

THE JOURNAL.

CLEARFIELD, PA., FEB'Y 11, 1863.

Table with 3 columns: Direction (Eastward, Westward), Time (e.g., 9:55 p.m., 10:25 p.m.), and Station (Tyrone, Clearfield).

Time of Cars, Tyrone and Clearfield Branch. Leave Tyrone, 7:40 p.m. Leave Clearfield, 7:40 p.m.

RELIEF BOARD.—The relief board will be in session on Thursday and Friday, the 26th and 27th days of February. See advertisement.

W. R. B.—Yours came to hand too late for publication last week—and hence, its non-appearance. We shall be pleased to hear from you again.

By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that Walter Barrett, Esq., has resumed the practice of law. Persons having business in our Courts should give him a call.

Lost.—On Saturday last, between Curwensville and Clearfield, a Misses black and white barred Plaid dress, and a pair of gloves and sleeve buttons. The finder will be liberally rewarded on leaving the articles at the Store of Richard Mossop in this place.

Snow.—Some six or eight inches of snow fell in this region, since our last issue, which had the effect of creating quite a stir among our lumbermen, and quite a quantity of timber was got to the streams. On Monday, however, the atmosphere moderated, and at present the ground is bare in many places.

MAN KILLED.—We have been informed that George D. Baney of Lancaster county, was killed in Woodward township, Clearfield county, on Friday the 20th of January, whilst engaged in felling timber. He cut down a pine tree which, in falling, caught a sapling and broke it down—the sapling striking Mr. B. on the top of the head with sufficient force to cause instant death. His remains were sent to his friends in Lancaster county.

THE TONNAGE OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—The late annual report to the stockholders of this company contains the following: During the eight years the Company's road has been in operation to Pittsburgh, its transportation has steadily increased from 250,000 tons in 1854 to 2,228,000 tons in 1862, a result which proves that whatever may have been the defects of the policy of the Company, it has not failed to largely develop the vast internal resources of the Commonwealth, while it has preserved and immensely increased her traffic with her sister States.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS FOR JANUARY, 1863.—Mean temperature in the morning, 24 degrees; at noon, 26 1/2 degrees; in evening, 29 degrees; of the whole month from three daily observations, 29 1/2 degrees. The Mercury was the lowest on the morning of the 18th, one degree below zero—and the highest on the 25th at noon, 48 degrees. Snow on 8 days all light except on the 29th, about 12 inches. Rain on 4 days, with a moderate flood about the 15th. The fogs mostly bare and little snow for hauling up to the 29th. January goes out with the ground lightly covered with snow, and the roads reasonably good for hauling lumber—but more snow needed. No very cold weather yet this winter, but the roads have not been badly broken up. A very small amount of ice has been made in the river.

COMMON SCHOOL REPORT.

Below will be found a brief synopsis of the Report of the Superintendent of Common Schools. Pennsylvania is proud of her system of Common Schools, and we always turn with curious interest to the report which annually sets forth the progress and prosperity of this system. Among the curiosities of the report this year is, that in the year 1861 the Scriptures were not read in 4,545 schools, in the year 1862 they were not read in 1,725, showing a decrease in 1862 over that of 1861, 2,820, and proving that the Gospel is spreading in the benighted regions of Pennsylvania.

The decrease in the cost of each pupil per month, including teacher's salary, fuel and contingencies, of 1862 in comparison to that of 1861, is four cents. In 1861 it cost for each pupil on an average, per month, 53 cents, in 1862 49 cents. There has been a decrease of male teachers in 1862, in comparison to the former year, of 662, while in the same period the increase of female teachers was 645. Of course the war has had some influence on this result; and it speaks well for the patriotism of the profession of teaching. During the year 1862, the average decrease in the salaries of teachers was, female, per month, \$1.16—male, ditto, \$1.57. When we consider the average inadequacy of the pay of teachers, and the fact that the expense of living has been increased, we must deplore this reduction.

THE PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE. In the Senate, on February 8th, a bill entitled "Joint Resolutions, instructing our Senators and Representatives in Congress to vote for the repeal of the duty levied on paper," was passed. Also a bill to incorporate the North-western navigation company. In the House, was read in place, joint resolutions instructing our Senators in Congress to oppose the passage of a law appropriating twenty millions of dollars to compensate the owners of emancipated slaves in Missouri. Also an act to secure to citizens freedom of speech and of the press, and that protection for persons and property to which the Constitution entitles them.

