CLEARFIELD, PA., AUG. 15, 1860.

S. B. ROW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

FOR PRESIDENT. HON. ABRAHAM LINCOLN. HON. HANNIBAL HAMLIN.

FOR GOVERNOR. HON. ANDREW G. CURTIN, of Centre Co. FOR CONGRESS, GEN. JOHN PATTON, of Clearfield County.

ISAAC G. GORDON, of Jefferson County. SAMUEL M. LAWRENCE, of Elk County. FOR COMMISSIONER, ALEX. MURRAY, of Girard Township. FOR AUDITOR. ELLIS IRWIN, of Goshen Township

FOR ASSEMBLY, "

OUR CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS. Our fellow citizen, Gen. John Patton, has received the nomination for Congress, from the party to which we adhere, and to-day we

raise his name to our mast-head.

Gen. Patton and his family have for many years been residents of Clearfield County. He is now in the prime of life, -in the full maturity of all-his powers. But a few years ago he started in the world a penniless boy, relying for support upon himself. He is now widely known as one of the most enterprising, energetic and successful business men in this portion of the State. He is self-made and selfreliant. His success in life arises from two traits of character possessed by him in an eminent degree-quickness of perception; promptness and energy in action. The General is what may be called a whole-souled man. He never does a thing in a mean and niggardly manner. It he supports a cause, he gives it a hearty and generous support. He acts upon the principle that whatever is worth doing at all, is worth doing well.

If he should be elected, as we have no doubt he will, both his political friends and enemies will know where to find him,-it will be supporting the administration of Abraham Lincoln, and the best interests of his native State. All the leading principles of the Republican party are in accordance with Gen. Patton's settled convictions and feelings. On the vexed question of slavery he stands just where Jefferson, Clay and Webster stood, and where our whole party now stand-opposed to any interference with slavery in the States where it exists, but also firmly opposed to its extension into the Territories where it does not exist. His doctrine and that of the party simply is: Let slavery alone in the States where it is. but do not extend it further.

Gen. Patton has always been in favor of a Protective Tariff. He believes that this is needed to put in operation our furnaces and manufacturing establishments, and to give employment to thousands who are now left destitute. On this, as well as every other question, Pennsylvania can safely trust him. He will be true to his principles, his constituents,

In conclusion, we say to our friends, work on; your candidates are worthy of your efforts, and your efforts will be crowned with success.

FOSTER NON-COMEATABLE!

In the published accounts of the proceedings of the Democratic State Committee at Cresson, it is stated that "Mr. Carrigan, on " behalf of the committee which had been ap-" pointed to wait on Gen. Foster, said they " had hunted for him in the hotel and adjoin-"ing woods, but could not find him."

We should like to know what has become of even his fellow Democrats hear him speak? Is he apprehensive that some indiscreet partisan might ask him to define his position ?-to say whether he is in favor of Popular Sovereignty, or a Slave Code for the Territories? whether he is for Free Trade, or for a Protective Tariff? whether he is for Breckinridge, or for Douglas? whether he is for anything or anybody except for Foster? From what his friends said of him immediately after his nomination, one would have supposed that he was of the finest pines the world can boast of .the equal of Clay and Webster, and that his thrilling eloquence would be heard in every valley, and upon every hill-top in the State. Not a word, however, can be got out of him; he sings "mum;" and keen-scented as were the Cresson committee, they could not find him in the hotel or in the "adjoining woods." He must be as artful at dodging his friends as he is at dodging the issues involved in the canvass. The question now arises, what has become of Poster? Has he treed? Is he lurking in a hollow log on the mountains? Or does he occupy the position of the absconding offender, who was returned by the officer as being "in swampum, up stumpum, et rail-o?"

HON. ISAAC HAZLEHURST, who was the A. merican candidate for Governor of Pennsylwania in 1857, is now advocating the election of Lincoln and Hamlin. On Monday evening of last week he addressed a large and enthusigstic meeting of the friends of "honest old Abe," held at Reading. He counsels a united support of the Chicago nom

TO RIDGWAY AND BACK.

We last week made a trip to Elk county.

