

Raftsmen's Journal.



S. B. ROW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA., MAY 30, 1860.

FOR PRESIDENT, HON. ABRAHAM LINCOLN, OF ILLINOIS. FOR VICE PRESIDENT, HON. HANNIBAL HAMLIN, OF MAINE.

FOR GOVERNOR, HON. ANDREW G. CURTIN, OF CENTRE CO.

IN TROUBLE AGAIN.

The editor of that immaculate sheet—the Clearfield Republican—is once more in "a peck of trouble." His mind is wonderfully disturbed about the Chicago nominations, and unless soon calmed, must result fatally.

Our readers will thus see that there is again a sectional ticket in the field for President and Vice President, nominated by the John Brown Republicans of the Northern States, who have declared unrelenting hostility, with war to the knife, on the inhabitants and institutions of the Southern States.

It will doubtless surprise most people to learn that the Republicans are such a blood-thirsty set of fellows as our neighbor here makes them out to be. We always thought they were a peaceable, law-abiding party, and heretofore had no idea that they intended cutting the throats of their southern brethren with butcher knives, or playing the "ancient Henry" with their institutions.

Our neighbor thinks "the nomination has fallen like a wet blanket upon the 'irrepressibles' here and many other places," and consoles himself with the idea that the Bates and McLean men have "grave faces." So far as we can learn the nominations are not only generally satisfactory but are enthusiastically received by the "irrepressibles" here and many other places; and if any one wishes to see a "grave face," all that is necessary is to hunt a Democratic editor and ask him who was nominated at Charleston. An "irrepressible" couldn't possibly dampen his ardor more effectually.

The Philistines after him.—It being quite apparent that the nomination of "honest Abe Lincoln" is very popular and creates a great deal of enthusiasm among the masses of the people, the Democratic editors have already commenced to defame his good name and to misrepresent his public acts. In this they are the villainous old reprobate of the N. Y. Herald leads off, and is followed by the whole horde of small-fry editors scattered over the country. After having abused Mr. Seward in the most brutal and indecent manner for his utterance of the "irrepressible conflict" doctrine, they now change front, and after acknowledging that he is the greatest statesman living, assert that not he, but that Lincoln is the author of that doctrine, the latter having enunciated similar views at least six months before Mr. Seward made his famous Rochester speech. No one will be at a loss to know what construction to put upon this effort of the Democratic press to shift the "irrepressible conflict" from Gov. Seward's to Mr. Lincoln's shoulders.

Col. Curtin's Prospects.—The election of Col. A. G. Curtin is conceded to be a fixed fact. From all portions of our good old Commonwealth, the most cheering news is brought us, that the people are united and determined to elect Col. Curtin, the People's candidate for Governor, by an immense majority. The Buchanan men are chop-fallen and disconcerted, and feel that their glory is about to depart, without organization or energy in their ranks. Let this not deter any friends of our noble and talented candidate from using the most timely exertions on behalf of the election; but let it encourage us to "push on the column" and make the victory more decisive and brilliant. It looks now, as though his majority would reach thirty or forty thousand.

Found the Nigger.—The democratic papers have been very loud and very solemn in their notes of blame on the Black Republican party for their agitation of the slavery question. According to their assertion, we find a nigger everywhere. Pray, who "found the nigger" at Charleston? There was not a Black Republican in the whole city. There was no one there but Northern and Southern Democrats, and yet there was found the rankest kind of nigger in the woodpile. The "irrepressible conflict" between freedom and slavery was never carried so far before, as in this brotherhood of Democrats! Who makes all this "agitation"?

It seems there is to be no lack of Presidential candidates before the people this Fall. A meeting was held in New York the other night by members of the Constitutional Union Party, who are not satisfied with the nomination of Mr. Bell, and preliminary arrangements were made for bringing Sam Houston into the field. A Mass Convention was called for this evening, to ratify his nomination.

WHAT OUR OPPONENTS SAY.

The New York Sun, a democratic newspaper in a long leader on the Chicago nominations, thus refers to the Republican candidate for the Presidency: "The first impression produced among our city politicians, and that of rejection of Mr. Seward and the nomination of Mr. Lincoln by the Chicago Convention was a blunder. It is now removed by subsequent reflection. It is now admitted that Mr. Lincoln's nomination is a strong one, and that he will receive the united and cordial support of the party. He is, emphatically, a man of the people, and owes his present proud position to his own efforts and energy."