IN THE SENATE, on February 4th, a bill for the payment of the interest on the State debt was read and passed. In the House, a resolution was offered, which was laid over, setting forth that the existing war has been perverted from its legitimate and constitutional object into a ruthless crusade against slavery, and declaring that until the administration recedes from its unconstitutional, inflammatory and despotic proclamation of January 1st, 1863, and returns to a policy, in the conduct of the war, sanctioned by the Constitution, by justice, by patriotism and humanity, it can have no further claims upon the loyal State of Pennsylvania for men or other means of carrying on the war. A joint resolution was read in place, expressing our confidence in our National Administration, and pledging our support to the measures adopted for the suppression of the rebellion. Also joint resolutions proposing an amendment to the Constitution, so as to extend the right of suffrage to soldiers in actual military service.

IN THE SENATE, on February 6th, a bill was passed authorizing the Lehigh navigation company to extend their railroad from White House to Mauch Chunk. In the House, a supplement to the act to secure the right of married women was passed. Also an act to fix and equalize the commission of county treasurers in certain counties. Also an act to authorize cemetery companies to make investments in State stocks or Government stocks.

THE REBELS BADLY OFF.

The New Orleans Delta of January 28th, contains the following important paragraph: "We are daily receiving accounts across the lines of the dreadful condition of things in rebellion. The soldiers are only kept from open mutiny and insubordination by the promises held out that peace will be made within ninety days. The army is very tired of the war, and would accept peace on any terms which would restore them to their homes again. The people, too, even in Mississippi, openly express a wish that the Yankees would come along and end the tarrar. The demoralization among the Louisiana and Arkansas troops at Port Hudson is represented to be extreme, and thousands would desert if an opportunity offered. The conscription is found to be a very slow and also a very dangerous business. The people in the country kill every officer who comes around hunting conscripts. At least twenty have been killed in the performance of this kind of duty. The people will not serve as conscripts if they can avoid it, and the swamps and hiding-places of Louisiana are full of fugitives between the ages of 16 and 60. What a relief will the coming of the Union troops be to these. Provisions, clothing, and all the necessaries of life are very scarce, and everybody is miserable, except the heartless speculators and the more heartless leaders. It is said that if the supply of salt was cut off for three months, it would crush the rebellion. Salt might save the Union."

DEFENSE OF REV. I. J. STINE.

SHIPPENSBURG, Pa., Feb. 5, 1863. To the Editor of The Press:—Sir: The following letter, which I have received from Captain Palmer since his return, will explain itself. The story of my betrayal of him is known, as also the facts of my arrest and imprisonment on that charge, with which, however, two others were connected. You will oblige by publishing this very important testimony to my fidelity to Captain Palmer in preparing a defence in full, which I will send you in a few days. If I have suffered wrongfully, the satisfaction of having been useful in the service of my country, even for one brief auspicious week, has been something to me. The week of rebel despotism in Maryland, and the rout of the invader, have marked an epoch in my life, as in the history of the "great rebellion." I am satisfied. "All's well that ends well."

GERMANTOWN, Jan. 28, 1863.—Rev. I. J. Stine, Shippensburg, Pa.: DEAR SIR: I take the earliest opportunity, after my return from rebellion, to write to you. Nothing during my confinement in the Confederate prisons, caused me more regret than the report that you had been arrested and imprisoned on the charge of having betrayed me into rebel captivity; and I take much pleasure in saying that there never existed the slightest foundation in fact for the charge referred to. The services you rendered our army at the time of the invasion of Pennsylvania were of the most important and useful character; and in my opinion, there is not a more loyal man in the State than yourself.

Allow me to add, that for the disinterestedness you manifested during my imprisonment and since your release on parole, in not mentioning any of the particulars connected with my capture, preferring rather to suffer awhile longer under the imputation of being guilty, in the hope of my return, than to imperil my safety by attracting further attention to my case, you have written my profound gratitude. I have written to the Secretary of War, requesting him to discharge you from your parole. You are at liberty to use this letter in any way you may see fit for the vindication of your character. Yours, respectfully, WM. J. PALMER, Captain Commanding Anderson Troop.

