S. B. ROW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. CLEARFIELD, PA., FEB. 24, 1858.

DFAn unprecedented act of ungentlemanly conduct, was perpetrated, in the Senate by the Lecomptonites, last week. The Committee on Territories submitted three reports. The majority, Messrs. Green, Jones, Sebastian and Fitzpatrick, had prepared a report in favor of admitting Kansas under the Lecompton constitution. Messrs. Collamer and Wade prepared a minority report, and Mr. Douglas a third, dissenting from the views entertained by the majority. Mr. Douglas had asked the majority to defer reporting until Monday, instead of Thursday, as previously agreed upon, stating as his reason for requesting the postponement, that his wife was dangerously ill. They pledged themselves fully and distinctly to the postponement, and as honorable gentlemen were bound to adhere to the agreement. On Tuesday evening, however, Mr. Douglas received a note trom Mr. Green, coolly informing him that a majority of the Committee had concluded to report on Thursday morning. Mr. Douglas on receiving Mr. Green's note, set to work with his usual energy, although he had scarcely closed his eyes for three nights, and by sunrise on Thursday morning his report was ready, having also made a copy for the press. The evident purpose of the Lecomptonites was to get their own report before the Senate in advance of the minority, and thus compel a snap judgment, which was defeated, however, as both, Mr. Douglas and Mr. Collamer, had their reports ready for submission, although the latter had no intimation of the intention of the majority. Mr. Green plainly showed his chagrin at the promptness with which his stratagem was defeated. This, we believe, is an unprecedented disregard of plighted faith, a disregard for word of honor, which has no parallel in the history of our Government, and an act which none but an unscrupulous enemy would dare to assume The whole proceedings, however, is but a continuance of the programme which has been inaugurated to tyranize over the people of Kansas, and which will eventually receive its just deserts at the hands of an indignant people.

ORGANIZATION OF MILITIA .- A bill has been presented to our Legislature, entitled "an Act for the regulation of the militia of this Commonwealth." The bill was evidently prepared by some gentleman anxious to obtain military honors. The provisions of the proposed law require every able-bodied man between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years, with some specified exceptions, to be subject to military duty. He is to provide himself with the necessary equipments, under penalty of a fine of one dollar for non-performance, if a resident of the rural districts, and one dollar and fifty cents if living in a city-the fund thus raised to be appropriated to the support of the "enlisted and equiped" militia men. This movement will doubtless prove, as it should, unpopular throughout the State. Already we have a large army supported by the National Government at an expense that drains the coffers of the Treasury annually of millions of dollars. Moreover, there is no necessity whatever for such warlike preparations in a Commonwealth such as ours, at a time when there is not the remotest danger of internal strife, or outside attack; but at a period when the public prosperity would be better promoted by a close attention to the pursuits of industry, and an endeavor to repair the losses and distress which the recent financial crisis has brought upon us. There are, of course, in every community, men who delight in the pomp and pageantry of military display, and whose time not being usefully employed, may be devoted to such empty amusements. Let these join one of the "holliday soldier" companies that, at stated periods, appear in the streets of our large cities with "fife and drum ;" but it is unjust for them to carry on their diversions at the expense of the honest, industrious citizens, who would rather pay the fine, than be taken from their useful employments, to go through with a foolish enrollment and parade. We hope it will meet with but little favor throughout the State.

GREAT DROUGHT IN GERMANY .- Accounts from the Hartz mountains state that the district of Clausthal is suffering from an unprecedented dearth of water; the natives had left off washing their hands and faces more than dresses who persist in pursuing their trade. Great quantities of eattle were dying from thirst, and a few of the community, who are unable to forego cleanliness, use beer to perform their ablutions.

More TROOPS FOR UTAH .- Government is now engaged in the enlistment of soldiers designed for service in Utah Territory, and it is reported that from 1,500 to 2,000 men are concentrating at the North and will take the route of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, as the most desirable connection. There is also a large force concentrating at Carlisle Barracks, who will proceed West at an early day.

The Jury in the case of Wm. J. Clark, tried at Danville, Pa., for the murder of his wife, rendered a verdict of guilty, after being out seven hours.