On Tuesday morning, in company with Wm. McBride, Esq., we started from here in a buggy for Ridgway to attend the Congressional Conference. We followed the new road which passes along 'Moose creek, through the "green woods," to the Sinnamahoning. We have traveled over some bad roads in our time, but this is decidedly the worst one we have ever seen. There are mud-holes so large and so deep that it is almost impossible for a horse to draw a vehicle through them, it not unfrequently happening that the wheels would sink until the green, slimy mire would cover the hubs and axle, whilst at other times our buggy was in imminent peril of being overturned, and we in danger of being immersed in the "rankest compound" of filth that mortal ever beheld. Had it not been for the genial conversation, and "winning way" of 'Squire Tyler, who led the van, we should certainly have been disposed to lose our temper and indulge in some ejaculations that might not have been regarded as altogether pious or refined. The delightful scenery of the Sinnamahoning valley, the fields of thrifty corn, the sweet odor of the buckwheat blossoms, and the excellent dinner prepared by the hospitable family of Mr. Tyler, soon restored us to our usual good humor, and repaid us amply for all we had undergone. The 'Squire has a fine farm, and has just erected a large, commodious brick house, which will be completed in a short time, and will make his property as valuable and desirable as any we know in this part of the country.

Leaving Tyler's about five o'clock, we resumed our journey, and reached Centreville, a romantic little village 10 miles trom our des tination, some time after dark, and there put up for the night with Lew. Zimmerman, who is well known to many here, and who keeps one of the best country taverns we have stopped at recently. On the way we had the benefit of a heavy shower, which caused us to travel more tardily than we had expected, and had the effect of dispersing several parties that had that day been "huckleberrying" on the "barrens" beyond the Sinnamahoning.

Next morning we hurried on to Ridgway. The "Hyde House" presenting a fine exterior induced us to stop there, and soon we found that, in this instance at least, appearances were not deceptive. Mr. Osgood, the lessee, is a live Yankee and clever fellow, who knows how to entertain guests and render them comfortable. There is another hotel, the "Exchange," kept by Mr. Luther, which also has the reputation of being a good house.

Ridgway is a new town, situated at the

It is surrounded by high hills and "dim woods," the fields filled with stumps and dead trees, but upon the whole it is a thrifty place, bearing unmistakable evidences of having an enterprising, go-ahead population. When the Sunbury and Erie Railroad is once completed. it will be an important point, and cannot fail to do a large business. The town is supplied with water by a large spring at the base of one of the hills, from whence it is carried by means of pipes to the houses, and we were told that the spring was of sufficient capacity to supply a population of several thousand. The Court House is a small wooden building, but we have no doubt it will in due time be superseded by a larger and more substantial structure. We were surprised to find the town contained no church of any description-a deficiency which the citizens should at once supply. Our friend, "Hank" Souther, has a snug residence, surrounded by trees and shrubbery, and to use a common saying, "lives quite at home." In the forenoon he invited all the delegates to his house, where an hour was spent very agreeably. Indeed, so far as we became acquainted with the citizens of Ridgthem, and cannot but regard them as a kind, open-hearted, hospitable class of people. In the afternoon the Congressional Conference met and nominated Gen. Patton, and in the evening the Representative conferees assembled and made their selection of candidates, but as the proceedings are given in full in another column, we refer our readers to them for particulars. We must not omit to mention the boasted prowess, and superior debating that we were very courteously treated by Mr. talents of Mr. Foster ? Is he afraid to let Barret of the Advocate, and by the accommodating employees of the establishment.

On Thursday, we took up our homeward march, but instead of returning over the miserable road through the "green woods," we went up the Sinnamahoning, through Huston and Union townships, expecting to reach Luthersburg the same evening. Having miscalculated the distance, night overtook us in the dense forests which cover the north-western portion of our county, and contain some After groping along in the dark, we finally, about 9 o'clock, whilst slowly climbing a hill, met a man, whom we hailed, and finding that he was none other than our friend David Dressler, we at once gladly accepted his invitation to stay with him till morning-and it is altogether probable that our jaded horse was not in the least sorry that we did so. The ly devoted to the interests of the people of kindness and attention of 'Squire Dressler this region, cannot fail to secure a hearty supand his estimable lady will not soon be forgotten by either our companion or ourself.

