

RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL.



S. B. HOW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA., APRIL 4, 1860.

FOR PRESIDENT, GEN. SIMON CAMERON, Subject to the decision of the Chicago Convention FOR GOVERNOR, HON. ANDREW G. CURTIN.

PROTEST OF THE PRESIDENT.

Our readers will doubtless remember that on the 22d Nov. 1858, Mr. Buchanan addressed a letter to the Committee who had invited him to attend the Centennial Celebration of the capture of Fort Duquesne, at Pittsburgh, in which he deplored "a growing and dangerous evil" - "the employment of money to carry elections," - and feared, if it was not speedily checked, "we must end in a military despotism." A few weeks ago Mr. Covode made a successful motion to have a committee of five members appointed to ascertain, among other things, "whether the President of the United States, or any officer of the government, has, by money or patronage, or other improper means, sought to influence the passage of any law, appropriate to the rights of any State or Territory; and second, also to inquire into and investigate whether any officer or officers of the government have by combination or otherwise, prevented or attempted to prevent the execution of any law or laws now upon the statute book, or whether the President has failed or refused to compel the execution of any law thereof." This inquiry has touched the President in a sore place, and as a last desperate resort, he, who lectured our good people so roundly on the dangers of the government going to destruction in consequence of the corruption of its officials, has been compelled, through fears of a disgraceful exposure of his own official conduct, to protest in a formal message, which he sent to the House on the 29th March, against the power of Congress to thus arraign him! He pleads the independent position of the Executive office in the same strain that tyrants of old contended for the kingly prerogative. He says: "Although the terms of the latter portion of the resolution are extremely vague and general, yet my sole purpose in answering to them as present, is to make the broad line of distinction between the accusatory and remedial clauses of this resolution. The House of Representatives possesses no power under the Constitution over the first, or accusatory portion of the resolution, except as an impeaching body; whilst over the last, in common with the Senate, their authority as a legislative body is fully and cheerfully admitted. It is solely in reference to the first or impeaching portion that I propose to make a few observations. Except in this single case, the constitution has invested the House of Representatives with no power, no jurisdiction, no supremacy, whatever, over the President. In all other respects he is as independent of them as they are of him. As a co-ordinate branch of the government he is their equal. Indeed, he is the only direct representative on earth of the people of each of the sovereign States. To them and them alone is he responsible while acting within the sphere of his constitutional duty, and not in any manner to the House of Representatives. The people have thought proper to invest him with the most honorable, responsible, and dignified office in the world, and the individual, however unworthy, who holding this exalted position will take care, so far as in him lies, that their rights and prerogatives shall never be violated in his person, but shall pass to his successor unimpaired by the adoption of a dangerous precedent. He will defend them to the last extremity against any unconstitutional attempt, come from what quarter it may, to abridge the constitutional rights of the Executive, and render him subservient to any human power except themselves. The people have not confined the President to the exercise of the executive duties. They have also conferred on him a large measure of legislative discretion. No bill can become a law without his approval, as representing the people of the United States, unless it shall pass after his veto, by a majority of two-thirds of both Houses. In his legislative capacity he might, in common with the Senate and House, institute inquiry to ascertain any facts which, so far as to influence his judgment in approving or vetoing any bill. This participation in the performance of legislative duties between co-ordinate branches of the government, ought to inspire the conduct of all of them in their relations towards each other, with mutual forbearance and respect. At least each has a right to demand justice of the other. The cause of complaint is that the constitutional rights and immunities of the Executive have been violated in the person of the President."

FOREIGN NEWS.