THIRTY-FIFTH CONGRESS. FEBRUARY 15 .- In Congress the Senate took

the admission of new States. Messrs. Benjamin and Toombs argued in favor of the resolution of the Committee on Elections, direc- finally succeeded in offering a resolution, to ting more testimony to be taken, and Messrs. which objection was made, for the appoint-Collamer, Simmons and Trumbull in opposi- ment of a select committee to inquire whether tion. On motion of Mr. Hunter, the subject | the action of any member had been influen- | in a candle box under a woodpile, in Calhoun's was postponed until to-day. Mr. Seward pre- ced by the promise of patronage. sented a memorial from the Commissioners of Emigration of New-York, complaining of the abuses of females on shipboard, and gave notice that he should soon introduce a remedial bill. He also gave notice of his intention to introduce a bill to reorganize the United States Courts, so as to make the administration of justice more speedy and efficient, and to give the States their fair representation in the Federal Judiciary. Mr. Wilson introduced a resolution calling for the President's instructions to our new Minister to Brazil, whose flaming Pro-Slavery address has been published. Mr. Houston presented resolutions from the Legislature of Texas, praying for an investigation into the case of Judge Watrous. The House was asked, but refused, to suspend the rules to enable Mr. Warren of Arkansas to introduce a resolution confining the debate in Committe of the Whole strictly to the subject pending, and setting apart three evenings a week for general discussion. A resolution appropriating \$35,000 to meet the expenses of the several Investigating Committees, was passed. Mr. Campbell asked, but failed to obtain leave to introduce a bill for the purchase of British North America and Canada. Mr. Wolcott, the contumacious witness, presented a written statement, stating that he had been legally advised not to criminate himself, and should answer no questions, answers to which might have that effect. Mr. Stanton thought that the Committee had a right to know what became of \$58,000 that passed into Mr. Wolcott's hands, and moved his commitment to jail until he should be willing to answer "all legal and proper questions." The motion passed, and Mr. Wolcott was transferred to the custody of the Marshal of the District. The Committee on Foreign Relations was instructed to inquire into expediency of repealing the Reciprocity Treaty with Great

FEBRUARY 16 .- In Congress the Senate alopted the joint resolution for the reception of the Turkish Vice-Admiral. Mr. Trumbull's amendment to the resolution providing for the taking of testimony in the case of the bogus Indiana Senators was rejected, and the resolution, after having been amended by the insertion of a provision limiting the time allowed to ninety days, was adopted. The votes of in it, nor fear of it. But if the salvation of Slavery are therefore secured. Mr. Wilson the adoption or rejection of the Lecompton offered an amendment to the Army bill, providing for the employment of volunteers in all events, and there is no balm in this quesshould move a substitute. Mr. Houston presented a resolution instructing the Committee on Foreign Relations to inquire into the expediency of our Government's assuming a protectorate over Central America and Mexico. After an executive session the Senate adjourned. The House was occupied all day with discussing the case of Mr. Henry Winter Davis

FEBRUARY 17 .- In Congress the Anti-Lecompton resolutions of the Michigan Legislature were presented to the Senate by Mr. Chandler. Mr. Houston's resolution relative to a protectorate over Central America and Mexico was laid on the table, after some dis- to meet it with prompt and exemplary resiscussion. The Army bill was then taken up. | tance." Mr. Johnson of Tennessee submitted a substiute, which Mr. Wilson accepted in place of his own amendment, providing for the enrollment of four thousand volunteers, to serve only during the present troubles. Mr. Chandler moved to strike out the fourth section of the original bill, relative to the method of promotion. Without taking action upon the matter, the Senate adjourned. The House, after passing a resolution declaring it inexpedient to grant the prayer of the contestant of Mr. Winter Davis's seat for a Special Committee to take testimony, went into Committee of the Whole on the Indian Appropriation bill. Mr. Atkins of Tennessee made a speech in Union under the Lecompton Constitution, and Mr. Lovejoy of Illinois in opposition thereto. The Committee then rose and the House adjourned.

