THE JOURNAL.

CLEARFIELD, PA., APRIL 16, 1862.

Ox a Vistr .- Capt. J. L. Curby, of Co. 1 84th Penn'a regiment, has been on a visit to his felends at Lumber-city, for two or three days. The Captain looks well and is in good health. He passed through this place yesterday morning, on his way back to Virginia.

THE LUMBER TRADE .- Square pine timber, we learn, has been selling at from 8 to 11 cents, and oak at 16 to 20. Wonder if the high price of timber is attributable to the Lincoln Administration, which is charged by some of the Breckinridgers with causing an advance in the price of coffee !

OUR WAR MAPS .- We publish this week two more war maps. One, of Eastern Virginia, giving Yorktown and its surroundings, the present field of General McClellan's operations. It also shows the localities of Fortress Monroe, Norfolk, Richmond, and other important strategic points. The other map presents the locality of the recent great battle at Pittsburg Landing, Tennessee, -and embraces Corinth, Mississippi, the base of the rebel lines of defence under Beauregard. These maps are valuable, because they give the reader a correct idea of the operations of the several armies in those localities.

DROWNED .- Mr. Ellis Askey, of this county, was drowned at Lock Haven on Sunday, the 6th of April. It seems that Mr. A. and others untied their rafts about the same time, and inconsequence they approached the chute together. Askey, being on the outside, was unable to run his raft into the chute, and therefore it drifted over the dam. As the raft approached the guard-wall the crew jumped off, but Mr. A. missing his foot-hold fell into the water and was drawn into the chute, where he was drowned before assistance could be rendered to him. He is said to have struggled manfully for his life, and for a considerable distance maintained himself on the top of the rough and rapid water of the chute, but finally went down. The body had not been recovered at last accounts.

FROM SpcEssia .- We have been tavored with three numbers of "The Conservator," a paper published at Berryville, Clarke county, Virginia, dated respectively Sept. 18, and Dec. 18, 1861, and April 2, 1862. The two former are devoted entire to the interests of Secessia. whilst the latter is more moderate in tone. In the April number we find the following in reference to the 81th Pennsylvania regiment:

"The forces now quartered in our town, (the 84th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers,) under the command of Lt. Col. Macdowell, are such an exception, as to good behaviour and civility, from those previously stationed here. that their deportment has called forth the universal praise of our citizens. They seem to be impressed with the importance of demeaning themselves properly, and we hope, it this place is to be held as a military post, the 84th will remain during such occupation of it."

CONNECTICUT ELECTION .- At the election held last week in Connecticut, Mr. Buckingham, the Republican candidate was triumplantly chosen Governor of that State. The conduct of the leaders of the so-called Democcasic party in Connecticut is in strong contrust with the course pursued by the Republicans in Rhode Island a short time before. Regarding Gov. Sprague as a true man, who had performed his whole duty to his country, the Republicans of Rhode Island made no opposition, and left his election only a matter of form. Gov. Buckingham, of Connecticut, is as loyal, as deveted, as sincere and brave a of that State could not, for the sake of the Union, like the Republicans of Rhode Island, waive a contest, and permit the people to indicate their preferences without stirring up old political antagenisms. This, however, rentless the victory the more signal, and indicates plainly that the leaders of the old defunct Breckieridge party are working assiduously to revive their organization, and will doubtless make a desperate effort to carry the election in other States the coming fall.

From the Shannandosh Valley.

EDENBURG, Va., April 7 .- Three guns were spened to-day by the enemy, from their new position, upon our pickets. The fire was responded to by Capt. Huntingdon's Battery with rapid discharges, and our shells burst in their midst scattering them suddenly. A priwate of Co. I, of the 23th Indiana Regiment, crossed the river at this point, and fired, from a place of concealment, fifteen rounds at a body of Ashby's cavalry. He killed two of them. Col. Colgrove, of the 27th Indiana, who was detached to guard the supply train to Manassas, returned this evening, having accomplished some excellent marching. The nidge across the Chanandosh, at Castlement's Ferry, broke again on their return, and a negro woman and four smules were drowned.