Of a poor but honest parents, he was early thrown upon his own resources, and was obliged at one time to work as a common farm laborer to earn a livelihood. It is said that he received but about six months of a regular school education; but if he had not the assistance of schoolmasters, he had a strong and clear mind, which he industriously improved. His life is an example of what the poorest boy may attain to in this free country, by habits of industry and self-culture. Mr. Lincoln is peculiarly a self-made, self-educated man, and is, in all respects, a sterling representative of the "go-ahead" American character. That he would, if elected, make a good President, we do not entertain a doubt.

"His chances of an election are certainly good, unless the Democrats show more wisdom at Baltimore than they did at Charleston. The people are tired of being ruled by professional politicians, and they would rather vote for a man like Mr. Lincoln, who holds in a measure, an independent position, than for an old party leader, who has friends to reward and enemies to punish."

THE ADMINISTRATION CORRUPTIONS.—A dispatch to the N. Y. Tribune, dated Washington, May 22d, says:—"Mr. Wendell again appeared before the Covode Committee, and testified that while the President or Cabinet did not specifically direct him to apply money to carry the Lecompton bill through the House, his intercourse with them at that time fully justified the inference that he was to be benefited by the expenditure. Otherwise he would not have appropriated \$30,000 or \$40,000 of his own money. The expectation was that he would receive remunerative patronage, which was subsequently realized in part. All his testimony on this and other delicate points has been constrained, and evidently embarrassed by the knowledge that every disclosure affecting those in authority would involve himself. In comparing his check-book with the accounts of the Bank of the Metropolis, several weeks ago, an item of \$250 was charged to 'Foster for Pennsylvania' among the moneys appropriated for electing purposes in that State, and dated the 22d of September, three weeks before the Congressional election. He was then asked whether the Foster thus named was the present Democratic candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania, and who ran against Mr. Covode for Congress in 1858. No satisfactory answer could be obtained at the time, but when the interrogatory was repeated to-day, he admitted knowing no other Foster for whose benefit the money could have been applied, and said that large sums had been intrusted to Mr. Witte, an ex-Member from Pennsylvania, for distribution during that canvass."

The House of Representatives at Washington refused to appropriate a cent of money to maintain an auxiliary police force in that city. When a number of Republicans called at the residence of Senator Hamlin, on Saturday evening the 19th, for the purpose of congratulating him on his nomination for the Vice Presidency, they were attacked by an organized mob. Stones and other missiles were thrown into the procession, and those who composed it were assailed with insulting and indecent language. The authorities of the city made a futile attempt to suppress the disturbance, no doubt secretly approving of it. But they were soon struck with a very serious afterthought—they had a reputation for ferocity; and it was very properly defeated by the Republican majority. In the debate on the subject it was shown that, although it is customary to detail police for attendance at public meetings of the other political parties in Washington, not one was present on his occasion. The police, we presume, considered that Republicans have no rights which they were bound to respect, and the consequence is that their pay will be somewhat diminished for the current year.

THE CONSERVATIVES UPON LINCOLN.—The National Intelligencer, which is one of the most conservative journals in the country, as well as one of the most in Congress, says of Mr. Lincoln in its issue of the 25th inst.: "A distinguished alibi for the ability and amenity which he brought to the discharge of his public duties; that the 'selection was a tribute no less to the political position held by Mr. Lincoln among his confederates than to the popular talents he is admitted by all to possess, and, in consequence of the deep and wide public interest that was felt in the issue of the contest between him and Mr. Douglas, his name acquired a new celebrity beyond the bounds of his State, while the manner in which he bore himself throughout that arduous struggle has doubtless largely contributed to procure for him the distinction he has just received at the hands of his party, assembled in general convention; and that Mr. Lincoln is 'justly entitled to his private worth and proved ability to wear with dignity any honor his friends may be able to confer upon him.'"

OF Mr. Hamlin the Intelligencer says: "Of the worthy gentleman placed in nomination for the Vice Presidency it must be unnecessary for us to speak, as his long career in the Senate of the United States has familiarized his name to all our readers, who, with us, will bear willing testimony to the fidelity and industry with which he has fulfilled the high public trusts confided to him by the people of the State which he has so long, in part, been called to represent."

Forty hard-fisted laborers of the first ward in the City of New-York, left the Democratic ranks, a number of two ago, and came out for the "Rail-Mauler" and "Carpenter" ticket. We notice many more such expressions of sympathy in other quarters, amongst the working people. It is one that breaks through all political parties, and must be felt in the grand result.

The Delaware State Journal and the Delaware Republican, both Filmore papers in the last Presidential campaign, fly the Republican flag of Lincoln and Hamlin. Delaware may safely be classed among the Republican States. She will go strong for the Chicago nominees. The State was fully represented in the National Convention, the delegates being from among her best citizens.

