

THE RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL.

THE JOURNAL.

CLEARFIELD, PA., DEC. 11, 1861.

Time of Cars leaving Tyrone Station.
GOING EAST.
Fast Line, 9.17 P. M. | Mail Train, 11.55 A. M.
GOING WEST.
Express, 6.40 A. M. | Mail train, 5.40 P. M.

THE WEATHER has been quite moderate during the past week; in fact, for several days it has been more like spring than winter.

THE COURT HOUSE.—The new Court House is rapidly approaching completion. The outside painting is nearly completed, and the inside work is progressing rapidly. The next session of our Courts will be held in it.

COLD FEET.—If you have cold feet immerse them morning and evening in cold water, rub them with a rough towel, and run about your room till they warm. In one month you will be entirely relieved. All the red pepper and mustard applications are like rum to the stomach—relieve you to-day, but leave you colder to-morrow.

BE CAREFUL IN DIRECTING LETTERS.—Last week there were received at the dead letter office four thousand and twelve letters. Of these ninety-seven had been misdirected, two hundred and eighteen had been uncalled for, one hundred and fifty-nine were unintelligible, and fifty-three contained money amounting in the aggregate to \$394. Forty-three had drafts and checks to the amount of \$12,853.

GODBY'S LADY'S BOOK.—This popular work for January, 1862, is on our table, and is replete with its usual variety of plates, etc. The coming volume promises to be an unusually interesting one, and all who desire to have it, should send their orders at once, so that they may commence at the beginning of the year. Price, one copy 1 year \$3; 2 copies, \$5; 3 copies, \$6; 4 copies, \$7. Address, L. A. Godey, Philadelphia, Pa.

HARD TIMES AND DOGS.—A good dog, to one whose business requires a guard of this quality, is a desirable convenience; and a pretty dog, to one who can afford to support it, may be regarded as an innocent ornament—but for an ugly, growling, mean eating cur, there can be no sort of use. Almost every family, scarcely provided with bread for the children, has attached to it one or more bony, lank, half starved puppies, which, like the lean kind of Pharaoh, devour, if not the children, at least that which would often allay their hunger. Useless dogs are a public evil.

IMPORTANT TO TRAVELERS.—A suit has just been decided in the state of New Jersey which is of interest to all who travel by railroad. The action was brought by a Mr. Sullivan against the New Jersey Railroad company to recover the value of a trunk put on the cars and lost. The defense was that the trunk had been placed on the train by an irresponsible porter, without being placed in charge of and checked by the baggage master. The jury, however, under the instructions of the court, thought the plea set up in the case by the defendant insufficient, and rendered the verdict for the plaintiff for the full amount of the value of the trunk and its contents.

THE ARMY IN MISSOURI MAKING PROGRESS.—A Cairo letter in the St. Louis Republican makes these interesting statements:
Five hundred negroes are at work throwing up intrenchments at New Madrid, Mo., six heavy guns will soon be mounted upon them. Precisely similar news came from Columbus two or three months ago. That place was then, as New Madrid has been lately, entirely unprotected, and presenting a fair field of occupation for Union troops. The latter had to remain idle in their camps, while a strong position but a few miles beyond and directly in the path they would soon have to pursue was being rendered as impregnable as at labor could make it. Now, Columbus stands a formidable barrier to any descending fleet, and will, in the estimation of military men, be won cheaply if costing only a couple of hundred lives. Now that place has been made so strong, Confederate attention is directed to another point, where they can also stand behind batteries, which strengthen spots already having many natural defenses. And the Confederate labor is performed by bondsmen, while the Union volunteers have to throw up their own breastwork. Price, with his formidable army, is still active and unharmed, while the forces gathered at Columbus and New Madrid cannot be met successfully by any insignificant army. The foe is increasing instead of diminishing in numbers, and simply because he has so far in this section experienced little reverses, and consequently, no demoralization. These are unwelcome truths, but still none the less apparent, and the sooner government wakes up to the task before it the better. In a few weeks New Madrid will be among the Confederate strongholds. More men have got to be placed in this department, or the Mississippi war on our part bids fair to be a failure.
Five hundred negroes throwing up intrenchments is all right among rebels, but we keep white men to do that work, and send the negroes back to work for the use of the rebels! That is policy for you.

