A TRIP THRO' CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

this time, and some business in your county, I

thought I would take a flying visit through it.

I came to Phillipsburg and took a good dinner

with my old friend Jackson; mounted the old

coach, travelled along in a zig-zag course

very pleasantly, and arrived at Clearfield about

sunset; met many of my old acquaintances,

among them smiling Dan of the Mansion House.

stroll through town; found every thing look-

belonging to Jon. Boynton, Esq., one on the

same street, belonging to W. A. Wallace, Esq.,

under way, and J. B. McEnally, Esq., is com-

mencing one at a very beautiful situation on

Front st. After doing some business, hired a

guide and left; got to Curwensville; found a

very neat little town, with a large territory,

large and comfortable hotel erected by Wm.

retail stores in the west. After taking a view

of the beautiful Susquehanna, which glides

rapidly along the base of the hotel, we drove

up to the main part of the town; met many of

my old friends; took a look and a drink. But

I almost forgot-met my old friend, Gen. John

Patton, who recently took unto himself a

wife. The Gen. looking well, I thinking he

would be able to take care of himself, we again

turned our faces westward : travelled through

a wild but rather romantic country to Luthers-

burg, stopping but once on the way, at a jovial

old fellows by the name of Bloom; got our

horse watered; took a little tansy and gin, and

mounted our buggy. My guide informed me,

after leaving, that Mr. Bloom was a candidate

tor 'hangman' of Clearfield county at the com-

ing election. On arriving at Luthersburg, I

was surprised to find so neat a little village

planted almost on the summit of the Alleghe-

nies; stopped at a good house kept by a man

calling himself Moore, a good natured looking

old chap, and by the way keeps the best bran-

dy I got on the road. There I met many of my

acquaintances-the Moores, the Arnolds, and

Barretts-all looking as though they expected

to live a hundred years. After looking round

town, we turned our course to the East, from

whence we came, for about 5 miles, and then

turned south to a small, antiquated village,

called Pennville. Saw but one man I knew-

good natured, middle aged man, who I think

they called Foley; looks as though he never

saw trouble. We hitched our nag, and were

met at the door by a large looking man, who

represented himself as the landlord. And a

landlord he is, for I think if I had been the

Governor, and suite with me, I could not have

had more attention paid me; and I would

well kept, with the exception of the whisky-

it was a leetle rough, but said he had better

coming. So we compromised and left: ar-

at the Mt. Vernon Hotel, kept by a sprightly

young fellow by the name of Ten Eyck, who

keeps a first class house for the country. This

town is very pleasantly situated on the bank of

the Susquehanna river, six miles above Cur-

wensville and twelve above Clearfield. I was

informed by my guide it was the highest up

the river that whole rafts were run from, which

must make it one of the best points for busi-

ness in the county. The buildings are few,

but all put up in a neat and workmanlike man-

ner. Hon. A. K. Wright, of Clearfield, is a-

boat building a large grist mill, which, when

completed, will add much to the town and

country around, and will pay the owner well

for his labor. Next morning, after taking a

little town, about 12 miles distant, over the

awfullest roads on earth, where we arrived a-

bout noon, after stopping a few minutes at a

small place called Tozertown, on Chest creek,

where I met an old acquaintance, Col. Worrell.

And then my guide left me, and I left for the

Yours truly,

Foreign News .- The steamshap America,

from Liverpool on the 10th inst., arrived at

New York on the 23d. She furnishes three

days later intelligence. The America arrived

out at Liverpool on the 6th inst. The House

of Commons had passed the India bill. Lord

Malmesbury announced that orders had been

issued for the withdrawal of British cruisers

from the coast of Cuba. The blockade of the

African coast is to be continued. There is no

additional information in regard to the Atlan-

tic Telegraph cable, as the Agamemnon has

not yet returned to Queenstown. The India

bill passed the House of Commons without a

division. The House of Lords passed the

Jew bill through Committee. The bill regu-

lating the government of New Caledonia pas-

sed second reading in the House of Commons.

It was generally supposed the Agamemnon

returned to the rendezvous in mid-ocean a-

gain, to prepare for a fourth attempt. The

Niagara had taken in coal, and was ready for

sea again. The directors of the Atlantic

Telegraph Company will determine upon their

future plans on the arrival of the Agamemnon.