WINCHESTER, Va., April 7 .- Officers who arrived here from Woodstock to-day, report that the bridge over Stony Creek, was completed yesterday, and to-day our brigades. then crossing, were greeted with a lively can-Dorading from Ashby's battery. The enemy sassoon dispersed by our guns, and we are now in full possession of his late position. Ashby, in retreating took advantage, as usual, of every position to retard our progress.

Doings of the Merrimac.

FORTRESS MONROE, APRIL 11 .- The rebel steamers Merrimac, Jamestown, Yorktown, and a number of gunboats and tugs apppeared lo-day between Newport News and Sewell's Point. The only damage done was the capture of three small vessels, one empty and one caded with coal, it is said. The other was leeded with sutlers' stores. A large number of vessels got off safely. Several shots were fired by the Naugatuck at the rebel fleet, after which the rebels retired to Elizabeth river.

Occupation of Huntsville, Alabama.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad, about fitteen miles south of the Tennessee boundary, and forty five miles east of Florence.

for empty wagons. Information received here shows that the rebels have a force of sixty thousand, which is rapidly adding up by thousand, which is rapidly adding up by troops from the neighborhood of Richmond, Jan. 15, 1862.

MERRELL & BIGLER

Map of South-eastern Virginia, the present field of General McClellan's operations.



GEN. M'CLELLAN'S MOVEMENTS.

ADVANCE TO YORKTOWN, VA.

On Friday the 4th, that part of the army of the Potomac recently concentrated at Old Point, advanced in the direction of Yorktown. twenty-four miles distant. The enemy's works at Yorktown and vicinity were fully examined by Ges. McClellan and were found to be very strong, and approaches difficult. The water batteries of York and Glozoester are said to be much increased. The right was assigned to Gen. Morrill's Brigade, of Gen. Porter's Division, two companies of the 3d Pennsylvania Cavalry, and a portion of Berden's sharp shooters acting as skirmishers. Nothing of interest took place until their arrival at Big Bethel, twelve miles distant, where they met the outer pickets of the frebels. The troops were delayed there for two hours in reconstructing a bridge which had been destroyman as Gov. Sprague, and yet the Democracy | ed. The rebels retreated before the advance of four skirmishers to Havard's creek, to some abandoned earthworks. Four shots were fired here by the rebels, from two fieldpieces, which were soon silenced by the 4th Rhode Island battery, when the rebels beat a hasty retreat, taking their pieces with them. The main body of the army have rested for the night, while Gen. Morrill's Brigade advanced three miles to Cucksville, and six miles from Yorktown, and there encamped. By seven o'cleck on Saturday the column was again in motion, and at ten o'clock was in front of the enemy's works at Yorktown. The first shot fired was by the rebels, the shell passed over the heads of General Porter and staff. without explading. The batteries of Griffin's, the 3d and 4th Rhode Island, and the 5th Massachusetts, were now placed in position, replying to every shot sent by the rebels. The cannonading continued, with but slight intermission, until dark. About four hundred shots were fired by both parties during the day. The loss on our side was three killed. and six wounded. The position of the rebels is a strong one, from present indications. Their fortifications extend some two miles in length and mount heavy guns. The ground in front of their works is low and swampy, making it utterly impassable. On Sunday morning some shots were fired

by our men, but apparently no response by the enemy, who, it is reported were changing the location of their guns. The rebels have two gunboats on the York river. It it were not for the picket firing, no one would imagine that a battle was going on—the morning being beautiful and clear and the birds are warbling forth their spring notes. The men of the right amused themselves by catching oysters in the creeks, in the morning. The men are ready for action; yet, so far, but little has been done, apparently. It is said the enemy is evacuating his batteries on the right. A rebel, on a white charger, has been seen by our advance all the way up from Big Bethel. He was within fifty yards of Company G, Capt. Robison 3d Pennsylvania Cavalry, on Sunday morning. He turned and cursed the Federals, and then vamosed. He rides a very fast charger. At Camp "Misery" he was behind the rear of the flying Mississippians. The troopers swear they will have that white

