a ery other suitable lumber, will be taken in exchange for furniture. Cash will also be paid for good Lumber. B. K. SHOPE

N. B .- Coffins of the latest style made to order on short notice. Funerals attended whenever Clearfield. Pa., Jan. 21 1867

## THE VERY LATEST ARRIVAL OF Spring Goods.

Of the Best Quality and Most Fashionable Styles, at

C.W.&H.W.SMITH'S

Selling at prices that defy competition.

Carefully peruse the separate lists appended beow, for we have the best selected and most fashionable stock of Ladies' and Gents' furnishing Goods, ever brought to the county. We are sel ing the Best 4-4 Brown Sheetings for 374 cents; and Summer Prints from 20 cents upwards; Dark Prints from 22 to 30 cents, of the best quality and Persons favoring us with an examination of our stock shall not go away dissatisfied.

Look at the Dry Goods, to wit : Mozambiques. Balzarenes, Wool DeLaines. Do French. Bareges, Repp DeLaines. Linen Poplins. Flannels Fancy DeLaines. Lavella Cloth. Fancy Prints Way. Ginghams. Table Diaper. Man. Ginghams. Bird-eye Diaper. Ticking. French Gingh Bleached Auslin, Brown Drills Stella Shawls, French Gingh's, Blk Thibet do Unb. 4-4 7-8 do etc., etc., etc., etc., etc.

Gents' Furnishing Goods: Silk Mixed Cassimeres, Kentucky Jeans. Fancy Mixed cassimeres, B'k Ribbed cassimeres, Cambertenes. Fancy Sattinetts, Mottled cassimeres. Wool Tweeds. Melton Sattinetts. Twilled cassimeres, Black Cravats, Double Twist do Black Silk Ties, Rubber Buttons. Pongee Handkerchiefs, Metal Buttons. Fancy Cass Shirts. Carpenter Pencils Marsailles Fronts Unique Scarfs. Dom Linnen collars, Linen chokers. I cord Linnen collars, Paper collars, 3 cord Linen collars, Coat Bindir gs.

etc., etc., etc., etc., etc. Look at the list of Notions. Long cane ho ps. Round cane hoops, Elegant Gord Trail hoop-Skirts. Misses gloves, Black cotton gloves. Black silk gloves. Mens' as't'd gloves, Mens' kid gloves. Ladies' assorted gloves. Black crapes, English crases, French crapes, Childrens hose, Ladies' hose, Ladies' black hose. Ladies state hose. Hooks and eyes, Whalebones. Puff combs, Rubbe. childs combs. Cotton fringes for curtains, Man. ribbons. Earners. Black and white luces, Edgings, Fringes, Black shawls. Stella shawls Mourning vails, Mourning Hakfs, Carpet bindings. Skirt braids of all colors, A-

merican, Paris. Magpie and Flower-ed Ruches, and Fancy Jet pins. Mantles, Ladies' Linen collars, Ladies' ruffled, fly-edged and lace-fluted collars, Twilled cuffs to match. Mourning cuffs and collars, Double ruffling, Invistble head nets, Tassel, Crochet, Chenille, Braid, Velvet and Fancy head nets; Narrow braids, Embroidering braids, Elastic cords, Silk cords, Mourning-dress buttons, Fancy cold agate. Zouave gi't. Steeple and Acorn buttons, and assorted Zephyrs, etc., etc., etc., etc.

Groceries, among which are Prime Rio coffee, Ground Rio coffee, S. H. sugar clarified N. O. sugar, Pure water crackers for invalide, Soda crackers, Butter crackers, Y. H. Tea, Essence coffee, Ext lye, Cream Tartar, Tea. Essence cones. Ext iye, Gram Tartar,
All spices, Pipes, Tobacco, Indigo and every thing belonging to Groceries Also,
Split peas (a splendid substitute for
beans). Best quality of brown sugar at 122 cents per pound.

Remember the place, opposite the Presbyterian church, Second street, Clearfield, Pa. Examine our stock and judge for yourselves.

Adril 8. C. W. & H. W. SMITH.

STOVES. -50 COOKING STOVES, of all sizes, for sale cheap for cash. by Dec. 8, 1862. R. MUSSOP, Clearfield,

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

DREDERICK LEITZINGER, Manufacturer of l' ll kinds of Stone-ware. Clearfield. Pa. Or-ders solicited—wholesale or retail. Jan. 1, 1863

J. CRANS, Attorney at Law and Real Estate A. Agent, Clearfield, Pa. Office adjoining his esidence, on Second street. May 16.

W. M. M'CULLOUGH, Attorney at Law, Clear-on Second Street. Office, with L. J. Crans, Esq., July 3, 1861.

DOBERT J. WALLACE. Atterney at Law. Clearfield. Pa Office in Shaw's new row, Market street, opposite Naugle's sewelry store. May 26. F. NAUGLE, Watch and Clock Maker, and H. Market street. Nov. 10.