The steamer Arabia, which arrived at New York on the 30th, brings three days' later foreign intelligence, her dates being to the 17th March. The House of Lords had agreed with the House of Commons in an address to the Crown in approbation of the new commercial treaty with France by vote of 88 to 38. An announcement had been made in both Houses of Parliament of the reception of a circular dispatch from the French Government relative to the Savoy question. M. Thouvenot states that the annexation of Savoy to France has become necessary by the altered position of Italy, but that the feelings of the people of Savoy will be consulted. The European Powers are, however, to have nothing to say in the business. It is now stated that the order for the French army in Lombardy to be ready to march at a moment's notice has been countermanded. There is also a report of a rather bombastic character to the effect that the Emperor Napoleon has sent an autograph letter, couched in angry terms, to the King of Sardinia, notwithstanding the recent treaty of peace. The Emperor's letter, a reign of terror prevailed there. The British and other foreign Ministers, it is said, have remonstrated with the King. In Austria the symptoms of social and political dissolution continue to manifest themselves in a most remarkable manner. The condition of that Empire renders it unlikely that Francis Joseph will undertake a new war against his late victorious enemies, except he is driven into it by irresistible necessity. It is expected that the annexation of the Romagna to Sardinia will be followed by the excommunication of both Victor Emmanuel and Louis Napoleon. A dispatch from Madrid states that the Emperor of Morocco has sued for peace.

\*Mr. Covode's committee is collecting important information in regard to the expenditure of money for political purposes in Pennsylvania at the last presidential election, and since then in the course of illustrating the fitness of the President's Pittsburgh letter, and contrasting it with the means by which he obtained his present position. Mr. Schell, the Collector of New York, testified to his knowledge of \$30,000 or \$40,000 having been raised in New York, to be expended in Pennsylvania. Mr. Butterworth, and the treasurer who officiated in New York, as well as the distributor in Philadelphia, were to have been next examined, to ascertain who subscribed and who received the money.

BARNUM ERRET. - We see by the New York papers that the great showman has disposed of the great clock debt and "come to time." The Museum is to be once more under his control, and the world is to sit down to its ancient feast of astonishment every morning. While the Pharisees were abusing Barnum, Barnum was in Europe lecturing, and applying his earnings to the extinguishment of his indebtedness. That was honest.

in such exaggerated and indecent terms as could scarcely be applied to a Nero; to a notorious defaulter, or even to a common pickpocket. I do, therefore, for the reasons stated, and in the name of the people of the several States, solemnly protest against these proceedings of the House of Representatives, because they are in violation of the rights of a co-ordinate branch of the government, and subversive of its constitutional independence; because they are calculated to foster a band of interested parasites, ever ready for their own advantage, before exparte committees, to relate pretended private conversations between the President and themselves, incapable from their nature of being disproved, thus furnishing material for harassing him, degrading him in the eyes of the country, and, eventually, should he be a weak and timid man, rendering him subservient to improper influences in order to avoid such persecutions and annoyances; because they tend to destroy that harmonious action for the common good which ought to be maintained, and which I sincerely desire to cherish between the co-ordinate branches of the government, - and finally, because if resisted, they would establish a precedent dangerous and embarrassing to all my successors, to whatever political party they might be attached."

This message is regarded, even by Democrats, as weak and unnecessary, and will fail to produce the desired effect - on the other hand, it will go far to convince the people of the truthfulness of the charges that have so repeatedly been made against the President.

THIRTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

MARCH 26. - The Senate struck out of the Consular Appropriation Bill, the \$15,000 for a Minister to Paraguay. A bill for the relief of mail contractors, passed both Houses by offering a resolution that the Judiciary Committee be instructed to inquire into the expediency of reporting a bill to give freedom to every human being, and to interdict Slavery wherever Congress has the Constitutional power to legislate on that subject. For a few minutes the noise and confusion was great, but the resolution being voted down by over 50 majority, it soon subsided. A bill for the relief of mail contractors, passed both Houses. It authorizes the Department to use the net revenue of the quarter just expiring to pay contractors and route agents.

MARCH 27. - The time of both Houses was taken up with the consideration of the Army and Navy Appropriation bills.

MARCH 28. - The bill to increase the pay of officers in the Navy was passed by the Senate. A discussion on polygamy, came off in the House, on the report of a proposition from the Committee on Territories declaring polygamy a crime, and annulling all the Territorial laws of Utah legalizing and establishing it. The Democrats of the House were not ready to stand forth as the advocates and supporters of this peculiar institution; on the other hand, they could not but squirm at the idea of assailing and enforcing the authority of Congress over the Territories in relation to the subject. For if Congress can limit the number of wives a man may have, it is difficult to see why it may not also limit the number of slaves he may have; if "popular sovereignty" in the Territories is a delusion and a snare in regard to polygamy, why not in relation to slavery also? Mr. Branch, of N. C., was willing to prohibit polygamy, but could not brand it as a crime, because the same thing might be done with slavery. The subject was at last informally laid aside.