On Monday morning the weather was cold and stoamy, which continued up to Wednesday morning. Our gallant troops braved the exposure to the storm undaunted and met it with characteristic ingenuity in the way of improvised shelters. The enthusiasm and Mitchell without much resistance being offer- able for military operations. The creeks are ed. Two hundred prisoners were taken, and much swollen and low grounds covered with afteen locomotives, and a large amount of rol- water, making the roads almost impassable

which is one day from Yorktown by railroad and river, they having four steamers and sixteen transports in use, and by the time the roads are in condition for the Union army to move, the rebels may be able to meet them with one hundred thousand men. The flower of their army, with their best arms, were in a strongly entrenched position previous to our troops occupying their present position. The military authorities had no means of ascertaining the extent of the rebel works. Information obtained through deserters, contrabands and other sources, show that the enemy have nearly five hundred guns, some of them of the largest calibre. The rebel Gen. Johnson with some of his forces, has arrived and taken command in person, showing that they intended making a desperate resistance to the advance of our troops at every point. Their entrenchments extend entirely across the peninsula from James to York river. The cheering news from the western department arrived here yesterday, and our troops are wild with enthusiasm over the result, and are anxious to be led to action and similar deeds of valor.

Received by Tuesday Evening's Mail.

The Inquirer's correspondence says the Monitor's position is in the direct channel between ahe Rip Raps and the fort. The Mer- furnishing goods, hats and caps, traveling bags, riwac must take this course to get to sea, or trimed flannel and white shirts; in short everyto get up to Yorktown to aid in defense there. thing generally found in a well assorted store of All her efforts to entice the Monitor from her | this kind. We also keep a fine assortment of position have been unavailing. It was with this view of provoking her to abandon her well captured three schooners almost within range of the Monitor's guns. The scheme failed, however, and the Merrimac is still a prisoner -can neither escape to sea nor reach Yorktown, without passing the Monitor.

A despatch from Gen. Fremont at Wheeling, under date of April 13th, states the Rebels, about 1000 strong attacked the pickets of Gen. Milroy at Monterey the previous day and drove them some two miles. Reinforcements were forwarded, when, after a brisk skirmish, the rebels were put to flight with considerable loss. On our part, three men were badly wounded.

A despatch from Gen. Banks, dated Wood stock Va., April 13th, says :

"We learn from Jackson's Camp this morn ing that Gen. Beauregard is dead. The report comes direct from Rebel sources, near Mount

The news lacks confirmation, but coming from the source it does, may be true.

WANTED.---All kinds of grain will be taken in payment of debts due me, for which the highest market prices will be given. Dec. 11, 1861. JAMES B. GRAHAM.

NOTICE .-- The undersigned, now located in Curwensville, this county, gives notice that he intends to remove to Clearfield on the 1st of April next. All persons having watches, clocks, &c., in my shop for rapairs, will please call and get the same on or before that date. S. H. LAUCHLIN. March 5, 1862-3t-p.

Washington, April 11.—The Secretary of war has received information that Huntsville, has been raining and the weather is unfavorable. The creeks are able for military operations. The creeks are and for sale, good family flour, at cash price, by and for sale, good family flour, at cash price, by Jan. 15, 1862. MERRELL & BIGLER.

THE UNION NOW AND FOREVER! READ! READ!! READ!"

A New Attraction in these Diggings! NEW AND CHEAP Clothing Store,

In the "Mansion House," opposite the Clearfield Co. Bank. (Mr. Shaw's old stand,) Clearfield, Branch of Reizenstein Bro's 126 North-Third Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The undersigned respectfully announce to the inhabitants of Clearfield county, and the public in general, that they have opened at the above named place the most extensive and best selected stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING

and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, that has ever been exhibited in this borough, and which they will sell 25 per cent. cheaper than clothing has ever been sold in this part of the country.

Our stock embraces a full and complete assortment of all garments generally worn, made up of good material and in the best style and workmanship. A general assortment of

BOY'S AND YOUTH'S CLOTHING,

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS, such as pocket books, portmonies, pocket knives, chosen position, that the rebel gunboats combs, brushes, watch chains and guards, violin and guitar strings, pistols, ravolvers, gun caps, spectacles and a great many other fancy and useful articles too numerous to mention, all of which they will sell as well as the clothing

At the Lowest Cash Prices. We invite every person in need of clothing or of any of the above mentioned articles, to favor us with a call and view our goods and prices, and we are confident that we can give satisfaction, so that every person shall feel inclined to tell his friends where good and cheap clothing can be got.

