

Raftsmans Journal.



S. B. BOW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA., MAY 4, 1859.

THE SICKLES CASE.

The farce of trying Daniel E. Sickles for the murder of Phillip Barton Key, has been played out at Washington, and a verdict of acquittal rendered. This, though anticipated, is a strange verdict. This Sickles was a murderer in law, none can truthfully deny; and we cannot see how a jury, with incontestable evidence of intentional killing before them, could make a return of "not guilty," without doing violence to their consciences. We do not say that Sickles deserved to be hung. Far from it. He was a much injured man—he had been deeply wronged by Key; but that wrong should have been considered a palliation of, not an excuse for the homicide which followed. It would have justified the jury in returning a verdict of manslaughter, or of murder in the second degree, with a recommendation to mercy; it did not and cannot justify a verdict of acquittal. We know that such provocation as Sickles endured, has in a number of cases been held in American courts as a sufficient excuse for killing a man. This is a dangerous practice—it degrades both divine and human law, sanctions the substitution of violence and vengeance for the regular and orderly redress of grievances through the proper channels, and carries this country a long stride backward toward the age when Might was Right—and it is high time that it be stopped; that the supremacy of the law be maintained, and its violation satisfied in a just and equitable manner.

UTAH.

Recent advices from Utah show that the much lauded pacification in that territory is of a rather precarious character. In the absence of Chief Justice Eckels, his mantle appears to have fallen upon Justices Cradlebaugh and Sinclair, who are engaged in a violent struggle with Gov. Cumming for the control of affairs. Gov. Cumming still adheres to his policy of avoiding any violent collision with the religious fanaticism of the Mormons, by overlooking the past and confining his attention to the present and future. The two Judges, on the other hand, seem determined to rip up certain old transactions, and to compel the Mormons either to allow a number of their leaders to be hung, or, what apparently would suit certain persons better, to bring on by this means a collision between them and the troops. In pursuance with this policy, Judge Cradlebaugh, upon going to Provo to hold court, caused himself to be attended by a company of soldiers, by whom the court house was occupied. Against this procedure the authorities of Provo remonstrated, and when Gov. Cumming requested Gen. Johnston to withdraw the troops from Provo, instead of doing so, he sent a force of a thousand men to sustain them. This has had the effect of producing great alarm throughout the Territory.

VONDERSMITH FORGERY CASE.

EX-Justice Vondersmith, of Lancaster, was convicted in the U. S. District Court in Philadelphia, on last Thursday, 25th April, on two indictments for forging fraudulent pension claims. Four other indictments were barred by the statute of limitations. The defendant was, for many years, one of the Associate Judges of Lancaster county—reputed to be a man of wealth and high standing in the community. He had, however, for some ten or fifteen years prior to 1854, when his crimes were first discovered, been engaged in forging pension papers, on which large sums of money were drawn from Washington City. He ran off in 1851, and was absent for some years, until, as was supposed, the statute of limitations was a defence, about which, it seems, he made a little mistake. Nearly all the Prothonotaries of Lancaster county, have explained how they came to attach the seal of the court to scores of fraudulent papers—his position as Judge made them careless. They certified without knowing anything of the handwriting of the Justices before whom the declarations purported to have been made.

IN A BAD HUMOR.

The Buchanan, or "Soap Democrats," as they are called because a Yankee soap vendor was invited to make a speech at the time of the office-holders' Convention at Harrisburg, in which he dilated upon the peculiar merits of his soap, and hinted that it might be beneficially used by the members of that body, seem to be in a bad humor with the Anti-Lecomptonites, whose Convention they call a "wheelbarrow" affair, and pitch round into all who act or sympathize with them, doubtless with the calculation of intimidating the rank and file and preventing an entire disruption of the party. The wriggling and twisting and doleful contortions of countenance of the "Soaps," are amusing to witness, and if we were permitted to draw a conclusion from the woe-begone and despairing looks of their leaders, we should say they are fully realizing the teachings of the popular ballad: "Jordan an a hard road to travel."

Thomas E. Stevens, Postmaster at Bowery Landing, Muscatine County, Iowa, was arrested on Saturday, charged with detaining letters and refusing to give them up when called for. He took certain letters, which he supposed contained money, from the office, and then caused a constable to levy upon them, claiming that the party to whom they were addressed owed him money.

THE STATE OF EUROPE.

