THE RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL.

THE JOURNAL.

CLEARFIELD, PA., MARCH, 26, 1862.

Time of Cars leaving Tyrone Station.

GOING EAST.

Fast Line, 9.17 P. M. | Mail Train, 11.55 A. M.

GOING WEST.

Express, 6.40 A. M. | Mail train, 5.40 P. M

CROWDED OUT—the letter of our correspondent "Lerol." Will appear next week.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—Our thanks are due to Hon. John Patton, for several valuble public documents. Also, to Messrs. Hall and Early, for several public favors.

RAFTING, ETC.—Rafting was brought to a stand about the middle of last week on account of low water, the weather having set in cold enough to prevent the snow from melting sufficient to keep up the streams. Several inches of snow fell on Friday, which melted a great deal, but there is still enough lying in the woods to make a good rafting flood—the weather being favorable. On Tuesday morning the ground was froze hard, and continued quite cold during the day.

A FIGHT AT WINCHESTER.—By the following dispatch to Hon. G. R. Barrett, we learn that the 84th Regiment, to which two companies from this county are attached (Capt. Ogden's and Capt. Curby's) has had an engagement with the rebels at Winchester, and that Colonel Murray has been killed:

HARRISBURG, March 24th, 1862.

TO HON. G. R. BARRETT:—Col. Murray was killed yesterday, (23). Come immediately to Harrisburg. Will await your arrival. Regiment badly cut up. No further particulars of the battle. C. L. BARRETT.

Col. Murray was a brave and true soldier, and a good officer. Having been in the Mexican war, he was fully fitted to lead his regiment to victory—and, therefore, it is but the more to be regretted that he lost his life so early in the present campaign.

It is rumored that Captain Ogden's company, from this neighborhood, is among the ones which suffered most severely. Capt. Ogden was home on a visit at the time, and therefore knew nothing of the occurrence; he left here on Sunday at noon.

WINCHESTER, March 23—10 o'clock p. m.—We have this day achieved a glorious victory over the combined forces of the rebel Generals Jackson, Smith and Longstreet. The battle was fought within four miles of this place. It raged from half-past 10 o'clock this morning until dark. The enemy's strength was about 15,000, and the strength of our division was not over 8,000. Our loss in killed and wounded is not definitely ascertained, but it is heavy. The enemy's loss is double that of ours. We have captured a large number of prisoners, some of their guns, and the ground is strewn with the arms they have thrown away in their flight. The cavalry are still in pursuit of the retiring enemy. The particulars cannot be ascertained until daylight. General Shields was slightly wounded in the left arm, by a fragment of a shell which burst near him.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.—At the March term, the following proceedings, in reference to roads, etc., were had:

CONFIRMED ABSOLUTE.—A road leading from Andrew Baughman's to Erie turnpike ¼ mile east of the Blue Ball tavern.

A road from Isaac Zartman's to intersect the Shaffer road near Smiley's.

A road faom Bower's in Huston twp. to a point between E. Burns and Dr. Hoyt.

A road from Mary M'Clure's and Caldwell's land to road near Simon Thompson's.

A graded road from Cross roads to top of Mogback in Lawrence township.

A road from T. Cleavers to Anderson creek.

A road from Clark's ruad to intersect the Neiper road near Henry Marshall's.

A road from George Ogden's to intersect the road near Henry Yoas, Brady tp.

Changing place of holding elections in Union tp. to house of Dan. E. Brubaker.

PETITION.—A new road from the river near G. P. Guelich's to M'Pherson's Saw mill. Viewers, G. L. Reed, Jos. Shaw, J. B. Heisey.

CONTINUED.—The application for the erection of a new township out of parts of Brady and Bell townships.

A number of other petitions were continued until next term, to be held in June.

TAVERN LICENSES.—The following tavern licenses were granted last week:

Geo. Albert,	Tavern,	Bradford town'p
R. W. Moore,	Tavern,	Brady township.
Henry Goodlander,	Tavern,	Brady township.
Adam Knarr,	Tavern,	Brady township.
Valentine Hoffman,	Tavern,	Covington town'p.
David Smith,	Tavern,	Knox township.
R. J. Haynes,	Tavern,	Karthaus town'p.
John Sulfridge,	Tavern,	Goshen township.
Wm. Woodward,	Tavern,	Huston township.
A. L. Ogden,	Tavern,	Lawrence town'p.
W. W. Anderson,	Tavern,	Penn township.
Jacob Mock,	Tavern,	Morris township
Wm. Reed,	Tavern,	Lumber City.
James Haines,	Tavern,	Beccaria township
Aaron Hartman,	Tavern,	Boggs township.
George Richards,	Tavern,	Morris township.
Benj'n. Snyder,	Tavern,	Covington town'p.
Leopold Broenel,	Tavern,	Covington town'p
Henry Post,	Tavern,	Decatur township.
John Sheeser,	Tavern,	Union township.
Eli Fy,	Tavern,	Brady township.
Edward Albert,	Tavern,	Boggs township.
Andrew Cross,	Tavern,	Boggs township.
Margaret Lanich,	Tavern,	Clearfield Boro
David Johnson,	Tavern.	Clearfield Boro.
Isaac Bloom,	Tavern,	Curwensville Bor.
Wm. Mason,	Tavern,	Curwensville Bor.
Wm. W. Worrell,	Tavern.	Chest township.
Danl. M. Weaver,	Tavern,	Curwensville.
Nancy Bloom,	Tavern,	Curwensville.
James Haines,	Tavern.	Beccariatownship.
John Jordan,	Tavern,	Guelich township.
Henry Evans,	Tavern,	Brady township.
Francis Roussillot,	Tavern,	Girard township.
Wm. Conrad,	Tavern,	Guelich township.
John S. Radebach,	Tavern,	Decatur township
John Robson,	Mercantile,	Beccaria tp.
Claudius Barmoy,	Mercantile,	Covington town'p
Richard Mossop,	Mercantile,	Clearfield Boro.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE "JOURNAL."

BURNSIDE EXPEDITION, AT ANCHOR NEAR HATTERAS, PAMLICO SOUND, Mar. 12.

S. J. ROW:—This evening, a few minutes after our arrival from Roanoke Island, (or rather the waters of Croatan), I avail myself of the only leisure time I may have for some time, and write to you to-night. To recount the events peculiar to our engagement at Roanoke, and the many incidents connected therewith, would not be interesting as they have been recounted time and again by the graphic pen of the reporter, special, and artist in all the leading papers of the day. This being the case, I will confine my sketch to our movements from the time of our embarkation on the 3d instant up to the time of writing.

We embarked (the 51st Pa.Vol.) on board the steamer 'Cossack' and schooner 'Scout' on the morning of the 3d, and expected, from the orders received at the time, to arrive at our first destination long before now; but it seems the navay was not ready to co-operate with the land forces until yesterday, in consequence of their not being able to get their required supply of amunition, military stores, etc., in due season. Yesterday, at 2 p. m., we received orders to be in readiness to sail at 6 a. m. this morning, having been lying at anchor upon the quiet waters of Croaton Sound for eight days, and when the word came to get up steam the boys bailed it with great satisfaction. A life on the "Ocean wave," to a "Land-bublet," becomes dry and irksome after a few days. Give them *terra firma* and they are contented, but keep them aboard ship and they lose their wonted glow of spirits, energy and military discipline. But "to the point" as the Zouave says. This morning early the naval force sailed, which was soon followed by the 1st brigade, and this in turn by the 2d and 3d brigades. The waters of the Croatan were ruffled by a "fresh North-easter." The black, little gun-boats rode the surging waves beautifully, and were soon lost in the distance. The steamers 'New York,' 'Admiral' and 'Louisiana,' with a schooner and brig in tow, were following after. Here and there, skimming along on their own responsibility, were gaunt little schooners with sails full set, and mounting each wave with as much grace as the large steamers, and making more rapid progress. The steamer 'Cossack' with a schooner lashed to her side, and the schooner 'Scout' and 'G. B. Smith' in tow, started 8½ a. m. After going about 10 miles, the Cossack passed the steamer New York, and then the steamer Admical. At this, one of the soldiers of the 51st called out, "three cheers for the Cossack and her gallant captain," and they rung out from the hurrican-deck and went trembling over the waves to the boys on the Admiral. I laid my pen aside and walked up on the hurrican deck to see the ships move. Says one, "we have passed them all," as the Hunchback, Commodore Goldsborough's Flag-ship of the Naval force, fell astern. I now began to make my way through the crowd on deck to go the ladies' cabin (no ladies in it, however—a sad misfortune,) to note the fact of our success in passing the other vessels, etc., when a neat and gaunt little schooner, with her 'main, fore and top' sails set, was seen to move by us on the starboard. "More steam, unfurl the sails of the schooners in tow and beat her," burst from the lips of the soldiers, but it was no go. The old ship creaked under the high pressure of steam, but she couldn't make it—so the schooner took the palm, and steam had to succomb to "old Boreas" for once. Although we lost one of our laurels by being beaten by a saucy schooner, yet we won the wreath, for we were the first steamer at anchor, and received the first mail from Hatteras.

