THE RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL.

THE JOURNAL.

CLEARFIELD, PA., MARCH, 5, 1862.

Time of Cars leaving Tyrone Station.

GOING EAST.

Fast Line, 9.17 P. M. | Mail Train, 11.55 A. M.

GOING WEST.

Express, 6.40 A. M. | Mail train, 5.40 P. M

THE WEATHER.—During the past week the weather has been quite changeable. On Monday last it rained nearly all day, whilst on Tuesday it was cold and freezing and snowing a little most of the day.

HOUSE BURNT.—We learn that the house of Robert Neeper of Pike township, was consumed by fire on Friday night, February 28th. We have not heard the full particulars, but we believe that Mr. N. also lost most of his household effects.

THE AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST.—The March number of this valuable agricultural journal has been received, and contains many good suggestions. We recommend it to the favorable consideration of our farmer friends. Price, $1 a year. Address, O. Judd, 41 Park Row, New York.

SEVERELY INJURED.—We have been informed that Samuel Edmondson of Covington township, had both his arms broken, in two places, one day last week. It appears that Mr. Edmondson had a quarrel with another person, who seized a handspike and struck Mr. E. twice, inflicting the injuries above stated.

FIRE.—On Wednesday night, February 26th, the house of John Troy of Morris township, was destroyed by fire, during the absence of the family. Mr. T. also lost nearly all his household goods. The fire is supposed to have originated from a stovepipe. The house was an old log building, therefore the loss is not very heavy—probably about three hundred dollars.

SHANTY BURNED.—We learn that the shanty belonging to Charles Macumber, on the Sinnemohoning creek was destroyed by fire on Thursday, February 20th. There was a considerable quantity of provisions, besides the clothing of about twenty men, in the shanty at the time of the accident; which was all consumed. The loss is over three hundred dollars.

THE TIMBER BUSINESS.—From inquiries made during the last ten days, and the information obtained, we incline to the opinion that the quantity of timber taken out this season will fall considerable short of what it has been for several years past. However, as there is still a "fine chance" of snow on the ground and the hauling tolerable good, the quantity may be largely increased as yet.

An Appeal to the Clearfield Ladies.

CLEARFIELD, March 4th, 1862.

An urgent appeal has been made to the sympathetic as well as patriotic feelings of the Clearfield Ladies, by the suffering soldiers of the 84th Reg. Penna. Vol. who are confined by illness to the Hospital at Cumberland Md., and in Western Virginia. Companies "I and K" are from our own county. It is the desire of the Ladies to send them a box of Hospital stores without delay—and any contributions from the citizens will be received at Judge Barrett's office. Articles such as old linen, soft muslins, sheets for bandages, lint, stockings, slippers, pillows, shirts, handkerchiefs, towels, &c., as well as wines, jellies, preserves and pickles. They will be received and forwarded by the following committee:

Mrs. Wm. Bigler, Miss Helen Cattle,
Mrs. J. T. Leonard, Miss Sophie Barrett,
Mrs. G. R. Barrett, Miss Bertha Wright,

METEROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS FOR FEBRUARY, 1862.—Mean temperature of the month for the whole day 27 degrees—morning 21, noon 32½, evening 26½ degrees. The last half of the month was about two degrees warmer than the first. The weather mostly moderate; the mercury at no time as low as zero. The 16th was the coldest morning, 5 deg. above. On four mornings, it was below 10 deg. above zero, viz: 5th, 10th, 15th, and 25th. The warmest day at noon was the 13th, 49 degrees above. On five days it rose above 40 degrees at noon, viz: 6th, 13th, 18th, 22d, and 23d. Light snows, from three to six inches, on the 3d, 11th, and 14th. Rain on the 6th and 17th, and rain, hail and sleet on the 19th. The roads were generally good throughout the month; less snow than the average for February; not so slippery as January; no high water or break up; the river only partially closed.

Yours, PENN.

TO THE POINT.—The Ohio Legislature on the 17th February adjourned for the purpose of holding a mass meeting, to rejoice over the recent victories. Speeches were made by Governor Tod, Lieutenant Governor Stanton, Hon. Thomas Ewing, Colonel McCook, and others. The following is Governor Tod's speech:

"If there is a man in all the country that does not rejoice over the news of to-day, frown on him, brand him as a traitor. Is he in your churches? turn him out. Is he in your Assembly? put him out. Is he in your family? shut the door in his face. [Cheers.] We want it understood as the voice of this meeting that the Government is to hang all guilty traitors; and that if England continues to threaten, we will next pay our respects to her."

A COMMAND FOR FREMONT.—General Fremont is sure to have a command presently. It is understood that the Potomac army is to be divided into *corps d' armee* within a few days, and if this is done it is not improbable that General Fremont will be put in command of one of them.

