

BY SAMUEL J. ROW.

CLEARFIELD, PA., SEPT. 4, 1861.

REPUBLICAN UNION TICKET.

JOSEPH B. M'ENALLY, of Clearfield Borough. [Subject to the action of the Conferees.] DANIEL LIVINGSTON, of Curwensville. SAMUEL SEBRING, of New Washington. DAVID ADAMS, Sr., of Boggs. G. HUDSON LYTLE, of Lumber-City. JOHN SPACKMAN, of Girard. JACOB MOCK, of Kylertown.

GOVERNMENT AND ADMINISTRATION. The Government and Administration of this country are so intimately connected, that neither can exist without the other. Destroy the Government and you have no need of an Administration. Destroy the Administration and you have no Government left. Each man would be left to act on his own impulses; therefore, instead of a protecting Government. you would have a rabble-a mob-running riot over the land, pilfering and destroying property, and committing murder and all manner of crimes to satisfy their own selfish lusts. In view of these facts, it is absolutely necessary to maintain the Administration to have a Gov-

We have been led to these reflections by a remark in the last Clearfield Republican, "That they [we] cannot discriminate between the Government and the Administration." Well, perhaps, we cannot. We will not, however, now stop to argue the point. It would be a waste of time. Our country is in peril. Traitors and usurpers are trying to destroy it. They have their sympathisers and abettors in the loyal States. Who are they? They are they were seen going out of town in all direchear them proclaiming themselves the especial friends of the Union. They say-we never "favored that doctrine"-we never "sympathised with secession"-we rever "uttered a single word, line or sentence" in its favorneither have we "any desire to aid them in thought, word or deed"-and like the selfrighteous Pharisees, seem to thank their Ma-

ker "that they are not like other men." Will the editors of the Breckinridge organ in this place make the proper application? or are they "so sappy-headed that they cannot discriminate" between those who are loyal to their country and those who are disloyal? If they can not, "it is their fault-not ours. The people however, know the distinction"and we leave them to draw their own con-

Two sides to a Question .- Some of the managers of the white-washing machine, on Monday evening last, became very indignant, and exhibited much ill-will towards what they termed "Black Republicans." They tried hard to show that the Republicans were opposed to the freedom of the press and free speech; and talked loud and long about there not being one secessionist in the countrythat the Democrats would all sustain the Government-that they were all peaceable and law abiding citizens.

Why did not these wiseacres tell who raised the "muss" at the "Harvest Home" in Bradford township? Who disturbed the Camp Meeting in Boggs township, and threatened to tear down the preachers stand and their own tents, and leave, because of the Union sentiments of one of the preachers? Who were they, that at a "log-rolling" on the ridges, shouted for "Jeff. Davis and the South" all day, and when a Union man cheered for Lincoln, appointed a committee to wait on him ? Who are they, that say they intend to raise a Secession flag at Bloomington? Who are they, that refuse to support a preacher because he is a Union man? Who are they, that have sent word to a minister of the Gospel, telling him that he must not preach on certain subjects? Who are they, that are circulating over the county, that if "Jeff. Davis succeeds in capturing Washington City and conquering | this meeting that is inconsistent with the past the North, that he will pay all the War expenses of both North and South"? Who are they, that on Monday evening last, at the close of the "Democratic" meeting, on their way home cheered "loud and long" for "Jeff. Davis and the Southern Confederacy"? We will answer. They are all Democrats! And, if we are correctly informed, some of those fellows were the loudest to cry "free speech and free press," on Monday evening last.

CONVICTED .- Franklin M. Read, a clerk in the Philadelphia Postoffice, who was arrested on the 9th inst., by Special Agent Row, had his trial on Tuesday the 27th ult. The Jury, after being out but a few minutes, rendered a verdict of guilty. Read has served as a clerk in the Philadelphia Postoffice for about 24 years, with the exception of a short interval during Mr. Westcott's time. It is thought that he has for several years been tampering with the mails. The penalty, of the offence of which he has been convicted, is not less than 10 years nor more than 21 years imprisonment. He has not yet been sentenced.

QUERY ?- Was fresh butter very scarce in Clearfield on Friday and Saturday last; or, why did so large a number of Breckinridge politicians go to the country with market baskets in their buggies?

