

THE RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL.

THE JOURNAL.

CLEARFIELD, PA., JUNE 12, 1861.

"Raftsmen's Journal Office," on Second Floor of Graham's New Brick Building, on Market Street.

APPOINTED.—James E. Watson, has been appointed Postmaster at Williams' Grove, in place of E. Williams, resigned.

CHANGED.—The Post office in this county, heretofore known as "Woodland," is now called "Williams' Grove." Correspondents and others, will please make a note of this change, as it may save them and their friends some annoyance, on account of delays in corresponding.

ANOTHER COMPANY.—A company called the "Pennville Union Guards" was organized by Maj. S. C. Patchin, on the 8th instant, in Penn township, Clearfield county. The following are the officers elected; John H. Rowls, Captain; D. S. Moore, 1st Lieut.; James Clark, 2d Lieutenant.

DR. BOAT.—This celebrated Physician, has arrived and will remain for a few days only. See appointments. We cannot speak in too great a praise in reference to the skill of Dr. B., as hundreds of the most prominent persons have been relieved, that have been abandoned by others. Give him a call, and you will be pleased with his manner of dealing. His rooms are at the Mansion House.

BOARDS RUN OFF.—We have been informed that on the night of the 5th and 6th of June, some unknown person or persons, floated off between 3000 and 4000 feet of pine boards belonging to John B. Huguency of Covington township, which were lying at Deer Creek landing. On making search the boards were found in charge of James Curley at Kithaus landing, who was arrested and held to bail for his appearance at the next term of the Quarter Session of Clearfield county.

WRITE TO THE SOLDIERS.—The following item on the subject of writing letters to those who have gone to serve their country, is from the Harrisburg Telegraph, and worthy of consideration: We would urge the wives, mothers, fathers, brothers, sisters, and even the sweethearts of the soldiers, to write to the boys. We know from experience how sweet and precious is a good loving letter from home, breathing affection and telling the family and neighborhood news. We, one of us, no matter who, have served our country in war, and we know that there is nothing a soldier prizes so highly as a letter from home. It is a little thing to write a letter, and yet nothing gives more happiness to the absent loved one.

MILITARY PARADE.—In pursuance of notice given, the several companies of this county met at Clearfield Borough on Monday the 10th day of June, for inspection and drill. The following named companies were present: Susquehanna Rangers, Capt. J. M. Quilkin; Penn Guards, Capt. J. H. Rowls; Washington Guards, Capt. J. Rose; Clearfield Rifles, Capt. M. Ogden; Centre Hill Guards, Capt. J. Shope; Rollin Infantry, Capt. T. J. McCullough. In the afternoon an election for Brigade officers was held, which resulted as follows: Brigadier General, M. Ogden; Colonel, J. McCullough; 1st Lieut. Colonel, L. J. Crans; Maj. J. W. Wallace. The following appointments were also made: Adjutant, G. H. Lytle; Surgeon, Dr. Fetzer; Asst. Surgeon, Dr. Potter; Quartermaster, D. T. Sharp. The parade passed off in good style, and all seemed well pleased. *Vive la Militaire.*

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE JOURNAL.

PHILIPSBURG, June 1861.

MR. EDITOR.—Some twelve or fourteen years since, a company was formed for the purpose of boring a salt well at the Forks of the Clearfield Creek; and which, under a skillful and energetic contractor, Mr. S. G. Wilson, was carried to a successful termination, by flooding Salt water at a depth of five hundred and forty feet—passing through a vein of Kennel Coal of superior quality, at a depth of fifty three feet below the surface, and various other strata of valuable minerals. The means of the company here became exhausted, and the work has been abandoned, till the present time. As the well was carefully plugged up, it can easily be reopened; which it is proposed to do at an early day.

The same contractor, Mr. S. G. Wilson, is now actively engaged in sinking a well at Philipsburg, for a company of the citizens of that place, as there are very strong surface indications that oil may be found there; but, on the failure of which, it is proposed to sink the well to the Salt measure, which is believed to be at a depth of six hundred feet below the surface. The numerous natural salt licks in the neighborhood, renders it entirely certain that salt water will be found, if the well is sunk to a sufficient depth.