We are now at anchor, at the same place we were before going to Roanoke, awaiting the arrival of the transports which will all be here to-night. A large fleet of schooners and several steamers are near Hatteras island. Reinforcements will be made to the expedition at this point, swelling our force sufficiently to meet any force the enemy can concentrate at the point we strike. A forward movement will be made against Newbern immediately. The navy will engage the enemy's batteries whilst our troops land at a point (Washington) on the river, and march from thence to Newbern and attack them in the rear. [We publish the account of the battle on our outside. Ed.] Newbern is said to be strongly fortified, the enemy having 50 heavy guns in batteries, commanding Neuse river so as to subject the gunboats to an enfilade fire. Commodore Goldsborough commands the fleet. All have perfect confidence in his bravery, energy and miltary strategy, and in his success. The land forces, too, will give a good report of themselves. Gen. Burnside, by his gallant conduct on the former battle field, and his kind consideration for the sick and wounded soldiers, has had the effect to endear him to all—with such a leader, and the confidence Generals, officers and men have in his military ability, success must crown his efforts and well matured plans. No division of the army has better officers to conduct a campaign successfully. The men have been tried amid the most unfavorable circumstances, such as marching in drenching rains, wading deep morasses, fighting against men concealed behind masked batteries, and being exposed to shot, shell and musketry, which is sufficient to test their valor and powers of endurance and insure success.

With these remarks I will close, and remain yours respectfully and truly, D. P. B.

FORT MACON DESTROYED.—After taking Newbean, Gen. Burnside sent a force to Beaufort, N. C., but before it reached the place the rebels fled, blew up Fort Macon, and burned the pirate steamer Nashville.

MARRIED:

March 19th, 1862, by Wm. McKee, Esq., Mr. WILLIAM MCKEE to Miss ANN MAXEL, all of Knox township.

DIED:

At his residence near this bourough, on Monday the 24th instant, WILLIAM MERRELL, in the 57th year of his age. Mr. M. has long been a resident of the county, has held several positions of trust, was a good neighbor and highly esteemed for many social qualities. He died of typhoid fever, after a sickness of only about one week. Truly, "In the midst of life we are in death."

Of consumption, on the 14th inst., at the residence of her father, near Curwensville, JANE D. CLEAVER, aged 26 years, 8 months, and 28 days.

She was a member of the Orthodox Friends. She had a gentle and retired disposition—was an affectionate sister and loving daughter—and bore her protracted illness with much patience and resignation,—often imparting words of comfort and consolation to those around her. A few weeks before her Divine Master called her home, she was frequently found in prayer—frequently manifesting a desire that she might be released from this world of sorrow; but her words were "thy will be done." She exorted her parents, brothers and sistors to prepare to meet her in that mansion that she was soon to enter, to put their trust in Him who was able to save. As she approached nearer to her home, her way appeared brighter, and she was enabled to clap her hands and praise Him who had delivered her from her tribulations. May our end be as hers, all peace, and so resigned to His holy will! R.....

ONE OF THE RESULTS IN OUR STATE

From the Harrisburg Telegraph.

When the present Legislature organized, and the Democracy (?) found themselves in the minority, they began to reach in all directions for capital and apologies to secure their party purposes. Unable to control any patronage, of course the first and only incentive to legislative action was gone, and they therefore resolved to rake among the ashes of past legislation, hoping to find some spark of lingering fire, which they could fan into flame, and thus create a fire lurid and fierce, with which to destroy the ever dreaded and always envied "Black Republicans." Among the most zealous of those who thus seek the disgrace of Republican officials and of course the destruction of the Republican party, is one Rex—not of royal blood or kingly perogative, but a common prying, meddlesome plebian from Montgomery county—who plumed himself on the herculean labor of proving the corruption of the Republican party by the manner in which the business of legislation has been conducted in the Legislature, and more especially the economy which has been displayed in the clerk's office of the House of Representatives. To effect this object, Mr. Rex moved the appointment of a committee to investigate the disbursement of the contingent fund of the House, inflated with his conceit as "a good smeller," and wonderfully delighted with the notion that he had it in his power to deal Republicanism a death blow. He besieged the Auditor General's office—started the men of figures in their quiet and laborous Department from their accustomed equanimity, and for aught we know, upset the entire mathematical arrangments, or changed the stern scrutiny and rigid impartiality of Auditor General Cochran and his patient assistants. We write, for aught we know, because Mr. Rex has never reported the progress of his investigating committee, nor has he hinted at the result of his labors and researches in the Auditor General's office. A plain account is kept in that Department, of not only the contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, but of the State government, and therefore Mr. Bex has no excuse in delaying his report.