Friday morning we proceeded to Luthersdinner, got a most capital meal, found Mr. they need not be ashamed. Reed an attentive and obliging landlord, whom we trust our friends will patronize on visiting that place, and in the afternoon came home by way of Curwensville, to enter once more upon the stern duties that were awaiting

resolutions endorsing Lincoln and Hamlin The September number, which is before us, cononly course that will defeat Locofocoism and which nominated Mr. Patton. If any one had engraving of "The Gleaners." There are quite a

MICHAEL A. FRANK, ESQ.

We cheerfully give place to the following letter from Mr. Frank. It expresses the sentiments of a true man, and cannot fail to make him many new and ardent friends, and secure him the confidence and esteem of his party :-

CLEARFIELD, PA., Aug. 11, 1860. EDITOR RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL :- Having, in our Convention on the 3d inst., received the recommendation of this county as one of the candidates for Assembly, I take this method of returning my thanks to my friends for the large vote given me on that occasion; and also of expressing my gratitude for the flattering support I received in the District Conference held at Ridgway on the 8th, at which Isaac G. Gordon and Samuel M. Lawrence were nominated. Mr. Gordon is well known to the people of this county as an honest and talented man, who represented the District faithfully last winter. Mr. Lawrence, for several years a resident of Elk county, is a younger brother of Hon. Wm. C. A. Lawrence, late Speaker of the House of Representatives, who died not long since. He has the capacity and qualifications to make a good legislator, and having full assurances that the interests of Clearfield county shall be properly attended to in the event of his and Mr. Gordon's election, I have no hesitation in recommending him to the favorable attention of the party in this portion of the District. Gen. Patton, a man of capacity, integrity and indomitable energy, having obtained the unanimous nomination for Congress, I could scarcely expect that another candidate from Clearfield county should be placed on the ticket, and am, therefore, perfectly satisfied with the result of the Conference, and take this early opportunity of urging my triends to give, as I shall give, a hearty and active support to the whole ticket, feeling convinced that if this is done, it will be triumphantly elected on the second Tuesday of October, and that it will be followed by the election of Lincoln and Hamlin in Novem-Yours, &c., M. A. FRANK.

THE "FUSION" MOVEMENT .- Last week the Democratic State Central Committee met at Cresson for the purpose of coming to terms about an electoral ticket for Pennsylvania.

The following resolution was finally adopted: Resolved, That the Democratic Electoral Ticket be headed with the names of Douglas and Breckinridge, as electors at large; and in the event of the success of the said ticket, if the greatest number shall have been cast for Mr. Douglas, then the vote of the electoral college of the State shall be cast for Donglas and Johnson; but if for Mr. Breckinridge, then for Breckinridge and Lane. If the vote of Pennsylvania cannot elect the candidate for whom the majority of the votes are cast, and can elect any other man running for President, claiming to be a Democrat, then the vote of the electoral college shall be cast for that candidate. If it will not elect either of the candidates for whom it is cast, or any of the Democrats who are voted for in the State, then the vote shall be cast for the candidate who has the majority of the votes of the State. and the chairman of the convention be required to obtain their several and distinct pledges of acquiescence in the foregoing resolution,

meeting of the Convention. Douglas men, however, resisted the action of the Committee, and will not submit to be "sold" out by an arrangement which, if successful, will give the electoral vote to Breckinridge, Bell, Gerrit Smith, or any other canthe 15th, (to-day,) we shall soon know to a certainty what they will do in the matter. In all probability, they will reject the proposition, ciples, are bright and glorious. for the State Sentinel, the Douglas organ at Harrisburg, in an article on the subject, says: "We deliberately spit upon it and trample it under our feet as something too vile for any honorable Democrat to touch."

DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATION .-The Democratic Conferees of the Wild-cat District met at Brookville on the 8th inst., and nominated James K. Kerr, of Venango, as their candidate for Congress, on the 81st ballot. No resolutions were adopted, the Conferees doubtless thinking it wouldn't be safe to try an experiment of that sort. The way, we were favorably impressed towards Brookville Star speaks of the candidate, and the Convention which nominated him, thus :-

"Mr. Kerr is a member of the Franklin bar, and has supported the Buchanan Administration in all its iniquities, (if we are rightly informed,) and we presume expects to go down with it. The delegates from Clearfield asserted repeatedly that no other man before the Convention could carry that county but Judge Leonard, and that if Gen. Patton was nominated by the Rupublicans, the Democratic party there would sink to rise no more. The delegates from Clarion said that Patrick Kerr was the only man who would keep up the majority of their county. Neither of those men were nominated, so we expect to carry both those counties. A little man by the name of Guthrie said if W. P. Jenks was nominated, he could run 400 Republican votes in Warren county. If that is so, "distance lends enchantment to the view." The Convention was composed of good natured, intelligent looking gentlemen, and although they showed some of the Rodgers and Wise, after which the Convention spirit of Baltimore and Charleston, it wound up very pleasantly, (at least apparently so.) James K. Kerr is now the nominee of the divided Democratic party, and James K. Kerr will be badly beaten."