ANOTHER WAR .- We are to have a war with

Paraguay, a very little nation, somewhere on

the map of South America. Paraguay being

small and not having much powder and shot,

cannot make much fight. They can easily be

wbipped, and the Buchanan Administration

will have the giory. England insulted our

flag under Buchanan's very nose; Locofoco

newspapers blatherskited considerably; Gen.

Cass half conceded the Right of Search, and

John Bull said it was "all right." Locofoco

nobly resented Btitish insults. Brigham Young

insulted the officers of the U. States, scouted

the power of the Government, and threaten-

ed "to send old Buck to Kingdom come across

and the conquest of Greytown will be thrown

into the shade .- Daily News.

gold mines.

Her report of the accident is considered im-

portant before taking further action.

PHILADELPHIA.

DEAR JOURNAL :- Having a little leisure at

8. B. ROW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA., JULY 28, 1858.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT, JOHN M. READ, of Philadelphia City. FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER. WILLIAM E. FRAZER, of Fayette Co.

RATHER FRIGID.

Some of our Democratic Lecompton cotem poraries are just now engaged in quite a cool piece of business. Finding that their denunciation of those who, unlike themselves, with consistency, opposed the Lecompton swindle, was likely to drive a large body of their political brethren out of their organization, they have changed their tune, and instead of "reading" the Anti-Lecompton men "out of their party," they appeal to them in the most plaintive and supplicating manner not to forsake them in this their day of tribulation; that as Democrats they can differ on great National questions, and yet it is the duty of each one to adhere to the party, no matter how wrong it the way to remedy that is not to leave, but to remain in the party; that if they do the latter, their recent hostile attitude to the Administration shall be forgotten, and that they shall again be considered as members in full communion with the party, and entitled to share its gifts and emoluments-save and excepting always John W. Forney. Now if that isn't cool, we should like to know what is! It is, in effect, telling the Anti-Lecompton Democrats that they can be twisted and turned about at will by promises of office and political preferment; that their opposition to Lecompton was of little moment, and that the success of their party should be considered as paramount to even the principles of right and justice. These immaculate Democratic editors might as well be a little plainer and tell their Anti-Lecompton brethren at once that they consider them extremely gullible; that they expect them to believe all they are told; and that they will attempt to dupe them to their hearts' content. For our own part, we have a better this section is only a board in a city or boro', those who, during the pendency of the late clear, however, that this is a mistaken view of strife, spoke out fearlessly against wrong and injustice-we believe there are many who will cation in every city, borough and township of hereafter refuse to act with the Buchanan party, under whose sway Right has been trampled down-the will of the majority overthrownour Industrial Interests ruined-and our country brought to the verge of bankruptcy.

More Corruption .- The Washington States is down upon the Hon. John Appleton, Assistant-Secretary of State, and reputed editor of the Union. It says charges are made against Mr. Appleton of corruption, of using his position and influence to put money in his purse to the tune of ten thousand a year, or more, and calls upon Congress for an Investigating Committee to inquire into the facts in the matter, and expose the truth to the public keep the schools of the district in operation.

The Atlantic Telegraph is a failure. The result almost universally predicted, after the experiments in the Bay of Biscay, has taken place. Having made three fruitless attempts in mid-ocean, and having lost in all something less than four hundred miles of the cable, the Niagara and her tender have gone back to Queenston, where at the last advices, the other two ships of the squadron were hourly expected.

WHAT WILL WE DO WITH IT !- Like the interrogation with which Bulwer's last romance has been baptized, most of our exchanges are wondering what we shall do with Mexico. Some propose to swallow her up, anacondalike; others to change her into a fashionable place of resort, for national discontent; a few to make a great Jersey melon and cantelope patch out of her.