FEBRUARY 18 .- In Congress a bill for the admission of Kansas under the Lecompton Constitution was reported to the Senate by Mr. Green of Missouri in the name of the majority of the Committee on Territories. The Senate Committee on Territories submitted three reports: A Lecompton report by the majority, Messrs. Green, Jones, Sebastian and Fitzpatrick; a minority report by Messrs. Collamer and Wade, and a third report by Judge Douglas. The Army bill was then taken up, of volunteers, who would be, in his judgment, The House, after listening to a personal dis- him during his convalence. cussion between Messrs. Winter Davis and Bowie, went into Committee of the Whole on the Indian Appropriation bill.

FEBRUARY 19 .- The Senate was engaged upon the private calender. The Army Bill was postponed, in order to allow Mr. Jefferson Davis to prepare a closing speech in its support. The House was occupied with matters of a personal nature. Mr. Hoard caused to der it was called the "British Tariff."

be read a note from Mr. Burns of Ohio to himself, in which the writer characterized the lative Investigating Committee in Kansas, up the case of the bogus Indiana Senators, statement made by a correspondent of the having traced the Delaware Crossing frauds upon motion of Mr. Hamlin, who urged the Tribune respecting the inducements which importance of deciding the question before had won him to the support of Lecompton, as Convention, Gov. Denver has sent a Requisifoully false. Mr. Heard made several ineffec- tion for him to Mr. Buchanan, as Chief Matual attemps to get the ear of the House, and

A FORTUNE CHASING A WOMAN .- Some two weeks ago, says the St. Liouis Democrat, there arrived in our city a beautiful young widow of twenty-five-a Hungarian by birth-on her way to New Orleans, en route to Havana, where she intended to engage in her profession as a female physician. She was alone, an exile from Hungary, where her husband had lived and died as a patriot. Feeling now that the "fatherland," in its subjugated condition had little left of promise for her future, she with a true woman's heroic resolution, betook herself to travel in search of a new and more genial home to another hemisphere. Reaching New York, she took the inland route to New Orleans, making Louisville a point. After tarrying a day there she continued her journey, and, on one of the good packet steamers, reached New Orleans, a few

On Friday last an agent from the house of Rothschild's, the great bankers, also reached our city, in chase of the beautiful young, selfreliant widow, who is intent upon her journey to Havana. He has been dispatched from Europe to seek out the wanderer, and bear to her the "glad tidings" that she has recently come into immense possessions at home, and to invite her to retrace her trip. With the aid of the telegraph he learned that she had arrived safely in New Orleans, and was stopping at the St. Louis Hotel. A second dispatch urging her to await his arrival, was forwarded, and on he hastened to bear to her the information that she has a fortune of eleven millions at home, awaiting her disposal. Think of this child of fortune trying to escape the wealth she all unconsciously possessed, and how it has chased her to the New World, and story of her wealth.

"LET THE UNION SLIDE."-The following from the Ohio Statesman, the Democratic organ at Columbus, is straight-forward and manly:

"So far as the fate of the Union is involved. in this question, we cannot bring ourselves up to the point of entertaining the least possible apprehension. Disunion enters into no part of our calculations. We have neither faith constitution, its days are about numbered, at Utah, and Mr. Hunter gave notice that he tion, however decided, which could save it long enough to be worth much further trouble. If there be a party strong enough in the South to dissolve the Union, in consequence of the rejection of the Lecompton constitution, the rejection would not restrain or postpone their efforts a single month. If they fail in finding one pretext for carrying on their traitorous machinations, they will soon seek and find aof Baltimore. He will probably keep his seat. nother, and another, until they come to an end in success or failure. It so bent on their hellish design, the last means of opposing and defeating them, which we should recommend, would be concilliation and sacrifice. The true way to baulk extreme wickedness is

> A TOWN AGENT KEEPING LIQUOR THAT WOULDN'T BURN .- The Boston Traveller states that at the annual meeting of the citizens of Harwich, Mass., recently held, it was voted to discontinue the liquor agency there and to sell the liquor on hand to a physician for medical purposes. The physician, however, refused to purchase the article, on the ground that it was of such inferior quality as to be utterly unfit for use, and such as he would not prescribe: it was then voted that the whole be publicly burned in presence of the citizens, and a committee was appointed to execute the vote in the public square. The members of the committee, in proceeding to the performance of to encounter, which was no more nor less than the incombustible nature of the article which they were deputed to destroy. At this juncture an expedient was suggested, which fortunately enabled them to carry their plans into execution. A quantity of pure alcohol, which had also been kept at the liquor agency for medical purposes, was mixed with the vile stuff sufficiently to cause it to ignite, and enable the committee to execute their duty to the satisfaction of all parties.