PENNSYLVANIA ITEMS.

PREPARED FOR THE "RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL." CLEARFIELD COUNTY.—During the heavy storm on the 21st inst., the house of John H. Musser, in Harris township, was struck by lightning and badly shattered. The chimney was torn to pieces, stoves, tables, and chairs scattered in every direction, and dishes and other articles demolished. There were eight persons in the house at the time, all of whom escaped uninjured except a little girl who had her hair burnt off, and Mr. Musser who was severely stunned. The glass was all broken, and the house was fired at several places, but the flames were fortunately extinguished. The leaden water-pipes were melted for a considerable distance from the house. The damage is heavy. Wm. Grassler, a silver smith who resides in Boalsburg, on the 19th inst., fell asleep on a chair in the Riviere House in Lewisburg, and was robbed of about \$30. It is not known who committed the robbery.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY.—The residence of Mr. J. J. Hollibaugh, of Brady's Bend township, was destroyed by a fire a few days ago, together with nearly every thing that was in it. The fire was occasioned by a defect in the stove-pipe flue, and broke out about the middle of the day. There were no men about at the time, and the women, becoming terrified, failed to save anything, except a small quantity of bed clothing. In the loss is embraced a quantity of grain, a considerable amount of money, and a gold watch worth one hundred dollars, which had been left with Mr. H., by a gentleman, as a security for a note. It is interesting to state the fact that troubles never come singly. The family of Mr. H., had been, during this spring, nearly all prostrated with scarlet fever, and several of the children had not entirely recovered, when his house was destroyed by fire.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.—On Sunday morning, the 20th inst., the store house of Philip Shannon, in Kinggold, was destroyed by fire, together with a large portion of the goods. The loss is estimated at from \$2,000 to \$2,500. Mr. Shannon had just received his summer stock of goods, many of which had not been opened. The fire was discovered about three o'clock in the morning, and the whole roof being on fire it was impossible to stop the flames. In endeavoring to get out some powder which was on the second story, Mr. Shannon burned his feet badly, but finally succeeded in securing what he was after. The goods on the lower floor were saved, but those on the second floor, together with the groceries and heavy articles were destroyed. There was no insurance, and the loss will fall heavily on Mr. Shannon.

BLAIR COUNTY.—On Saturday the 11th, a little girl, aged about five years, daughter of Mrs. Wire, was so much injured by a fall from the balcony of the Washington House, in Altoona, that her life is despaired of. It appears that she was playing on the balcony, attached to the second story of the rear building, around which there are no banisters, and getting too near the edge, tumbled over and fell into cellar of the building, the door leading to which had been left open. In falling, her head struck some hard substance and broke a hole in her forehead about the size of a penny. No hopes are entertained of her recovery.

A letter from Paris tells a strange story of a recovery in science, culminating in a melancholy lament. A private family had under her charge a little Russian boy, who had been born deaf and dumb. The gentle disposition of the boy greatly endeared him to the governess, who devoted much of her time in developing his intelligence, and enabling him to keep pace with her other pupils. After many sleepless nights, and many experiments, the lady finally resolved to employ in opening the world to her poor little prisoner. Her application to persons previously successful; numerous other experiments indicated that the grand secret had been discovered; the Monthyon Prize was awarded to the lady; and she rapidly rose from poverty and dependence to wealth and fame as a benefactor of her race. But alas! the sudden transition was too much for a mind so long overburdened by study and devotion to a single object; the reason of the poor lady gave way, and she has since been conveyed, a hopeless maniac, to a maison de fous, at Montmartre.

The Baltimore Patriot has been informed by one of the delegates to the late Chicago Convention that the Committee who were appointed to convey to Mr. Lincoln the official notice of his nomination as their candidate for President, repaired to Springfield, Illinois, in the fulfillment of this duty. He stated that Mr. L. resides in a comfortable mansion in the suburbs of the city, and as the Committee proceeding to his residence they attracted much attention. His neighbors, knowing that Mr. Lincoln was a strictly temperance man, at once dispatched their servants with waters covered with bottles of wine, brandy, whisky, &c., to enable him to offer what they conceived was proper to these distinguished guests. Mr. Lincoln met the servants who had the charge of these refreshments, and requested that they should be taken to the kitchen, but he duly appreciated their kindness, but he could not consent to violate a long established rule of conduct, and that he should treat his guests with plentiful draughts of delicious and pure ice water.