The Chester County Times, one of whose editors occupies a clerical position and has access to the Departments, seems desirous to assist Mr. Rex, who also seems resolved to keep the public in the dark on the subject of his investigations. The *Times* publishes the following statement to show that Mr. Rex was right in supposing there was something wrong in the disparagement of the contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, during the time which his resolution of inquiry covered. We append the tabular statement of these expenses as it appeared in the *Times*, as follows:

Contingent Expenses of the House in 1857.

ZEIGLER, Clerk.

General expenses	$15,909 43
Paid for retiring Pages.	48 00
Wash woman	1,682 50
Pages for the session	959 00
Total	$18,598 93

IN 1858—ZEIGLER, Clerk.

General expenses	$8,459 65
Retiring Pages	12 00
Pages for the session	1,294 00
Wash woman	1,186 30
Total	$10,951 95
The Auditor General refused to allow the whole amount demanded by the "Democratic" Clerk; but the "Democratic" House passed a resolution paying the bill, thereby adding	3,855 25
Making a total of	$14,837 20

IN 1859—REA, Clerk.

General expenses	$11,129 08
Retiring Pages	90 00
Pages for the session	555 00
Wash woman	930 00
Total	$12,704 08

IN 1860—RAUCH, Clerk.

General expenses	$9,272 06
Retiring Pages	20 00
Pages for the session	816 00
Wash woman	1,129 00
Total	$11,237 06

IN 1861—RAUCH, Clerk.

[This includes both regular and extra session.]

General expenses	$9,272 06
Retiring Pages	20 00
Pages for the session	816 00
Wash woman	1,242 75
Total	$11,350 81

Why is it that Mr. Rex does not publish this report or the result of his investigations? There can be but one answer. It exposes Democratic extravagance, and vindicates the Republican clerks. It would not answer his party purposes to give it to the world, and so he withholds it. Is it a wonder that the other members of the committee all became disgusted and retired, leaving him alone as the committee man? Let us make a brief comparison:—

In 1857, under Zeigler	$18,598 93
In 1860, under Rauch	11,350 06
Balance in favor Republican clerk	$7,348 87

Colonel Zeigler made some permanent improvements, painting, &c. Captain Rauch also made some permanent improvements, such as new blinds for all the windows, new settees for the lobbies, &c. The difference cannot be accounted for on this ground.

In 1861, Rauch's expenses for the extra session must have been at least $2,000, which would have reduced his expenses for the regular session to $9,350 87. While Zeigler, for one session in 1857, was $18,598 93, making a difference in favor of Rauch of $9,248 06, showing that Democrats incurred almost double the expense of Republicans in the management of the House.

This statement is crushing and convincing. It exhibits the result of the Paul Pry propensity of Mr. Rex—and while the figures thus published show a large excess of Democratic expenses over that of Republican, when one or the other party controlled the House, we are not bound to infer that the Democratic Clerk, Col. Zeigler, was consequently dishonest. We have more confidence in and charity for Uncle Jacob to suppose or intimate such as the case—but even he and his partizan friend Rex, must admit that the difference *is* extravagant. At all events, it leaves Mr. Rex in the pitiful plight of having raked among the ashes until he got his fingers scorched, and now, like a chagrined and crossed urchin, sticks them in his mouth to ease the punishmsnt which his spite and meddling so richly deserved. It proves, too, that the lame charges of the Democratic corruptionists, as to the faithfulness of Republicans when in power, recoil upon themselves with overwhelming force, and leave them in disgrace and confusion.

SOUTHERN HUMANITY.—The Southern press and leaders are continually trying to increase the savage valor of their people by misrepresentations as to the conduct of our Union soldiers, and giving the impression that we exhibit all the savageness of Hessians. The following from a correspondent of the New York *Tribune*, will illustrate:

"One of the most revolting incidents of the war is the treatment of our soldiers who were killed at Ball's Bluff. Our correspondent, who visited the battle-field with Col. Geary, last Tuesday morning, says that it offered the ghastliest spectacle ever seen, thirty or forty bodies, or skeletons rather, for crows and hogs had left but little else, protruding from the slight earth that did not cover them—here a head, or an arm, or a leg."

The above is in keeping with many other acts of chivalry, among which may be mentioned the abusing and killing of our wounded soldiers, making foot-balls of their skulls, cutting out rings, and other ornamental trinkets, to send home to their sweethearts, and other atrocities which would disgrace even the uncivilized "children of Dahomey," which race the South boast they have done so much to improve. If stealing men and making slaves of them will reform their heathen barbarities, it is a great pity that some "superior race" will not steal and enslave these benighted Southerners.

SALT—a good article, and very cheap at the store of WM. F. IRWIN, Clearfield.

WANTED.—All kinds of grain will be taken in payment of debts due me, for which the highest market prices will be given.
Dec. 11, 1861. JAMES B GRAHAM.