INDIANA POLITICS .- The Anti-Lecompton Democrats of Indiana, unlike those of Illinois, are uniting with the Republicans of that State in one grand phalaux to overthrow the Pro-Slavery party, led on by English, Foley, Ni- directors. It necessarily follows, that the black, Hughes, Gregg, Fitch and Bright. The present prospect is that a clean opposition delegation will be elected to Congress. ---

The De Riviere case, in New York, has at length come to a termination-Mrs. Blount having been, by some means, convinced that the Frenchman was an imposter and a married man, and agreed to return to Mobile with her husband, and to restore her daughter also to the father. De Riviere is to be allowed to escape.

News from Kansas states that the redoubtable General Calhoun has given certificates of election to all those members of the Legislature elected under the Lecompton Constitution. The Free State party will have a majority in both branches of the Legislature.

From Utah we learn that Gen. Johnston entered Great Salt Lake City on the 26th ult. The Mormons had been invited to return to their homes, but were still at Provo.

-It is reported that dispatches have been sent to our Minister in Mexico, approving of his course, and directing the withdrawal of the legation from the country.

Governor Denver has left Washington and gone back to Kansas.

It will be remembered that at the November Term of our Court, for 1857, an application was made by certain citizens of Boggs town-

SCHOOL TAX FOR BUILDING PURPOSES.

ship, to restrain and prevent the collection of a tax of 11 mills levied by the School Directors thereof, to be applied towards erecting new school houses. Upon the hearing, his Honor, Judge Burnside, granted an injunction restraining the collection of the tax, upon the ground that townships were not, by law, au- Stopped over night; next morning took a thorised to assess such a tax.

The School Districts throughout the County ing well; some fine buildings about being ewere dissatisfied with this ruling of the law rected, which, when finished, will add much to and the case was taken to the Supreme Court, the [beauty of the town, among them is one by Boggs District, upon an appeal.

It was argued in the Supreme Court by H. B. Swoope, Esq., for the Complainants, and by Wm. A. Wallace, Esq., for the District.

It will be seen by the opinion of Judge Strong, delivered in the cause, and which we annex, that the ruling of his Honor, Judge Burnside, has been reversed, the Supreme my guide informed me 200 or 300 acres; Court holding that the tax was a legal one and stopped at the Susquehanna House, a very should be collected.

Blair et al. vs. The School Directors of Boggs | Irvin, Esq.; close by found one of the largest Township.—Appeal from the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield County. In Equity. OPINION BY STRONG, J.

In the Court below this was a bill in equity, praying for an injunction to restrain the Directors of Boggs township school district from collecting a tax levied in part for the purpose of building school houses, and in part for the support of the Common Schools in that district. In accordance with the prayer of the bill, the defendants were enjoined against proceeding to collect the tax levied for building purposes, and they have removed the case by appeal to this Court.

The entire proceeding is exceedingly irregular and cannot be sustained. The bill prays for no process of subpæna; none was issued, may be; that if an error has been committed, and the record does not show that the party defendants were in Court, or even had notice of the pending bill. How, upon such a record, an injunction could be decreed against the School Directors of Boggs school district, we are not informed, and we are unable to discover.

But waiving this, and considering the case as if the defendants had been regularly in Court, we do not perceive that levying a school tax for building purposes is either contrary to law or prejudicial to the rights of the complainants. It is urged in their behalf that