WANTED.—100 Bushels Flax Seed in exchange for goods, at the Cheap Store of J. D. THOMPSON, Curwensville, Pa.

NEW GOODS!

At the "Corner Store" of Wm. Irvin, CURWENSVILLE, PA.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Mackerel in half, quarter, and eighth barrels. Herring in barrels and half-barrels. Which will be sold as low as at any other store. June 18, 1862. WM. IRVIN.

CLEANSE THE BLOOD.—With corrupt, disordered or vitiated Blood, you must be sick all over. It may burst out in Pimples, or Sores, or in some active disease, or it may keep you listless, depressed and good for nothing. But you can have good white blood by using Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It purges out these impurities and stimulates the organs of life into vigorous action, restoring the health and expelling disease. Hence it rapidly cures a variety of complaints which are caused by impurity of the blood, such as Scrofula or King's Evil, Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter or Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Cancer or Anomalous Tumors, Sore Eyes, Female Diseases, such as Retention, Irregularity, Suppression, Whites, Sterility, Syphilis or Venereal Diseases, Liver Complaints and Heart Diseases. Try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and see for yourself the surprising activity with which it cleanses the blood and cures the disorders.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL is so universally known to surpass every other remedy for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Indigestion, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Asthma, and the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease, that it is useless here to recount the evidence of its virtues. The world knows them. AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS—for Constiveness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Jaundice, Headache, Heartburn, Piles, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Worms, and in short for all the purposes of a purgative medicine. Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by C. D. Watson, Clearfield, Wm. Irvin, Curwensville, S. Arnold, Luthersburg, Eliza Chase, Ansonville, J. C. Benner, Morrisdale, C. R. Foster, Philadelphia, and Dealers everywhere. May 7, 1862.

CABINET EMPORIUM!

B. K. SHOPE, CABINET MAKER.

Would respectfully announce to the public that he has fitted up a shop on Cherry street, near the Episcopal church, and that he is prepared to carry on the Cabinet-making business in its different branches. Having served a regular apprenticeship to the business, and worked as a journeyman over six years, besides carrying on a shop for three years, he flatters himself that he can render satisfaction to those who may favor him with their custom. Having located in the Borough of Clearfield, he solicits a share of patronage, and it shall ever be his object to make to order, neat and substantial furniture—such as French Bedsteads, He will always be prepared to furnish or repair Rocking chairs of different kinds, and all other common and other kinds of Bedsteads, chairs, He will also furnish to order Hair, Husk, and hair and cotton top Mattresses. The above named and many other articles will be made to order for customers, on short notice, cheap for cash or exchanged for approved country produce. Don't forget the Toilet and Wash stands, Hair, and every other kind of furniture in his branch. The most reasonable rates.

Maple, Cherry, Poplar, Pine, Linwood, and every other suitable lumber, will be taken in exchange for furniture. Cash will also be paid for good lumber. B. K. SHOPE. N. B.—Coffins of the latest style made to order on short notice. Funerals attended whenever desirable. Clearfield, Pa., Jan. 21, 1862.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF CLEARFIELD COUNTY FOR A. D. 1862.

Table with 3 columns: Description (e.g., Amount from Collectors for 1862, By Election expenses, By Assessors wages), Amount, and Credit.

Total amount, \$17027 04 \$17027 04. Amount of County, State and Militia taxes due from collectors for 1862 and previous years. Towns' Col's Names, County, State, Militia. For 1847: Jordan, Jas. Rea, Jr. \$205.51 \$92.14 \$0.00. For 1848: Jordan, Henry Swan, 00.00 00.00 4.10. Penn. A. Spencer, 00.00 00.00 17.60. For 1849: Jordan, Wm. Wiley, 00.00 00.00 25.00. Penn. Thomas Penton, 00.00 00.00 32.50. For 1850: Bell, J. Sunderland, 00.00 00.00 5.00. Penn. J. Davis, 00.00 00.00 30.50. For 1851: Burnside, J. Young, 00.00 00.00 6.29. Jordan, D. Williams, 3.15 8.29 7.00. For 1852: Fox, J. I. Bundy, 1.00 00.00 00.00. For 1853: Decatur, D. Kephart, 00.00 18.17 19.50. Pike, J. Caldwell, 00.00 4.72 7.54. For 1854: Jordan, J. Patterson, 00.00 1.42 9.83.