BILLS SIGNED.—The President has approved of the Treasury Note Bill, and of the bill authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to issue certificates of indebtedness to government creditors whose accounts have been audited, and they are now laws.

We are apt to be partial to our own observations—probably for the observor's sake.

It does not look well for people to be always talking ill of their neighbors.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE "JOURNAL."

HARRISBURG, MARCH 3, 1862.

DEAR JOURNAL:—The Legislation of the last week has been very little improvement on the previous, so far as the interest of your readers is concerned; but there is other news of a most startling nature, and which may have treading upon its heels news of still greater importance. We are on the eve of a great battle, and one that is likely to terminate the rebellion. An impression has gone abroad that the rebels will retreat to Richmond. If, however, they make a stand this side of it in force, we shall have one of the most sanguinary conflicts to chronicle that ever took place in any age or country.

During the past week a regiment arrived from Erie, and another from Kittanning—these, together with the regiments at Camp Curtin, and in the different camps in Philadelphia, are now being forwarded on to Washington as fast as transportation can be secured, and by the day this reaches your readers, Pennsylvania will have twelve more regiments in the field, and a great battle may have been fought. We are looking for it every minute; and in order to prepare for it, a joint resolution has been passed, placing means at the disposal of the Governor to procure Hospitals, and remove any Pennsylvanians who may be wounded to the State for medical attendance. To carry out this measure, the Governor has despatched Agents to the different towns along the lines of the Rail Roads to secure suitable buildings for Hospitals, and a large number of Surgeons and nurses in the cities and large towns are holding themselves in readiness to go forward at a moment's notice. Although telegraphic news is now contraband of war, enough is known to justify the belief that a few more days will tell the tale. The whole army on the Potomac from Romney to Washington is moving southward!

A bill was passed this week taking from the Pennsylvania Reserve Corps, which was formed in pursuance of an act of Assembly in May last, the right to elect their own officers, and vesting the appointments in the Governor. There are said to be some seventy vacancies, mostly caused by resignations, in the fifteen regiments, and the commanding officers would not order elections to fill them because the men frequently elect unqualified officers, and the regiments thereby become demoralized.

The investigating Committee has had the Board of Directors of the Pennsylvania Rail Road company before it, and quite a number of other persons, but up to this time not a particle of evidence has been obtained to implicate the company in using corruption to procure legislation. The whole thing must culminate to the entire discomfiture of those who made such dire threats to invalidate the commutation act by charging home bribery and corruption upon the company.

The little bills now daily passed are of no manner of importance, but among them I do not see a single local measure from your neighborhood. A happy people you must be if your want nothing. Yours, SPECKS.

WHAT WE GOT AT BOWLING GREEN.—Our success at Bowling Green, writes a correspondent, is much more important than at first supposed, viewing it merely in reference to what property we have taken possession of. The rebels did not destroy as much of their stores as we imagine, but concealed them in various places in the town and neighborhood, hoping that they might escape the vigilant eyes of our quartermasters and commissaries. But their hopes were vain. Such quanties of provisions of all sorts, flour, pork, &c., have been found, that we should have no difficulty in subsisting our army for a considerable time, even if we should receive no supplies whatever from the north. In every imaginable place these articles have been found—up in garrets, down in cellars, in wells, in cisterns, in houses belonging to professed Union men, and, indeed, in every situation which any individual wou'd be apt to select as suitable for concealment. This organized system of hiding was not confined to the town. A great many hundred bags and barrels of corn were discovered concealed in the woods in the vicinity. It was astonishing how speedily and surely these were hunted up. No matter whether the hiding place was one, two or a dozen miles off, the hidden goods were smelled out, and a party was soon on the way for the purpose of bringing them in. I shall not pretend to estimate the value of the property thus captured. I have not seen the whole of it, but have been informed that little less than a hundred thousand dollars' worth have been found.

RE-OPENING TRADE.—It is regarded probable that as soon as the rebel armies are beaten out of Tennessee, the order of Mr. Chase, preventing the exportation of provisions, medicines and the like into the South, will be rescinded, so far as Tennessee is concerned, and that that whole country will again be opened to commercial transactions. As it is possible to draw supplies of cotton and tobacco from at least one-half of the South by way of Tennessee, the opening of trade in this quarter would soon produce a marked effect upon the general industry of the country. A million of bales of cotton could easily be gathered by inland commerce from the South, and this amount furnished to our factories would again set them going, with a portion to spare for the English market. With a blockade on the coast and an active internal commerce, the North will be benefited in every way; first, by the carriage of cotton, tobacco, hemp, and other southern products through the country, and their transportation to Europe; and second, by the sale of goods to such of the Southern States as are thus re-opened, which are now in great need of them.