such a tax is unauthorized by law. The 33d section of the general school law passed May 8th, 1854, is as follows: "The board of directors (or controllers in cities and boroughs, where the school property is vested in them agreeably to the provisions of section second) may at any time not oftener than once in each school year, levy a special tax not exceeding the amount of the regular annual tax for such year, to be applied solely to the purpose of purchasing or paying for the ground and the building or erection of school buildings thereon, which said tax shall be levied and collected at the same time, in the same manner, and with like authority as the regular annual tax." The argument of the appellees is, that the board of directors spoken of in opinion of the intelligence and honesty of and not one in any other district. It is quite act of assembly. Its design was to provide a general system of common school eduthe Commonwealth. To such a system school houses are indispensable, and their necessity was not overlooked by the Legislature. It rived next at Lumber City and took lodgings would have been unaccountable, if with the thought of this necessity before them, they had made provision only for cities and boroughs and wholly neglected all the tewnships in the Commonwealth. Yet of such neglect they were guilty, if the construction of the appellees be the true construction. In no other part of the act than the 33d section is any provision made for permanently raising the means to purchase ground and to erect school houses. True, the directors are authorized to borrow money for such purposes. But this is a temporary expedient. Without the power to levy special tax, such loans could never be reimbursed, for the general tax is limited by the act to an amount sufficient and necessary to The intention of the Legislature to confer upon the directors of every school district the power of levying a special tax for such purposes is however too apparent to need the aid of such a presumption. Without entering into a minute analysis of the statute, it may be observed that there are two classes of duties created by it and imposed upon the officers for whose election provision is made. These duties are the care of the schools, and the care of school property. In all the townships they are united and imposed upon the board of directors. In the cities and boroughs, the care of the schools is devolved upon the board of controllers, and that of the school property upon the ward directors. So long as any ward school district owns separate school property, the controllers have no authority over it, the power to levy a tax, either to build or to keep in repair. But when the school property of all the wards has been conveyed to the board of controllers, the ward directors cease to exist as a board, and both classes of duties are united in the board of controllers. It may also be remarked, that never in the act of assembly is the word directors used as synonymous with controllers. When, therefore, in the 33d section, power is given to levy a special tax for

> fications, and embraces that of any township as well as ward. The tax levied by the defendants was consequently in strict accordance with the law, and they should not have been restrained from col-

building purposes, it is not given to a board of

directors in whom the school property has

been vested agreeably to the provisions of sec-

tion second, for there can be no such board of

words, "where the school property is vested in

them agreeably to the provisions of section

second," were designed to refer only to con-

trollers in cities and boroughs, and were intro-

duced to distinguish them from other control-

lers to whom the school property of the wards

had not been conveyed, and who had therefore

nothing to do with the real estate of their dis-

tricts. The term "board of directors" in that

section is therefore unrestricted by any quali-

The injunction granted against the School Directors of Boggs Township is dissolved, and the bill dismissed at the costs of the appellees.

FRANKLIN COUNTY .- On Wednesday afternoon, the 14th, during the prevalence of a thun- journals tell us that the Administration has derstorm, the barn of Mr. Jacob Wingert, of Letterkenny township, was struck by lightning and entirely consumed, together with its contents, consisting of a quantity of hay, farming implements, &c., and some five loads of wheat, a portion of the present crop. whip him into subjection, and then "made a Mr. George Byers, of Hamilton township, who treaty of peace." If they go on this way, with a sister, resides with his mother, on the the glory of the present Administration will 14th while in the act of sweeping a room. fell, take all the lustre from that of Gen. Pierce, and almost instantly expired. . . . On the day following, an aged colored man, while engaged in mowing grass in a field of Mr. Uglow, near Chambersburg, and without having exhibited any previous symptoms, dropped, with scythe | had sailed from California for the Frazer river in hand and expired almost instantly.

PREPARED FOR THE "RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL." BLAIR COUNTY .- On Sunday the 18th, as Mr. Gasper Statler of Hollidaysburg, was on his way in a buggy to attend the funeral of Mrs. Sissler in Catharine township, the harness of the horse he was driving gave way whilst in the State. We append a few extracts, as a descending Canoe mountain, and the horse becoming frightened ran away; throwing Mr. Statler, his wife, and another lady, out of the buggy, but fortunately not severely injuring either of them. The buggy however was considerably damaged. Hollidaysburg Furnace is unquestionably a great institution in the way of making Iron. Last week's make, as we learn from reliable authority, amounted to no less than one hundred and fifty-one tons, seventeen hundred and eighty-six pounds of good, grey, marketable iron. Kays and Hamilton, committed on a charge of having robbed Reed's Store at the Yellow Springs, were brought before Judge Jones, in Hollidaysburg, on Tuesday the 20th, on a writ of Habeas Corpus, and after a hearing were remanded for trial at the Quarter Sessions this week. . . . On Friday evening the 16th as some girls were crossing the canal bridge at the east end of Holidaysburg, they noticed something stuffed in between the casing, and upon examination found it to be a bag containing two pieces of broadcloth and one piece of cassimere. Information was then sent to Constable Bowers. who took possession of the goods and still retains them. There is no doubt about their being part of the goods stolen from the store of G. W. Reed, Esq., at Yellow Springs, and it is hoped that this further development in regard to the robbery will lead to such others as will ensure the conviction and punishment of the perpetrators. INDIANA COUNTY .- Nathaniel Craven, Montgomery township, was killed on the 14th inst. by a tree which he was felling. The tree had lodged, and in trying to bring it down, he