THE ASSEMBLY TICKET .- At the Representative Conferee Meeting, held at Ridgway on the 8th inst., Isaac G. Gordon, Esq., of Jefferson county, and Samuel M. Lawrence, of Elk our party for the State Legislature. They are port throughout the whole district. We place dent that our friends in this county will give

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK is now the oldest publication of its class in America, having outlived many ambitious rivals, and has reached a prodigious circulation, of which we are pleased to say, it is eminently worthy. We but express our conviction when we pronounce it the EEST ladies magazine, taking it all in all, within our knowledge, CONGRESSIONAL CONFERENCE.

The Conferees of the Republican party of the Wednesday, August 8th, and organized by selecting Major W. W. Wise, of Brookvile, as Clearfield, met in the Court House at Ridg-President, and S. B. Row, of Clearfield, as

The names of the several counties being called over, the following persons presented their credentials and were recognized as dele-

Clarion-Samuel Young, Miller Beatty. Clearfield-Joseph B. McEnally, William

M'Bride, S. B. Row. Elk-A. H. Head, Robert Rothrock, Charles

Forest-Peter G. Reed, John N. Garrison, William Fox. Jefferson-William W. Wise, W. E. Gilles-

ie, F. C. Coryell. M'Kean-William A. Nichols, Lucius Rodgers, S. Holmes.

Warren-J. R. Clark, W. O. Blodget. Venango-Not represented.

On motion, the Delegates from Clarion and Warren were allowed to cast three votes for

On motion, the Convention proceeded to nominate candidates, as follows: Mr. Young nominated G.W. Lathy, of Clarion. Mr. Corvell " John Patton, of Clearfield.

Mr. Holmes " G. W. Scoffeld, of Warren. The nominations having closed, the Convenion, proceeded to take a ballot with the following result:

9 votes. John Patton had Geo. W. Lathy had Glenni W. Scofield had Neither of the candidates having a majority of the votes cast, the Convention took a sec ond ballot, which resulted as follows:

John Patton received 10 votes G. W. Lathy received G. W. Scoffeld received No choice having been made, a third ballot was ordered, which resulted thus :

For Patton " Lathy, " Scoffeld. Mr. Patton having received a majority of all

he votes, was declared nominated as the candidate for Congress. Mr. Clark, of Warren, moved that the nominstion of GEN. JOHN PATTON, of Clearfield county, be made unanimous, which motion

was carried, all the delegates voting in the affirmative. Mr. Young, of Clarion, moved that a Committee of three be appointed to draft resolutions, and that another committee of three be appointed to apprise Gen. Patton of his nomi-

The motion prevailed, and the Chair appointed Messrs. Young, Rogers, and McEnally as the Committee on Resolutions, and Messrs. Young, Blodget, and Reed the Committee to inform Gen. Patton of his nomination.

On motion, Convention adjourned till o'clock in the evening. 7 o'clock, P. M .- Convention re-assembled. The Committee on Resolutions made the fol-

lowing report, which was read and unanimous-1. Resolved, That we hail with pleasure the luauguration of a new era in the political affairs of our country, and that the 4th of March next will wind up the present farce of a government; that the present falsely denominated Democratic party is crumbling to pieces The Breckinridge wing had a majority in from the result of its own extravagancies and the Committee, and carried their point. The corruptions, and that its vascillating course upon all questions in which the free man has a vital interest, is the natural result of its sale

grave of political oblivion-a consummation devoutly wished for by all good citezens. 2. Resolved, That we concur with delight in the nomination of Abraham Lincoln and didate. As the Douglasites have called a Hannibal Hamlin as candidates for President State Convention, to meet at Harrisburg on and Vice President of the United States .-We earnestly recommend them to the support of every man who has at heart the wellfare of his country. Their prospects, like their prin-

to the nigger-driver, and will consign it to the

3. Resolved, That we look upon the nomination of Col. Andrew G. Curtin, for Governor, as peculiarly fortunate, and we pledge the 24th Congressional District to do her full share towards making his majority at least 30, 000 in October next.

