THE RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL.

13

11

169

10



S. B. ROW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. CLEARFIELD, PA., NOV. 14, 1860.

THE GREAT RESULT.

The Presidential contest is over. Right and Truth have prevailed; Error and Falsehood have been overthrown; Disunionism and Treason have been rebuked ; and Abraham Lincoln has been elected President of the United States by the votes of the people. This is the result beyond the possibility of a doubt, it being reduced to a certainty that Mr. Lincoln has carried at least Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Michigan and Minnesota-which have 169 electoral votes, 17 more than are necessary to a choice. The Southern States will be divided between Breckinridge and Bell, with the exception of Missouri, which has probably gone for Douglas. Had either of the last named candidates been elected, the Republicans would have quietly submitted. Having been defeated by Mr. Lincoln, will a like submission be exercised by the Democratic party ? We hope so. It may be that South Carolina will create some fuss ; but this is not likely to be more than a ten days' wonder, unless the Secessionists are encouraged by the Democratic politicians at the North to such an extent that they may be induced to take steps towards withdrawing from the Union. The incessant babble of the leading spirits of the Northern Democracy about Disunion, "the invasion of Southern Rights," and that Mr. Lincoln's election should be regarded as sufficient cause for secession, may possibly induce a State like South Carolina, which has at least once before proved disloyal, to move seriously in that direction. But, suppose she does-what then ? Why not concede to her the right to walk out peaceably and try the experiment of "going it pressive, and think they can do better out of the Union than in it, if they insist on going, let them go in peace. It is not necessary to create any disturbance about it-to raise a civil war or shed fraternal blood. The right to secede may be a revolutionary one, but it exists nevertheless, and we do not see how one party can have a right to do what another party has a right to prevent. We will ever resist the asserted right of any State to remain in the Union and nullify or defy the laws thereof; to withdraw from the Union is quite another matter, and if any considerable section shall deliberately resolve to go out, we, for one, shall not counsel the adoption of coercive measures to prevent it. Our Southern brethren should not, however, act rashly in this matter-let ample time be given for reflection; let the subject be fully canvassed before the people; let them have both sides of the question fully presented; let them reflect, deliberate, then vote, and we doubt if there will be a majority favorable to secession in any one State. It is a fact worthy of special note, that there are but few Secessionists in the border Slave Statesin Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, Kentucky and Missouri-in fact, leaving out Eastern Virginia, we doubt whether there are any ; it is in South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, and other States lying at a great distance from the Free States that the greatest ado is made about the non-enforcement of the fugitive slave act, unless, perhaps, we except Clearfield borough; for we doubt, as Hudibras said of the advocates of New Light doctrines in his day, whether the Man in the Moon

THE UNION FEELING IN THE SOUTH.

The Washington correspondent of the New York World states that Ex-Senator PRATT, of Maryland, called on Gen. Cass to see if some means could not be devised by which the President could call a convention of all the States choosing to be represented, for the purpose of denouncing secession, and making conciliatory propositions. Gen. Cass replied, that he knew no way to bring about such a convention, except by the voluntary action of the States themselves. The Baltimore American-a paper which, although of respectable ability, was rather ultra previous to the election-in its issue of

Thursday last, says :--"As the smoke of the battle-field clears away and the victory on one side and defeat on the other is settled beyond the possibility of doubt, we may look with comparitive calmness upon the aspect of affairs. While a single chance remained it was well enough to give all our energies to the accomplishment of one object-the defeat of Lincoln. We have fought as loyally as we could, some of us under one banner and some of us under another, against the common enemy, and we have not prevailed. It only remains for us to gather our scattered forces and make arrangements for another struggle upon another and more fortunate field. The plainest fact is that we can find no such field out of the Union. Suppose Maryland, Virginia, Kentucky and Missouri should respond to the invitation of South Carolina, and by formal enactment withdraw from the Confederacy? The only result would be to engirdle ourselves with an extended Abolition frontier, affording ten thousand avenues of escape for fugitive slaves, and seenring their safety if once over the border as really as if they were landed in Canada or in England. For the very reason that we regard the doctrines and principles of the Republi-can party with unchangeable hostility do we insist upon maintaining our position of equal- Miss ity in the Urion, and watching over our rights Alah from the Ohio to the great lakes, and from the mouth of the Susquehana to the most northern point of Maine. The law that provides for the return of our runaway slaves is operative so long as the Confederacy is unbroken, and whether resisted or evaded or obeyed, it is still the law of the land, and we are in a position to demand its enforcement. But what could the citizens of a United Southern Confederacy say to a hostile nation that harbored our fugitive ?"

