

S. B. ROW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA., MAY 16, 1860.

FOR PRESIDENT. GEN. SIMON CAMERON, Subject to the decision of the Chicago Convention FOR GOVERNOR. HON. ANDREW G. CURTIN.

Constitutional Union Convention.

This body met at Baltimore on last Wednesday. There were Delegates present, we believe, from most of the States and Territories. Some of those who took part in the movement are men of high distinction. Hon. John J. Crittenden, of Ky., called the Convention to order. Hon. Washington Hunt, of N. Y., was selected as permanent chairman. A business committee of one from each State, with Jos. R. Ingersoll, of Pa., at its head, was appointed. This committee made a report. setting forth that as all political platforms are ambiguous and deceptive, both patriotism and duty require that they should recognize no policy or principles but those resting on the broad foundation of the Constitution of the country, the Union of the States and the enforcement of the laws, and that to maintain, protect and defend these principles, the representatives of the Constitutional Union Party pledged themselves. The report was adopted by acclamation, after which the Convention proceeded to a ballot for President, with the of opinion from them. These propositions are following result :- Houston 57, Everett 25, Graham 22, Crittenden 28, Bates 91, Bell 681, McLean 22, Sharkey 6, Goggin 3, Rives 13-whole number of votes 254; necessary to a choice 128. On the second ballot, Hon. John Bell. of Tennessee, was declared nominated for President. Hon. Edward Everett, of Mass., was then nominated for Vice President, by acclamation. After the appointment of a Central National Executive Committee, the Convention adjourned sine dee.

The action of the Chicago Convention, which assembles to-day, will now be looked for with more interest than ever. Upon it hangs the result of the coming Presidential election.

THE COVODE COMMITTEE is bringing to light some new evidences of corruption. Mr. Printer Wendell was again before that Committee last Thursday, and his testimony proved that from \$30,000 to \$40,000 was expended in carrying the English bill through the House for bribing members Mr. Bean of Ohio, a clerk in Mr. Allen's office, in the last Congress, and Mr. Alex. K. Hay of Philadelphia, a Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Express, and a member of the National Union party, were the almoners of this fund. Mr. Wendell did not deny that from \$10,000 to \$15,000 had been paid for a single vote, which was to be reimbursed from Government patronage. He was in frequent intercourse with the President during the progress of the English bill, and the presumption is, that Mr. Buchanan was not altogether ignorant of the means which were used to influence legislation. It will be interesting to know into whose pockets this money found its way, and with the clue given, it is not likely the Committee will rest satisfied without eliciting further information.

HIGH WATER .- The rains of the past week raised the water in many of the streams in this State to an unusual stage, and caused much damage to property of different kinds. The West Branch of the Susquehanna was higher than it had been for a number of years provious. On Friday morning | was shot in a restaurant in Philadelphia. The about one o'clock the large boom at Williamsport broke, and it is thought that eighty million feet of logs went adrift. At Sunbury the river was literally covered, on Friday, with logs, and on Saturday morning large numbers of them floated past Harrisburg. The boom company, we see, offer a shilling a piece for all logs that are caught and saved. This sort of lumber is estimated to be worth, in the boom, \$5 per thousand feet; and the loss will necessarily be great. The Juniata about starting out on a proselyting tour :and its tributaries were also very high, and it is said that Tyrone City was almost entirely inundated-the water running through the streets to the depth of two feet. Much damage was done along both the Bald Eagle and the Juniata.

The Federal Judiciary and the Mormons seem to be more at variance than ever, and a recent release on habeas corpus, by Chief Justice Eckles, of five prisoners who had been confined in the penitentiary by authority of a mittimus from the Probate Court for the County of Great Salt Lake, had called down upon him the most violent abuse from the Mountaineer, the organ of the Saints. It was stated that Gov. Cumming had been hard at work with some Mormon friends preparing affidavits to send to Washington regarding the release of these prisoners, and taking the strongest ground against the action of Judge Eckels. One or two shooting affrays are reported. The troops rejoiced at the prospect of getting away from the Territory.

Congress .- In the Senate, on the 10th inst, the Senate's Homestead bill was passed by a vote of 44 to 8, after Mr. Wilkinson's amendment, which put pre-emptors of five years on the same footing with settlers who should hereafter settle upon the public lands, was rejected by Democratic votes. Mr. Wade renewed his motion to substitute the House bill, but it was rejected by a vote of 25 yeas | Guthrie, they are set down as half for each. to 30 nays. A good work was done in the liouse. The Tariff bill of Mr. Morrill was passed by 41 majority. All sorts of fillibustering was employed to prevent this result, but in wain. It remains to be seen what the Senate will do with it.