MARCH 29. - The President sent a message to the house protesting against Mr. Covode's Investigating Committee, and denying the power of that body to make any inquiry, the result of which may be unfavorable to the personal character or official conduct of the President. If the conduct of the President is to be examined, Mr. Buchanan contends that it can only be done through the Judiciary Committee and in the form of an impeachment. On this point an interesting debate sprung up.

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PENNSYLVANIA ITEMS.

PREPARED FOR THE "RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL," BY J. B. HOW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. The steam-saw mill and planing factory of George Dill & Co., near Strongtown, was consumed by fire on Saturday night, March 26. A little child of Wm. Youngblood, of Indiana borough, was bitten by a dog belonging to Abraham Moore, on the 22d. It was with difficulty that the dog, though a young one, could be induced to let go his hold. John Mitchell, a son of Robert Mitchell, of Indiana, died near Elwood, Kansas, on the 15th ult. He went to Kansas in the spring of 1856; squatted on a section of land; in the fall, started, in company with others, to Leavenworth for flour; the party was attacked on the way by 200 Border Ruffians; young Mitchell was among the prisoners taken; all were released but nine, Mitchell being of this number. They were detained eleven days, when they were delivered to Gov. Shannon. During this time, the prisoners had to lay on the damp ground without blankets or covering. By this exposure, Mitchell contracted a cold, followed by fever and ague, and eventually terminated in consumption, which caused his death.

BLAIR COUNTY. - A step-daughter of Mr. John Schweigert, proprietor of the Red Lion Hotel in Altoona, was seriously burned on the 21st March, by her clothes taking fire from a fluid lamp which was upset or exploded. Her screams brought her step-father to her relief, but with difficulty had her clothes cut off. The child, who is about five years of age, was severely burned about the left breast and arm and right thigh. On the evening of the 26th, the wife of Mr. A. Eckel, tobaccoist, of the same town, was terribly burned about the face, breast and hands, by the explosion of a lighted fluid lamp. Most of the hair was burned from her head, the skin on her face so much scorched that it was combed off, and her hair and eyebrows were burned out of her ear. Her injuries are not considered dangerous. The Episcopalians of Tyrone and vicinity organized a Parish on Monday, the 26th March, under the title of "St. Philip's." A vestry was elected, and steps taken to procure the services of clergymen.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY. - James Kitzow and two assistants of Pleasant, were killed from a buggy last week and severely injured. Jacob Gran, sr., of Pleasant Unity, was last week severely hurt by being kicked in the face by a horse. The dwellings of Thomas Moore and H. Smith, and the store room of W. H. Guthrie & Co., in North Washington were burned. No insurance. On the 28th ult., Mary Jane Huston, aged about twenty-four years, daughter of Mr. Joseph Huston, who resides at Covode's Factory, committed suicide, by cutting her throat with a razor. Five convicts guarded upon her in the position in which her corpse was found it is supposed that she had gone to the barn, taking the razor with her, and attempted to hang herself with a plow line, and that the knot slipping, she had recourse to the razor to accomplish her object. No cause is known for the commission of the act.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY. - On the 29th March, Mr. Peter Myers, in company with his daughter, a little girl aged thirteen years, attempted to cross the dam at James' mill in West Pennsboro, where they were engaged in the business of cutting ice. The dam, used for that purpose. Immediately on leaving the shore, a tempestuous gale drove the boat rapidly down the stream, and finally over the dam! The boat capsized, and Mr. Myers and his little daughter, after a few ineffectual efforts to save themselves, sank to the bottom of the deep stream. The only one who witnessed the catastrophe, was a little boy, who lived in the neighborhood, and who, when the boys assembled and used every effort to rescue the sufferers, but all their exertions were unavailing. The bodies were taken from the stream about half an hour after the accident.