The Star, a Breckinridge paper printed at Washington City, says :--

"They have, as good citizens, now before COUNTIES. them the plain duty of submitting with grace to the will of the people, as manifested at the Adams, ballot-box. Those who may hesitate so to do, Allegheny, will prove unworthy of the high prerogative Armstrong, of American citizenship, which embraces ob-Beaver, ligations, it will be remembered, as well as Bedford. privileges. That Lincoln has been overwhel-Berks, mingly elected, according to the forms of the Blair, Constitution, is undeniable ; and that his elevation to power in the Government under that | Bradford, on her own hook ?" If any of the Cotton election, can no longer be opposed except by Bucks, States feel the present form of government op- naked and palpable revolutionary means, is no Butler, less apparent. Those who counsel aught but | Cambria, acquiescence in the result, under the circum-Carbon. Centre, stances, counsel neither more nor less than Chester, revolution ; and that, too, while the South are Clarion. the richest and most prosperous community, Clearfield, under the Government of the United States, Clinton. that the world contains under any Government. Columbia. At this moment, there is not a tithe of the Crawford, want, crime, and individual discontent with Cumberland. one's lot in life, at the South, that exists at Dauphin, the North. This is, for the most part, doubtless the result of the South's advantages of Delaware, soil, climate, pursuits and institutions. What Erie. man of common sense, with aught accumulated that may be endangered by revolution, will Fayette, Franklin, be rash enough to favor any such violent change Fulton, as is now proposed ?" Forest. The Rockingham, Virginia, Register, refer-Greene. ring to Gov. Wise's late explosion, says :--Huntingdon, "We presume it is scarcely necessary for Indiana, us to say that the insane movements and Jefferson, speeches of Ex-Governor Wise, and his ef- Juniata, forts to get up companies of 'Minute Men' Lancaster, in Virginia to resist the inauguration of any Lawrence, President elected by the voice and will of the Lebanon, people of the Union, meet with no response Lehigh, in this stronghold of the Virginia Democracy. Luzerne. The people here are resolved to oppose the e-Lycoming, McKean, lection of Lincoln by all fair and constitutional means; but if the people will that the Mercer, Mifflin, reigns of the General Government shall be placed in his hands, the Democracy of the Monroe, Fenth Legion will not be involved in the Montgomery, reasonable purpose and effort to prevent his | Montour, inauguration. Upon this point there is but Northampton. one opinion amongst all our people." Northumberland. Perry, The Raleigh Standard, the organ of the



LINCOLN ELECTED

TRUTH AND RIGHT VINDICATED !

DISUNIONI	SM EBU	AND TREAS	ON
LINCOL	NH	AS CARRIED	i di sec
Maine, .	8	Pennsylvania,	2
New Hampshire,	5	Ohio,	- 23
Vermont,	5	Indiana,	1
Massachusetts,	13	Illinois,	1
Rhode Island,	4	Iowa,	
Connecticut,	6	Mtchigan,	
New York,	35	Minnesota,	
Wisconsin,	5		-
	Lins	oln thus far,	16
Necessary to c			
		KINRIDE.	
Virginia,	15	Arkansas,	
Maryland,	8	Louisiana,	
North Catolina.	10	Florida.	

ui Garonna,	10	r ioritia,	
th Carolina,	8	Delaware,	
sissippi,	7	Georgia,	
bama,	9	Total,	
The second s	FOR I	ELL.	
tucky,	12	Tennessee.	

Douglas carries 3 of the New Jersey electors; the other 4 are in doubt. Missouri is in doubt. California, Oregon and Texas have not yet been heord from.

THE RESULT IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Below we publish the returns so far as they have been received, from this State. It is thought now that Lincoln's majority will range from 70,000 to 80,000

3,165

1,795

1,755

1,750

1,848

5,277

3,625

4,555

3,183

42I

5,613

3,382

4,053

828

129

1,529

3,070

3,672

1,886

1,503

13,012

2.645

3,847

4,166

6,662

1,048

3,624

1,723

5,812

3,507

2,429

2,416

324

1,410

7,301

2,977

1,704

4,110

4.147

1.820

2.581

4,768

2,610

4,830

1,192

5,322

New York gives Lincoln about 50,000 maj.