got within its range as it fell and was crushed, one leg being broken in two places, and his chest and side terribly mangled. John Morris died suddenly on the evening of the 21st inst., he and another man having stopped in the barn of Jeremiah Wakefield, in Brushvalley township, where he was seized with hem-orrhage of the lungs. He was about 48 years of age, and recently from Wales. . . . A man named Michael Smith was lodged in the county jail on Tuesday afternoon, charged with the stealing of a suit of clothing from the residence of John Montgomery, in White township. . . . Joseph Gardner has been appointed postmaster at Carter's Mills, in this county, vice Samuel McCartney, resigned . . . On last Sabbath a week, Rev. P. Sahm, while riding on horseback on his way to church, was thrown, in consequence of the animal taking fright, and considerably injured. . . . On the 19th, Henry A. M'Mullin, formerly of Ebensburg, met with a very serious, if not a fatal accident, in Strongstown, Pine township. He was assisting to raise, with a block and tackle, the boilers at the steam mill of Messrs. Cresswell; when about half way up, the chain to the boiler broke, and a heavy pole fell striking Mr. Mc-Multin and knocking him down. Before assistance could be readered the boiler rolled over him, mangling him severely and cutting a deep gash behind the left ear. Inflamation of the brain it is thought will ensue, and little

hope of his recovery is entertained. CAMBRIA COUNTY .- On Thursday morning the 15th, Peter Heim, an old and respectable farmer of Richland township, who resided ajudge from the interior of the house it was suicide by hanging. The deceased was about fifty years of age and the father of several children. He was one of the wealthiest men in Richland township, owning several hundred three thousand dollars in hard cash. No motive for the rash act is assigned, unless the tightness of the times and the partial failure of his crops may have effected a temporary derangement of mind. The deceased was a member of the Amisch persuasion, and preacher of that faith.... John Morris, a dissipated Welshmau, left Johnstown on Saturday the 10th, for some point west of this, and on Monday morning he was found in a dying condition in a barn in which he had taken shelter the evening before some twenty miles on his journey. He died soon after being discovered, and was buried in the neighborhood. Excessive drinking is supposed to have been the cause of his death.

YORK COUNTY .- The dwelling house of Dr. Geo. W. Haldeman, in Liverpool, the collector of State and county taxes of Manchester township, was broken into on the night of the 14th inst., and robbed of \$1,500 in bank bills, a "starter," we left for New Washington, a neat | check for \$200 on the York Bank, drawn by John Billinger, in favor of Geo. W. Haldeman, and a silver watch. The next morning six or seven hundred dellars of the stolen money were found near the house. In his eagerness to depart, the thief no doubt lost this portion of his ill-gotten treasure. The stolen money is said to have been tax money, which the Dr. had intended to pay over to the County Treasurer next day. On Wednesday evening. the 14th, a severe thunder-storm passed over York. The rain fell in torrents and there was a high wind. Sheds, trees, fences, and hay and grain stacks were blown down in rapid succession. The sheds on the agricultural fair grounds were prostrated, and in their fall carried down the iron pavillion of Messrs. Small & Smyser. The cross and ball on the steeple of Saint Patrick's church were also blown

CHESTER COUNTY .- A son of Robert Hill, aged about 12 years, whilst walking behind a mowing machine in a field, stumbled and tell forward; his foot coming in contact with the knives, was cut entirely off. The case was attended to and the wound, so far, is healing. ... The barn of Webster F. Hilton, at the west end of Downington, took fire during the storm on the night of the 12th inst., and was hav and grain. It was partially insured in the 10th inst. He was on a wagon loaded with hay, and fell off, striking the ground in front of one of the wheels, which passed over his head, killing him instantly.

