THE JOURNAL.

CLEARFIELD, PA., DEC. 6, 1861.

Notice .- The Postmaster at New Millport will exchange new stamps and stamped envelopes for those of the old style. Persons must make the exchange within six days from this date-otherwise they will lose them.

M. O. STIRK, P. M. Nov. 6.

Norice.-Persons having old style stamps and stamped envelopes, are requested to call on the Postmaster at Luthersburg and exchange date-otherwise they will lose them. R. H. MOORE, P. M.

BRIDGE GONE .- We learn, that the bridge raised one day last week, across Clearfield Creek at Alexander's Fording, was swept away by the high water in the beginning of the week. This will be considerable of a loss to the contractor, as, we presume, he will be the loser-the bridge being in an unfinished state.

Notice.-Persons having stamps of the old style are requested to call on the Postmaster at Patchinville and exchange them for new ones. The exchange must be made within six days from this date, or the holder will lose Nov. 6. J. PATCHIN, P. M.

Notice.-The Postmaster at Bower is prepared to exchange new stamped envelopes and stamps for these of the old style. The exchange will have to be made within six days from date -- otherwise the holder will lose them . D. W. M'CRACKEN, P. M.

Lost .- A new foundland dog eight or nine months old, black and curly, except white on the breast, a little white on the back of the neck, forefeet and tail tipped with white. Any one finding such a pup and returning him, or giving information of him to the subscriber shall be suitably rewarded. ALEX. M'LEOD.

Notice.-Persons having stamps or stamped envelopes of the old style are requested to call on the Postmaster at Ostend, and exchange them for new ones within six days from this notice-otherwise the holder will lose them. H. L. HENDERSON, P. M.

Notice.-The Postmaster at New Washington is prepared to exchange the new style of stamps and stamped envelopes for those of the old style. The exchange must be made withwill lose them. [Nov6] S. SNYDER, P. M.

OPENING DAY .- By reference to our advertising columns, the reader will find under the above heading, that H. W. Smith &Co., will on Friday next open a large and well selected stock of ladies goods, which they are determined to sellat reasonable prices. Persons should call without delay if they desire to purchase goods very low.

MR. Row :- In your last issue I observed a notice for a protracted meeting, to be held by Mr. Elwell and myself. We had made arrangements to come, but unforseen circumstances render it impossible for us to do so at present. I had written not to publish the appointment, but too late to prevent it. Please give this explanation of the matter.

Respectfully yours, M. B. LANNING.

BRIDGES DAMAGED .- We have been informed that the bridge over Clearfield creek at Forrest's, is in a very unsafe condition-most of one of the abutments having been swept out two miles beyond Richmond with Major Beckby the high water on Sunday the 3d. The corner of the bridge has sunk down a number of feet, rendering it unsafe for wagons or horses to cross. This will be quite an inconvenience, but we hope it will soon be repaired. The the Doctor, who was an old man, go with lower bridge has also been damaged.

THE RIVER, ETC .- On last Friday night and all day Saturday it rained almost incessantly, and on Sunday the river was very high. On Monday, the water having fallen some, quite a number of rafts started for the lower markets, where no doubt, they will arrive in safety, as the streams are not falling very fast. Clearfield creek was unusually high, much higher than during the recent great flood. Much timber and other lumber went adrift on the creek; but what the loss will be, has not been

the following officers for the 1st Regiment in T. C. McDowell, Lieut. Colonel; Walter Barrett, Major; Dr. G. F. Hoops, Surgeon; Rev. Dr. McLeod, Chaplain ; Lieus. S. Miles Kepally organized, and as soon as they are uniformed and arms can be procured, will be ready for service. The regiment in a great part is composed of Clearfield county menthan whom, there are no better soldiers in the service. We wish this new regiment success.

THE FAST TROTTING .- Below we publish the lime table, etc., of the "Fast Trotting" at the Clearfield County Agricultural Fair on Thursday the 17th day of October, 1861. Heats, 1 mile, against time-best 3 out of 5. Time

	1st heat.	2d heat.	3d heat.	4th heat
Wild Irishman,	3:21	3:11	3:5	3:8
Blanchard,	3:4	2:59	2:56	2:53
Longwell	3:10	3:	3:12	
Buckskin.	3-20	2-16		

Buckskin was withdrawn after the 2d heat. and Longwell after the 3d-leaving the Wild rishman and Blanchard to decide the contest. The heats resulted as follows:

The co	1st heat	. 2d heat.	3d heat.	4th hea
W. Irishman	, 1	8	2	2
Blanchard,	2	1	1	1
Longwell,	- 3	2	8	
Buckstin	192			

heat in 11 seconds less than the 1st.