The total wheat crop of Ohio for the past year is estimated at 23,640,356 bushels, an increase of 10,294,512 over the previous year. The corn crop for the same time is 92,488,704 bushels, an increase of 22,291,361 over the previous year.

A firm in New Haven are manufacturing a plate of solid steel, weighing about three and a half pounds, and capable of resisting a rifle shot or bayonet thrust, which can be so neatly fitted inside of a military vest as not to be noticeable.

Seventy-eight vessels are reported as lost or damaged by fire, shipwreck, or other marine disasters during the month of November, and the estimated loss is over \$1,200,000.

Mr. Joseph Mentz, of White township, Indiana county, recently killed a bear that weighed over 400 pounds. There would be some "bar's grease" in that chap.

A DENIAL.—Geo. D. Prentiss denies that he wrote the letter to the Journal censuring Sec'y Cameron. He says that it was done without his knowledge.

The papers say the rebels are in great want of powder and lead. If you can run their faces in powder, we'll send 'em the lead.

CLIPPINGS AND SCRIBBLINGS.

A By-law of the turf—go by if you can.
Favorite bard of the times—non-bard.
A rare curiosity—an alligator's wind pipe.
A rarer curiosity—verdancy in a printing office.
A ditty with an unpleasant meet-her-ban-ditty.
Beneficial—the recent cold weather, to the health of the army.
Why do women like stays? Because they feel lo-la-laid by them.
Saved his bacon—Floyd, by 'Big Springs' when Reynolds was after him.
A moving cure for Southern treason—double-quick with the boyonet.
Swept off—a large amount of property in Missouri, by General Raines.
Angle for a livelihood—the geometer, the surveyor, and the fisherman.
Arranging winter quarters—several divisions of the army on the Potomac.Defined—"matchless misery," as having a cigar and nothing to light it with.
Sing and whistle—bullets; but then they are not very pleasant musicians.Fact—the Old Point Comfort naval expedition was no comfort to the rebels.Reported—that five more of the Pennsylvania regiments will be sent to the West.Rumored—that the rebel force at Winchester is inclined to fall back on Strasburg.Bargain—a ludicrous transaction, in which each party thinks he cheated the other.Burned to death—a private of the Anderson Zouaves, in a tatter-house near Tenalietown.Stated—that Gen. Banks' division has been ordered into winter quarters at Frederick, Maryland.Is at Wheeling—Gen. Rosenkrantz, where he intends to make his headquarters during the winter.Exists—very little sincerity between belligerents. Even their cannon ball arguments are all irony.Arrived at Boston—last week, 11,816 barrels of apples, from Albany, N. Y. That will do for one week.Proper isn't it—to call a verdant country boy apprenticed to a blacksmith, a "green hand at the bellows?"Circulating—counterfeit \$5's on the Allegheny Bank of Pittsburg, in the east. Look out for them, they are admirable imitations.Show their esteem—the rebels, for a favorite officer, by presenting him with a fast race horse. A good way to get out of danger, that.Prentiss says, "It seems absurd to swear a bitter secessionist not to be guilty of disloyalty. You might as well swear a mad dog not to bite."The Richmond Enquirer denounces several rebel officers as "the tools of Floyd."We presume that means that they are a burglar's tools.Hopeful—Mr. Henn, who has started a paper in Iowa. He says he hopes by hard scratching, to make a living for himself and little chickens.Query—To what class of politicians do those men belong who say they are for the Union and oppose adopting the necessary means for preserving it?Pray, Miss, said a gentleman the other evening, "why are ladies so fond of officers?" She replied, "How stupid! Is it not natural that a lady should like a good officer, Sir?"That's a beautiful bird, said Patrick, contemplating a skunk, "but I think the darlint must have been eddicated wid the dandies of New York, for he parfumes so much."Ominous Coincidence.—On the 8th of November, 1860, the Federal flag was hauled down in South Carolina, and on the 8th day of November, 1861, it was raised again by the Federal troops at Beaufort.THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC GOING INTO WINTER QUARTERS.