The Petersburg Intelligeneer announces that Virginia is ready to sell the Panhandle to Pennsylvania, for a sum equivalent to one year's legal interest on the assessed value of property therein. This sudden change of policy, it seems, has been brought about by the Republicanism of the inhabitants of that portion of the State, and the fear of brought into the politics of Virginia, if Brooks and Ohio counties are not got rid of at once,

ents. A meeting for this purpose was held at Mobile, Alabama, on the 12th inst., and Delegates were appointed to the Richmond Convention.

twined in the tresses of the girl, was remarktually did get through, landed safely in Boston, and is now either in that city or on his were appointed to the Richmond Convention.

THE METHODISTS AND SLAVERY.

The element which enters into the discussion of every vital question in the political, social, or religious life of America, is Negro Slavery. The Methodist Church, once severed by it, is now strongly agitated in its Northern wing through the same cause. In order to present a clear idea of the manner in which this question is now brought up in the General Conference in session at Buffalosit will be necessary only to refer to certain well-known

points in the history of the Church.

When the Methodist Episcopal Church was organized, a rule was adopted forbidding the buying and selling of men, women, and children with an intention to enslave them. This rule slumbered inactive for many years, then caused discussion, dissension, and, at last, a division of the Church into the Methodist Church North and the Methodist Church South. The Northern wing includes some border Slave States; in them are more than a thousand preachers, and at least a hundred thousand members. Hence the continuance of the contest on the Slavery question, which has now come to a head. The Church North is to-day divided into two general parties on this subject-the Conservatives and the Progressives. The former desire the rule to remain as it is; the latter wish it so extended or interpreted as to include the holding of slaves, making the fact of holding a prima facie proof of an intent to enslave. The bar to the making of a new rule is clearly seen to be insurmountable; for by the laws of the Church, no change in its rules can be made, except on the recommendation of the Annual Conferences and the action of the General Conference, or on the action of the General Conference in the first instance, and the subsequent indorsement by the Annual Conferences. In either case two-thirds of the votes in the General Conference and three-fourths of the votes in the Annal Conferences would be required, and this it would be impossible to get on the Slavery question, while some of the Annual Conferences are controlled by slave-holders. But, though the rule may not be changed, it can be authoritatively defined, so as to include the holding of slaves, as well as the buying and selling with intent to enslave, and this policy

is that most likely to be adopted. At the General Conference in 1856, three propositions were submitted to the Annual Conference in order to obtain a full expression substantially as follows:-The Erie proposition asks for a change of the rule so as to forbid slaveholding, or for any interpretation which shall produce the same result. The Provideace proposition declares the buying and selling of men, women, and children, with the intention to enslave them, inconsistent with Christianity. The Cincinnati proposition asks not excluding slaveholders from the rights of membership. The votes of the Annual Conferences show that twenty-nine of the fortyseven are strongly opposed to the rule in its present form. Fourteen are in favor of it, but five of these are so because they consider it sufficiently Anti-Slavery if properly enforced.

A great mass of petitions on the subject have been presented to the Buffalo Conference. Twenty thousand names in opposition to Slars. An address fr tish Wesleyan Methodists, in which the hope is expressed that this Conference will use all possible means to drive Slavery "from the Church and the land," was read, and ordered to be printed; thus was shown a different state of feeling from that prevailing in 1836, when so much of the address of the British brethren as related to Slavery was cut out in the printing, and now lies dead in the records of the General Conference.

The whole subject-petitions, propositions, rules, new and old-has been referred to a Committee, whose report is daily expected, um, and perished from the effects of the cold and upon which an exciting debate must sure-

SEQUEL TO A TRAGEDY .- Our readers will generally remember the Mercer and Heberton tragedy that occurred in Philadelphia many years since. A man of some wealth and social position named Heberton had seduced Miss Mercer, a young woman of seventeen, and refused to repair the matter by marriage. A brother took vengeance into his own hands, waylaid the seducer in a ferry-boat, and shot him dead. For this he was tried for murder and acquitted. Since that period he led a wild career, and finally, about two years since, sister was married a few years subsequent to the death of Heberton, lived unhappily with her husband, was drowned, and we find her death recorded in an exchange. The whole family have now passed away.

MORMON WIVES-"A FAIR SHAKE DEMAND-ED."-Brother Kimball in one of his famous Mormon sermons, served the following timely notice on a number of missionaries who were

Brethren, I want you to understand that it is not to be as it has been heretofore. The brother missionaries have been in the habit of picking out the prettiest women for themselves before they get here, and bringing on the ugliest ones for us; hereafter you have to bring them all here before taking any of them, and let us all have a fair shake.