THE DAY-BOOK DEMOCRACY IN MASS CONVENTION.

On last Monday evening, Sept. 3d, a'Democratic mass meeting was held at Clearfield. It was under the patronage of that small band of Breckinridge politicians, located at Clearfield, 28th, 1861: who control the Clearfield Republican, and aim to control the whole party. To be sure, some Douglas Democrats seem to figure prominently; but this is all a sham. It is the policy of the clique to put forward some Douglas men to save appearances.

But why was the meeting called? We will explain. Under the lead of the Clearfield clique, and the teachings of the Day-Book and the Republican, the minds of many Democrats had become poisoned, and expressions of bitter hostility against our government and sympathy for the rebels, were becoming common. Candidates for the Legislature had been nominated, and at the Democratic Convention which nominated them at St. Marys, Dr. Boyer introduced resolutions which embodied just the sentiments that had been avowed and taught in Clearfield county for months past. The resolutions passed. This was too much for many of the loyal and patriotic Democrats to stand any longer. Accordingly, a number of them issued a call for a meeting at Curwensville, of such members of the party as were in favor of making every effort to aid the Government to put down the rebels, and to take steps to nominate candidates for the Legislature, who stood upon such a platform. This call appeared on the 28th, appointing a meeting at Curwensville on Tues day evening, the 3d of September. This call (which we publish to-day) threw the Clearfield clique, and their camp-followers, into a great buzz-much like a hornets' nest when you poke a stick to it. And well it might, for it was tempting to do things without consulting them. However, no time was to be lost, and so on August 29th another call is posted up for a meeting at Clearfield on Monday, September 2d. This was a sharp stroke of policy on the part of the clique. For, doubtless, they tho't they would get the refractory Democrats to Clearfield, where they were ready to talk to them, and drill them, and then let them go home to be good and obedient boys.

The call being issued, the next thing is to get them all to Clearfield. The young scions of Democracy and some of the older ones undertook this job. And on the 30th and 31st, easily known. On all fitting occasions you tions with horses and buggies, some with market baskets, as if after butter. It is said that a couple who were a little more experienced and foxy than the rest, were seen on their way up the river with fishing rods and wandered away to Curwensville. But it is said the bait was not good, and the fish would not bite. The news of the meeting was in one way or another soon carried over the county, and all Democrats were invited to attend.

The time of meeting came, and considering the effort made, it was a dull affair. Of course, the men and boys of Cleerfield Borough and its vicinity of all parties, were generally out. But the number in attendance from a distance was small. Lawrence township and Clearfield Borough, when aroused, can of themselves furnish a larger meeting than was collected

One object seems to have been to fix up the St. Mary's Resolutions, so that a Union Democrat could swallow them without knowing it. The way the whole thing was done shows nice political ingenuity. A string of resolutions were passed of such a general nature that as many different interpretations and meanings can be put upon them, as there are shades of political opinion among those who claim to belong to the Democratic party. Then follows another, the substance of which is that so much of the St. Mary's resolutions as is inconsistent with the foregoing resolutions is hereby repealed.

The truth is, that the holding of this meeting was a political trick to head off the Union Democrats, and the resolutions another trick to gull them. The speeches were like the resolutions, very general in their bearing. The speakers all avowed themselves to be true to the Union and in favor of sustaining the government in all lawful means to suppress rebellion, and maintain the Constitution and the laws, or words to that effect. But, for any thing that was said to the contrary, some of them might suppose that to march into a rebel state with a military force was an unlawful means which they could not approve; they might for aught we know, pronounce this course to be an illegal war of subjugation upon the South. We see nothing in what was said and done at course of that set of politicians who controlled

First among the speakers, came Ex-Gov. Bigler. He professed great love for the Union, and his willingness to sustain the government; but did not acknowledge the right of the President to suspend the habeas corpus, nor to abridge the liberty of the press, nor to increase the regular army, nor to interfere with the private affairs of the citizens, (this we presume, meant the old telegraphic despatches seized by the government). His speech was short, and the feeblest effort we ever heard him make. To use an expression of the editors of the Republican, he seemed like the boy that "couldn'nt get the hang of the new

Then came Wallace, Test, Earley, Boyer, Crans, Johnson, M'Cullough, and James Bloom, Sr, one of the candidates for Associate Judge. He said that he had signed the call for the pect him at that meeting.