THE QUESTION OF CONFISCATION.

The rebel government is inexorably confisernment is rapidly preparing for enforcing the orders issued by the General commanding. Confiscating law passed by the last Congress. Mr. Crittenden, and other Kentucky members, one of the causes of disaster. and now Kentucky is suffering under the effects of the law. Mr. Forney, in a letter to the Press, on this subject, remarks .

"It is not-let me say to the whining symask that the heavy hand of the Government he, therefore, was himself well aware of what shall be laid upon their and our enemies. they were. We find that they were three tate the cultivated fields of their own fellow- subject. Kentuckians and Tennesseeans, and avow their determination to exercise the same baragainst the Northern soldiers.

Among the first acts of Congress at its forthconfiscation law as will meet all the requirements and exigencies of the times. Meanwhile, the friends of the rebels in the loyal Mr. Davis and his Government that, for every dollar confiscated by the latter, ten will be exacted by the constituted Federal authorities. Of course, expedients of all kinds will be rewill probably assume the attitude of ultra devotion to the Union; others will sell out and attempt to secrete the proceeds, and it may be that still others-although this class will be in six days from this date-otherwise the holder | small enough, in view of the gloomy condition | bly prevented the victory from being ours. of the whole Southern country-may be induced to emigrate to Richmond, Charleston, their real emotions. But as the Louisville Democrat well observes, "all Union men robbed by this secret den at Richmond can be paid out of the property of those who are now making war upon the Union." The whole system by which this glorious Government is being impaired and broken-the system of spies,resulting in the murder of some of the best and bravest of our brothers and friends-the system of persecution of good men on one side, and protection of bad men upon the other-the system of repudiation and of savage warfare-must be annihilated, even if martial law is proclaimed over every foot of our territory."

REBEL BARBARITIES.

The following instances of rebel outrages

are related by the Louisville Journal: "We have conversed with an intelligent la dy who was at Lexington, Missouri, when it was taken by Price, and she gives sickening details of the barbarities committed by the rebels. Among the prisoners taken was Dr. White, who was offered a pass by Price after the capitulation, with which he went about er and Captain Neat. While at their dinner, a party, headed by the well known desperadoes Charley Martin, Steve Martin, Steve Emerson, and Ike Lightner, came up and took the officers off in a coach, but refused to let them, but he was subsequently taken one mile from the house into a by-path and there shot twice through the breast; he laid from Thursday till Tuesday, and when the inquest was held, the hogs had eaten all the flesh off the body except that which was protected by his boots. Two weeks after this fiendish murder, his wife, with our informant and a lad. went to Richmond and brought away his remains. Mrs. White, who is a niece of ex-Governor Desha, of this state, occupied a fine farm of about five bundred acres nearly all in a state of cultivation. The ruffians entered upon this, destroyed one hundred acres of corn, fifty of oats, valuable peach and apple orchards, broke the cider machine, smashed the grand-children's play-things, thrust bayonets through the windows, carried off the ear-THE MOUNTAIN BRIGADE .- We learn by a riage and sixteen horses, killed seventeen private letter, that Gov. Curtin has appointed head of cattle, fifty sheep and a hundred hogs, and ripped up nine feather beds in fiendish wantonness, leaving Mrs. White the Mountain Brigade, now in Camp Crossman without a place to sleep on, and compelnear Huntingdon: Wm. G. Murry, Colonel; ling her to borrow bedding for herself and family. Theft, murder, and the most shocking barbarities were practiced by all the rebels from high to low. Mrs. Colonel Grover, during the battle, took refuge on a hart, Quartermaster. This regiment is now | boat for security, and her husband was wounded in the foot. She asked Gen. Price for her clothes which he refused to surrender, leaving her child without a change of raiment for many days, until he was about to commence his retreat. He then gave her an order to obtain her garments, but by this time every article of any value had been stolen or destroyed. Nor were women the only objects of brutality; the wounded Union soldiers were not exempt. Some of them had been taken into a vacant house belonging to Major Blewitt, and, when he was made aware of the fact, he raved and stormed like a maniae, took an axe, threatened to chop off the head of a lad in the basement, and then hauled wounded men down the steps into the street, where they were exposed for many hours in the sun with festering

REBEL MURDERS .- It is stated by the St. Louis Democrat that since the rebellion broke out in Missouri, over three hundred loyalists have been hung or shot, in other words, murdered in cold blood, in Missouri, for no other offense than their fidelity to the government! These are the miscreants Gen. Fremont had to deal with. The whole secession crew of Missouri are murderers and thieves, who fear neither God nor man, and who could only be stayed in their career of slaughter and robbery by the fear of just such punishment as Gen. Fremont threatened to visit upon them in his Buckskin, 4 4

From the above it will be seen that Blanchard won the purse on the 4th heat—baving made the 3 best out of 4. He made the 4th least in 11 seconds less than the 1st.