MARRIAGE EXTRAORDINARY .- The greatest marriage which, in point of fortune, can take place in Europe, is about to be contracted at and the fourth section stricken out by one Paris. A Princess Troubetzkoi is about to majority. An amendment was adopted, to marry her cousin, and each of the parties is once a week, the authorities of the place hav- the effect that a reduction at the end of two entitled to a fortune of £100,000 per annum. ing imposed a fine of two thalers on all laun- years should not operate on any officer at this The bridegroom-a young officer who was date. Mr. Iverson expressed a low opinion wounded in the Crimea, being left for dead upon the field-has come to Paris for medical quite as likely to join the mormons as to fight | advice. He is fast recovering from an almost them. An amendment, introduced by Mr. | hopeless condition, with the loss, however, of Hamlin, to the effect that in no case should the left eye and the amputation of the left arm the force created by the act serve over two just above the elbow. The mutilation has in years, was agreed to. After a desultory dis- no wise effected the sentiment of the fair incussion, in the course of which Mr. Seward | tended, who insisted upon accompanying her defended his position, the Senate adjourned. fiance to Paris, in order to comfort and attend

> How the Tariff of 1846 was Passed .-Williamson, the witness recently before the investigating Committee of Congress, in relation to alleged corruption, asserted that the Tariff of 1846 was carried by bribing Congressmen, and that seven millions of dollars of British money, and eighty thousand francs from France were used for that purpose. No won-

EXTRAORDINARY REQUISITION .- The Legisclose to Calhoun, President of the Lecompton gistrate of the District of Columbia, wherein Mr. Calhoun is supposed to be. The fact that said returns as forged, with many others, were found by a Sheriff and a search warrant, hid office vard at Lecompton, affords presumptive evidence of Calhoun's guilt. His chief Clerk, McLean, had sworn that said returns had been sent to Calhoun, at Westport, Mo., by Calhoun's direction. McLean had fled and there is a requisition after him. What next?

-Cleveland Plain Dealer. According to the latest dates from Lawrence the Delaware Crossing forgery of election returns is traced to Calhoun, Isaaes, Henderson, Franklin, and Dieffendorf. The names in the returns of the Kickapoo election are mostly copied from the Buffalo City Directory. Cincinnati is again used for Oxford and Shawnee, while Delaware Crossing is a mixture of the two. Gov. Denver has not only issued a requisition upon the President for Calhoun, but also upon the Governor of Missouri for Mc-Lean, as a fugitive from justice. Let it be kept in mind that this action is taken by an officer and appointee of the Administration.

KIND WORDS .- They never blister the tongue or lips. And we have never heard of any mental trouble arising from this quarter. Though they did not cost much, yet they accomplish much. They help one's own good nature and good will. Soft words soften our own soul .-Angry words are fuel to the flames of wrath, and make it burn more fiercely. Kind words make other people good-natured. Cold words freeze people, and hot words scorch them, and bitter words make them bitter, and wrathful words make them wrathful. There is such a rush of all other kind of words in our day, that it seems desirable to give kind words a chance among them. There are vain words, and idle words, and hasty words, and spiteful words, and silly words, and empty words, and profane words, and boisterous words, and warlike words. Kind words also produce their by the aid of a faithful agents quick travel, and own image on men's souls. Aud a beautiful telegraphic wires, she at length learns the image it is. They soothe and quiet, and comfort the hearer. They shame him out of his sour, morose, unkind feelings. We have not yet begun to use kind words in such abundance as they ought to be used .- Pascal.