SLAVE-CATCHING IN THE ARMY.—The Pittsburg *Gazette* says: "The prompt passage through the House of Mr. Blair's bill to prevent slave-catching in the army is one of the most cheering signs of the times. The opponents of the bill were headed, as usual, by the inevitable Vallandigham, whose secession proclivities are matters of history. This subject should have been attended to long ago, but it comes in good time now, when our armies are moving into slave territory. We hope the Senate will put the bill through with the praise-worthy promptness of the House. We trust Congress will follow up this good work by abolishing slavery in the District of Columbia. Whatever reason pro-slavery men many find for non-interference with slavery in the States, they can find none worthy of attention for keeping up such a barbarous and disgraceful institution in the Capital city of the Nation, where it is a standing insult to the twenty millions of citizens of the free States. Away with it, ye trusted men of Congess. Never adjourn until that foul blot is wiped out.

THAT'S SO.—The Difference between the Republican party and the few desperate men who still have the audacity to claim the title of Democracy, is, that while the Republicans are striving in the Cabinet, in Congress, and on the battle field, to crush out the rebellion, the leaders of the Democracy (?) are laboring, with the aid of slander and misrepresentation, to crush out the Republicans. While the Republican party is endeavoring to counteract the influences and the cause of rebellion, the Democratic party is struggling to shield it and give it strength. What honest man can long pause in his preferences and duty with such evidences before him.

THE POPE.—A Turin correspondent of the Paris *Presse* writing on the 1st ult. says. I have seen a letter from Rome of the 28th January, containing minute details respecting the health of the Pope. It states that Pius IX, has of late been subject to frequent attack of fever caused by chronic indigestion. His physician recommended exercise in the open air on foot, or at least in a carriage. Unfortunately the Pope's legs are greatly swollen, and he cannot go abroad. He has to be rolled in a chair to pass from one room to another. It is not true that he has been bled, as reported; such a thing was never proposed. It has been remarked, not without uneasiness, that for several days he has been affected by disposition to somnolency, and cannot by any means be diverted from yielding to it. This, I am told, is the most serious symptom of the Holy Father's malady.

A NEW LETTER ENVELOPE.—A new style of letter envelope has recently been invented, and is being introduced. The envelope is open at the end only; and when the letter is slipped in, the overlap is so contrived that the stamp is laid upon it, in the manner of a seal. Thus the adhesiveness of the stamp is guaranty for the security of the envelope. But by an aditional contrivance, the overlap is so arranged that a portion of the stamp with which it is sealed fastens to the letter beneath; and in opening the envelope, the stamp, on which a postmark and date is impressed, remains, not on the envelope, where it is useless, but on the letter, where it is often of great importance to business men, who need to prove the date of mailing of a letter or remittance.

A SHREWD DODGE.—We heard of a shrewd dodge, says the New York *Post*, which has been practiced upon the retail trade of this city. Some knave cuts the coupons off the $50 seven-thirty treasury notes, and passes the note as a demand note in trade, thus pocketing some $10.95, the amount of the coupons, for three years, which he may collect half yearly upon presenting them at the government offices. Traders should bear in mind that there are no $50 demand notes, only $5's, $10's and $20's.

DEAD REBELS FOUND WITH THEIR HANDS CUT OFF.—The following postscript (says the Cincinnati *Commercial*) was added to a business letter written at Somerset, Kentucky, on the 21st inst. "Since the Cumberland river has fallen, forty or fifty dead secesh soldiers have been found with their hands cut off, supposed to have been the act of fugitives in crossing the river on their memorable retreat, to prevent them sinking the boats.

When was Napoleon most shabbily dressed? When he was out at Elba (elbow).

Hasty people drink the wine of life scalding hot.

MARRIED:

On the 27th Feb. 1862 by P. Curley Esq., Mr. JONATHAN C. EVANS of Graham township, to Miss MARY J. HEISE of Columbia, Lancaster county Pa.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or meddling with a certain Brown Mare, now in possession of Jonathan Mays, as the same belongs to me and is subject to my orders. PETER SUMMERS.
Ansonville February 26, 1862-3 tp.

NOTICE.—A large square pine timber stick, marked J. P., was caught during the January flood, and tied up on the premises of the undersigned. The owner can have the same, by calling and paying charges before taking it away—otherwise it will be sold. J. B. HEISEY.
February 26, 1862.