From the above it will be seen that Blanchard won the purse on the 4th heat—baving made the 3 best out of 4. He made the 4th less of the in the above farm affords rare inducements to purse of their slaves had a terror for the country, in mortgage book E. page 34 &c., with the at as low prices and on as reasonable terms as you country, in mortgage book E. page 34 &c., with the at as low prices and on as reasonable terms as you country, in mortgage book E. page 34 &c., with the at as low prices and on as reasonable terms as you country, in mortgage book E. page 34 &c., with the at as low prices and on as reasonable terms as you country, in mortgage book E. page 34 &c., with the at as low prices and on as reasonable terms as you country, in mortgage book E. page 34 &c., with the at as low prices and on as reasonable terms as you country, in mortgage book E. page 34 &c., with the at as low prices and on as reasonable terms as you country, in mortgage book E. page 34 &c., with the at as low prices and on as reasonable terms as you country, in mortgage book E. page 34 &c., with the at as low prices and on as reasonable terms as you country, in mortgage book E. page 34 &c., with the at as low prices and on as reasonable terms as you country, in mortgage book E. page 34 &c., with the at as low prices and on as reasonable terms as you country, in mortgage book E. page 34 &c., with the office for the recording of Deeds, &c., in Centre of the taken place.

Thos. H. Clay, a son of the im mortal Henry, and unlike his renegate brother, is ardently at work in Kentucky battling for the cause of the country in mortgage book E. page 34 &c., with the office for the recording of Deeds, &c., in Centre of the country in mortgage book E. page 35 &c., with the office for the recording of the country in mortgage book E. page 35 &c., with the office for the re and murdered without restraint.

GEN. STONE'S REPORT

The report of Gen. Stone concerning the cating all property of Union men, and the con- battle of Ball's Bluff, sets forth at length the sequence is, that thousands are deterred from | nature of the operation which resulted so distaking sides with the Union, in the border astrously. It also enables us to see some of States, for fear of losing their property. This the causes which led to the repulse. It does places the Federal government in a position not, however, make it clear where the responof great disadvantage that it can no longer be | sibility belongs in some cases, nor does it fursuffered with safety. Consequently the gov- nish any reason for the disregard of certain

It appears that the enemy was supposed to Attachments have been served against a lot of be in force at no point nearer the Potomac furniture belonging to a man named Shields, than Leesburg, but that there was a small dewho is a captain in the rebel army, and who tachment within about a mile of that place. owns a number of houses and lots in Wash- The sole purpose of the movement of our ington. This is to be a special case, and if troops on Sunday night and early on Monday the law is sustained, the Government will at | morning, seems to have been to make a reonce proceed to confiscate the property of connoissance in force to dislodge the rebels them for new ones within six days from this every known rebel as fast as it may come with- from their position just spoken of, and to exin the jurisdiction of our arms. We do not amine carefully the ground between the river see, exactly, how this is done under the late and Leesburg, with reference, apparently, to act of Congress, as that limits confiscation to a subsequent advance of the main force. Col property used for war purposes, unless it is | Devens went forward with some companies of construed that all the property of a rebel is infantry, with orders to examine the hostile used for that purpose. That law is a lame camp reported to be at the point within a mile affair, and unworthy of Congress, and the of Leesburg, and a detachment of cavalry was country will require some vigorous amend- directed to join him as a scouting party, thus ments as soon as that body meets. We are guarding against surprise, while a battalion of glad to see that the Government seems dis- infantry was ordered to protect his flank. posed to meet the wishes of the people in this | Col. Devens made his advance, but neither did matter, and we trust that it will be promptly The cavalry join him nor did the infantry take seconded by Congress. The present act was the designated position on his flank; hence he emasculated, after it was brought in, to please | was surprised and left unprotected. This was