THE BLIND .- The Directors of the Pennsyl vania Institution of the Blind, have prepared their Annual Report, for presentation to the Legislature. This Institution is one of the noblest charities of which our Commonwealth can boast; it provides for the instruction and Messrs. Fitch and Bright for Lecompton and the Union depends upon so slight a chance as livelihood of a class, who, but for its aid, would be entirely dependent on others. According to the census of 1850, there is one blind person for every two thousand three hundred and eighty of the population. The number of deaf mutes is considerably greater, and that of insane persons greater still. Pupils are received for any number of years not exany, though the friends who are able, are expected to pay for the pupils they introduce.

A ROYAL MARRIAGE .- Queen Victoria's ellest daughter was last month married to Frederick William of Prussia. It was a glittering and glorious affair. Pomp and pegeantry, heraldry and humbug, ceremony, fetes, music, marching and rejoicing, were produced for and by the occasion. It glowed and blazed with show and display, and the whole nation appeared to be dazzled and bewildered by roval magnificence, princely splendor, and youthful majesty. The Princess was seventeen last August, and Frederick was about twentyseven. The news-papers say the Princess loves her husband. Well, it is worth mention-

Col. Sam. Medary, who took a patriotic farewell of his Ohio friends at a big dinner at Columbus, some months since, preliminary to assumming the arduous duties of the Gubernatorial Chair of Minnesota, has been promoted from that position to the Columbus Postoffice. He failed to be returned a U. S. Senator from Minnesota, according to programme, and his recompense is the exalted post of Postmaster favor of the admission of Kansas into the their duty found that they had a new difficulty at the Capitol of Ohio. There is a mice somewhere in the meal. The Postoffice at the State Capital is expected, we imagine, to overlook and over-awe the Statesman, which has been the most rabid Douglas sheet in the Union.

> THE OLDEST BOOK known to be extant, which has the name of the place where it was printed, and that of the printer, together with the date of the year when it was executed, is a beautiful edition of the Psalms in Latin. It was issued at Mentz, by Faust & Schoeffer, in 1457, just four hundred years ago. The most | bout \$25,000; insurance \$6,400. perfect copy known is that in the imperial library of Vienna. It is printed in folio, on vellum, and is a superb specimen of printing. A second edition of the work was issued in 1459, under the patronage of the St. Albins most frightful manner. and Benedictine Monks, which contained. probably, the first printed text of the Anathansian creed.

AVALANCHE .- An avalanche of ice and snow, which descended upon the house of Mr. Elisha Murray, in Montville, Maine, broke in the windows and doors, filling the lower rooms with snow and water, and bursting the partitions. descending into the cellar. Mrs. Murray was thrown upon the floor and had her arms broken and her shoulder dislocated. The path of the English Ecclesiastical Courts throughout avalance across the farm was forty to fifty feet | the kingdom closed, to open no more, after wide, carrying away walls, fences, &c.

REMOVED .- The Post Masterl General has removed the post masters at Chicago, Columbus and Cleveland, three of the best offices in the West. The complaint is, not that these men were not democrats, but they did not agree with the President in his notion of Kansas affairs. Such proscription is mean and contemptible to the last degree.

PENNSYLVANIA ITEMS. PREPARED FOR THE "RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL."

POTTER COUNTY .- Mr. James Quimby, of Homer, while chopping down a tree, on the 1st inst., was severely injured by a limb strikng him on the head. It cut a gash about 4 nches in one direction and 2 in another so that the scall bone could be seen. He is recovering slowly. The Journal, in noticing a sleigh-ride to Germania, says "Germania is a village commenced in Abbott township, in this county, a year and a half ago, by an association of enterprising Germans, of whom Mr. William Radde, of New York, is President. This village already contains 150 people, and the German settlement, including the village, 450. The Germania Company own some 50,000 acres of the best farming land in the county, and the indications now are that it will all be cultivated in a short time, by hardy and industrious farmers. We note the progress of this prosperous settlement with great pleasure.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY .- A team belonging to James Graham and driven by his son Richard, ran off near Latrobe, killed the saddle horse, and severely injured the driver. . . . Mr. Hood, one of the paper makers at the Messrs. Markles' new paper mill, in West Newton, got his hand badly hurt in the machinery, on the 10th inst. Prof. R. H. Lee, Protestant Episcopal minister of Washington, Pa., was ordained, by Bishop Potter, at Greensburg, on the 11th inst. Bishop Potter had an attack of apoplexy, last week, at Greensburg, after having performed the ceremony of ordaining a minister. He is in a fair way of recovering, however.