THE SECESSION MOVEMENT.-The excitement

the South still continues, and the Legisla-

ture of South Carolina has passed a resolution

calling a convention of the people, to meet

about the middle of December, to make ar-

rangements in regard to the formation of a

Southern Confederacy. In all the other States

the majority of the people are opposed to dis-

union, and at Augusta, Ga., a meeting was

held, called by the Mayor of the town, for the

purpose of expressing the opposition of the

people to secession. The number present was

large, and the conservative resolutions were

adopted with much enthusiasm. Senator

Toombs, of Georgia, has resigned, as has also

OLD ABE AT HOME .- It will be a peculiar

satisfaction to the Republicans of Illinois to

know that Mr. Lincoln has carrid his own city

and county ; that, in spite of the detractions

of his enemies, his neighbors, who know him

best, have testified their respect for his spot-

less personal character and his emirent ability,

by giving him their suffrages. In 1856, San-

Senator Chesnut, of South Carolina.

Warren.

Wayne,

York,

Washington,

Wyoming,

Total.

Westmoreland,

394

822

983

8,615

10	00,000.			
	Cartin.	Foster.	Lincoln.	Fusion.
	2,773	2,849	80	
	15,879	A	16,725	6,72
	8,474	2,698	1,500	
1.12	2,682	1,715	1,300	
	2,464	2,561	200	
	6,833	10,318	6,709	8.846
	8.051	2,172	3,050	1,276
	6,664	2,328	4,500	The Test
	6,383	6,330	6,443	5,179
	3,526	2,548	1,300	
	2,177	2,583	200	

2,824

2.297

2,040

1,703

2,586

3,178

3,716

3,302

1,996

633

2,469

3,556

3,879

957

2.669

2,114

1,886

1,493

1,465

7,153 959

2,234

4,566

6,916

3,034

2,794

1,490

2,163

7,892

1,220

5,249

2.955

2,128

843

615

7,067

1,372

1,134

2,456

1.331

1.019

2,122

4,206

2,537

5,276

1,336

6,665

2,112 1,172

543

706

69

7,549 . 5,913

1,930 1,758

800

3,000

1,702

3,000

150

400

4,531

3,181

4,000

1,100

1,500

2,500

500

200

7,500

2,150

1,800

1.000

1,424

1,400

428

5,826

1,043

3,839

2,422

800

7,568

700

2,000

2,000

3,300

2.680

1,300

2,857

800

200

200

150

900

4,968

1,932

2.618

150

200

PENNSYLVANIA ITEMS.

a great ado over them, as evidence of the nat-PREPARED FOR THE "RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL." ural tendency of Republican principles, and GREEN COUNTY .- The town of Carmichaels these advertisements, after having gone the was recently the scene of a domestic squabble rounds in the northern democratic papers, and street fight. A man had been for some are now travelling through the south, furnishtime accused of insulting ladies by remarks, ipg food for the demagogues of that region as they passed his house, when, on a certain day, one of them, of herculean proportions, with which to stimulate the fiercest passions of the fire-eaters. determined on cowhiding him. Accordingly she went up Main street, espied him a short vass. None but the vilest heart could condistance ahead, made instant chase and overceive of it or the filthiest hand execute it. took him on Green street, where she commenced drubbing him. The offender being full of fight, kicked her in the stomach, when her in the terrible decay of its fortunes. husband, hearing the fuss, came up in time to take the job off her hands. Other members of each family, attracted by the noise, came save it from ruin; and in the nastiness with which it surrounded itself in its last days it up, and pitched into each other until eight of them were clawing and wooling, when the offender's family, getting rather worsted, went home to get pistols, knives, and sundry other weapons. The citizens were about interfering, when a shower of rain coming on, cooled the ardor of the combatants, and scattered the crowd, to discuss the merits of cowhides. . . A distressing homicide occurred in Mt. Morris, a few days ago, the particulars of which are these : Henry Barrackman, a hitherto quiet, sober man, came home drunk and commenced abusing his wife. She called James Bear to quiet him, when Barrackman turned upon him and run him off with a poker or shovel. In running, Mr. Bear turned and threw a stone, which struck Barrackman in the breast and killed him almost instantly. Bear surrendered himself immediately and was acsurrendered himself immediately and was ac-guitted of all blame by the Justice who tried Burnside, him. It is said that he is nearly distracted Chest. with grief on account of this unfortunate affair. CENTRE COUNTY .- A few days ago, while Sam Bike was traveling an unfrequented road, in the neighborhood of Aaronsburg, he had the misfortune to fall and break his leg. He Fox. being unable to get up and no one happening Girard, along, he was compelled to remain overnight where he had fallen, and when discovered, next morning, his limb was so swollen that it could not be set. Poor Sam has many "ups and downs" in this world. May he soon recover. . . . A very unfortunate circumstance occurred recently at Curtin's Ore-Bank, known as the red-bank, which resulted in the death of a young man named Patrick Warren. It appears that Mr. Warren was engaged in raising ore from a shaft about sixty feet in depth and was about in the act of descending by means of a windlass. He had placed his foot in a loop in the windlass rope for such a purpose, and just as he had thrown his weight upon the rope it slipped out, and he was precipitated to