It clearly appears from the report that Col. Baker was expected to cross the river with his Brigade, the Tammany Regiment, and detachments from two of Massachusetts, even if he pathizers with Secession in Philadelphia and | found it expedient to return without attacking New York—the Republicans who now demand | the enemy. Gen. Stone states that he detailthe confiscation of the property of all-who ed to Col. Baker the means of transportation; These enemies, so infuriated against what scows, each capable of carrying 35 men; to they call the "Lincoln army" and the "Abo- these Col. Baker afterwards added a flat boat, lition mercenaries," exhibit little humanity | which he rafted from the canal into the river. when they come to treat their brothers, their | Gen. Stone states that Col. Baker was to be kindred in blood and in marriage. They de- the judge of the sufficiency of his means of stroy the most costly and magnificent public | transportation, but does not say whether there improvements, fire the dwellings and devas- was any consultation between them on the

When Col. Baker's force came to cross, what few boats they had to use appear not to have barism upon them which they have displayed been properly taken care of. This negligance -on the part of some unknown subordinatesnot only caused great delay in the passage. coming session will be the passage of such a but when our brave troops, reluctiantly retiring before an overwhelming force of the enemy, reached the shore, they found that the three scows had disappeared; the remaining "means States can do nothing better than to admonish of transportation," one flat-bottomed boat, was

swamped fifteen feet from the shore. The order in which Cal. Baker's Terce crossed the river, is spoken of by Gen. Stone as one of the causes which led to the repulse. It apsorted to by these men to save themselves pears from the report that his artillery were from the operations of such legislation. Some sent over first, and that the want of a supporting body of infantry was severely felt. Gen. Stone thinks that this inverted order of crossing made a difference of 1,000 men in the line we presented to the enemy, and that it proba-

Gen. Stone states that he informed Col. Baker that he desired to have no advance made or New Orleans, and give practical effect to unless the enemy should be found to be in inferior force. But it seems that, having gone over the river, having been surprised by the nothing but fight, even against overwhelming odds. There was then no room for discretion; valor alone was worth anything, and such valor was shown as makes the blood tingle with pride in the veins of those who read the story.

> REBELS LOOKING FORWARD TO RECONSTRUC-TION .- At the Southern Commercial Convention, on the 18th inst., a series of resolutions was offered and laid on the table, the object of them being as follows:

1. To place a discriminating duty of twenty per cent on all foreign goods imported into the Confederate States through or for account of Northern parties for a period of ten years. 2. To place a direct "income tax" upon all Northern exchange or bills payable there for a similar period.

3. Recommending our banks, and merchants to make all our cotton produce bills accepted payable in Europe, at least to the extent of our foreign importations.

These resolutions, writes the Memphis Appeal's correspondent, who favors them strongy, were known as the "direct trade resolutions," and were postponed in the business committee and passed over from time to time, until it was too late to debate them. They were, however, called for by the convention in the last hour of its session, and would have passed but for the argument put forward by Gen. Duff Green, as chairman of the com-

The position taken by Gen. Duff Green was that these resolutions were so fatal to Northern commerce with the South, so destructive of all the hope of New York ever again participating in the importation of our goods, in our wealth, through the discount of our cotton bills and the control of our exchange, that to pass them would be to prolong the war. That the direct trade resolutions, in fact, would make any adjustment with the North impossible and prevent any construction of the commercial and financial connections between the North and South, these views, suddenly put forward, had great weight with the convention. All debate being cut off by the nature of the motion with which Gen. Duff Green closed the argument, the "direct trade resolutions" were

So even Duff Green, the South Carolina fireeater desires a reconstruction of the Union! The Palmetto people whom he represents are not so full of secessionism after all! Very well. As men grow older they are apt to become wiser, and the same is true of commu-

Secret Traitors .- Much excitement prevails in Marion county, Ohio, in consequence of the arrest and examination before a United States Commissioner, of several persons belonging to a secret society called "Knights of all of Newburg, Clearfield Co. Pa. the Golden Circle." This society is composed exclusively of Breckinridge Democrats. The existence of the order is admitted, and the man who introduced it into Marion county, (Mr. Hodder, the editor of the Democratic paper) is a protege of Vallandigham and Melary. It was claimed for the defence that the Order was organized merely for the purpose of protecting Democrats from mob violence

during the war. The prosecution, however, introduced evidence tending to show that there was a second oath taken by members, as follows:

"And I further promise and swear, in the presence of Almighty God, and the members of the Golder Circle, that I will not rest or sleep until Abraham Lincoln, now President, with his army to take the City of Washington and the White House, to do the same. So help me God, and keep me steadfast to do the

The Latest News.