ATTENTION, BEE KEEPERS.—R. Adams & Co., having purchased the Right of Clearfield Co, for "J. S. Harbison's Patent Improved movable comb Bee Hive," would respectfully direct the attention of Bee keepers to the many advantages it possesses over any other Hive out. With this Hive you can have complete control over your Bees—can at any time remove your surplus honey without killing Bees—can make artificial swarms when desired—can prevent your Bees from being destroyed by moth—and other advantages it possesses which will recommended it to all interested in Bee keeping For Hives, Individual or Township Rights, address,
R. ADAMS & CO.,
Feb, 19, 1862. Cooksport, Indiana co., Pa.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, that the following accounts have been examined and passed by me, and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heirs, legatees, creditors and all others in any other way interested, and will be presented to the next Orphans' court of Clearfield county, to be held at the *Court House*, in the Borough of Clearfield, commencing on the Third Monday of March 1862, for confirmation and allowance:

The account of Frederick Zigler, Guardian of Catharine Korb, minor daughter of Godfried Weaver of Brady township, Clearfield county, deceased.

The account of Frederick Zigler, Guardian of Godfried Weaver Minor son of Godfried Weaver of Brady township Clearfield county, deceased.

The account of B. D. Hall, Administrator of all and Singular, the goods and chattlesl, rights and credits which were of John Heichel, late of the township of Karthaus, county of Clearfield, (laborer) deceased.

The Final account of Josiah R. Read, Guardian of Martha Jane Welch, a minor daughter of James Welch, late of the township of Pike, county of Clearfield, deceased

The partial Testamentary account of James B. Graham and G. L. Reed, Executors of the Testament and last will of Henry Lorain, M. D. late of the Borough of Clearfield, deceased.

JAMES WRIGLEY,
February 19, 1862. Register.

LICENSE NOTICE.—The following named persons have filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Clearfield county, their Petitions for License at the March Session next, agreeably to the act of Assembly of March 28th, 1856, entitled "An Act to regulate the sale of Intoxicating Liquors," &c:

Benj'n. Snyder,	Tavern,	Covington town'p.
Leopold Broenel,	Tavern,	Covington town'p
Henry Post,	Tavern,	Decatur township.
John Sheeser,	Tavern,	Union township.
Eli Fy,	Tavern,	Brady township.
Edward Albert,	Tavern,	Boggs township.
Andrew Cross,	Tavern,	Boggs township.
Margaret Lanich,	Tavern,	Clearfield Boro
David Johnson,	Tavern,	Clearfield Boro.
Isaac Bloom,	Tavern,	Curwensville Bor.
Wm. Mason,	Tavern,	Curwensville Bor.
Geo. Albert,	Tavern,	Bradford town'p
R. W. Moore,	Tavern,	Brady township.
Henry Goodlander,	Tavern,	Brady township.
Adam Knarr,	Tavern,	Brady township.
Valentine Hoffman,	Tavern,	Covington town'p.
David Smith,	Tavern,	Knox township.
R. J. Haynes,	Tavern,	Karthaus town'p.
John Sulfridge,	Tavern,	Goshen township.
Wm. Woodward,	Tavern,	Huston township.
A. L. Ogden,	Tavern,	Lawrence town'p.
W. W. Anderson,	Tavern,	Penn township.
Jacob Mock,	Tavern,	Morris township.
Wm. Reed,	Tavern,	Lumber City.
James Haines,	Tavern,	Beccaria township.
Aaron Hartman,	Tavern,	Boggs township.
George Richards,	Tavern,	Morris township.
Wm. W. Worrell,	Tavern.	Chest township.
Danl. M. Weaver,	Tavern,	Curwensville.
Nancy Bloom,	Tavern,	Curwensville.
James Haines,	Tavern,	Beccariatownship.
John Jordan,	Tavern,	Guelich township.
Aaron Hartman,	Tavern,	Boggs township.
Francis Roussillot,	Tavern,	Girard township.
Wm. Conrad,	Tavern,	Guelich township.
John S. Radebach,	Tavern,	Decatur township.
John Robson,	Mercantile,	Beccaria tp.
Claudius Barmoy,	Mercantile,	Covington town'p.
Richard Mossop,	Mercantile,	Clearfield Boro.

JOHN L CUTTLE, Clerk.
Clearfield, February, 26, 1862.

CLEARFIELD HOUSE, CLEARFIELD, PA.—The subscriber having purchased the furniture and interest from H. H. Morrow, in said House, is now prepared for the reception of transient and permanent boarders. Every department connected with his establishment will be conducted second to none in the county. He respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.
July 11, 1860.-y. GEO. N. COLBURN.

BLACKSMITH WANTED AT GRAHAMTON.—One who can come well recommended for industry and sobriety None other need apply. A good shop with three fires and three set of smith's tools (if desired), and a house, garden and stable will all be leased for one year from the 1st of April next, and for a longer time if satisfaction is rendered to customers and to myself.
Address, JAS. B. GRAHAM,
January 1, 1862. Clearfield, Pa.