WASHINGTON COUNTY .- Robert Galloway, a respectable farmer residing near Bentleysville, was found dead in a field near that place, on the 15th. He was observed by some harvesters, sitting against a tree; who, upon reaching him, found that he had been sometime dead. Mr. Galloway had been somewhat intemperate in his habits for some time previous, and it is supposed that recent excessive drinking had precipitated a heart disease upon him, of which he died. It is asserted that there is not a county in the Union that produces from her own soil more wealth than Washington County. In ordinary years it sells \$250,000 of wool, \$300,000 wheat and flour, \$500,000 coal, \$350,000 cattle, sheep and hogs, making a total of \$1,400,000.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY .- During a recent the lots." Mr. Buchanan sent an army to storm which passed over the county, the barn of Mr. Abraham Goodheart, of West Pennsboro' tp., was struck by lightning and totally destroyed, together with its contents, embracing his entire new crop of grain and hay, and 150 bushels of old wheat. Mr. Goodhart had barely got in to the barn with the last load of rakings as the storm came up. Both At the last dates ten thousand emigrants he and his son were in the barn at the time the catastrophe occurred; but miraculously escaped without injury.

THE STATE TICKET.

The nominations made by the People's Convention which assembled at Harrisburg, on the 14th July, meets with a hearty endorsement on the part of all the opposition papers sample of the spirit manifested by the press :

The Berks and Schuylkill Journal, printed

at Reading, says :-"If fitness for the station has anything to do with the merits of a candidate, then no man of any party can object to John M. Reed. He has every qualification for the station to which, we doubt not, the people will call him,-a matured intellect, long experience, high social position, a character for integrity which never has been impeached, and with all this, legal abilities second to those of no man in the State. And he will be elected. Pennsylvania will, at the polls, show how she appreciates her own interests, and what her opinion is of her recreant son now at the head of the government. Let all past differences be forgotten. The resolutions of the Convention meet the approval of every true son of Pennsylvania. The platform is broad enough for all to stand upon who have American hearts. who love Republican principles, and who are willing to do battle for the welfare of the State.

The Philadelphia News, the organ of the Americans, edited by Mr. Flanigan, who was a member of the Convention and made speech endorsing the nominations, says:

Mr. John M. Read, the candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court, is among the most eminent members of the Philadelphia Bar. He is distinguished for his learning as well as his experience, and in point of character is not excelled anywhere.

The Philadelphia Inquirer, an influential and conservative print, regards the selection for Supreme Judge as "eminently judicious."

Mr. Read is a ripe, experienced and thorough lawyer, and he possesses every qualification for the distinguished and responsible station for which he has been named. His character is without spot or blemish, his integrity is unquestioned and unquestionable, and he may oe supported with entire confidence by all who desire to see the highest tribunal in the State occupied by individuals of conceded ability, firmness, decision, purity and independence. The candidate for Canal Commissioner, Wm. E. Frazer, was adopted almost by acclamation. He received on the first ballot ninety-nine votes. This, also, may be regarded as a happy choice, and one calculated to afford very general satisfaction. The ticket is an excellent one, and with union and harmony in the ranks of the Opposition, it will not only be elected, but the majority will extend to thousands.

The Philadelphia North American also gives most cordial endorsement to the nomination of Mr. Read, from which we take the following extracts:

The nomination of John M. Read places before the public one of the most competent per sons ever offered as a candidate for the Supreme bench-a man of unimpeachable integrity, judicial cast of mind, of long experience, and deeply skilled in the law. There ought to be no doubt about the election of such a are no excuses to be made for John M. Reed. He is with us in sentiment, as he has long been, from a sincere and disinterested devotion to the cardinal principle of protection, not less acres of good land, and possessed of at least | than to the free institutions under which his own Commonwealth has thriven so wondrous-

> The Sunbury American, says, "As a profound and well read lawyer, Mr. Read has probably no superior in the State, and is highly respected for his moral worth and integrity of character.23

> Forney's Press the Democratic Anti-Lecompton organ, has the following brief, tho' significant paragraph:

"The nominee of the Opposition State Convention for Supreme Judge, Hon. John M. Read, of this city, is a lawyer of the highest character, and a citizen of umblemished reputation. We do not think his party could have made a better nomination.'