Mr. Wilson will keep an accurate table of the different strata passed through, which may be of some interest to the readers of the Journal. His operations thus far have been through common earth for a depth of ten feet, when a rock was struck similar in appearance to common grindstone, through which the auger is now passing at the rate of one or two feet each day. Beneath this, it is believed, a vein of slate will be struck, and then a vein of coal, which will correspond with the formations observed in sinking water wells in the village.

KEROSENE.—Not taken, after all.—After all the boasting of the rebels, their "Confederate Loan" has not been taken. Witness the following notice from the Jackson Mississippi: "We are authorized by the Treasurer of the Confederate States to re-open the books for subscription to the Confederate Loan. The local Commissioners in the different counties are requested to solicit additional subscriptions. We appeal to patriotic citizens to come forward and invest in this most desirable stock. Come one, come all." James D. Stewart, M. D. Haynes, E. R. Burr, Central Commissioners. Those books will probably be re-opened frequently.

It is understood that General Scott disapproved of sending a force to land at Acquia Creek, not deeming it a point of sufficient importance to risk any number of men.

The Government has sent a quantity of telegraph wire across the river. The intention is to keep up communication with the War Department as the troops advance.

HEAR ALL SIDES!

Below we publish the views of the *Germania* Telegraph, a neutral and strictly independent journal, on the subject of the alleged frauds committed in the State military department.

SNEAKING TREASON.—Certain newspapers in this State, whose sympathies are all with the insurgents now striving to break up the Union, having been obliged by stern public sentiment to modify their hitherto rabid course, now resort to the pitiful business of attempting to weaken the confidence and array opposition to it, by hunting up and printing every little occurrence which might seem to exhibit negligence or inattention to the comfort of the troops. These are magnified and commented on savagely, as showing cruelty toward the troops, of whose interests they assume to take exclusive possession!—They will not consider how impossible it is that, say in Pennsylvania, where this most unnatural war was suddenly forced upon us while in a wholly unprepared state, that we should, in the space of three or four weeks, accomplish miracles. No doubt some of the rations of the troops have not been as full and as good as they should have been and they are entitled to; and we are willing even to admit there may have been a few wretched creatures who have speculated and speculated upon the wants and comforts of the brave men; nevertheless we venture to say that in nearly every instance of complaint on this head, *their own officers* were the blameworthy party. Many of the quartermasters of regiments and sergeants of companies have had no military experience, and some of them, in other respect incompetent for the posts they fill, have not devoted themselves to the important duty of feeding their men in the manner and to the extent demanded by the regulations. As to the uniforms, only a comparatively small number of the aggregate body of troops supplied, have just cause to complain. Some of them, we know, were not only badly made, but of very unsuitable material. But there is even some excuse for this, in the hurry they had to be got up. There was not at all times sufficient material of the right quality and color attainable at the start, and upon some lots very young girls were set to making up, who knew very little about sewing. It seems that the Fourth and Fifth Pennsylvania Regiments were thus supplied, as has been reported by an agent sent by the Governor of the State to examine into the matter. But if Col. Hartranft and Col. McDowell, who command these regiments, had refused this clothing, and not have marched until other of good quality had been provided, this complaint would have had no foundation. There have no doubt, however, that there will soon be an end put to this kind of wretched jobbery. As to rations, we shall always hear complaints, for which there will, occasionally be grounds, as there are plenty of Shylocks, who, like the thieves of the south on a larger scale, will not hesitate to plunder wherever they can lay their hands.

MEN-SILLS.—When the Senator of South Carolina, striving to degrade the labor of the North to the level of the slave of the South, called him a mud-sill of society, he did not consider that within forty-eight hours more than a million of those against whom the degrading epithet was launched, many of them better educated and more intelligent than himself, would be reading and digesting the insult. It has produced its fruit. "I am a mud-sill!" is now a common expression of the soldiers who fight for Liberty. "Mud-sills" rank in their bosoms, and in the hour of battle will strengthen their hearts and nerve their arms. The epithet was well chosen by Senator Hammond to express the contempt of the negro aristocracy for the laborers of the North. "Mud-sills" well indicates the degrading position, socially and politically, in which they will be placed if Southern ideas are to govern this country—if the Rebel States are to prevail in this contest. This the farmer and the sailor, the blacksmith and the lumberman, the shoemaker, the latter and the weaver, know full well. It is these convictions and the insults which the aristocrats have heaped upon them, which have made this contest almost personal with them. "Mud-sills!" the insolent taunt is worth ten thousand beating men.