TYRONE CITY HOTEL,
TYRONE, BLAIR COUNTY, PA.
A. P. OWENS, Proprietor.
Also—OYSTERS, Wholesale and Retail [dec19

LIME! LIME!!—*Farmers Lime your Lands.*—The subscriber would inform the farmers of Clearfield county, that he keeps constantly on hand at the Jones Kiln at Tyrone a large stock of lime, and will furnish *on contract* any quantity at the terminus of the Tyrone and Philipsburg Railroad.
March 19, 1862. WM. H. ROBERTSON.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or meddling with the following property, to wit: ond dark bay mare, one dark bay horse, one 2-year old colt, and one wagon, now in the possession of Peter Rissinger, as the same belong to me and have only been left with him on loan. ANDREW PENTZ, Sr.
Feb. 19, 1862-3 tp.

NOTICE.—The undersigned, now located in Curwensville, this county, gives notice that he intends to remove to Clearfield on the 1st of April next. All persons having watches, clocks, &c., in my shop for rapairs, will please call and get the same on or before that date.
S. H. LAUCHLIN,
March 5, 1862-3t-p. Watchmaker.

Gentlemen's Shawls,
LARGE SIZE, $2,00.
TINWARE, AT UNPRECEDENTED LOW RATES,
Coal-Oil Lamps, Cheaper Than Ever,
Bacon, Rye, Corn, and other grain, at reasonable prices for cash, at
March 5, 1862. R. MOSSOP'S.

1862 EYRE & LANDELL, 1862
Fourth & Arch Streets, Philadelphia, are now offering their usual assortment of Dry Goods, adapted to Spring Sales. Fashionable Dress Silks, fashionable Spring Shawls, new assortment of Dress Goods, Spring Prints, DeLaines and Ginghams, Muslins and Linens of first quality, Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, Table Linens, Towlings and Napkins. N. B.—Black Silks, below regular prices. [March 12, '62.3m.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or meddling with the following property, now in possession of John Waggoner, to wit: 1 brindle cow, 1 black cow, 1 red cow, 1 bay mare, 14 sheep, 3 heiffer calves, 1 wagon, 1 plow, 1 corn plow, 1 harrow, 1 windmill, 1 timber sled, 10 acres of grain in the ground 2 oxen, and 1 stack of hay, as the same have been purchased by us at Sheriff's sale, and have only been left with said Waggoner on loan and are subject to our order. HIPPLE & FAUST.
March 6, 1862.

ATTENTION, BEE KEEPERS.—R. Adams & Co., having purchased the Right of Clearfield Co., for "J. S. Harbison's Patent Improved movable comb Bee Hive," would respectfully direct the attention of Bee keepers to the many advantages it possesses over any other Hive out. With this Hive you can have complete control over your Bees—can at any time remove your surplus honey without killing Bees—can make artificial swarms when desired—can prevent your Bees from being destroyed by moth—and other advantages it possesses which will recommended it to all interested in Bee keeping. For Hives, Individual or Township Rights, address,
R. ADAMS & CO.,
Feb. 19, 1862. Cooksport, Indiana co., Pa.

New Goods.

Just received at the "Corner Store," Curwensville, a new and seasonable stock of goods, which will be sold upon reasonable terms.
WM. IRVIN.

Clover and timothy seed of a good quality, for sale low, by WM. IRVIN.

Grain of all kinds, bacon and lard, for sale at the "corner store" by WM. IRVIN.

One new two-horse wagon for sale, inquire at Curwensville, of WM. IRVIN.

One pair of good heavy oxen for sale by
March 12, '62. WM. IRVIN.

CHAIRS!! CHAIRS!!! CHAIRS!!!!!
NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY!!!
The undersigned has now on hand, at his Furniture Rooms on Market St., Clearfield, Pa., a short distance west of Litz's foundry, a large stock of
CHAIRS OF ALL KINDS,
manufactured out of the best materials, finished in a very superior manner, and which he will sell LOW FOR CASH. His long experience in the business makes him feel confident that his chairs are made in a substantial and workmanlike manner, and will stand the test of trial. Persons wishing to purchase chairs should call at once and get them while they can be had at the lowest rates.
Feb 27, 1861. JOHN TROUTMAN.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE OF CÆSAR POTTER.—Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Clearfield county, Pa., granted at January Term, A. D. 1862, the undersigned will expose to sale, at public vendue or outcry, at Grahamton, in Bradford township, county aforesaid, on Saturday, the 1st day of March, A. D 1862, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the Real Estate of Cæsar Potter, late of Bradford township, deceased, being the same premises where said Potter was living at the time of his death, containing about sixty acres more or less, bounded by lands of Harner on the North, by lands of James Graham on the West, and by land of John Porter on the East and South. Terms, one third down in cash at the time of sale, and ballance in two equal annual payments with interest from the time of sale, to be secured by bonds and mortgage upon the premises
WILLIAM HOOVER, Adm'r.
February 5th, 1862.