We are constantly receiving accessions to our stock from our own manufacturing establishment in Philadelphia, and shall always be supplied with a good variety of all articles in our line, which shall surpass in style, cut, workmanship, and cheapness those of any other similar establishment in this part of the State, and by fair and honest dealings, we hope to merit a liberal share of public patronage

IST OF LETTERS remaining in the Pos

April 9, '62. REIZENSTEIN BRO'S & CO.

▲ Office at Clearfield, on the first day of April,

Allison, Samuel Potter, James Burge, Miss Sebaniah Read, John F. Dale, David 2 Robberts. Benjamin Dishong, Miss Fanny Rogers, Miss Celista Dewey, George 2 Randall, Wm. M. 2 Ditsworth, H. S. Glaab, John Seal, George Shaw, Allison Henry. William Tanner, B. F. King, Samuel Walice. Daniel Kephart Miss Catherine Wise, Miss Sarah E. Wison, Mrs. Mary Ann artin, Wm. or David Wood, Wilson Persons calling for letters in the above list will

April 1. 1862. M. A

low regular prices. [March 12, 82.3m.

M. A. FBANK. P. M.

TO THE PUBLIC .--- The undersigned having purchased the entire stock of the late firm of Moore & Etzweiler, and having made large additions thereto, is now prepared to wait upon customers. Thankful for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to the firm, he hopes by strict personal attention to business to merit a continuence of the same.

March 26, '62 -tf. D. F. ETZWEILER.

K OLLOCK'S DANDELION COFFEE .--- This preparation, made from the best Java Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a superior nutritious beverage for General Debility. Dyspepsia and all billious disorders Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of He has now used propylamine twenty-four hours. coffee will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

KOLLOCK'S LEVAIN .- The purest and best baking powder known for making light, sweet and nu-tritions Bread and cakes. Price 15 cents. Manufactured by M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist. corner of Broad and Chestnut Sts. Phil'a. and sold by all Druggists and Grocers. Eeb. 24, 1862y.

SHERIFF'S SALE .-- By virtue of a certain writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, and to me directed, there, will be exposed to public sale, at Kylertown, on the 3d day of May next, at I o'clock P. M., the following described Real Estate, viz

A certain tract of land situate in Morris tp Clearfield co, Pa., beginning at an old Spruce con ner of a certain tract of land of Joseph Potter thence, by land of Joseph Potter and James M Leonard, north 1 deg E. 228 perches to an old spruce, thence by land of A. K. Wright and R. Wrigley, and of E. D. Brisband, south 87, deg. east 326 per. to an old pine, thence S, 1 deg. 228 perches to stones by a pine, thence north 89, west 326 perches to place of beginning and containing 438 acre and 40 per. and allowance, be the same more or less. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Thomas Wilson. EDWARD PERKS, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office. April 9th, 1862.

New Spring Goods.

J. P. KRATZER. Has just received a general assortment of Spring

Delains, cashmers, reps. valenceas, morinos, alpaccas. prints, coburgs, gingbamz, ducals, chintz. silks, muslins, cloths, cassimeres, tweeds, sattinetts, flannels, linen, debages, shawls and dusters.

DRY-GOODS.

CLOTHING. Over-coats, dress-coats, business-coats, pants, vests, shaw's, under-shirts, drawers, neckties, fine linen shirts, Byron collars, choakers, cravats, hats, caps, fine calf-skin boots, heavy kip boots and shoes.

GROCERIES. coffee, tea, molasses, sugar, salt, candles, rice, spices, flour, tobacco, syrup, candies, essence of coffee, pulverized sugar, crackers, starch, soda, sperm and tallow candles, black tea, saleratus. HARDWARE & QUEENSWARE.

Nails, spikes, forks, spades, shovels, springs, saws, planes, axes, augers, smoothing-irons, scissors. meat cutters, knives and forks, steelyards, penknives, stone tea setts, tureens, dishes, glassware. NOTIONS.