The domination of the Austrian Government over the countries between the Ticino, the Po and the Adriatic, though recognized as legal by the governments of Europe, and having been successfully maintained for half a century, has always been regarded by the people as unjust and most repugnant. The treaties of Vienna gave Austria dominion over so much of Italy as to enable her to sustain every bad Italian Government, and preclude any popular reforms in the independent States; and by the continued increase of preponderating power the Duchies of Parma, Modena, and Tuscany have been so subjected to her that their governments are held on sufferance, conditional upon military service to her. Count Cavour, the Sardinian minister, in a recent address to the British Government declared this domination and extension to be a serious injury to Piedmont. He is supported by Louis Napoleon, and he demands that the "European Powers shall secure to Lombardy and Venetia a national and separate government, destroy the domination of Austria in the central States of Italy, and compel her to evacuate the Romagna; invite the Dukes of Parma and Modena to give to their people institutions like those of Sardinia, and the Duke of Tuscany to re-establish the constitution of '48; and obtain from the Pope "the administrative separation of the provinces beyond the Appennines," as was promised in 1856. Austria resists these demands. Her taxation, recruiting, and violent police systems, administered by Austrians who are all cordially hated in Italy, and above all the petty tyranny and cruelty of the officials, have become more and more aggravated year after year, and the Italian people are ripe for a fearful struggle against any odds. Sardinia, though anxious that her grievances should be settled by the intervention of the European Powers, and still more desirous to secure the formal recognition of the justice of her demands by the British Government, (if she fails in obtaining the intervention,) with the assistance of France, would accomplish more than the enforcement of her demands. She is marshaling her troops—France is sending thither her auxiliary forces, and Austria is arraying and concentrating her armies. We have no faith in the Peace Congress that is to be held, and believe the causes and preparations mentioned will result in a war by France and Sardinia against Austria. We see not how England and Prussia can stand aloof throughout the contest.—France is evidently supported by Russia. The smaller German Powers are hostile to Russia, and are very likely to side with Austria. The popular feeling has recently been manifested in that vein in several quarters. Should France attempt to do more than aid the Sardinians in driving the Austrian troops beyond the Alps, the German Provinces would certainly give her a hard fight. Beside, England is not likely to sustain France in defence of a policy which would seriously impair her pre-eminence in her own provinces. Hence, a general European war is anticipated—the most important and the most destructive, tho' probably the shortest, and in its final results the most beneficial to the cause of human freedom that ever the world has witnessed.

EXCESSIVE EATING.

In a letter to Lord Murray, Sidney Smith says: "You are, I hear, attending more to diet than heretofore. If you wish anything like happiness in the fifth act of life, you should pay more attention to the amount you eat and drink. Did I ever tell you my calculation about eating and drinking? Having ascertained the weight of what I live upon, I found that between ten and seventy years of age, I had eaten and drunk forty-four one horse wagon loads of meat and drink more than would have preserved me in life and health. The value of this mass of nourishment is considered to be worth £7,000 sterling. It occurred to me that I must starve to death more than one hundred. This is a frightful calculation, but irresistibly true—and I think, dear Murray, that your wondrous need additional horses."

IT IS FOUND.

By the local authorities that one hundred and eighty-nine out of eight hundred and seventy-one families in Montcalm county, Michigan, are in a state of destitution. The report of the Board of Supervisors says that "that they are in such a state of destitution and necessitous circumstances as to require aid beyond their own means to enable them to procure suitable food, and seed for spring." The Board proposes to borrow, and pledge the faith of the county for re-payment, \$4,000 for immediate use in relieving the wants of the distressed.

THE TROUBLE AT VALPARAISO.

The trouble at Valparaiso, with Mr. Trevelt, the American Consul, was caused by his harboring six of the insurgents in his house. The troops sent to arrest them behaved brutally, but it scarcely seems within the line of duty of Mr. Trevelt, or of his consular privileges, to open his house as a refuge to persons at war with the government to which he is accredited. The withdrawal of his exequatur after such an act is not surprising.

A FEW DAYS SINCE.

Two boys were arrested at Monticello, Mo., on a charge of stealing a \$20 gold piece. The boy who actually stole the money was put on trial first, and the other chap was used as a witness, and his innocence was established. The other boy was then placed on trial, when the one just acquitted came forward and swore that he stole the money himself.

THE "HARMONIOUS" DEMOCRACY OF LOUISIANA.

The "harmonious" Democracy of Louisiana are in the midst of a busy intestine war. The Soule faction is arrayed against the Slidell faction; and at present there is a good prospect for a regular Kilkenny cat affair, or at least a full-blooded "Keystone" broil.