Received by Tuesday Evening's Mail

It is rumored that the destination of the great naval expedition is Charleston-that the troops are to land at Bull Bay, thirty miles distant, and march on the city-that if opposed the city will be shelled by the land force while the fleet engages Forts Moultrie and Sumter. Great anxiety is mainfested to hear from the expedition, and its success.

It is stated that Gen. Lane burned Osceola. Lane was passing through the town and was fired on by the Secessionists, when he took the occasion to destroy the town-leaving only about six houses. It was a great secession rendezvous, from whence Gen. Price was supplied with cartridges and other necessaries of

The Maryland election will take place today. The Union men confidently expect to elect their State ticket, but the struggle will be bitter. It is said, that many rebels who had gone to Virginia are returning to vote; and that Gen. Dix has issued an order for the

It is reported that the rebel Price is at Neosho with 13,000 men and 5,000 Indians ander McCulloch; and that Gen. Lane is South Price. Also, that a large mounted force has been sent to reinforce Lane, who has had a skirmish with Price's rear guard.

At one o'clock on Monday morning, the 4th, eral Hospital in Washington. The main building and the right wing were destroyed. The sick and wounded soldiers were all removed, numbering about fifty.

It is stated that the rebels under Floyd have opened fire on Rosencranz's forces from two points opposite Gauley bridge. The result is not known as the telegraph wires were broken

The rebel steamer George Page was struck by three shots from a parrot gun, in one of the completed batteries on the Maryland shore.

By the latest arrival from Liverpool, we learn that Copt. Simmers, of the privateer Sumter, had reached that city.

It is said that Gen. Butler is organizing another expedition. These fires in the rear will bother Jeff Davis.

The government is still purchasing vessels to be converted into gun-boats.

Gen. Scott will start to Europe, soon-probably in the next steamer.

KENTUCKY PATRIOTISM .- Those Northern of furnishing troops for the great war in defence of the Union, should hide their heads unexpected approach of a large force of the in shame when they hear that Kentucky, a enemy, and having no means of transportation | stave-holding State, has already her quota of at their back, our troops could have done the half-million of men required, in the field; and in active preparation for the mighty conflict which is before them. The subjoined extract is from an article in the Louisville Journal, which speaks enthusiastically of the conrage and patriotism of the Kentuckians, and administers a well-merited rebuke to the laggarts of the "Empire State," who were first and loudest in proclaiming devotion to the Union, and are now behind all others in furnish-

> "Kentucky will have ber quota of the half million volunteers called for by Congress ready for the field long before many of the other States. That quota would be about 25, 000. She has now six or seven complete regiments in camp and on active duty, while there are thirty-four incomplete regiments, which, if not filled within the next fortnight, will be consolidated, and we expect that at least seventeen full ones will be the result. This will bring out the full complement of our State, and we feel every confidence that 10,000 more men will be ready in a few weeks. It is calculated that over 2500 citizens of Kentucky have recruited in regiments formed in Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, while others have gone into Western Virginia to aid the Unionists there. So large a proportion of the commands of Colonels Woodruff and Gathrie, mustered in at Cincinnatti, were from our State, that they were designated as Kentucky regiments. It will thus be seen that we will undoubtedly have nearly 40,000 men in active service before the winter sets in, and should our troops succeed in driving back Buckner's advance, and hold in check the southwestern movements of Polk and Pillow, thus liberating our strong Union counties in the centre of the State, that number will be largely increased."

SERIOUS ACCIDENT .- The Pottsville Miners' Record says that an explosion of fire damp occured last week at the Otto Red Ash colliery, in that county. A car was approaching the face of the gangway, and when about 160 yards from the bottom of the slope, the sulphur caught fire from the lamp of the driver, and exploded with terrible force. Mr. Glover, manager of the works, the driver of the car, and six mules, were instantly killed, and one hundred and fifty yards of the gangway were completely demolished.

Queer provisions they make for winter in China. A gentleman at Canton writes that a neighbor of his has just laid in his winter's provisons-a hind quarter of a horse and two barrels of bull dogs.

MARRIED: On October 24th, by the Rev. R. Armor, Mr. WM. H. TOZER, to Miss SARAH C. PIERCES

A DMINISTRATORS NOTICE.—Letters of Administration of the estate of Jacob Robins deceased, late of Beccaria township, Clearfield county Pa.. having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement to my Attorney.