CHURCH INCORPORATION.—All persons interested are hereby notified than an application for a charter of Incorporation has been made, by the Goshen Methodist Episcopal church, to the court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly; and unless cause is shown for its refusal, the same will be granted at the next term of said court. By order of the court.
JOHN L. CUTTLE,
January 29, 1862. Prothonotary.

BANKING AND COLLECTION OFFICE
OF
LEONARD, FINNEY & CO.,
CLEARFIELD, CLEARFIELD COUNTY, PA.

Bills of Exchange, Notes and Drafts Discounted Deposits received. Collections made, and proceeds promptly remitted. Exchange on the Cities constantly on hand. Office, on Second street, in the room lately occupied by W. A. Wallace, Esd.
JAMES T. LEONARD. : : : : : : : : : D. A. FINNEY.
WM A. WALLACE. : : : : : : : : : : A. C. FINNEY.

FARM FOR SALE.—The following described farm, situated in Decatur township, Clearfield Co., Pa. two miles and a half west of Philipsburg, on the Glen Hope road, containing *one hundred and twenty-one acres* and allowance. There are about eighty-five acres cleared and under a good state of cultivation; with a large, well finished, frame bank barn, a comfortable hewed log house, and a well finished frame dwelling house and other out buildings erected thereon, never failing springs of water at the buildings, and a large and well selected assortment of bearing fruit trees. The wood land being well timbered and under laid with a four and a half foot vein of stone coal. The above farm affords rare inducements to purchasers For further information enquire of
R. D. SHOWALTER, Philipsburg.
Oct. 23, 1861.—6m. Centre, Co. Pa.

VULCANITE BASE FOR
ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

Attention is especially called to this article, as a substitute for gold in inserting teeth. Many persons who have tried all kinds of metalic bases prefer this, and in those cases where it is applicable, it will in a great measure become a substitute for gold, silver or platina. Its chief advantages are, cheapness, lightness and perfect adoption to the mouth; it having a soft fleshy feel to the parts of the mouth with which it comes in contact.

A. M. Hills is prepared to put up teeth on the Vulcanite Base, with Goodyear's Patent Gum, which is the only reliable preperation, and can only be had through their regular agents.

Dr. Hills will always be found in his office on Friday and Saturday, unless notice appears to the contrary, in the town papers, the previous week.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE OF CÆSAR POTTER.—Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Clearfield county, Pa., granted at January Term, A. D. 1862, the undersigned will expose to sale, at public vendue or outcry, at Grahamton, in Bradford township, county aforesaid, on Saturday, the 1st day of March, A. D 1862, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the Real Estate of Cæsar Potter, late of Bradford township, deceased, being the same premises where said Potter was living at the time of his death, containing about sixty acres more or less, bounded by lands of Harner on the North, by lands of James Graham on the West, and by land of John Porter on the East and South. Terms, one third down in cash at the time of sale, and ballance in two equal annual payments with interest from the time of sale, to be secured by bonds and mortgage upon the premises
WILLIAM HOOVER, Adm'r.
February 5th, 1862.

Furniture! Furniture!!

JOHN GUELICH,

Desires to inform his old friends and customers that, having enlarged his shop and increased his facilities for manufacturing, he is now prepared to make to order such furniture as may be desired, in good style and at cheap rates for cash. He mostly has on hand at his "Furniture Rooms," a varied assortment of furniture, among which is,

BUREAUS AND SIDEBOARDS,
Wardrobes and Book-cases; Centre, Sofa, Parlor, Breakfast and Dining extension Tables.

Common, French-posts, Cottage, Jenny-Lind and other Bedsteads.

SOFAS OF ALL KINDS, WORK-STANDS, HAT RACKS, WASH-STANDS, &c.

Rocking and Arm Chairs,

Spring-seat, Cain-bottom, and Parlor Chairs; And common and other Chairs.

LOOKING-GLASSES

Of every description on hand, and new glasses for old frames, which will be put in on very reasonable terms, on short notice.

He also keeps on hand, or furnishes to order, Hair, Corn-husk, Hair and Cotton top Mattresses.

COFFINS, OF EVERY KIND,

Made to order, and funerals attended with a Hearse, whenever desirable.

Also, House painting done to order.

The above, and many other articles are furnished to customers cheap for CASH or exchanged for approved country produce. Cherry, Maple, Poplar, Lin-wood and other Lumber suitable for the business, taken in exchange for furniture.