4. Resolved, That all true Pennsylvanians cannot but feel grateful that they have one true and faithful representative in the United States Senate, in the person of her real son, Gen. Simon Cameron, and we trust that the next Legislature will give him a colleague who will not earn a world-wide reputation of being "weak in the knees" upon all questions of vital interest to the Keystone of the Federal Arch.

5. Resolved, That the course of our present member of Congress, the Hon. Chapin Hall, the past winter, his undeviating support of the gallant Sherman during the protracted struggle for the Speakership, his effort to secure the passage of the Homestead and Tariff bills, and his devoted attention to the interests of freemen whether residents of Pennsylvania or Kansas, meets with our earnest and unqualified approval, and we sincerely regret that he feels called upon to decline a re-nomination.

6. Resolved, That in the nomination of Gen. John Patton for Congress, we present a candidate of integrity and capacity, whom we can confidently reccommend to the people of this District. We pledge him a hearty support and triumphant election.

7. Resolved, That the proceedings of this Convention be published in the Elk Advocate, and in all the papers in this Congressional District which are favorable to the election of Gen. John Patton to Congress.

Appropriate remarks were then made by Messrs. McEnally, Nichols, Souther, Clarke, adjourned sine die.

THE ST. LOUIS ELECTION .- From the returns it appears that Frank Blair has been elected to Congress for the long term by nearly 1400 majority, but for the short term is defeated by about 300 votes. The St. Louis Democrat accounts for the latter result by saying that the bulk of the Union or Bell party went for Barcounty, were nominated as the candidates of rett, his competitor. While the Republicans voted for Orr, the Union candidate for Govergood and competent men, and, being avowed- | nor, the Union men pretending to occupy a position of neutrality, interfered in behalf of Barrett and secured his election for the short term. The News, the organ of the Bell party, administers a just rebuke to the members of their names at our mast-head, feeling confi. that party who voted for Barrett, telling them that their conduct is "shameful," and "most burg, stopped at the Luthersburg Hotel for them an endorsement at the election, of which thrown by Blair's friends for Judge Orr." votes for Blair were not counted, because they did not specify whether they were for the long

Later accounts indicate that Blair is also elected for the short term. The Democrats have carried the State.

TERIBLE DROUTH IN KANSAS .- A correspondent of the New York Tribune gives a most dishardly to wet the ground. He says there will the "Pat."

REPRESENTATIVE CONFERENCE.

The conferees of the Republican Party of 24th Congresional District met at Ridgway on the Representative district composed of the counties of Jefferson, Elk, McKean and way on the 8th of August, and selected Hon. Henry Souther as Chairman, and D. C. Howard as Secretary. The following delegates

answered to their names :-Elk-Henry Souther, Charles Mead, George R. Wilcox.

Jefferson-W. J. McKnight, Samuel C. Arthurs, Matthew A. Dowling.

McKean-D. C. Howard, Perry Martin, C. K. Sartwell. Clearfield-Abraham G. Hoyt, Daniel Graham, George W. Rheem.

The Convention then proceeded to nominate candidates for the Assembly. Mr. McKnight nominated Isase G. Gordon.
Mr. Martin "S. M. Lawrence.
Mr. Rheem "M. A. Frank.

Mr. Arthurs F. Y. Caldwell. Nominations closed, and the Convention proceeded to ballot, with the following result : I. G. Gordon. 11 | M. A. Frank. F. Y. Caldwell, 1 S. M. Lawrence, 6 Whereupon Isaac G. Gordon, of Jefferson

county, was declared one of the nominees. On the second ballot being taken, S. M. Lawrence received 9 votes. M. A. Frank

Samuel M. Lawrence, of Elk county, having received a majority of all the votes cast, upon the second ballot, was duly declared the other nominee of the Convention.

On motion of Mr. Dowling, the nomination of Messrs Gordon and Lawrence was made unanimous.

On motion of Mr. M'Knight, a committee of three was appointed by the Chair to wait upon Messrs. Lawrence and Gordon and inform them of their nomination. The Committee retired, and soon introduced Mr. Lawrence, who thanked the Convention for the honor which had been conferred upon him, and pledged himself to labor faithfully from the present time until the election for the success of the whole ticket.