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.—A daughter of Rev. A. S. Freeman, pastor of the Presbyterian church at Haverstraw, N. Y., was killed on Monday by Mrs. Kirkpatrick, a neighbor, during a fit of insanity. The woman was very fond of the little girl, and had been heard to say, "She is too good for earth—she must not, shall not live;" and then, turning her face to the wall, she muttered to herself, "Must I do it—how can I do it?" But those who heard these remarks understood not their meaning. They informed the doctor, and the little girl was at Mr. K.'s house, playing with his little girl, and the woman, having sent away her own daughter on an errand, took a carving knife, and cut the child's neck completely around, thus almost severing the head from the body. When her daughter returned, the wretched woman said to her, "I have done it." "Done what?" asked her daughter. "Why, killed Carrie," was her reply. She has been sent to an asylum.

SENATOR CAMERON AND MR. LINCOLN.—A grand demonstration took place at Harrisburg, on Friday night, in response to the nominations made at Chicago. Hon. Simon Cameron presided, and made an excellent speech on taking the chair, endorsing the nominations of Lincoln and Hamlin, in a most cordial and emphatic manner. Speeches were also made by Hon. Jos. Casey and A. J. Herr, Esq., both of whom were active supporters of Filmore in 1856. The State Capitol Band discoursed music during the evening, and 100 guns were fired from the Capitol grounds. The meeting was large and enthusiastic, and old Dauphin will roll up her old Whig majority of 1200 for Lincoln, without fail.

The Presbyterian Board of Domestic Missions will report this year an increase of more than \$20,000, and the Board of Foreign Missions a still further increase of upwards of \$30,000 over the income of the previous year. This exhibition is regarded as a satisfactory proof of the vitality of the Church, and inspires its members with fresh zeal.

LETTER FROM IOWA.

NEWTON, Jasper Co., May 12th, 1860. Mr. S. B. Row:—Dear Sir, On the 25th April, I left my old home near New Washington, in the midst of a snow-storm, which continued all day. In Indiana, our friends, Samuel Sebring and John Rorbaugh left us; on Thursday evening we took the cars there, and on Saturday about 10 o'clock we reached Wilton Station, where we remained with our friend Garrett McQuillin, until Monday morning, when we started for this place, 130 miles distant. To Iowa City, 30 miles of the way, we traveled in the cars, the rest of the distance in a coach, and though the coach was piled full, we landed safe and sound, and in good spirits. It was a novelty for my family to look over the vast prairies and see the chickens running wild in droves. We have a house to move in, and 22 acres of ground to put in corn this summer. Times are just middling. Horses are worth from \$100 to \$150; cows from \$15 to \$30; hogs demand high prices, from 3 to 4 cents per pound live weight, only 15 cents a bushel; flour \$2 John Bacon, vs. Montclair, Ten Eyck & Co. Thomas Owens, vs. Peter Bloom, Boynton & Forrest. H. S. Chase et al, vs. Wm. H. Worrell, Cecil Bank, vs. Shaw & Ogden, James M. Leonard, vs. M. & J. Denning, Samuel McCune, vs. John M. Chase et al, John Dubois Jr, vs. Andrew Baum et al.

It has been rather dry in Iowa this spring, but since I came here, we have had some rain, which has done us good, and the health of the people is good. Now is a good time to start in this country as provisions are cheap. I think if some of our neighbors would see this beautiful west, they would forsake stumps and stones and roots, and come where they could farm easy. I plowed one half day without getting tired once. That looked like farming. My family are well satisfied with Iowa. Yours truly, ISRAEL RORBAUGH.

A WESTERN TORNADO.—The southern portion of Ohio was on Monday a week the scene of one of those terrific summer tornadoes peculiar to the West, and which, in suddenness and violence, cannot, perhaps, be exceeded in any portion of the world. Cincinnati appears to have been the victim of its greatest fury. Rising in a gathering cloud in the northwest, of that singular and threatening density which always precedes a western tornado, the storm swept over the city, unroofing nearly every public building, carrying away steeples, and damaging more or less every house in the city. On the roads whole forests of trees were torn up; steamers were capsized on the river, and even the locomotive and passenger cars on one railroad, at the Kentucky side, were blown clear off the track. The damage done to buildings amounts to half a million of dollars. The tornado seems to have extended seven miles to the northwest of the city, and its effects extend as far east as the town of Chillicothe, sweeping away trees by the thousand, straggling them over the railroad, and demolishing houses, railroad depots, and factories in its course.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. Advertisements set up with large type or out of usual style will be charged double price for space occupied. NOTICE.—I have transferred all my interest in the stock of merchandise and book accounts by me to H. D. Patton, Esq., of H. D. Patton, Esq., and Daniel Faust, who are authorized to settle and receive all balances on said books. JOHN PATTON. Curwensville, Pa., May 10, 1860. ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the Estate of Daniel Wetzel, late of Girard township, Clearfield county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, by the Hon. J. B. Patterson, personally indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them, duly authenticated for settlement, to the undersigned. SUSANNAH WETZEL, Administratrix. May 30, 1860-6tp.

NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS! PATTON, HIPPLE & CO. The subscribers have purchased the stock of merchandise lately owned by John Patton, in Curwensville, and have just added a fresh supply of SEASONABLE GOODS, which will be sold low. Please call and examine our stock. We respectfully ask a share of public patronage. The books of John Patton, have also been transferred and will be settled by us. H. D. PATTON, DANIEL FAUST. May 10, 1860.

NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS!! H. L. HENDERSON & CO. Have just received and opened the old stand of Lewis Smith, in Bethlehem, an extensive and well selected assortment of the most fashionable SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, Staple and Fancy. The stock consists in part of Prints and Dress Goods of the latest styles, together with Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Drugs, Medicines, Fish, Tobacco, Segars, Hats and Caps, Bonnets and Shawls, &c., and a large variety of useful notions and such articles as are usually kept in a country store. All goods will be sold cheap for cash. Give us a call and see for yourselves, before you buy elsewhere. MAY 21, 1860. H. L. HENDERSON & CO.

THE CLEARFIELD ACADEMY will be opened for the reception of pupils (male and female) on Monday, May 25th. Terms, per session of eleven weeks. Orthography, Reading, Writing, Primary Arithmetic and Geography, \$2.50 Higher Arithmetic, English Grammar, Geography and History, \$3.00 Algebra, Geometry, Natural Philosophy, and Book Keeping, \$4.00 Latin and Greek languages, \$6.00 To students desirous of acquiring a thorough English Education, and who wish to qualify themselves for teachers, this institution offers desirable advantages. No pupil received for less than half a session and no deduction except for protracted sickness. Tuition to be paid at the close of the term. [may 20] C. B. SANDFORD, Principal.

NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS! JOHN & JERRED F. IRVIN. The undersigned give notice that on the 13th April they entered into partnership in the mercantile business in Curwensville, and that hereafter the business will be conducted by their jointly under the name and firm of John & J. F. Irvin. They inform their customers and the public in general that they have received from the East and opened at the old stand, a large and varied stock of SPRING AND SUMMER DRY-GOODS, GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, &c., &c., specially adapted to the wants of the community, and will sell the same at the lowest cash prices. Also, a large assortment of Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps, of the latest styles and best quality, all of which they intend to sell at reasonable rates. Also, an extensive stock of the most fashionable READY-MADE CLOTHING, at prices to suit the times. Now is the time to purchase. Call in and examine our stock before you purchase your goods, and we feel confident that we can supply you with all kinds of goods, at as low prices and on as reasonable terms as you can procure them elsewhere. Give us a trial. May 30, 1860. JERRED F. IRVIN. N. B. Persons indebted to the old firm are requested to call and settle. May 30.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. G. HARTSWICK, Physician & Surgeon, Clearfield, Pa., 1860. FLOUR.—A lot of good flour for sale low at the store of REED, WEAVER & CO. BACON.—A quantity of good bacon on hand and for sale at the store of REED, WEAVER & CO. DRIED PEACHES AND APPLES.—A lot, just received and for sale at moderate rates by REED, WEAVER & CO.

TRIAL LIST FOR JUNE TERM, 1860. (commencing on Third Monday, 18th day.) John D. Thompson vs. Wise, Pusey & Wise, P. A. Karthaus, vs. James Wiggins, Levi Latz, vs. Levi Latz, F. P. Hursthal, vs. P. A. Karthaus, Trial List for 2d week of June Term, 1860. S. & J. Sholl vs. Lewis Jackson, Vincent Tonkin, vs. David Langdon et al, James M. Leonard, vs. John B. Welch, Mary Ann Lunadue, vs. Isaac Bloom, Jr, John Barnaby, vs. John B. Hagnott, Wood, Bacon & Co. vs. Montclair, Ten Eyck & Co. Thomas Owens, vs. Peter Bloom, H. S. Urian, vs. Boynton & Forrest, Jonathan Boynton, vs. J. M. Chase et al, Robert Reed & Bro, vs. James White, Borneaman & Meek, vs. Laird & Blair, Joseph Lappippe, vs. John Barmoy, Daniel Rolley, vs. David Aick, Henry Brookerhoff, vs. Wm of H. L. rain, de Cecil Bank, vs. Wm H. Worrell, Thompson Reed, vs. Shaw & Ogden, James M. Leonard, vs. M. & J. Denning, Samuel McCune, vs. John M. Chase et al, John Dubois Jr, vs. Andrew Baum et al.