DESPERATE KENTUCKY SCHEME.—The Louisville "Journal," of the 20th inst., published two letters describing a desperate scheme to precipitate Kentucky into secession by the aid of Tennessee. It appears that cannon, rifles, muskets, and Kentucky soldiers have been sent to Union City from Paducah. Union City is in Tennessee, near the Kentucky border; and according to the plot as developed in the "Journal," it seems that the Convention of the First Congressional district, to meet at Mayfield, is to be hurried through a session ordinance, where the disunionists of that district, with a strong military force at Mayfield backed by a far stronger Tennessee military force at Union City, will strike for disunion. The "Journal" says: "Here is a case that calls loudly for the immediate and vigorous interposition of the authorities of Kentucky." That portion of the State bordering on West Tennessee is the hot-bed of traitors in Kentucky, and a strong United States force thrown into Paducah would prove the least Union preservative, as well as the advanced guard of a much needed line of fixed bayonets right straight down to rebellious Memphis.

THE DYING WORDS OF SENATOR DOUGLAS.—The Chicago Tribune says: For a long time previous to his death, Senator Douglas had been in a semi-conscious condition. During the morning of his death his mind and energies rallied somewhat. As his devoted and loving wife sat at his bedside, soothing and easing him with those tender words and actions which only a woman can employ, she asked the dying statesman if he had any messages to send to his boys, Stephen and Robert. He seemed at first not to hear the question, and she repeated it. Raising his strength, his eyes kindled up, and his whole frame seemed to dilate, as he answered: "Yes! Tell them to obey the laws and support the Constitution of the United States." A short time after, he desired to be raised, and his wish was complied with, so that he might look out from his window once more, upon that city which had loved and honored him so long. One of his friends expressed a doubt as to the ease of his position, when he simply replied, "He is comfortable." In his dying moments he faintly articulated "Death, death, death," and his great soul had passed away.

DISTRICT JUDGES.—The United States District Judges are not all sound or true men, and the story is current in Washington city, that a few of them are even tainted with treason. One or two have refused to administer the new oath of allegiance as imposed by Congress, while others in administering the oath, leave out the words, to "bear true allegiance to the United States," the same traitors alleging that there are no United States in existence, and therefore such an oath would be false and illegal. This extra official declaration should be tested, and the result reported to the President for his immediate action. Traitors in the army—traitors in the navy and traitors on the benches. When are they to be banished? When are they to be punished?

So far as the Government is concerned, the plans of the campaign are properly concealed.

The Latest News.

Received by Tuesday Evening's Mail.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—A special dispatch from Washington reports the arrival of the steamer Mount Vernon from Fortress Monroe. The passengers report that the entire town of Evansport, eleven miles above Acquia Creek, was in flames. The property in the town is principally owned by Union men. This town consists of a saw mill that suspended operations long since, an unoccupied dwelling and a few shanties, the population comprising somewhat less than a dozen negroes. We have a report of a skirmish having occurred at Hampton last night, between a picket of Col. Duryee's regiment of Zouaves, and a party of rebels. The pickets were driven in, when the Zouaves made a dash at the rebels, capturing 100 muskets. The enemy fled before any prisoners could be secured.

Austria, while dissatisfied with and protesting against the appointment of Mr. Burlingame on the ground of the speeches made by him in Congress on the raising of the grade of the Sardinian mission, gives equally warm assurances of her interest in the welfare of the Union, and her determination to give no countenance to the rebels who are disturbing our peace and prosperity.

The Union sentiment is gaining ground rapidly in the neighborhood of Fortress Monroe. The steamer Quaker City, while on reconnaissance on Friday, when near Cape Henry threw a shell into an old frame building. About thirty armed men ran out, mounted their horses which were concealed in a thicket, and scampered off.

France, it is said, is open and above board in her expression of friendship to the Federal Government, and in her determination to support the nation as it is in every proper way. It is given out here, on apparently the best authority, that the late dispatches from Europe are of the most favorable tenor.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—General McDowell's command will fully occupy the attention of the rebels at Manassas Junction, while the three columns are enclosing Harper's Ferry. This advance will not have been made a moment too soon. Maryland has been left to her own devices too long. A messenger from Gov. Hicks has been here warning the Administration of the perils that menace the Capital from the disloyal province of which he is nominally the Chief Magistrate. He represented the ease with which the enemy at Harper's Ferry could assail Washington through Frederick City and Baltimore, with the aid which they would be sure to receive at both places, and begged the Government to beware of an inroad that might cut off communication with the North, and transform a half converted State into an open rebel.