JEFFERSON COUNTY. - On Friday, March 23d, a young man named Jacob Fisher, was engaged in loosening a pile of logs near Russell's mill, three miles from Brookville, when the pile started and throwing him down he was crushed beneath the rolling timber. The deceased was about 25 years of age, and although about 24 he was considered a strong man. He was crushed and bruised that he died in a few minutes.

HORRIBLE AFFAIR.

During week before last, a sloop engaged in the oyster-trade was found off Staten Island, New York, at sea, and upon examination it was ascertained that no persons were on board, and that the vessel bore marks of a bloody encounter. The deck was covered with blood, at places showing signs of a struggle. At the sides of the vessel were to be seen bunches of hair clotted with blood. On the stair-way leading to the deck was to be seen the mark of a hatchet, where evidently in the encounter the hand of one of the unfortunate victims in clinging to the stair-way had been cut off. The small boat of the vessel was gone. It was found upon bringing the vessel to New York that the sloop had left the harbor of New York but shortly before in charge of a Captain, two boys, and a man by the name of Johnson. A vessel had run into the sloop the night before she was found, when the small boat was still aboard, and but one man made his appearance on deck. Particular attention was not called to the sloop at the time. The Police of New York were soon on the track of the murderer, and a series of circumstances soon came to light, which led to his speedy capture. A man in a small boat landed on Staten Island, and left the boat on the beach. Shortly after a person with a bundle stopped at a restaurant, and his conversation seemed rather suspicious. He was traced on a Ferry boat, where he had the same bundle, and made an exhibition of some money in the bundle, which was taken from him, and he was saved from a ship-wreck. He was finally traced to his home in New York, was seen to leave the city with his wife and child and was finally captured in a private dwelling on the outskirts of Providence, R. I. A gold watch, belonging to the Captain of the sloop, was found in his possession. The name of the suspected murderer is William Johnson, and it is supposed, that he murdered his three unfortunate victims singly the clothing of each he had saved, unsouled with blood, and rendering probable the inference, that he was in bed, when the other two were murdered. The unfortunate man has been brought to New York, where his trial will come off in due time. A more daring and cold-blooded murder, it has not been our lot to chronicle in many a day.

HARRIS A. Blackington, an operative in one of the iron-fall plants, died, of a very rare disease, last week. It commenced in the thumbs, resembling a blood-blistor, and grew, rapidly malignant, like the bite of a rattlesnake, till she died in great agony, three days after its appearance. During her spasms she bit the finger of an attendant, who was saved by cauterization.

THE IMPRISONED COMMISSIONERS. - We learn from the Pittsburg papers that the County Commissioners in the prison of that city hold daily levees, which are largely attended, and their anti-tax friends keep constantly patting them on the back and telling them to remain firm. Their confinement does not seem to set hard on them.

The materialist views man as a walking machine propelled by the instincts of life.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements set up with large type or out of usual style will be charged double price for space occupied.

CLOVER-SEED. - A quantity for sale by Wm. F. IRWIN, Clearfield, Pa. ap4

ASTHMA. - For the instant relief and permanent cure of this distressing complaint, use Fend's Bronchial Cigarettes, made by C. B. Seymour & Co., 107 Nassau street, N. Y. Price, \$1 per box; sent free by post. For sale at all druggists. Ap. 4, '60.-6m.

LOST! - On the 30th March, 1860, between Howard Merrell's Tavern, on the new turnpike, and Grahamton, a Cash-Skin Pocket-Book, containing a note of hand on Harvey Bissell for \$150, dated Grahamton, 24th March, 1860, payable on the 30th of June, for \$100, dated Burns Stuben county, N. Y., March, 1859, payable one year after date. Any person finding it and turning it to me, or giving any information of it, shall be suitably rewarded, as the notes will be of no use to me but me. THOS. CHAMBERS. Ap. 4, '60.

WATCHES GIVEN AWAY. - A gift valued at from two dollars to one hundred dollars given with every book sold at retail price. At least one Watch is Guaranteed to Every Twelve Books! These inducements are offered by the Suffolk Exchange Company, 116 Washington street, Boston, the most extensive and the most liberal Gift-giver in existence. Catalogues mailed free to any address. Apply to the SUFFOLK EXCHANGE CO., 116 Washington st., Boston. Ap. 4, '60. C. W. ELDRIDGE, Treas.