—Such are the present indications, though Gen. McClellan may designate otherwise. All the troops on the Maryland side of the Potomac, in the vicinity of Darnestown and Poolesville, have been ordered into winter quarters, except such as have been ordered to other points. It is reported that the Pennsylvania Reserves will be wintered either at Fairfax or Leesburg. Both points are equidistant from the present encampment.A Washington despatch says that log cabins are going up in all directions along the lines in Virginia. The men are all busily employed upon these new habitations. The models are as various as are the tastes of the occupants. Many of the new buildings are diminutive in size, while others are equal to the requirements of a comfortable family residence of humble pretensions. A large portion of them are built separately, while others are connected into a "block" or row, with a division pole between each "mess." The materials used are poles, averaging six inches in diameter, and when wallied up the roof is thatched with cornstalks, spruce boughs, or other suitable material, and covered with earth. The cracks between the poles in the walls are closed up with clay. Where large wood can be conveniently obtained, it is hewn or split into planks, and the walls are built of these.A TONGUE ONE.—A correspondent of the Indiana Messenger states that while Mr. Wm. Gilmore of Armstrong township, was hauling pumpkins from a field, he discovered a land turtle, held by one leg between a pumpkin and a stone, where it had been caught by the rapid growth of the former. The turtle had been held so long that the pumpkin had grown over it, and shaped a portion of the shell on its surface. When the vegetable was removed the prisoner was released from his confinement, and immediately traveled for other quarters. The story (or the pumpkin) is a remarkable one.ACCIDENT.—A distressing accident occurred in Bloomfield, Perry county, on Wednesday week. Mr. W. H. Henderson had some powder, and was engaged in making it. It having got wet he laid it on the mantelpiece to dry, and whilst arranging something on the shelf it threw off a portion falling on the stove. Mrs. H. took a broom to sweep the powder off the stove, when the whole ignited—badly burning Mr. and Mrs. H. and a child. The child died two days thereafter, and Mrs. H. is in a critical situation. Mr. H. is not necessarily dangerous.One has a right to expect an anomalous termination to such an anomalous war as this is. The South is fighting for just what they have always had, and the North is fighting to make them share equal rights and privileges with themselves in a perfectly free Government.The trial of Lipton and Hays, in Bellefonte, for the murder of Poorman in August last, after occupying the time of the Court the greater part of last week, resulted in the acquittal of Hays, and the conviction of Lipton of manslaughter.CARTRIDGES ISSUED.—It is stated that between the 1st of July and the 1st of November, four months, ten millions of cartridges for muskets and small arms were issued by the Ordnance Department to the army on the Potomac. This enormous expenditure of cartridges is due mainly to target practice among the troops.REBEL TRICKS.—A gentleman just from North Carolina reports, that proclamations purporting to be issued by President Lincoln are scattered all over the State, stating that his object is to murder the women and children, and set the slaves free for that purpose. Several copies have been received at Washington.ACCIDENT.—A sad accident happened on board the flag ship Minnesota, on the 7th, at Fortress Monroe. A sailor let a block come down by the run from aloft, which struck Capt. G. W. Saltonstall and knocked him overboard. In his fall he struck the side of the propeller inflicting injuries that his life is despaired of.BURNING UNION MEN.—The Bowling Green Courier, Kentucky, says that a party of rebels went to Franklin to arrest a dozen Unionists. The latter retired within a house and fired upon the rebels, killing one, when the remainder set fire to the house burning to death all the Unionists therein, except two.FROM EAST TENNESSEE.—The Memphis Appeal says that a great battle occurred at Morristown, East Tennessee, between 3000 Union forces under Parson Brownlow and a body of Rebels, in which the Federals were victorious. The rebel despatch calls it the first Union victory of the war.JAMES RIVER.—A sharp engagement took place between several U. S. gunboats and a rebel steamer on the 24, about 5 miles above Newport News. The rebel steamer kept close to shore, where a powerful battery assisted her materially. It is not known what damage she received.COL. KERRIGAN.