DISTRICTS. 136 Beccaria. 53 Bell. 23 Bloom 32 Boggs. $\frac{56}{74}$ Bradford, $147 \\ 100$ Clearfield. 67 36 53 Covington. Curwensville, 69 Decatur. 49 Ferguson, 21 44 Goshen.

47 -58 2 25 41 31 10 47 13 89 16 Graham, 25 27 2 108 120 Guelich. 68 46 Huston 81 Jordan. 44 67 42 Karthaus, 34 38 31 Knox. 37 53 32 81 183 3 90 Lawrence. 21 $\frac{27}{62}$ 25 Lumber City, 27 65 115 Morris. 129 New Washington. $\frac{32}{64}$ 16 15 Penn. 48 49 85 Pike. 106 116 30 Union :35 25 34 33 38 Woodward. 1836 1755 Totals, 1702 23 2040 Dem. Majority 134 28. DELAWARE .- The majority for Breckinridge in this State is about 1,700. Fisher, the candidate of the People's Party for Congress, has a majority of 363. The Breckinridge

This trick was the dirtiest of the whole can-

But it was all in vain. Forgery would not

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY --- OFFICIAL.

44

68

23

47

1

13

1

116

223

45

36

81 53

33 47

134

50

23

:36

62

72

147

88

29

114

227

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

including the Sheriff, have been chosen.

are elected in Kent and Sussex, while the can-

didates of the People's Party in New Castle,

Advertisements set in large type, cuts, or out of usua style will be charged double price for space accupied

ful dog :- About two weeks ago, Mr. George \$10 REWARD .- The Burs having been ta-Gilbert, who lives half way between Union

CHEESE !- A large lot of superior Chees for sale by WM. F. IRWIN, Clearfield, Pa REWARD-will be paid for a State mus. SI ket, which belonged to the "Clearfield Guards," if returned to Gen. J. H Larrimer. S. C. PATCHIN Oct 24, 1860. Brigade Inspect

NOTICE .- An election for one President and N five Managers and one Treasurer, for d Glen Hope and Independence Plank Road Comp ny, will be held in Occola on Monday the ith That the party should have resorted to such of November, between the hours of 2 and meanness shows how desperate it had grown clock, P. M. DANIEL HAUTZ October 24, 1860. Presider

TDERRY HOUSE, FRONT ST., MARIETT -(formerly kept by Mrs. Clements.)-The seriber respectfully solicits the patronage of has demonstrated, better than ordinary lan- old friends, and assures all rivermen having guage can, the great necessity that existed for its extirpation. Feb. 22. 1860-1y. ABNER M'MICHAFT

> A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.-Let of Administration. on the estate of Ja Fisher, late of Woodward township, Clearfield Pa, dec'd, having been granted to the undersign ed, all persons indebted to said estate are require ed to make immediate payment, and those ha ing claims will present them properly authent JOSEPH FISCUS cated for settlement. Oct 24, 1860-6tp. Administrator

DISSOLUTION .- The partnership heres fore existing between the undersigned under the title of Loraine & Co., in the Drug & Ve riety Business, has been dissolved this day by me tual consent. The books and accounts are in the hands of J. G. Hartswick for settlement and hands of J. G. Hartswick, 100 hereafter he carried lection, and the business will hereafter he carried on by him. J. O LORAINE, J. G. HARTSWICK.

Clearfield, Pa., October 27, 1860-3t.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE .- Letters Term-mentary on the Estate of Abram Reams Law of Lawrence township, Clearfield co., Pa , deven ed, having been granted to the undersigned, persons indebted to said estate are required make immediate payment.and those having claim against the same will present them duly authen ticated for settlement.