A man named Joseph Feaglear died of consumption in Cincinnati last week. He had a sister, a Mrs. Joseph Deckar, married and living in affluence at Dayton, Ohio, and with a stinginess and heartlessness scarcely to be conceived of, after being sent for to take charge of her brother's body, she declined doing so, and left it to be interred at the expense of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Cincinnati, of which he had been for a short time a member. What a sister! What a heart to carry through the world!

Mode of Voting .- There are many persons. no doubt, unable to explain how the "halfvotes" are given in the Charleston Convention. For the information of such, let us illustrate it. Each congressional district sends two delegations, but under the rules adopted by that body, a district is entitled to only one vote. When, therefore, the two delegates vote as a unit-for instance, for Mr. Douglasthey are counted as one; but when they divide, one for Mr. Douglas, and the other for Mr.

THE RIGHT KIND OF A WIFE .- One of our farmer friends, says the Schuyler County, N. Y., Republican, in the town of Hector, has a wife worth having. Last year she took care of her husband, two work-hands and three children, milked seven cows through the summer, gave birth to and took care of a fine pair of twins, and dried and sold 2,625 pounds of dried apples, besides attending to a large amount of other domestic duties not here enumerated. Schuyler against the world.

BLOOMING IN THE GRAVE .- A metallic coffin, having the ad valorem tax system upon slaves, been buried more than four years, was lately containing the body of a young lady who had opened in Memphis, Tennessee. The body was in an excellent state of preservation-The Seceders from the Charlesten Convention, is more astonishing, a full-blown camelia jaseems are being sustained by their constitute.

ACKEREL AND HERRING, for sale at the named Blocker who was sent back on the steait seems, are being sustained by their constitu- sonica, which some affectionate hand had mer Deford, there was another slave who ac-

PENNSYLVANIA ITEMS. PREPARED FOR THE "RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL".

the children of John Rogner, a German resi-

picked up a drawing-knife and unperceived by its parents struck the babe a blow across the ankle, severing all the sinews and chords. . . . On Friday afternoon three little boys named Wm. Powell, Albert Templeton and Chas. E. Tucker were at the house of Col. E. Paige in Indiana borough. Mr. Paige was from home, and during the temporary absence of Mrs. P., Templeton picked up a double-barreled shot gun, when Powell cautioned him to be careful as it might be loaded, and took the gun out of his hands to examine it. To do this, he raised the cocks, but his hands being wet, they slipped, and both barrels were discharged, atthough the caps had been previously removed, the contents entering the forehead of little Tucker above the left eye, carrying away the left side of the head as far back as the ear, together with about one-eighth of the brain It was admitted time and again that the Uinand the left eye. Every sid that human skill knew, was rendered the little sufferer, but to no purpose, and about 24 hours after the accident occurred, little Charley's immortal spirit took its flight to another world On. the day of this frightful casualty, Mrs. Tucker had gone on a visit to her father-in-law, at Plumville, but while riding along and when she had nearly reached that place, a strange presentiment seized upon her mind that some misfortune was about to fall upon her child; she turned her horse and immediately started homeward. When a few miles from this place she was met by the messenger who was des-

patched for her, and who disclosed to her the

sad relaity of her presentiment. On Sunday

the remains of the deceased were interred in

the Presbyterian grave-yard, whither they

were followed by a large concourse of people.

He was aged 6 years, 1 month and 5 days. No

censure attaches to the little boys. MIFFLIN COUNTY .- The barn of James Cupoles, in Derry township, was consumed by fire on the 4th inst. The barn contained grain, hay, wagon, nearly all his agritultural implements, with a number of other articles, all of which were destroyed. A calf was also burned. The loss is probably \$1,500, only about \$500 of which is insured. . . . Azariah Smith was re-elected County Superintendent, and the salary fixed at \$600 a year. . . . A man named Jacob Dengler, from near Reading, Berks county, applied for lodging in the barn of Robert Forgy in Oliver township on Tuesday evening of last week, and laid down on some straw. During the evening Mr. F. went ont and found the man quite sick, when he made the fact known to R. Bratton, Esq., one of the County Commissioners, who promptly called in a physician. He was subsequently for a change in favor of non-slaveholding, but | removed to the Poor House, where, although every attention was paid, he contined to grow worse, and died there on Thurday last. He was on his way to Pittsburgh, and had but littie money.... Joseph, a son of Thompson McManigil, of Armagh township, aged 20 years, injured himself internally a few weeks ago at Lock Haven while engaged at jumping. When considered out of danger, it was concluded to take him home. When he reached Lewistown, he was unable to go any farther, very, and about four thousand in favor, are suffering from a severe attack of inflammation of the bowels, which finally caused his death

> on the 4th instant. CAMBRIA CGUNTY .- Late on Wednesday evening May 2d, Mr. Daniel T. Jones, a wealthy citizen of Cambria township, was observed sitting on a pile of stone near the Ebensburgh and Wilmore plank-road, and about one mile north of the Walton House. He was in a state of helpless intoxication, and his nose was bleeding. He has not been seen or heard of since, although his tamily and neighbors have made diligent search for him. It is supposed that he wandered into the woods in his deliriof Wednesday night. The missing man has been a confirmed inebriate for many years. . . . Thomas A. Maguire, of Ebensburg, was elected County Superintendent, and the salary fixed at \$800 per annum.