Remember the shop is on Market street, Clearfield, and nearly opposite the "Old Jew Store."
December 4, 1861 JOHN GUELICH.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—Under an order of the Orphans' Court of Lancaster and Clearfield counties, Pennsylvania, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in Clearfield, on *Monday the 17th day of March* 1862, all of the following described Real Estate situated in Jordan township, Clearfield county, Pa., late the property of Isaac Pusey, dec'd:

One piece, being that part called "Greenland," warranted to Richard Peters, beginning at a white oak, down, corner of the tract, thence South 44 degrees East 141 perches to post, thence by purpart A South 50 degrees West 188 perches to post on tract line, thence by said line, North 40 degrees West 141 perchas to pine on line of J. R. Howell, thence by said J. R. Howell North 50 degrees East 174 perches to beginning, containing 150 acres and 81 perches.

The other piece, being part of tract called "Rich Grove" surveyed on warrant to John Dunwoody, beginning at post corner of William Hunter survey and this tract, thence South 40 degrees East 338 perches to post, thence South 50 degrees West 95 and five-tenth perches to tract line, thence by purpart D North 40 degrees West 338 perches to post on tract line, thence by tract line North 50 East 95 and five-tenth perches to post and beginning, containing 190 acres and 48 perches. The said two tracts being purpart C as described and allotted in the parrition of the Pusey Lands, as made in the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county.

These Lots of Lard are heavily timbered with a fine growth of White Pine Timber—quite a quantity of Spars, and the whole being within two miles of Clearfield Creek, is a desirable property for logging operations Title is indisputable.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-fifth cash at striking down the Property; one-fifth at confirmation of the sale, and the balance in three equal annual payments from date of sale, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage upon the premises—with a clause restricting taking off timber except in proportion to payments made. By order of the Court. CHARLES J. PUSEY, Adm'r.
February 19, 1862

SALT! SALT!! SALT!!!—A prime article of ground alum salt, put up in patent sacks, at $3.25 per sack, at the cheap cash store of
November 27. R. MOSSOP.

TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC.—The undersigned having taken the Luthersburg Hotel, situate in the town of Luthersburg, Clearfield county, respectfully solicits a share of patronage. The house has been re-fitted and newly furnished, and no pains or expense will be spared to render guests comfortable. Charges moderate.
may23 WILLIAM REED.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Alex. McKay, late of Burnside township, Clearfield county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
NEIL McKAY,
Feb. 12, 1862-6tp. Administrator.

KOLLOCK'S DANDELION COFFEE.—This preparation, made from the best Java Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a superior nutritious beverage for General Debility, Dyspepsia and all bilious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

KOLLOCK'S LEVAIN.—The purest and best baking powder known for making light, sweet and nutritious Bread and cakes. Price 15 cents.

Manufactured by M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist, corner of Broad and Chestnut Sts, Phil'a, and sold by all Druggists and Grocers. Eeb. 26, 1862y.

Osceola Steam Saw-Mill
FOR SALE.

The undersigned having other business in view, offer at private sale on reasonable terms, their interest (one-half,) in the Osceola Steam Saw Mill, and all other property belonging thereto, and a store, a store-room, four dwelling-houses, and two vacant lots The mill is situated in the thriving village of Osceola, Clearfield county, Pa. on the Moshannon creek and the Tyrone and Clearfield Railroad, and also the terminus of the Glen Hope Plankroad. This place offers great inducements to lumbermen and others who wish to engage in the manufacture of lumber, as the facilities for getting it to market, when manufactured, is unsurpassed.

The mill is large, substantially built, good machinery, with an 80-horsepower engine and four large boilers, one gang of 30 saws, two muleys or single saws, edger and cross-cut saws, and lath and shingle machine, &c, The mill is capable of sawing forty thousand (40,000) feet of lumber per day, with power sufficient to drive other machinery if desired The present owners have secured over one hundred millions (100,000,000) feet of logs, to be sawed at this mill.

The above named mill and other property will be sold on very reasonable terms, to an energetic business man or firm. Persons desirous of going into the lumbering business or mercantile trade, should examine this property and the location, as we feel persuaded that it cannot be surpassed, in all its advantages, in any portion of the lumber region. Persons desiring any further information in regard to the property, can obtain the same by addressing us at Philipsburg, Centre county, Pa., or by giving us a call at Osceola.
Feb 12, 1862—3t. A. B. LONG & SONS.

PROSPECTUS OF THE CONTINENTAL MONTHLY.—There are periods in the world's history marked by extraordinary and violent crises, sudden as the breaking forth of a volcano, or the bursting of a storm on the ocean. These crises sweep away in a moment the landmarks of generations. They call out fresh talent, and give to the old new direction. It is then that new ideas are born, new theories developed. Such periods demand fresh exponents, and new men for expounders.