JOHN L. REAMS, Goshen tp. G. W. RHEEM, Clearfield bor October 10, 1860-6tp Executor

NEW BREWERY .- MORE LAGER.-The subscribers would respectfully inform the Tavern keepers and others that they have p cently started a new Brewery in the Borough -Clearfield, and that they are now prepared to furnish Beer on the most accommodating terms. They have employed an experienced Brewer, from the east, and they feel confident that they can supply a superior article of beer. Give them a trial and judge for yourselves.

CHARLES HAUT & CO. June 20, '60

SOMETHING NEW IN THE PEACE. FUL VILLAGE OF CURWENSVILLE The undersigned having entered into partnership in the Foundry Business, under the name as candidates for the Legislature and local offices style of Robison & Denmark, respectfully and nounce to the public that they have constantly a hand, or will make to order. Stoves, Plows, and all other Castings commonly used in the country which they will sell at the lowest rates for cast or exchange on the most advantageous terms for old metal, or approved country produce. JACKSON ROBISON February 1, 1860, D. J. DENMARK.

> HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Philadelph A Benevolent Institution established by s cial endowment, for the relief of the sick and ba tressed, afflicted with Virnlent and Enidemi eases, and especially for the cure of diseases of Sexual Organs .- Medical advice given gratis a description of their condition. fage, occupati habits of life, &c..) and in cases of extreme pe ty, medicines furnished free of charge Valual reports on Spermatorrheea, and other Diseases the Sexual organs, and on the New Remedies reployed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted i sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two three Stamps for postage will be acceptable. And dress, Dr. J. Seillin Houghton, Acting Surgeen Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth St., Philadelphia, Fa. By order of the Directors. EZRA D. HEARTWELL, President. Geo, Fairchild, Sec. Oct 24, 1860-1v

"Shows in his gait and face more tricks, Than do our native lunaties !

Have any of our Democratic Disunion shrickers ever considered all the results that would follow secession ? One effect they may have overlooked. Suppose South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Mississippi, the only States that are foolish enough to do so, should secede-would not immediately thereupon both the Senate and House of Representatives become Republican? In that event, Congress and the President would find nothing in the way of their speedily passing a liberal Homestead bill. an effective Pacific Railroad bill, and a Protective Tariff Act! Then what could the Secen dents do to prevent the business interests of the country from springing forward in a career of accelerated prosperity, such as will make the United States the foremost power and the most prosperous nation in the world ? Whatever may be the course of the Disunionists, the prospect ahead seems of the brightest.

OUR PARTY IN THE SOUTH .-- It was repeatedly asserted by our opponents during the recent canvass that we had no party in the South. The facts were known to be different, and the returns show that we have a considerable party in the Slave States. Lincoln has a plurality of over 800 in St. Louis, Missouri, and 200 plurality in Wilmington, Delaware-what the entire vote is, we are not prepared to state.

Philadelphia, Breckinridge party in North Carolina, refer-Pike. ring to Gov. Wise's speech, says :--Potter, "We regret to have to record the above. Schuylkill, Gov. Wise is in favor of disunion in the event Somerset. of Lincoln's election. He says he will look

Snyder. to Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Sullivan, Georgia, and Florida, to cleap at once, for Susquehanna, herself and by herself, into the contest.' Tioga, North Carolina will take no such leap. Inion. The Louisville, Kentucky, Journal says :-Venango,

"Missouri, and Tennessee, and Kentucky, and Virginia, and Maryland, deprecate the dissolution of the Union; but South Carolina, and Florida, and Georgia, swear that the Union shall be dissolved, on account of the escape of Missouri's Tennessee's, Kentucky's, Virginia's and Maryland's slaves! What disinterested creatures South Carolina, Florida and Georgia must be !"

How THEY WILL DO IT .- George N. Saunders of New York has discovered, and has kindly informed the public in a long letter, exactly how the Union is to be dissolved, and what are to be the dreadful consequences. If we may believe him, only the cotton States will secede, leaving Maryland, Virginia, &c., behind, giving the North the Capitol buildings at Washington, the records, and all that kind of property. Then they won't fight, but will keep still, and be as moody as you please. They will stop raising cotton, which will distress the North desperately, and very soon bring on a revolution. They will have a cheap government, no taxes, and a fine time generally. Now, who ever thought they would do it in this way ? It is not very appalling, after all. We had expected that they would take the public archives, steal all the money in the Treasury, kill a few of us, have a "united South," and quite soon become the most powerful nation on the face of the earth. We don't know who gave Saunders his information, but we confess to great disappointments. If we must have a crash, why, let us have a big one. -Boston Bee.

