



CLEARFIELD, PA., APRIL 2, 1862.

The Killed and Wounded at Winchester.

The following is the list, as returned by the Surgeon, of the killed and wounded in the 84th Regiment P. V., at the battle near Winchester, Virginia: Killed—Colonel William G. Murray, Capt. Patrick Galloway, 2d Lieut. Charles Keen, privates Paul McLang, Job Miller, John Gilmore, Aaron B. Wright, James Myers, Leo Keech, William Fowler, John Kelly, Jeremiah Gates, Thomas Hankoff, Simon Kerschler, Jos. McClaren, Jacob W. Wright, James C. Graham, Daniel G. Smith.

ARMY CORRESPONDENCE.

CAMP NEAR ALEXANDRIA, March 21. DEAR ROW—I have not written to you for some time, so I thought I would give you a few items concerning the Reserve Corps, as I have not seen anything in relation to it in the Journal (which arrives as regular as the regularity of the mails permit) for some time past.

You are aware that the great army of the Potomac is in motion, and that it has achieved an important, yet bloodless victory in the possession of the boasted strongholds of the enemy at Centerville and Manassas. The Reserve does not share any of the honors of that achievement, tho' it was not inactive, and was ever ready to take part in any engagement which might have occurred, had not the rebels deemed it prudent to make a precipitate and hasty flight from the vaulted Gibraltar of Seccessia.

On the morning of the 10th, simultaneously with the Divisions of Gens. Smith, McDowell, Blenker, Porter, and others, we started—the latter divisions towards Centerville, and the regulars towards Drainsville. We proceeded as far as Spring Vale, 10 miles from camp, where we turned abruptly to the left and marched by a very muddy and unfrequented road to Hunter's Mills. Here we came to a halt at 9 p. m., distant from the camp 15 miles, by the route we came—which we accomplished in 8 hours.

It was a beautiful night, and the tired and weary soldiers—wary from not being accustomed to marching for some time—who were fortunate enough to keep up with their companies—bivouacked in the open air, and were soon in the land of dreams. It was late in the night before those who lagged behind, and the supply trains, were enabled to join the Division.

Next morning we made preparations for an early start, but did not move on account of the announcement at headquarters that our flag was floating in triumph over Centerville and Manassas. We remained at Hunter's until the evening of the 14th when we were again ordered to march, (as was generally supposed by the men) to Alexandria. We made about 5 miles back to the Alexandria and Leesburg turnpike, but finding that the rebels had destroyed the bridges, it was rendered necessary to travel by some other route, and as we could not proceed in the dark without difficulty, we encamped for the night amidst a smart shower of rain. In the morning, having rained most of the night, we again set out and a few miles farther brought us once more to the road leading from Drainsville to Camp Pierpont, which we followed to within 4 miles of our old camping ground. Here we bore off to the right, along a narrow muddy road, the traveling not being lessened by the rain that fell continually during the day. As we neared the Alexandria pike, the increased rain perfectly deluged the road. Our guns and wagons sunk to the axles in the mud, and the infantry plodded their weary way through the miry clay, which was sometimes knee-deep. Right glad were all when we again set foot on the turnpike. We encamped for the night within five miles of Fall's Church in a heavy rain, and with difficulty started first. The next morning at 7 we prepared to march, but a respite was granted us until 12, our time for reaching our destination having already expired. At 5 p. m. we reached this place. We expected to move from here immediately, but for some unavoidable circumstances we are here yet, but expect to be off in two days more. I am not prepared to say where our destination will be, but I am certain we will be shipped to some point further south. Energetic action is to be the watchword of the sons of freedom, to be echoed back and forth, until this wicked rebellion is crushed out. In this, the gallant sons of the old Keystone, are ready and willing to bear a conspicuous part; and I trust that their citizens will have no cause to complain of the confidence they have placed in her brave soldiers. W. R. B.

By an act of Congress appropriating money for the naval service the coming year, it is proposed to place in the hands of the government \$540,000 to be used in buying hemp. The traitors had better keep a sharp eye on Uncle Sam, after that.

Daniel Webster, the Warden of the State Prison at Westerfield, Conn., was murdered by a refractory prisoner who had managed to secure a knife about his person, and with which he committed the deed.

The Washington 'Republican' says the Navy Department is well satisfied in respect to the Merrimack, and is taking every possible precaution in the premises. The Monitor is ready.