> MONTOUR COUNTY .- During a terrific thunwhile standing on a pile of irion rails at the Montour Works in Danville, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. . . . Patrick Cahill, a puddler at the Montour Works, died suddenly, on the 8th, after taking a drink of cold water, while in a heat, and which proluced cramps. . . . On emptying a hogshead of brown sugar, a few days since, at a store in Danville, a small living turtte popped out of the sweets. How it got there, or how long it lived in the sugar, is not known.

> YORK COUNTY .- Noah Kahlbaugh, charged with killing William Weakly, was found guilty of murder in the second degree, at the late term of the Court of Oyer and Terminer held in York. . . . On the 2d inst., Mr. Israel Purkey, an employee of the Northern Central Railway, was thrown from a hand-car as he striking a rail he was injured so much that he died shortly afterwards. . . . Fruit promises to be unusually abundant this year. . . . Dr. A. R. Blair was re-elected County Superintendent, with a salary of \$1,000.

WARREN COUNTY .- On Sabbath, April 29th, about noon, as an old couple, Mr. John T. Jones and his wife, of Sugar Grove township, were returning home from meeting, on "Stillson's Hill" in a buggy, their horse becoming frightened when near Patchin's School House. ran off, throwing both of the old folks out. The old man struck the ground head first, fracturing his neck, and killing him almost instantly. The old lady was somewhat stunned but not much hurt. Mr. Jones has been for many years a resident of Warren County.

BLAIR COUNTY .- Jacob Weyandt, of Claysburg, while searching his cellar for rats, a few days since, came across a box, imbedded in the ground, which contained the skeleton of an infant child. It is supposed to have been placed there several years since, by a girl who once resided in Hollidaysburg.

about the sectionality of the Republican party. In reply to one of these tirades, Hon. Abraham Lincoln used the following terms :-

"I ask his attention, also to the fact that by the rule of nationality he is himself fast becoming sectional. I ask his attention to the fact that his speeches would not go as current now South of the Ohio river as they have formerly gone there. I ask his attention to the fact that he felicitates himself to-day that all the Democrats of the Free States are agreeing with him. If he has not thought of this I commend to his consideration the evidence of his own declaration on this day, of his becoming sectional too. I see it rapidly approachng. Whatever may be the result of this ephemeral contest between Judge Douglas and myself, I see the day rapidly approaching when his pill of sectionalism, which he has been thrusting down the throats of Republicans for years past, will be crowded down his

way to Canada.

THE CINCINNATI PLATFORM. In the debate in the Senate, on Tuesday,

INDIANA COUNTY .- On the 4th inst., one of Mr. Benjamin, of Louisiana, said :-"Suddenly an alarming heresy sprang up ding in Indiana borough, aged about two years, the North; and something was said about the right of the Legislatures in the Territories, not to destroy Slavery, not to abolish it, not to act by any direct legislation against the citizens of the South; but by a side-blow, by in-direction, by unfriendly legislation, to do that which Constitutionality they had no power to do by direct legislation. Now, sir, the Cincinnati platform would be sufficient for that purpose if properly construed. But, sir, when the Delegates of a great party assembled to-gether from all parts of the Confederacy, and the proposition was made to them to adopt the Cincinnati Platform, it was under what circumstances and with what views? It was made with the knowledge of every man in the Convention that two distinctly opposite interpretations were to be placed upon that Platform, one at the South and one at the North. cinnati Platform had two interpretations. It was avowed, over and over again, that if the Convention put upon it that citizens of the South had a right to hold their property in the Territories, and the Legislature had no power to affect that right, that not a single Northern State could be carried on that ground. That was a brand on the good faith and honor of the Democratic party. It was unworthy of the Democracy to go into the canvass on a platform wearing two aspects. He would himself enter into the contest on no such platform. Let their principles be blazoned in letters of light upon their banner, and upon them stand

This is a very frank admission, and displays the double dealing of the majority in the Charleston Convention in its true light. The purpose of that majority was undoubtedly to repeat the two-faced game of 1856; and Mr. Benjamin and his Southern colleagues are entitled to credit for frankness in exposing the cheat so effectually.