Maryland was the vulnerable spot through which they intended to deal Washington and the country a terrible blow, and this week is the time at which that blow was to have been struck. It is said that 10,000 men will be on the march in time to co-operate in the movement. Harper's Ferry will fall in season to emphasize the action of the Wheeling Convention, which meets on Tuesday. Fifteen delegates are to represent Eastern Virginia and the valley. The 2nd Michigan regiment arrived here early this morning. Several of the members report that in the neighborhood of Baltimore stones were thrown at them, when shots were fired at the rioters and one was killed.

A QUESTION FOR THE BRITISH CABINET.—Suppose the four millions of blacks in the Southern States take advantage of the present crisis and a general rising against their masters, stealing their property, their lands, their public buildings, &c., after the manner of the secessionists; proclaiming the right of revolution, and their intention of founding a black republic—will the British government treat them as "belligerents"? We pause for a reply, and expect to wait for it a long time.

The following is a sample of the numerous letters constantly receiving for Hostetter's Stomach Bitters: *CASADORA, July 13, 1860. Messrs. Hostetter & Smith, Philadelphia, Pa.: Gentls.—As we are strangers, I herewith enclose you twenty-eight dollars for four dozen Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which please forward via Michigan Southern Railroad, Toledo, Ohio, and Clayton Station. I have purchased several dozen bottles at Toledo this Summer, but the sale is on the increase so much that I wish to open a direct trade with you. I was induced to try your Bitters by my physician, for the Liver Complaint, and received such material aid that I have recommended it to others and have sold about two dozen per week for some time. I have all kinds of medicinal goods, and there is none that I can so cheerfully and truthfully recommend as your Bitters, for I know they have helped me beyond my expectation. Yours respectfully, PHILIP WILSON.*

MARRIED.—On May 30th, by Wm. Porter, Esq., Mr. C. R. MACCUMBER of Lawrenceville, to Miss CAROLINE ROSS of Clearfield Borough.

At Rural Cabin, June 6th, by Rev. H. Moore, Mr. DANIEL S. KEPRATH, to Miss LUCINDA PARSONS, both of Decatur City.

June the 8th, by Wm. McKee, Mr. GEORGE SPANGLER, to Miss NANCY BLOOM, both of Woodward City.

DIED.—At Black Earth, Dane co. Wisconsin, on the 30th day of May last, MARY, wife of George Baty, formerly of this city.

LOOK OUT!—A lot of State arms still being in the hands of different persons in this county. I hereby request that the same be immediately delivered up or sent to be brought for their recovery. They can be left with Captain J. Dowler, at New Washington, or Captain T. J. McCullough in Clearfield Borough.

S. G. PATCHIN, Brigade Inspector.

FOR SALE.—A good two-horse wagon with box, for sale very low. Apply to George W. Rex, New Millport, Clearfield co., Pa. Mar 20-p.

H. B. WOODS, Attorney at Law, Indiana, Pa. Professional business promptly attended to.

CHEESE!—A large lot of superior Cheese, for sale by Wm. F. IRWIN Clearfield, Pa.

BEST Philadelphia Sugar-Cured Hams at the new store of GRAHAM, BOYNTON & CO.

FLOUR.—A lot of good flour on hand and for sale at MERRELL & BIGLER'S.

FLOUR.—A good article for sale at the store of Wm. F. IRWIN, Clearfield.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against receiving or trading for certain two promissory Notes given by the subscribers, to Andrew Clear of Decatur township, dated the 18th April, each calling for \$22.50, as good and valid receipts for the same, and will not pay them unless compelled by law HENRY GLESON, Kyrtown, May 29, 1861-3tp. SAM'L CRAMER.

DEAD OR ALIVE.—Was lost in the vicinity of Philipsburg about the 1st of December last, a very large black Hound, having red feet, long black ears, short turn-up nose, a red spot over each eye, and a movable lump, about the size of a chestnut, on the top of his head. Five dollars will be paid for any information of whereabouts—either dead or alive. D. E. PENDLETON, May 22, 1861-3tp. Smith's Mills, Clearfield co., Pa.