At last the meeting ended, and the people went home but little wiser than when they came. Yet the idea was again impressed on the minds of the faithful, that great is Democracy and Bigler is its prophet.

PROCEEDINGS AND RESOLUTIONS

Of the Democratic Legislative Convention, held in St. Marys, Elk county, on the 15th of August, 1861, as published, corrected and endorsed in the Clearfield Republican of August

From the Elk County Advocate,

Democratic Legislative Convention. In pursuance of a resolution passed at the convention held at Ridgway, August 1861, the representative Conferees of the counties of Clearfield, Jefferson, Elk and McKean, met at St. Marys on Thursday, August 15, for the purpose of nominating suitable persons to represent the district in the Legislature.

The convention was organized by selecting GEORGE WEIS, Esq., President, and J. B. Oviatt and Lever Flegal, Secretaries. The following persons presented their cre-

dentials and were admitted as delegates: Clearfield-Lever Flegal, Matthew Ogder and Dr. T. J. Bover.

Jefferson-John Conrad, H. Kretz and Loenzo Haskill. Elk-George Weis, Charles Luhr and Julius

McKean-Seth A. Backus and J. B. Oviatt. On motion, the delegates from McKean were llowed to cast three votes in the convention. The convention was addressed by Messrs. Backus, Boyer and Conrad.

On motion, the convention proceeded to make nominations. Mr. Conrad nominated R. J. Nicholson. Mr. Luhr nominated Dr. C. R. Early.

Dr. Boyer nominated Jas. H. Larrimer. The convention then proceeded to ballot. Dr. Early had 6 votes.

Jas. H. Larrimer had 3 votes. R. J. Nicholson had 3 votes. There being no choice, on motion, Dr. C. R Early was nominated by acclamation.

The convention then proceeded to ballot for the other candidate, and on the 12th ballot, R. Nicholson of Jefferson county, having received 7 votes, was declared duly nominated. On motion, the nomination was made unani-

Dr. Early, being called on, addressed the meeting in a spirited and patriotic manner. high treason against the clique-it was at- He was followed by Maj. Nicholson; both speakers pledged themselves to use their best efforts to bring about an honorable peace.

On motion of Dr. Boyer, a committee of one from each county was appointed by the President to draft resolutions : Dr. T. J. Boyer, Seth A. Backus, John Conrad and Julius Jones were appointed said committee.

On motion, it was resolved that the next representative convention be held at the borough of St. Marys, on the third Thursday of August 1862.

The committee on resolutions, through their chairman, Dr. Boyer, reported the following,

which were unanimously adopted: Resolved, That it is the imperative duty of every lover of the country of Washington, of every age, sex and condition, to stand decidedly for peace, to stay the fanaticism of the hour, which must crush the hopes and extinguish the brightest sun in the constellation, of govnments: to council moderation, arbitration, compromise-showing by unequivocal acts that the interests of the South shall be equally safe in all their extensions in the future while we have the supremacy of power, as ours were in the past when they had the ascendancy, and in the parting words of the Father of his country, "Frown indignantly upon the first dawning of every attempt to alienate one portion of the country from the other, or to disselve the political bonds which unite us as one people," knowing no North, no South, no East, no West, but uniting in one common brotherhood, in the spirit of compromise, the entire com-

bined interests of men. Resolved .- That the courage and patriotism manifested by our brave and loyal citizens in responding to the call for 75,000 men to defend the Capitol is worthy of our most profound approbation and reflects lasting credit to those brave spirits. But that we most solemnly, and in the name of humanity, justice and christianity, protest against the late acts of the administration which have for their obect the subjugation of the South, and the betrayal of our brave soldiers into acts of lawlessness and opposition to the principles and feelings which actuated them in their march

for the defence of the national capitol. Resolved, That with all good citizens we deeply deplore the recent slaughter of Americans in Virginia. We pity the Northern widow and the Northern orphan; we pity the Southern widow and the Southern orphan; and we swear again, that we will stand together, and strive by the use of all honorable means to bring about peace, and restore to their friends our young men now sickening from the effects of a Southern summer.