THE Census Takers will enter upon the discharge of their duties on the first of the coming month. They will visit every house and family within their limits, and will have innumerable questions to ask. These will in part cover the numbers, names, ages and sexes of every family, as well as the products of every farm; the number of acres under cultivation, and the number of horses, cattle, sheep and hogs upon it. These questions should be answered promptly, and as nearly as possible correctly, and in order to do so it would be advisable for ever head of a family to write down the answers in advance. Farmers especially should in their leisure moments prepare accurate statements of the number of acres of land they may have under cultivation, the number of bushels of different kinds of grain, the quantity of hay, truit, &c., they produced last year, together with the number of horses, cattle and stock they feed. This would greatly facilitate the labors of the Census-taker, and also render the information Government is seeking more valuable and re-

CONVENTION OF TANNERS .- We see it announced in some of our exchanges that a gennia will be held at Harrisburg on the 16th of the present month, in pursuance of the call of an adjourned convention held in Juniata county, in February last. The object of this convention is to associate together the Tanners of the State for the purpose of correcting several abuses under which they now labor. It is proposed to attempt a reform in the weighing and inspection of leather, as well as the manner of storage, and to discountenance the appointment of inexperienced men as leather inspectors; and to take into GROCERIES, BEST QUALITY, FISH, BACON AND FLOUR, consideration other matters of general concern to the trade.

A MURDERER REWARDED .- President Buch anan has rewarded Calhoun Benham for his part in the Broderick tragedy with the appointment of United States District-Attorney for California, in place of P. Della Terry der storm on the 7th inst., George McGuire, who was compelled to resign that such a laudable purpose might be achieved. Mr. Benham was second to Judge Terry on the occasion of his duel with Mr. Broderick. The Washington correspondent of the Tribune suggests that if Judge Taney should die, the President will feel himself bound to appoint Judge Terry, the chief butcher in the Broderick tragedy, in his place.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements set up with large type or out of usua stylewill be charged double price for space occupied

CAMP-MEETING.—Providence permitting, there will be a camp meeting held on the old ground near New Salem, commencing June 21st, 1860, for Luthersburg charge, Erie Conference M. was returning from his work, and his head E. Church. Brethren ministerial and lay are invited cordially to attend from adjoining charges to worship with us in the grove. No huxtering permitted within the limits prescribed by law J. K MENDENHALL.

> NOTICE .-- I have transferred all my interest in the store lately owned and kept by me at Curwensville to my son. Edward A. Irvin. The store will be continued in his name. See his ad-. WM. IRVIN. Curwensville, 7th May, 1860-mal6

> NEW GOODS.—Just received and opening at Irvin's Cheap Corner, a large and well selected stock of Spring and Summer Goods, all of which are offered at lower prices than ever. Call and examine goods and prices. E. A. IRVIN. Curwensville, May 7th, 1860-ma16

> BONNETS, Florence Braids, English Straws, Shaker, and other styles, trimmed and untrimmed, will be found in variety at the Corner Store of E. A. IRVIN, Curwensville.

> DISTON'S Mill and Cross-cut Saws; Mann's Axes; and a general assortment of Hardware, at the Store of E. A. IRVIN.

Curwensville, may 7th, 1860. A PREDICTION FULFILLED.—In the Illinois Contest of 1858, Mr. Douglas had much to say will be sold at reduced prices by E. A. IRVIN

> FRUIT.-Dried Apples, pared and unpared Peaches, Cherries, Prunes and Raisens, at the cheap corner of E. A. IRVIN, Curwensville. VERY large stock of Spring and Summer A Clothing, of the latest styles, for sale low by

Curwensville, may 7th. E. A. IRVIN. GLASS, Nails, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Paint and Varnish brushes, at the corner store of E. A. IRVIN. Curwensville. ADIES' DRESS GOODS, of patterns and tex-

I tures to please all, will be found at the Corner Store of [may7] DOOTS AND SHOES, a larger stock and lower D prices than ever, at Invin's Cheap Corner Store, Curwensville. TELLA & OTHER SHAWLS, in variety, at the

Cheap Corner Store of Curwensville, May 7th, 1860. FLOUR, Bacon, Beans and Cloverseed, at the cheap corner, Curwensville, by E. A. IRVIN.