NOTICE.—Books will be opened for subscriptions to the stock of the "Madera Bridge Company" on Thursday June 13th, at Madera. Persons desirous of taking stock in said company, can have the opportunity of doing so, at the time and place designated. SAMUEL SHOFER, W. M. ALEXANDER, JAMES HEGARTY, SAM'L HENDERSON, JOHN BEYER, CHAS. J. PUSKY, HENRY HEGARTY, Madera, May 29, 1861-1tp. Commissioners.

ON HIS OWN HOOK!—JOHN GUELICH, CABINET MAKER.—The subscriber wishes to inform his old friends and customers, that he has removed to the Cabinet Making business, on "his own hook," at his old shop on Market Street, nearly opposite the "old Jew Store," where he keeps on hand, and is prepared to manufacture to order, every description of Cabinet-Ware, that he has ever carried on in this section of country; consisting of Sofas, Lounges, Mahogany and Common Bureaus, Writing and Wash Stands; Centre, Dining and Breakfast Tables; Mahogany and Common Bedsteads; Sewing Stands, &c. &c. He will repair furniture and chairs, in good style, and cheap for cash. House Painting done on short notice, and easy terms. Now is the time to buy at reasonable prices, as I intend to sell every thing in my line of business at the cheapest cash rates. Walk in and examine the articles on hand, and judge for yourselves of the quality and finish. Country produce received in payment. April 13, 1861. JOHN GUELICH.

The office made to order short notice, and funerals attended with a neat hearse, and appropriate accompaniments, when desired. J. G.

NEW DRUG STORE.

The subscribers have opened a full and complete assortment of DRUGS in the new brick building of Dr. Woods, on the corner of Locust and Cherry streets, in the Borough of Clearfield, where they will at all times be happy to accommodate any person who may desire articles in their line. The business will be conducted strictly as a DRUG AND PRESCRIPTION BUSINESS, and no pains will be spared to render satisfaction. Dr. M. Woods, the junior partner, may always be found at the "Drug Store," where he will not be absent on professional business. A separate room for consultation is attached to the Store, where patients may be examined privately. Every article usually found in such an establishment will be kept on hand, and sold at greatly reduced prices. *Terms:—Cash in advance.* will enable them to offer inducements in the way of prices. Physicians will be supplied at a small percentage over cost and carriage. Their orders are solicited. Every article sold will be warranted of the best quality. WOODS & BARRETT, Clearfield, Pa., February 13, 1861-4f.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, that the following accounts have been examined and passed by me, and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heirs, legatees, creditors, and all others in any other way interested, and will be presented to the next Orphans' Court of Clearfield county, to be held at the Court House, in the Borough of Clearfield, commencing on the Third Monday of June, 1861, for confirmation and allowance: *Inventory of the late Joseph H. Hunsan and Mary L. Kelly, Administrators of all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits, which were of James M. Kelly, late of Glen Hope, Clearfield county Pa. The Testamentary account of James M. Kelly, late of Glen Hope, Clearfield county Pa. The account of the last will and Testament of George Gilchrist, late of the Township of Bradford, in the county of Clearfield, deceased. The final account of Joseph L. Hunsan, Administrator of all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits, which were of William M. Braden, late of the Township of Brandy, in the county of Clearfield, deceased. The account of William Feath, Administrator of the Estate of Simon Stewart, late of Linn county, Iowa, deceased. Final account of Joseph Patterson and John Patterson, Administrators of all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits, which were of Abraham High, late of Lawrence township, Clearfield county, deceased. JAMES WRIGLEY, Register. Clearfield, Pa., May 15, 1861.*

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF the Clearfield county Bank, May 6th, 1861.	
ASSETS.	LIABILITIES.
Capital Stock paid in	\$24,000 00
Notes in circulation	
" \$12,500 00	
" 104 48 00	21,080 00
" Ap. 16, 61 21,200	
Due Banks of this State	53 97
" not of	
Due Depositors	\$,510 16
Total amount of Liabilities	\$,510 16
This being the greatest amt. Dividends declared (none)	
Gold	\$1308 00
" 38 80	\$ 4,953 89
Notes and Bills discount	19,361 33
Pers'l Prop't held by Bank	223 19
Real estate	(none)
" taken for debts (none)	
" Stocks & Bonds (none)	
Pa. State stock (par value)	\$25,300 75
Due from Banks &c.	4,983 91
Notes of other Banks	3,185 00
Checks & drafts &c.	517 40
Expenses plates &c.	704 74
Loss and expenses	309 49
Interest and exchange	1,113 18
Liabilities of Directors as principal	\$1,000 00
Liabilities of Directors as endorser	4,055 97
Liabilities of stockholders as endorser	\$,525 97
Liabilities of stockholders as principal	4,000 00
	\$55,657 31 \$55,657 31

The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. J. E. GRAHAM, Cashier. Signed and subscribed before me this 15th day May 1861. JOHN L. CUTLER, Proth'y.