CLEARFIELD RIFLE COMPANY.—You are ordered to meet for parade, on Monday the 4th day of June, at Mt. Joy school house, in summer uniform, in arms, with equipments in good condition. By order of the captain, JOHN P. ROTTE, O. S.

TAVERN LICENSES.—Notice is hereby given that the following persons are making application for license at the June Court:—John A. Henderson, Morris Township, tavern, George Albert, Bradford Township, tavern, Isaac Ricketts, Beccaria Township, Tavern, May 25. JOHN L. OUTLER, Clerk.

TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC.—The undersigned having taken the Luthersburg Hotel, situated in the town of Luthersburg, Clearfield county, Pa., has arranged to furnish every public building, carrying away steeples, and damaging more or less every house in the city. On the roads whole forests of trees were torn up; steamers were capsized on the river, and even the locomotive and passenger cars on one railroad, at the Kentucky side, were blown clear off the track. The damage done to buildings amounts to half a million of dollars. The tornado seems to have extended seven miles to the northwest of the city, and its effects extend as far east as the town of Chillicothe, sweeping away trees by the thousand, straggling them over the railroad, and demolishing houses, railroad depots, and factories in its course.

BELEFFONTE MARBLE WORKS! The undersigned adopts this method of informing the public and the patrons of the late firm of S. A. Gibson & Co., that he designs carrying on the MARBLE BUSINESS in Bellefonte, in all its various branches, and will hold himself always in readiness to furnish those who call upon him, with all kinds of Cemetery Work, of the latest classical designs, and superior workmanship, such as Monuments, Box Tombs, Cradles, Tombs, Head Stones, Carved, Sculptured or Plain, as cheap, if not cheaper, than they can be had at any other establishment in the country. Thankful for past favors, the undersigned solicits an increase of patronage. W. M. GIBBAGAN, Bellefonte, Pa., March 23, 1859-1f.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Clearfield county, there will be exposed to public sale at the court house in Clearfield, Pa., on Tuesday the 19th day of June, 1860, at 2 o'clock P. M., the following described property, situate in Goshen township, Clearfield county, to wit:—Beginning at a black oak, thence by No. 192 corner of a bar, and along a hickory, thence by No. 192 west 180 perches to a white pine, thence by No. 5315 south 95 perches to a post, thence by No. 1945 east 180 perches to place of beginning, containing 104 acres and all the land, with a log house and barn, and about 30 acres cleared, thereon; the balance well timbered—late the estate of James L. Flegal, deceased. Terms—One third cash, and the balance in three equal annual payments with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises. W. M. GIBBAGAN, DAVID DRESSLER, Guardian of the minor heirs of said J. L. Flegal, dec'd. April 11, 1860-4f.

SALE OF ASHER COCHRAN'S ESTATE. By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court, granted the 17th day of April, A. D. 1860, I will expose to sale by public vendue or outcry, at the house of William A. Mason, in Curwensville, on Saturday the 9th day of June, A. D. 1860, at 10 o'clock a. m., the real estate or land, late the property of Asher Cochran, deceased, in Penn township, containing 57 acres 143 perches, and described as follows:—Beginning at a post by a dead pine, thence South 23 degrees west 100 perches to a post, thence North 37 degrees west 100 perches to a post, thence North 12 degrees east 40 perches to a post by public road, thence by said road 7 1/2 degrees east to a corner, thence by said road North 87 1/2 degrees east 60 perches to a post, thence by Jane Cochran's land South 17 degrees east to the place of beginning—being the purport set off to Asher Cochran as one of the heirs of Oliphant Cochran, deceased. W. M. GIBBAGAN, Adm'r of Asher Cochran, dec'd. ap25

COURT PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, The Honorable SAMUEL ANN, Esquire, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the twenty-fifth Judicial District, composed of the counties of Clearfield, Centre and Clinton—and the Honorable William L. Moore and Benjamin Bonnell, Associate Judges of Clearfield county, have issued their process to the undersigned, to direct the holding of a Court of Common Pleas, Orphans' Court, Court of Quarter Sessions, Court of Oyer & Terminer, and Court of General Jail Delivery, at Clearfield, in and for Clearfield Co., on the Third Monday, the 18th day of JUNE next, [in the Methodist Ep. church in said borough]. NOTICE IS, therefore, hereby given, to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, and Constables, in and for said county of Clearfield, to appear in their own proper persons with their records, inquests, returns, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices, and in their behalf, pertain to be done, and Jurors and Witnesses are requested to be then and there attending, and not to depart without leave, at their peril. GIVEN under my hand at Clearfield, this 16th day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty and the eighty-second year of American Independence. FREDERICK G. MILLER, Sheriff.