Ir seems that the S. R. Spaulding drove 50 SIDES of Spanish Sole Leather, which will be sold very low for cash by E. A. IRVIN. CKELETON SKIRTS, a large variety at reduced

D prices, at Irvin's Corner Store. COOKING STOVES, of various sizes and prices for sale low by E. A. IRVIN.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COURT PROCLAMATION .- WHEREAS, the Honorable SAMUEL LINN, Esquire. President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the twenty-fifth Judicial District, composed of the counties of Clearfield, Centre and Clinton—and the Henorable William L. Moore and Benjamin Bon-sall, Associate Judges of Clearfield county, have sall, Associate Judges of Clearfield county, have issued their precept, to me directed, for the holding of a Court of Common Pleas, Orphans' Court, Court of Quarter Sessions, Court of Oyer & Terminer, and Court of General Jail Delivery, at Clearfield, in and for Clearfield co., on the Third Monday, the 18th day of JUNE next, [in the Metho

dist Ep. church in said borough.]
NOTICE IS, therefore, hereby given, to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, and Constables, in and for said county of Clearfield, to appear in their own proper persons with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices, and in their behalf, pertain to be done, and Jurors and Witnesses are requested to be then and there attending, and not to depart without leave, at their peril. GIVEN under my hand at Clearfield, this 16th day

of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty and the eighty-second year of American Independence. FREDERICK G. MILLER, Sheriff.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is here-by given, that the following accounts have been examined and passed by me, and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heirs. legatees, creditors, and all others in any other way interested, and will be presented to the next Orphans' Court of Clearfield County, to be held at the Court House in the Borough of Clearfield, commencing on the third Monday of JUNE, 1860, for confirmation and allowance :

The partial account of Michael Moyer, Admin

istrator of all and singular the goods and chaltels rights and credits which were of William Moyer late of Bradford township, Clearfield county, dec'd The final account of John Shoof, Guardian of Henry Beyer, of Mary intermarried with John W. Shugart, Aaron David Beyer, John Beyer, Solo-mon Beyer, Asa Beyer, and Elizabeth or Betty Beyer, children and heirs of David Beyer, late of Woodward township, Clearfield county, dec'd. The account of Russell D. Showalter, Adminis trator of the goods and chattels, rights and cred-

its of John Showalter, late of Decatur township. Clearfield county, deceased. The final account of James Wrigley, Executor of the last Will and Testament of Hugh Leavy, late of the Borough of Clearfield, in the county of

Clearfield, deceased. The final account of R. W. Moore and Geo. B. Goodlander, Administrators of all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits which were of George Ellinger, late of Brady township, Clearfield county, deceased.

JAMES WRIGLEY, Register. Clearfield, Pa., May 16th, 1860.

FRESH ARRIVAL NEW GOODS

AT THE

CHEAP CASH STORE.

Just receiving and opening, a large and well selected assortment of Spring and Summer Goods. of almost every description, Staple and Fancy; a beautiful assortment of

PRINTS AND DRESS GOODS.

of the latest and mostapproved styles; also a great variety of useful Notions, a large assortment of Ready-made Clothing, Hats and Caps.

BONNETS AND SHAWLS, BOOTS AND SHOES, A GREAT VARIETY, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,

Drugs and Medicines, Oils and Paints,

Carpets and Oil Cloths; all of which will be sold at the lowest cash or ready-pay prices. All are respectfully invited to

Clearfield, Pa., May 16, 1860.

IST OF JURORS for June Term. commen-Li cing on the third Monday, 18th day. GRAND JURORS.

Lawrence-John McLaughlin, Isaac Goon Woodward-Jacob Bush Clearfield-Andrew Shugarts, John Barelay Covington-Solomon Maurer, Joab Rider. New Washington-William Feath. Bradford-Alexander Forece, Adam Gearhart. Decatur-Cyrenius How, George Westbrook,

urtis Reams Brady-Joseph Dale, Amos Bonsail. Chest-Andrew Fraley. Burnside-John Lee, Gilbert flewitt. Knox-B. S. Roberts. Graham-Samuel Smeal. Morris-Andrew Hunter. Karthaus-John Gilliland

Pike-John L. Irwin, John Welsh. TRAVERSE JURORS-1ST WEEK. Knox-Philip Erhard, Wm. Sloss, Isaac McKee. Bradford-John Cowder, D. W. Dehass. Huston-Elijah Burns. Union-Lewis Dodd. Curwensville—Edward Hipple, Wm. Ten Eyek. Penn—Grier Bell, Jr., El. Moore, John Hepburn.

Fox-John, Mulkins. Chest-Armstrong Curry, Frederick Fraley, Henry Hurd, William Stall. Beccaria-L. D. Weld. Girard-M. S. Leonard, Jonathan Spackman,

Alexander Irwin. Morris-Jeremiah Hoover, Moses Denning. Burnside-William Anderson, Luther Myers. Lawrence-Wm. McCullough, Sr., Isaac Thompon, Clark Brown, Zach. Fulton, James W. Irwin. New Washington-Reuben Neiman.