LIST OF RETAILERS of Foreign and Domestic Merchandise in Clearfield county, for the year 1860, subject to the payment of License: NAME. RESIDENCE. CLASS. TO PAY. A. Montgomery & Co., Brady town, Pa. 14 57 00 Jacob Kline, " " " 14 7 00 R. H. Carlisle & Co., " " " 13 10 00 Samuel Arnold, " " " 13 10 00 F. K. Arnold, " " " 11 7 00 E. M. Masters, Burnside t'w'p., Pa. 14 7 00 James M. Brown, " " " 14 7 00 Patchin & Sons, " " " 14 7 00 Bowman & Parks, Beccaria t'w'p., Pa. 14 7 00 W. B. Dickinson, " " " 14 7 00 Lionel W. Weld, " " " 14 7 00 Edward Williams, Bradford t'w'p., Pa. 14 7 00 Francis Couderick, Covington t'p., Pa. 14 7 00 P. T. Hegarty, " " " 14 7 00 Lewis Smith, Bell township, Pa. 14 7 00 William Lumlado, " " " 14 7 00 William Ferguson, Bradford t'w'p., Pa. 14 7 00 Edward Williams, Bradford t'w'p., Pa. 14 7 00 P. T. Hegarty, " " " 14 7 00 P. A. Gaalin, " " " 14 7 00 George W. Pines, new and rich styles. 14 7 00 William Hunter, Chest township, Pa. 14 7 00 Reed & Weaver, Clearfield boro., Pa. 12 12 50 Moore & Eizewiler, " " " 12 12 50 Richard Mossop, " " " 12 12 50 Frank M. Hosack, Gold Springs, Pa. 12 12 50 William F. Irwin, " " " 12 12 50 C. Kratzer & Sons, " " " 11 15 00 Merrell's Bigler, " " " 14 7 00 John O. Lorrain & Co., " " " 14 7 00 Leonard M. Finney & Co., (Bankers) " " " 25 00 John Irwin, Curwens boro., Pa. 10 00 John D. Thompson, " " " 14 7 00 John Patton, " " " 11 15 00 J. B. Montgomery, " " " 14 7 00 Wm. B. Dickinson, " " " 14 7 00 Bowman & Parks, Decatur t'w'p., Pa. 14 7 00 D. Edmundson & Co., " " " 14 7 00 Limpinetti & Co., " " " 14 7 00 J. P. Hildreth, " " " 14 7 00 Ellis Irwin & Son, Goshen town, Pa. 14 7 00 A. B. Shaw, " " " 13 10 00 James Irwin, Girard town, Pa. 14 7 00 Augustus Leonty, " " " 13 10 00 Wm. H. Humphrey, " " " 14 7 00 Thomas H. Forney, Graham town, Pa. 13 10 00 Fox & Souder, Geislich town, Pa. 14 7 00 James A. Hagerty, " " " 14 7 00 Phoenix Lumber Co., " " " 14 7 00 W. B. Darlington & Co., " " " 14 7 00 David Taylor, Huston town, Pa. 14 7 00 Hiram Woodward, " " " 14 7 00 J. B. Hildreth, Jordan town, Pa. 14 7 00 Henry Shaw, " " " 14 7 00 M. Murry & Hegarty, " " " 14 7 00 Martin O. Strick, Knox township, Pa. 14 7 00 William Sankey, Karthaus t'w'p., Pa. 14 7 00 J. C. Greener, " " " 14 7 00 James Fornell, Lawrence t'w'p., Pa. 14 7 00 John Broomal, Lumber city boro., Pa. 14 7 00 Wright & Co., " " " 14 7 00 J. Ferguson, (Conf.) " " " 8 50 00 J. C. Brenner, Morris town, Pa. 14 7 00 Russell M. Murry, N. Washingt'nd, Pa. 14 7 00 Allison & Snyder, " " " 14 7 00 Thomas Henderson, Woodward t'p., Pa. 14 7 00 J. P. Hildreth & Co., " " " 14 7 00 John M. Chase, " " " 14 7 00

RETAILERS OF PATENT MEDICINES, &c. John Patton, Curwens boro., 4 50 00 William Irwin, " " " 4 50 00

RESTAURANTS.