THE STEAMSHIP NORTH BRITAIN ARRIVED ON THE 24 APRIL.

The latest aspect of continental affairs was reassuring, and the Paris Monitor had published another pacific article. Sardinia had accepted the disarmament principle.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Cincinnati Gazette, of 23d April, furnishes the following: "Yesterday forenoon a woman apparently about thirty years of age, accompanied by a little boy six years old, a girl of four, and a niece of fifteen, were found walking upon the levee, through the drenching rain, their thin and time-worn garments scarcely covering their nakedness. Mr. John Baker, the wharf-master, kindly invited them into the wharf-boat, built up a rousing fire, and made them as comfortable as circumstances would permit. He then learned from the woman that she was from Bracken county, Ky., and was on her way to Pittsburg, where her parents reside, with her two children and orphan niece. Her husband went to California some years ago, and died there. The woman had struggled on in poverty, until she was at length compelled to return to her former home in rags. Without shoes to cover their feet, the four walked the entire way to Lexington, a distance of sixty miles. How weary and foot-sore, and faint and hungered they became, it is useless to describe. At Lexington they were kindly forwarded by railroad to Louisville, and from that point reached Cincinnati by boat, through the generosity of the commander. When found upon the wharf by Baker, they were in search of a Pittsburg boat, in hopes to get a passage to that city. The facts became known to Capt. Fisher, who proceeded to his residence, and his lady furnished a liberal supply of under garments and warm wraps for the woman and girls, and they were soon comfortably clad in decent garments. The case was reported to the Sons of Malta, who promptly responded with their accustomed liberality. Two or three of the members visited the woman, and after hearing her story, took the whole party to a store, and furnished each with a pair of shoes, and gave the mother eight dollars in money, after procuring a passage for the four upon a boat to Pittsburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

The grain and fruit prospects are good in this region. The counting-house of the Messrs. Hinkson in Chester was entered on the night of the 29th April and they were taken open with powder. All their trouble the thieves obtained about two dollars. The mill of Bartram & Sharpless, in the same town, was entered the same night, and carried the safe down stairs. The noise awakened one of the members of the firm, who fired a pistol at them, when they made their escape. A person calling himself Bright has been soliciting alms from the Society of Friends in Chester, Bucks and Lancaster counties. He represented himself as a Quaker, but it seems he is a "hog's" article.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Great excitement prevailed at Easton on the 20th April, caused by the announcement that the body of Mr. Samuel Yeager, the missing merchant of that place, had been found in the Ohio river at East Liverpool, forty-five miles below Pittsburg. The body was found on the 16th April, and it is supposed to have been in the water some two weeks or more. The verdict of the coroner's jury was accidental drowning. Nearly \$400 in money was found upon the body. His memorandum book, keys, and some papers, were also found. The remains have been sent for, and will be brought on to Easton for re-interment.

LEHIGH COUNTY.

On the 24th April, the wife of Samuel Bloch, Allentown, died from the effects of inflammation of the throat, produced by a small bone lodging in her throat whilst eating soup on the Tuesday previous. On the 23d, Isaac Miller was found dead in the stable of Jacob Deily at Catsanaga. The Coroner rendered a verdict of death by intemperance. On the night of the 17th, \$50 or \$60 were stolen from the drawer of Mr. George Esh's hotel in Lehigh. On the same night, two or three valuable watches, three silk dress patterns and a small sum of money were stolen from the store of Mr. Deterling, in Weisport.

CLINTON COUNTY.

On the 22d April, two men engaged with passing counterfeit money, were committed to the Lock Haven jail. Their names are not given. As Mr. W. Saitman, of Farrandville, attempted to cross over Bald Eagle Creek, in the township of that name, with a horse and buggy, the vehicle was overturned by the current, and he with difficulty saved his life by diving from under the buggy and swimming to a little island near the bridge. Before assistance could be rendered the horse was drowned. Two or three other persons made narrow escapes in crossing at the same place.

MIFLIN COUNTY.

A valuable horse, the property of Dr. Woodrill, of Lewistown, was drowned, on the 26th, having been driven into the creek in a buggy, where the water was so deep that he lost his foot hold and could not be rescued. A large grey loon was captured a few days since by the family of Mr. Jacob Ort, near Lewistown. A gang of gypsies were encamped near the latter place one day last week. Gen. John Potter, formerly of Lewistown, has been elected Mayor of Fond du Lac, Wisconsin.

BUCKS COUNTY.