Resolved, That the threats of Abolitionists pass us like the idle winds, which we regard pot. We are freemen-American citizens, and we will protect ourselves, and each other, in the exercise of the rights of American citizens to the last extremity, and with our lives, if

Resolved, That, in the language of Senator Douglas, in his late speech in the Senate, we "don't understand how a man can claim to be a friend of the Union, and yet be in favor of war upon ten millions of people in the Union. It cannot be covered up much longer under the pretext of love for the Union. . . "WAR IS DISUNION, CERTAIN, INEVITABLE, FI-

Resolved, That we are in favor of a speedy settlement of the present difficulty by compro

Resolved, That when one section of our country shall have been subjugated by the other, we have already become the slaves of a military despotism.

Resolved, That we are ready to defend freedom of speech and of the press, against those who have tried hard to suppress these consti-

of the nation has failed to administer the government agreeable to the Constitution of the United States he is deserving the rebuke of every good citizen. Resolved, That the small patriot band of

Resolved, That wherein the Chief Magistrate

Senators and representatives in the late extra session of Congress, who dared to maintain and it cannot be that the men who were so the integrity of the Constitution, under the menaces of expulsion and imprisonment, are entitled to the gratitude of every American to the Republic. citizen; and impartial history will award them an enviable distinction.

Resolved, That the persistent determination of the majority of the members of the late extra session of Congress to frown down every measure that had for its object the peaceful in the tent and field, and many of them have adjustment of our national difficulties, indicates a fanatical mania that would have much better became the crusaders of centuries gone by, than the representatives of a free, intelligent and christian people of the nineteenth

this evening, Dr. C. R. Early and Maj. R. J. They are combatting the intrigues of traitors

On motion, Resolved, That these proceedings be published in the Democratic papers of the district. The Convention then adjourned.

GEORGE WEIS, President. J. B. Oviatt, Lever Flegal, Secretaries, The endorsement of the sentiments of the

above resolutions, by the editors of the Clearfield Republican at the time of their publication, reads as follows :

"The proceedings of the Representative Convention held at St. Marys on the 15th inst., will be found on our first page. The wording of some of the resolutions are not exactly to our liking; but this may not be entirely the fault of the Committee. As published in the Elk Advocate, several palpable errors occured— which we have corrected—and they bore every appearance of having been sent to the printer in a badly arranged and disjointed condition, such as often happens in the confusion of a late adjournment; and for this reason they may not appear in precisely the shape in which they were adopted. Their general sentiment. we doubt not, is such as will meet the approbation of a large majority of the people of the district."

The corrections of the Republican are three or four verbal changes, so trifling, as to amount to nothing.

To give an idea of how these resolutions are regarded abroad, we copy the following from the Philadelphia Press, of August 30th:

Treason in the Wild-cat District Some kind friend has sent us a proof-sheet of a paper called the Elk Advocate. published in Ridgway, Pa., of which P. W. BARRETT is editor, and L. LUTHER proprietor. This slip contains an account of the proceedings of a body of men known as the Democratic Representative Convention, composed of delegates from the counties of Clearfield, Jefferson, Elk, and McKean. This convention was assembled for the purpose of nominating candidates for the Legislature. After due deliberation, Dr. C. R. EARLY and R. J. NICHOLSON were nominated, after which, "being called upon," says the report, "they addressed the meeting in a spirited and patriotic manner, both persons pledging themselves to use their best efforts to bring about an honorable peace." Among those who were prominent in this Convention was Dr. T. J. BOYER, of Clearfield, a creature of Mr. Buchanan, and the friend and companion of the late Senator BIGLER. BOYER figures in the report to such an alarming extent that as newspaper men we cannot suppress a suspicion that he himself was the author of it. At any rate, we find BOYER addressed the Convention, Boyer nominated the candidates, Boyer made five out of the six reported motions, Boyer was chairman of the committee on Resolutions, and Boyer wrote the twelve resolutions which were adopted, asterisks, italics, small caps, exclamation points, and all.