McKean County .- William S. Brownell, of Smethport, on the 10th inst., dropped his pocket book, containing about \$100 in small county orders. As it fell, it came open, when the wind, which was blowing powerfully, circulated them "permiscusly." The Citizen says some of them rose to the height of ten feet-decidedly above par. Only about \$30 were recovered A brisk business is going on in the coal trade. Scores of teams are daily seen coming in with produce, which is exchanged for coal. The coal are taken into the State of New York.

WASHINGTON COUNTY .- A little girl, seven years of age, daughter of Mr. John Ford, residing on the farm of Mr. Brownlee, in Franklin township, was fatally burned on Thursday of last week, by her clothes accidentally taking fire. She lingered twelve hours in great agony. Mr. Matthew White, of Chartiers township while hitching a horse to a threshing machine on Wednesday of last week, was kicked by the animal in the right side, causing internal injuries, of which he died in sixteen hours. He was fifty-four years of age, and leaves a wife and family.

LEHIGH COUNTY.-Frederick Krauss, of Heidelburg township, had his hand cut in two, whilst engaged in adjusting a log to the saw on his mill. A party of young men who were riding in a wagon, were thrown over a precipice 35 feet high, near Slatington. They escaped with some slight injuries. . . . An ox, which was put in a pen at Catasaqua, to be slaughtered, broke out, and left on a full run giving vent to his feelings at every obstacle in his way. He gored one man with his horns and threw another over a fence. He was final-

FAYETTE COUNTY .- The following is the condition of the Monongahela Bank : Loans and Discounts, \$213,942 07; Specie, \$87,301 27; and all others who may favor him with a call.

Due from other Banks, \$80,394 82; Circula-Due from other Banks, \$80,394 82; Circulation, \$110,320 00; Deposits, \$92,303 38; Due to other Banks, \$10446. The dwelling of John Speer, near Bellevernon, was burned last week, with its contents. It was occupied by a tailor named Hagerty. . . . On the 4th inst. the house of Joseph Reece, in Brownsville, was entered, and \$180 in silver and three silver watches taken. John Matthews, an ceeding eight. Admittance is not refused to | Englishman was committed to answer for the

ADAMS COUNTY .- The Gettysburg Sentinel says that on Thursday, evening last a colored man, named Jacob Jones, who has been suspected by the people of that place, of being implicated in attempts to enslave some of his color, was attacked by several women and children, in the street, and received a terrible threshing. He was rescued by a police officer, or the consequences might have been serious.

MONTOUR COUNTY .- The American says that young lady of Catholic parentage in that place attended the Methodist church and became one of the converts. Shortly afterwards she had occasion to visit her home when she was forcibly detained. She contrived to send information to her friends, and a young man, hearing of her condition, volunteered to release her, and by good fortune succeeded. ARMSTRONG COUNTY .- A couple weeks since

two horses were stolen in the vicinity of Rural Village-one from Mr. Lewis, the other from Mr. Simpson. The first named is said to have recovered his property in the vicinity of Luthersburg, Clearfield County, but the other has discovered no traces of his at the latest

CLARION COUNTY .- On the night of the 8th February, two prisoners broke out of the Clarion Jail, and left for parts unknown. The jail is in a poor condition. The one named Robert Dearmont, had first been convicted of stealing some candy, crackers, car-rings and lemon syrup out of Wm. Ruth's confectionary in Reidsburg.