The Eric Observer published by a Lecompton Democrat, at present, Post Master of the city of Erie, remarks, "We are free to say, it is the best nomination they could have made. Indeed we do not recollect of the managers of that party ever doing so sensible a thing before. He is a good lawyer, an able and accomplished man, and if he should by any possibility be elected, will cast no discredit upon the Bench.'

FAYETTE COUNTY .-- On Monday the 10th. H. F. Swope, Sheriff of Somerset county, and James H. Benford, arrested a man in Brownsville, named Underwood, who had hired a horse and buggy at the livery stable of Mr. Benford last Saturday morning, representing himself as a brother-in-law of Mr. John Davis, of Milford township, to whose residence he said he was going. On Sunday at noon, not returning at the appointed time, Mr. Benford in company with Sheriff Swope started in pursuit. He was traced from Somerset to New Lexington, where he endeavored to dispose of the horse and buggy. Not succeeding in effecting a sale, he left in rather a hurried manner taking the road leading to Connellsville. On the summit of the mountain he left the buggy and borrowed a saddle, stating that he was going to Connellsville to meet a friend. entirely consumed, together with his crop of It appears that he kept the direct road from there to Brownsville, where, thinking himself Chester County Mutual. . . . A lad named out of immediate danger, he halted and again Moore, was killed in East Malborough, on the offered the horse for sale. Having again tailed offered the horse for sale. Having again failed in procuring a purchaser, he commenced imbibing rather freely, when suddenly a hand was placed upon his shoulder in rather an unceremonious manner, and he found himself in the hands of an officer before he had time to say "Jack Robinson." He was taken back on Monday night and lodged in Somerset Jail.

> WAR ON DOUGLAS .- The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia North American says: "All the attempts to patch up a truce between the Administration and the Douglas wing of the party have resulted in confirming the original separation, and widening the breach. And although the Union is not allowed to be a recognized organ, still it reflects the views of those in power whenever required to do so, and is the recipient of all the patronage the Administration can confer. For several days past, it has teemed with reviews of the positions taken by Judge Douglas in his Chicago speech, which, if not direct emanations from the White House, are known to reflect and reiterate sentiments which the President takes no pains to conceal. Therefore, the whole force of executive power is to be thrown into the scale against him, notwithstanding the recent overturse towards concillation which were very mistakingly made by bis friends."

> Mr. Wm. Dysart, at Tipton, was robbed a few days since, of about \$200 worth of store

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE -The undersigned offers for sale his Property situate in Tyrone City, consisting of a large and commodious DWELLING HOUSE, fronting 24 feet each on Main and Clearfield streets. The house is finished in modern style, and has a store room upon the first floor. The basement is also very large and convenient. There is a good well of water with a pump in it, in the yard Also, a convenient Stable, 20 x 26 feet, upon the Lot. The house has an insurance upon it for \$1.500, and is protected with lightning conductors. A Stove, Tin, and Implement Store has been kept in the above room for nearly five years, and the business prosperous, and could be increased 100 per cent. by connecting the Tin and Skeet Iron Bustness with the above. The present stock, with the good will and fixtures," are also offered for sale

upon advantageous terms
Possession given immediately.
If the above property is not sold on or before
the fifteenth of August next, if will then be offered FOR RENT, and persons wishing to see the above property will call at the premises -- and for any information by mail, address A. H. BAUMAN, Mapleton, Huntingdon Co., Ps.

July 28, 1858-3t.

A DJOURNED ORPHANS' COURT SALE.-MONDAY AUGUST 16.-Under and by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Orphans' Court of Clearfield county, there will he exposed to sale at the COURT HOUSE in the Borough of CLEARFIELD, on MONDAY the 16TH day of AUGUST, 1858, at TWO o'clock, P. M., the following described Real Estate of James Sharp, deceased, to wit:

NO. 1. Beginning at a white pine on the north-east of the tract surveyed for John Brown, thence by William Brown's land, north 24 deg. east 38 perches to a witch-hazel, thence by Jacob King's land south 46 deg. west 138 perches to a post, thence by Jacob Missencopp's land north 34 deg. west 38 perches to a stone-heap, and thence by E. Brown's land north 56 deg. east 138 perches to place of beginning, containing 30 acres and 140