On motion of Mr. Arthurs, it was resolved that the next Convention to nominate members of the Legislature, to be supported by the Republican party in this district, meet at Ridgway, on the 8th of August, 1861.

On motion of Mr. Hoyt, it was resolved that the proceedings of the Convention be published in the "Elk Advocate," and in all the other papers in the District favorable to the cause. The Convention then adjourned.

NEW-YORK IN 1856 AND 1860.

The following are some of the most important changes that have taken place in New

York politics since 1856:

Mr. E. R. Jewett, publisher of The Buffalo Commercial, President of the Fillmore State Committee, and chief manager of the Fillmore campain in 1856, and till very recently member of Mr. Crittenden's National Union Committee, now supports Lincoln, with all the influence of The Commercial, which has ever been an able advocate of Whig and American

The Hon, N. S. Benton, appointed Canal Auditor by the American State officers in 1856, an earnest supporter of Fillmore, and the high priced sewing machines. the American candidate for Controller in 1857 now supports Lincoln.

The Hon. George R. Babcock of Buffalo, late State Senator, a leading Old-Line Whig and American, a close personal friend and supporter of Fillmore, is stumping Western New York in support of Lincoln.

The Hon. Daniel Ullmann, the American candidate for Governor in 1854, supporter of Fillmore in 1856, now supports Lincoln.

Gen. G. A. Scroggs, President of the American State Council, candidate for Lieut. Governor on the American ticket with Ullmann in 1854, a supporter of Fillmore in 1856. delegate to the Convention that nominated Bell and Everett, Delegate to the late State Convention at which Hunt, Duer, and Brooks, proclaimed the Douglas coalition, now supports

Goldsmith Denniston, late an American Member of the Legislature and American candidate for Canal Commissioner in 1857, a warm supporter of Fillmore in 1856, now supports

Shepherd Knapp, a distinguished Old-Line Whig of New-York city, and a supporter of Fillmore in 1856, now supports Lincoln.

James O. Putnam, late American State Senator, and the eloquent advocate of the principles and candidates of the American party, the personal friend and neighbor of Mr. Fillmore, and the candidate of the American party for sundry important State and local offices, now supports Lincoln.

In 1856, there were upward of fifty journals in New-York that supported Fillmore. The number of those that support Bell and Everett does not exceed six.

"THE GOVERNMENT" fired its first gun recently in the first Congressional District of Pennsylvania, by ordering the sloop Jamestown to the navy-yard located in that district, for repairs. This is a move to secure the election of Col. Florence. If there was a navyyard in every doubtful Cobgressional district in the Union, and as many sloops attached to the service, they would all be distributed for "repairs." The administration is determined to play a strong game of forced employment and secret corruption, to secure, if possible, a "Democratic" delegation from Pennsylvania in the next Congress. To thwart them, it will be necessary for every Republican to be vigilant and earnest in his labors. Pennsylvania must not lose a single representative. If she does, she loses the prospect of procuring that protection for her industry and resourses, for which all classes of laborers and mechanics are now pining.

Hon. A T. Hamilton, of Texas, spoke at Austin on July 24. He informed his audience in plain terms, so the Gazette says, that they need not suppose, because they saw so much enthusiam around them for Breckinridge and Lane, that these gentlemen stood the best chance of being elected. On the contrary he thought that Mr. Lincoln would be elected. that Mr. Douglas would be second, Mr. Bell third, and Mr. Breckinridge would be last. He did not speak of Houston as being in the race at all though he pronounced a handsome eulogy on him (which was feebly applauded by four enthusiastic individuals) and said he would vote for him in preference to any other, if there was any hope of electing him. He would vote for Breckinridge, reluctantly, if the race should be between him and Lincoln. In addition to this, it is asserted that over 207 and denounced as traitors those who would advocate disunion on account of a Black Republican President.