. J. Crans, Esq., Clearfield, or ANDREW SHOFF,

Beccaria tp., Oct. 16, 1861.

HERIFF'S SALE .- By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the CourtHouse, in the borough of Bellefonte, on Mox-DAY, THE 25th DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, all the interest of the said defendant, Jos. J. Lingle, being shall be removed out of the Presidential chair, the one undivided fourth-part of all that certain and I will wade in blood up to my knees, as tract of land situate in the township of Rush in soon as Jefferson Davis sees proper to march the county of Centre, and the township of Decatur in the county of Clearfield, containing seventeen hundred and five acres and allowance being held in common with A. G. Curtin, D. I. Pruner, and Jno. M. Hale, all of which said premises are The Commissioner, upon the testimory, has described by metes and bounds in a mortgage given by the said Jos. J. Lingle to Wm. H. Blair,

TWENTY-FIVE HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND AT PRIVATE SALE, -extending to the mouth of the Moshannon. An eligable property; on reasonable terms. Inquire of H. BUCHER SWOOPE,

Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. The partnership of Patton Hipple & Co., was dissolved on the 13th of June, 1861, by the withdrawal of H. D Patton. The books of the late firm are in the hands of Hippie and Faust who are

authorized to settle and collect all debts due said H. D PATTON. E. A. HIPPLE, July 3, 1861. DAN'L FAUST

XECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the Estate of Samuel Moore deceased, late of Penn township, Clearfield county Pa., having been granted to the undersigned all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment, and those claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement to my Attorney, L Crans, Esq., Clearfield, or ANDREW S. MOORE, Penn township. Oct. 16, 1861. Ex'r.

JOTICE .- We have placed our books in the hands of William Feath. Esq., in the Borough of New Washington, for settlement, where all those having unsettled accounts are earnestly requested to call and settle before the 10th day of September next, otherwise cost will be added. Our notes are in the hands of the same for collection, of which those owing will also take notice and attend to the same at once

JOHN L. ALLISON, Burnside township, August 7th, 1861.

MO. 2. WAKE UP !- The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity, that he continues to do all kinds of Blacksmithing on short notice and in the very best style, at the Old Shop alongside of the Town Edge tools of all kinds made and dressed in the best manner, and warranted to give entire satisfaction. The public will remember, that I a fire broke out in the lower story of the Gen- am not in the habit of turning off jobs on account of not being able to do them. All I ask is a trial, and then the public may judge of the work for themselves. Remember the "Old Shop" at the JAMES HAFF.

Clearfield Pa , August 13, 1861. N. B. Any jobs that Mr. Passmore cannot execute, will be done on very short notice.

THAIRS !! CHAIRS !!! CHAIRS !!!!! NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY !! !!

The undersigned has now on hand, at his Furniure Rooms on Market St., Clearfield, Pa., a short distance west of Litz's foundry, a large stock of CHAIRS OF ALL KINDS,

manufactured out of the best materials, finished in a very superior manner, and which be will sell LOW FOR CASH. His long experience in the business makes him feel confident that his chairs are made in a substantial and workmanlike manner. and will stand the test of trial. Persons wishing to purchase chairs should call at once and get nem while they can be had at the lowest rates. JOHN TROUTMAN.

NEW ARRIVAL AT

H. W. SMITH & CO'S ONE PRICE CASH STORE, SMITH'S CORNER, BELOW JUDGE LEONARD'S.

States which have proved laggard in the work | The largest stock of Boots and Shoes in the county selling low.

> Men's Calf Monroes, Men's Kip Boots Boy's Calf Monroes, Youth's Calf Monroes, Child's goat Pumps and Boots, child's goat Welt boots, child's goat Button boots, child's French no heel boots. Women's morocco Jefferson beels, Women's goat Jefferson heels Women's Kid Slippers.

> ALSO, Hoop Shirts, 40 hoops, very cheap, only \$1.50 Hoop Shirts, 40 hoops, very cheap, only \$1.50 and as low as 80 cents of the latest style and importation. And umbrellss, just in season, of commodious size, from 50 to 75 cents. September 18, 1861.-july10.