gamon county, on Governor, gave a Demo-cratic majority of 287; in 1858, it gave a mathorough exposure of the fraud ; but the dem-Some of our Democratic politicians seem to jority of 342 for the Democratic candidate for \$10; and any larger number at the rate of \$1 20 We polled over 800 votes in two counties in ocratic papers paid no heed to the exposure, State Treasurer. It now gives a round 100 each per annum, the paper to be addressed to be very anxious to have their predictions of a Western Virginia, 600 in Wheeling alone, and and hung on to the dirty forgery with a death lands in adjoining Counties. for Honest Old Abe. Never was there a field each subscriber. To clubs of Twenty, we send an dissolution of the Union verified. It is not more fiercely contested and never have a can-THOMAS McCOY, Sherif Akin to these was a series of advertisements extra copy. Twenty copies to one address for \$20, with one extra to him who sends us the clubs. For more than 1,000 in Baltimore, Maryland, be-Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Oct. 29th, 1860. very improbable that with them "the wish is didate's character and fitness done him better sides a considerable vote in Washington City. written by locofocos and published in the Pittsburgh Dispatch, Philadelphia Ledger, and N. Y. Herald, calling on the negroes to rally, N. Y. Herald, calling on the negroes to rally, each club of One Hundred, The Daily Tribune will DOOTS and Shoes of every kind, for Ladies father to the thought," for should a dissolu- service. In Newport, Kentucky, the vote stood :- Lintion occur, that would "make their words J Gentlemen and children, a SENTENCED .- Judge Thompson, of the Phil- N. Y. Herald, calling on the negroes to rally, REED, WEAVER & CO'S coln 268; Douglas 428; Bell 381; Breckinsept19 good," and they could refer with exultation to adelphia Quarter Sessions, on Wednesday last form wide awake clubs, &c. Another adver-CARPETS, Drugget, Carpet chain, Bags and Bar ging, curled Hair, &c., at the store of sept19 REED, WEAVEN & Co. ridge 64. Another Presidential election will the fact. The constant prating of the Demo- sentenced William Byerly-who was convict- tisement represented that "a respectable col-Office and State should in all cases be plainly written. Payment always in advance. Address, show a Republican majority in three or four cratic leaders about Dissolution, is destroying ed, a week or two since, of making a fraudu-of the Slave States! ored family wanted a white boy to wait on the the reverence that should be entertained for THE TRIBUNE. No. 154. Nassau Street, New York. CALL and examine the Patent air tight glass and stone Jars. They are just the thing yes the Union, and is doing much to encourage the months imprisonment in the county prison, the house." After writing and publishing secessionists in carrying out their designs. BEST Philadelphia Sugar-Cured Hams at the new store of GRAHAM, BOYNTON & Co. Slim-the attendance at court this week. want. For sale by REED, WEAVER & Co-

1,301 Academy and Knoxville, in this County, was roused in the night by the incessant barking of his dog. The dog then ran away in the di-200 rection of the house of Mr. G.'s father, distant about a quarter of a mile, and thinking 1,836 nothing was wrong, Mr. G. fell asleep. About 500 day-break he arose, and on opening his door the dog grabbed him by the pants and pulled him in the direction of his barn, on reaching 2,392 which, he discovered that a fine young horse 1,524 had been stolen. He immediately followed the robber, and in a few hours he found his colt hitched to a tree in Westfield. The horse had been found to be too young to ride well, and to prevent discovery the thief had left 200 him and "took to the woods."

the bottom, fracturing his skull and otherwise

injuring him. Medical aid was immediately

called, and a surgical operation performed by

which a circular portion of the skull was ex-

tracted, as the only hope of saving the life of

the sufferer, who after lingering several days

died from the effects of his injuries. . . . Mr.

in working on the new addition to the Store

at that place, fell from a considerable height

and broke his ankle. His injuries are of a

TIOGA COUNTY .- The Wellsboro' Agitator of

the 31st Oct. tells the following about a faith-

very serious nature.

Wm. Riddle, of Pleasant Gap, while engaged

DAUPHIN COUNTY .- On the morning of the 10th November, a man named James Stipe, of Middletown, was found dead on the public highway, a short distance below Highspire. When discovered he was lying with his face to the ground, in which position he had apparently remained during the night. An empty whisky bottle was found beside him. The Coroner summoned a jury, who rendered a verdict of death from the effects of intoxicating liquor and exposure.