A CATASTROPHE .- Out in Milwaukee, the other night, the Douglasites had a torchlight procession. The marshal, seeing one torch giving indications of exploding, called out, "Pat, your torch is bustin', throw it away." We direct special attention to the fact that and don't see how a better one could be got up. tressing account of the agricultural prospect fifty-one torches went to the ground, leaving of that Territory. He says that for the last the procession in almost utter darkness. Each were passed by the Congressional Conference tains a most beautiful fashion plate, and a steel four or five months it has not rained enough Patrick in the line had supposed himself to be

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements set up with large type or out of usual style will be charged double price for space occupied

NOTICE.—The Commissioners of Clearfield county will be in session on Friday the 24th day of August. 1860, at their office in Clearfield Borough. All persons having business with them will attend at that time. W. S. BRADLEY will attend at that time.

CAUTION.—All persons are cautioned against purchasing or taking an assignment of a note given to Aaron Owens, dated same time last fall and calling for \$14 or \$16. The said note was given for a windmill, and as I have received no value for the same I will not pay it, unless compelled by a due course of law.
Aug. 15, 1860-3tp. DAVID SPENCER Aug. 15, 1860-3tp.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE. - Letters Testa-mentary on the Estate of James White, late of Karthaus township, Clearfield co., Pa , deceased, having been granted to the undersigned re-siding in said township, all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate pay. ment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settle MARGARET WHITE, JOHN REITER,

August 15, 1860-Stp.

GRIST AND SAW MILL FOR SALE .grist and saw mill on Little Clearfield creek, in New Millport, Clearfield county. Pa. The grist mill can be run by either steam or water, or by both at the same time. The machinery is all good The location is one of the best in the county. The saw mill is in good running order and capable of sawing 4000 feet every 12 hours. There is also a dwelling house with the property. For terms, which will be moderate, apply to the subser ber residing in New Millport

MARTIN O. STIRK Aug. 15, 1860-3m. MUSIC.-MISS L. A. P. RYNDER, would announce that on Wednesday, Sept 5th, she will open, in Clearfield, a school for the study of Vocal and Instrumental Music. Desiring to make the school a permanency, she promises to remain as long as she receives a generous patronage.

Miss R. desires to call attention particularly to the fact that whereas ordinary teachers give from twenty-four to thirty lessons, of one hours length, for ten dollars, she will give sixty lessons of the same length, and twelve review lessons, to the whole class, for the same price. Each lesson is divided into two parts, Theoretical and Practical. Receiving double the amount of instruction, parents have a right to expect the pupils progress also doubled, and, if the rules of the school are

strictly followed, she pledges herself not to dis appoint them. TEXT BOOKS-Richardson or Grobe, for Piano Curtiss or Converse, for Guitar. Bassini, Cooke, or Lablache, for Voice.

TERMS-Ten dollars per quarter of seventy-two lessous, for either Piano, Guitar or Melodeon Vocal music free to every pupil studying instru-\$10.00 !! -RAYMOND'S PATENT SEW-LARS, will Fell, Gather, or do any kind of fami-

ly sewing-and so simple that any lady can learn to operate on it in half an hour. It will make one thousand stitches in a minute, and for its superiority in every respect, it took the First Premium at the Maine State Fair over all other Sewing Machines. A large number have been sold and are now in use in this borough (Brookville) and vicinity, and are pronounced the simplest and best machine ever invented-superior to most of The undersigned having purchased the Right

from the Patentee, to sell these machines in the counties of Jefferson. Clearfield, Elk, and Forest, are now ready to fill orders for the same in the above district. Orders for machines will be filled in the order of their reception. Persons wishing machines should send in their orders immediately, as we have over 30 machines already ordered in advance of our supply. Township rights for sale All applications for machines or township rights by letter or otherwise, should be addressed to A. B. M'LAIN & CO.,

Brookville, Jefferson co., Ps. TURY LIST, FOR SEPTEMBER TERM, 1860. (commencing on 4th Monday, the 24th day.) GRAND JURORS

Bell township-Adam Breth Brady township-Sam'l Arnold, Harrison Passmore, Joseph Arnold, Frederick Shaffer, Joseph Rishel, Frederick Wingort.

Burnside township-Stephen Brothers Chest township-Calvin Stevens. Covington township-William Schnarrs Curwensville borough-Daniel Faust. Decatur township - James Parsons, Jon'a Kepaart. Philip Reese Andrew Gearhart. Graham township-James F. Shoope

Huston township-Austin Brown. Lawrence township-John Dougherty, jr. Lumber city borough-Wm. V. Wright. Morris township-Dan'l Beams, Jon'a Rothrock New-Washington borough—Samuel Sebring Pike township—Abraham Snyder. Woodward township-Joseph Fiscus.