E. Goodwin, Curwens boro., 4 50 00

NOTICE. - An appeal will be held on Tuesday the 15th day of May, at the Commissioner's Office in Clearfield Borough, when and where all who feel themselves aggrieved by the above appraisal can attend if they see proper. Ap. 4, '60. JOHN B. HEISLY, Merc. App.

LOOK HERE, GENTLEMEN! - WAGON SHOP AHEAD!!!

The subscriber thankful for past favors, takes this method of informing his old customers and the public in general, that he has removed his shop from the country to the shop formerly occupied by George W. Orr, on Second street, Clearfield, Pa., where he will continue to manufacture Wagons of every description, to order, of good material and in a workmanlike manner. Also, Wheelbarrows, Hammers, Grain cradles, &c., made on short notice, in superior style, and of the best stock. Repairing of every kind done with dispatch, and on reasonable terms. June 29, 1859. WILLIAM R. BROWN.

THE UNION RIGHT SIDE UP!

The subscribers have started the Chair-making business at their residence in Lawrence town, 1 mile from Philip Antes saw-mill on the west side of the river, where they saw constantly on hand the best quality of Chairs, Settees, Bunks, &c. ROCKING CHAIRS, RUSH BOTTOMS & SPRING Seat Chairs, from the common Windsor up to the very latest style of Parlor Chairs. The subscribers having an elegant water-power by which they do their Boring, Sawing, Turning, &c. they are enabled to sell every style of chairs at reduced prices. The public is respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. All work warranted - either new work or repairing. June 29, 1859. WM. MULLOUGH & SON.

NAILS, GLASS, OIL, PAINTS, &c.

to be had at GRAHAM, BOYNTON & CO. Feb. 29.

HONEY.

A good article of Honey, for sale at the store of WM. F. IRWIN.

CURWENSVILLE PROPERTY FOR SALE. A house and lot in Curwensville borough for sale; for terms and description apply to JAMES IRVIN, 415 & 417 Arch Street, Philadelphia. Philadelphia, March 7, 1860-2m.

SHIPPING FURS! - The highest CASH prices paid for Mink, Coon, Red Fox, Gray Fox, Otters, Muskrats, &c., at WORMATH'S, 415 & 417 Arch Street, Philadelphia. Philadelphia, March 7, 1860-2m.

THE FARM in Jordan township occupied by John Kilhon, being 50 acres, 35 of which are cleared and under good fence, and having a house and barn thereon erected, for sale. Apply to JAMES IRVIN, 415 & 417 Arch Street, Philadelphia. Philadelphia, Feb. 29.

FOR RENT. - The undersigned has for rent a house and lot, and blacksmith shop, in the Borough of Luthersburg. This is a good location for a blacksmith. For further information apply to Luthersburg, Feb. 29. To JAMES IRVIN.

BERRY HOUSE, FRONT ST. MARIETTA. (formerly kept by the undersigned) the undersigned respectfully solicits the patronage of his old friends, and assures all rivermen having business in Marietta that no pains will be spared for their accommodation and comfort. Feb. 22, 1860-1y. ABNER M. MICHAEL.

BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER. - The undersigned takes this method to announce to the citizens of Clearfield and the surrounding country, that he has opened a Barber Shop, on Market street, in Shaw's new row, where he is prepared to accommodate all who may give him a call, and hopes to receive a liberal patronage. Oct. 6, 1858. JEREMIAH NOHRIS.

THE WARE! PRICES REDUCED! - MERCHANTS AND DEALERS are invited to call and examine the largest assortment of well made, first-rate, and second-rate Goods, which we are prepared to sell at Lower Prices than inferior goods are generally sold for. MELLODY & FORD, Sign of the Large Coffee Pot, March 14, 59-3m. 723 Market St., Philadelphia.

EXCELSIOR MARBLE YARD. - The undersigned hereby announces to the citizens of Clearfield county, Pa., that he is still engaged, at his old stand, in the business of cutting and finishing all kinds of Marble and Granite, and is prepared to execute all orders in the most reasonable terms. All orders promptly attended to. Address, ISAAC HELLIN, Aug. 29, 1858. -dec23-'57. Tyrone City.