These resolutions are most amusing specimens of political literature, or rather they would be amusing under any other circumstances than those which now exist. We hardly thought that there was in Pennsylvania a company of men degraded enough to print and publish such unblushing treason as is here recorded. There seems to be no degradation too deep for these people. They have lost every idea of Northern honor, and are anxious to yield to the most extreme and indolent demands of the Southern rebels. State pride and national honor, and even the pride and honor of manhood, are nothing. Every consideration of patriotism is ignored, and words seem to fail them in the publication of their

This is strong language, but is it not justified? Let us see what these resolutions teach. Here are a few sentences:

"We most solemnly, and in the name of humanity, justice, and Christianity protest against the late acts of the administration, which have for their object the subjugation of the South and the betrayal of our brave soldiers into acts of lawlessness, and opposition to the principle and feeling which actuated them in their march for the defence of the national capital.

"We deeply deplore the recent slaughter of Americans in Virginia. We pity the Northern widow and the Northern orphan; we pity the Southern widow and the Southern orphan. And we swear again, that we will stand together, and strive by the use of all honorable means to bring about peace. and restore to their friends our young men now sickening from the effects of a Southern summer. "The threats of Abolitionists pass us like the idle winds which we regard not.

"We are in favor of a speedy settlement of the present difficulty by compromise. "The small patriot band of Senators and Repre-

sentatives. in the last extra session of Congress. who dared to maintain the integrity of the Constitution. under the menaces of expulsion and imprisonment, are entitled to the gratitude of every American citizen, and impartial history will award them an enviable distinction. "The persistent determination of the majority of

the members of the late extra session of Congress to frown down every measure that had for its object the peaceful adjustment of our national difficulties, indicate a fanatical mania that would have much better become the crusader of centu ries gone by than the representatives of a free, intelligent, and Christain people of the nineteenth

Is this not monstrous? Could language be tortured into the expression of more decided treason? Dr. Boyer and his clique seem to have been writing for the atmosphere of South Carolina, rather than that of Pennsylvania. And yet, to show how utterly corrupt and depraved the local Democratic organizations of many parts of this State have become, these sentiments bear the unanimous approval of a Democratic Legislative Convention, and Mes-STS. EARLY and NICHOLSON ask the suffrages of the peodle as their representatives. If we take this record, we are to believe that the Democracy of tour counties of Pennsylvania consider the enlistment of volunteers "the betrayal of our brave soldiers into acts of lawlessness;" the contest for the Constitution at Manassas, "the recent slaughter of Americans in Virginia;" the voice of the people, "the threats of Abolitionists;" the unanimity of the last Congress a "fanatical mania;" and such avowed and exultant traitors as BRECKIN-RIDGE BURNETT, and MAY, "a small patriot

But we do not believe it. We know the honest Democrats of Northern Pennsylvania too well not to spurn any such base suspicion. When treason was in their organization they rebuked it. When the machinery of their party was placed in operation to shield the intamies of an Administration, and consum ate a great wrong, they protested bravely and performed nobly. When others faltered they were true, prompt to punish treason to a party should not be as prompt in the punishment of treason

Democrats of Pennsylvania, your honor demands that every such expression of sympathy with traitors be disavowed, and that every representative of it be crushed. You are fighting this fight nobly. Your brothers are given up their lives to maintain the Government, which the principles of your great party in other days did so much to strengthen. With blood they have sealed the testimony of their devotion to the Republic. With blood they have written the loyalty of true Democ-Resolved, That the candidates nominated racy at Phillippi, Springfield, and Manassas. prophecy : that when Octsber comes, and the ssue is determined at the ballot-box, the Democracy of the North will overwhelm with unfathomable indignation the infamous conspirators who still plot in our midsts, and none more effectually and finally than this pestifer-ous brood nestled by Dr. BOYER and his patrons in Northern Pennsylvania.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements set in large type, cuts, or out of usua

style will be charged double price for space occupied. To insure attention, the CASH must accompany notices, as follows:—All Cautions with \$1; Strays, \$1; Anditors' notices, \$1,50; Adminis-trators' and Executors' notices, \$1,50, each; and all other transient Notices at the same rates.

FOR SALE OR REST .- A small farm, containing 45 acres of land. 12 of which is cleared and under good fence; and having thereon a plank house, stable, and other out buildings, with a young orchard and a good spring of water thereon. This property is situated in Guelich township, about two miles from Janesville, and within half a mile of a steam saw-mill. where timber can be sawed on the shares. For terms apply to DAVID SCOTT. Guelich township, Sept. 4, 1861-3tp.