The rebel quartermaster at Memphis, advertizes for three hundred negroes to work on the fortifications at Fort Pillow. Of course the rebel slaveholders will supply them.

The enemy has abandoned Aquia Creek entirely, carrying with them their artillery and stores. There is no rebel force now between the Potomac and Fredericksburg.

The cattle disease is prevailing to an alarming extent in Burlington Co., N. J. A couple of farmers have already lost 25 cows by the disease.

TREASURER'S SALE OF UNSEATED LANDS FOR TAXES FOR THE YEARS 1850 AND 1861.

Table with columns: No. Ac. Per. Warrantees, etc. Taxes. Includes entries for CHEST TOWNSHIP and BECCARIA TOWNSHIP.

Table with columns: No. Ac. Per. Warrantees, etc. Taxes. Includes entries for COVINGTON TOWNSHIP and DECATUR TOWNSHIP.

Table with columns: No. Ac. Per. Warrantees, etc. Taxes. Includes entries for BELL TOWNSHIP and BOGGS TOWNSHIP.

Table with columns: No. Ac. Per. Warrantees, etc. Taxes. Includes entries for BLOOM TOWNSHIP and BRADFORD TOWNSHIP.

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Rich—to hear a petty organ of the old corrupt Buchanan and Floyd dynasty charging others with being "disunionists" and a "robber band." Nothing like keeping up appearances.

THANKS TO CAPT. ERICSSON.—A resolution of thanks to Mr. Ericsson was adopted by the House of Representatives of the United States, on the 2th of March, for his skill and energy shown in making the Monitor.

Col. Wyndham, with two battalions of the 1st New Jersey Cavalry, made a reconnaissance beyond Dranesville, where he discovered three Rebel camps upon which he charged, driving the occupants into the woods, and capturing ten men and two horses. One of them is said to be a Colonel, although he denies the fact, and all are Texans.

Postmaster General Blair has issued a notice to his deputies in the different States, instructing them to notify the publishers of newspapers not to publish any fact which has been excluded from the telegraph, by the Secretary of War. A disregard of the order from the Post Office Department, will subject the papers to an exclusion from the mail.

THE TAX ON OILS.—At the suggestion and urgent solicitations of Representatives Patton and McKnight of Pennsylvania, and Fenton of New York, who represent most of the petroleum or rock oil regions, the Committee of Ways and Means consented to the striking out of the proposed tax on crude oil, and rock oils, leaving the tax of 8 cents per gallon on the refined article with a drawback when entered for exportation.

The Quartermaster of Gen. Blenker's Division states that a party of Rebel soldiers, numbering about 50, visited Fairfax Court-House on the 27th, there being at that time no troops there, and with arms in their hands attacked and drove out the sutlers and destroyed their stores, at the same time tearing down all the Union flags. A part of the German Division was ordered there from Centerville to guard the town from such marauders.

STRANGE—that when Bennett of the N. Y. Herald raises the cry of "abolitionism," the editorial junta of the Clearfield Republican whines out the same tune. If Bennett facetiously remarks that Gen. Fremont has been assigned a "high position," the junta in their next issue repeat the stale joke. If Bennett asserts that somebody is abusing Gen. McClellan, presto, the junta aver the same thing. And so it goes on to the end of the chapter.

THEN AND NOW.—The Lancaster Union reminds the people that in 1829 the Democrats in the Legislature of this State, voted for joint resolutions instructing our Senators and requesting our members in Congress to vote for the Abolition of Slavery in the District of Columbia. The resolutions passed the House by a vote of 81 yeas to 8 nays. Two weeks ago the same kind of resolutions were before the State Senate and the united vote of the "Democratic" party was cast against them. In 1829 Democracy looked upon slavery as an evil; now they bow down and worship at the heathen shrine as unities as their fathers then were opposed to it.

TREASON VS LOYALTY.—The Chambers Repository and Transcript strikes a crushing blow when it declares that while the Democratic party was in power, with James Buchanan at its head, and such men as Floyd as his constitutional advisers, the Democratic press was sustaining the administration with all the strength it could bring to bear. While that Democratic Cabinet was plundering the Treasury, and sending the arms, necessary for the government, to the south in order to commence a war upon the government, that press was sustaining them in such treasonable acts: assisting them in carrying out their ends—that of destroying the best government under which man ever lived.