NOTICE.—A large square pine timber stick, marked J. P., was caught during the January flood, and tied up on the premises of the undersigned. The owner can have the same, by calling and paying charges before taking it away—otherwise it will be sold. J. B. HEISEY.
February 26, 1862.

TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC.—The undersigned having taken the Luthersburg Hotel, situate in the town of Luthersburg, Clearfield county, respectfully solicits a share of patronage. The house has been re-fitted and newly furnished, and no pains or expense will be spared to render guests comfortable. Charges moderate.
may23 WILLIAM REED.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Alex. McKay, late of Burnside township, Clearfield county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
NEIL McKAY,
Feb. 12, 1862-6tp. Administrator.

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.—*The Great Progressive and Healing Remedy.*—An article that presents a challenge to the world to produce in any remedy yet invented, an equal for the painless and rapid cure of external inflamatory calamities, or diseases. It is good for Painful Swellings, Sores, Ulcers, Burns, Scalds, Rheumatism, Sore throat, Bruises, Sprains, Cuts, Tumors, Erysipelas, Warts, Sore eyes, Boils, Chapped hands, Frosted feet, etc., etc. Give it a trial. Price 26 cents a box. For sale by JACOB GOSS, in Woodward township. [March 19, '62.

Osceola Steam Saw-Mill
FOR SALE.
The undersigned having other business in view, offer at private sale on reasonable terms, their interest (one-half,) in the Osceola Steam Saw Mill, and all other property belonging thereto, and a store, a store-room, four dwelling-houses, and two vacant lots. The mill is situated in the thriving village of Osceola, Clearfield county, Pa., on the Moshannon creek and the Tyrone and Clearfield Railroad, and also the terminus of the Glen Hope Plankroad. This place offers great inducements to lumbermen and others who wish to engage in the manufacture of lumber, as the facilities for getting it to market, when manufactured, is unsurpassed.
The mill is large, substantially built, good machinery, with an 80-horsepower engine and four large boilers, one gang of 30 saws, two muleys or single saws, edger and cross-cut saws, and lath and shingle machine, &c. The mill is capable of sawing forty thousand (40,000) feet of lumber per day, with power sufficient to drive other machinery if desired. The present owners have secured over one hundred millions (100,000,000) feet of logs, to be sawed at this mill.
The above named mill and other property will be sold on very reasonable terms, to an energetic business man or firm. Persons desirous of going into the lumbering business or mercantile trade, should examine this property and the location, as we feel persuaded that it cannot be surpassed, in all its advantages, in any portion of the lumber region. Persons desiring any further information in regard to the property, can obtain the same by addressing us at Philipsburg, Centre county, Pa., or by giving us a call at Osceola.
Feb 12, 1862—3t. A. B. LONG & SONS.