—The statement that Col. Kerrigan had been tried and condemned to death by a Court martial, turns out to be a hoax. He has not been tried; and when he is tried, the offences though disgracing to him, will not be such as would call for the punishment of death.THE "SILVER GRAYS."—This is a volunteer company composed entirely of men over 45 years of age, recruited chiefly in Cambria county. The company is commanded by Capt. Palmer, and Lieuts. Teeter and Murray, all experienced officers. They are now at Camp Curtin.LOCOMOTIVE EXPLOSION.—A locomotive drawing a freight train on the Pennsylvania Railroad, when near Newton Hamilton, one day last week, suddenly exploded its boiler, instantly killing the engineer and fireman, and destroying a number of cars attached to the train.HON. C. J. FAULKNER.—It is said that Mr. Faulkner is to be released on parole, and that he is to proceed South and procure the release of Hon. Alfred Ely. If he is not successful in this errand, he has promised to return in 30 days and submit to imprisonment again.FROM PORT ROYAL.—A letter received states that the 79th New York, made a reconnaissance towards Charleston and captured three batteries. After spiking the guns they returned, having approached within 20 miles of Charleston.DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.—A movement has been made in Congress to abolish Slavery in the District of Columbia. The general impression is, that a bill will pass, with proper restrictions to protect the owners of "chattels."FLOYD.—It is said that the rebel Floyd, had fallen back within 30 miles of the Virginia and East Tennessee railroad, and that he had been ordered to another important post of duty.BOLIVIA.—The news is deplorable for Bolivia. The commanding general at La Paz had ordered the execution of over 200 persons recently engaged in revolutionary movements.A PRISONER.—Captain Todd of the Lincoln Cavalry, and several of his men, who were taken at Pollock church, are in prison at Richmond. None of them received any injuries.FORT PULASKI.—A rebel despatch from Savannah says that sixteen of the Federal vessels are now inside of the bar, and an attack on Fort Pulaski is hourly expected.SEBALIA.—Gen. Price has moved part of his force 5 miles from Osceola, where he has established his headquarters. Gen. Rains commands at Osceola.Received by Tuesday Evening's Mail.On Saturday the 7th, a rebel force consisting of a battery of 6 pieces and 400 infantry and 200 cavalry made their appearance on the Virginia side of the Potomac, at dam No. 4 and threw shot at the dam and the houses on the Maryland shore, burning a barn and riddling the houses in range. They ceased firing at dusk.One company of the Massachusetts 13th, on picket duty, and an unarmed Illinois regiment were the only Union forces to oppose the rebels. The Massachusetts men having only smooth bore muskets, their fire was ineffectual at the distance.During the night Col. Leonard sent down another company, armed with Enfield rifles, who were concealed as skirmishers; and on Sunday morning when the rebels came to the very brink of the river, the riflemen opened fire upon, and the rebel artillerymen had to abandon their guns in hot haste—the infantry and cavalry leaving about the same time. Col. Leonard could not secure the rebel battery, not having a sufficient force to protect his movements. Fifteen or twenty rebels were killed, and many wounded.CHEESE.—A lot choice of N. Y. Cheese, for sale at the store of WM. F. IRWIN.NOTICE TO OWNERS.—On or about the 4th of October, a canoe floating down the river was lodged by the subscriber on his premises, in the borough of Lumber City, a number of Oak and Pine timber sticks, for which the owners are requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take it away, or otherwise it will be disposed of according to law. Nov. 13, 1861. C. W. MOORE.CHAIRS!! CHAIRS!!! CHAIRS!!!!
NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY!!!
The undersigned has now on hand, at his Furniture Rooms on Market St., Clearfield, Pa., a short distance west of C. H. S. Foundry, a large stock of CHAIRS OF ALL KINDS, manufactured out of the best materials, finished in a very superior manner, and which he will sell LOW FOR CASH. His long experience in the business makes him feel confident that his chairs are made in a substantial and workmanlike manner, and will stand the test of trial. Persons wishing to purchase call at his store, and you will get them while they can be had at the lowest rates. Feb. 27, 1861. JOHN THOUTMAN.IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT!!
A Fact Worth Knowing!