PHILIPSBURG AND WATERFORD RAILROAD COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that the books for subscription to the capital stock of the Philadelphia and Waterford Railroad Company, will be opened on Wednesday the 13th day of June, 1860, at the following places, where all who desire are requested to attend and subscribe stock, viz:—At the office of Walter Barrett, in the Borough of Clearfield, Clearfield county; At the office of I. G. Gordon, Esq., in the Borough of Brookville, Jefferson county; At the office of C. L. Lamberton, Esq., Clarion; At the office of J. S. Myers, Esq., Franklin, Venango county; At the office of H. L. Richmond, Esq., Meadville, Crawford county. The books will be kept open from 10 o'clock a. m. until 5 o'clock p. m. of said day. Two or more names may be subscribed for the respective counties, and will be in attendance at the time and place appointed to receive the subscriptions. John Patton, L. J. Crans, John Carlisle, George R. Barrett, John Thompson, Reuben H. Moore, and James T. Leonard, of Clearfield county; Jacob Kroll, Uriah Matson, John J. Y. Thompson, Thomas Reynolds and Mark Rogers of Jefferson county; William T. Alexander, C. L. Lamberton, James Campbell, John Keasley and Samuel Wilson of Clarion county; Arnold Plummer, Thomas Hoge, J. S. Myers, Jas. Blackley and James Hughes of Venango county; J. B. Dick, Edward Leager, H. L. Richmond, John McFarland and Gaylord Church of Crawford county, Commissioners, &c. May 16, 1860.

CAMP-MEETING.—Providence permitting, there will be a camp meeting held on the ground near New Salem, commencing June 21st, 1860, for Lutherburg charge. Eric Conference M. E. Church to brethren from adjoining churches invited cordially to attend from adjoining churches to worship with us in the grove. No huzzing permitted within the limits prescribed by law. may16 J. K. MENDENHALL.

SOMETHING NEW IN THE PEACOCK VILLAGE OF CURWENSVILLE. The undersigned having entered into partnership in the Foundry Business, under the name and style of Robinson & Denmark, respectfully announce to the public that they have constantly on hand, or will make to order, Stoves, Pumps, and all other Castings commonly used in the country, which they will sell at the lowest rates for cash, or exchange for the most advantageous terms for old metal, or approved country produce. JACKSON ROBSON, D. J. DENMARK. February 1, 1860.

BOGGS TP. FARMS FOR SALE.—Containing 124 acres—85 cleared and under good fence. A log house 22 by 26, plank house by 18, log barn, smithy and all necessary out-buildings thereon. Large spring and spring-house convenient to the land, and the most productive and has sufficient wood and fencing timber. There is an orchard of large grafted trees, and a young orchard on place, all choice fruit. It is convenient for pasturing droves. ALSO, one containing 99 acres—10 cleared and under fence—balance well timbered. This land has a log house and stable thereon. For terms apply to October 13. L. J. CRANS, Clearfield.

BROKE OUT IN A NEW PLACE!—IM-PORTANT NOTICE TO THE RAGGED!—The undersigned, having opened a Tailoring Establishment in Shaw's Row, in the town recently established by H. F. Nangle as a Jewelry Store, announces that he is now ready and willing to make Coats, Pantalons, Vests, &c., for his old customers, and as many new ones as may give him a call, after the latest and most approved styles, or after any of the old fashions, if they prefer it. By doing his work in a neat and substantial manner, and promptly fulfilling his engagements, he expects to secure a liberal share of patronage. Jan. 18, 1860. WM. KADEBAUGH.

NEW FIRM AND NEW STOCK.—The undersigned take pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Ansonville and vicinity that they have now carried on the Cabinet Making business, under the name of Swan & Harkness, and that they have just received and opened a stock of Seasonable Goods, embracing everything usually kept in a country store, which they will dispose of at the most advantageous terms in purchasing the stock, and soliciting a share of patronage, that they will be able to render satisfaction to buyers. HENRY SWAN, S. W. HARKNESS.