TRAVERSE JURORS-FIRST WEEK Beccaria township-Jes. W. Lull, J. H. Hegarty Bell township-Wm. T. Gilbert, J. W. Campbel Boggs tp .- I. Southard, H. Waple, The. Waple Brady township-George W Long, Joab Ogden, Jacob Geo. Yous, Levi Drancker, Jas. C. Barrett, Henry Hoover, Geo. Morgan, D. Goodlander. Bradford township-Jerome Robison.

Burnside township-Frederick Sheppard, John Rorabaugh, Philip Neff. Chest township-Josiah W. Lamburn, Jon'a Fry Clearfield borough-Lattimer R. Merrell. Curwensville boro'-Jacob Faust, Abr. Gates Decatur township-Isaac Goss. Fox township-James Blair. Girard township-Peter Lamm, Edward Wool-

ridge, Adams Spackman. Goshen township-Lewis Irwin. Guelich township-Jones Rollin. Jordan tp-P. Bloom, Jos. M'Neal, Jos. Dewalt. Karthaus tp-George Heckadon, David Haines. Knox township-John Jackson. Lawrence tp-0. Conklin, A. H. Reed, Ross Reed. Morris township-William L. Merrell. New-Washington borough-Joseph A. Breth.

Penn township—D. S. Sharp, Joseph Newcomer. Pike tp—G. B. Dale, G. B. Caldwell, J. Bloom, sr.

Union township-David Horn. TRAVERSE JURORS-SECOND WEEK. Bell township-John Orr. Boggs township-Thomas Bears, George Turner-Brady township-Jack, Long, Jeremiah Kriner. Bradford township-John Dale, A. H. Lucas, eorge W. Gearhart.

Burnside township-C. C. Mitchell, John Mc Cullough, Eben McMasters. Chest township-Daniel Gorman, S. McEwen. Clearfield borough-Jefferson Litz, Henry Sny der, Wm. Radebaugh

Covington township-John M. Reiter.

Ferguson township-Geo. Straw. P M'Cracken. Goshen township-Robert Bumgardner. Graham tw'p-Martin V. French, Isaac Kylst Guelieh township-James A. Hegarty. Lawrence township-George Guelich. Lumber-city boro'-John Broomall, John Fer-

guson, Jesse Spencer.

Morris tp-W. Deviney, Jos. Denning, Ed. Perks.

Pike township-Joseph M. Spencer, Jacob Ritter. Union township-John Brubaker, Benjamin F Harley, Levi Dressler.

Woodward township-Christian Shoff. STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, Clearfield Orphans' Court of the county of Clearfield, do certify, that at an Orphans' court held at Clearfield the 29th day of June, A. D. 1860, before the Honorable the Judges of said court. On motion a rule was granted upon the heirs and representatives of Hannah Young, deceased, to come into court on the Fourth Monday of September next, to accept or refuse the real estate of said decedent, at the valuation made thereof, or show cause why the

same should not be sold. In testimony whereof. I have hereunto so L.S. my hand and affixed the seal of said court at Aug. 8, 1860. JAMES WRIGLEY. Clerk.

bring the Government of the country back to that state of purify designed for it by its founders. This is another evidence of how matters are moving.

There are quite a doubts as to the policy of our Country Convention adopting such a resolution, the action of the conference must certainly remove them. We must occupy an unmistakeable position.

The doubts as to the policy of our Country Convention adopting such a resolution, the action of the conference must certainly remove them. We must occupy an unmistakeable position.

There are quite a doubts as to the policy of our Country Convention and particular destroyed, the hot sun having designed for it by its foundation and particular destroyed, the hot sun having designed for it by its foundation and particular destroyed, the hot sun having designed for it by its foundation and particular destroyed, the hot sun having designed for it by its foundation and particular destroyed, the hot sun having destroyed and the grass.

There are quite a doubts destroyed in Southeren Kansa.

The destroyed the country back to the resolution and particular destroyed in Southeren Kansa.

The doubts as to the policy of our Country Southeren Kansa.

The doubts as to the policy of our Country Southeren Kansa.

The are are quite a sun having the sun having south a resolution of the resolution and particular destroyed.

The corn is nearly or quite dead, and the grass.