No. 2. Beginning at a white pine, thence south 37 deg. east 41 perches to a maple, thence by land of A. Kenggy, deceased, south 20 deg. east 70 perches to a hemlock, south 37 deg. east 101 perches to a white pine, thence by land of William Brown north 341 deg. west 2891 perches to the middle of Clearfield creek, thence up the same following the several courses and distances thereof to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and ten a-cres. &c. Nos. 1 and 2 being the same premises being the same premises conveyed by Jacob Patton by assignments endorsed on deeds recorded in deed book 0, pages 739 & 741, to the said Green & Sharp in fee.

NO. 3. An interest in common with said Green in a certain piece of land sold by John W. Wright

under articles of agreement dated October 24th 1853, and described therein as follows: One tract of land in the name of John Brown, containing one hundred and ninety-five acres, more or less, situate in Beccaria township, adjoining lands of Abram S. Keaggy, George Glenn, John Straw and others, with Clearfield creek on the south.

No. 4. A certain tract or piece of land, situate in Pike township, Clearfield county, bounded by lands of James Spence, John J. Smith, David Bloom, William L. Bloom, containing one hundred and nineteen acres and 49 perches, &c. being the same premises which John Patton and Catharine M. his wife, by assignment dated September 19th. 1853, granted and conveyed unto the said James Sharp, in fee. TERMS-Cne-half cash on confirmation of the

sale, and the balance in one year with interest.

JOHN PATTON. july 28. '58. Adm'r. of James Sharp, dee'd.

NOVEL AND EXTRAORDINARY 1 New Schedule of P. emiums of the United States Journal Publishing Honse.—Encouraged by the unexampled success of our novel and extraordinary Premium Offers, in the circulation of the long-established and pictorial monthly, the tes Journal, and in the sale of our val uable books, we now announce our new programme of premiums for the season of 1858 and 1859, embracing the celebrated Art Union Series of twelve large and splendid Steel Plate Engravings, and a chedule of Gold Watches, Rich Jewelry of all kinds, Gold Pens. etc., offered on a scale of liberality surpassing all previous offers.

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plendid Detached Lever. Fastale Gold Watch, warranted a perfect time-\$60 00 Elegant Lepine Enamelled Dial 18 carat Gold Watch Large Double-Slide Gold Pencil and 50 00

Gold Pen, warranted to be solid gold throughout Beautiful Gold Pencil, warranted to be solid gold throughout Gold Pencil, Gold Watch Key, and gold Tooth-pick combined Expension Silver-Case Pencil (warrantec same as coin) and Gold Pen 2 50 Rich Gold Band Bracelet 4 00 90 Fancy Gold Mosnic Bracelet 8 00 9 Superb lined Gold Locket, engraved and turned 4 00 Set of Gold Cameo Ear Drops 6 00 Set of Gold Coral Ear Drops 6 00 6e 5 00 6e 5 00 6e Gold Cameo Pin for Lady Gold Florentine Pin for Lady Gold Bar Cluster Pin for gentleman Set of Gold Cameo Studs Set of Engraved, Lined Gold Studs Set of Gold Carpelian Sleeve Buttons for Lady or Gentleman 4 00 30 Superb Friendship Ring, solid 16 carat gold, richly enameled A Miss's Ring, solid 16 carat gold, set 4 00 30 with stone 2 00 80 Among the Engravings are The Signing of the Death Warrant of Lady Jane Grey, from the celebrated

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CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way meddling with the following property, which was purchased by me at Sheriff's sale, to wit: 5 acres of Rye in the ground. 5 acres of Wheat in the ground, and one cow. The above articles are now in the pos-session of Alfred Bishop, and are only left in his care, and are subject to my order.

July 21, 1858.

AARON PIERCE.

NOTICE,-Strayed from the subscriber in Burnside township, Clearfield County, about the 25th of June, a small black cow with some white in her face; had on a bell and has one horn broken off. Any person returning said cow or giving information of her whereabouts to the subscriber shall be suitably rewarded. Burnside tp., July 14, 1858. B. C. PATCHIN.