The undersigned informs his old friends and the public generally that he has just received and opened, at his old stand in Bradford township, a NEW AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF SEASONABLE GOODS, consisting of Dry Goods, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, and all other articles usually kept in a country store, which he will dispose of at as low rates as they can be purchased in the county, and of as good quality, if not better. He respectfully solicits all to give him a call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, and he feels certain that they will buy from him. jyl1 MATTHEW PORCEE.VULCANITE BASE FOR ARTIFICIAL TEETH.
Attention is especially called to this article, as a substitute for lead in inserting teeth. Many persons who have tried all kinds of metallic bases prefer this, and in those cases where it is applicable, it will in a great measure become a substitute for gold, silver or platinum. Its chief advantages are, that it is the only reliable preparation, and can only be had through their regular agents. As there are very many kinds of spurious gums in use, of a very inferior quality it will be well for persons desirous of procuring teeth on a reliable responsibility of the Dentist they employ.
Persons desiring teeth will do well to call and examine specimens, both in and out of the mouth. Mr. Hills will always be found in his office on Friday and Saturday, unless notice appears to the contrary, in the town papers, the previous week.FURNITURE ROOMS!!
Benner & Barrett,
Respectfully announce to the public that they have completed and are now occupying their new FURNITURE WARE-ROOMS, fronting on the Market lot and nearly opposite the Court House. Cabinet making will be carried on in the upper story of the same building, in all its different branches. All kinds of furniture will be kept constantly on hand, and sold cheap, or exchanged for country produce or lumber to suit the business. Their stock will consist of PARLOR SEATING AND ARM CHAIRS, SPRING ROCKERS, CAIN BOTTOMS, &c. Parlor, Sofa, Centre, Card, Dining, Extension and Breakfast Tables.
Sofas of all kinds, Varieties and Patterns.
Bureaus, Sideboards, Book Cases, Wardrobes, &c. Bedsteads—Jenny Lind, High Posts, Cottage, French Posts, &c. Mattresses—Hair, Hair top, Cotton top, and Corn husk, of the best materials.
Looking Glasses of all sorts and sizes. Also, glass stands for old frames. Also, What-nots, Wash-stands, Water-stands, Hat-racks, &c. COFFEINS made to order on short notice, and House Furniture repaired.
Poplar, Cherry, Maple and Lin wood Lumber taken in exchange for work. Oct. 23, 1861.THE LADY'S FRIEND—GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK FOR 1862.—The world's favorite. For 32 Years the Standard Magazine. Pronounced by the Press of the United States, the best Lady's Magazine in the West, and the Cheapest.
The literature is of that kind that can be read aloud in the family circle, and the clergy in immense numbers are subscribers for the Book.
The best Lady Writers in America contribute to its pages, and we have some that write for no other Magazine.
The Music is all original, and would cost 25 cents (the price of the Book) in the music stores; but most of it is copyrighted, and cannot be obtained except in "Godey."
Our Steel Engravings.—All efforts to rival us in this have ceased, and we now stand alone in this department, giving us, we do, many more and infinitely better engravings than are published in any other work.
Godey's Immense Double Sheet Fashion-Plates.—Containing from five to seven full length Colored Fashions on each plate. Other magazines give only two.
Far Ahead of any Fashionists in Europe or America.—Godey is the only work in the world that gives these immense plates, and they are such as to have excited the wonder of publishers and the public. The publication of these plates cost \$10,000 more than Fashion-plates of the old style, and nothing but our wonderfully large circulation enables us to give them. Other magazines cannot afford it. We never spare money when the public can be benefited. These fashions may be relied on. Dresses may be made after them, and the wearer will not subject herself to ridicule as would be the case if she visited the large cities dressed after the style of the plates given in some of our so-called fashion magazines.
Our Wood Engravings, of which we give twice or three times as many as any other magazine, are often mistaken for steel. They are so far superior to any other.