A Mr. Henry Frick, of Quakertown, recently had, as he supposed, \$1,575 in money stolen from him. On missing the money from his accustomed place, he at once concluded that some thief had entered the house in the night time, and removed the deposit, and very energetic was his search for the thief and plunder. A few days ago he found both, and also learned that a woman can keep a secret. His wife had taken the money and placed it in another drawer, and kept it and the secret for some ten days.

INDIANA COUNTY.

Some portions of the goods which were stole from the store of John Prothero & Son, of Montgomery township, some weeks ago, were found one day last week concealed in a hollow log, some two miles distant from the store. Maj. S. S. Jamison, returned home to Indiana, a few days since, from Leavenworth City, Kansas Territory, where he had been delivering a number of mules which had been purchased for the Government service.

BEAVER COUNTY.

A couple weeks ago, a Mrs. Brunton, residing in Green township, had been at a neighbor's, and when on her way home, with her mother, she discovered her clothes to be on fire, and before it could be extinguished, her garments were almost totally destroyed, and her body burned so shockingly, that she died in about 28 hours after.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY.

Mrs. Rachael Crysler, suddenly dropped dead while crossing a field about a mile from her residence in Kintanning township, on the 26th April, from disease of the heart. Mrs. Crysler was the widow of the late Michael T. Crysler, whose death by drowning was announced in the papers but a few weeks since.

BLAIR COUNTY.

On the 22d April, Mr. Evan Mowry was killed by the falling of a collier's cabin near Claysburg. Two other men were seriously injured by the heavy mass of earth, with which it was covered. The suit crew is thought, has been very little injured by the recent cold weather.

YORK COUNTY.

During the year ending April 1st, 18,220,000 of lumber, board measure, were sold and shipped by the dealers of Wrightsville. A cow belonging to Wm. Wilson, of Wrightsville, was run over by the passenger train from York, on the 21st, and so much injured that she had to be killed.

VENANGO COUNTY.

On the 25th April, a little girl of George P. Espy, of Coplanter township, who had followed her father to the barn, was kicked by a colt that was playing around, on the back part of her head, fracturing her skull so that it is feared she cannot recover.

PENNSYLVANIA ITEMS.

PREPARED FOR THE "RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL."

DAUPHIN COUNTY.—On the 23d April, at Middletown, four rafts were torn from their moorings by the storm, and swept down the river. Many more would have taken a trip down, had it not been for the hard and untiring labor of their owners to keep them at home. Messrs. McCrery's lost one raft, the Schuykill Navigation Co., one, and Mr. Irwin two. The work of killing dogs is still going on in Harrisburg. Doubtless there are quite a number of mad ones in that section of the State, and the Telegraph relates an incident of a wagoner, from Perry county, being followed across the mountain by a large dog, which attacked one of his horses, but a blow from the butt of the man's whip prostrated the vicious brute, which however, coming to, followed him as far as Henderson's mills, where after biting two or three dogs, it was killed. All the dogs bitten have since died. A cowhiding affair came off in the town of Dauphin on the 24th April, in which a woman, named Emma Geitwite, alias Bradegan, beloved Mr. Joseph Corbett in a most unmerciful manner. It seems Corbett was a witness in a fornication case against one Alex. Dasher, and testified that he had seen Dasher and Emma together under exceedingly suspicious circumstances. Emma, therefore, at the instigation of Dasher, it is alleged, concluded to make a cowhide Corbett, who she admitted to like a martyr. He had her arrested and bound over. It is said that Dasher had induced Emma, who is a large, robust woman, to go to Dauphin for the purpose of chastising all the witnesses living there who had testified against her.

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METHODIST CONFERENCE BROKEN UP.