Nubias, hoods, gloves, hosiery, collars, hoop-skirts, balmoral-skirts, bonnets, ribbons, flowers, plumes, bonnet frames, ruches, lace, braid binding, zephyr, yarn, fringe, buttons, trimmings of all kinds, etc. MISCELLANEOUS.

BOZ Fourth & Arch Streets, Phila-1862 delphia, are now offering their usual assortment of Dry Goods, adapted to Spring Sales. Fashionable Dress Silks, fashionable Spring Shawls, new assortment of Dress Goods, Spring Prints, DeLaines and Ginghams, Muslins and Linens of first quality, Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, Table Linens, Towlings and Nepkins. N. B.—Black Silks, bs-low regular prices.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Oil cloths, buckets, school books, wall paper, twine rafting rope, coach varnish, moss, curled hair coach trimmings, velvet, plush, cotton tape, coal oil, linseed oil, sperm oil, window glass, etc. etc.

All of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms for cash or approved country product.

All of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms for cash or approved country product. Clearfield, April 9, 1862.

NEW STONE WARE MANUFACTORY
IN CLEARFIELD. PA.
The undersigned takes this method of inform

ing the public that he has commenced the manu feature of Stone-Ware in the Borough of Clear field, and that he is now prepared to supply all who may want them with Milk and Cream Crocks, Juga. Jars, &c., at lower prices, then they can be bought elsewhere. He solicits a share of patron-age. PREDERICK LEFTZINGER. Clearfield, Pas, May 25, 1859-ly.

VEW BREWERY. MORE LAGER. The subscribers would respectfully inform the layer, he per a dathers that they have recently started a new Brewery in the Borough of Clearfield, and that they are now prepared to inrnish Beer on the most accommodating terms. They have employed an experienced Brewer, from the east, and they feel confident that they can supply a superior article of beer. Give them a trial and judge for yourselves. CHARLES HAUT & CO. June 20, 60

ELIXIR PROPYLAMINE, THE NEW REMERY FOR RHEUMATISM, A NEW REMEDY. | von

ACUTE RHEUMATISM. CHRONIC PHECMATISM, RHEUMATISM OF EVERY KIND No Matter How Sterony, How Long Standing PROPELAMINE WILL CONQUER IT.

What it has done, It will do again. Doctors READ, Doctors EXAMINE, Doctors TRY IT. The best testimour Best Medical Authority Doctors know it Patients believe it, Tried & This.

Feareylvania Hoapital (FROM OFFICIAL HOSPITAL RESTORTS)
MAY 19, 1860 - Ellen S. tel. 28, single, never was very strong. Two years ago she had an attack of acute rheumatism. from which she was one fined to her bed for two weeks and subsequently from a relapse for four more. She has been well since then till last Saturday; while engaged in house cleaning, she took cold, had pain in h felt cold, but had no decided ontil later her ankles began to swell which was follow ed by swelling of the knee joints and of the hands She has dull pain in her shoulders, and her knuck les are very tender, red and painful; both hands are affected, but the right is the most so. This, then, is a case of scute rheumaticm, or as it is new fashionably called, rheumatic fever. It is a well marked typical case. We will carefully watch the case, and from time to time call your attention to the various symptoms which present themselves. My chief object in bringing her before you now is to call your attention to a remedy which has re-cently been recommended in the treatment of theumatism. I mean propulatione. Dr. Awenagine of St. Petersburg, recommends it in the highest terms having derived great benefit from its use til 250 cases which came under his care. Various commendatory testimonials respecting it have appeared in our journals, and I propose giving it another trial. I must confess I am always incredulous as to the worth of new remedies, which are caunted as specifics; but this comes to us recommended so highly, that we are bound to give it a trial.

SAME CASE FOUR DAYS LATER May 23, 1860 .- I will now exhibit to you the patient for whom I preshribed Propylamine, and who was then laboring under an attack of zoute rheumatism. She has steadily taken it in dozes of three grains, every two hours, (intermitting it at night). The day after you saw her, I found her much more comfortable, better than she expected to be for a week or more, judging from her other attack. (The patient now, walked into the room, The improvement has steadily progre-sed, and you cannot fail to notice a marked change in the appearance of her joints, which are now nearly of their natural size. Thus far our experiment would have seemed very successful; but gentlemen we must wait a little while before we can give a decided opinion as to what is to be the result.