Since President Lincoln and his Cabinet have the reins of government, endeavoring, and using the greatest energies of the country, to put down the rebellion brought about, or at least permitted to rise, by the Democratic party, the Democratic press has completely turned around. Instead of now sustaining the government in crushing the rebellion which President Buchanan's Cabinet brought about, and at which that press winked during Buchanan's administration, has been assailing the present administration in the meanest and lowest style, charging President Lincoln and his Cabinet with being "imbeciles," with "entire incompetency to conduct the present war," and assailing them in every manner possible, and for no other reason than because of their loyalty. Loyalty and patriotism appears to be a crime in the eyes of some of these vile editors of the north, and treason and disloyalty a requisite for forming a true and honest Democrat. It is the true Democracy, as it appears from many of their journals, we thank our Creator that we never belong to such a faction. Sustaining the government is the best evidence of loyalty, and assailing it, as some of our Democratic brethren do, is as strong an evidence of disloyalty. We ask the public to be on the watch.

DEMOCRACY AFTER GAME.

The Harrisburg Telegraph of March 29th, says: "We are treated to all sorts of promises by the Democratic press on the subject of Democratic intentions in the thick coming future. While other people are straining their muscle in the great work of production, fully to be prepared to contribute to the support of the government in the way of taxes; and while, also, the great mass of loyal men are engaged in various ways, each contributing their mite to the general cause, some in the camp, some in the field, some in the mine, some in the work shops, and yet all striving to be the most useful; while this is being done, we hear of a few members of Congress meeting in conclave at a private board, and over private wine, concocting plans and devising schemes to re-organize the Democratic party. Most sublime and patriotic work, truly! The principal party to this grand scheme is the shameless apostate and libeller, Vallandigham, who has been so often frowned down in Congress that he is pointed out from the galleries of the House as the most unblushing and audacious dough face in that body. The plan is said to be at once to organize the Democratic party so as to sustain the war policy of General McClellan, making that officer the means of opposition to President Lincoln, and using the emancipation schemes of the President as arguments against his administration, and as inducements for the border states to support General McClellan, instead of President Lincoln. The design of this plan is to demoralize the Republican party, and, if possible, create divisions in its ranks which will tend to the antagonism of the administration in a manner so as to leave President Lincoln completely at the mercy of the Democratic party, and, of course, in that event, leave the free again at the mercy of the slave states. From what we have learned both from private correspondence and in conversation with those from Washington who understand the movements of prominent Democratic leaders in Congress, the plan is at once to rally on Gen. McClellan, and make him the head and front of Democratic tactics. This is to be accomplished by opposing the policy of the President, and by such other acts as will in the estimation of these demagogues, bring the administration of Mr. Lincoln into disrepute. It is not for us to write whether Gen. McClellan is a party to these plans. It he allows his name to be used as a political battle cry by those who have been and are opposing the policy of the administration, without protest or disavowal of approbation, he subjects himself to a suspicion from which he will some day find it hard to escape, and which at the present is unbecoming of any soldier. Whenever such as Vallandigham or Bidle of Pennsylvania, applaud any man in Congress, the country naturally begins to inquire as to his loyalty and devotion; and when any officer in the army permits his name to be used as a watchword for assaults on the administration of Abraham Lincoln, we have a right to question his fitness to command. Let the Democratic party organize if it so pleases its leaders, in the loyal states as effectually as it is organized in the rebel states. Such re-organization will prove as fruitless as the rebellion which has sprung from its old organization. It can do no mischief. But when those leaders conspire to base that organization on an attempt to antagonize the administration of Abraham Lincoln and the officers of the army, as a policy to be pursued in crushing the rebellion, the sooner the country understands the fact the better, and the sooner the pretension and audacity of such officers are humiliated, the better, too, for the Union and the Constitution.

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The official list of the loss of the United States troops at the battle of Pea Ridge, is 212 killed, 925 wounded, and 174 are missing.

The Secretary of the Navy wants \$30,000,000 for the construction of iron-clad vessels, heavy ordnance, plating, etc.

About again—old "Seven-Day." He has been in the "camps," and now looks rather soldier-like.

Post—"An Fool's day"

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Look Here!!
Lamps, Cheaper Than Ever,
Bacon, Rice, Corn, and other grain,
at reasonable prices for cash.
March 5, 1862.
R. MOSSOP'S.