Table with 3 columns: Name (e.g., Pike, T. R. McClure, Covington, John Barney), Amount, and Credit.

Total, \$25396.55 \$25396.55. Aggregate amt due from collectors, \$5736.91. Aggregate amt due from unassessed lands, 2507.90. Aggregate amt due from judgments, etc., 1100.22. Aggregate amt due from Treasurer, 93.69. Aggregate due county, \$3076.68. Outstanding county orders, \$2571.74. Outstanding court-house order, 4321.81. Outstanding county bonds, 16560.90. Indebtedness of county, 18822.87. Total, \$25396.55 \$25396.55.

JOSEPH SHAW, Esq., Treasurer of Clearfield county, in act with different tips for Road 1859-61.

Table with 3 columns: Township (e.g., Beccaria, Bell, Boggs), Amt paid tips, Bal. due tips, and Credit.

JOSEPH SHAW, Esq., Treasurer of Clearfield county, in act with different tips for School for 1859-61.

Table with 3 columns: Township (e.g., Beccaria, Bell, Boggs), Amt paid tips, Bal. due tips, and Credit.

Total, \$10049.27 \$10049.27. We, the Commissioners of Clearfield county in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, having examined the accounts of Joseph Shaw, Esq., Treasurer of the County of Clearfield for the year A. D. 1862, do certify that we find the accounts of Joseph Shaw, Esq., as follows: The amount due from all sources to be Nine thousand Five hundred and Seventy-three dollars and Sixty-eight cents. We also find the amount of outstanding orders to be Twenty-three thousand Three hundred and Ninety-six dollars and Fifty-five cents, of which Sixteen thousand Five hundred dollars are court-house orders. Witness our hands this 22d day of January A. D. 1863. SAMUEL C. THOMPSON, JACOB KUNTZ, THOMAS DOUGHERTY, Wm. S. Bradley, Clerk, Commrs.

We, the Auditors of Clearfield county, having examined the accounts of Joseph Shaw, Esq., Treasurer of the County of Clearfield for the year A. D. 1862, do report that the accounts are as follows: The amount due the Road Fund by the Treasurer is One thousand Three hundred and Sixteen dollars and Twenty-three cents. Four hundred and Seventy-nine dollars and Seventy-seven cents. The amount of outstanding orders is Twenty-three thousand Three hundred and Ninety-six dollars and Fifty-five cents of which Sixteen thousand Five hundred dollars are court-house orders. Witness our hands this 22d day of January A. D. 1863. C. S. BOWMAN, C. S. WORRELL, H. WOODWARD, Wm. S. Bradley, Clerk, Auditors.

Furs! Furs! Furs!

All kinds of Furs wanted by the subscriber, such as Mink, Coon, Red Fox, Grey Fox, Otter, Deer Skin, Muskrat, Black Bear, etc. Also, Cross Skins, Hides and Pelts. For which the highest price will be paid, either in trade or cash at the cheap cash store of R. MOSSOP, Clearfield, December 3, 1862.

THE ARMY MOVING!

AND NEW GOODS ARRIVING!

A FRESH ARRIVAL OF Fall and Winter Goods AT THE CHEAP CASH STORE.

Just received and opening, a carefully selected stock of Fall and Winter goods, consisting of DRY-GOODS AND NOTIONS, Hardware, Queensware, GROCERIES, DRUGS, OILS, PAINTS AND GLASS, BOOTS, SHOES, MATS AND CAPS, BUCKETS AND BASKETS, School Books and Stationery, NAILS AND SALT.

And a great variety of other useful articles, all of which will be sold at the lowest price or exchanged for approved produce. Go to the "cheap cash store" if you want to buy goods at fair prices. WM. F. IRWIN, Nov. 12, 1862.

Seriously Wounded!!

All the Merchants in the neighborhood of Curwensville, because I have brought on and opened a large and well assorted stock of NEW GOODS, which I am selling at extremely low prices for cash. My stock embraces all the variety usually kept in a country store, and selected with an eye to suit these WARTIMES.

I will not, here attempt to enumerate all the articles I keep; and their fabulously low prices, which I might do—but after you will have seen and examined for yourselves, you will exclaim, in the language of the Queen of the South "HALF HAS NOT BEEN TOLD."