LOOK HERE! LOOK HERE!—The undersigned take this method of informing the public generally that they have entered into partnership in the Blacksmithing business, and can be found at the shop formerly occupied by Jacob Shunkweiler, on Third street, in the borough of Clearfield, where they will be pleased to see their old customers, and as many new ones as can make it convenient to give them a call. Bring on your boots, your spuds and picks, Your log chains and your pulling and sawing. Your shingles, your horse and mare, No three year old, shall then go bare. Your spurs we'll work up then just right, To pruing hocks for every tight. Your iron and shorn, shall then be brought, To plough-shares such as Cats ne'er bought. Dec. 6, 1858. J. SHUNKWEILER, GEORGE W. ORR.

FOR SALE OR RENT—A VALUABLE FARM AND STAND AND FARM OF 85 acres of Land, 65 of which are cleared and under cultivation, situate on Clearfield Creek, on the north road leading from Clearfield town to Clearfield Bridge, in Clearfield county, Pa., and three miles from the town of Clearfield. The house is large, well calculated for a Tavern, and will command nearly all the custom of the watermen during the freshets, which usually last from four to six weeks. There is also a good Barn, Wood Shed, and Bunk House, and various other buildings necessary for convenience and comfort. The terms of sale will be made easy—say four annual payments. For further information inquire of L. J. Crans Esq., Dr. A. T. Schryver, James H. Larimer, Esq., Clearfield, Pa., or George W. Hope, Clearfield county, Pa. Possession can be given so that the buyer or renter can have the benefit of the spring business, which alone will amount to more than double the rent. A. T. SCHRYVER, Clearfield, Pa., January 5, 1860-4f.

ON HIS OWN HOOK!—JOHN GUELICH CABINET MAKER.—The subscriber wishes to inform his old friends and customers, that he has now carried on the Cabinet Making business on "his own hook" at his old shop on Market Street, nearly opposite the "old Jew Store," where he keeps on hand, and is prepared to manufacture to order, every description of Cabinet Ware, such as may be required, in the best style, consisting of Sofas, Lounges, Mahogany and Common Bureaus, Writing and Wash Stands; Centre, Dining and Breakfast Tables; Mahogany and China Cabinets; and various other articles, &c., &c. He will also repair furniture and chairs, in good and cheap for cash. Horse Painting done on short notice, and easy terms. Now is the time to buy at reasonable prices, as I intend to sell every thing in my line of business at the cheapest cash rate. Walk in and examine the articles on hand, and judge for yourselves, of the quality and finish. Country produce received in payment. April 13, 1859 JOHN GUELICH. N. B. Coffins made to order on short notice, and funerals attended with a neat and appropriate accompaniment, when desired. J. G.

KEEP UP THE EXCITEMENT.—The great excitement about the removal of the stone from the site of the new building, generally have become somewhat excited upon hearing that Charly Watson has determined to pull up stakes and remove to Virginia. But the cause of excitement is the fact that I have lately received my order for the new building, and the Court House to my new shop on Market Street, nearly opposite the jail, where my old customers, with a call can be supplied with Saddles, Sigs, Harness, Double Harness, Tree Harness, Breeches, Caps, Whips, Hags, Housings, Saddles, Side Saddles, and in fact, every article in the line of Saddling and Harness making. Thankful for the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed I solicit a continuance of the same and a call from as many new customers as can make it suit. Aug. 29. GEORGE W. HILMANN. P. S. My being connected with the Drug business will not interfere with my shop, for I have the Drug Store attended to by careful hands and intend devoting my time exclusively to my regular business. G. W. R.

LATEST NEWS FROM HARPERS FERRY.—Brown, the leader of the Insurrection, found guilty of Murder and Treason in the first degree. The above named insurrection, caused a great deal of gas to be let off by leading politicians, and in fact, the majority of the people of all parties, were more or less excited on reading the first account of the insurrection—some of the papers trying to make political capital out of the affair, and others with a light of the matter. But if it had been an Italian or a Greek for Freedom against their lawful sovereign, led on by Mazzini or Garibaldi, the Press of this country, with but one exception, would call meetings and pass resolutions and solicit subscriptions to aid them, in their so called patriotic work, but amid all this incoherence there is one man that is not the least interested in the fate of Brown or his companions, and that one is Frank Short of the Short Shop on Second street, where he will be found at all times ready and willing to see and hear upon personal calling on him for anything in the Boot, Shoe or Gaiter line. Thankful for past favors he only asks a continuance of the same, and will sell a cheap for cash or hides as any other man in the county. November 9, 1859. FRANK SHORT.

BEST Philadelphia Sugar-CURED HAMS at the new store of G. H. HAMILTON, BOSTON & Co.