Karthaus-Thomas Myers. Joseph Rupley Brady-Philip Kriner, John Fye, William Hamilton, Peter Arnold. Bell-John Bell. Peter Zimmerman Clearfield-O. B. Merrell, Christopher Kratzer, leorge W. Rheem.

Covington-John Rolley, John B. Rogeux, Leonard Garmont. Woodward—John M. Chase. Decatur—Moses Owens, Harvey Moore. Pike—William A. Bloom, Matthew Caldwell. Guelich—G. B. Nivling, Matthew McCully, Samuel Whiteside, Caleb Copenhaver.

Graham-Mark Maguire. Boggs-D. L. Gearhart, William Robison Ferguson—Cortes Bell. Lumber City—Samuel Kirk. Goshen—Jacob Flegal.

Clearfield-Robert Mitchell, John M. Adams. William R. Brown. Bradford-R. A. Shaw, Jacob Pearce. David Wilson, Jr., John Stewart, Sr. Chest-B. G. McMasters, L. F. Dunbar, Joseph H. McCully.

2ND WEEK.

Graham-Samuel Flegal, C. W. Kyler Burnside-James Weaver, John Kitchen, D. F Smith, Crawford Gallaher. Fox-Joel Brown.

Ferguson-Martin Watt. Huston-E. G. Lamm, F. Lamm, W. F. Green. Beccaria-Samuel M. Smith. Joshua Comstock, John B. Dillon, Samuel Shoff, Sr., S. W. Keaggy. Jordan-R. M. Johnson, David McKechan, Isaac Haines. Girard-William Murray.

Guelich-O. M. Curtis. Curwensville-Lewis Laporte, Cortes F. Bloom. Boggs—George Hess.
Bell—Jacob Snyder.
Brady—J. W Pauley.
Penn—Charles Goff, Thomas Cleaver, James

Johnson, John Russell, D. S. Moore.

Pike-Richard Freeman. John Porter.

Woodward-William Mullen Union-Henry Long. Decatur-Charles Cadwallader. Lawrence-Samuel B. Jordan.

SHIPPING FURS !- The highest CASH pri-ces paid for Mink, Coon, Red Fox, Grey for Otters, Muskrats, &c., &c., at WOMRATH'S 415 & 417 Arch Street, Philadelphia Philadelphia, March 7, 1860-2m

UNITED STATES HOTEL.-Thes uber ber announces to his Clearfield friends, and the public in general, that he has taken the above named house, located at the Railroad, in Harris burg, Pa. He will endeavor to make this house one of the most desirable stopping places in the State Capital, by accommodating all who may fa-vor him with their custom in the best manner pos-sible. [july11] BEN. HARTSHORN. Sup't.

COLLECTORS, PAY UP!-The Counties all balances due the county for years previous to 1860, and ordered me to issue executions unless they are paid in full by the 1st day of June. These orders will be carried out to the letter, unless all balances are paid to me before that date. Wm. A. WALLACE April 11, 1860.

Counsel for Com're FLOUR! FLOUR!!-The undersigned have ing made arrangements with a large many facturing establishment to supply him with Plour notice to the public that he is prepared to furnish all who want a good article, at the very lowest price, in as large or small quantities at may be desired. He also keeps on hand constantly liquors of all kinds, which he will sell whole JAS. H. GALER. sale or retail. Tyrone City, Pa . July 11th. 1859

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership that had previously existed between W. B. Hegarty and John McMurray, in he Mercantile and Lumbering business at Anson. ville. Clearfield county, Pa., was dissolved in June, The books are in the hands of W. B. Her arty for settlement and collection, who is also to pay the debts of the firm. Those indebted are re-

quested to call and settle without delay.

W. B. HEGARTY. JOHN MeMURRAY. ap18-3tpd

SOMETHING NEW IN THE PEACE. FUL VILLAGE OF CURWENSVILLE The undersigned having entered into partnership in the Foundry Business, under the name and style of Robison & Denmark, respectfully announce to the public that they have constantly on hand, or will make to order, Stoves, Plows, and all other Castings commonly used in the country which they will sell at the lowest rates for card or exchange on the most advantageous terms for

old metal, or approved country produce.

JACKSON ROBISON
February 1, 1860.

D. J. DENMARK

BOGGS TP. FARMS FOR SALE.-One containing 124 acres-85 cleared and under good fence. A log house 22 by 26, plank house 16 by 18, log barn, smithy and all necessary out-buildings thereon. Large spring and spring house con-venient to house. The land is well watered and has sufficient wood and fencing timber. There is an orchard of large grafted trees, and a young orchard on place, all choice fruit. It is convenient for pasturing droves. ALSO, one containing 90 aeres-10 cleared and under fence-balance well timbered. This land has a log house and stable thereon. For terms apply to October 13. L. J. CRANS, Clearfield.