NEW STONE WARE MANUFACTORY IN CLEARFIELD, PA. - The undersigned takes this method of informing the public that he has commenced the manufacture of Stone-Ware in the Borough of Clearfield, and that he is now prepared to supply all who may want them with Milk and Cream Crock, Jugs, Jars, &c., at lower prices, than they can be bought elsewhere. For terms of patronage apply to FREDERICK LEITZINGER, Clearfield, Pa., May 25, 1859-1y.

SOMETHING NEW IN THE PEARL VILLAGE OF CURWENSVILLE. - The undersigned having entered into partnership in the Foundry Business, under the name and style of Robison & Denmark, respectfully announce to the public that they are constantly on hand, or will make to order, Stoves, Grills, and all other Castings commonly used in the States, which they will sell at the lowest rates for cash, or exchange on the most advantageous terms for old metal, or approved country produce. J. JACKSON, J. IRVIN, D. J. DENMARK, February 1, 1860.

BOGGS TP. FARMS FOR SALE. - One containing 124 acres, 85 of which are under good fence. A log house 22 by 26, plank house 16 by 18, log barn, smithy and all necessary out-buildings thereon. Large spring and spring-house convenient to house. The land is well watered and has sufficient wood, such as Spruce, Hemlock, Pine, an orchard of large grafted trees, and a young orchard on place, all choice fruit. It is convenient for pasturing droves. ALSO, one containing 90 acres - 10 cleared and under fence - balance well timbered. This land has a log house and stable thereon. For terms apply to J. JACKSON, J. IRVIN, D. J. DENMARK, October 13.

BELLEFONTE MARBLE WORKS! - The undersigned adopts this method of informing the public and the patrons of the late firm of S. A. Gibson & Co., that he designs carrying on the MARBLE BUSINESS in Bellefonte, in all its various branches, and will hold himself always in readiness to furnish those who call upon him, with all kinds of Cemetery Work, of the latest classical designs, and superior workmanship, such as Monuments, Tombstones, Gravestones, Headstones, Carved Sculptural or Plain, as cheap, if not cheaper, than they can be had at any other establishment in the country. Thankful for past favors, the undersigned solicits an increase of patronage. WM. HAHGAN, Bellefonte, Pa., March 23, 1859-4f.

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS!! A FULL ASSORTMENT AT THE CHEAP CASH STORE, CLEARFIELD. The undersigned informs his friends and customers that he has received a full and general assortment of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARD-WARE, QUEENS-WARE, STONE-WARE, CEDAR-WARE, PUTON'S SHIPS, BONES, HATS & CAPS, Drugs and Medicines, Varnishes, Oils and Paints, Ready-Made Clothing, &c., &c., which he will dispose of at the most reasonable rates for cash, or exchange for every description of approved country produce. Buyers should at all times consult their own interests, and procure their goods wherever they can purchase the most for their money. The "cheap cash store," it is believed, has this desirable feature of economy, and therefore should be sought by those who wish to procure goods at the lowest cash prices. Nov. 2, 1859. WM F. IRWIN.

JOSHUA S. JOHNSON, CABINET MAKER. Having fitted up a shop a few doors east of the "Old Jew Store," on Market street, desires to inform the community at large, that he keeps on hand a variety of CABINET WORK, of his shop, and that he manufactures to order, (of superior quality) every description of Chairs, Kitchens, Furniture, among which are Centre and Dining Tables; Mahogany and Common Bureaus; Common and Fancy Bedsteads, Stands, Safes, Cupboards, Sofas, Lounges, &c., which are determined to dispose of at as cheap rates, for as long as they can be purchased at any other establishment of the sort in the county. Persons wishing to buy furniture are invited to come to his shop and examine his articles, and judge for themselves of his quality and finish, before purchasing. He is confident that he can suit them in price and quality. Country produce will be taken in payment for furniture. November 10, 1858. N. B. He is also prepared to make COFFINS to order on the shortest notice, and attend to all kinds with a haste, when called upon. J. S. J.