POLITICAL FORGERIES.

All campaigns have their peculiarities; and the one just closed has been distinguished by 1,200 the persistence of the democratic press in 5,590 perpetrating forgeries upon the Republicans. 786 Early in the campaign, before any one was 4,597 nominated for the Presidency, a string of 2,306 quotations, attributed to Horace Greeley, Joshua R. Giddings and other leading Repub-40,233 42,119 39,223 21,619 licans, went the rounds of the Democratic papers, not one of which was genuine. They were each repeatedly declared to be fabrications by the men to whom they were attributed, but the party press hung on to them long after, evidently loth to give them up. As soon as Mr. Lincoln was nominated, the

New York Herald perpetrated a forgery by mutilating an extract from one of his speeches. In the debate with Donglas, Mr. Lincoln remarked that at such and such a place, "Mr. Douglas said that I said" so and so, and then went on to show that Mr. Douglas misrepresented him. The Herald, in extracting this, left out the words, "Mr. Douglas said that," and thus gave it as being an utterance of Mr. Lincoln instead of Mr. Douglas. This vile imposition had a short run in the locofoco 262403 230239 000000 000000 papers; but somehow they soon got ashamed of it and abandoned it.

They were not, however, so easily shamed out of the similar forgery perpetrated upon Carl Shurz. They seized upon a certain paragraph in one of his speeches, in which he portrayed the Declaration of Independence as Mr. Douglas interpreted it, and gave it as containing the sentiments of Mr. Shurz. Ideas which he was holding up to ridicule they published as his own. This was the vilest kind of a torgery ; and the locofoco editors, instead of growing ashamed of it, when it was exposed, adhered to it all the more firmly and persisted in it to the last.

The next and the last forgery was an extract from a speech purporting to have been made by "John M. Wilson, a Lincoln elector in Massachusetts," denouncing the Germans in unmeasured terms. When it was shown that there was no John M. Wilson on the Lincoln electoral ticket in Massachusetts, his location was transferred to Indiana. There a Mr. John M. Wilson was found, but he declared most solemnly that he never made such a speech, and produced the testimony of his neighbors, who heard the speech he made at the time and place this was alleged to have been made, that ie uttered no such sentiments. This was a

on the night of the 31st October, he will pay the above reward for the return of the same and for information that will lead to the detection of the | the acting Surgeon, to all who apply by letter will perpetrator of the act. JAMES LEVY. Clearfield, November 14, 1860.

NOTICE.-The partnership heretofore exist-ing between the subscribers trading under the firm of Cummings & Mahaffey, is this day dissolved by mutual consent The books of the late firm are in the hands of Robert Mahaffey for settlement. JOHN M. CUMMINGS. ROBERT MAHAFFEY.

New-Washington, Nov. 5, 1860-n14,3tp The books of the late firm of Cummings & Mahaffey have been placed in the hands of William Feath, Esq., of New-Washington, for settlement All persons having accounts in said Books are earnestly requested to call at once and settle the same. A failure to comply with this request will incur costs. [nov14-3t] R. MAHAFFEY.

THE TRIBUNE FOR 1861.-PROSPEC TUS .- The XXth Volume of the Weekly Tribune commenced with the issue of Sept. 1. During the past year The Tribune has been obliged to

devote quite a large proportion of its space to politics, but we shall soon be able to forego Political discussions almost entirely, for months if not for years, and devote nearly all our columns to subects of less intense, but more abiding, interest. A mong these, we mean to pay especial attention to I. EDUCATION .- The whole subject of Education both ¡Popular and General, will be discussed in our columns, throughout the year 1861, and we hope to elicit in that discussion some of the profoundest thinkers and the ablest instructors in our country. It is at once our hope and our resolve yourselves, before you buy elsewhere. All thes that the cause of Education shall receive an impetus from the exertions of The Tribune in its behalf during the year 1861.

II. AGRICULTURE .- We have been compelled to restrict our elucidations of this great interest throughout 1860 and shall endeavor to atone therefor in 1861. Whatever discovery, deduction, demonstration, is calculated to render the reward of labor devoted to cultivation more ample or more certain, shall receive prompt and full attention.