BUCHER SWOOPE, Attorney at Law, Clear-H BUCHER SWOOPE, Attorney at Law, Clear-field, Pa. Office in Graham's Row, four doo s west of Graham & Boynton's store. Nov. 10.

B. K. SHOPE, Cabinent Maker, Cherry Street, Clearfield, Pa Makes to order every des eription of Furniture on short notice. Jan 21'63 P KRATZER Merchant, and dealer in

J. Boards and Shingles, Grain and Produce. Front St. above the Academy, Clearfield, Pa. [j13 WALLACE & HALL, Attorneys at Law, Clear-field, Pa December 17, 1862 December 17, 1862. WILLIAM A. WALLACE. ::::::: JOHN G. HALL.

J. PATTERSON, Attorney at Law, Curwens-A ville, Pa., will attend to all business entrusted to his care. Office opposite the New Methodist Church.

WILLIAM F. IRWIN, Market street, Clearfield, Pa., Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Mer-chandise, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, and family articles generally.

DR. WM. CAMPBELL, offers his professional services to the citizens of Morris and adjoining townships. Residence with J. D. Denning in Kylertown, Clearfield county. May 11, 1859.

TOHN GUELICH. Manufacturer of all kinds of - Cabinet-ware, Market street, Clearfield, Pa. He also makes to order Cuffins ou short notice, and

attends funerals with a hearse. Apr10, 59. DR. R. V. WILSON, Practicing Physician, Clearfield, Pa. Will attend to all profes-sional business. Office, corner of 2d and Locust

Jan. 28, 1863 OR. M. WOODS, PRACTICING PHYSICIAN, and Examining Surgeon for Pensious, office. South-west corner of Second and Cherry

January 21, 1863. B M'ENALLY, Attorney at Law. Clearfield, Pa. Practices in Clearfield and adjoining counties. Office in new brick building of J. Boynton, 2d street, one door south of Lanich's Hotel.

DICHARD MOSSOP, Dealer in Foreign and De-Restic Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Bacon, Liquors, &c., Room, on Market street, a few doors west of Journal Office, Clearfield, Pa.

ARRIMER & TEST, Attorneys at Law, Clear-A field. Pa. Will attend promptly to all legal and other business entrusted to their care in Clearfield and adjoining counties. August 6, 1856. JAS. H. LARRIMER.

WALTER BARRETT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, bay-It is resigned his commission in the army, and resumed the practice of the law, may be consuited on professional business at his old office on Second Street, Clearfield, Pa. All business prompt-ly attended to. February 5th, 1863.

THOMAS J. M'CULLOUGH, Attorney at Law L Clearfield, Pa. Office, east of the "Clearfield co. Bank. Deeds and other legal instruments prepared with promptness and accuracy. July 3.

BUSH & M'CULLOUGH'S COLLECTION OFFICE, CLEARFIELD, PENN'A.

### PRIENDS AND RELATIVES OF THE BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS. HOLLOWAY'S

PILLS AND OINTMENT. my and Navy should take especial care that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sajlors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no bettor present can be sent them by their Friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never failing friend in the hour of need

Coughs and Colds Affecting Troops, Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are at tached to each Pot or Box.

Sick He dache and Want of Appetite, Incidental to Soldiers. These feelings which so sadden us usually arise

from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the Liver and Stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Palls taken according to the printe. instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both Liver and ach, and as a natural consequence, a clear head

Weakness or Debility Induced by Over Fatigue Will soon disappear by the use of these invatua-ble Fills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength Never let the Bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon it may seem strange, that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the Liver and Stomach, and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system, however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this medicine.

Volunteers, Attention !- Indiscretions of Youth. Sores and Ulcers, Blotches and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured, if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner, they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system, and leave the Patient a healthy and vigorous man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

For Wounds either occasioned by the Bayonet, Sabre, or the Bullet, Sores or Bruises

To which every Soldier or Sailor are liable, there are no medicines so safe, sure, and convenient, as Holloway's Pills and Gintment. The poor wounds ed and almost dying sufferer might have hiswounddressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless intment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it then covered with a piece of linen from his kuspsack and compressed with a handkerchief Taking, night and morning, 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflammation.

Every Soldier's Knapsack and Seaman's Chest should be provided with these valuable remedies. CAUTION .- None are genuine unless the words "Holloway, New York and London," are discernable as a WATER-MARK in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by BOLDING THE LEAF TO THE LIGHT A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counter-feiting the medicines or vending the same, know-

ing them to be spurious. \*Sold at the manufactory of Professor Hot-LOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents, and \$1 each

There is considerable saving by taking the Arger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patien n every disorder are affixed to each box.

New York. January 7, 1863

To Dealers in my well known med have Show Cards, Circulars, &c., sep OF EXPENSE. by addressing Thomasiden Lane. New York.

TLOUR-A good article to