JUST RECEIVED AT NAUGLE'S CHEAP JEWELRY STORE, CLEARFIELD, PA. A fine assortment of WATCHES JEWELRY, &c., &c., to which we invite attention. Gold and Silver hunting and open faced watches, to be had at NAUGLE'S. The American Lever of different kinds, can be had at NAUGLE'S. Fine sets of Jewelry, such as Cameo, Coral, Lava, Jet, Carbuncle, Garnet, Opal, Florentine, Moissanite, Gold Stone, Mosaic, Porcelain paintings, &c., or single pieces, at NAUGLE'S. Plain Gold Breast Pins, Eardrops, Hoop Earrings, children's eardrops and rings at NAUGLE'S. Gold sets, keys and pencils, gold pens and silver holders at NAUGLE'S. Gold breast pins, sleeve buttons, shirt studs, gold buckles and guard slides at NAUGLE'S. A fine assortment of gold finger rings of different styles and quality, gold lockets, coral necklaces, silver thimbles, spectacles, watch gears, and all articles in his line on hand at NAUGLE'S. Just received, a fine assortment of Fancy and common Clocks, and Fancy Time-pieces, from 1.25 to 15 dollars at NAUGLE'S. Gold and Silver will be taken in exchange for goods at NAUGLE'S. All goods warranted as represented, or the money refunded, at NAUGLE'S. If you wish your watches put in good repair and warranted, take them to NAUGLE'S.

IRON! IRON! IRON!!! - We, the undersigned, would respectfully inform the public that having lately repaired the works commonly known as the "Old Alleghany Forge," near Philadelphia, we are prepared to manufacture all kinds of Cast Iron, such as Stoves, Grills, Castings, Bars, Horse-shoe Bars, Saw-mill Bars, Wagon Tires of all sizes, Sculp Iron, Sheet-Plates, Forges and Furnace Tools, &c. We will also manufacture every description of Machinery, which, for strength and durability, commands the highest prices, and estimation of all good machinists. Persons wishing any of the above iron can be accommodated on short notice. It is unnecessary to dwell on the superior quality of the hammered iron, because the rolled iron of the same quality, are soon convinced of the superiority of the former. The people of Clearfield will find it to their advantage to use the hammered iron, both for strength and durability. Country produce, and scrap iron of every size and description taken in exchange for hammered iron. All orders will be promptly attended to by addressing the firm of H. BETHLEHEM & CO., Philadelphia, Centre co., Pa. Sept. 14, 59-6m.

NEW FIRM, NEW GOODS, AND NEW PRICES, IN CLEARFIELD. The undersigned, desire to inform the citizens of Clearfield and surrounding vicinity, that they have recently purchased in the Eastern cities a large and well selected stock of seasonable Goods, such as SPRING & SUMMER GOODS, and a large stock of Ready-made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Ladies' Bonnets of the latest fashion; Mackerel and Herring; Sugar, Tea and Coffee; Country produce, and all kinds of Lumber and country produce of all kinds, taken in exchange for Goods. He invites purchasers to give him a call before supplying themselves elsewhere. JOHN IRVIN, Curwensville, Pa., May 18, 1859.

IRON! IRON! IRON!!! - We, the undersigned, would respectfully inform the public that having lately repaired the works commonly known as the "Old Alleghany Forge," near Philadelphia, we are prepared to manufacture all kinds of Cast Iron, such as Stoves, Grills, Castings, Bars, Horse-shoe Bars, Saw-mill Bars, Wagon Tires of all sizes, Sculp Iron, Sheet-Plates, Forges and Furnace Tools, &c. We will also manufacture every description of Machinery, which, for strength and durability, commands the highest prices, and estimation of all good machinists. Persons wishing any of the above iron can be accommodated on short notice. It is unnecessary to dwell on the superior quality of the hammered iron, because the rolled iron of the same quality, are soon convinced of the superiority of the former. The people of Clearfield will find it to their advantage to use the hammered iron, both for strength and durability. Country produce, and scrap iron of every size and description taken in exchange for hammered iron. All orders will be promptly attended to by addressing the firm of H. BETHLEHEM & CO., Philadelphia, Centre co., Pa. Sept. 14, 59-6m.

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