GENERAL ELECTION PROCLAMA.
TION.-Whereas, by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act to regulate the General Election within this Commonwealth." it is enjoined on the Sheriffs of the several counties to give public notice of such election, the places where to be held and the officers to be elected ; THEREFORE, I, FRED. ERICK G. MILLER, High Sheriff of Clearfield co. do hereby give public notice to the Electors of the county of Clearfield, that a GENERAL ELECTION will be held on the Second Tuesday of October next, (being the EIGHTH day of the month at the several election districts in said county, a which time and place the qualified voters will vote

For Two persons to represent the counties of Clear-field, Jefferson, Elk and McKean in the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth: For Two persons for the offices of Associate Judges

of Clearfield county;
For One person for the office of Sheriff of Clear field county: For One person for the office of Treasurer of Clear

field county For One person for the office of District Attorney of Clearfield county;

For One person for the office of Coroner of Clearfield county ; For One person for the office of Commissioner of

Clearfield county;
For One person for the office of Auditor of Clearfield county. The electors of the county of Clearfield will take notice that the said General Election will be held at the following places:

At the house of Samuel M. Smith, for the township of Beccaria. At the house of Aseph Ellis, for the township

At the house of James Bloom, Sr., for the township of Bloom At the house of Edward Albert, for the town ship of Boggs. At the house of William Hoover, for the town-

hip of Bradford At the public house of R. W. Moore, for Brady At the house of John Young, for the township of Burnside.

At the school house near Simon Rorabaugh's for the township of Chest. At the Court House, for the Borough of Clear At the house of Jacob Maurer, for the township

of Covington. At the house of Isaac Bloom, jr., for the Bor At Centre school house, for the township of De At the house of Thomas B. Davis, for the town-

ship of Ferguson At the house of John I. Bundy, for the township of Fox At Congress Hill school house, for the tewnship of Girard.

At the public school house, for the township of At the house of Jacob Hubler, for the township

At the school house in Janesville, for the town ship of Quelich At the house of Jesse Wilson, for the township of

At the school house in Ansonville, for the township of Jordan. At the house of B. D. Hall & Co., for the townhip of Karthaus

At the Turkey Hill school house, for the town At the Court House in the Borough of Clearfield. for Lawrence township

At the public school house, for the Borough of Lumber City. At the house formerly occupied by Thos. Kyler for Morris township.

At the public school house, for the Borough of New Washington. At the house of Samuel Smith, for the township At the house of Isaac Bloom, ir., in the Boro' of

Curwensville, for Pike township. At the house of R. W Moore, for the township of Union. At the house of John Whiteside, for the town-

ship of Woodward NOTICE IS FURTHER HEREBY GIVEN, That all persons, except Justices of the Peace, whe shall hold any office or appointment of trust, under the government of the United States or of this State, or of any incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the Legislative. Executive or Judicial Eepartments of this State or the United States. or any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, or of the common or select council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated dis triet, are by law incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector, or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth; and that no inspector, judge, or other officer of any such election.

shall be eligible to any office voted for. And the Return Judges of the respective dis tricts aforesaid are requested to meet at the Court House, in the Borough of Clearfield, on the First Friday next after the said Second Tuesday of October, then and there to do those things required of them by law.

GIVEN under my hand and seal at Clearfield, this 29th day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and of the Independence of the United States the F. G. MILLER, Sheriff

STRAY SHEEP .- Came to the premises of the subscriber in Chest township, in May last some 20 small poor sheep; the owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away or they will be disposed of accord-JOSHUA FELTWELL. Chest township, July 31, 1861.

A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Austin Brown, late of Huston township, Clearfield county Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement. JOHN M. MACUMBER, August 7, 1861 .- 6t

CAUTION.—All persons are cautioned against purchasing or meddling with the following property, now in possession of Wm. B. Thompson of Chest township: One yoke of oxen, one cow, one heiffer, nine hogs, a quantity of hay and grain, his entire household furniture, one log sled, two chains and two plows, as the said property belong to me and is only in his care. A. H. PIERCE. Chest township, August 7, 1861-3tp.