In some of our religious exchanges, and indeed in one or two secular papers, we have seen reports that a body of preachers, recently holding a conference at Timber Creek, Fannin county, Texas, at which Bishop James presided, had been dispersed by a mob, but we hoped that the report was either untrue or greatly exaggerated. Further information on the subject, however, leaves no doubt that at least nothing more than the truth has been told representing the matter. The Conference was composed, as is uniformly the case, of the regularly ordained itinerant ministers laboring within a given region, their only object being to preach the Gospel. But these ministers belonged not to the M. E. Church, South, but to the Methodist Episcopal Church, and the slave-holders of Fannin county resolved that their presence should not be tolerated. They therefore appointed a vigilance committee of fifty to await upon them and warn them not to prosecute further the business of their Conference, and to order their departure from the county on pain of having lynch law applied to them. The following appears to be a fair statement of the way in which these gentlemen performed their mission: On the Sabbath, the great day of the Conference, Bishop James was in the pulpit, and the introductory services were in progress, when, from the windows of the church, far away on the level plain, might be seen some horsemen approaching. The horse was about two-thirds full, when they knelt in prayer; on arising, the horsemen had arrived, tied their horses, and crowded into every open place in the house. As the Bishop arose to announce his text, the leader of the mob, about three feet from the Bishop before him, exclaimed, "I have some business, sir, rather unpleasant to me, and more so to you; we have resolved in public meeting that you shall not preach or hold meetings in these regions." The Bishop replied that it was not his place to decline to preach; it was for the society living there and owing the house to decide whether it could be occupied that morning according to appointment, and unless the trustees or proper authorities forbade him, he must preach. The leader of the mob replied threateningly, declaring that in all that region Methodist societies should no longer be tolerated. The firmness of Bishop James enabled him to finish his sermon. The Conference, we understand, resolved to disperse rather than provoke such a breach of the peace.

THE HON. JEREMIAH CLEMENS, OF MEMPHIS.

In a speech at Nashville, Tenn., on the 29th March, said that it required extraordinary credulity to believe that the Administration intended to use the \$30,000,000 it asked for of the last Congress in the purchase of Cuba. "In my honest opinion," continued Mr. Clemens, "the intention was to use it as a corruption fund to secure the nomination and election of John S. Pillsbury as President of the United States. There is nothing in the past history of James Buchanan or John S. Pillsbury to place them above suspicion. Give them \$30,000,000 to be used in buying Spanish officials, and unless some such miracle occurs as the leopard changing his spots, a part of the sum will be employed in buying the Charleston Convention, and the remainder in purchasing the vote necessary to insure the election of his nominee."

COL. KING OF GONZALES COUNTY, IN TEXAS.

Who is an equal enemy of hard money and grammar, having a proper contempt for both, and who lives, as he says, "down to the foot of navigation," near Gonzales, a little creek which runs dry in Summer, recently delivered himself of the following emphatic remark:—"I owe a man an odd debt, and I make him a lawless tender of a blank bill and let him choose to accept it, but I will not let him level on my property, I don't make a sacrament of him I'll be d-d."

A HIVE OR B'S.

The National Administration is quite partial to B's. There's the great "J. B."—a regular old king. Then there are the lesser B's—Black, Bigler, Bowman, and "sich like." And now another B has made its appearance—a genuineumble B, bigger than just hatched—Browne, the new editor of the official organ. They are all B-beauties.

I SUPPOSE THAT ONE OF THE SEVEREST TRIALS OF A SORDID MAN IS THAT WHICH IS CAUSED BY THE DISGUST HE FEELS IN THE SOCIETY OF HIS OWN SOUL.

I once heard a preacher remark, that were it not for the interposition of sleep, in which all men are separated once in twenty-four hours from the consciousness of their own meanness, they would all die of self-contempt.

SOME ONE BLAMED DR. MARSH FOR CHANGING HIS MIND.

"Well," said he, "that is the difference between a man and a jackass: the jackass can't change his mind, and the man can—it's a human privilege."

THERE IS NO MEDICINE NOW OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC THAT MEETS WITH SO GREAT SUCCESS IN RELIEVING PAIN AND SORENESS, AS DUVALL'S GALVAINIC OIL.

It relieves all pain in from ten to thirty minutes.

WHAT THE PRESS SAY.

"Costar's" Exterminators are invaluable remedies for clearing a house of all sorts of vermin. With all confidence we recommend them.—N. Y. Daily State Register.

"Costar's" remedies for all domestic pests, such as Rats, Roaches, Bed-Bugs, Ants, Fleas, &c., are invaluable; we can speak from actual knowledge of their merits. Druggists and Dealers should send their orders early if they would secure a trade in them.—N. Y. Journal.

"I shall write something about your Exterminators, as I do so with propriety.—They are selling rapidly here and destroying all vermin.—Ed. 'Banner,' Fayette, Mo.

"DEATH TO ALL VERMIN."

As Spring approaches, Ants and Roaches, from their holes come out. And Mice and Rats, in spite of Cats, Gaily skip about. Bed-Bugs bite you, in the night, As on the bed you slumber, While Insects crawl thro' chamber and hall, In squads without number.

It is truly wonderful with what certainty, Rats, Roaches, Mice, Mosquitoes, Fleas, Termites, on Animals, in short every species of Vermin, are utterly destroyed and exterminated by "Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c. Exterminator, "Costar's" Bed-Bug Exterminator, "Costar's" Electric Powder, for Insects.