IMPORTANT CHANGE OF LOCATION!—GRAHAM, BOYNTON & CO., Desire to inform the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity, that they have removed their store to the NEW BRICK BUILDING recently erected by James B. Graham, Esq., on Market street, Clearfield, where they will be pleased to accommodate all who may favor them with a call. Their stock consists of a general assortment of the very best Foreign and Domestic

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, QUEENSWARE, CEDAR & WILLOW WARE, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS AND BONNETS, DRUGS, PAINTS, &c., &c.

Their stock of Dry Goods consists in part of such as *Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Tweeds, Vestings, Muslins, Tickings, Checks, Calicoes, Chintzes, Ginghams, Canton and Wood Plannels, De Laines, Cashmere, Silks, Plaids, Shawls, Brilliants, Hosiery, Gloves, &c.* Also, a great variety of Ladies' Boots and Gaiters, Misses and Childrens Shoes; Mens', Boys', and Youth's Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps, with a large selection of useful notions, among which are *Perfumery, Cloth and Hair Brushes, Fancy Soaps, Pens and Pen-holders, Combs, &c.* together with many other useful notions, all of which will be sold low for Cash, or in exchange for approved country produce. As their stock is entirely new, and purchased on the most advantageous terms, they feel confident that they can sell goods to the advantage of the buyer. Step in and examine for yourselves, before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the new store is the place! Mar 27, 1861. GRAHAM, BOYNTON & CO.

HARTSWICK'S DRUG & VARIETY STORE.

MARKET STREET, NEARLY OPPOSITE JAIL.

The undersigned will have constantly on hand a well selected stock of Drugs, Chemicals, Dyes, Stuffs, Oils, Paints, Varnishes, Tobacco and Segars, Stationary, Perfumery, Brushes, and Fancy articles, which he will dispose of cheap for cash.

He invites the public to call and examine his stock of goods before purchasing elsewhere. Country Physicians furnished with Drugs, Medicines, and Surgical Instruments, at the most reasonable rates. J. G. HARTSWICK, Clearfield, Pa., December 12, 1860.

\$1,000 REWARD! Will be paid for every Medicine that will cure

COLBERT'S BALM IN GILEAD!!! For the Quick cure of Headache, Toothache, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the side, Back or stomach, Painters Cholls, or Cramp Frosted Feet or Ears, Burns, Fresh Cuts, sprains, Bruises, Diarrhoea, and Sore Throat, and all similar complaints.

Toothache cured in ten minutes. Earache cured in five minutes. Headache cured in ten minutes. Burns cured from smarting in two minutes. Neuralgia pains cured in five minutes. Cholic cured in ten minutes. Sprains relieved in ten minutes. Sore throat relieved in five minutes. 100 Cases have been cured by one Agent in a single day! EVERY BOTTLE WARRANTED. Try it! Try it! Try it! Price 25 and 50 cts. per Bottle. A liberal discount made to Agents, and one wanted in every town. Also new good traveling Agents. All orders and communications should be addressed to C. S. COLBERT & CO., 123 S. 4th st., Philadelphia.

Health and happiness to the sons and daughters of affliction! These things we prove on the spot and before your eyes, only bring on your cases. Philadelphia, May 1, 1861-6m.

EAST, WEST, NORTH, AND SOUTH, the people are notified of a

Fresh Arrival of Goods, AT THE CHEAP CASH STORE.