BELLEFONTE MARBLE WORKS!torming the public and the patrons of the late firm of S. A. Gibson & Co., that he designs carrying on the MARBLE BUSINESS in Bellefonte, in all its various branches, and will hold himself always in readiness to furnish those who call upon him, with all kinds of Cemetery Work, Democratic meeting at Curwensville, but that he had been in some way deceived or he would not have done it; and that they need not ex
In this evening, Dr. C. R. Barry and Maj. R. J.

Nicholson, are worthy of the support of every in Virginia and Missouri; will you permit the intrigues of traitors in Pennsylvania? We manship, such as Monuments, Box Tembs, Cramined support at the October election.

On motion, Resolved, That these proceedings. Plain, as cheap, if not cheaper, than they can be had at any other establishment in the country. Thankful for past favors, the undersigned solicits an increase of patronage. WM. GAHAGAN, Bellefonte, Pa., March 23, 1859-tf.

FOR SALE.—A good two-horse wagon with box, for sale very low. Apply to George W. Rex, New Millport, Clearfield co., Pa. Mar20-p.

CHERIFF'S SALES .- By virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Expones, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, and to me directed there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Clearfield, on MONDAY THE 23D DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1861, the following described Real Estate. to wit:

A certain tract of land situate in Decatur town ship, Clearfield county, Pa., and Rush township Centre co., Pa., bounded by lands late of Green, now of John Crane, lands late of David Kephart, now of D. I. Pruner & Co., lands late of Benner's estate now D. I. Pruner & Co., thence from spruce, a cur ner of this survey, south 21 deg. west 150 perchi-(crossing Moshannon creek) to a black oak, thence south 22 deg. east 181 per. to Service-berry, thenes north 55 or 85 deg. east 76 perches to Spanish oak thence north (or south) 85 deg. east 138 perches to, white oak, thence north 19 deg. east (or north 69 deg.west) 56 per. to maple, thence north 26 deg west 66 per. to white oak, thence north 69 deg w 54 per. to maple, thence north 25 deg. west 34 per cucumber, thence north 60 deg, east 50 per to Linnwood, thence north 35 deg. west 37 perches to Pine, thence north 53 deg. west 72 perches cross ing Moshannon creek) to bemlock on line of land now of John Crane, and being supposed to contain 400 acres, more or less, and being surveyed in the name of Thomas Winters, which by sundry conveyances became legally vested in Thomas Merwho conveyed the same to David I. Prener, have ing thereon erected nine dwelling houses two store rooms, saw mill, blacksmith shop, brick yard, and other out buildings, and 30 or 40 acres cleared thereon. Also, levied on all defendants interest of, in and to all that certain tract of land situate in Decatur township, Clearfield county Pa., surveyed on warrant granted to Joseph Har rison, co taining 395 acres and allowances, and being unseated or timber land, late the estate of said David I. Pruner. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of David I Pruner

ALSO-A certain tract of land situate in Brady p Clearfield county Pennsylvania to wit certain lot of ground situate in the town of Lathersburg, Clearfield county, Pa. Beginning at the south west corner of lot of H. E. Carlile see tate on the Eric turnpike, thence 51 deg. west along said turnpike 193 feet to lands of G. B. Gaod lander, thence north 35 deg east 126 feet to a post, thence south 71 deg. east 120 feet to a post on lot of Carlile estate, thence 10 deg. west along said estate 198 feet to the place of beginning, with large two story frame house, and ice house erect. ed thereon. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Benton B Stebbins and Roxana Stebbins now intermarried with Alexan-

der Murray. Also-A certain tract of land situate in Deca tur township. Clearfield county Pa., bounded on the north by lands of Geo. D. Morgan & Co., east by lands of John Crane and others, south by lands of D. I. Pruner & Co. and others, and west by lands of Solomon Hammerslaugh, containing about 200 acres, having about 140 acres cleared land, a two story log house, a log barn, and other out buildings erected thereon, with an orchard thereon. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of J. J. Lingle & Abra in Guss Auso-A certain tract of land situate in Morris towrship, Clearfield county Pa., containing one hundfed and fifty acres, bounded north by lands of S. & J. Hoover, east by A. K. Wright, south by Joseph Potter, and west by lands of Wright & Thompson, having about eighty acres cleared thereon, and house, barn and young orchard, be-ing same premises bought by defendant of Gratz and others. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of James M. Leonard.