This Continent has lately been convulsed by an upheaving so sudden and terrible that the relations of all men and all classes to each other are violently disturbed, and people look about for the elements with which to sway the storm and direct the whirlwind. Just at present, we do not know what all this is to bring forth; but we do know that great results must flow from such extraordinary commotions.

At a juncture so solemn and so important, there is a special need that the intellectual force of the country should be active and efficient. It is a time for great minds to speak their thoughts boldly, and to take position as the advance guard. To this end, there is a special want unsupplied. It is that of an Independent Magazine, which shall be open to the first intellects of the land, and which shall treat the issue presented, and to be presented to the country, in a tone no way tempered by partizanship, or influenced by fear, favor or the hope of reward, which shall seize and grapple with the momentous subjects that the present disturbed state of affairs heave to the surface, and which can not be laid aside or neglected.

To meet this want, the undersigned have commenced, under the editorial charge of Charles G. Leland, the publication of a new Magazine, devoted to Literatnre and National Policy.

In Politics, it will advocate, with all the force at its command, measures best adapted to preserve the oneness and integrity of these United States. It will never yield to the idea of any disruption of this Republic, peaceably or otherwise; and it will discuss with honesty and impartiality what must be done to save it. In this department, some of the most eminent statesmen of the time will contribute regularly to its pages.

In Literature, it will be sustained by the best writers and ablest thinkers of this country.

Among its attractions will be presented, in an early number, a "New Serial of American Life," by Richard Kimball, Esq., the very popular author of "The Revelations of Wall Street," "St. Leger," &c. A series of papers by Hon. Horace Greely, embodying the distinguished author's observations on the growth and development of the Great West. A series of articles by the author of "Through the Cotton States," containing the result of an extended tour in the seashore Slave States, just prior to the breaking out of the war, and presenting a startling and truthful picture of the real condition of that region. No pains will be spared to render the literary attractions of the CONTINENTAL both brilliant and substantial The lyrical or descriptive talents of the most eminent *literati* have been promised to its pages; and nothing will be admitted which will not be distinguished by marked energy, originality, and solid strength. Avoiding every influence or association partaking of clique or coterie, it will be open to all contributions of real merit, even from writers differing materially in their views; the only limitations required being that of devotion to the Union, and the only standard of acceptance that of intrinsic excellence.

The Editorial Department will embrace, in addition to vigorous and fearless comments on the events of the times, genial gossip with the reader on all current topics, and also devote abundant space to those racy specimens of American wit and humor, without which there can be no perfect exposition of our national character Among those who will contribute regularly to this department may be mentioned the name of Charles F. Browne (Artemus Ward), from whom we shall present in the March number, the first of an entirely new and original series of "Sketches of Western Life"

The CONTINENTEL will be liberal and progressive, without yielding to chimeras and hopes beyond the grasp of the age; and it will endeavor to reflect the feelings and interests of the American people, and to illustrate both their serious and humorous peculiarities. In short, no pains will be spared to make it the Representative Magazine of the time.

TERMS:—Three dollars per year, in advance (postage paid by the Publishers;) Two copies for $5; Three copies for $6, (postage unpaid); Eleven copies for $20, (postage unpaid). Single numbers can be procured from any News-dealer in the United States. The Knickerbocker Magazine and the Continental Monthly will be furnished for one year at $4.

Appreciating the importance of literature to the soldier on duty, the publishers will send the CONTINENTAL, gratis, to any regiment in active service, on application being made by its Colonel or Chaplain: he will also receive subscriptions from those desiring to furnish it to soldiers in the ranks at half the regular price: but in such cases it must be mailed from the office of publication.

J. R. GILMORE, 110 Tremont St., Boston,
Charles T. Evans, at G. P. Putnam's, 532 Broadway, New York, is authorized to receive subscriptions in that city. [Feb. 12, 1862.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS.

H. B. WOODS, Attorney at Law, Indiana, Pa. Professional business promptly attended to.

D. O. CROUCH, PHYSICIAN, Curwensville, Clearfield county, Penn'a. May 14.

L. J. CRANS, Attorney at Law and Real Estate Agent, Clearfield, Pa. Office adjoining his residence, on Second street. May 16.

WILLIAM A. WALLACE, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office, adjoining his residence on Second street. Sept. 1.

ROBERT J. WALLACE, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office in Shaw's new row, Market street, opposite Naugle's Jewelry store. May 26.

H. F. NAUGLE, Watch and Clock Maker, and dealer in Watches, Jewelry, &c. Room in Graham's row, Market street. Nov. 10.

W. M. M'CULLOUGH, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office, in Graham's new brick building, on Second floor. July 3, 1861.

H. BUCHER SWOOPE, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office in Graham's Row, four doors west of Graham & Boynton's store. Nov. 10.