PROSPECTUS OF THE CONTINENTAL MONTHLY.—There are periods in the world's history marked by extraordinary and violent crises, sudden as the breaking forth of a volcano, or the bursting of a storm on the ocean. These crises sweep away in a moment the landmarks of generations. They call out fresh talent, and give to the old new direction. It is then that new ideas are born, new theories developed. Such periods demand fresh exponents, and new men for expounders.
This Continent has lately been convulsed by an upheaving so sudden and terrible that the relations of all men and all classes to each other are violently disturbed, and people look about for the elements with which to sway the storm and direct the whirlwind. Just at present, we do not know what all this is to bring forth; but we do know that great results must flow from such extraordinary commotions.
At a juncture so solemn and so important, there is a special need that the intellectual force of the country should be active and efficient. It is a time for great minds to speak their thoughts boldly, and to take position as the advance guard. To this end, there is a special want unsupplied. It is that of an Independent Magazine, which shall be open to the first intellects of the land, and which shall treat the issue presented, and to be presented to the country, in a tone no way tempered by partizanship, or influenced by fear, favor or the hope of reward, which shall seize and grapple with the momentous subjects that the present disturbed state of affairs heave to the surface, and which can not be laid aside or neglected.
To meet this want, the undersigned have commenced, under the editorial charge of Charles G. Leland, the publication of a new Magazine, devoted to Literature and National Policy.
In Politics, it will advocate, with all the force at its command, measures best adapted to preserve the oneness and integrity of these United States. It will never yield to the idea of any disruption of this Republic, peaceably or otherwise; and it will discuss with honesty and impartiality what must be done to save it. In this department, some of the most eminent statesmen of the time will contribute regularly to its pages.
In Literature, it will be sustained by the best writers and ablest thinkers of this country.
Among its attractions will be presented, in an early number, a New Serial of American Life," by Richard Kimball, Esq., the very popular author of "The Revelations of Wall Street," "St. Leger," &c. A series of papers by Hon. Horace Greely, embodying the distinguished author's observations on the growth and development of the Great West. A series of articles by the author of "Through the Cotton States," containing the result of an extended tour in the seashore Slave States, just prior to the breaking out of the war, and presenting a startling and truthful picture of the real condition of that region. No pains will be spared to render the literary attractions of the CONTINENTAL both brilliant and substantial. The lyrical or descriptive talents of the most eminent *literati* have been promised to its pages; and nothing will be admitted which will not be distinguished by marked energy, originality, and solid strength. Avoiding every influence or association partaking of clique or coterie, it will be open to all contributions of real merit, even from writers differing materially in their views; the only limitations required being that of devotion to the Union, and the only standard of acceptance that of intrinsic excellence.
The Editorial Department will embrace, in addition to vigorous and fearless comments on the events of the times, genial gossip with the reader on all current topics, and also devote abundant space to those racy specimens of American wit and humor, without which there can be no perfect exposition of our national character. Among those who will contribute regularly to this department may be mentioned the name of Charles F. Browne (Artemus Ward), from whom we shall present in the March number, the first of an entirely new and original series of "Sketches of Western Life."
The CONTINENTEL will be liberal and progressive, without yielding to chimeras and hopes beyond the grasp of the age; and it will endeavor to reflect the feelings and interests of the American people, and to illustrate both their serious and humorous peculiarities. In short, no pains will be spared to make it the Representative Magazine of the time.
TERMS:—Three dollars per year, in advance (postage paid by the Publishers;) Two copies for $5; Three copies for $6, (postage unpaid); Eleven copies for $20, (postage unpaid). Single numbers can be procured from any News-dealer in the United States. The Knickerbocker Magazine and the Continental Monthly will be furnished for one year at $4.
Appreciating the importance of literature to the soldier on duty, the publishers will send the CONTINENTAL, gratis, to any regiment in active service, on application being made by its Colonel or Chaplain: he will also receive subscriptions from those desiring to furnish it to soldiers in the ranks at half the regular price: but in such cases it must be mailed from the office of publication.
J. R. GILMORE, 110 Tremont St., Boston,
Charles T. Evans, at G. P. Putnam's, 532 Broadway, New York, is authorized to receive subscriptions in that city. [Feb 12, 1862.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS.

H. B. WOODS, Attorney at Law, Indiana, Pa. Professional business promptly attended to.

D. O. CROUCH, PHYSICIAN, Curwensville, Clearfield county, Penn'a. May 14.

L. J. CRANS, Attorney at Law and Real Estate Agent, Clearfield, Pa. Office adjoining his residence, on Second street. May 16.

WILLIAM A. WALLACE, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office, adjoining his residence on Second street. Sept. 1.

ROBERT J. WALLACE, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office in Shaw's new row, Market street, opposite Naugle's Jewelry store. May 26.

H. F. NAUGLE, Watch and Clock Maker, and dealer in Watches, Jewelry, &c. Room in Graham's row, Market street. Nov. 10.

SALT! SALT!! SALT!!!—A prime article of ground alum salt, put up in patent sacks, at $3.25 per sack, at the cheap cash store of
November 27. R. MOSSOP.

H. BUCHER SWOOPE, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office in Graham's Row, four doors west of Graham & Boynton's store. Nov. 10.

J. P. KRATZER Merchant, and dealer in Boards and Shingles, Grain and Produce. Front St. above the Academy, Clearfield, Pa. [j12

A. J. PATTERSON, Attorney at Law, Curwensville, Pa., will attend to all business entrusted to his care. Office opposite the New Methodist Church. Jan. 15, 1862.

WILLIAM F. IRWIN, Market street, Clearfield, Pa., Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Merchandise, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, and family articles generally. Nov. 10.

DR. WM. CAMPBELL, offers his professional services to the citizens of Morris and adjoining townships. Residence with J. D. Denning in Kylertown, Clearfield county. May 11, 1859.

J. B. M'ENALLY, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Practices in Clearfield and adjoining counties. Office in new brick addition, adjoining the residence of James B. Graham. Nov. 10.

JOHN GUELICH, Manufacturer of all kinds of Cabinet-ware, Market street, Clearfield, Pa. He also makes to order Coffins, on short notice, and attends funerals with a hearse. Apr10, '59.

RICHARD MOSSOP, Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Bacon, Liquors, &c. Room, on Market street, a few doors west of *Journal Office*, Clearfield, Pa. Apr27.