LADIE'S ONE PRICE FANCY FUR REIRA, No. 718 Arch Street, between 7th & 8th Streets. Philadelphia. (late of 818 Market street.) Importer, Manufacturer of, and Dealer in all kinds of FANCY FURS, for Ladies' Misses' and Children's Wear. Having now manufactured and in store my usual large and beautiful assort-

ment of all the various styles and qualities of Furs, adapted to the coming Fall and Winter Seasons. would respectfully invite an examination of my stock and prices from those

intending to purchase, as I am enabled to offer them very desirable inducements. All my Furs have been purchased for cash, and

made by experienced and competent hands, and as the present monetary troubles render it necessary that I should dispose of my goods at very small advance on cost I am satisfied that it will be to the interests of

those who design purchasing, to give me a call. Recollect, the name, number and streat: John Fareira, (New Fur Store,) 718 Arch Street, Philad'a. Sept. 11, 1861-5mo.

MPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT!! A Fact Worth Knowing!

The undersigned informs his old friends and the public generally that he has just received and opened, at his old stand in Bradford township, a NEW AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

SEASONABLE GOODS. consisting of Dry Goods, Hardware, Queensware Groceries, and all other articles usually kept in a country store, which he will dispose of at as low

rates as they can be purchased in the county, and of as good quality, if not better. He respectfully solicits all to give him a call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, and he feels certain that they will buy from him.

MATTHEW FORCEE.

VIEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS! JOHN & JERRED F. IRVIN.

The undersigned give notice that on the 13th April they entered into partnership in the mercan-tile business in Curwensville, and that hereafter the business will be conducted by them jointly under the name and firm of John & J. F. Irvin. They inform their customers and the public in general that they have received from the East and opened at the old stand, a large and varied stock of SPRING AND SUMMER

DRY-GOODS, GROCERIES, QUEENS-WARE, HARDWARE, &C., &C.,

specially adapted to the wants of the community, and will sell the same at the lowest cash prices. Also, a large assortment of Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps, of the latest styles and best quality, all of which they intend to sell at reasonable rates. Also, an extensive stock of the most fashionable

READY-MADE CLOTHING, at prices to suit the times. Now is the time to purchase, Call in and examine our stock before you purchase your goods, and we feel confident laid with a four and a half foot vein of stone coal.

May 30, 1860. JERRED F. IRVIN.
N. B. Persons indebted to the old firm are remay 30

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS.

B. WOODS, Attorney at Law, Indiana, Pa. B. WOODS, Attorney at Law, Indiana, Fa.
Professional business promptly attended to.

D. CROUCH, Physician, Curwensville, Clear-field county, Penn'a May 14. J. GRANS, Attorney at Law and Real Estate

1. Agent, Clearfield, Pa. Office adjoining his May 16. residence, on Second street.

WILLIAM A. WALLACE, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office, one door north of the Post Office, on Second street. OBERT J. WALLACE, Attorney at Law. (and

District Attorney.) Clearfield, Pa Office in May 26. haw's new row, Market street. BUCHER SWOOPE, Attorney at Law. Clear-H BUCHER SWOOFE, Autorney at the field, Pa. Office in Graham's Row, one door

east of the 'Raftsman's Journal' office. Nov 10. PRANK SHORT, Boot and Shoe-maker. Shop on Second street, (nearly opposite Reed and Weaver's Store,) Clearfield, Pa. May 4, 1859.

C. KRATZER & SON, Merchants, and dealers in Boards and Shingles, Grain and Produce. Front St, above the Academy, Clearfield, Pa. [j12

M. M'CULLOUGH, Attorney at Law, Clear-W . field, Pa. Office, in Graham's new brick July 3, 1861. building, on Second floor.

THOMAS J. M'CULLOUGH, Attorney at Law. Clearfield, Pa. Office, over the Clearfield co. Bank. Deeds and other legal instruments prepared with promptness and accuracy. July 3.

WILLIAM F. IRWIN, Market street, Clearfield, Pa., Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Merhandise, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, and family articles generally.

DR. WM. CAMPBELL, offers his professional services to the citizens of Morris and adjoing townships. Residence with J. D. Denning in Kylertown, Clearfield county. May 11, 1859. F. NAUGLE, Watch and Clock Maker, and

dealer in Watches, Jewelry. &c. Room in Shaw's new row, Market street, opposite the Rafts-man's Journal office, Clearfield, Pa. Nov 10.