LANCASTER COUNTY .- George Yeager of Strasburg has an ear of corn, from which ten small natural ears projected. The principal one is of ordinary size and does not differ either in form or color. It was raised by Mr. David Longenecker, and was presented by him to the editor of the Strasburg Herald.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY .- A fire broke out in the distillery of Rudolph Lanbach, near Shimersville, which communicated to a grist-mill, saw-mill, house and barn, close by, and the whole were burned to the ground. Loss, a-

COLUMBIA COUNTY .- Two men of Berwick, perpetrated a most brutish assault, on a man from Nescopeck, last week. They bit off one of his ears, and chewed and mangled, with their teeth, the back of his head and neck in a

A few days since a difficulty occurred between Hon. James B. Clay and Gen. William Cullom, at Brown's Hotel, in Washington, when Cullom struck Clay in the face with his fist. It is thought that a duel will wind up the affair. Washington City had better be converted into a bear garden at once, that the animals can pitch into each other whenever they feel disposed.

FINALLY CLOSED .- It is stated that on Saturday, the 9th day of January, the doors of having existed for nearly 800 years.

A person writing from Fort Scott says he is now partly qualified to become a great man -he has dined on mule soup. He expects to be initiated into grass-hopper pie next sum-

The London Times devotes sixteen closely printed columns to a report of the proceedings on the occasion of the marriage of the Princess Royal.

New Advertisements.

BUTTER .- A lot of prime butter on hand, and for sale at low rates by WM. L. MOORE.

FOR SALE—a first rate LOG SLED. by JACOB DIETRICK. Curwensville, February 24, 1858.

RAL ROAD HOUSE, CORNER OF Main and White Streets, BROOKVILLE, Pa. Feb24. R. R. MEANS, Proprietor.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby caution-ed against purchasing, or meddling in any way, with the following property as it was bought way, with the following property as it was bought by us at Sheriff's sale and left with the said Maguire on loan: I waggon, I timber sled. 4 head of horn cattle, 10 sheep; also I sorrel mare bought of Michael Frank and left with the said Mark Ma guire on loan. J. P. NELSON & CO. February 24, 1858.-3m

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.-Under and by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Orphans' Court of Clearfield county, there will be exposed to sale at the house of Wm. A. Mason, in the Borough of Curwensville, on Saturday the 1st day of May, 1858, the following described Real Estate of A. Bennett Dale, deceased, to wit:

A certain lot or piece of land, containing one and a half acres, with a frame house erected thereon, situate in Pike township, Clearfield county, bounded by lands of George B. Dale and John T. Irvin. TERMS—Cash, on confirmation of sale, ZACHARIAH McNAUL, Feb24. Adm'r of A. Bennett Dale, dec'd.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE .- Under and by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Orphans' Court of Clearfield county, there will be exposed to sale at the house of Wm. A. Mason, in the Borough of Curwensville, on Saturday the 1st day of May, 1858, the following described Real

Estate of James Sharp, deceased, to wit: NO. 1. Beginning at a white pine on the northeast of the tract surveyed for John Brown, thence by William Brown's land, north 24 deg. east 38 perches to a witch-hazel, thence by Jacob King's land south 46 deg. west 135 perches to a post, thence by Jacob Missencopp's land north 34 deg. west 38 perches to a stone-heap, and thence by E. Brown's land north 56 deg. east 138 perches place of beginning, containing 30 acres and 140

No. 2. Beginning at a white pine, thence south 37 deg. east 41 perches to a maple, thence by land of A. Keaggy, deceased, south 20 deg. east 70 perches to a hemlock, south 37 deg. east 101 perches to a white pine, thence by land of William Brown north 342 deg. west 2894 perches to the middle of Clearfield creek, thence up the same following the several courses and distances thereof to the place of beginning containing one hundred and ten acres, &c. Nos. 1 and 2 being the same premises conveyed by Jacob Patton by assignments endorsed on deeds recorded in deed book 0, pages 739 & 741, to the said Green & Sharp in fee

NO. 3. An interest in common with said Green in a certain piece of land sold by John W. Wright under articles of agreement dated October 24th, 1853, and described therein as follows: One tract of land in the name of John Brown, containing one hundred and ninety-five acres, more or less, situate in Beccarin township, adjoining lands of A-bram S. Keaggy, George Glenn, John Straw and others, with Clearfield creek on the south.

TERMS-One-half eash on confirmation of the sale, and the balance in one year with interest.

JOHN PATTON, Adm'r. of James Sharp, dec'd.