Imitations.—Beware of them. Remember that the Lady's Book is the original publication and the cheapest. If you take Godey, you want no other magazine. Everything that is useful or ornamental in a house can be found in Godey.
Drawing Lessons.—No other magazine gives them, and we have given enough to fill several large volumes.
Receipts are such as can be found nowhere else. Cooking in all its variety—Confectionery—the Nursery—the Toilet—the Laundry—the Kitchen. Receipts upon all subjects are to be found in the pages of the Lady's Book. We originally published this department, and have peculiar facilities for making it most perfect. This department alone is worth the price of the Book.
Ladies Work Table.—This department comprises engravings and descriptions of every article that a lady wears.
Needle Castles.—No other magazine has this department.
Terms, Cash in Advance.—One copy one year, \$3. Two copies one year, \$5. Three copies one year, \$6. Four copies one year, \$7. Five copies one year, \$8. An extra copy to the person sending the club, \$10. Eight copies one year, and an extra copy to the person sending the club, \$15. Eleven copies one year, and an extra copy to the person sending the club, \$20. And the only magazine that can be introduced into the above clubs in place of the Lady's Book is Arthur's Home Magazine.
Special Clubbing with other Magazines.—Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine both one year for \$3.50. Godey's Lady's Book and Harper's Magazine both one year for \$4.50. Godey, Harper, and Arthur will all three be sent one year, on receipt of \$6.00. Treasury Notes and Notes of all solvent banks taken at par. Be careful and pay the postage on our letters.
Address, L. A. GODEY, 323 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS.
H. B. WOODS, Attorney at Law, Indiana, Pa. Professional business promptly attended to. Office, Clearfield, Pa., Office adjoining his residence, on Second street. May 14.
D. O. CROUCH, Physician, Curwensville, Clearfield county, Penna. May 14.
L. S. CRANS, Attorney at Law and Real Estate Agent, Clearfield, Pa. Office adjoining his residence, on Second street. May 16.
WILLIAM A. WALLACE, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office, one door north of the Post Office, on Second street. Sept. 1.
ROBERT J. WALLACE, Attorney at Law, (and District Attorney) Clearfield, Pa. Office in Shaw's new row, Market street. May 20.
W. M. MCCULLOUGH, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office, in Graham's new brick building, on Second floor. July 3, 1861.
H. BUCHER SWOOPÉ, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office in Graham's Row, one door east of the "Raftsmen's Journal" office. Nov. 10.
J. P. KRATZER, Merchants, and dealers in Boards and Shingles, Grain and Produce. Front St. above the Academy, Clearfield, Pa. [112
WILLIAM F. IRWIN, Market Street, Clearfield, Pa. Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Merchandise, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, and family articles generally. Nov. 10.
DR. WM. CAMPBELL, offers his professional services to the citizens of Morris and adjoining townships. Residence with J. D. Denning in Kyles town, Clearfield county. May 11, 1859.
H. F. NAUGLE, Watch and Clock Maker, and dealer in Watches, Jewelry, &c. Room in Shaw's new row, Market street, opposite the Raftsmen's Journal office, Clearfield, Pa. Nov. 10.
J. B. M'ENALLY, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Practices in Clearfield and adjoining counties. Office in new brick addition, adjoining the residence of James B. Graham. Nov. 10.
JOHN GUELICH, Manufacturer of all kinds of Cabinet-work, Market street, Clearfield, Pa. He also makes to order Coffins, on short notice, and attends funerals with a hearse. April/59.
RICHARD MOSEOP, Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Bacon, Liquors, &c. Room, on Market street, a few doors west of Journal Office, Clearfield, Pa. April 27.
THOMAS J. MCCULLOUGH, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office, over the "Clearfield" co. Bank. Deeds and other legal instruments prepared with promptness and accuracy. July 3.
JOHN RUSSELL & CO., Tanners and Carriers, Pennington, Clearfield Co., Pa. Keep constantly on hand an excellent assortment of leather, which they offer for sale at the lowest cash prices. Billes of all kinds taken in exchange. July 15-54.
J. ARRMER & TEST, Attorneys at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Will attend promptly to all legal and other business entrusted to their care in Clearfield and adjoining counties. August 6, 1856. JAS. B. LAEMER. ISRAEL TEST.