I will merely say, come and see for yourselves, for I feel satisfied that I can suit your tastes as well as your purse. Lumber and all kinds of produce also taken in exchange for goods. Curwensville, Oct. 22, 1862. - J. F. IRVIN.

Shot At—But Missed!!

A GRAND MISTAKE!!!

THAT ALL THE MERCHANTS OF CURWENSVILLE were wounded. 'Tis true, that I was "shot at, but missed," and since then I have been at the city, and procured a very large assortment of goods of all descriptions, which I am disposing of at lower rates than any other house in the county.

READ! READ! READ!!! Best Calico, at from 15 to 19 cents per yard. Best Muslin, at from 15 to 30 cents per yard. Best Delaine, at from 20 to 28 cents per yard. CLOTHING AT REDUCED PRICES!!! Best Sugar at from 12 to 15 cents per gallon. Best Syrup at 8 cents per gallon. All other groceries at the same rates. Boots and Shoes, and Shoe findings, cheap. Ladies who wish to make a good investment, should call and examine the assortment of dress goods—Merino, Saxony plaids, Plaid Brillants, &c., &c. Also, Cloaks, Shawls, Hoods, Nubias, Sonnets, Gloves, &c., &c. Dec. 3, 1862. J. D. THOMPSON.

Fall and Winter Goods.

REIZENSTEIN BROTHERS & CO. In the "Mansion House" (Mr. Shaw's old Stand) Clearfield, Pa., have just received a large Stock of FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING. Boots, Hats, Traveling Bags, Valises and a large and well selected stock of Gent's Furnishing goods. Can buy your Clothing, for yourselves and your Boys in every variety and at low cash prices by calling at the cheap Clothing Store of Reizenstein Bros. & Co. opposite the Clearfield Co. Bank, where you will find a large assortment of goods.

SAVE Much valuable time by calling at once, and laying in your stock of Clothing for the Winter at this Establishment, where you will certainly get the full value for your MONEY. Remember the place. In the "Mansion House," opposite Clearfield Co. Bank. REIZENSTEIN BROS. & CO. Grain and Furs taken in exchange at the highest market rates.

J. P. KRATZER, DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY-GOODS, ETC.

Has just received a general assortment of WINTER GOODS. Merinos, Ginghams, Cloths, Cassimeres, Alpacaes, Silks, Satinets, Reys, Cashmere, Tweeds, Coburgs, Mohair, Jeans, Lanolias, Muslins, Flannels, Furs, Bonnets, Cloaks, Ribbons, Plaids, Balmoral shirts, hoop skirts, shawls, dress trimmings, head nets, caps, nubias, hoods, sonnets, crumplee gloves, collars, scarfs, comforts, grenadine veils, table covers. CLOTHING. Coats, pants, vests, over coats, gents shawls, shirts, hats, caps, under shirts and drawers, boots, shoes, gun shoes, buffalo shoes, crovats, collars, gloves, hardware, queensware, notions, musical goods. GROCERIES. Tea, coffee, molasses, sugar, salt, candles, rice, four, bacon, fish, tobacco, candies, raisins, currants, spruces, crackers, wines, brandies, vinegars, oils, varnish, alcohol, tin ware, glass ware, woodware, stationery. HOUSEHOLD GOODS. Carpet, oilcloth, druggist, looking glasses, cloaks, chaises, wash boards, tubs, buckets, flat irons, pans, window blinds, wall paper, coal-oil lamps, umbrellas, bed cords, knives and forks, spoons, crocks, stove blacking. All of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms, and the highest market price paid for grain, wool, shipping furs, and all kinds of country produce. J. P. KRATZER, Clearfield, November 19, 1862.

FLOUR—A good article for sale at the store of WM. F. IRWIN, Clearfield.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS.