THREE DAYS LATER !! May 25, 1860. - This is the case of acute rhenmatism treated with propylamine, the first of those to which I called your attention at our last elinic. She is still very comfortable, and Is now taking

three grains thrice daily. In this case it has seemed to be followed by versatistactory results. The second case to which vour attention was called at our last leature; has also continued to do well. I will now bring fore you a very characteristic case of acute a is good jurymen, we shall justiy reader our very favor of propylamine

He is a sesman set. 26. who was admitted a few days ago. Has had occasional rheumatic pains, but not so as to keep his bed, until eight days age. The pains began in his right knee, subsequently affected the left knee, and later the joints of the upper extremities. These joints are all swallen. tense and tender. His tongue is furred, his skin at present, dry, though there has been much sweating. His pulse is full and strong, and about 90. This gentlemen is what may be called a strictly typical case of acute rheamatism. There was exosure to cold and wet, and this exposure is far ewed by a feeling of columess, severe articular pain, beginning, as it usually does, in the lower oints There is fever and the profese sweating,

generally attendant on seute rhountation. I did not bring this patient before you with the intention of giving you a lecture on all the points connected with rheumatism, but to again give a trial to the new remedy we are testing, and to exhibit to you this typical case, as I have called it. than which there could not be a fairer opportunity for testing the medicine in question. therefore, avoiding the use of all other medicines. even anodynes, that there may be no misgivings as to which was the efficient remedy. You shall see the case in a future clinic

THE RESULT .- A FAVORABLE VERDICT. JUNE 9, 1860.—The next of our canvalescents is the case of acute rheumatism before you at our clinic of May 26th, which I then called a typical carand which it was remarked was a fair opportunity for testing the worth of our new remedy. therefore steadily given in three grain doses every two hours for four days. The patient has got along very nicely, and is now able to walk about as you I do not hesitate to say that I have never seen as severe a case of acute rheumatism so soon restared to health as this man has been, and without be ing prepared to decide positively as to the value of the remedy we have used. I feet bound to state the in the cases in which we have tried the chloride of Propylamine, the patients have gained their health much earlier than under the treatment ordinarily

pursued. I wish gentlemen, you would yourselves try it, and report the results. For a full report of which the above is a cen-densed extract, see the Philadelphia Medicaland Surgical Reporter. It is a report after a fair trial by the best medical authority in this country, and makes it unnecessary to give numerous certificates from astonished doctors and rejoicing patients.

A SPEEDY CURE, AN EFFECTUAL CURE, TRE SAME RESULT IN EVERY CASE, WHENEVER THIED, WHEREVER TRIED. WHAT IT HAS DONE.

IT WILL DO AGAIN Bullock & Cronshaw a firm well known to most medical men, by whom the Elixir Propylamino

has been introduced, have sold to us the exclusive right to manufacture it according to the original recipe, and we have made arrangements of such magnitude as to enable us to scatter it broadcast amongst suffering humanity.

A WORD TO DOCTORS. If you prefer to use the same remedy in another, rm, we invite vonr attention to the Pune Cays. TALIZED PROPYLAMINE, PURE PROPYLAMINE LIQUID. PURE PROPYLAMINE CONCENTRATED, PURE IODIDE PROPYLAMINE, of which we are the sole manufac-

We claim no other virtue for the Elfxir Propylamine than is contained in Pure Crystal

ized Chloride of Propylamina. THE ELIXIR IS NORE CONVENIENT, AND ALWAYS READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE, AND MAY BE TAKEN

ACCORDING TO DIRECTIONS, BY ANY GNE, BY EVERY ONE, WHO HAS RHEUHATISM OF ANY KIND SOLD AT 75 CTS. A BOTTLE.

Orders may be addressed to Propulamine Man-ufacturing Co., Office, Room No. 1, S. W. Corner

FLOUR .- A lot of good flour on hand and for MERRELL & RIGIER'S