DR. M. WOODS, tenders his professional services to the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity. Residence on Second street, opposite the office of L. J. Crane, Esq. Office, the same that was recently occupied by Hon. G. B. Barrett, where he can be found unless absent on professional business.
TYRONE CITY HOTEL,
TYRONE, BLAIR COUNTY, PA.
A. P. OWENS, Proprietor.
Also—OYSTERS, Wholesale and Retail. [dec19
TWENTY-FIVE HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND AT PRIVATE SALE,—extending to the mouth of the Mosbannon. An eligible property, on reasonable terms. Inquire of JAMES T. LEONARD, 112 N. B. STREET, CLEARFIELD, PA.
Dec19-4f. Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa.
DR. LITCH'S MEDICINES.—A fresh supply of these invaluable Family Medicines are for sale by M. A. Frank, Clearfield, consisting of Pain Cough, Restorative, a gargle for colds and cough; and Anti-Bilious Physic. They have been thoroughly tested in this community, and are highly approved. TRY THEM.
TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC.—The undersigned having taken the Luthersburg Hotel, situated in the town of Luthersburg, Clearfield county, respectfully solicits a share of patronage. The house has been re-fitted and newly furnished, and no pains or expense will be spared to render guests comfortable. Charges moderate. may23 WILLIAM REED.
ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Aaron Pierce, late of Chest township, Clearfield county Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them duly authenticated for settlement. WM. FEATH, New Washington, Oct. 9, 1861-62. Adm'r.
PROVISION AND GROCERY STORE.—The undersigned keeps constant on hand at his store room in Philadelphia's Centre county, a full stock of Flour, Hams, Shoulders, Sides, Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Rice, Molasses, &c. Also, all kinds of Groceries, and a full assortment of all which he offers to the most advantageous terms. Give him a call, and try his articles. [mar21] ROBERT LLOYD.
BANKING AND COLLECTION OFFICE OF LEONARD, FINNEY & CO., CLEARFIELD, CLEARFIELD COUNTY, PA. Bills of Exchange, Notes and Drafts Discounted. Deposits received. Collections made, and proceeds promptly remitted. Exchange on the Cities constantly on hand. Office, on Second street, in the room lately occupied by W. A. Wallace, Esq. JAMES T. LEONARD, : : : : : A. C. FINNEY. WM. A. WALLACE, : : : : : A. C. FINNEY.
NO. 2, WAKE UP!—The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity, that he continues to keep a kind of Blacksmithing on short notice and in the very best style, at the Old Shop alongside of the Town Hall. Edge tools of all kinds made and dressed in the best manner, and warranted to give entire satisfaction. The public will remember that I am not in the habit of turning off jobs on account of not being able to do them. All I ask is a trial, and then the public may judge of the work for themselves. Remember the "Old Shop" at the Town Hall. JAMES HART, Clearfield Pa., August 13, 1861.
N. B. Any jobs that Mr. Passmore cannot execute, will be done on very short notice.
NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS! JOHN & JERRED F. IRVIN.
The undersigned give notice that on the 13th April they entered into partnership in the mercantile business in Curwensville, and that hereafter the business will be conducted by them jointly under the name and firm of John & J. F. Irvin. They inform their customers and the public in general that they have received from the East and opened at the old stand, a large and varied stock of SPRING AND SUMMER DRY-GOODS, GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, &c., &c., specially adapted to the wants of the community, and will sell the same at the lowest cash prices. Also, a large assortment of Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps, of the latest styles and best quality, all of which they intend to sell at reasonable rates. Also, an extensive stock of the most fashionable READY-MADE CLOTHING, at prices to suit the times. Now is the time to purchase. Call in and examine our stock before you purchase your goods, and we feel confident that we can supply you with all kinds of goods, at as low prices and on as reasonable terms as you can procure them elsewhere. Give us a trial.
May 30, 1860. JERRED F. IRVIN.
N. B. Persons indebted to the old firm are requested to call and settle. may 20