ALSO-A certain tract of land situate in Burnside township. Clearfield county Pa., containing one hundred acres, about forty acres cleared, with a two story log house and log barn thereon erected, and bounded on the east by lands of John Brown, and Adam Johnson, south by William Lancer, west by John Mehnffy, and on the north by Nicholas Beck. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Jacob Baker and Mary Baker.

ALSO-A certain tract of land situate in Morris township, Clearfield county Pa., bounded on the lands of Beates & Co., on the south by John Miller, on the west by J. B. Graham, on the north by Bentes & Co., containing eighty seven acres, with a two story log house and log barn, and about 12 acres cleared thereon. Seized taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Michael Miller.

AASO-A certain tract of land situate in township, Clearfield county Pa., to wit : a farm containing 149 acres 130 perches. 70 acres cleared and under cultivation. 2 good log houses and 2 good log barns, and small orchard thereon. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the prop erty of David Kephart.

ALSO-A certain tract of land situate in ownship, Clearfield county Pa., to wit: a lot of land in Ausonville, with a two story frame house thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of James Smith.

ALSO-By virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Fana the following Real Estate, viz:

ALSO-A tract of land situate in Bell township Clearfield sounty Pa., bounded as follows, to wit beginning at post corner, thence south 39 oust perches to a post corner, thence south 65 west perches to a post corner, thence north 50) east perches to post corper and place of beginning. containing thirty acres more or less, being part of a larger survey in name of E. L. Miller. Seized taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Ewen L. Miller.

A certain tract of land situate in union township, Clearfield counfy Pa., bounded by lands of John Brubaker, and by lands of Roberts and Fox. being part of two larger tracts No's. 2006 and 3598, containing seventy eight acres more or less, about thirty-five acres cleared with a log house and log barn erected thereon, and a young bearing orehard thereon. Seized, taken in execution. and to be sold as the property of John Laborde jr ALSO-All defendants interest in a certain tract

of land situate in Brady township. Clearfield co Pa., bounded lands of Dubois and Lowe, and lands Young, and the Jefferson county line. ontaining sixty acres more or less, with about fifty acres cleared land and two small houses and log barn creeted thereon. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of William Dixon.

FRED'K G, MILLER, Sheriff Sheriff's Office, Clearfield, Aug. 28, 1861.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is here by given, that the following accounts have been examined and passed by me, and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heirs. egatees, creditors, and all others in any other way interested, and will be presented to the next Orphans' Court of Clearfield county, to be held at the Court House, in the Borough of Clearfield, commencing on the Fourth Monday of September 1861, for confirmation and allowance :

The account of Matthew Tate and William Powell, Administrators of all and singular, the goods and chattels, rights and credits, which were of Samuel Tate, late of Lawrence township, Clear field county, deceased.

The final account of William Eeath Esq., obe of the Executors of the last will and Testament of Thomas Wilson, late of Chest township, in the county of Clearfield, deceased.

The final account of William Rex. surviving Administrator of the Estate of Richard Curry, Sr late of Pike township, Clearfield county, Penn's The final accounts of Arthur Bell, Administra tion of all and Singular the goods and chattels William Haslot, late of Bell township, Clearfield county, deceased. JAMES WRIGLEY, Register.

Clearfield, Pa., August 12, 1861. No. 2. WAKE UP!—The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity, that he continues to do all kinds of Blacksmithing on short notice and in the very best style, at the Old Shop alongside of the Town Hall. Edge tools of all kinds made and dressed in the best manner, and warranted to give entire

satisfaction. The public will remember, that I am not in the habit of turning off jobs on account of not being able to do them. All I ask is a trial. and then the public may judge of the work for themselves. Remember the "Old Shop" at the JAMES HAFF. Town Hall.

Clearfield Pa., August 13, 1861.

N. B. Any jobs that Mr. Passmore cannot execute, will be done on very short notice.

DISSOLUTION.—The firm of Swan and Hartshorn, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The books of the late firm are left in the hands of H. Swan for collection, and all having unsettled accounts are requested to call and set tle immediately, if they wish to save costs. The books must be settled.

H. SWAN. Ansonville, Aug. 1, 1861-a 21-3t.