J. P. KRATZER Merchant, and dealer in Boards and Shingles, Grain and Produce Front St, above the Academy, Clearfield, Pa. [j12

A. J. PATTERSON, Attorney at Law, Curwensville, Pa., will attend to all business entrusted to his care. Office opposite the New Methodist Church. Jan. 15, 1862.

WILLIAM F. IRWIN, Market street, Clearfield, Pa., Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Merchandise, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, and family articles generally. Nov. 10.

DR. WM. CAMPBELL, offers his professional services to the citizens of Morris and adjoining townships. Residence with J. D. Denning in Kylertown, Clearfield county. May 11, 1859.

J. B. M'ENALLY, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Practices in Clearfield and adjoining counties. Office in new brick addition, adjoining the residence of James B. Graham. Nov. 10.

JOHN GUELICH, Manufacturer of all kinds of Cabinet-ware, Market street, Clearfield, Pa. He also makes to order Coffins, on short notice, and attends funerals with a hearse. April 9, '59.

RICHARD MOSSOP, Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Bacon, Liquors, &c. Room, on Market street, a few doors west of *Journal Office*, Clearfield, Pa. Apr 27.

THOMAS J. M'CULLOUGH, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office, over the "Clearfield co. Bank. Deeds and other legal instruments prepared with promptness and accuracy. July 3.

D. G. BUSH. : : : : : : : : : T. J. M'CULLOUGH
BUSH & M'CULLOUGH'S
COLLECTION OFFICE, CLEARFIELD, PENN'A.

JOHN RUSSEL & CO., Tanners and Curriers, Pennville, Clearfield Co, Pa. Keep constantly on hand an excellent assortment of leather, which they offer for sale at the lowest cash prices. Hides of all kinds taken in exchange July 15-54.

LARRIMER & TEST, Attorneys at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Will attend promptly to all legal and other business entrusted to their care in Clearfield and adjoining counties. August 6, 1856.
JAS. H. LARRIMER. ISRAEL TEST.

DR. M. WOODS, tenders his professional services to the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity. Residence on Second street, opposite the office of L. J. Crans, Esq. Office, the same that was recently occupied by Hon. G R Barrett, where he can be found unless absent on professional business.

NO. 2, WAKE UP!—The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity, that he continues to do all kinds of Blacksmithing on short notice and in the very best style, at the Old Shop alongside of the Town Hall. Edge tools of all kinds made and dressed in the best manner, and warranted to give entire satisfaction. The public will remember, that I am not in the habit of turning off jobs on account of not being able to do them. All I ask is a trial, and then the public may judge of the work for themselves. Remember the "Old Shop" at the Town Hall. JAMES HAFF.
Clearfield Pa, August 13, 1861.
N. B. Any jobs that Mr. Passmore cannot execute, will be done on very short notice.

THE LADY'S FRIEND—GODEY'S LADYS BOOK FOR 1862.—The world's favorite. For 23 Years the Standard Magazine. Pronounced by the Press of the United States, the best Lady's Magazine in the World and the Cheapest.

The Literature is of that kind that can be read aloud in the family circle, and the clergy in immense numbers are subscribers for the Book.

The best Lady Writers in America contribute to its pages, and we have some that write for no other Magazine.

The Music is all original, and would cost 25 cents (the price of the Book) in the music stores; But most of it is copyrighted, and cannot be obtained except in "Godey."

Our Steel Engravings.—All efforts to rival us in this have ceased, and we now stand alone in this department, giving, as we do, many more and infinitely better engravings than are published in any other work.

Godey's Immense Double Sheet Fashion-Plate.—Containing from five to seven full length Colored Fashions on each plate. Other megazines give only two.

Far Ahead of any Fashions in Europe or America.—Godey's is the only work in the world that gives these immense plates, and they are such as to have excited the wonder of publishers and the public. The publication of these plates cost $10,000 more than Fashion-plates of the old style and nothing but our wonderfully large circulation enables us to give them. Other magazines cannot afford it We never spare money when the public can be benefited. These fashions may be relied on. Dresses may be made after them, and the wearer will not subject herself to ridicule, as would be the case if she visited the large cities dressed after the style of the plates given in some of our so called fashion magazines

Our Wood Engravings, of which we give twice or three times as many as any other magazine, are often mistaken for steel. They are so far superior to any others.

Imitations.—Beware of them. Remember that the Lady's Book is the original publication and the cheapest. If you take Godey, you want no other magazine. Everything that is useful or ornamental in a house can be found in Godey.

Drawing Lessons.—No other magazine gives them, and we have given enough to fill several large volumes.

Our Receipts are such as can be found nowhere else. Cooking in all its variety—Confectionery—the Nursery—the Toilet—the Laundry—the Kitchen. Receipts upon all