J. B. M'ENALLY, Attorney at Law. Clearfield, Pa. Practices in Clearfield and adjoining counties. Office in new brick addition, adjoining the residence of James B. Graham. TOHN GUELICH, Manufacturer of all kinds of

Cabinet-ware, Market street, Clearfield, Pa He also makes to order Coffins, on short notice, and attends funerals with a hearse. April0, 59. RICHARD MOSSOP, Dealer in Foreign and Do-mestic Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Bacon,

iquers, &c. Room, on Market street, a few doors west of Journal Office, Clearfield, Pa. Apr27. ARRIMER & TEST, Attorneys at Law, Clearand other business entrusted to their care in Clearfield and adjoining counties. August 6, 1856.

JAS. H. LARRIMER JOHN RUSSEL & CO., Tanners and Curriers, Pennville, Clearfield Co., Pa. Keep constantly on hand an excellent assortment of leather, which they offer for sale at the lowest cash prices. Hides

of all kinds taken in exchange. July15-54. DR. JEFFERSON LITZ, having located at Gra-hamton, Clearfield county, Pa., will attend promptly to all professional business entrusted to He may at all times be found at his office or at the resdence of J. B. Walters, when not professionally engaged.

DR. M. WOODS, tenders his professional servi-ces to the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity. Residence on Second street, opposite the office of L.J. Crans, Esq. Office, the same that was recent ly occupied by Hon. G. R. Barrett, where he can be found unless absenton professional business.

TYRONE CITY HOTEL. TYRONE, BLAIR COUNTY, PA.

A. P. OWENS, Proprietor.

Also-Overens, Wholesale and Retail. [dec19

A DMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.-Letters of Administration on the estate of Aaron Pierce, late of Chest township, Clearfield county Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons, indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement. WM. FEATH. New Washington, Oct. 9, 1861-6tp.

D'SSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.— The partnership heretofore existing between ykes & Henry in the Woolen Manufacturing business, at Union Factory, was dissolved on the 30th day of September, 1851, by the withdrawal of William Henry. Oct. 1, 1861-Oct. 9,-3tp. LAW SYKES. N. B. The above named business will be con

DROVISION AND GROCERY STORE. A The undersigned keeps constantl on hand at his store room in Philipsburgs Centreycounty, a full stock of Flour, Hams, Shoulders, Sides, Corfee, Tea, Sugar, Rice, Molasses, &c. Also, Liquors of all kinds, Tobacco. Segars, Snuff, &c.; all which he offers to purchasers on the most advantageous terms. Give him a call, and try his ROBERT LLOYD. [mar21]

BANKING AND COLLECTION OFFICE LEONARD, FINNEY & CO.,

CLEARFIELD, CLEARFIELD COUNTY, PA. Bills of Exchange, Notes and Drafts Discounted. Deposits received. Collections made, and proceeds promptly remitted. Exchange on the Cities constantly on hand. Office, on Second street, in the room lately occupied by W. A. Wallace, Esd. JAMES T. LEONARD. ::::::: D. A. FINNEY. WM A. WALLACE. : : : : : : : : : A. O. FINNEY.

CLEARFIELD MUSIC SCHOOL—For in struction upon the Piano, Melodeon and Guitar, and in Harmony and Singing. Terms-For pupils under six years old, \$5,00.

for seventy two lessons of one half hour each; for all pupils over six years old, \$10.00, for seven ty-two lessons of one hour each; upon Piano, Melodeon, Guitar or in Harmony.

Payable, one-fourth at the beginning and the

balance at the end of the quarter. Vocal music free to all Instrumental pupils Studied alone, \$3,00 per term. Rooms at Mr. Alexander Irwin's.

Oct. 1, 1860. E. A. P. RYNDER, Teacher. BOGGS TP. FARMS FOR SALE,-One containing 124 acres-85 cleared and under good fence. A log house 22 by 26, plank house 16 by 18, log barn, smithy and all necessary out-buildings thereon. Large spring and spring-house convenient to house. The land is well watered and has sufficient wood and fencing timber. There is an orchard of large grafted trees, and a young orchard on place, all choice fruit. It is convenient for pasturing droves. ALSO, one containing 90 acres-10 cleared and under fence-balance well timbered. This land has a log house and stable

thereon. For terms apply to October 13. L. J. CRANS, Clearfield. FARM FOR SALE .- The following described farm, situated in Decatur township. Clearfield Co., Pa. two miles and a half west of Philipsburg, on the Glen Hope road, containing one hundred and twenty-one acres and allowance. There are about eighty-five acres cleared and under a good state of cultivation; with a large, well finished, frame bank barn, a comfortable hewed log house, and a well finished frame dwelling house and other out buildings erected thereon , never failing springs of water at the buildings, and a large and