Just receiving and opening, a large and well-selected assortment of Fall and Winter Goods, of almost every description, Staple and Fancy; beautiful assortment of

PRINTS AND DRESS GOODS, of the latest and most approved styles; also a great variety of useful Notions, a large assortment of

Ready-made Clothing, Hats and Caps

Bonnets and Shawls,

BOOTS AND SHOES, A GREAT VARIETY, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,

Drugs and Medicines, Oil and Paints, GROCERIES, BEST QUALITY, FISH, BACON AND FLOUR, Carpets and Oil Cloths;

all of which will be sold at the lowest cash or ready-pay prices. All are respectfully invited to call. Wm. F. IRWIN, Clearfield, Pa., September 26, 1860.

N. B. All kinds of grain and approved country produce taken in exchange for goods.

NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS! JOHN & JERRED F. IRVIN.

The undersigned give notice that on the 13th April they entered into partnership in the mercantile business in Philipsburg, Centre county, Pa. the business will be conducted by them jointly under the name and firm of John & J. F. Irvin. They inform their customers and the public in general that they have received from the East and opened at the old stand, a large and varied stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY-GOODS, GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, &c., &c., specially adapted to the wants of the community, and will sell the same at the lowest cash prices. Also, a large assortment of Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps, of the latest styles and best quality, all of which they intend to sell at reasonable rates. Also, an extensive stock of the most fashionable

READY-MADE CLOTHING, at prices to suit the times. Now is the time to purchase. Call in and examine our stock before you purchase your goods, and we feel confident that we can supply you with all kinds of goods, at as low prices and on as reasonable terms as you can procure them elsewhere. Give us a call. JOHN IRVIN, May 30, 1860. JERRED F. IRVIN, N. B. Persons indebted to the old firm are requested to call and settle. May 30

ANSONVILLE RIGHT SIDE UP!!

Fresh Arrival of Goods, AT SWAN AND HARTSHORN'S, At their Old Stand in Ansonville.

The subscribers have just returned from the east with a large and well selected assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

consisting of a general variety of the very best CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETTS, &c., and a large lot of Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, for men and boys, for winter wear.

Also, a variety of Boots and Shoes for Ladies and children, together with a good stock of

Bonnets and Shawls.

They have also a good assortment of Hardware, Queensware, Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Fish, Bacon, Flour, Carrots, &c., &c., &c. They also keep always on hand a great variety of

USEFUL NOTIONS, such as are wanted in every family. The above named articles, and everything else in their line, will be sold cheap for cash, or exchanged for approved country produce. Give them a trial. SWAN & HARTSHORN, Ansonville, Pa., October 24, 1860.

THE BODUGGER.

THIS wonderful article, just patented, is something entirely new, and never before offered to agents, who are wanted everywhere. Full particulars sent free. Address SIA & A. HARK, March 6, 1861-1y. Biddeford, Maine.

TWENTY-FIVE HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND AT PRIVATE SALE.—extending to the mouth of the Moshannon. An eligible property, on reasonable terms. Inquire of H. BUCHER SWOOP, Dec 19-f. Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of colored paints, A dry and ground in oil, in 1 pound cans, just received and for sale at HARTSWICK'S.

FLORENCE White and Florence Liquid, just received and for sale at HARTSWICK'S.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS.

D. O. CROUCH, PHYSICIAN, Cartersville, Clearfield county, Penn'a. May 14.

J. CRANS, Attorney at Law and Real Estate Agent, Clearfield, Pa. Office adjoining the Post Office, on Second street. May 16.

WILLIAM A. WALLACE, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office, one door north of the Post Office, on Second street. Sept 1.

ROBERT J. WALLACE, Attorney at Law, (and District Attorney) Clearfield, Pa. Office in Shaw's new row, Market street. May 26.

WALTER BARRETT, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office the same that was formerly occupied by Hon. G. R. Barrett. Sept 30.

H. BUCHER SWOOP, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Office in Graham's Row, one door east of the "Raftsmen's Journal" office. Nov 10.

FRANK SHORT, Boot and Shoe-maker. Shop on Second street, (nearly opposite Reed and Weaver's Store) Clearfield, Pa. May 4, 1859.

M. A. FRANK, Justice of the Peace, Market st., Clearfield, Pa. Business entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention. Collections made and money remitted. Apr 27-29.

WILLIAM F. IRWIN, Market street, Clearfield, Pa. Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Merchandise. Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, and family articles generally. Nov 10.

JOHN GUELICH, Manufacturer of all kinds of Cabinet-ware, Market street, Clearfield, Pa. He also makes to order Coffins on short notice, and attends funerals with a hearse. April 30.