III. MANUFACTURES, &c .- We hail every invention or enterprise whereby American Capital and Labor are attracted to and advantageously employed in any department of Manufacturing or | ing Machines. A large number have been said Mechanical Industry as a real contribution to the | and are now in use in this borough (Brockvill Public Weal, insuring ampler, steadier, more convenient, more remunerating markets to the Farmer, with fuller employment and better wages to the Laborer. The progress of Mining, Iron-Making, Steel-Making, Cloth-Weaving, &c., in our ountry and the world, shall be watched and reported by us with an earnest and active sympathy. IV. FOREIGN AFFAIRS .- We employ the best cor-

respondents in London, Paris, Turin, Berlin, and other European Capitols, to transmit us early and accurate advices of the great changes there silently but certainly preparing. In spite of the pressure of Domestic Polities, our News from the Old World is now varied and ample; but we shall have to render it more perfect during the eventful year just before us.

V. HOME NEWS .- We employ regular paid correspondents in California, at the Isthmus of Darien, in the Rocky Mountuin gold region, or wherever else they seem requisite. From the more ac cessible portions of our own country, we derive our information mainly from the multifarious cor respondents of the Associated Press, from our exchanges, and the occasional letters of intelligent friends. We aim to print the cheapest general newspaper, with the fullest and most authentic summary of useful intelligence, that is anywhere afforded. Hoping to "make each day a critic on the last," and print a better and better paper from year to year, as cur means are steadily enlarged through the generous co-operation of our many well-wishers, we solicit, and shall labor to de serve, a continuance of public favor.

Terms : Daily Tribune (311 issues per annum) \$6 Semi-Weekly, (194'issues per annum) \$3 Weekly, (52 issues per annum,)

To CLUBS-Semi-Weekly : Two copies for S5; Five for \$11 25; Ten copies to one address for \$20; and any number at the latter rate. For a club of Twenty, an extra copy will be sent. For a club of Forty, we send The Daily Tribune gratis one year. Weekly: Three copies for \$5; Eight copies for

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS H. L. HENDERSON & CO.,

Have just received and opened at the old stand of Lewis Smith, in Bethlehem, an extensive and well selected assortment of the most fashionable

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

Staple and Faney. The stock consists in part " Prints and Dress Goods of the Intest styles, togeth er with Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Drug-Medicines, Fish, Tobacco, Segars, Hats and Cape Bonnets and Shawls, Boots and Shoes, and a large variety of useful Notions and such articles as an usually kept in a country store. All goods we be sold cheap for cash. Give us a call and see for bove will be sold cheap for each or exchanged for approved country produce and lumber. Oct 24, 1860. H. L. HENDERSON & CO.

ly sewing-and so simple that any lady can leave to operate on it in half an hour. It will make one thousand stitches in a minute, and for its periority in every respect, it took the First Preminm at the Maine State Fair over all other Se and vicinity, and are pronounced the simplest and best machine ever invented-superior to most the high priced sewing machines.

The undersigned having purchased the Right from the Patentee. to sell these machines in counties of Jefferson. Clearfield, Elk, and Fores are now ready to fill orders for the same in the bove district. Orders for machines will be file in the order of their reception. Persons wish machines should send in their orders immedi ly, as we have over 30 machines already orde in advance of our supply. Township rights for s All applications for machines or township right

by letter or otherwise, should be addressed to A. B. M'LAIN & CO. Aug. 15, 1860-tf. Brookville, Jefferson co. Pt

Wm. H. Blair, use of.) In the Court of Com Pleas of Centre con No. 228, Nov. Term 1

Joseph J. Lingle. BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT of Venditioni Exp nas issued out of the Court of Common Pley of Centre county, upon the above judgment. me directed, there will be exposed to public s by public out cry, at the Court House, in Bel fonte. in the said County of Centre, on Monda the 26th day of November next, all the intereof the said defendant. Jos. J. Lingle-being th undivided fourth part in all that certain messual tenement and tract of land situate on the wate of Trout Run and Moshannon Creek, in the Town ship of Rush, in the County of Centre, and the township of Decatur, in the County of Clearfield. containing seventeen hundred and five acres and allowance, being held in common with A. G. Cur tin, D. I. Pruner and Jno. M. Hale, all which so premises are described in a mortgage given by dated 82 said Jos. J. Lingle to Wm. H. Blair. Sept., 1857, and recorded in the office for the ! cording of Deeds, &c., in Centre county, in Meri gage book E. pages 34 &c., all which will be sold as the property of Jos. J. Lingle. in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assubly of 122 June. 1840, in reference to executions against lands in advertision