Supplied direct, by mail, to any address in the United States, as follows: On receipt of \$1.00, a box of the Rat, Roach, &c. Ext.; On receipt of \$2.00, a box each of the Rat, Roach, &c. Ext., and Electric Powder, (sent postage paid,) sufficient to destroy the vermin on any premises. Sold by Druggists and Dealers every where. "Costar's" Principal Depot, 420 Broadway, N. Y. P. S.—Circulars, terms, &c., sent by mail on application.

Wholesale Agents for Pennsylvania: Costar's Branch Depot, Northeast corner Fifth and Arch Streets, Philadelphia, and Wholesale Dealers generally. March 23, '59-61.

SALT—coarse and fine—can be had by the sack, or less quantity, at the "cheap cash store" of April 27, 1859. WM. F. IRWIN.

CLOCKS AND LOOKING GLASSES, of various kinds, just received and for sale by WM. F. IRWIN.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—One or two young men, to hire by the month. Good wages will be paid for good hands. Apply to WM. CURRISVILLE, May 4, 1859.

NOTICE.—Books will be opened for subscriptions of Stock to the "American Free Press, Public Road and Navigation Company," on Monday the 16th day of May, at Clearfield, Curwensville, and Luthersburg, and continue open two weeks. JOHN PATTON, B. N. HARTSHORN, JAMES SPENCER, S. SMITH, ARNOLD, DAVID KIRK, DAVID DRESSLER, WILSON MOORE, WM. F. JOHNSTON, WM. M'BRIDE, Curwensville, May 4, 1859. Commrs.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCH FROM DUNDALK, IRELAND.

As this seems to be a fast age in more than one instance, and as we are in the midst of bogus Democratic Conventions and the excitement caused by the Sickle's trial at Washington, it is not surprising that the folks of Clearfield would get somewhat excited to keep up with the times; and as the subscriber likes to keep up to the fashions in more respects than one, he would like to announce to the people of town and country that he has constantly on hand a large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every description. French and country Calf, Kid and Sissy Boots; Ladies' Morocco, Kid, and dressed and undressed, with or without French heels; also, any amount of French and country calf Lace-Boots; Gents' French calf and cloth Gaiters, on hand or made to order; walking Shoes of every description from the Sickle's to the latest and nearest brogan; also, findings on hand; all the above will be disposed of at extremely low prices for Cash or Hides. Custom work made to order on short notice; and as the times are mending I may have my usual attention to mending Boots, Shoes and Gaiters. I am always to be found at the Short Shoe Shop on Second street, nearly opposite Reed & Weaver's store. Please call and see Sherry. Clearfield, May 4th, 1859. FRANK SHORTY.

NOTICE.—LATER FROM SHORTY.—All persons knowing themselves indebted to me by Note or Book account, I wish them to call on me, on or before the First day of June next, and cash me off, or make some arrangement with me, for I have my books closed up. All parties indebted within the above time, and all persons having claims against me will bring forward their accounts, as I am able and willing to pay them. May 4, 1859-61. F. SHORTY.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been examined and found correct, and remain filed of record in this office for the purpose of settling, legatees, creditors, and all others in any way interested, and will be presented to the next Orphans' Court of Clearfield County, to be held at the Court House, Clearfield, on the 13th day of May, commencing on the third Monday of MAY, 1859, for confirmation and allowance:— The Administration account of John Wilson, Administrator of the Estate of Jane Kline, late of Bradford township, Clearfield county, deceased. The account of R. M. Smiley, Administrator of the Estate of Ralph E. Smiley, late of Brady township, Clearfield county, deceased. The account of Jacob Legal, Administrator of the Estate of Joseph Legal, late of Beecora township, Clearfield county, deceased. The Partial account of Wm. Rex and John S. Curry, Admin's of the Estate of Richard Curry, late of Pike township, Clearfield co., dead. The Administration account of Charles L. Fisher, Administrator of the Estate of James L. Fisher, late of Gibson township, Clearfield co., dead. JAMES WRIGHTLEY, Register. Clearfield, Pa., April 13, 1859.

LICENSE NOTICE.

The following named persons have filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Clearfield County, their Petitions for licenses to sell and retail, respectively, according to Act of Assembly of March 25, 1856, entitled "An Act to regulate the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors," &c. A. Lanson Root, Beecora township, Tavern. Edward Albert, Brady township, Tavern. Howard Merrill