SUSQUEHANNA HOTEL. Curwensville, Clearfield County, Penn'a The subscriber, formerly of the Exchange Hotel, Philipsburg, having taken the above house, situate in the east end of the Borough of Curwensville, on the bank of the Susquehanna River, would respectfully announce to the travelling public, that he is fully prepared to accommodate strangers necessary to their comfort. Ample stabling is attached to the premises DAVID JOHNSTON. Curwensville, February 17, 1858.

SCHOOL BOOKS.—Sanders' Readers; Mitchells' Geography and Atlas and Primary Geography; Websters' Dictionary, large and small; Page on Teaching ; Green's, Kirkham's, and Bullion's Grammars; Davies', Smith's, Emerson's and Pike's Arithmetics: Davies Algebra: Sanders' and Sargeant's Spellers, &c., at the "Corner" Store. Curwensville, jan 20, 1858.

TALUABLE PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE .- The undersigned is desirous of seling his farm situate in Penn township. Clearfield county, Pa., one mile from Pennsville, on the road leading to Punxsutawney, containing one hundred acres and allowance. Fifty acres of said land are cleared and in a high state of cultivation, of which 16 acres are in meadow. There is erected on the premises a comfortable 12 story log house, a good barn, and other necessary out-buildings. There is also a quantity of most excellent Pine and other timber, on the land. A clear and indisputable title will be given. TERMS-one fourth in hand, and the balance in three equal annual payments, secured by mortgage or judgment bonds. or any further information apply to the subscriber residing on the premises.

THOMAS M. MARTIN. Penn tp , January 27, 1858-6t.

A. MONTGOMERY. NEW FIRM, AND NEW GOODS Just received at the Store of MONTGOMERY & HIPPLE,

Curwensville, Pa. Consisting of everything usually kept in a country store. Also, a large quantity of Drugs, to which we invite the attention of Physicians; and a large quantity of Patent Medicines, among which may be found the following, to wit:

Dr. Jayne's Medicines, Dr. Curtis' Hygeana inhaling vapor, Dr. Louden's Medicines, Dr. Holloway's Ointment and Pille,

Dr. Thompson's Medicines, Dr. Osbourn's Golden Ointment. Dr. Wright's Indian Pills. Dr. Trask's Magnetic Ointment,

Dr. Hoffman's German Bitte s, Dr Beaty's Arabian Cintment, for Spavin an Ringbone; a certain cure. ALSO, Flour, Grain, Fish, Cheese, Bacon, Beans,

Dried Apples, Salt. &c., on hands at all times. The above we offer low for CASH, as we wish strictly to adhere to the Ready-Pay System. We offer our goods, in price, as low as the lowest; and in exchange, will take all kinds of produce, at the highest Cash prices. We invite all to give us a call and judge for themselves. Feb. 3, 1858.

DUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE TIM-BER LANDS.—By virtue of sundry or-ders of the Orphans' Courts of Lycoming and Clearfield Counties, there will be exposed to PUB-LIC SALE by outery, at the Court House in Clearfield, on Thursday the 25th day of February. 1858, at 2 P. M., all the following described Real Estate, situate in the township of Huston, in the County of Clearfield, Pa., to wit:

Warranted to No. 3589 Roberts & Fox, 1048 799 No. 3582 No. 3603 909 666 151 No. 3599 No. 3580 do No. 2010 604 109 No. 1994 expressly selected and purchased by DuBois &

Bro. as valuable for timber, and the lands also be ing of good quality.
The premises being vested by conveyance and descent in Wm M. DuBois, minor son of Matthins DuBois, deceased, and the sale being made by order of the Court for his benefit.

Title indisputable. TERMS .- One half cash on confirmation of the sale, and the balance in one year with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage upon the prem-

For further particulars or information address Gen. Robert Fleming, Williamsport, or Wm. A. Wallace, Clearfield. By order of Court.

REUBEN M. MUNDY, Guardian of Wm. M. Dullois. January 27, 1858-ts

OLD RYE WHISKEY, BRANDY, GIN and WINES, for sale at the cheap cash store of R. MOSSOP.