THOMAS J. M'CULLOUGH, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office, over the Clearfield co. Bank. Deeds and other legal instruments prepared with promptness and accuracy. July 3.

D. C. BUSH. T. J. M'CULLOUGH
BUSH & M'CULLOUGH'S
COLLECTION OFFICE, CLEARFIELD, PENN'A.

JOHN RUSSEL & CO., Tanners and Curriers, Pennville, Clearfield Co., Pa. Keep constantly on hand an excellent assortment of leather, which they offer for sale at the lowest cash prices. Hides of all kinds taken in exchange. July15-54.

LARRIMER & TEST, Attorneys at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Will attend promptly to all legal and other business entrusted to their care in Clearfield and adjoining counties. August 6, 1856.
JAS. H. LARRIMER. ISRAEL TEST.

DR. M. WOODS, tenders his professional services to the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity. Residence on Second street, opposite the office of L. J. Crans, Esq. Office, the same that was recently occupied by Hon. G. R. Barrett, where he can be found unless absent on professional business.

NO. 2, WAKE UP!—The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity, that he continues to do all kinds of Blacksmithing on short notice and in the very best style, at the Old Shop alongside of the Town Hall. Edge tools of all kinds made and dressed in the best manner, and warranted to give entire satisfaction. The public will remember, that I am not in the habit of turning off jobs on account of not being able to do them. All I ask is a trial, and then the public may judge of the work for themselves. Remember the "Old Shop" at the Town Hall. JAMES HAFF.
Clearfield Pa., August 13, 1861.
N. B. Any jobs that Mr. Passmore cannot execute, will be done on very short notice.

THE LADY'S FRIEND—GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK FOR 1862.—The world's favorite. For 23 Years the Standard Magazine. Pronounced by the Press of the United States, the best Lady's Magazine in the World and the Cheapest.
The Literature is of that kind that can be read aloud in the family circle, and the clergy in immense numbers are subscribers for the Book.
The best Lady Writers in America contribute to its pages, and we have some that write for no other Magazine.
The Music is all original, and would cost 25 cents (the price of the Book) in the music stores; But most of it is copyrighted, and cannot be obtained except in "Godey"!
Our Steel Engravings.—All efforts to rival us in this have ceased, and we now stand alone in this department, giving as we do, many more and infinitely better engravings than are published in any other work.
Godey's Immense Double Sheet Fashion-Plate.—Containing from five to seven full length Colored Fashions on each plate. Other magazines give only two.
Far Ahead of any Fashions in European or American.—Godey's is the only work in the world that gives these immense plates, and they are such as to have excited the wonder of publishers and the public. The publication of these plates cost $10,000 more than Fashion-plates of the old style, and nothing but our wonderfully large circulation enables us to give them. Other magazines cannot afford it. We never spare money when the public can be benefited. These fashions may be relied on. Dresses may be made after them, and the wearer will not subject herself to ridicule, as would be the case if she visited the large cities dressed after the style of the plates given in some of our so called fashion magazines.
Our Wood Engravings, of which we give twice or three times as many as any other magazine, are often mistaken for steel. They are so far superior to any others.
Imitations.—Beware of them. Remember that the Lady's Book is the original publication and the cheapest. If you take Godey, you want no other magazine. Everything that is useful or ornamental in a house can be found in Godey.
Drawing Lessons.—No other magazine gives them, and we have given enough to fill several large volumes.
Our Receipts are such as can be found nowhere else. Cooking in all its variety—Confectionery—the Nursery—the Toilet—the Laundry—the Kitchen. Receipts upon all subjects are to be found in the pages of the Lady's Book. We originally started this department, and have peculiar facilities for making it most perfect. This department alone is worth the price of the Book.
Ladies Work Table.—This department comprises engravings and descriptions of every article that a lady wears.
Model Cottages.—No other magazine has this department.
Terms, Cash in Advance.—One copy one year, $3. Two copies one year, $5. Three copies one year, $6. Four copies one year, $7. Five copies one year, and an extra copy to the person sending the club, $10. Eight copies one year, and an extra copy to the person sending the club, $15. Eleven copies one year, and an extra copy to the person sending the club, $20. And the *only* magazine that can be introduced into the above clubs in place of the Lady's Book is Arthur's Home Magazine.
Special Clubbing with other Magazines.—Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine both one year for $3.50. Godey's Lady's Book and Harper's Magazine both one year for $4.50. Godey, Harper, and Arthur will all three be sent one year, on receipt of $6.00. Treasury Notes and Notes of all solvent banks taken at par. Be careful and pay the postage on your letter.
Address L. A. GODEY,
323 *Chesnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.*

FLOUR—A good article for sale at the store of [jan16] WM. F. IRWIN, Clearfield.