H. B. WOODS, Attorney at Law, Indiana, Pa. Professional business promptly attended to. FREDERICK LEITZINGER, Manufacturer of all kinds of Stone-ware, Clearfield, Pa. Orders solicited—wholesale or retail. Jan. 1, 1863. J. CRANS, Attorney at Law and Real Estate Agent, Clearfield, Pa. Office adjoining his residence, on Second street. May 16. W. M. M'CUULOUGH, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office with L. J. CRAIG, on Second Street. July 3, 1861. WILLIAM A. WALLACE, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office, adjoining his residence on Second street. Sept. 1. ROBERT J. WALLACE, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office in Shaw's new row, Market street, opposite Nangle's jewelry store. May 26. H. F. NAUGLE, Watch and Clock Maker, and dealer in Watches, Jewelry, &c. Room in Graham's row, Market street. Nov. 10. H. BUCHER SWOOPF, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office in Graham's Row, fourth door west of Graham & Paynton's store. Nov. 10. B. K. SHOPE, Cabinet Maker, Cherry Street, Clearfield, Pa. Makes to order every description of Furniture on short notice. Jan. 21/63. J. P. KRATZER, Merchant, and dealer in St. Boards and Shingles, Grain and Produce Front St. above the Academy, Clearfield, Pa. [1862] A. J. PATTERSON, Attorney at Law, Curwensville, Pa., will attend to all business entrusted to his care. Office opposite the New Methodist Church. Jan. 15, 1862. WILLIAM F. IRWIN, Markets Street, Clearfield, Pa., Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Merchandise, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, and family articles generally. Nov. 10. R. W. CAMPBELL, offers his professional services to the citizens of Morris and adjoining townships. Residence with J. D. Denning in Kyrtown, Clearfield county. May 11, 1859. JOHN GUELICH, Manufacturer of all kinds of Cabinet-ware, Market Street, Clearfield, Pa. He also makes to order Coffins on short notice, and attends funerals with a hearse. April, '59. D. R. V. WILSON, Practising Physician, Clearfield, Pa. Will attend to all professional business. Office, corner of 2d and Locust streets. Jan. 25, 1863. D. R. M. WOODS, PRACTISING PHYSICIAN, and Examining Surgeon for Postoffice, Office, South-west corner of Second and Cherry Street, Clearfield, Pa. January 21, 1863. J. B. MENALLY, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Practices in Clearfield and adjoining counties. Office in brick building of J. Boynton, 24 street, one door south of Lantch's Hotel. RICHARD MOSSOP, Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Bacon, Liquors, &c. Room on Market street, a few doors west of Journal Office, Clearfield, Pa. Apr. 27. L. ARBIMER & TEST, Attorneys at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Will attend promptly to all legal and other business entrusted to their care in Clearfield and adjoining counties. August 6, 1856. JAS. R. ARBIMER. WALLACE & HALL, Attorneys at Law, Clearfield, Pa. December 17, 1862. WILLIAM A. WALLACE, JAMES G. HALL, Mr. Wallace will be at home on Saturday Feb. 14. THOMAS J. M'CUULOUGH, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office, over the Clearfield Co. Bank. Deals and other legal instruments prepared with promptness and accuracy. July 3. D. G. MOSE. BUSH & M'CUULOUGH'S COLLECTION OFFICE, CLEARFIELD, PENN'A. FRIENDS AND RELATIVES OF THE BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT. All who have Friends and Relatives in the Army and Navy should take especial care that they be supplied with these Pills and Ointment, and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their Friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's ever-faithful friend in the hour of need. Coughs and Colds Affecting Troops, Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the directions which are attached to each Pot or Box. Sick Headache and Want of Appetite, Incidental to soldiers. These feelings which so sudden as usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthy action of the Liver and Stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills taken according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both the Liver and Stomach, and as a natural consequence, a clear head and good appetite. Weakness or Debility Induced by Over Fatigue. Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange, that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the Liver and Stomach, and thus remove all the acid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system, however deranged, while the health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this medicine. Volunteers, Attention!—Indiscretions of Youth. Sores and Ulcers, Blotches and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured, if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner, they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system, and leave the Patient a healthy and vigorous man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure. For Wounds either occasioned by the Bayonet, Sabre, or the Ballot, Sores or Bruises. To which every Soldier or Sailor are liable, there are no medicines so safe, sure, and convenient as Holloway's Pills and Ointment. The poor soldier, who is almost daily suffering might have his wound dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking, night and morning, 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflammation. Every Soldier's Knapsack and Seaman's Chest should be provided with these valuable remedies. CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "HOLLOWAY, NEW YORK AND LONDON," are discernible on a WATER-MARK in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by holding the glass to the LIGHT. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious. * * * Sold at the manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 86 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 50 cents, and \$1 each. * * * There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes. N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box. New York, January 7, 1863.