NEW HOUSE, AND NEW ARRANGE-MENT.—The subscriber respectfully informs the traveling public in general, and the water men of the West Branch of the Susqueharna in particular, that he has recently erected and just opened a large and commodious Tavern House at the well known landing at the mouth of Sandy Creek, in Covington township, where he is prepared to entertain watermen and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house has been built expressly for the accommodation of the public. and every attention will be given to the omfort of those who visit him while they remain Feb. 15, 1860.-2m. LAWRENCE FLOOD.

BROKE OUT IN A NEW PLACE !-IM-The undersigned having opened a Tailoring Establishment in Shaw's Row, in the room recently occupied by H. F. Naugle as a Jewelry Store, announces that he is now ready and willing to make Coats, Puntalouns, Vests, Ac., for his old customers, and as many new ones as may give him a call, after the latest and most approved styles, or after any of the old fashions, if they prefer it By doing his work in a neat and substantial manner, and promptly fulfilling his engagements, he ex-Jan. 18 1860. WM. RADEBAUGH.

NEW FIRM AND NEW STOCK .- The undersigned take pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Ansonville and vicinity that they have entered into partnership in the mercantile business, under the name of Swan & Hartshorn, and that they have just received and opened out a stock of Seasonable Goods, embracing everything usually kept in a country store, which they will dispose of on the most advantageous terms to pur-chasers. They solicit a share of patronage, trust-ing that they will be able to render satisfaction to

W. R. HARTSHORN. The books of Chase & Swan, and those of Henry wan, are in the hands of H. Swan for collection All persons indebted are requested to call and settle, as it is desirable to have the old accounts [mar28, '69.] PLEMING HOTEL, (FORMERLY KNOWN

HENRY SWAN.

AS THE GOOD INTENT.) CURWENSVILLE. Clearfield County, Pa.—The subscriber begs leave o inform his old customers and the public generally that he has recently taken the above well-known stand, and that he has entirely refitted and refurnished it in a style adapted to the age, and the wants of the entire travelling community. HIS TABLE will always be provided with every luxury the markets and surrounding country will afford. HIS BAR will be supplied with the choicest wines and liquors. HIS STABLES, which are the best and most commodicus on the road within a day's travel, will always be in charge of careful and attentive hostlers. In short, every department of his establishment will be supplied with all the comforts and conveniences the weary traveller could desire. WM. A. MASON. Curwensville, June 2, 1858.

CLEARFIELD HOUSE, CORNER OF FIRST AND MARKET STREETS, CLEAR-FIED, PA.—The undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the travelling public in general, that he has taken the above house, (formerly known as the Hemphill Hotel.) and that the house has been recently refitted, improved and newly furnished; that extensive stabling has just been completed; and that he is prepared to accommodate all who may give him a call in the most pleasing and agreeable manner He is amply provided with everything to render his house a desirable stopping place, and will endeavor to entertain his guests in a manner that cannot fail to give the fullest satisfaction. The house is situated in a pleasant and quiet part of the town, and no expense or attention will be sparred to make it one of the best houses in the county. A liberal patronage is respectfully solicited. His bar will be supplied with an assortment of choice liquo s. [june2-'58] H. HAYS MORROW.

FOR SALE OR RENT-A VALUABLE TAVERN STAND AND FARM of 85 acres of Land, 65 of which are cleared and under cultivation, situate on Clearfield Creek, on the main road leading from Clearfield town to Clearfield Bridge, in Clearfield county, Fa. and three miles from the former place. The house is large, new, well calculated for a Tavern, and will command nearly all the custom of the watermen during the freshets, which usually last from four to six weeks There are also a good Barn. Wood Shed, Wash and Bake House, and various other buildings necessary for convenience and comfort. The terms of sale will be made easy—say four annual payments For further information inquire of L. J. Crans Esq., Dr. A. T. Schryver, James H. Larimer, Esq. Clearfield, or L. W. Weld, Glen Hope, Clearfield County Pa county, Pa. Possession can be given so that the buyer or rentor can have the benefit of the spring business, which alone will amount to more than double the rent A. T. SCHRYVER Clearfield, Pa., January 5, 1859-tf.

NAILS, GLASS, Oils, Paints, &c., to be had at the most reasonable prices, at the store of Feb. 20. GRAHAM, BOYNTON & CO. Feb. 20.

A YER'S AND JAYNES' MEDICINES can be BEANS.—A quantity of good white Beens for had at the store of E. A. Irvin, Curwensville. Beans at merrent a Brown S. Clearfield